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Linda C. Watson Consultant/Regulatory Affairs Pesticide Regulatory Services 3703 Sedgefield Drive Valdosta, GA 31602

Dear Ms. Watson:

Subject: Agtrol Chemical Products

Champ Flowable

EPA Registration No. 55146-41 Label Revision - Homeowner Use Your Application Dated 2/11/92

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable subject to the comments risted below. One copy of the finished labeling must be submitted prior to releasing the product for shipment.

Under "Live Oak", in the fourth line, delete "2/3". Under "Environmental Hazards", change the second sentence to "Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark."

Finally, it appears as if the precautionary statements and statements of practical treatment will be on the back panel of the label. If this is the case the front panel must contain a referral statement, such as the one on the agricultural version of your labeling, which states "See Back Panel For Additional Precautionary Statement, and Statements of Practical Treatment."

Sincerely Yours,

Cynthia Giles-Parker Product Manager (22) Fungicide-Herbicide Branch

CONCURRENCES GISTRATION DIVISION (H7505C)

VMBOL Enclosure

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A Ferm 1320-1 (12-70)

OFFICIAL FILE COPY

## CHAMP° FLOWABLE

# HOMEOWNER FUNGICIDE KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Active Ingredient								
Coppei Hydroxide								.23.00%
Inert Ingredients								.77.00%
TOTAL								100.00%

Contains 2.3 lbs. Copper Hydroxide per gallon (Metallic Copper Equivalent - 15.0%) Net Contents - 1 Gallon

EPA Reg. No. 55146-41

EPA Est. No. 35896-SC-1

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a matter inconsistent with its labeling.

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

CHAMP FLOWABLE can be used in all types of homeowner spray equipment, such as pump-up canisters, knapsacks, hose-end sprayers, etc. The spray mixture should be applied as a full cover spray to all leaf surfaces and to the point of "runoff". Where a range of dosage rates is given, the lower rate should be used when applying CHAMP FLOWABLE as a preventative measure or if disease symptoms are just beginning to appear. The higher rate should be used when disease infection is severe. In all cases, it is important to obtain thorough coverage of the leaf surfaces.

No additional surfactants are required unless specified for an individual crop. If CHAMP FLOWABLE is to be applied in combination with other pesticides, CHAMP FLOWABLE should be added to the spray reservoir followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all cautions and limitations on labels of any products used in mixtures. The specific instructions given on this label are based on general applications and circumstances. Recommendations of the State Agricultural Extension Service should be closely followed as to timing, frequency and number of sprays per season.

NOTE: APPLICATION OF CHAMP FLOWABLE IN A LOW/ PH TANK MIX OR TO PLANT SURFACES WHICH HAVE A LOW PH CHEMICAL RESIDUE MAY ALSO RESULT IN CROP IN-JURY.

#### **BERRIES AND VINES**

BLACKBERRIES, (Santiams, Logans, Boysens, Marions, Auroras, Cascarles, Chehalems and Thornless Evergreens), Leaf and Cane Spot. Apply delayed dormant spray after training in spring at 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Make fall spray application after harvest.

BLUEBERRIES, Bacterial Canker. Apply at 5 1/3 to 10 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Make first application before the Fall rains, preferably the first week in October and a second application four weeks later. (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA)

CRANBERRY, Fruit Rot. Apply at 10 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water beginning in late bloom. One or two additional applications made at 10 to 14 day intervals may be required, depending on disease pressure.

CURRANTS & GOOSEBERRY, Leaf Spot. Make three applications at 13 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water, starting after harvest, before bloom and after petal full.

GRAPES, Black Rot, Powdery Mildew and Downey Mildew. Apply 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Begin application at bud break with additional applications made throughout the season depending upon disease severity. (NOTE: Slight to severe foliage injury may occur in copper-sensitive varieties such as Concord, Delaware, Niagara and Rosette. Test for sensitivity before using.)

RASPBERRIES, Leal and Cane Spot. Apply at 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water as a delayed dormant spray after training in the spring. Make a fall application after harvest. (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA)

STRAWBERRIES, Leaf Spot & Leaf Blight. Apply 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water. Begin application when plants are established and continue on a weakly schedule throughout season. Discontinue applications it signs of phytotoxicity appear.

