

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Lisa Adamson Control Solutions, Inc 5903 Genoa-Red Bluff Pasadena, TX 77507-1041

SEP 30 2013

Subject: Notification per PR Notice 98-10 – adding alternate marketing language.

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer

EPA Reg. No. 53883-208

Application Dated: May 17, 2013

Dear Ms. Adamson,

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the subject product.

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of this notice. The revised label has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records, replacing all previously submitted versions.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please feel free to contact Grant Rowland at (703) 347-0254 or rowland.grant@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kathryn Montague Product Manager 23

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Form	Annroved	OMR No.	2070-0060.
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Explanation: Use add								···-	
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Name		Title				Tele		clude Area Code)	
		_						1-892-2522	_
Lisa Adamson Regulatory As			Assistant		lad	amson@c	ontrolsolution	sinc.com	
C. Data Amelianting									
Certification							6. Date Application	ation	
I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be				(Stam	ped)				
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5-17-2013

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.

Lisa Adamson





May 17, 2013

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) US EPA One Potomac Yard 2777 Crystal Drive, Room S-4900 Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer EPA Reg. No. 53883-208 Addition of Alternate Marketing Language Allowed by PRN 98-10

To Whom It May Concern:

Control Solutions Inc. (CSI) is notifying the Agency of its intention to add alternate marketing language to the above reference product.

We certify the following:

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notices 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- One Copy of annotated labeling highlighting the added text in red (pages 33-34 of 34)
- One Copy of the final printed labeling

Should you have any questions about this application, please contact me at 800-242-5562 or email [email]

Sincerely,

Anne M. Turnboy

Anne Turnbough Ph.D. Director, Regulatory Affairs

[Sub. Label A: Commercial Use]

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer

TURF AND ORNAMENTAL HERBICIDE

For Season-Long Control of Crabgrass and Control or Suppression of Listed Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds in Established Lawns and Ornamental Turf, including Golf Course Fairways, Roughs and Tee Boxes, and in Established Landscape Ornamentals.

Covers up to XX,000 sq. ft. This bag covers XX,000 sq. ft.

In the state of New York this product may be applied only by commercial applicators at no more than 200 lbs. (0.5 pounds AI) per acre (4.6 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year. Not for use in Nassau or Suffolk Counties.

Active Ingredient:

Dithiopyr: 3,5- pyridinedicarbothioic acid,2-(difluoromethyl)- 4-	
(2-methylpropyl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)-S,S-dimethyl ester	0.25%
Other Ingredients:	<u>99.75%</u>
TOTAL:	100.00%

This product contains 0.125 pound of active ingredient dithiopyr per 50 pound bag.

EPA REG NO. 53883-208

EPA EST. NO. XXXXX-XXX-XXX

CAUTION

See [back] [side] [other] panel for further precautions and First Aid information

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis: XX-XX-XX

Guaranteeu i ertinzer Analysis. AA	·VV-VV	
Water-Insoluble Nitrogen	XX%	A CARROLL TO THE STATE OF THE S
Total Nitrogen (N)	XX%	NOTIFICATION
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	XX%	
Urea Nitrogen	XX%	SEP 3 0 2013
Available Phosphoric Acid (P ₂ O ₅)	XX%	
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O)	XX%	
Calcium (Ca)	XX%	•
Magnesium (Mg)	XX%	
Copper (Cu)	XX%	
Iron (Fe)	XX%	
Manganese (Mn)	XX%	
Zinc (Zn)	XX%	

Net Weight:

Control Solutions, Inc. 5903 Genoa-Red Bluff Rd. Pasadena, TX 77507-1041



FIRST AID				
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 			
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or physician immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or physician. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 			
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, is possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 			

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall® International (866) 897-8050 for emergency medical

Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves such as natural rubber
- Shoes plus socks

treatment information.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Use Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco.
- Remove clothing/PPE if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and highly toxic to other aquatic organisms including oysters and shrimp. Use with care when applying to turf areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may adversely affect aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS:

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

· Keep unprotected persons out of treated area during application and until dust has settled.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container in a dry, cool, secured storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with Federal, state or local procedures.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, of, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL USE INFORMATION

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides season-long control of crabgrass and control or suppression of listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in established lawns and ornamental turf, including golf course fairways, roughs and tee boxes, and in established landscape ornamentals. This product also provides postemergent crabgrass control up to the 4-leaf stage.

SPREADER SETTINGS to apply at the listed pounds per 1,000 square feet

(to be furnished at printing)

FOR USE ON TURF

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides season-long control of crabgrass and other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in established lawns and ornamental turf, including golf course fairways, roughs and tee boxes. Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer will not harm nearby established ornamentals identified on this label as "Tolerant Ornamentals" when used according to label directions.

USE PRECAUTIONS:

Apply this product only to seeded, sodded, or sprigged lawns and ornamental turf that is well established. Before the use of Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer, the grass must have a developed root system and a uniform stand. Following seeding, sodding or sprigging, the turf must be mowed at least two times. Injury may result if the turf is not well established, or stressed by weather, pests, disease, chemical or other related conditions.

- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] applications per year on bahiagrass in the north. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] [4] applications per year on bahiagrass in [central Florida][the south]. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [3] [4] [5] applications per year on bermudagrass in the north. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [4] [5] [6] applications per year on bermudagrass in central Florida. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [5] [6] [7] applications per year on bermudagrass in the south. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [1] [2] applications per year on centipedegrass in the north. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] applications per year on centipedegrass in [central Florida] [the south]. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] [4] applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in the north. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] [4] [5] applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in central Florida. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [4] [5] [6] applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in the south. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [3] [4] [5] applications per year on zoysiagrass in the north. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [3] [4] [5] [6] applications per year on zoysiagrass in central Florida. Do not apply more than 200 lb (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application and no more than 600 lb (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [4] [5] [6] applications per year on zoysiagrass in the

- south. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: For application to sports turf (nonagricultural land planted exclusively for golf courses, parks and athletic fields), follow "SL 191, Recommendations for N,P,K and Mg for Golf Course & Athletic Field Fertilization Base on Mehlich/Extractant" available at http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/SS404, or 'BMP's' for Enhancement of Environmental Quality on Florida's Golf Courses" available at http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/nonpoint/docs/nonpoint/glfbmp07.pdf.
- Florida Applications: For application to urban turf (nonagricultural land planted in closely mowed, managed grasses except golf courses, parks and athletic fields), follow "Best Management Practices for Protection of Water Resources in Florida, June 2002, Florida Green Industries" available at http://dep.state.fl.us/central/Home/MeetingsTraining/FLGreen /BMP_Book_final.pdf.

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer may be applied to established turfgrass species listed on this label. When applied as directed, the following turfgrass species are tolerant to this product:

COOL-SEASON GRASSES	USE PRECAUTIONS
Creeping Bentgrass ¹ (<i>Agrostis palustris</i>), Kentucky Bluegrass (<i>Poa pratensis</i>), Fine Fescue ² (<i>Festuca rubra</i>), Tall Fescue (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>), Perennial Ryegrass (<i>Lolium perenne</i>),	¹ Turfgrass injury may result from the use of this product on certain varieties of creeping bentgrass such as Cohansey, Carmen, Seaside and Washington. Not all varieties of creeping bentgrass have been testes. Do not apply this product to Colonial Bentgrass (<i>Agrostis tenuis</i>) varieties.
	² Turfgrass injury may result from use of this product on the following varieties of Fescue such as Atlanta, Banner, Beauty, Bilgart, CF-2, Enjoy, HF-93, Highlight, Ivalo, Koket, Jamestown, Majenta, Mary, Pennilawn, Tamara, Tatiana, Walfort and Waldina. Not all varieties of fescue have been tested.
WARM-SEASON GRASSES	
Bahiagrass (Paspalum notatum), Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon), Buffalograss ³ (Buchloe dactyloides), Carpetgrass (Axonopus compressus), Centipedegrass (Eremochloa ophiuroides), Kikuyugrass (Pennisetem clandestinum), St. Augustinegrass (Stenotaphrum secundatum), Zousiagrass (Zoysia japonica)	³ Do not use this product on seedling Buffalograss in the spring of the first year of establishment until the turfgrass is fully green and has established new roots.

