

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Danielle A. Larochelle Registration Manager Nufarm Americas, Inc.

JUN 2 2011

AGT Division 150 Harvester Drive, Suite 200 Burr Ridge, IL 60527

Product Name:

ULTRA FLOURISH® Agricultural Fungicide

EPA Reg. No.:

55146-73

Subject:

Your amendment dated March 10, 2011

EPA Decision Number:

447151

Dear Ms Larochelle:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended is acceptable.

One copy of the label stamped "Accepted" is enclosed for your records. This label supersedes all labels previously accepted for this product. Please submit one copy of the final printed label before the product is released for shipment.

If you have any questions, please contact Robert Westin by phone at (703) 305-5721 or via email at westin.robert@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Mary L. Waller

Product Manager (21)

Fungicide Branch

Registration Division (7504P)

Mary J. Waller

Enclosure

ULTRA FLOURISH®

AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

For the control of certain diseases in various crops caused by the Oomycete class of fungi.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Mefenoxam: D-Alanine, N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-N-(methoxyacetyl)-,methyl ester	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	74.9%
TOTAL:	
Contains Petroleum Distillates.	
Contains 2 pounds mefenoxam per gallon.	

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

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	6/2/2011
	ACCEPTED
EPA REG. NO. 55146-73 EPA EST. NO	Manufactured For NUFARM AMERICAS INC. AGT DIVISION 150 Harvester Drive Burr Ridge, IL 60527
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NET CONTENTS: _____ Gallon (____ L)

[Page 1 of booklet to end]

	FIRST AID				
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 				
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 				
IF SWALLOWED	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 				

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If this product is ingested, lavage stomach. A slurry of activated charcoal in water can be left in the stomach. Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING / AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Wear protective eyewear such as goggles or face shield. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or Viton
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Apply only as specified on this label. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory Statement

This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statement of this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to users of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 48 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the WPS, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: Coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or Viton, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear.

Failure to follow the directions for use and precautions on this label may result in crop injury, poor disease control, or illegal residues.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

This product is a systemic fungicide for use on selected crops to control certain disease caused by members of the Oomycete class of fungi. Other fungicides must be used to control diseases incited by other classes of fungi.

- This product is not to be used in foliar applications, unless specified on this label.
- Where rate ranges are specified on this label, use the higher rate when heavy disease pressure is expected and the lower rate when disease pressure is expected to be light unless otherwise noted.
- Under conditions of severe disease pressure when more than the label-specified number of applications of this product may be required, make additional fungicide treatments with other fungicides registered for the crop/disease found on this label.
- To avoid spray drift, do not apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may result.
- Do not use this product in greenhouses, lath houses, float houses, and hydroponic facilities.
- Do not use this product for disease control in bedding plants, transplant trays or nurseries.
- Do not dip plants or roots, spray bare roots, or use a transplant water treatment with solutions of this product.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

This product is a systemic fungicide having a specific mode of action and could be subject to development of resistant strains of fungi. Development of resistance cannot be predicted. If treatment is not effective following the use of this product as recommended, a resistant strain of fungi may be present. If the treatment is ineffective due to the presence of a mefenoxam resistant strain of fungi, neither this product nor any other fungicide with similar action will effectively control that disease. Consideration should then be given to the prompt use of other types of suitable fungicides. Do not make foliar applications to field grown tobacco, or other crops, unless specified since this practice may encourage more rapid development of resistance. Consult with your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist for guidance on your particular crop and disease control situation.

ROTATION (PLANTBACK) RESTRICTIONS

REPLANTING

If replanting is necessary, additional applications of this product may be made, provided that the total amount of mefenoxam applied does not exceed the maximum application rate or seasonal amount allowed for the specific crop.

ROTATION (PLANTBACK) RESTRICTIONS

Do not plant any crop that is not registered for use with mefenoxam in mefenoxam-treated soil for a period of 12 months unless a shorter interval is specified on the following list.

ROTATIONAL CROP	PLANTING TIME FROM LAST APPLICATION
Alfalfa (including birdsfoot trefoil)	·
Asparagus	
Brassica (Cole Crop) Vegetables (e.g., broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower)	
Clover	
Cotton	
Cucurbit Vegetables	
Fruiting Vegetables	
Garlic	0 days
Globe Artichoke	
Herbs (fresh and dried)	
Leafy Vegetables except Brassica (e.g., lettuce, spinach, celery)	
Legume Vegetables (e.g., beans and peas, succulent and dried)	
Onions (dry bulb, green)	
Peanuts	
Pineapples	
Root and Tuber Vegetables	
Soybeans	
Strawberries	
Sunflower	
Cereal Grains (other than Corn)	14 days
Corn	9 months
Crops Not Intended for Food or Feed	0 days
All Other Crops Intended for Food or Feed	12 months

MIXING PROCEDURES

Add 1/4 to 1/2 of the required amount of water to the spray tank, add the proper amount of this product, then add the rest of the water. When tank mixing other products with this product, follow the proper sequence of adding products to the spray tank. Wettable powders or water dispersible granules should be added to the water in the tank first, followed by flowable products, with emusifiable concentrates, such as this product, added last. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

Unless otherwise prohibited on this label or the label of an intended tank mix product, this product may be applied in combination with any pesticide registered for the same crop, timing, and method of application. Observe the most restrictive label statements of various tank mix products used.

IMPORTANT: PESTICIDE TANK MIXES MAY INCREASE THE RISK OF MIXING INCOMPATIBILITIES, REDUCED EFFECTIVENESS AND/OR CAUSE CROP INJURY OR LOSS.

COMPATIBILITY

Before full-scale mixing of this product with other pesticides, fertilizers, secondary plant nutrients, adjuvants, surfactants or oils, you must determine the compatibility of the proposed mixture. Use proportionate quantities of each ingredient and mix in a small container. Always mix one product thoroughly with the diluent before adding another product. If no incompatibility is evident after 30 minutes, the mixture is generally compatible for spraying. To evaluate potential short term effects of applying the mixture, test the tank mix combination on a few plants or a small area before larger-scale treatments. Wait at least 2 to 3 days for problems to become apparent.

IMPORTANT: MIXING WITH OTHER SUBSTANCES MAY INCREASE THE RISK OF MIXING INCOMPATIBILITIES, REDUCED EFFECTIVENESS AND/OR CAUSE CROP INJURY OR LOSS.

GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product by ground or air in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage of the soil surface. Apply in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre for ground applications and 5 gallons per acre by air. Refer to the specific crop application directions.

