1084



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505C)
401 "M" St., S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

Number:

Date of Issuance:

54705-7

SEP 3

1999

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

<u>x</u> Registration

Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Liqui-Cop

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Lawn and Garden Product, Inc.

3654 S. Willow Ave.

P.O. Box 35000

Fresno, CA 93745-5000

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.
  - Make the following label changes:
    - a. Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. "54705-7".

Signature of Approving Official:

Date

SEP 3 1999

EPA Form 8570-6

page 2 EPA Reg. No. 54705-T

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

Cynthia Giles-Parker Product Manager (22) Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosures



# Copper Fungicidal Garden Spray

For The Control Of Many Diseases Attacking Citrus, Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables and Ornamentals

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	1.
Metallic Copper*	8.0% °
INERT INGREDIENTS	
TOTAL	
* From copper ammonium complex,	
Reg. No. 54705-XXX	EPA Est, No. 48498-CA-01

Manufactured for:

### LAWN AND GARDEN PRODUCTS, INC.

P. O. Box 35000 • Fresno, CA 93745 • (559) 499-2100

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

# STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if imitation persists. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of the throat with finger, or, if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. If person is unconscious, do not give anything by mouth and do not induce vomiting.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

## HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin or inhaled. May cause skin sensitization reactions in certain individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical resistant gloves and shoes plus socks when applying this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. ROT ON VY65-3 LF 672

# **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING \$ DO 101 apply the precuret et (,

The control of fungal disease is based on prevention, including keeping garden and border areas clean, destroying leaves in the fall, and applying fungicides either before or at the onset of disease. Plant surfaces must be completely covered with fungicide to successfully prevent infection. Repeat applications may be needed for adequate control. Use the highest rate indicated during conditions of severe disease pressure, such as wet or humid weather. The lower rate is suitable for general preventive applications.

#### MIXING AND SPRAYING DIRECTIONS

Fill spray tank half full of water. Add recommended amount of LIQUI-COP. Add balance of water.

Using either a hose-end or pressurized hand sprayer, apply at the rate of one gallon mixed spray solution to 200 sq. ft. of garden area or up to two gallons mixed spray solution to a large tree. Thoroughly wet foliage to the point of runoff, taking care to cover all plant surfaces. Agitate the container of mixed spray solution regularly during application to maintain an adequate suspension.

	FRUITS AND NUTS			
Сгор	Disease Controlled	Rate/1 Gal. Water	Instructions	
ALMONDS	Brown Rot	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Apply at delayed dormant* bud swell stage.	
	Shot Hole	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Apply at leaf fall to protect buds and shoots from infectio during rainy periods. Reapply every 3 to 4 weeks up unlate bud swell (the period in Spring before buds begin to open). Do not apply after full bloom.	
apples	Anthracnose European Canker	3 - 4 tsp.	Apply before fall rains. Use on yellow varieties may caus discoloration. To avoid, pick before spraying.	
	Fireblight	2 - 4 tsp.	Make application when buds are silvery but before more have turned green. Phytotoxicity may occur from lat applications. Discontinue use when green-lip is 1/2 inch.	
APRICOTS	Biossom Rot Brown Rot Blossom Blight	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Apply when buds show red color until brown bud jacket have fallen.	
	Shot Hole	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Apply in late fall or early winter before winter rains or snow Repeat in late winter or early spring before buds break. D not apply after full bloom.	
AVOCADOS	Anthrachose	3 Tbsp.	Begin application when the flower buds begin to swell an continue at monthly intervals until August.	
CANEBERR!ES	Cane Spot Leaf Spot	4 tsp.	Apply as a delayed dormant" spray after training in the spring and after harvest in the fall. Use 2 teaspoons in late spring	
CHERRIES	Deadbud Coryneum Blight	11% tsp.	Apply in October (before heavy fall rains) and again in January. Where disease is severe, another application should be applied in August.	
	Brown Rot Blossom Blight	2 - 3 tsp.	Apply when buds show white (popcorn stage) and at full bloon	
CITRUS	Greasy Spot Melanose Pink Pitting Scab	% - 1 tsp.	Apply as a post bloom spray.	
	Brown Rot	2 - 6 tsp.	Begin applications in the fall before or just after heavy rains	
FILBERTS	Bacterial Blight	1 - 2 Tbsp.	Apply in late August or early September. In seasons of heaver rainfall, apply again when 3/4 of the leaves have dropped	
GRAPES	Anthrachose Black Rot Downy Mildew Powdery Mildew	2 tsp.	Make first application when new growth is 1/2 inch long an repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals. NOTICE: Slight to severe foliage injury may occur on copp sensitive varieties such as Concord, Delaware, Niagara an Rosetti.	
MANGOS	Anthrachose	3 Tbsp.	Apply weekly from the time the flowers are 2 inches in length until all fruits are set and monthly thereafter until August.	
OLIVES	Peacock Spot	2 - 3 tsp.	Make first application before winter rains fall. A secon application should be made in early spring if disease is seven	
PEACHES NECTARINES	Bacterial Spot	2 tsp.	Apply as dormant spray and/or use 1/4 tsp. as a post bloo spray. Apply twice during the season, but do not use lat- than 3 weeks prior to harvest. Do not use at rates above those recommended. NOTICE: Slight loss of leaves may occur from post bloom use	
	Blossom Brown Rot	3 • 4 Tbsp.	Apply as a dormant or delayed dormant' spray. Do not app at or after full bloom.	
	Leaf Curl	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Apply at leaf fall. Clean up and destroy fallen leaves.	
	Peach Blight Shot Hole	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Apply at leaf fall to protect buds and shoots from infection during rainy periods. Ryapply every 3 to 4 weeks up un- tate bud swell. Do not apply after full bloom.	
PEARS	Fire Blight	1 tsp.	Apply at five day intervals throughout bloom perio Excessive dosages may discolor fruit surface. DO NO use on d'Anjou, Comice, or Seckel varieties.	
	Pseudomonas Blight	1 Tbsp.	Apply before fath anneand again during throdormantse size before spring growth starts. Excessive dosages madiscolor fruit surface.	
STRAWBERRIES	Leaf Spot Scorch	1 - 2 tsp.	Spray at 7 to 10 day intervals from the time new grow starts until harvest.	
WALNUTS	Walnut Blight	3 - 4 Tbsp.	Make first application at early pre-bloom. Make secon application at late pro-bloom, Make additional application if disease condition promists.	