NOTE: It is not possible to evaluate all turfgrass varieties for tolerance to this product. It is suggested that the user evaluate the response to turfgrass varieties not listed on this label on a limited area, at recommended use rates, prior to initiating large-scale use.

RESEEDING, OVERSEEDING OR SPRIGGING

Reseeding, overseeding, or sprigging of treated areas within 10 weeks after a single application of this product or within 16 weeks after a split application program may inhibit the establishment of desirable turfgrasses. When seeding or overseeding, follow good cultural practices such as soil cultivation, irrigation and fertilization. For best results, use mechanical or power seeding equipment (slit seeders) for good seed-to-soil contact.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 200 lb. (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) per application or more than 600 lb. (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) per year is using split or sequential applications.
- In the state of New York, this product may be applied only by commercial applicators at no more than 200 lb. (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year. Use of this product in Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York is prohibited.
 - Do not use clippings from treated turf for animal feed or for mulching around vegetables or fruit trees
 - Do not allow domestic animals to feed or forage on treated turf.
 - · Keep people and pets off treated areas until dust has settled.

CRABGRASS CONTROL

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides pre-emergence control of crabgrass (large, smooth, and southern species) when applied prior to emergence of crabgrass from the ground. Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides "early post-emergence" control during the early stages of growth after crabgrass emerges from the ground. This early post-emergence control is limited and applications are only effective if applied before the crabgrass has its 3-leaf or first tiller (which usually is about the time when you can first see the crabgrass in the lawn). With this post-emergence activity, the applicator has 2 to 4 weeks longer to make applications for control of crabgrass.

For best results, apply Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer within a few days after mowing and delay mowing again for a few days after application. Rainfall or irrigation activates the product. Improved weed control will result if the application is followed by ½ inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation. Weed control may be hampered if rainfall or irrigation does not occur with 30 days after application. Split, or half rate applications spaced 5 to 10 weeks apart may also enhance weed control. Cultural practices such as aerification and de-thatching should be completed and the turf allowed to recover before application of this product.

APPLICATION TIMING

This product may be applied as a single application, split application, or as a sequential application for crabgrass control in the spring, summer, or fall as described below.

SPRING APPLICATION

For single applications in the spring or early summer, follow the appropriate rate listed in "TABLE 1: APPLICATION RATES FOR CRABGRASS CONTROL" below. Rates are based on the location to be used (Region), the mowing height of the turfgrass, and whether the timing of the application is considered preemergence or postemergence. The length of residual weed control is dependent on the total rate applied, but may vary depending on weather, weed pressure and location.

Program 1: For preemergence control to turf mowed relatively high, such as home lawns. This program will provide 3 to 5 months of preemergence crabgrass control. This program should not be used for early postemergence control of crabgrass.

Program 2: For preemergence control at sites where the turf is mowed relatively low, such as golf course fairways, and where turfgrass maintenance and weed control applications were made the previous year. This program will provide 4 to 6 months of preemergence crabgrass control. This program may also be used for early postemergence control of crabgrass up to the fifth leaf, or first tiller, at locations where the turf is cut high.

Program 3: For preemergence control at locations where turf is mowed relatively low, such as golf course fairways, and where turfgrass maintenance and weed control applications were not made the previous year. This program will provide 4 to 6 months of preemergence crabgrass control. This program may also be used for early postemergence control of crabgrass up to the fifth leaf, or first tiller, at locations where the turf is cut relatively low.

TABLE 1: APPLICATION RATES FOR CRABGRASS CONTROL

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REGION	PROGRAM 1 Preemergence (high-cut turf)	PROGRAM 2 Preemergence (low-cut turf) Postemergence (high-cut turf)	PROGRAM 3 Preemergence (low-cut turf) Postemergence (low-cut turf)
All states not designated below and parts of states not included in transition, south, coastal south or west.	1.7 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (76 lb./acre or 0.19 lb./Al/acre)	2.3 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (100 lb./acre or 0.25 lb./Al/acre)	3.5 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (152 lb./acre or 0.38 lb./Al/acre)
Transition: DE, KS, KY, MD, MO, VA, southeastern PA, southern areas of IL, IN, OH, and coastal areas of CT, NY and RI.	2.3 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (100 lb./acre or 0.25 lb./Al/acre)	3.5 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (152 lb./acre or 0.38 lb./Al/acre)	4.6 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (200 lb./acre or 0.5 lb./Al/acre)
South (AL, AR, AZ, CA, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, NV, OK, SC, TN and TX)	3.5 lb./1,000 sq. ft. (152 lb./acre or 0.38 lb./Al/acre)	2.3 + 2.3* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (100 + 100 lb./acre or 0.25 + 0.25 lb./Al/acre)	2.8 + 2.8* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (124 + 124 lb./acre or 0.31 + 0.31 lb./Al/acre)
Coastal South (HI, FL, southern coastal areas of AL, GA, LA, MS, NC, SC, and TX	2.3 + 2.3* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (100 + 100 lb./acre or 0.25 + 0.25 lb./Al/acre)	2.8 + 2.8* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (124 + 124 lb./acre or 0.31 + 0.31 lb./Al/acre)	3.5 + 3.5* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (152 + 152 lb./acre or 0.38 + 0.38 lb./Al/acre)
West: AZ, CA & NV. In this climatically diverse region, use the higher rates in local areas with longer crabgrass seasons.	1.7 + 2.3* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (76 + 100 lb./acre or 0.19 + 0.25 lb./Al/acre)	2.3 + 3.5* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (100 + 152 lb./acre or 0.25 + 0.38 lb./Al/acre)	2.3 + 2.3* lb./1,000 sq. ft. (100 + 100 lb./acre or 0.25 + 0.25 lb./Al/acre)
* Split applications may be m	nade 5-10 weeks apart.	·	

SPLIT OR SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS

Split or sequential applications may be used to provide improved weed control or to provide extended weed control in areas with long growing seasons. Split applications may be made with rates in Table 1 split between two applications made 5-10 weeks apart. Where longer periods of control are required, sequential applications may be made in late summer or fall following a spring application or in the spring following a fall application provided the maximum application rate per year is not exceeded. Refer to the "Use Restrictions" section above.

FALL APPLICATION

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer may be applied in late summer or early fall (late August through November). Follow the instructions for "Program 3" for crabgrass control through the early part of the next spring. Fall applications may be followed by an appropriate spring application to provide season-long control.