Banded Applications: For banded applications, the area actually is the area covered by the band, not total cropland area planted. Some row-crop directions are based on treating in-the-row and these rates generally are specified as amounts (fluid ounces) of product per certain row length (often 1,000 feet). Others express rates as amount per treated acre, which means the total area treated with the pesticide. If rates are expressed as amount per treated acre and banded applications are used, the amount of pesticide used per acre will be proportionately less. The following formula can be used to calculate the amount of this product needed per acre of crop when banded applications are made.

Calculate the amount of this product needed for band treatment by the formula:

<u>band width in inches</u> _X broadcast rate = amount needed per acre of field row spacing in inches per acre

In-Furrow Applications: For in-furrow applications, apply this product as an in-furrow spray in 3 to 7 gallons of water per acre at planting. Mount the spray nozzle so the spray is directed into the furrow just before the seeds are covered. Following is a table of the common row spacings and the amount of this product applied per acre.

Product Use Rate	•				RA FLOUI Dunces pe				
fl. oz./ 1,000 row feet (oz. Al / 1,000 row feet)	20 inch rows	22 inch rows	24 inch rows	30 inch rows	32 inch rows	34 inch rows	36 inch rows	38 inch rows	40 inch rows
015 (0.038)	4.0	3.6	3.2	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0
0.3 (0.075)	7.8	7.0	6.5	5.2	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.0
0.56 (0.14)	14.5	13.3	12.2	9.8	9.1	8.5	8.1	7.7	7.3
0.84 (0.21)	22.0	20.0	18.3	14.5	13.7	13.0	12.2	11.6	11.0
30" =	26,136 rov 17,424 rov 14,520 rov	w ft./acre	32"	= 16,315 r	ow ft./acr ow ft./acr ow ft./acr	e 34	" = 21,780 " = 15,374 " = 13,068	row ft./ac	re

Instructions for Moving Ultra Flourish into the Root or Seed Zone

To ensure maximum activity on soilborne pathogens, this product must be moved into the seed or root zone of the plant. Some crop directions specify incorporating the product to move it to the seed or root zone (preplant incorporated application, soil drenches, shank applications) while others place the fungicide into the seed or root zone (in-furrow sprays, soil injections, crown dips). For applications made to the soil surface, rainfall will move the fungicide to the seed or root zone. However, if rainfall is not expected within 24 hours after application, mechanically incorporate before planting or sprinkler-irrigate after planting with ½ to 1 inch of water.

APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

This product alone or in combination with other pesticides, which are registered for application through irrigation systems, may be applied through irrigation systems. Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, moving wheel, micro-sprinkler, pressurized drench (flood) or drip (trickle), micro-irrigation such as a spaghetti-tube or individual tube irrigation, hand-held calibrated irrigation equipment such as the hand-held wand with injector, calibrated overhead watering booms, ebb and flow or bench flooding sub-irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

Dilute this product with water on a 1/10 basis prior to injection into an irrigation system. Proper tank-mix agitation is required during this mixing procedure.

If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact the State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide applications to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

This product must be applied on the schedule specified in the specific crop use directions, not according to the irrigation schedule.

With the exception of citrus, this product has not been sufficiently tested when applied through irrigation systems to assure consistent product performance for all labeled uses. The following calibration and application techniques are provided for user reference, but do not constitute a warranty of fitness for application through sprinkler or drip irrigation equipment. Users must check with state and local regulatory agencies for potential use restrictions before applying any agricultural chemical through sprinkler or drip irrigation equipment.

NOTE: Do not inject this product at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part of this product in the mix tank. This product is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used, but should be replaced once a year. Do not use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene or PVC seals.

CENTER PIVOT IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT Use only with drive systems, which provide uniform water distribution

Determine the size of the area to be treated. Determine the time required to apply 1/2 to 1 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Run the system at 80 to 95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity. Using water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure. Determine the amount of this product required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system. Add the required amount of this product and sufficient water to the solution (mix) tank to meet the injection time requirements. Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period. Continue to operate the system until all of the product solution has cleared the most distant sprinkler head.

SOLID SET, HAND MOVE, AND MOVING WHEEL IRRIGATION EQUIPMENT

Determine the acreage covered by the sprinklers. Fill injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20 to 30 minute interval. Determine the amount of this product required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system. Add the required amount of this product into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period. Operate the system at the same pressure and time interval established during the calibration. Inject this product at the end of the irrigation cycle in 1/2 to 1 inch of water or as separate application to maximize the effectiveness of the fungicide. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until all of the this product solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

MICRO SPRINKLER, DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS, OVERHEAD WATERING BOOMS General Instructions

Each run of the irrigation system must be calibrated separately to determine the time it takes water to move through the system and to make sure all emitters in the system are putting out the same amount of water. Only pressure injection or venturi equipment is recommended. Determine the area to be treated in each irrigation run. Measure the output of each of the emitters or drip tubes closest to and farthest from the injector site. For calibration, substitute a concentrated detergent (such as Wisk) or a soluble fertilizer for this product in the injector tank. The detergent will bubble as it leaves the emitters. The time period over which bubbles occur should be checked for both the closest and farthest emitters. If these times are not within 2 minutes of each other, adjust the dilution ratio and/or the injection rate. If a soluble fertilizer is used, measure the time intervals with a salt bridge. If a drip system is being calibrated, substitute soluble fertilizer for this product in the injector and measure the time intervals with a salt bridge. (Step by step instructions) Before starting to calibrate, operate the system until all the emitters are putting out equal flow rates or until the system is operating at full pressure. Make up an indicator solution of detergent or fertilizer, using the same ratio to be used when mixing this product. Set the injector to apply the indicator solution at the injection rate to be used in the actual product application. Attach a 5 inch length of flexible tubing over the emitter closest to the injection point, another length over the emitter farthest away. Both emitters should be monitored to determine the time intervals that the indicator solutions are observed. Begin injecting the indicator solution. Direct the flow from the tubes at the emitters into a small container. Begin timing when the indicator solution is first detected, stop timing when the indicator solutions are no longer detected. If the period of detection of the indicator solution between the 2 emitters is within 2 minutes of each other, comparable coverage will be obtained. If they are not, make adjustments by increasing the dilution ratio, using more water per part of product, or adjust the injector to a slower flow rate. Once the system is calibrated, dilute the needed amount of this product with water using a minimum of 10 part of water to 1 part this product. Do not begin to inject this product into the system until all emitters are producing equal flow rates, or until

the system is at full pressure. Inject this product into the system at the end of the irrigation set in 1/2 to 1 inch of irrigation water.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water systems should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where the pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

CROPS

Use on the crops listed below is for field use only and is not intended for use on transplant trays, dips, greenhouses, lath houses, float houses, hydroponic production, or in bedding plant structures.

Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.

For banded applications, use the formula in the General Instructions section of this label to calculate the amount of this product needed per acre for the band width actually used.

Equivalents: 1 quart = 2 pints.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)		USE INSTRUCTIONS
ALFALFA (Including birdsfoot trefoil)	Damping-off (Pythium spp.) Root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	0.5 to 1	planting in thorough of into existing 0.5 pint per planting. If alfalfa so a metalaxy	a broadcast surface spray at a sufficient amount of water for coverage. If inter-seeding alfalfang stands for renovation, applyer acre as a broadcast spray at seed was previously treated with of or mefenoxam seed treatment se this product at 0.5 pint per nting.
	Do not feed green for	age or cut		ays following application.
APPLES (Bearing and	Crown, Collar and Root rot	8	Soil Spra Apply as	ay (Broadcast or Banded): a broadcast spray in sufficient
Nonbearing Trees)	(<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	or		ea is based on the area under
		3 fluid		nopy or the area of the sprayed
]	ounces		urface sprays of this product will
		per		ffective until, the fungicide is
	İ	1,000		o the root zone by rainfall or
		square feet	growth sta	Apply in early spring before rts and in the fall after harvest the ground freezes.
		1	Apply arou in early sp the fall afte freezes. O	ch: Mix in 100 gallons of water. nd the trunk of each tree. Apply ring before growth starts and in er harvest but before the ground n new plantings, delay the first until 2 weeks after planting.
			Trunk Diameter 12	Pints of Diluted Mixture Per Tree
	<u>{</u>		Inches Above Soil Line	
			<1	2
			1 to 3	6
		<u> </u>	>5	8
	 cultural practices and Apply this product sho areas of the orchard for revitalize trees showing 	with root st uld be mad avorable for g moderate	ocks that are de before syr r disease de e to severe d	
	Do not graze or feed of	over crops	in treated of	rcnards.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
ARTICHOKE, GLOBE	Damping-off (Pythium spp.)	2 to 4	Apply as a broadcast soil spray at planting in a sufficient amount of water to provide thorough coverage.
	Root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)		Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	 Do not apply this pro 	duct within 2	200 days of harvest.
ASPARAGUS	Crown rot Spear rot (Phytophthora spp.)	2	Apply as a broadcast or banded spray to soils in a minimum of 10 gallons of water over the beds. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
			Cutting Beds: Apply 30 to 60 days before first cutting. For additional control, make another application just before the beginning of harvest.
			New Plantings: Apply after planting seedlings or after covering one year old crowns.
	Do not apply this proc		
AVOCADOS	Root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	0.5 fluid ounces	Sleeve Drench: Mix with 18 gallons of water. At the time of transplanting, drench the roots inside the sleeve with 1 quart of diluted mixture per tree. The sleeve drench will not replace the soil surface applications for long-term control of root rot.
		4 to 8 or 1 to 2 fl. oz. per	Soil Spray: Apply to the soil under the drip emitter. Irrigate to incorporate residues into the soil. If there is more than one emitter per tree, distribute the total amount of product needed among the emitters.
		1,000 gallons (3.9 -	Injection (Drip Irrigation): Inject this product into the irrigation water at the timing specified below.
		7.8 ppm ai)	Sprinkler Irrigation: Apply the specified amount of product to the soil directly under the tree canopy. For trees with a canopy diameter of 2 ft, use 2 pints/A. As the canopy diameter increases, use a higher rate. For trees with a canopy diameter of 15 ft., use 8 pints/A.
			Time applications to occur at the start of the growing season, at transplanting or when <i>Phytophthora</i> is detected in soils. Up to two additional applications may be made every 3 months. No fungicide treatment is required during the months of November through February.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS		
AVOCADOS (Continued)	of Phytophthora. • For new plantings, the product is recommended decline cannot be cure. • Do not apply more that soil-applied mefenoxa.	 For best results, use this product as soon as soil test indicate the presence of <i>Phytophthora</i>. For new plantings, the use of <i>Phytophthora</i>-resistant rootstocks with this product is recommended. Mature trees in moderate to advanced stages of decline cannot be cured with this product. Do not apply more than 24 pints (3 gallons) per acre per crop (6 lb. a.i./A) of soil-applied mefenoxam products. Do not make an application within 28 days of harvest. 			
BLUEBERRIES	Root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	7.2 or 0.5 per 1,000 linear feet	Established Plantings: Apply 7.2 pints per acre or 0.5 pints per 1,000 linear ft. to soil in a 3 foot band over the row before plant growth starts in the spring. Make one additional application if needed to coincide with a period favorable for root rot. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.		
		7.2	New Plantings: Apply 7.2 pints per acre as a band or broadcast application to the soil at planting. For banded applications, use an 18-inch band over the row. Make one additional application if needed to coincide with a period favorable for root rot. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.		
	disease problems. This product will not symptoms. This product may be a	revitalize p	oith good cultural practices to minimize plants showing moderate to severe root rot the day of harvest. Sints per acre per crop (3.6 lb. a.i./A).		
CARROTS	Damping-off Root Dieback (<i>Phythium</i> spp.)	2 to 4	Apply pre-plant as a broadcast spray or banded application to soil in a sufficient amount of water or liquid fertilizer and mechanically incorporate in the top 2 inches of soil. Apply to soils at planting or prior to emergence by broadcast or banded applications in water or liquid fertilizers. Move into soil as recommended in General Application Instructions. For banded applications, a 7-inch band is		
			recommended. per acre per crop (1.0 lb. a.i./A) if soil-applied per crop (0.4 lb. a.i./A) if foliar-applied.		