#### VEGETABLES Rate/1 Gal. Disease Instructions Crop Controlled Water REANS Bacterial Blight 1 - 3 tso. Begin when plants are 3 to 5 inches high and before (Snap and Dry) diseases appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or at 5 to Halo Blight 7 day intervals under conditions of severe disease pressure. **BROCCOLL** 2 tsp. Blackleaf Spot Begin applications after transplants are set in the garden, or shortly after the emergence of seedlings, or when BRUSSELS Black Rot **SPROUTS** conditions favor disease development. Continue at 7 to 10 CARRAGE day intervals CAULIFLOWER NOTICE: Aslight reddening of older leaves may occur on broccoli and a slight flecking of outer leaves may occur on cabbage at this rate Downy Mildew Begin applications after transplants are set in the garden, or shortly after the emergence of seedlings, or when (Cabbage only) conditions favor disease development. Continue at 7 day Apply weekly beginning after vining and continue until mid-CANTALOUPES, 2 - 3 tsp Alternaria MELONS Angular Leaf Spot CHOLIMBERS Downy Mildew SQUASH Powdery Mildew CARROTS Early Blight 2 - 3 tsp Apply when plants are 6" high. Make 3 to 5 applications at 7 to 10 day intervals. Late Blight 2 - 3 tsp CFLERY Bacterial Blight Apply on first appearance of disease. Make 4 to 7 applications at 7 day intervals. Early Blight Late Blight 2 tsp Apply before disease appears and repeat at 7 to 10 day 'ANT Alternaria Blight Anthracnose Phomopsis 2 tsp. ONION Apply when plants are 4 to 6 inches high and repeat at 7 to Downy Mildey 10 day intervals. Purple Blotch 1½ - 3 tso PEPPERS **Bacterial Spot** Make first application upon emergence of seedlings or immediately after transplanting. Apply at 7 to 10 day Cercospora Leaf Spot intervals. When disease is severe, apply at 4 to 5 day intervals. Disease control is critical during fruiting. **POTATOES** Early Blight 11/4 - 2 tsp Apply on or before the first appearance of disease. Make 4 Late Blight to 6 applications at 7 to 10 day intervals SPINACH 11/4 tsp Begin when disease first appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day Anthracnose Cercospora Leaf Spot Downy Mildew TOMATOES Bacterial Speck Begin applications upon emergence of seedlings or Bacterial Spot immediately after transplanting. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals. When disease is severe, apply at 4 to 5 day intervals. Early Blight Late Blight Complete coverage is essential for disease control.

# **ORNAMENTALS**

as a thorough coverage spray using 3 tablespoons per 1 gallon of water. Begin application at first disease and repeat at 7-14 day intervals as needed. Use shorter interval during periods of fre-trains or when severe disease conditions persist.

Notice to User: Plant sensitivities to Liqui-Cop have been found acceptable in specific genera and species listed on this label, however, it is impossible to know sensitivities under all conditions and phytotoxicity may occur. Due to the large numbers of species and varieties of ornamentals, it is impossible to test every one for sensitivity to Liqui-Cop. Neither the manufacturer or seller recommends use upon species not fisted on the label nor has it been determined that Liqui-Cop can safely be used on ornamental plants not fisted on this tabel.