TURF GRASS REGIONS

Use "Regions" within the United States:



CONTROL OF OTHER GRASS AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

SPRING APPLICATION: When used as directed for crabgrass control in spring, Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer will also control or suppress the following weeds when applied prior to their emergence:

GRASSES				
Common Name Botanical Name				
Barley	Hordeum spp.			
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli			
Bluegrass (annual roughstalk)	Poa annua			
Brome	Bromus spp.			
Crabgrass, large	Digitaria sanguinalis			
Crabgrass, smooth	Digitaria ischaemum			
Crabgrass, Southern	Digitaria ciliaris			
Crowfootgrass*	Dactyloctenium aegyptium			
Dallisgrass (seedling)	Paspalum dilatatum			
Foxtail (yellow & green)	Setaria faberi, Setaria Verdi			
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica			
Kikuyugrass*	Pennisetum clandestinum			
Oats, wild	Avena fatua			
Ryegrass (annual & perennial)	Lolium spp.			
Sandbur	Cenchrus spp.			
Smutgrass	Sporobolus indicus			
BROADLEAF WEEDS				
Bittercress* Cardamine spp.				
Carpetweed	Mullugo verticillata			
Chickweed*	Stellaria spp.			
Geranium, Carolina*	Geranium carolinianum			
Henbit	Lamium spp.			
Knotweed, prostrate	Polygonum aviculare			
Lespedeza, common*	Lespedeza striata			
Marestail	Conyza Canadensis			
Medic, black	Medicago lupulina			
Mustard	Brassica spp.			
Oxalis, buttercup	Oxalis pes-caprae			
Parsley-piert*	Alchemilla arvensis			
Pigweed, redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus			
Pineappleweed*	Matricaria matricarioides			
Purslane, common Portulaca oleracea				
Rocket, London	Sisymbrium irio			

Shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Speedwell, corn*	Veronica arvensis
Spurge, garden	Euphorbia hirta
Spurge, prostrate	Euphorbia humistrata
Spurge, spotted	Euphorbia maculate
Woodsorrel, creeping	Oxalis corniculata
Woodsorrel, yellow	Oxalis stricta
* Suppression only.	

FALL APPLICATION: When used as directed for late summer or early fall use (late August through November), for crabgrass control through the early part of next spring, Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer will also control or suppress the following weeds

WEEDS CONTROLLED				
Common Name Botanical Name				
Bluegrass (annual	Pao annua			
Bittercress	Cardamine spp.			
Chickweed Stellaria spp.				
Geranium (Carolina) Geranium carolinianum				
Henbit	Lamium spp.			
Parsley-piert	Alchemilla arvensis			
Pineappleweed Matricaria matricarioides				
Shepherdspurse Capsella bursa-pastoris				

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS

This product may be applied with drop or rotary-type spreaders designed to apply granular herbicides. For best results, apply this product evenly and uniformly avoiding streaking, skips or overlaps. Avoid the use of spreaders that tend to apply granules in narrow rows or concentrated bands. Calibrate the spreader according to the manufacturer's directions. Initial spreader settings may require adjustment to deliver the recommended application rate under actual application conditions. The desired calibration setting may be marked or recorded for future reference.

Apply this product uniformly over the treatment area. More uniformity can be achieved by applying one-half of the required amount of product over the treatment area and then applying the remaining one-half in a different direction (e.g., at a right angle to the previous direction). Check equipment frequently to verify calibration and proper functioning. Clean and lubricate spreader after use.

FOR USE ON LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides preemergence control or suppression of annual grass and broadleaf weeds in landscape ornamentals. Refer to "For Use on Turf" section of this label for a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed. This product may be applied to soil surfaces or mulch where ornamental plants are grown for aesthetic purposes in ornamental gardens, parks, golf courses, and residential areas

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer is a preemergence herbicide that will not control established weeds. Make applications prior to weed seed germination to bare ground or mulch. For best results, apply to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves. Before application, any existing vegetation should be removed by hand weeding, cultivation, or with the use of a postemergence herbicide. Once the application is made, do not disturb the soil surface as the herbicide barrier will be broken. Irrigate immediately after application to remove herbicide particles from the foliage to prevent foliar damage to ornamentals.

SPLIT OR SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS

Split or sequential applications may be used to provide improved weed control or to provide extended weed control in areas with long growing seasons. Split applications may be made with rates in Table 2 split between two applications made 5-10 weeks apart. Where longer periods of control are required, sequential applications may be made in late summer or fall following a spring application or in the spring following a fall application provided the maximum application rate per year is not exceeded.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 200 lb. (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per application or more than 600 lb. (1.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (13.8 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year if using split or sequential applications.
- In the state of New York, this product may be applied only by commercial applicators at no more than 200 lb. (0.5 lb. active ingredient) per acre (4.6 lb. per 1,000 sq. ft.) per year. Use of this product in Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York is prohibited.
- Only apply this product to established ornamentals.
- DO NOT apply this product directly to the bare roots of ornamental plants as injury may result.
- DO NOT incorporate this product into soil. Dilution of active ingredient and plant root injury may
 occur.
- DO NOT apply to soil around ornamentals that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, winter injury, injury from previously applied pesticides or injury due to insects, nematodes, or disease.
- DO NOT apply under conditions that would affect product distribution (such as windy conditions).
- DO NOT apply this product on grasses grown for seed.
- DO NOT graze livestock or feed forage cut from areas treated with this product.

USE RATES

Apply Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer with a properly calibrated spreader that will provide accurate, even particle distribution. Refer to Table 2 below for product rates when treating a small area.

TABLE 2: APPLICATION RATES FOR LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Pounds Product/Acre	Pounds Product/1,000 sq. ft.	
	_	Pounds of Product/100 Sq. Ft.
200	4.6	0.46 (7.4 oz.)

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS

This product may be applied with drop or rotary-type spreaders designed to apply granular herbicides. For best results, apply this product evenly and uniformly avoiding streaking, skips or overlaps. Avoid the use of spreaders that tend to apply granules in narrow rows or concentrated bands. Calibrate the spreader according to the manufacturer's directions. Initial spreader settings may require adjustment to deliver the recommended application rate under actual application conditions. The desired calibration setting may be marked or recorded for future reference.

Apply this product uniformly over the treatment area. More uniformity can be achieved by applying one-half of the required amount of product over the treatment area and then applying the remaining one-half in a different direction (e.g., at a right angle to the previous direction). Check equipment frequently to verify calibration and proper functioning. Clean and lubricate spreader after use.

TOLERANT ORNAMENTALS

When applied as directed under the conditions described on this label, the ornamentals listed below have shown tolerance in field trials. However, this product has not been tested on all cultivars of each species or under all possible growing conditions. A limited area involving only a few plants should be treated for tolerance evaluations before large-scale applications.



Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
Abelia, Dwarf	Abelia X grandiflora	Nana
Ajuga	Ajuga reptans	Bronze
, 5	Ajuga Genevensis	Bronze Beauty
Almond, flowering	Prunus gladulosa	
Apple*	Malus pumila	
Arborvitae	Thija occidentalis	Nigra
Albervitae	Trinja odolaomano	Pyramidalis
		Smaragh
		Techny
		Woodwardii
Authoritae Colden	Thuja orientalis	vvoodwaruii
Arborvitae, Golden		Durart Outcom
Aster, Chinese	Callistephus chinensis	Dwarf Queen
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennyslvanica	
Ash, Mountain	Sorbus aucuparia	
Ash, Purple	Fraxinus Americana	
Azalea	Rhodendrun spp.	Brilliant
		Buccaneer
		Carror
		Chimes (Belgian)
		Elsie Lee
		Exbury
		Fashion
		Hardijzer Beauty
		Hershey Red
		Higasa
	·	Hinocrimson
	•	Holland (Hybrid)
		Marion Lee
	İ	Northern Lights
		Orange Cup
		Orchid Lights
		Snow
		Southern Charm
Avales Clause	Rhododendron calendulaceum	Southern Charm
Azalea, Flame	Knododendron calendulaceum	
Azalea, Kirishima	Alamatina damantina	
Bamboo, Heavenly	Nandina domestica	
Barberry	Berberis thunbergii	Aurea
		Dwarf Pygmy
		Green
		Koboid
		Pygmy Red
		Rose Glow
Barberry, Purple	Berberisvulgaris	Atropurpurea
Basket Flower	Gailladia grandaflora	
Bearberry (common)	Arctostaphylos uva-ursti	Massachusetts
Bee Balm	Monarda didyma	
Begonia	Begonia spp.	
Birch, River	Betula nigra	
Blackeyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	Goldstrum
Blanket Flower	Gailladia spp.	
Blueberry*	Vaccinium spp.	Bluecrop
bideberry	vaconnum spp.	Blue Jay
		Jersey
		North Blue
	1	Northland