#### **ORNAMENTALS**

LIVE OAK, Ball Moss (Texas or pply at 8 teaspoons per gallon of water, in spring after heavy rain, using an gallons of spray per foot of tree height. Make sure to wet turts thoroughly. A second application may be required after 12 2/3 months. NOTE: CHAMP Flowable may be injurious to ornamentals grown under live oaks.

PHILOD ENDRON, Bacterial Leaf Spot. Apply weekly before disease appears at 2 teaspoons of CHAMP FLOWABLE per gallon of water.

SYCAMORE, Anciracnose. Make two applications using 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water as a full cover spray. Make first application at bod crack and second application 7 - 14 days later at 10% leaf expension.

For control of diseases on ornementals in Greenhouses, Fields and Nurseries, apply CHAMP FLOWABLE at 1 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water as a full cover spray beginning at first sign of disease. Repeat at intervals of 7 to 14 days depending on rainfall and disease severity.

ARALIA, Xanthomonas & Cercospora Leaf Spots, Alternaria

AZALEA,\* Cercospora Leaf Spot, Botrytis Blight, Phytophthora Dieback & Powdery Mildew

BEGONIA, Xanthomonas Leaf Spot, Anthracnose

BULBS (EASTER ULY, TUUP, GLADIOLUS), Botrytis Blight

CARNATION,\* Alternaria Blight, Pseudomonas Leaf Spot & Botrytis Blight.

CHRYSANTHEMUM,\* Septoria Leaf Spot & Botrytis Blight

COTONEASTER, Botrytis Blight

EUONYMUS, Botrytis Blight, Anthracnose

IVY,\* Xanthomonas Leaf Spot

PACHYSANDRA, Volutella Leaf Blight

PERIWINKLE, Phomopsis Stem Blight

PYRACANTHA, Fireblight, Scab

ROSE, Powdery Mildew, Black Spot

YUCCA (ADAMS NEEDLE), Cercospora & Septoria Leaf Spots

\*On some varieties a discoloration may occur on foliage or blooms. To prevent residues on commercial plants, do not spray just before selling season.

NOTE: Phytotoxicity may occur on certain varieties. Apply on a few plants at the recommended rate and observe for a few days to see if phytotoxicity will occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamentals and nursery plants, a preliminary trial is recommended to determine plant tolerance for plant species and varieties which are not listed above.

#### TREE CROPS

ALMONDS, Coryneum Blight (Stigmina Carpophila), Blossom Brown Rot & Bacterial Blast (Pseudomonas). Use 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons CHAMP FLOW-ABLE per gailon of water in late dormant before foliage buds swell, if frequent rainfall occurs, a second application should be made during the early bloom stage (popcom) at 1 2/3 - 2 1/4 teaspoons per gallon of water. To avoid plant injury, do not use above rate after full bloom. For blast control where disease is severe, apply 2 - 4 CHAMP FLOWABLE sprays or as many as required, at 1 1/3 - 4 teaspoons per gallon of water at 2 week post bloom intervals. CAUTIO! In sensitive varieties, such as Peerless & Mission, slight leaf injury may occur from post bloom spray.

APPLE, Anthracnose, European Canker, Pseudomonas. Apply before fall rains at 4 - 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Use on yellow varieties may cause discolcration. To avoid, pick before spraying. Fireblight. Apply at 2 2/3 - 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. NOTE: Phytotoxicity may occur from late application. After green tip, apply at 1/3 teaspoon per gallon of water. Crown or Collar Rot. Mix 5 1/3 teaspoons in gallon of water. Apply 4 gallons of suspension as a drench on the lower trunk area of each tree. Apply either in early sping or in fall after harvest each year. NOTE: Do not use if soil pH is below 5.5 or copper specify may result.

APRICOTS, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole) & Blossom Brown Rot. Apply at popcorn to full bloom using 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons per gailon of water. To avoid spray injury, do not apply after bloom.

CHERRY, Dead Bud (Pseudomones syringee) & Conyneum Glight. Apply 2 2/3 -4 teaspoons per gallon of water in Fall (before heavy tall fains) and edaig in Winter. In orchards where the disease is severe, a torsy should also be applied in late summer or as required. Brown Rob Blossem Blight. For adequate control apply 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of Water as a full games spray at popcorn and full bloom.

spray at popcorn and full bloom.