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
CITRUS Including: Calamodin Chironja Citrus citron Grapefruits Kumquats Lemons Limes Mandarin Oranges Pummelo Tangelos Tangerines Tangor and	Brown Rot Citrus foot rot Root rot Trunk Cankers Gummosis (Phytophthora spp.)	4 to 8	RESETS OR NEW PLANTINGS Apply at planting in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage of the soil. Apply spray to the soil surface beneath the tree canopy or apply through irrigation water (micro-sprinkler or drip). Up to two more applications may be made every 3 months when root growth flushes occur. Florida, Texas and Puerto Rico: Apply 4 pints/A as a soil spray or 1 pint per grove acre via injection. Make a total of 2 to 3 applications per year at one of these schedules: spring/summer, summer/fall or spring/summer/fall.
Hybrids of these		2 to 3 fluid ounces	Water Ring Drench: Mix in 100 gallons of water. Apply 5 gallons of the mix around the base of each tree within the watering ring of resets or new plantings.
		2 to 12	Established Plantings Soil Application: Apply in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage of the soil. Apply spray to the soil surface beneath the tree canopy or apply through irrigation water (micro-sprinkler or drip). Time applications to begin in the spring at root flush. Up to two more applications may be made when root growth flushes occur using 2 to 4 pints per acre (when a total of 3 applications are made) or 6 pints per acre (when a total of 2 applications are made).
			Florida, Texas and Puerto Rico: Apply 2 pints per acre as a soil spray or 1/2 pint per grove acre via injection to groves that have a Phytophthora count of 10 to 20 propagules per cubic centimeter of soil. If more than 20 propagules per cubic centimeter are present, use 2 pints per acre as a spray or 2 pints per grove acre through injection. Make a total of 2 to 3 applications per year at one of these schedules: spring/summer, summer/fall or spring/summer/fall.
	Gummosis	4	Trunk Spray: Mix in 3 gallons of water and spray the surface of the trunks using enough spray to thoroughly wet the cankers. Apply up to 3 times per year.
		2	Trunk Spray (FL only): Mix in 10 gallons of water and spray the surface of the trunks using enough spray to thoroughly wet the cankers. Apply up to 3 times per year.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
CITRUS (Continued)	 Where nematodes are EPA registered nem combination or in sequence of the sequence of	e a proble naticides a uence with ra control recommerida for us d Puerto than 5 yeare. Susceptible oots. Lummosis spon. Syears old, de and after than after than the susceptible oots.	available from local extension agents. m, best results can be achieved if effective are used. Nematicides can be used in applications of this product. , a combination of cultural practices and ended. The use of this product is not se on the highly susceptible sweet orange. Rico, phytotoxicity to citrus resets or new ears old) may be prevented by using rates as sweet orange rootstock in Florida. prays and soil applications to the same tree do not tank mix herbicides with this product. are 3 to 4 weeks apply this product. are 3 gallons) of this product per acre per crop
CLOVER	Damping-off (Pythium spp.) Root rots (Phytophthora spp.)	0.5 to 1	Soil Spray (broadcast): Apply as a broadcast surface spray at planting. If seed was previously treated with mefenoxam seed treatment product, use 0.5 pint per acre rate at planting. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	Do not feed green fora	age or cut l	hay for 90 days following application.
COLE CROPS Including: Broccoli Broccoli, Chinese (gailon) Broccoli Raab (rapini)	Damping-off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	0.5 to 1	Preplant Incorporated Application: Apply as a broadcast or banded soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil. For banded applications, a 7 inch band is recommended.
Brussels sprouts Cabbage Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy and napa) Cauliflower Cavalo Broccoli Collards Kale Kohlrabi Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens All hybrids and	Basal stem rot (Phytophthora spp.)	2 to 4	Preplant Incorporated Application: Apply as a broadcast or banded soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and incorporate into the top 2 inches of soil. For banded applications, a 7 inch band is recommended. Surface Application: Apply at planting in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation. Irrigation (drip): Inject this product into the irrigation water at the labeled rates.
varieties of these			its per acre per crop (1 lb a.i./A) for soil per crop (0.5 lb a.i./A) as a foliar spray.

СКОР	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
COTTON	Seed and Root Rot (<i>Pythium</i> spp.) Seedling Blight (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	0.15 to 0.30 fl. oz. per 1,000 row ft.	In-furrow: Apply in 5 to 15 gallons of water or liquid fertilizer at planting. Mount the spray nozzle so the spray is directed into the furrow over the seed just before the seeds are covered. For broader spectrum seedling disease, tank-mix this product with labeled rates of Terraclor 2E® per acre, or as a unit pack alternative, use labeled rates of Terraclor Super X EC or Terraclor Super X® 18.8 Granule.
CRANBERRIES	Phytophthora Root Rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	2 to 3.5	Soil Spray (Broadcast): Apply 3 times using ground or chemigation equipment. Time applications to occur first in the fall after harvest, then in the spring with a final application up to, but not later than, 45 days prior to harvest. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	Do not apply this prodDo not apply within 45Do not apply more that	days befo	•
CUCURBIT VEGETABLES Including Chayote Chinese waxgourd Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin, Gourd, edible Momordica spp. (balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon Chinese cucumber) Muskmelon (cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew,	Damping-off Cottony leak (Pythium spp.)	2 to 4	Pre-plant Incorporated Application: Apply as a broadcast or banded soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and incorporate in the top 2 inches of soil. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended. Surface Application: Apply at planting in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended. Injection (drip): This product may also be injected into the irrigation water at the appropriate rates. Two additional applications are permitted every 30 days after the initial at-planting application. Soil Directed Spray: If soil application
Honey balls, Mango, Persian, pineapple, Santa Claus, snake melons) Pumpkin Squash, summer			was made at planting, two additional applications may be made at 20 to 30 day intervals during the season. Direct the spray to the base of the plants and cover 6-8 inches of the soil on either side of the plants. Incorporate using either mechanical means or through irrigation to move the product into the root zone.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
CUCURBIT VEGETABLES (Continued)	Root rot (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	0.5 to 0.8	Injection (drip): This product may also be injected into the irrigation water at the appropriate rates.
Squash, winter Watermelon All hybrids and			Injection (drip): This product may also be injected into the irrigation water at the appropriate rates.
varieties of these	 Do not apply within 5 Do not exceed 4 pints application combined. 	per acre p	rvest. per crop (1 lb. a.i./A) from all methods of
FRUITING VEGETABLES (Except Cucurbits) Including Eggplant Groundcherry Pepper (bell, chili, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet) Tomatillo Tomato (see Tomato Section below)	Damping-off (Pythium spp.) Crown rot (Phytophthora capsici)	2	To control Crown Rot, apply before the plants are infected to obtain satisfactory control. Plants already infected with <i>Phytophthora capsici</i> cannot be cured with this product. Soil Spray (broadcast or band): Apply in water or liquid fertilizer preplant or at planting. For direct seeded peppers, apply preplant or prior to emergence. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation. For banded applications, use 12 to 16 inch band. Injection (drip irritation): Inject this product into the irrigation water. Make up to 2 additional applications on a 30 day schedule following initial application at planting. Banded Spray: For Crown Rot, make 2 post directed applications at 30 day intervals after transplanting. Direct the spray to the base of the plants and cover 6 to 8 inches of the soil on either side of the plants. Incorporate mechanically or sprinkler-irrigate to move the product into the root zone. Shank Application: For Crown Rot, apply in liquid fertilizer, shanked in as a banded treatment to either side of the plant.
	 Plants already infected The foliar blight phase applications of this pro To avoid possible illeg Do not soil-apply more 	I with <i>Phyte</i> se of <i>Phy</i> duct. al residues e than 6 pi	llowing of the pepper leaves. ophthora cannot be cured with this product. tophthora cannot be controlled with foliar do not apply within 7 days of harvest. nts of this product per acre per crop (1.5 lb pints per acre per crop (0.5 lb a.i./A).
GINSENG	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora cactorum) • Do not make more tha	1.5	Drench: Apply in 100 to 400 gallons of water uniformly to the soil surface in the spring before the plants begin to grow.