		
Bottlebrush	Callistemon citrinus	[. .
Boxwood, Japanese	Buxus microphylla	Japonica
Boxwood, Weller	Buxus sempervirens	
Broom	Cytisus spp.	Moonlight
Broom	Genista pilosa	Vancouver Gold
Bugle Carpet	•	
Carnelia	Camellia japonica	Debutanta
		Mathotiana Supreme
	·	Chansonette
	Camelia sasangua	
Candy Tuft	Ilberis spp.	Snow White
Carex, Variegated	Carex	
Cedar, Red	Juniperus virginiana	
Celosia	Celosia spp.	
Centaura	Centaurea montana	
Cockscomb, Plumosa	Celosia cristata	Scarlet Plumosa
Coleus	Coleus blumei	Red Kewpie
Columbine	Aguilegia spp.	
Copper leaf	Acalypha wilkesiana	
Coreopsis	Coreopsis spp.	Moonbloom
Cornflower	Centaurea spp.	
Cotoneaster	Ctoneaster apiculatus	
Coyotebrush	Baccharis pelularis	}
Cycads	Cycads revolute	
Cypress, Bald	Taxodium distichum	
Cypress, Italian	Cupressus sempervirens	Glauca
Cypress, Japanese False	Chamaecyparis obtuse	Gracilis
Cupress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii	Cruomo
Daffodil	Narcissus spp.	King Alfred
Daylilly	Hemerocallis spp.	Aztec Gold
Dayiniy	Promorodamo Spp.	Bright Yellow
		(Hybrid)
		Single Gold (Evergreen)
		Wilson's Yellow
Delphinium	Delphinium spp.	Magic Fountain
Dianthus (Sweet William)	Dianthanthus spp.	Wagio i Gantairi
Dogwood	Cornus florida	
Dogwood, American	Cornus sericea	Flavarimaea
Douglas Fir	Psuedotsuga menziesil	i lavamilaca
Douglas Fill Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria	
Elm, Drake	Ulmus parvifolia	
		Argentee veriegete
Euonymus	Euonymus fotunei	Argenteo-variegata
		Auereo-marginata
		Colorata
		Emerald Gaiety
		Emerald 'N Gold
		Gold Edge
		Gold Princess
		Silver King
		Tricolor
		Vegetus
Fan Palm, European	Chamaerops humilis	
Fan, Plam, Mexican	Washingtonia robusta	
Fern (various)	Asparagus spp.	
Fescue	Festuca glauca	
Fetterbush	Leucothoe fontiana	Rainbow

5-17-2013 Addition of Alternate Marketing Language Notification ahowed by PRN 98-10



Ficus	Ficus retusa	Nitidia
Fir, Fraser	Abies fraseri	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Forsythia	Forsythia X intermeida	Arnold Dwarf
, ordynna	Toroyuna X mtormolaa	Bronxensis Dwarf
		Lynwood Gold
		Meadowlark
		Weeping
	Spring Glory	vveeping
- Fuebeie		
Fuchsia	Fuchsia spp. Galium ordoratum	
Galium		B.A. vahami
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	Mystery Radicans
Coronium	Polorgonium V hortorum	Radicans
Geranium	Pelargonium X hortorum	
Gum	Eucalyptus citriodora	Construence Malleite
Hawthorn	Crataegus spp.	Cockspur White
		Crimson Cloud
		Enchantress
	· ·	Jack Evans
	<u> </u>	Washington White
Heather, Twisted	Erica cinerea	Mediterranean Pink
Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga canadensis	
Hibiscus	Hibiscus spp.	Blue Bird
		Brilliant
		Hula Girl
Holly	llex spp.	Blue Boy
		Blue Girl
	llex X meserveae	Burfodii
		China Girl
		Compacta
		Forsteri
		Hellerie
		Japanese Northern Beauty
		Needlepoint
		Nellie R. Stevens
	llex X attenuata	Savanah
Holly, Chinese	llex cornuta	
Holly, Japanese	llex crenata	
Holly, Yaupon	Ilex vomitoria	
Honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica	Clavey's Dwarf
		Hilliana
		Tatarian Canadian White
		Zebelli Red Hosta
Hosta	Hosta spp.	Albo Marginata
110314	Hosta lancifolia	Albo Marginala
Ice Plant	Carpobrotus edulis	
	Impatiens spp.	
Impatiens		Dwarf Blue
Iris	Iris spp.	•
l har Familiak	Hadara halis	Wedgewood
Ivy, English	Hedera helix	Bulgaria
Innuiu Aninu	Tunahalaanamaana	Thorndale
Jasmine, Asian	Trachelospermum asiaticum	A 1.
Juniper	Juniperus spp.	Arcadia
		Armstrong
		Bar Harbor
	Juniperus horizontalis	Blue Chip
		Blue Pacific



		Blue Rug
		Blue Star
		Broadmoor
		Buffalo
		Calgary Carpet
	·	Emerald Sea
		Emerald Spreader
		Endora Compacta
		Fruitlandi
		Green
		Gold Tip
		Hetzi
		Hughes
1		Manhattan Blue
		Parsoni
		Pfitzeriana
		Plumosa
		Prince of Wales
		Procumbens Dwarf
		San Jose
		Sargent Blue
		Sargent Green
		Scandia
}		Scopulorum Moonglow
		Scopulorum Skyrocket
		Spartan
	Juniperus chinensis	Tamariscifolia
	Juniperus Sabina	Weberi
		Youngstown
		Yukon Belle
King Palm	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana	
Laurel, Australian	Pittosporum tobira	
Laurel, Mountain	Kalmia latifolia	
Leucothoe	Leucothoe fontanesiana	
Ligustrum, Japanese	Ligustrum japonicum	
Lily, Afircan	Agapanthus africanus	Albus
Lily, Allican	Ayapaninus amcanus	Peter Pan
Lily African Plus		FEIGI FAII
Lily, African Blue	Diorio ignonico	Mt Eiro
Lily of the Valley	Pieris japonica	Mt. Fire
Lilyturf	Liriope muscari	Evergreen Giant
		Lilac Beauty
		Majestic
		Monroe White
		Variegata
Liriope, Green	Liriope spicata	
Maple, Japanese	Acer japonicum	
Maple, Norway	Acer platanoides	
Maple, Red	Acer rubrum	
Maple, Silver	Acer saccharinum	
Maple, Sugar	Acer saccharum	
Marigold	Tagetes patula	Honeycomb
	J	Variegata
		Wheeler's Dwarf
Mock Orange*	Philadelphus spp.	Golden
litton Clange	. Imagoiphao spp.	Snowflake Double White
Mondo Grass	Ophiopogon japonicus	CHOWHARE DOUBLE VIIILE
INIONIO GIASS	Ортпородот јаропнова	