CITRUS, Melanose, Scab, & Pink Pitting. Apply 1 1/3 - 4 teaspoons per gellon of water, depending on disease severity, as a pre-blooment post bloomsplay? Greasy Spot. Apply 2/3 - 2 teaspoons per gellon of water Using higher gales, when conditions favor disease. Brown Flot. Apply 1 1/3-2 2/3 teaspoons per gellon of water beginning in fall and continuing as needed. Apply to skirts of trees to a height of at least 4 feet. Apply also to bere ground one toot beyond skirt. Use higher rates when conditions favor disease. NOTE: In California, in areas subject to copper injury, add 1/3 to 1 teaspoon of high quality time per teaspoon of CHAMP FLOWABLE). Claus Canker. (SUPPRESSION ONLY). Apply 4 teaspoons per gellon of water, spraying flushes 7 - 14 days after shoots begin to grow. Young fruit may require an additional application. Number and timing of applications will be dependent on disease pressure. Under heavy disease pressure, each flush of new growth should be sprayed. Phytophiliors. Mix 1 1/3 pints of CHAMP FLOWABLE with 1 gellon of water and paint frunks of trees from the soil surface to the lowest scaffold limbs. Apply in May prior to summer rains and/or in the fall prior to wrapping trees for freeze protection. Treatment serves as protection for up to one year, but does not cure existing infections.

FILBERTS, Bacterial Blight, Apply 5 1/3 - 8 teaspoons per gallon of water as a post-harvest spray. In seasons of heavy rainfall, apply another spray when three-fourths of the leaves have dropped.

KtWIFRUIT, Blossom Blight (Bud Rot), Leaf Spot (Phomopsis). Make two to three applications at 2/3 - 1 teaspoons per cellon of water during domaint season. Do not apply at time of or after leaf regence.

MANGO (Florida), Anthracnose, Apoly months, after fruit set until harvest at 2 2/3 - 3 1/3teaspoons per gallon of water. Consult Extension Service for State recommendations.

OLIVES (California), Peacock Spot. Make first application at 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water before winter rains fall. A second application in early spring should be made if disease is severe.

PEACHES & NECTARINES, Leaf Curf, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole). Apply 2 2/3 - 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water at leaf fall and during domant season prior to bloom. Use higher rate when rainfall is very heavy and disease pressure is high. Brown Rot Blossom Blight. Apply 2 1/3 - 4 teaspoons per gallon of water as a full cover spray at pink bud. Application at this time affords some control of Leaf Curf and Coryneum Blight. Bacterial Spot. Apply 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water as a domant spray. As a post bloom spray, apply 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water at first and second cover sprays. NOTE: Do not apply three weeks prior to harvest. Use only recommended rate. Spotting of leaves and defoliation may occur from use in cover sprays.

PEARS, Fireblight. Apply at 1/3 teaspoon per gallon of water at 5 day intervals throughout bloom period. Pseudomonas Blight. Apply before fall rains at a rate of 4 - 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water and again at domant before spring growth starts. NOTE: excessive dosages may course fruit russet.

PLUMS and PRUNES, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole). Apply 2 2/3 - 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water as a dormant spray. Brown Rot, Blossom Blight. Apply 2 2/3 - 4 teaspoons per gallon of water as a full cover spray at early white bud stage. Use higher rates when rainfall is heavy and/or disease pressure is high.

WALNUT, Walnut Blight. Apply 2 2/3 - 4 teaspoons per gallon of water. Apply first spray at early pre-bloom when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage at 7 - 10 day intervals. Additional applications may be necessary when frequent rainfall

#### VEGETABLE CROPS

BEANS, Bacterial Blight (Halo & Common). For protective sprays, apply first application when plants are six inches high. Apply on 7 -14 day schedule depending on local conditions. Use 1 1/3 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water depending on disease seventy.

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUT, & CAULIFLOWER, Downy Mildew. Apply 2/3 to 1 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water at 7 day intervals. NOTE: Reddening of older leaves may occur on broccoli at the higher rate.

CABBAGE, Downy Mildew. Apply 2/3 - 1 1/3 teaspoons per gailon of water at 7 day intervals. Use higher rate when conditions favor disease. Black Rot (Xanthomonas) & Black Leaf Spot (Alternaria). Apply 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon at 7 to 10 day intervals beginning after transplants are set in field or shortly after emergence of field seeded crops or when conditions favor disease development. NOTE: Flecking of wrapper leaves may occur at the 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water rate.

