



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (H7505C)
401 "M" St., S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg.
Number:
53883-
182

Date of Issuance:

DEC 2 - 2005

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

OX G Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Control Solutions, Inc.
5903 Genoa-Red Bluff
Pasadena, TX 77507-1041

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

1. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No.53883-182" to the label before you release the product for shipment.

COMMENTS CONTINUED ON PAGE 2 OF THIS NOTICE OF REGISTRATION

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product under the enclosed stamped copy of the label constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Enclosure

Joanne I. Miller
Product Manager (23)
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

Signature of Approving Official:

Joanne I. Miller

Date:

DEC 2 - 2005

2/12

Page 2

EPA Reg. No. 53883-182

Comments Continued:

2. Submit the following data required for the registration of this pesticide product within 1 year from the date of this Notice of Registration:

<u>EPA Guideline Data Number</u>	<u>Guideline Descriptor</u>
830.6317	Storage Stability Study
830.6320	Corrosion Characteristics Study

3. On Page 3, under "Application Instructions" revise the first statement to read: "Rake turf area free of leaves; mow, if necessary, to allow granules to fall on soil surface.".
4. The label must show the "Net Contents ____" of the packaged product on the front panel
5. Italicize all Latin names used on this labeling.
6. Submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment.
7. Submit and/or cite all data required for the registration of this product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of this product under FIFRA, section 4.
A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure

OX G Herbicide

Not for use on home lawns. For sale to, use and storage by commercial nursery, turf and landscape personnel only.

Selective, preemergent herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in turf and woody ornamental shrubs, vines, and trees.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**BY WEIGHT**

Oxadiazon 3-[2,4-dichloro-5-(1-methylethoxy)phenyl]-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2(3H)-one	2.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	98.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING - AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER Have the container or label with you when calling poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-621-5208 for emergency medical treatment information.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING

Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

EPA Reg. No. 53883-RIE
 EPA Est. No

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:
DEC 2 - 2005

Under the Federal Insecticide,
 Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
 as amended, for the pesticide
 registered under EPA Reg. No.

Control Solutions, Inc.
 5903 Genoa-Red Bluff Road
 Pasadena, TX 77507-1041
 281-892-2500

53883-182

4/12

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicator and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, waterproof gloves, a chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment.
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

User should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash body thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. OX G Herbicide should not be used in areas where irrigation or rainfall results in the direct or indirect (via ditches and canals) contamination of surface waters through dissolved runoff or erosion of soil particles to which oxadiazon is absorbed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Read entire label before using this product.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling, and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants.
- Waterproof gloves.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

5/12

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not store in or around the home.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary land fill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION

OX G Herbicide is a selective, preemergent herbicide for control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in turf and on a wide variety of woody ornamental shrubs, vines, and trees. OX G Herbicide controls weeds by killing the young weed seedlings as they come in contact with the herbicide during germination.

Apply OX G Herbicide with a properly calibrated granular applicator that will apply the granules uniformly (uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control). Calibrate the applicator prior to use, according to the manufacturers directions, and check frequently during the application to be certain that the equipment is working properly.

USE RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply OX G Herbicide through any type of irrigation system.
- Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation and domestic use.
- Do not allow domestic animals to graze treated areas.

TURF

For use in established perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue, and Zoysia turf; such as, fairways, parks, golf courses and lawns.

USE RESTRICTIONS:

- OX G Herbicide should not be used on putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.
- Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as recommended elsewhere on this label.
- Do not apply OX G Herbicide to newly seeded areas. Seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after treatment.
- Do not apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass.
- For St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass turf, do not exceed the rate of 150 pounds per acre (3 lb. a.i./A) of OX G Herbicide.
- Do not apply to Bentgrass turf mowed at less than 3/8 inch.
- OX G Herbicide may cause discoloration of Bentgrass, Bermudagrass and St. Augustinegrass. This discoloration is temporary and outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Rake turf area free of leaves, mowing if necessary so granules reach soil surface. Measure area to be treated and uniformly apply required amount, using a fertilizer spreader. Cross-treating with one-half required amount in each direction will give best results. Do not apply to wet turf. If rain is not expected shortly after application, irrigating turf thoroughly will increase effectiveness.

