Rog # 56228-22

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

May be fatal if swallowed. Wear waterproof gloves when handling collars. Wash hands after handling collars or animals that have been contaminated with 1080 solution. Do not use contaminated animals for food or feed.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is very highly toxic to wildlife. Birds and mammals feeding on carcasses of contaminated livestock may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS

NOTICE: It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species.

The use of 1080 in the Livestock Protection Collar has been determined to pose a hazard to several endangered species. See technical bulletin (use restriction No. 15) for specific areas where the 1080 collar cannot be used or approval must be obtained from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service prior to use.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

WARNING SYMPTOMS: 1080 poisioning results from the transformation of fluoroacetate into fluorocitrate within cell mitochondria. Poisoning is characterized by a symptom-free latent period of 1/2 to 2 hours or longer between ingestion and onset of symptoms (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and hyperactive behavior leading to convulsions, coma, and cyanosis). Ventricular fibrillation is commonly noted and is the primary cause of death. Early symptoms include alteration of heart sounds and premature, weak contractions.

TREATMENT: No effective antidote is known but symptomatic treatment may be effective. Establish respiration; create artificial ainway if necessary. Check adequacy of tidal volume. Initiate emesis. If patient is comatose, convulsing or has lost the gag reflex, endotracheal intubation should precede gastric lavage with large bore tubu. Adin-inister activator charcoal and magnesium sultate. Treat seizures with IV diazepam. Monitor curdia: function closely. Treatment with glyceryl monopatiete (monopacetin) may be effective; however, it is experimental and unproven in humans. CONSULT NEAREST POISON CONTROL CENTER FOR CURRENT INFORMATION. Symptoms of non-leinar intoxication will usually subside within; 12-24 hours.

REC. ICTED USE PESTICIT

Collars shall be sold or transferred only by registrants or their agents and only to certified Livestock Protection Collar applicators. Collars may be used only by specifically certified Livestock Protection Collar applicators or by persons under their direct supervision.

SODIUM FLUOROACETATE (COMPOUND 1080) LIVESTOCK PROTECTION COLLAR

For use on sheep or goats to kill depredating covotes

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Sodium fluoroacetate		•	•	•	•	•	•	1.00%
INERT INGREDIENTS:								99.00%
TOTAL				,				100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER-POISON



STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT IF SWALLOWED: CALL A PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER IMMEDIATELY!

IF SWALLOWED: Induce vomiting at once with an emetic such as syrup of ipecac: use as directed. If emetic is not available, drink 1-2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. PROMPT TREATMENT IS MANDATORY. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

IF ON SKIN - Wash the exposed area twice with soap and water.

IF IN EYES - Wash eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

IF ON CLOTHING - Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Dispose of all contaminated leather, including shoes, boots, and gloves; according to the pesticide Disposal Section. See disposal instruction on side panel.

SEE LEFT SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

MANUFACTURED BY:

U.S. PAT. 3,842,806

NET CONTENTS:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE Hyattsville, MD 20782 EPA Est. No. 56228-1D-1 EPA Reg. No. 56228-22 30.4 grams (1.1 oz.) per collar

NOTICE

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than that indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.



STORAGE AND DISPOSAL 2

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store Livestock Protection Collars only in original container, in a dry, locked place away from food, feed, domestic animals and corrosive chemicals. Do not store in any structure occupied by humans.

When snow or frozen ground make on site disposal impractical, up to one cubic foot of wastes may be stored in a leakproof container, in a dry locked place for up to 90 days.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of such materials is a violation of Federal Law.

Dispose of collars and other wastes contaminated by 1080 (carcasses, wool, hair, vegetation, soil, leather clothing, and water) under three feet of soil, at a safe location, preferably on property owned and managed by the applicator and at least one half mile from human habitations and water supplies.

Incineration may be used instead of burial for disposal in the field (preferably on property owned or managed by the applicator) at least 1/2 mile from human habitation and water supplies. Place collars and wastes (listed above) in an incinerator or refuse hole, saturate with diesel fuel, and ignite. Attend the burn until the contaminated material is completely consumed.

Alternatively, contact your state pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance in disposing of wastes at approved hazardous waste disposal facilities.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Metal Containers: Triple rinse contaminated and uncontaminated containers with water. Then puncture and dispose of contaminated containers and rinsate as above.

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse with water. Then puncture and dispose of container and rinsate as above.