		RATE	
CROP	DISEASES	(Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
GRASSES, FORAGE, FODDER, HAY*	Seeding diseases (Pythium spp.)	0.5 to 2	Soil Spray (broadcast): Apply as a broadcast soil spray at planting. Use 0.5 to 1 pints per acre if grass seed was previously treated with a mefenoxam seed treatment product. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	such as Bermudagras	s, bluegras	grasses or grasses grown for hay or silage s, bromegrass, or fescue.
	Do not graze, feed grapplications.Do not apply to range		, or cut for hay for 60 days following
HERBS (Fresh and Dried) Including: Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Chamomile	Damping-off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	2 to 4	Pre-plant Incorporated Application: Apply as a broadcast or banded soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and mechanically incorporate in the top 2 inches of soil. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended.
Catnip Chervil (dried) Chinese Chive Chive Cilantro (leaf) Clary Coriander (leaf) Costmary Curry (leaf) Dillweed Horehound Hyssop			Surface Application (broadcast or band): Apply in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended.
Lavender Lemongrass Lovage (leaf) Marigold Marjoram Nasturtium Parsley (dried) Pennyroyal Rosemary Rue Sage			Banded Spray: Direct sprays to baseline of plants covering 6-8 inches on each side of plants (12 to 16 inch band width/row). Apply 28 days after planting or after first cutting.
Savory, summer and winter Sweet Bay Tansy Tarragon Thyme Wintergreen Woodruff Wormwood	 Do not apply within 21 Do not exceed 8 pin applications. 		rvest. e (2 lb a.i./A) per crop from all soil-applied

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
HOPS	Downy mildew (Pseudoperonospora humulii)	1	Soil Drench: Apply in a sufficient amount of water or liquid fertilizer for thorough coverage. Apply to the soil surface over the crowns after pruning, but before training. Early application before shoots are 6 inches long provides best protection. Foliar Spray: Apply using ground equipment in a minimum of 50 gallons water per acre. Treat when primary infection (spikes) persists after a soil drench treatment and/or there is evidence of secondary (foliar) infection and apply this product in combination with a contact copper fungicide.
	apply more than 2 pintDo not make the last a	s per acre pplication sprays of	nt per acre per crop (0.25 lb a.i./A) or foliar- per crop (0.5 lb a.i./A). within 45 days of harvest. this product without a copper fungicide
LEAFY VEGETABLES (Except Brassica) Including: Amaranth Arugula Cardoon Celery Celery, Chinese Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, garland	Damping-off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	2 to 4	Preplant Incorporated (broadcast or band): Apply as a soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and mechanically incorporate in the top 2 inches of soil. For banded application, a 7-inch band is recommended.
Corn salad Cress, garden Cress, upland Dandelion Dock (Sorrel) Endive (Escarole) Fennel, Florence (finochio) Lettuce - head and			Surface Application (broadcast or band): Apply at planting to soil surface in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. For banded application, a 7-inch band is recommended. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation. Follow specific application rate and
leaf Orach Parsley Purslane, garden Purslane, winter Radicchio (red chicory) Rhubarb Spinach (see below)			directions for spinach.
Spinach, New Zealand Spinach, vine Swiss Chard	Do not harvest within 7 Do not soil-apply more than 1.6 pints per acre	than 4 pin	ts per acre (1 lbs. a.i./A) or foliar-apply more

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
LEGUME VEGETABLES (Succulent or Dried) Including Bean (Lupinus spp.) (grain, lupin.	Damping-off Root rot (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	1 to 2	Preplant Incorporation (broadcast or band): Apply as a broadcast soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and mechanically incorporate in the top 2 inches of coil. For banded application, a 7-inch band is recommended.
(Lupinus spp.) (grain, lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, white sweet lupin) Bean (Phaseolus spp.) (field, kidney, lima, navy, pinto, runner, snap, tepary, wax) Bean (Vigna spp.) (adzuki, asparagus, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth, mung, rice, southern pea, urd, yardlong) Broad Bean (fava bean) Chickpea (garbanzo bean) Guar Jackbean Lablab bean (hyacinth bean) Lentil Pea (Pisum spp.) (dwarf, edible- pod, English,			
field, garden, green, snow, sugar snap) Pigeon pea Soybean (immature seed) (Also see Soybean section			
for specific use directions) Sword bean	I		