6/12

PREEMERGENT WEED CONTROL

WEEDS CONTROLLED	AMOUNT OF OX G HERBICIDE		DIRECTIONS
	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.) Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>) Annual Sedge (<i>Cyperus compressus</i>)	100-200 lbs.	2 ¼-4 ½ lbs.	Apply in late winter or early spring prior to seed germination. Use higher rate under severe weed pressure conditions.
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa Annua</i>) See Note below	100-200 lbs.	2 ¼-4 ½ lbs.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to seed germination. Use higher rate under severe weed pressure conditions.
Virginia Buttonweed (<i>Diodia virginiana</i>) Pigweed (<i>Amaranthus</i> spp.) Florida Pusley (<i>Richardia scabra</i>) Oxalis (<i>Oxalis</i> spp.) Stinging Nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>) Carpetgrass (<i>Axonopus officinis</i>)	200 lbs.	4 ½ lbs.	Apply in early spring prior to seed germination.
NOTE: In many areas, annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes or subspecies of <i>Poa annua</i> . The annual biotype is <i>Poa annua annua</i> which germinates every year from seed, while the biotype that behaves like a perennial is <i>Poa annua reptans</i> . This perennial biotype can survive through the summer and established plants will not be controlled by this product. Consult the extension service or University weed specialists in your area for more information.			

FALL APPLICATION FOR SPRING WEED CONTROL IN COOL SEASON TURF

WEEDS CONTROLLED	AMOUNT OF OX G HERBICIDE		DIRECTIONS
	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	
Crabgrass, Goosegrass and other annual weeds	150-200 lbs.	3 3/8-4 ½ lbs.	For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Perennial Ryegrass and Tall Fescue turf. Make application in the fall after turf has become dormant. For late, fall applications, seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after greenup. Use higher rate under severe weed pressure conditions.

ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL IN BERMUDAGRASS FAIRWAYS
OVERSEEDED WITH PERENNIAL RYEGRASS ONLY

WEEDS CONTROLLED	AMOUNT OF OX G HERBICIDE		DIRECTIONS
	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua</i>) See Note below	100 lbs.	2 ¼ lbs.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to <i>Poa annua</i> seed germination. OX G Herbicide will only control the <i>Poa annua</i> that is established from seed every year. Any <i>Poa annua</i> established when this product is applied will not be controlled. RESTRICTION: Do not apply OX G Herbicide within 60 days prior to over seeding. Do not use

7/12

where *Poa trivialis* is present in overseed mix.

Note: In many areas, annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes or subspecies of *Poa annua*. The annual biotype is *Poa annua annua* which germinates every year from seed, while the biotype that behaves like a perennial is *Poa annua reptans*. This perennial biotype can survive through the summer and established plants will not be controlled by this product. Consult the extension service or University weed specialists in your area for more information.

ANNUAL WEED CONTROL DURING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS, SEASHORE PASPALUM, AND TROPIC LALO (*Paspalum Hieronymii*) FROM SPRIGS

WEEDS CONTROLLED	AMOUNT OF OX G HERBICIDE		DIRECTIONS
	PER ACRE	PER 1000 SQ. FT.	
Crabgrass, Goosegrass, Annual Sedge, and other annual weeds	100-150 lbs.	2 1/4-3 3/8 lbs.	For Bermudagrass, make application immediately prior to or immediately after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum, make application 10-14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable Seashore Paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after OX G Herbicide application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. Irrigate immediately after application for best results. Use higher rate under severe weed pressure conditions.
NOTE: When making applications to Tropic Lalo, applications must be made 0 -12 days after sprigging. Do not use in areas where endangered Hawaiian Goose or nene (<i>Branta sandvicensis</i>), Hawaiian duck (<i>Anas wyvilliana</i>), Hawaiian Stilt (<i>Himantopus mexicanus knudseni</i>), and Hawaiian Moorhen (<i>Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis</i>) may feed.			