Moss Rose	Portulaca grandifloro	Sunnyside
Myrtle, Crape	Lagerstroemia indica	Faurei
• •		Langer
		Muskogee
		Standard Pink
Myrtle, Wax	Myrica cerifera	
Nandina	Nandina domestica	Compacta
Handila	, varianta domocnoa	Nana
Narcissus	Narcissus spp.	Nana
Oak, Laurel	Quercus laurifolia	
	1 .	
Oak, Pin	Quercus palustris	
Oak, Red	Quercus rubra	
Oak, Southern	Quercus virginiana	
Oak, Willow	Quercus phellos	
Oleander	Nerium oleander	Hardy Red
		Petite Pink
	_	Sister Agnes
Osteospermum	Osteospermum fruticosum	Whirligig
Pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis	
Palm, Bangalow		
Pampas Grass	Cortaderia selloana	
Pansy	Viola x wittrockiana	
Paper Flower	Bougainvillea glabra	Barbara Karst
Peach*	Prunus persica	
Periwinkle, Dwarf	Vinca minor	
Petunia	Petunia X hybrida	Picoti
Photinia, Red Tip	Photinia X fraseri	
Pieris	Pieris japonica	
Pine, Australian	Pinus nigra	
Pine, Japanese Black	Pinus thunbergiana	
Pine, Lobiolly	Pinus taeda	
Pine, Longleaf	Pinus palustris	
Pine, Mugho	Pinus mugho	
Pine, Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	
Pine, Slash	Pinus elliottii	
Pine, Swiss Mt.	Pinus mugo	
Pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana	
Pine, White	Pinus strobes	
Pineapple, Guava	Feijoa fellowiana	
Pittosporum, Japan	i dijod idnowiana	
Potentilla	Potentilla nepalensis	Abbotswood
гошина	•	Vnnorgwood
Drivet	Potentilla fruiticosa	Coldon Viscori
Privet	Ligustrum japonicum	Golden Vicary
		Regal
		Texanum
		Wax
	1,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Yellow Tipped
Privet, Glossy	Ligustrum lucidum	
Pyracantha	Pyracantha koidzumii	Gnome
		Lalandei
		Victory
Queen Palm	Arecastrum rammanzoffianum	
Quince, Japanese*		
Rhododendron	Rhodendron spp.	Album
		Cunningham White
1	1	Fashion

Hardy PJM Purple Gem Silvery Pink Rhodendron, Carolina Rhododendron carolinianum Rhododendron, Catawba Rhododendron catawbiense Rockcress Arabis spp. Snowcap Rhodia Max (Rosebay) Rhododendron maximum Rose Rosa banksiae Luta Rosemary* Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary, Bog Andromeda polifolia Nana Salvia farinacea Salvia Rhea Sedum Sedum spurium Dragon Blood Red Red Carpet Yellow Snapdragon Antirrhinum spp. Oxydendrum arboretum Sourwood Spiraea Astilbe X arendsii Fanall Spiraea Spirea spp. Anthony Waterer Red Dolchica Froebeli Pink Goldenflame Red Snowmound White Van Houtte White Spiraea, Garland Spirea spp. Spruce, Black Hills Picea glauca Spruce, Colorado Blue Picea pungens Spruce, Norway Picea abies Spruce, White Picea glauca Conica Sweetflag, Grassyy-Le Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Plantanus occidentalis Tree Fern (Tiki Fern) Asparagus virgatus Gelsemium sempervirens Trumpet Flower, Evening Tulip Tulipa spp. Apeldoorn Lantana sellowiana Verbana, Shrub Vervain Verbena spp. St. Paul Viburnum Viburnum spp. American Cranberry Bush Arrowood Common Snowball European Cranberry Bush Linden Mohican Wright Vinca minor Vinca (Periwinkle) Windmill Palm Trachycarpus fortunei **Xylosma** Xylosma congestum Yarrow Achillea spp. Yaupon llex vomitoria Dwarf Taxus cuspidate Yew Denisformis Taxus X media * Ornamental species only. Do not use on food producing trees and ornamentals.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARANTY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying and using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Lawn and turf injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of Control Solutions, Inc. or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

Control Solutions, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label, and is reasonably fit for the purposes set forth in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE, when it is used in accordance with such directions, subject to the inherent risks mentioned above.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, CONTROL SOLUTIONS, INC. NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS, NOR DOES IT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND IT EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THIS WARRANTY EXTENDS TO, AND THE BUYER SHALL BE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL LOSS OR DAMAGE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS, WARNING, OR CAUTIONS. BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND MANUFACTURER'S OR SELLER'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, DAMAGES, OR INJURIES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER OR NOT BASED IN CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED, AT THE MANUFACTURER'S OPTION TO REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR, THE QUANTITY OF PRODUCT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL MANUFACTURER OR SELLER BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. CONTROL SOLUTIONS, INC. and the seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY.

[Sub Label B: Residential Use]

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer

Lawn and Ornamental Herbicide

For control of crabgrass and control or suppression many other annual grass and broadleaf weeds in ornamental landscape areas, established lawns and ornamental turf.

- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.
- Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.
- For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

In the state of New York, do not exceed 2.3 lb per 1000 sq ft per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

In the state of Florida, do not apply near water, storm drains or drainage ditches. Do not apply if heavy rain is expected. Apply this product only to your lawn/garden, and sweep any product that lands on the driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto your lawn/garden.

Covers up to XX,000 sq ft (XXX' x XX') This bag covers XX,000 sq ft

Active Ingredient

This product contains 0.125 pound of the active ingredient dithiopyr per 50 pound bag.

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis: XX-XX-XX

Water-Insoluble Nitrogen	XX%
Total Nitrogen (N)	XX%
Ammoniacal Nitrogen	XX%
Urea Nitrogen	XX%
Available Phosphoric Acid (P ₂ O ₅)	XX%
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O)	XX%
Calcium (Ca)	XX%
Magnesium (Mg)	XX%
Copper (Cu)	XX%
Iron (Fe)	XX%
Manganese (Mn)	XX%
Zinc (Zn)	XX%

EPA Reg. No. 53883-208 EPA Est. No. XXXXX-XX-XXX Net Weight: Control Solutions, Inc., 5903 Genoa-Red Bluff, Pasadena, TX 77507



Precautionary Statements Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Prolonged of frequently repeated skin contact while handling this material may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Hot Line Number: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall® International (866) 897-8050 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and highly toxic to other aquatic organisms including oysters and shrimp. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that lands on a driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden will help to prevent runoff to water bodies or drainage systems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store this product only in its original container in a dry, cool, secured storage area.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If partially filled: Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-CLEANUP for disposal

instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

For Use On Turf

This turf fertilizer product, containing Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer can be applied up to 4 weeks later than other crabgrass preventers and provides up to 4 months of crabgrass control.

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides preemergence control of crabgrass and control or suppression of other listed weeds when applied prior to their germination. In addition, this product provides postemergence control of seedling crabgrass after germination and emergence. Postemergence control is limited to crabgrass only, but is effective up to 4 weeks after crabgrass has germinated. This generally corresponds to the time when crabgrass seedlings first become visible in the established turfgrass. Do not apply this product later than 4 weeks after crabgrass germination.

• Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] applications per year on bahiagrass in the north.

Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).

- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] [4] applications per year on bahiagrass in [central Florida] [the south]. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [3] [4] [5] applications per year on bermudagrass in the north. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre; respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [4] [5] [6] applications per year on bermudagrass in central Florida. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [5] [6] [7] applications per year on bermudagrass in the south. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [1] [2] applications per year on centipedegrass in the north. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] applications per year on centipedegrass in [central Florida] [the south]. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] [4] applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in the north. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [2] [3] [4] [5] applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in central Florida. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [4] [5] [6] applications per year on St. Augustinegrass in the south. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [3] [4] [5] applications per year on zoysiagrass in the north. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [3] [4] [5] [6] applications per year on zoysiagrass in central Florida. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- Florida Applications: Do not exceed [4] [5] [6] applications per year on zoysiagrass in the south. Do not apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).