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
LINGONBERRY	Root Rot (Phytophhthora spp.)	7.2 or	Surface Application (broadcast or band): Apply in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. For
		0.5 per	new plantings, make application at or after transplant. For banded application in new
		1,000 row ft.	plantings, use an 18 inch band over the row. For established plants, use a 3 foot band over the row. Apply in the spring
			before plants start growth. If a second application is needed, time application to occur when root rot development is most likely to develop. Soil surface sprays of
			this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	 This product may be a 		
			pints per acre per crop (3.6 lbs. a.i./A).
ONIONS Including	Damping-off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	1 to 2	Preplant Incorporated: Apply as a broadcast soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform
Dry Bulb Garlic			coverage and mechanically incorporate in the top 2 inches of soil. For banded
Onions (dry bulb) Shallots (dry bulb).			application, a 7 inch band is recommended. Surface Application: Apply at planting in
Green Green eschalots. Green onions Green shallots Japanese bunching			sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into
onions Leeks	Dry bulb onions: Do no	ot soil-apply	the root zone by rainfall or irrigation. y more than 4 pints per acre (1 lb a.i./A) and
Scallions Spring onions	Green onions: Do not s	soil-apply r	acre (0.5 lb. a.i./A) per crop. more than 4 pints per acre (1 lb. a.i./A) and er acre (0.3 lb. a.i./A) per crop.
PEANUTS	Pythium Root Rot Pod Rot (Pythium spp.)	0.5	Seedling Disease: Apply as an application to the seed in-furrow or in a 7 inch band at the time of planting. For the in-furrow applications, position the spray so the fungicide is mixed with the soil covering the seed. Avoid spraying the seed directly with the spray solution or crop injury may occur. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	·	1 to 2	Pod Rot: Apply at early pod set or pegging through overhead irrigation systems. See the General Information section of this label for further instructions and precautions when making applications through irrigation systems.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
PINEAPPLE	Heart rot disease (Phytophthora spp.)	1 to 2	Crown Dip: Apply in 100 gallons of water as a crown dip before planting. The amount of dip solution per acre will depend upon crown size, planting density, and dipping techniques. For dipping, use 75 to 100 gallons of mixture per acre.
	If there is a crop fail harvest plant material:		1 year of planting treated crowns, do not feed.
POTATOES	Pythium leak (Pythium spp.) Pink rot (Phytophthora erythroseptica) Seedling disease (Pythium spp.)	0.84 fluid ounces per 1,000 row feet	In-Furrow: Apply to row on a 6 to 8 inch band at planting in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. Make application directly over the seed piece(s) prior to row closure. Use 11.6 fluid ounces per acre for 38 inch row spacing (13,756 linear feet per acre), 12.2 fluid ounces per acre for 36 inch row spacing (14,520 linear feet per acre), and 13 fluid ounces per acre for 34 inch row spacing (15,374 linear feet per acre). You may need to follow this in-furrow application with a foliar applied fungicide at tuber initiation: • When conditions are conductive for disease development. • When variety planted is susceptible or moderately susceptible (pint rot/Pythium leak). • In areas with a long growing season. This product may be impregnated on dry fertilizer or applied in combination with liquid fertilizers. Pythium Leak and Pink Rot: To control storage rot, make foliar applications. Begin at flowering and repeat after 14 days.
	Do not use the "dribble Do not exceed 1.36 re	acre.	Apply a third application 14 days after the second application to fields that have history of storage rot. Tank mix or premix this proudct with chlorothalonil or mancozeb when conditions favor foliar disease outbreaks. If foliar disease Do not harvest for 14 days after last application.
	mefenoxam and 1.6 p mefenoxam products p	ints per a	cre per crop (0.34 lb a.i./A) of soil-applied cre per crop (0.4 lb. a.i./A) of foliar-applied
RASPBERRIES	Phytophthora root rot (Phytophthora spp.)	0.5 per 1,000 row feet	Apply to the soil surface in a 3 foot band over the row. Make 1 application in the spring and another in the fall after harvest.
	Do not apply within 45	days of ha	rvest.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints	USE INSTRUCTIONS
CROP	DISEASES	per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
ROOT AND TUBER	Pythium Root Rot	2 to 4	Preplant Incorporated: Apply as a broadcast
VEGETABLES	(Pythium spp.)	2104	soil application in sufficient water or liquid
Arracacha	(r yanam opp.)		fertilizer to provide uniform coverage and
Arrowroot	Phytophthora Root Rot		incorporate in the top 2 inches of soil.
Artichoke	(Phytophthora spp.)	·	mediporate in the top 2 mones of son.
(Chinese and	(, nytopininora opp.)	-	
Jerusalem)			
Beet, garden			
Beet, sugar (see	·		Surface Application: Apply at planting in
Sugar Beet section)			sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide
Burdock, edible		l	uniform coverage.
Canna, edible			nd is recommended. General Instructions section
Cassava		ne amount o	of this product needed per acre for the band width
(bitter and sweet)	actually used.	: :	all and be affected as and the first of the
Carrots (see Carrot	Soil surface sprays of th	is product v	will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved
section below)	into the root zone by rain	rali or irrigat	ion.
Celeriac			
(celery root)			
Chayote (root)			
Chervil, turnip-rooted			
Chicory			
Chufa			
Dasheen (taro)			
Ginger			
Ginseng (see			
Ginseng section			
below)			
Horseradish			
Leren			
Parsley, turnip-rooted			
Parsnip			
Potato (see Potato			
section below) Radish			
Radish, oriental			
(daikon)			
Rutabaga			
Salsify			
(oyster plant, black,			
Spanish)	1		
Skirret			
Sweet potato			
Tanier (cocoyam)			Į.
Turmeric	,		
Turnip			
Yam bean			
(jicama, manioc			
pea)			
Yam, true			

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
SOYBEANS	Phytophthora root and stem rot (Phytophthora megasprema) Pythium damping-off (Pythium spp.)	0.16 to 0.56 fluid ounces per 1,000 row feet	In-Furrow: Apply in-furrow with water or liquid fertilizer at planting. Position the spray so the fungicide is mixed with the soil covering the seed. Avoid spraying the seed directly with the spray solution or crop injury may occur. Use the high rate for full season control and 0.16 to 0.3 fluid ounce rate for early to mid-season control.
		0.74 to 2.5	Soil Spray: For full season control, apply 2.5 pints per treated acre in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage at the time of plantings. For banded application, a 7 inch band is recommended. Use the formula in the General Instructions section of this label to calculate the amount of this product needed per acre for the band width actually used. For early to mid season control, apply 0.74 to 1.5 pints per acre. Move product into the seed zone after planting with 0.5 to 1 inch sprinkler irrigation.
	Under heavy la provide complete co		tophthora pressure, this product may not
	Use the higher rate	te in areas with use soybean va	a history of heavy Phytophthora damage. rieties that have some degree of resistance nt in the field.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
SPINACH	White rust (Albugo occidentalis) Downy mildew (Peronospora effuse)	0.5	Shank Application: In addition to the preplant incorporated or surface application described above, shank-in this product around 21 days after planting or after the first cutting. A second application may be shanked in after the next cutting, but at least 21 days after the first application. If less than the full bed is treated, use the formula in the GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS section to determine the amount of this product needed per acre. If this product is injected into the beds with liquid fertilizer, base calculations on a 7 inch band. Use sufficient mechanical or bypass agitation to keep this product mixed with the water or fertilizer.
	• Do not harvest si	pinach within 21	The additional applications of this product noted above and made after each cutting by shanking with fungicide into the beds along with liquid fertilizer provide continuing control of white rust. However white rust can only be controlled in a preventative disease control program that begins with an application of this product to the soil at planting. If this product is not used at planting, do not use this product at any other time throughout the season. Do not apply this product in foliar applications or in situations where white rust infections are already established. The use of this product in curative applications greatly increases the risk of the fungus developing insensitivity to mefenoxam. The development of insensitivity will destroy the effectiveness of this product in controlling white rust.
	In spinach, do na.i./A) and either	ot apply more the r apply no more	days of application. han 4 pints per acre to soil at planting (1 lb. e than 1 pint per acre (0.25 lb a.i./A) to soil pints per acre (0.4 lb a.i./A) foliar-applied per