WOODY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, VINES, TREES, AND CONIFER NURSERY APPLICATION

Apply OX G Herbicide anytime during the year, prior to weed seed germination, for weed control. OX G Herbicide can be applied to both newly transplanted and established ornamentals listed in the tables below. Application can be made to actively growing or dormant ornamentals.

USE RESTRICTIONS:

- For use only on plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year of OX G Herbicide application.
- Do not apply to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves.
- Do not apply in greenhouses as plant injury may result.
- Not for use on plants that will bear edible fruit within one year of OX G Herbicide application.

CROP TOLERANCE

OX G Herbicide is recommended for use on a wide variety of ornamental species and ground covers in container, field grown, and landscape planting situations. Please refer to Sensitive Varieties table before application. OX G Herbicide may be used at the recommended rates on the following species:

ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abutilon	<i>Abutilon pictum</i>	Cypress, Leyland	<i>Cupressocyparis leylandii</i>
Acacia	<i>Acacia spp</i>	Dahlia	<i>Dahlia spp.</i>
Agapanthus	<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	Daphne, Fragrant	<i>Daphne odora</i>
Allamanda, Common	<i>Allamanda cathartica</i>	Deutzia, Slender	<i>Deutzia gracilis</i>
Alpine Willow	<i>Epilobium fleischeri</i>	Dieffenbachia	<i>Dieffenbachia spp</i>
Andromeda	<i>Pieris spp</i>	Dogwood, Common	<i>Cornus florida</i>