Apply this product only to turfgrass species listed on this label. The following turfgrass species are tolerant to this product when applied as directed:



Cool-Season Grasses Warm-Season Grasses

Bentgrass, creeping Bluegrass, Kentucky Fescue, fine

Bahiagrass
Bermudagrass
Buffalograss
Carpetgrass
Centipedegrass

Ryegrass, perennial Centipedegrass
St. Augustinegrass

Zoysiagrass

Use Restrictions:

Fescue, tall

• **Do not** apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).

• In the state of New York, do not exceed 2.3 lb per 1000 sq ft per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

- **Do not** use clippings from treated turf for mulching around vegetables or fruit trees.
- **Do not** allow people or pets to enter treated area until dust has settled.

Use Precautions

This product should be applied only to lawns and ornamental turfgrasses that are well established. For newly established lawns, initial application of this product should be made only after turfgrasses have developed a vigorous root system, uniform stand, and received at least two mowings following seeding, sodding, or sprigging. **Exception:** In newly established lawns of Kentucky bluegrass, perennial ryegrass and/or tall fescue, this product may be applied two weeks after the first sign of germination.

- Use of this product on lawns and ornamental turfgrasses that are not well established, or weakened by stress due to mechanical operations, pests, excessive temperatures, or lack of moisture may result it turfgrass injury.
- For best results, cultural practices that disturb the soil, such as core-, spike-, or hydroaerification; and verticutting, should be done before application of this product. Do not apply this product, until turfgrass has recovered from the mechanical injury caused by these cultural practices.
- Reseeding, Overseeding, or Sprigging: Reseeding, overseeding, or sprigging of areas
 treated with this product within 10 weeks after a single application of this product or within 16
 weeks after a split application program totaling 4.6 lb/1000 sq ft (0.5 lb active ingredient per
 acre) or more may inhibit the establishment of desirable turfgrasses. When reseeding,
 overseeding follow proper cultural practices for seedbed preparation, seeding, irrigation and
 fertilization.

Application Timing

Spring Application

Control of Crabgrass: Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides preemergence control of crabgrass and control or suppression of other listed weeds when applied prior to their germination. In addition, this product provides postemergence control of seedling crabgrass after germination and emergence. Postemergence control is limited to crabgrass only and is effective up to 4 weeks after germination of crabgrass. This generally corresponds to the time when crabgrass seedlings are at the 3-leaf stage of growth and first become visible in the established turf. This product will not control crabgrass at later growth stages when crabgrass plants begin to tiller (spread). Properly timed applications will control

existing crabgrass and prevent further emergence of crabgrass seedlings. Do not apply this product later than 4 weeks after crabgrass germination.

Control or Suppression of Other Grass and Broadleaf Weeds: For control or suppression of other grass and broadleaf weeds, this product must be applied as a preventative treatment prior to their germination and emergence. Only crabgrass will be controlled with applications made up to 4 weeks after weed aermination.

Fall Application

This product can also be applied from late summer through early fall (late August through November). When applied in the fall, a sequential or second application of this product must be made the following spring to provide season-long control of crabgrass. If this product is applied in the fall, do not reseed, overseed or sprig turfgrasses within 12 weeks after application.

Improved Weed Control

- For best results, apply this product within a few days after mowing and delay mowing again for a few days after the application.
- The turf herbicide and fertilizer components in this product are not effective until activated by rainfall or irrigation. Performance is improved if application is followed by 1/2 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation. Erratic weed control may result if not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 30 days after application.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer will provide control of crabgrass and control or suppression of other listed grass and broadleaf weeds when applied prior their germination.

Grasses barley barnyardgrass bluegrass, annual brome crabgrass, large crabgrass, smooth crabgrass, Southern Crowfootgrass* dallisgrass goosegrass foxtail, green foxtail, yellow kikuyugrass * oats, wild ryegrass (annual & perennial) sandbur smutgrass	bittercress* carpetweed chickweed * geranium, Carolina* henbit knotweed, prostrate lespedeza, common * marestail medic, black mustard oxalis, buttercup pineappleweed pigweed, redroot parsley-piert * purslane, common rocket, London shepherdspurse speedwell, corn* spurge, garden spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted woodsorrel, creeping
	woodsorrel, yellow

^{*}Suppression only

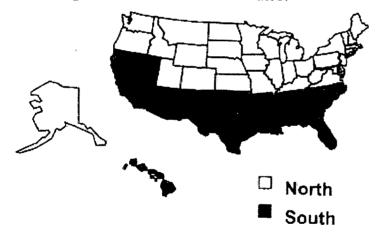
Use Rates

Amount of Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer to Apply (Pounds of product to apply per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass*)			
Length of Crabgrass Control			
Region of U.S.	2 - 3 months	3 -4 months	Early Postemergence Control
North	1.2 lb/1000 sq ft	1.6 lb/1000 sq ft	2.0 - 4.6 lb/1000 sq ft**
	0.128 lb ai/acre)	(0.174 lb ai/acre)	(0.22 - 0.5 lb ai/acre)
South	1.8 lb/1000 sq ft	2.0 - 2.4 lb/1000 sq ft**	2.0 - 4.6 lb/1000 sq ft**
	(0.192 lb ai/acre)	(0.22-0.256 lb ai/acre)	(0.22 - 0.5 lb ai/acre)

^{*1.000} square feet equals an area 100 feet X 10 feet or square area of about 32 feet on a side.

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer will provide up to 4 months of crabgrass control when applied according to label directions. The actual length of control will vary depending on use rate, weather conditions, condition of the turfgrass, intensity of weed pressure, and the location or "Region" within the United States where this product is being applied. **Refer to the map below to determine the region of the U.S. that includes your location.** Use the table below to determine the amount of Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer to apply in your location based on the desired length of weed control or need for postemergence crabgrass control.

Use "Regions" within the United States:



Application Equipment and Instructions

This product may be applied with drop or rotary-type spreaders designed to apply granular herbicides. For best results, apply this product evenly and uniformly avoiding streaking, skips or overlaps. Avoid the use of spreaders that tend to apply granules in narrow rows or concentrated bands. Calibrate the spreader according to the manufacturer's directions. Initial spreader settings may require adjustment to deliver the recommended application rate under actual application conditions. The desired calibration setting may be marked or recorded for future reference. Apply this product uniformly over the treatment area. More uniformity of application can usually be achieved by applying one-half of the required amount of product over the treatment area and then applying the remaining one-half in a different direction (e.g., at a right angle to the previous direction). Avoid streaking, skips, or overlaps during application.

Check equipment frequently to verify calibration and proper functioning.

^{**} Use the higher rate in rate range in areas of high weed pressure or for increased length of control.



1.8	2.0	2.4	4.6
,	2.0	4.4	4.6
XX	ХХ	XX	
	хх	xx xx	XX XX XX

For Use On Landscape Ornamentals

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer provides preemergence control or suppression of listed annual grass and broadleaf weeds in plantings of ornamental plants listed on this label. For application instructions and equipment, see Application Instructions and Equipment section above.

Application Instructions

Apply Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer with a properly calibrated spreader or other means that will assure uniform distribution. This product may be applied as a single application or as a split application. Split or sequential applications may be used to provide improved weed control or to provide extended weed control in areas with long growing seasons. To make a split application, divide the rate in the following table into separate applications made 5-10 weeks apart. Sequential applications may be made in the late summer following a spring application or in the spring after a fall application, provided the maximum application rates per year given below are not exceeded.

Pounds of Product per	Ounces of Product per
1000 Square Feet	100 Square Feet*
4.6	0.46 (7.4 oz)

^{*}Rate based on an area of 100 sq ft for treatment of small areas.