		RATE	
CROP	DISEASES	(Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
STONE FRUITS Including Apricot Cherries (sweet and tart) Nectarine Peach Plum (Chickasaw, Damson, Japanese) Plumcot Prune (fresh) Hybrids or cultivars of these	Crown, Collar and Root rots (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	or 3 fluid ounces per 1,000 square feet	Apply to soil in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage of the soil under the canopy of the trees. Sufficient surface area should be treated to cover the root zone of the plants 2 weeks after planting (new plantings) or in the spring before plant growth (established plantings). Additional applications should be made at 2 to 3 month intervals depending on disease pressure. Up to 3 applications can be made per year. For intense plantings (2 to 3 times the normal planting rate) apply on a per area basis (1,000 square feet). Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
	 moderate to seve Do not graze live Do not graze or f Do not concentra Do not apply to t In CA, do not a planting. Some v 	ere disease symestock in treated feed cover crops at the treatmen rees under stres apply this producties my exhi	areas. s in treated orchards. t around the tree trunks or injury may occur.
STRAWBERRIES	Red stele (Phytophthora fragariae) Vascular collapse (P. cactorum) Leather rot (P. cactorum)	calculate rate	New Plantings: Apply in banded sprays or through drip irrigation in sufficient water to move the fungicide into the root zone of the plants. Make first application after transplanting. Make second application 30 days before the beginning of harvest or at fruit set. Apply the third application during the harvest season, depending on environmental conditions and disease pressure. Established Plantings: Apply in banded sprays or through drip irrigation in sufficient water to move the fungicide into the root zone of the plants. Make first application in the spring after the ground thaws and before first bloom. Make final application after harvest in the fall. For supplemental control of leather rot, make another application during the growing season at fruit set.
	equal to the root zApplication of thisDo not soil-applyFor low annual ra	zone width and i product may be more than 6 pin infall areas, a su	s as a band application with a band width nject this product into the irrigation water. e made on the day of harvest. ts per acre per crop (1.5 lb. a.i./A). urface application of this product needs to be rainfall, overhead irrigation, or mechanical

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
SUGAR BEETS	Pythium Root Rot (Pythium spp.)	2 to 4	Preplant Incorporated: Apply as a broadcast soil application in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer and mechanically incorporate in the top two inches of soil. For banded application, a 7-inch band is recommended. Use the formula in the General Instructions section of this label to calculate the amount of this product needed per acre for the band width actually used. Surface Application: Apply at planting in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage. For banded application, a 7-inch band is recommended. Use the formula in the General Instructions section of this label to calculate the amount of this product needed per acre for the band width actually used. Soil surface sprays of this product will not be effective until, the fungicide is moved into the root zone by rainfall or irrigation.
TOBACCO	Damping-off (Pythium spp.)	1 to 2 or 0.5 to 1 fl. oz. per 150 sq. yds.	Soil spray (broadcast): Apply in 50 gallons of water (2 gallons water per 150 square yards) as a preplant soil application before or at time of planting. Use the higher application rate on broadleaf tobacco. Move the product into the seed zone after planting as recommended in the Application Instructions.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
TOBACCO (Continued)	Black Shank (Phytophthora parastica var. nicotianea)	For conventional till: 2 to 6 For no-till tobacco: 1 to 2	Pre-plant/Pre-transplant Soil spray (broadcast or band): Apply in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide uniform coverage at the time of planting. If rainfall is not expected before the seeds start to germinate, this product should be incorporated mechanically before planting, during the planting operation, or be moved into the seed zone after planting with 1/2 to 1 inch sprinkler irrigation.
-			For banded applications, a 7 inch band is recommended. Use the formula in the General Instructions section of this label to calculate the amount of this product needed per acre for the band width actually used.
			Post-plant/Post-transplant Soil spray (broadcast): Apply to the soil within one week of planting. Incorporate in the top 2 to 4 inches of soil. Use the high rate if the disease epidemic is expected to be severe. In FL and GA, use 6 pints per acre where black shank is severe. Move into soil as recommended in the Application Instructions.
• .			Apply preventively for effective black shank control. If black shank is expected early in the season, apply as near as possible to transplanting followed by sequential applications.
TOBACCO (Continued)	Blue mold (Peronospora tabacina)	1 to 2	Pre-plant/Pre-transplant Soil Spray (broadcast): Apply as a broadcast soil application prior to transplanting and incorporate in the top 2 to 4 inches of soil before forming beds. Under low disease pressure or for early season control, use the low rate. Use the high rate for high disease pressure, extended control and burley and other tobacco types other than flue-cured.
			Post-plant/Post-transplant Soil spray (band): If a pre-transplant application was made, make a supplemental application at lay-by or the last cultivation. Position the nozzles so that the spray is deposited under the plants and is covered by soil by the cultivator. Move into soil as recommended in Application Instructions.

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
TOBACCO (Continued)	 For best results that have high retained plant a varithe field. (Burley) Do not use in varieties. Failure to adequate may result in pool Do not use this pool 	against black shesistance to black here is a history lety that is resist L8 hybrids are high black shauately control neor control of black the equivalent	for additional use directions. mank, use this product with tobacco varieties of shank and use crop rotation. of severe black shank, use the highest rate stant to the race of <i>Phytophthora</i> present in only resistant to <i>Phytophthora</i> Race 0. Ink areas on highly susceptible flue-cured ematodes in fields treated with this product ock shank. It is shank to shank areas on highly per crop of mefenoxam
TOMATO	Damping-off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	2 to 4	Soil Spray (Broadcast or Band): Apply at planting in water or liquid fertilizer. Move into soil as recommended in the General Application Instructions section. For banded applications, a 7 inch band is recommended.
	Root and Fruit Rot (Phytophthora spp.) (Pythium spp.)	2	Soil spray (broadcast or band) or soil injection: Apply as a directed soil surface spray under the vines or injected into the beds with water or liquid fertilizer. Move into the soil as recommended in the General Application Instructions. Make application 4 to 6 weeks after
			planting. If needed, make a second application up to 4 weeks before harvest, but before the last irritation.
			Injection (drip irrigation): Initiate control of Root and Fruit Rot with a soil application as described above. Make subsequent applications through drip irrigation. Make the first drip application 4 to 6 weeks after planting. Apply the second rip application as needed up to 4 weeks before harvest, but before the last irrigation. For injection applications, base rate calculation on a 7 inch band.
	Do not exceed 6 pints per acre per crop (1.5 lb. a.i./A) of s mefenoxam containing products and 2 pints per acre per cro a.i./A).of foliar-applied mefenoxam products per year.		