COLLAR DISPOSAL: Dispose of punctured or unserviceable collars as above, except that not more than 10 collars may be buned in any one hole. If buried in trench, groups of 10 collars must be at least 10 feet apart.

SEE BACK PANEL AND TECHNICAL BULLETIN OR DIRECTIONS FOR USE A C C E P T E D 3/93 JUL 1 9 1993 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Hoden: Side Act. as amonded, for the pesilicide registered under EFA Reg. No.56.22 & -22

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

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It is a violation of State and Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling or the Compound 1080 cancellation order. Misuse may result in civil or criminal enforcement action.

DO NOT REMOVE TOXICANT FROM COLLARS. DO NOT USE TORN, DAMAGED OR LEAKING COLLARS. Dispose of damaged collars in accordance with the "Storage and Disposal" instructions on this label.

Put collars on the necks of sheep or goats in fenced pastures where coyote predation is occurring or is expected to occur. Use collars only in accordance with the User Instructions and Use Restrictions contained in the accompanying Technical Bulletin.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

May be fatal if swallowed. Wear waterproof gloves when handling collars. Wash hands after handling collars or animals that have been contaminated with 1080 solution. Do not use contaminated animals for food or feed.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is very highly toxic to wildlife. Birds and mammals feeding on carcasses of contaminated livestock may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS

NOTICE: It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species.

The use of 1080 in the Livestock Protection Collar has been determined to pose a hazard to several endangered species. See technical bulletin (use restriction No. 15) for specific areas where the 1080 collar cannot be used or approval must be obtained from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service prior to use.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

WARNING SYMPTOMS: 1080 poisioning results from the transformation of fluoroacetate into fluorocitrate within cell mitochondria. Poisoning is characterized by a symptom-free latent period of 1.2 to 2 hours or longer between ingestion and onset of symptoms (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and hyperactive behavior leading to convulsions coma and cyanosis). Ventricular fibrillation is commonly noted and is the primary cause of death. Early symptoms include alteration of heart sounds and premature, weak contractions.

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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

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SODIUM FLUOROACETATE (COMPOUND 1080) LIVESTOCK PROTECTION COLLAR

For use on sheep or goats to kill depredating covotes

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Sodium fluoroacetate		•	•		1.00%
INERT INGREDIENTS:					99.00%
ΤΟΤΑΙ		•		•	100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGEH-PUISON

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: CALL A PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER IMMEDIATELY!

IF SWALLOWED: Induce vomiting at once with an emetic such as syrup of ipecac: use as directed. If emetic is not available, drink 1-2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person PROMPT TREATMENT IS MANDATORY, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY,

IF ON SKIN - Wash the exposed area twice with spap and water. IF IN EYES - Wash eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

IF ON CLOTHING - Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use Dispose of all contaminated leather including shoes, boots, and gloves, according, to the pesticide Disposal Section. See disposal instruction on side panel.

SEE LEFT SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

MANUFACTURED BY:

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE Hyattsville, MD 20782 EPA Est. No. 56228-ID-1 EPA Reg. No. 56228-22 30.4 grams (1.1 oz.) per small coltar

U.S. PAT. 3.842.800

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Incineration may be used instead of burial for disposal in the field (preferably on property owned or managed by the applicator) at least 1/2 mile from human habitation and water supplies. Place collars and wastes (listed above) in an incinerator or refuse hole, saturate with diesel fuel, and ignite. Attend the burn until the contaminated material is completely consumed.

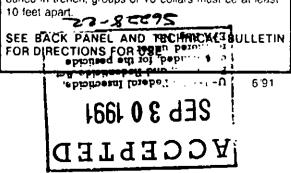
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COLLAR DISPOSAL: Dispose of punctured or unserviceable collars as above, except that not more than 10 collars may be buried in any one hole. If buried in trench, groups of 10 collars must be at least



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MANUFACTURED BY	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE ANIMAL AND PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION SERVICE
U.S. PAT 3,842 808	Hyatisvile, MD 20782 EPA Est No 56228 ID 1
NET CONTENTS	EPA Rey No. 56228 22 30 4 grams (1 1 oz.) per small collar

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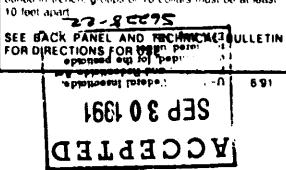
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