Use Restrictions

- **Do not** apply more than 4.6 lb of this product per 1,000 sq ft per application and no more than 13.8 lb of this product/1000 sq ft per year (equivalent to 0.5 and 1.5 lb of active ingredient per acre, respectively).
- In the state of New York, do not exceed 2.3 lb per 1000 sq ft per year of this product (equivalent to 0.25 lb of active ingredient per acre).

Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer is a preemergence herbicide that will not control established weeds. Make applications prior to weed seed germination. Bare ground or mulched areas may be treated. The best weed control is obtained when applied to soil that is free of clods, weeds and debris such as leaves. Prior to making an application, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or with a postemergence herbicide. Avoid disturbance of treated areas. Loss of weed control may result if the treated soil surface is disturbed by soil mixing or tillage.

Use Precautions

- Apply this product only to established ornamentals.
- Do not apply this product directly to bare roots of ornamental plants as injury may result.
- **Do not** incorporate this product into soil. Dilution of active ingredient and possible injury to plant roots may occur.
- **Do not** apply to soil around ornamental plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, winter injury, injury from previously applied pesticides or injury due to insects, nematodes or disease.
- To avoid foliar damage to ornamentals, irrigate immediately after application to remove herbicide particles from the foliage.
- Do not apply under conditions that would affect product distribution. Wind could affect

distribution and move product onto sensitive species. Uneven product distribution will result in uneven weed control.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Used as directed, Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer will control crabgrass and control or suppress other listed grass and broadleaf weeds when applied prior to their germination. **Refer to "Use Directions for Turf" section above for a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed.** This product will not control established broadleaf weeds or grasses, except for crabgrass in early stages of development. The area to be treated should be free of weeds prior to application.

Tolerant Ornamentals

The ornamentals listed below have shown tolerance to this product when applied according to label directions. However, this product has not been tested on all ornamental species, all cultivars of species on this label, or under all possible growing conditions. For species or cultivars not listed, it is recommended that a few plants in a limited area be treated and observed for tolerance under local growing conditions prior to large-scale use.

Common Name	Botanical Name	Tolerant Cultivars
abelia, dwarf	Abelia X grandiflora	nana
ajuga	Ajuga reptans Ajuga genevensis	bronze beauty
almond, flowering	Prunus gladulosa	
apple*	Malus pumila	
arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	nigra pyramidalis smaragh techny woodwardii
arborvitae, golden	Thuja orientails	
aster, Chinese	Callistephus chinensis	dwarf queen
ash, green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	
ash, mountain	Sorbus <i>aucuparia</i>	
ash, purple	Fraxinus americana	
azalea	Rhododendron spp.	brilliant buccaneer carror chimes (belgian) elsie lee exbury fashion hardijzer beauty hershey red higasa hinocrimson holland (hybrid) marion lee northern lights orange cup orchid lights snow

	southern charm
Rhododendron calendulaceum	
Berberis thunbergii	aurea
· ·	dwarf pigmy
	green
	kobold
	pygmy red
	rose glow
Gaillardia grand/flora	atropurpurea
···	NA
	Massachusetts
-	
	_
	goldstrum
Gaillardia spp.	
Vaccinium spp.	bluecrop
	blue jay
	jersey
	north blue
0 11: 1	northland
Callistemon citrinus	ianonica
Private compositions	japonica
	moonlight
Geriista piiosa	Vancouver gold
Camallia ianonica	debutante
Carriellia japonica	mathotiana supreme
Camellia sasangua	chansonette
Carriema Sasariqua	chansonette
iberis spp	snow white
Carex	
Juniperus virginiana	
Celosia spp.	
Centaurea montana	
Celosia cristata	scarlet plumosa
Coleus blumei	red kewpie
Aquilegia spp.	
Acalypha wilkesiana	
Coreopsis spp.	moonbeam
Centaurea spp.	
Centaurea spp.	
Centaurea spp. Cotoneaster apiculatus	
	Berberis thunbergii Gaillardia grand/flora Arctostaphylos uva-ursi Monarda didyma Begonia spp. Betula nigra Rudbeckia hirta Gaillardia spp. Vaccinium spp. Callistemon citrinus Buxus sempervirens Cytisus spp. Genista pilosa Camellia japonica Camellia sasanqua iberis spp Carex Juniperus virginiana Celosia spp. Centaurea montana Celosia cristata Coleus blumei Aquilegia spp.

cyproce Italian	Curreque companirone	
cypress, Italian	Champagy paris obtuga	-
cypress, Japanese false	 	
cypress, leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandii	
daffodil	Narcissus spp.	
daylilly	Hemerocallis spp.	aztec gold bright yellow (hybrid) single gold (evergreen) wilsonis yellow
dianthus (sweet william)	Dianthus spp.	
delphinium	Delphinium spp.	magic fountain
dogwood	Cornus florida	
dogwood, American	Cornus sericea	flavarimaea
douglas fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	
dusty miller	Senecio cineraria	
elm, drake	Ulmus parvifolia	
euonymus	Euonymus fortunei	argenteo-variegata
		auereo-marginata
		colorata
		emerald gaiety
		emerald en gold
		gold edge
		gold princess
		silver king
		tricolor
		vegetus
fan palm, European	Chamaerops humilis	
fan palm, Mexican	Washingtonic robusta	
fern (various)	Asparagus spp.	
fescue	Festuca glauca	
fetterbush	Leucothoe fontanesiana	rainbow
ficus	Ficus retusa	nitidia
fir fraser	Abies fraseri	
forsythia	Forsythia X intermedia	Arnold dwarf
		bronxensis dwarf
		lynwood gold
		meadowlark
	Spring Glory	weeping
fuchsia	Fuchsia spp.	
galium	Galium ordoratum	
gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	mystery
		radicans
goranium	Polargonium V hortorum	. adicuits
geranium	Pelargonium X hortorum	
gum	Eucalyptus citriodora	

hawthorn	Crataegus spp.	cockspur white
		crimson cloud
		enchantress
		Jack Evans
		Washington white
heather, twisted	Erica cinerea	Mediterranean pink
hemlock, Canada	Tsuga canadensis	
hibiscus	Hibiscus spp.	blue bird
		brilliant
		hula girl
holly	llex spp.	blue boy
·		blue girl
	llex X meserveae	burfodii
		china girl
		compacta
		forsteri
		hellerie
		Japanese northern beauty
		needlepoint
		Nellie R. Stevens
	llex X attenuata	Savannah
holly, Chinese	llex cornuta	
holly, Japanese	llex crenata	
Holly, yaupon	llex vomitoria	
honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica	claveyis dwarf
		halliana
		tatarian Canadian white
		zebelli red hosta
hosta	Hosta spp.	albo marginata
	Hosta lancifolia	
ice plant	Carpobrotus edulis	
impatiens	Impatiens spp.	
iris	Iris spp.	dwarf blue
		wedgewood
ivy, English	Hedera helix	bulgaria
ivy, English	redera nem	thorndale
jasmine, Asian	Trachelospermum asiaticum	a.omado .
juniper	Juniperus spp.	arcadia
Ja. npci	Jamper de opp.	armstrong
		bar harbor
_		
	Juniperus horizontalis	blue chip
		blue pacific
		blue rug