		RATE		
CROP	DISEASES	(Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS	
TREE NUTS Almonds Walnuts	Crown, Collar and Root rots (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.)	8 or 3 fluid ounces per 1,000 square feet	Soil spray (broadcast or band): Apply under the tree canopy to cover the root zone two weeks after planting (new plantings) or in the spring before growth begins (established plantings). Move into soil as recommended in General Application Instructions. Additional applications may be made at 2 to 3 month intervals depending on disease pressure. Make up to 3 applications per year. Apply before symptoms appear. This product will not revitalize trees showing moderate to severe disease symptoms. For intense plantings (2 to 3 times the normal planning rate), apply on a per area basis (1,000 square feet).	
	 Apply before symptoms appear. This product will not revitalize trees showing moderate to severe disease symptoms. Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not graze or feed cover crops in treated orchards. Do not concentrate the treatment around the tree trunks or injury may occur. Do not apply to trees under stress. In CA, do not apply this product newly planted trees within 45 days of planting. Some varieties my exhibit chlorosis on leaf margins. Do not soil-apply more than 24 pints (3 gallons) per acre per crop (6 lb. a.i./A) of mefenoxam containing products. 			
TROPICAL FRUIT Kiwifruit	Root and Crown rot (Pythium and Phytophthora spp.)	11.2 to 22.4 fluid ounces	Apply 1 quart of Ultra Flourish solution as a soil drench in a one square foot area around the base of each vine. At the recommended rate of 11.2 to 22.4 fluid ounces, this will apply 0.175 to 0.350 lb. a.i./A if the planting density is 160 vines per acre. Make the first application in the fall after harvest or in February or early March. Make a second application in the spring or approximately 60 days after the February or March application. Move into soil as recommended in the General Application Instructions.	
	Do not apply moreDo not apply within		per acre (0.7 lb. a.i. /A) per growing season. arvest.	

CROP	DISEASES	RATE (Pints per Acre)	USE INSTRUCTIONS
TROPICAL FRUIT Black Sapote Canistel Mamey Sapote Mango Papaya Sapodilla Star Apple	Root rot (<i>Phytophthora</i> spp.) Damping-off (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	3 to 6	Soil Drench: Apply to the soil surface in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to obtain thorough coverage of the soil under the canopy of trees. To determine the amount of solution required, measure the amount of water needed to drench an area of 1 square foot around one plant. Multiply that volume by the total number of plants in an acre. Add this product to this amount of water and drench plants. Two applications may be made per growing season. Make the first application at transplanting or in the spring at root growth flush. Apply the second application up to 30 days prior to harvest.
	Do not apply withDo not use this p foliage spray.		arvest. alaxyl-copper product is used as a trunk and
TROPICAL FRUIT Atemoya Chemimoya Custard Apple Ilama Soursop Birida Sugar Apple	Root rot (Phytophthora spp.) Damping-off (Pythium spp.)	3 to 6	Soil Drench: Apply to the soil surface spray in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to obtain thorough coverage of the soil under the canopy of trees. Make one application in the spring at root growth flush and a second application in the fall.
	Do not apply withi	in 30 days of ha	rvest.
TROPICAL FRUIT Starfruit	Phytophthora Root and Crown rot (Phytophthora spp.) Pythium Root and Crown rot (Pythium spp.)	3 to 6	Soil Drench: Apply in sufficient water or liquid fertilizer to provide an adequate soil drench. Make on application in the spring when root growth begins and a second application in the fall. Direct applications to the soil surface under the canopy of the trees.
	Do not apply within	n 30 days of ha	rvest.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store at temperatures above 40°F. Crystals may form at lower storage temperatures. If this occurs, place the product in a warm room (68°F or above) and roll or shake the container at frequent intervals until all crystals are dissolved.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product are acutely toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used according to the label instruction must be disposed of according to Federal, state or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR FOR DAMAGES IN THEIR NATURE OF PENALTIES RELATING TO THE GOODS SOLD, INCLUDING USE, APPLICATION, HANDLING, AND DISPOSAL. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, MANUFACTURER OR SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO BUYER OR USER BY WAY OF INDEMNIFICATION TO BUYER OR TO CUSTOMERS OF BUYER, IF ANY, OR FOR ANY DAMAGES OR SUMS OF MONEY, CLAIMS OR DEMANDS WHATSOEVER, RESULTING FROM OR BY REASON OF, OR RISING OUT OF THE MISUSE, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL WARNINGS OR INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE, OF THE GOODS SOLD BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER TO BUYER. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER, USER, OR ITS CUSTOMERS. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S TOTAL LIABILITY SHALL BE FOR DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE COST OF THE PRODUCT.

If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

(RV031011)

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[BASE LABEL]

ULTRA FLOURISH®

AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Mefenoxam: D-Alanine, N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-N-(methoxyacetyl)-,methyl ester	25.1%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	74.9%
TOTAL:	

Contains Petroleum Distillates. Contains 2 pounds mefenoxam per gallon.

WARNING / AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

REFER TO BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

FIRST AID		
IF IN EYES	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
IF SWALLOWED	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
HOT I INE MUNAPER		

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If this product is ingested, lavage stomach. A slurry of activated charcoal in water can be left in the stomach. Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING / AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Wear protective eyewear such as goggles or face shield. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or Viton
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users Should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Apply only as specified on this label. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Groundwater Advisory Statement

This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions For Use section for information about this standard.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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EPA Reg. No. 55146-73 EPA Est. No.

Manufactured for Nufarm Americas Inc. AGT Division 150 Harvester Drive Burr Ridge, IL 60527

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NOT TO BE PART OF THE PRINTED LABEL FOR INTERNAL REGULATORY USE ONLY

03/10/2009	Revised to add uses on Syngenta's label and to put in table format, Mefenoxam 2E, EPA Reg. No. 100-1145, PPLS date 5/1/2007.
03/27/2009	Per Syngenta review, correct spelling of chlorothalonil in the potato section and add preharvest interval statement to Starfruit.
- 07/08/2009	Label revised per July 7 email from EPA. Revised label sent via email.
07/16/2009	Additional changes to use directions and base label required by EPA in July 14 email.
12/18/2009	Created FIN label based on EPA stamped Acceptance letter dated September 30, 2009. RV093009
04/02/2010	Reformatted Tables to read correctly and fix typos (i.e. damping-of to damping-off). Updated FIN label based on EPA stamped Acceptance letter dated September 30, 2009. RV093009.
03/10/2011	Corrected the maximum seasonal rate of soil-applied mefenoxam in the use directions for potatoes. RV031011