Crop	Disease Controlled
Althaea (Rose of Sharon)	Bacterial leaf spot
Aralia	Xanthomonas leaf spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Alternaria
Arborvitae	Alternaria twig blight, Cercospora leaf blight
Azalea (1)	Cercospora leaf spot, Botrytis blight, Phytophthora dieback, Powdery mildew
Begonia	Bacterial leaf spot (Xanthomonas sp., Erwina sp., Pseudomonas sp.)
Bougainvillea	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot
Bulbs (Tulip, Gladiolus)	Anthracnose, Botrytis blight
Camellia	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot
Camphor tree	Pseudomonas leaf spot
Canna	Pseudomonas leaf spot
Carnation (1)	Alternaria blight, Pseudomonas leaf spot, Botrytis blight
Chinese tallow tree	Bacterial leaf spot (Xanthomonas sp., Pseudomonas sp.)
Chrysanthemum (1)	Septoria leaf spot, Botrytis blight
Cotoneaster	Boltytis blight
Dahlia	Alternaria leaf spot, Botrytis gray mold, Cercospora leaf spot
Date palm	Pestalotia leaf spot
Dianthus	Bacterial spot, Bacterial soft rot
Dogwood	Anthracnose
Dusty miller	Bacterial leaf spot (Pseudomonas cichorii)
Easter lify	Botrytis blight
Echinacea	Bacterial leaf spot (Pseudomonas cichorii)
Elm "Drake"	Xanthomonas leaf spot
Euonymus	Botrytis blight, Anthracnose
European fan palm	Pestalotia leaf spot
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## **ORNAMENTALS** (Continued)

Сгор	Disease Controlled
Sardenia	Alternaria leaf spot, Botrytis bud rot, Cercospora leaf spot
eranium	Alternaria leaf spot, Botrytis gray mold, Cercospora leaf spot
adiolus	Alternaria leaf spot, Botrytis gray mold, Bacterial leaf blight
oldenrain tree	Bacterial leaf spot
biscus	Bacterial leaf spot
My fem	Pseudomonas leaf spot
patiens	Bacterial leaf spot
dia hawthorn	Anthracnose, Entomosporium leaf spot
y (English, Algerian) (1)	Xanthomonas leaf spot
xa	Xanthomonas leaf spot
uniper (Eastern red cedar)	Anthracnose
entana	Bacterial leaf spot
lac	Cercospora leaf spot
obloffy bay	Anthracnose
oquat	Entomosporium maculata, Colletotrichum sp.
agnolia (Saucer)	Bacterial leaf spot
agnolia (Southern)	Algal leaf spot, Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot
agnolia (Sweet bay)	Anthracnose
andevillas	Anthracnose
rigold	Alternaria leaf spot, Botrytis leaf and flower rot, Cercospora leaf spot
berry, weeping	Bacterial leaf spot
k, laurel	Algal leaf spot (Cephaleuros virescens)
eander	Bacterial leaf spot, Fungal leaf spot
chysandra	Volutella leaf blight
nsy	Downy mildew
ar (Flowering)	Fireblight, Leaf spot
ntas (Egyptian star)	Bacterial leaf spot (Xanthomonas sp.)
eony	Botrytis blight
eriwinkle	Phomopsis stem blight
hilodendron	Bacterial leaf spot
hlox	Alternaria leaf spot
hotinia	Anthracnose, Entomosporium
istachio	Anthracnose
lantain lily	Bacterial leaf spot
owder puff plant	Bacterial leaf spot
yracantha	Fireblight, scab
Queen palm	Exosporium leaf spot, Phytophthora bud rot
Rhododendron	Alternaria flower spot
lose (*)	Powdery mildew, Black spot
/erbena	Xanthomonas leaf spot
Aburnum	Anthracnose
Washingtonia palm	Pestalotia leaf spot
Weeping willow	Anthracnose
/ucca (Adam's needle)	Cercospora leaf spot, Septoria leaf spot

<sup>(</sup>h Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms has been noted on some varieties.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store unused pesticide in original container only, in cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals, preferably in a locked storage area. KEEP FROM FREEZING. Do not store in areas where temperatures frequently exceed 100°F. After use, replace cap on pesticide container. Rinse hose-end unit outdoors in clear water.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Partially filled containers may be disposed of by securely wrapping original container in several layers of newspaper and discarding in trash.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse empty container. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

# CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated when used in accordance with the use directions under normal conditions. Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. neither makes, nor authorizes any agent or representative to make, any other warranties, express or implied, including fitness or merchantability.

The directions for use of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Plant riquy, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as timing and method of application, weather and plant conditions, presence of other materials, or other influencing factors, all of which are beyond the control of Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. and Seller. Buyer and user acknowledge and assume all risks and liability resulting from the handling, storage and use of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. In no case shall Lawn and Garden Products, Inc. or the Seller be liable for consequential, special, indirect, or incidental damages or losses resulting from the handling or use of this product. The foregoing is a condition of sale by Lawn and Gardin Products, Inc. and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

# ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

SEP 3 999
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Redemticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

54705-7

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