		
	Juniperus horizontalis	blue star
		broadmoor
		buffalo
]		Calgary carpet
}		emerald sea
	•	emerald spreader
		endora compacta
Į.		fruitlandi
	,	
		green
		gold tip
1	\	hetzi
		hughes
1		Manhattan blue
		parsoni
]		pfitzeriana
1		plumosa
		prince of Wales
		procumbens dwarf
	Juniperus horizontalis	San Jose
		sargent blue
		sargent blue sargent green
		scandia
		1
Į.	1	scopulorum moonglow
		scopulorum skyrocket
		spartan
	Juniperus chinensis	tamariscifolia
L		
		weberi
	Juniperus sabina	weberi voungstown
		youngstown
	Juniperus sabina	- I
king palm	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix	youngstown
king palm	Juniperus sabina	youngstown
king palm laurel, Australian	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix	youngstown
	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana	youngstown
laurel, Australian	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira	youngstown
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana	youngstown
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum	youngstown yukon belle
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana	youngstown yukon belle albus
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum	youngstown yukon belle
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley lilyturf	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica Liriope muscari	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley lilyturf	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica Liriope muscari Liriope spicata	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley lilyturf liriope, green maple, Japanese	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica Liriope muscari Liriope spicata Acer japonicum	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley lilyturf liriope, green maple, Japanese maple, Norway	Juniperus sabina Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica Liriope muscari Liriope spicata Acer japonicum Acer platanoides	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white
laurel, Australian laurel, mountain leucothoe ligustrum, Japanese lily, African lily, African blue lily of the valley lilyturf liriope, green maple, Japanese	Archontophoenix cunninghamiana Pittosporum tobira Kalmia latifolia Leucothoe fontanesiana Ligustrum japonicum Agapanthus africanus Pieris japonica Liriope muscari Liriope spicata Acer japonicum	youngstown yukon belle albus Peter Pan Mt. Fire evergreen giant lilac beauty majestic monroe white

maple sugar*	Acer saccharum	
marigold	Tagetes patula	honeycomb
		variegata
		wheeleris dwarf
mock orange*	Philadelphus spp	golden
_		snowflake double white
mondo grass	Ohionogan ianonicus	Showhake double write
mondo grass	Ohiopogon japonicus	cuppyeide
moss rose	Portulaca grandiflora	sunnyside
myrtle, crape	Lagerstroemia indica	faurei
		langer
	·	muskogee standard pink
	Manier	Standard pink
myrtle, wax	Myrica cerifera	
nandina	Nandina domestica	compacta
	Manajarus ann	nana
narcissus	Narcissus spp.	
oak, laurel	Quercus laurifolia	
oak, pin	Quercus palustris	
oak, red	Quercus rubra	
oak, southern	Quercus virginiana	
oak, willow	Quercus phellos	
oleander	Nerium oleander	hardy red
		petite pink
		Sister Agnes
osteospermum	Osteospermum fruticosum	wirligig
pachysandra	Pachysandra terminalis	
palm, bangalow		
pampas grass	Cortaderia selloana	
pansy	Viola x wittrockiana	
paper flower	Bougainvillea glabra	Barbara karst
peach*	Prunus persica	
periwinkle, dwarf	Vinca minor	
petunia	Petunia X hybrida	picoti
photinia, red tip	Photinia X fraseri	
pieris	Pieris japonica	
pine, Australian	Pinus nigra	
pine, Japanese black	Pinus thunbergiana	
pine, loblolly	Pinus taeda	
pine, longleaf	Pinus palustris	
pine, mugo	Pinus mugho	
pine, Scotch	Pinus sylvestris	
pine, slash	Pinus elliottii	
pine, Swiss mt.	Pinus mugo	
pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana	
pine, white	Pinus strobus	
pineapple, guava*	Feijoa sellowiana	
pineappie, guava	Pieris taiwanensis	
Pici ia	Tricits taiwarichisis	



pittosporum, Japan		
potentilla	Potentilla nepalensis	abbotswood
	Potentilla fruticosa	
privet	Ligustrum japonicum	golden vicary regal texanum wax yellow tipped
privet, glossy	Ligustrum lucidum	
pyracantha	Pyracantha koidzumii	gnome lalandei victory
queen palm	Arecastrum rammanzoffianum	
quince, Japanese*		
rhododendron	Rhododendron spp	album Cunningham white fashion hardy pjm purple gem silvery pink
rhododendron, carolina	Rhododendron carolinianum	
rhododendron, catawba	Rhododendron catawbiense	
rockcress	Arabis spp.	snowcap
rhodie max (rosebay)	Rhododendron maximum	
rose*	Rosa banksiae	luta
rosemary*	Rosmarinus officinalis	
rosemary, bog	Andromeda poilfolia	nana
salvia	Salvia farinacea	rhea
sedum	Sedum spurium	dragon blood red red carpet yellow
snapdragon	Antirrhinum spp.	
sourwood	Oxydendrum arboreum	
spiraea	Astilbe X arendsii	fanall
spiraea	Spiraea spp.	Anthony waterer red dolchica froebeli pink goldenflame red snowmound white Van Houtte white
spiraea, garland	Spiraea spp.	
spruce, black hills	Picea glauca	
spruce, Colorado blue	Picea pungens	

spruce, norway	Picea abies	
spruce, white	Picea glauca	conica
Sweetflag, grassyy-le		
sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua	
sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	
tree fern (tiki fern)	Asparagus virgatus	
trumpet flower, evening	Gelsemium sempervirens	
tulip	Tulip, spp	apeldoom
verbena, shrub	Lantana sellowiana	·
vervain	Verbena spp	St. Paul

viburnum	Viburnum spp.	American cranberry bush arrowwood common snowball European cranberry bush linden Mohican Wright
vinca (periwinkle)	Vinca minor	
windmill palm	Trachycarpus fortunei	
xylosma	Xylosma congestum	
yarrow	Achillea spp.	
yaupon	llex vomitoria	dwarf
yew	Taxus cuspidata Taxus X media	denisiformis

^{*}Ornamental species only: Do not use on food producing trees and ornamentals.

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent permitted by law, otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. To the extent permitted by law, SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes,

hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Seller. To the extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer.

Limitation of Remedies

To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Seller's election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent permitted by law, seller shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Seller is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. To the extent permitted by law, in no case shall Seller be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of the Seller or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

[Optional Label Claims]

- A Selective Herbicide Plus Fertilizer that Provides Control of Crabgrass and Other Listed Weeds in Established Lawns and Ornamental Turfgrasses and Residential Landscapes.
- Granular Fertilizer Providing the Nutrients Needed for Beautiful Healthy Lawn and Ornamentals.
- Contains Dithiopyr 0.25% Plus Fertilizer A Herbicide for Crabgrass Control.
- Can Be Applied Up to 4 Weeks Later Than Other Preemergence Crabgrass Preventers.
- This Bag Treats Up To Square Feet
- Provides up to 6 Months of Crabgrass Control
- Provides 3 to 5 months pre-emergence crabgrass control when used as directed
- Pre and early Post Emergent Crabgrass control
- Prevents up to 40 Weeds and Grasses
- Instantly Activated by Rain or Irrigation
- · Activated by Rain or Irrigation
- Prevents [Most Common Weeds & Grasses] Plus More!
- Apply to well established lawns with a developed root system
- Prevents 3 Types of Crabgrass
- Apply in Early Spring & Late Fall
- Fast Acting Formula
- Stops Crabgrass Before it Starts
- ANNUAL FEEDING PROGRAM:
- IMPORTANCE OF FEED: Regularly feeding your lawn provides the necessary nutrients it needs to help fight weeds, heat, drought, and traffic.
- EARLY SPRING FEEDING: After the first time you mow, feed to help your lawn green-up quickly after the harsh winter months.
- LATE SPRING FEEDING: Before the hot summer months, feed to prepare and strengthen for stresses of heat, drought and traffic.
- EARLY FALL FEEDING: After your lawn comes out of dormancy, feed for a quick recovery from

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summer stress.

• LATE FALL FEEDING: Once the leaves have fallen, feed to build a strong root system and prepare your lawn for winter.