CANTALOUPES, HONEYDEWS & MUSKMELONS, Downy Mildew, Apply at 2 2/3 teaspoons per callon of water beginning when conditions are tavorable for disease development and repeat at 5 - 7 day intervals as needed depending on disease seventy.

CARROTS, Carrot Blight (Cercospora). When disease threatens apply 2.2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water at 7 to 14 day intervals depending on disease seventy.

CELERY& CELERIAC, Early, Late & Bacterial Blights. Apply as soon as plants are first established in the field at 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water, then every 5 -7 days depending on disease seventy and weather.

CUCUMBERS, Angular Leaf Spot & Downy Mildew Apply weekly once the plants begin to vine. Lice at 2 to 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water.

EGEPLANT, Alternaria Blight, Anthracnose, Phomopsis. Use 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water before disease appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. (EXCEPT CACIFORNIA)

ENOVE: ESCAROLE, Downy Mildew. Apply 1 1/3 to 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Begin treatment when disease first appears and repeat every 7 10 days as needed treatments of contract. 10 days as needed to suppress disease.

LETTUCE. Downy Mildew Apply 1 1/3 to 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Begin Irealment when disease first appears and repeat every 7 - 10 days as needed to suppress disease. CAUTION: Do not buffer spray mixture - may cause appropriative.

ONTON Purple Blotch & Downy Mildew. Apply at 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water when plants are 4 to 6 inches high and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

PESS Modery Midery Begin spray treatment when disease symptoms first appear. Use 2 to 4 leaspoons per gallon of water according to disease seventy. Repeat applications at weekly intervals.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS

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In FPA Letter Dated:

PEPPERS, Bacterial Spot. When disease threatens, apply 2 2/3 to 4 transpoons per gallon of water at 5 to 10 day intervals depending on disease seventy.

POTATOES, Early & Late Blight. Apply at 7 to 10 day intervals starting when plants are 6 inches high until two weeks before harvest. Apply 1 1/3 to 2 teaspoons per gallon of water in those locations where disease is light and up to 4 to 5 1/3 teaspoons per guilon of water where disease is severe.

PUMPKIN & SQUASH, Powdery Mildew. Begin application when plants are three wee's old or when first disease symptoms appear. Use at weekly interver at 2 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water depending on disease severity.

SPINACH, SPINACH, Anthracnose, Cercospora Leafspot, Downy Mildew, White Rust. Apply 2 2/3 to 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Begin treatment when disease first appears and repeat every 7 - 10 days as needed to suppress disease.

TOMATOES, Early Blight. When disease threatens, apply 2 2/3 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water at 7 - 10 day intervals, or as necessary. Bacterial Speck. Apply at 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water at 10 - 30 day intervals beginning when the disease threatens. Use more frequent applications when disease pressure is high. Bacterial Spot, Anthracnose, Gray Leaf Mold & Septoria Leaf Spot, When disease threatens, apply 2 2/3 to 5 1/3 teaspoons per gallon of water at 7 - 10 day intervals, more frequently when disease is severe.

WATERMELON, Anthracnose & Downy Mildew. Apply as soon as plants become established and at weekly intervals thereafter. Anthracnose, Use at 2 2/3 teaspoons per gallon of water. Downy Mildew. Use at 2 to 4 teaspoons per gallon of water, according to disease severity.

#### HOMEOWNER LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed by skin or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. May cause eye irritation. May cause skin sansitization in certain individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not apply this product in a manner as to directly expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not enter area without protective clothing until spray has

#### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

iF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center, Drink 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomitting by touching the back of throat with hinger. Do not induce vomitting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if imtation persists.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if imitation persists.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in cool y place. Keep away from children and household pets. Store in original container and keep in a locked storage area. When ongrial container is empty, securely wrap the container in severa: layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

#### WARRANTY STATEMENT

AGTROL CHEMICAL PRODUCTS warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth on the label when used according to directions under normal use conditions. THERE ARE NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This warranty does not extend to the handling or use of this product on the productions or under abnormal conditions or the productions of the production under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller and buyer assumes all risk of any such use.

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