8/12

Anthuriums (Ozaki Red) Apache Plume Aralia Arborvitae Ash, Green Azalea Baby's Breath Bald Cypress Bamboo, Feathery Banyan, Weeping Barberry Beafsteak plant Bearberry Beech, European Birch, Paper Blanket Flower Blazing Star Boxwood, Japanese Boxwood, Common Bougainvillea Brassaia, Dwarf Buddleia Bugleflower Callistemon Camellia, Common, Japanese Camellia, Sasanqua Candytuft Carissa Carnation Ceanothus Cedar, Red Cedar, Atlas Cistus Citrus, Ornamental: Grapefruit Lemon Lime Mandarin Tangelo Tangerine Temple Cuban Shaddock Valencia Washington Navel Cleyera Coreopsis Coromandel Cotoneaster Crabapple* Crapemyrtle Creeping Phlox Chrysanthemum Cypress Maple Metallic Plant Mexican Orange Mock Orange Money Tree Murraea Murraea Myoporum Myrtle	<i>Fallugia paradoxa</i> <i>Aralia spinosa</i> <i>Thuja spp</i> <i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> <i>Rhododendron spp</i> <i>Gypsophila paniculata</i> <i>Takodium distichum</i> <i>Bambusa vulgaris</i> <i>Ficus benghalensis</i> <i>Berberis spp</i> <i>Acalypha wilkesiana</i> <i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i> <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> <i>Betula papyrifera</i> <i>Gaillardia aristata</i> <i>Liatris spicata</i> <i>Buxus microphylla</i> <i>Buxus sempervirens</i> <i>Bougainvillea spectabilis</i> <i>Brassaia actinophylla</i> <i>Buddleia davidii</i> <i>Ajuga reptans</i> <i>Callistemon lanceolatus</i> <i>Camellia japonica</i> <i>Camellia sasanqua</i> <i>Iberis sempervirens</i> <i>Carissa macrocarpa</i> <i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i> <i>Ceanothus americanus</i> <i>Juniperus virginia</i> <i>Cedrus atlantica</i> <i>Cistus purpureus</i> <i>Citrus paradisi</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus aurentifolia Bearss</i> <i>Citrus reticulata</i> <i>Citrus XTangelo Minneola</i> <i>Citrus reticulata var. tangerina</i> <i>Citrus Xnobilis Temple</i> <i>Citrus maxima</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Cleyera japonica</i> <i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i> <i>Asystasia gangetica</i> <i>Cotoneaster spp</i> <i>Malus spp</i> <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> <i>Phlox subulata</i> <i>Chrysanthemum spp</i> <i>Cupressus spp</i> <i>Acer spp</i> <i>Hemigraphis colorata</i> <i>Choisya ternate</i> <i>Philadelphus virginialis</i> <i>Pleomele marginata</i> <i>Murraea exotica</i> <i>Murraea paniculata</i> <i>Myoporum laetum</i> <i>Myrtus communis</i>	Dogwood, Redosier Dogwood, Kousa Douglas fir Elm Escallonia Eucalyptus Euryops, Gray Leaved Euonymus, Spreading Euonymus, Wintercreeper Falsecypress, Hinoki Falsecypress, Japanese Flowering Quince Forsythia Fountain Grass Gardenia Gazania, Trailing Ginko Gladiolas Golden Raintree Heath, Spring Heather! Scotch Heliotropium Hemlock, Canada Hibiscus Honeysuckle Holly Ice Plant Ilima Ivy, Algerian Ivy, English Jasmine, Orange Jasmine, Primrose Jasmine, Star Jasmine, Showy Juniper Justica Kwanzan Cherry Lamb's Ear Lantana, Trailing Lapalapa Laurel, English Larch, European Leopards — Bane Leucothoe, Coast Leucothoe, Drooping Lily of the Nile Lilac Littleleaf Linden Little Pickles Loquat* Magnolia Mahonia, Grape Holly Potentilla Potentilla Privet Protea species Pyracantha Raphiolepis	<i>Cornus stolonifera</i> <i>Cornus kousa</i> <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> <i>Ulmus spp</i> <i>Escallonia spp</i> <i>Eucalyptus spp</i> <i>Euryops pectinatus</i> <i>Euonymus kiautschovicus</i> <i>Euonymus fortunei</i> <i>Chanmaecyparis obtusa</i> <i>Chanmaecyparis pisifera</i> <i>Chaenomeles speciosa</i> <i>Forsythia intermedia</i> <i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i> <i>Gardenia asminoides</i> <i>Gazania uniflora leucoleana</i> <i>Ginko biloba</i> <i>Koeleruteria paniculata</i> <i>Erica carnea</i> <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> <i>Heliotropium arborescens</i> <i>Tsuga canadensis</i> <i>Hibiscus spp</i> <i>Lonicera spp</i> <i>Ilex spp</i> <i>Carpobrotus edule</i> <i>Sida fallax</i> <i>Hedera canariensis</i> <i>Hedera helix</i> <i>Murraya paniculata</i> <i>Jasminum mesnyi</i> <i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i> <i>Jasminum floridum</i> <i>Juniperus spp</i> <i>Justice brandegeana</i> <i>Prunus serrulata</i> <i>Stachys byzantina</i> <i>Lantana montevidensis</i> <i>Cheirodendron spp</i> <i>Larix decidua</i> <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> <i>Doronicum cordatum</i> <i>Leucothoe axillaris</i> <i>Leucothoe fontanesia</i> (catesbaei) <i>Agapanthus umbellatus</i> <i>Syringa spp</i> <i>Tilia cordata</i> <i>Othonna capensis</i> <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> <i>Magnolia spp</i> <i>Mahonia aquifolium</i> <i>Potentilla fruticosa</i> <i>Potentilla fragiformis</i> <i>Ligustrum spp</i> <i>Banksia menziesii</i> <i>Leucadendron discolor</i> <i>Leucospermum cordifolium</i> <i>Protea exinia</i> <i>Pyracantha coccinea</i> <i>Raphiolepis umbellata</i>
---	--	--	---

Nandina	<i>Nandina domestica</i>	Redwood, Dawn	<i>Metasequoia glyptostroboides</i>
Oak	<i>Quercus spp</i>	Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron spp</i>
Ochana	<i>Ochana serrulata</i>	Rose	<i>Rosa spp</i>
Ohai	<i>Samanea saman</i>	Russian Olive	<i>Eleagnus angustifolia</i>
Oleander	<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Sargent Cherry	<i>Prunus sargentii</i>
Orthosiphon	<i>Orthosiphon stamineus</i>	Scotch Broom	<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>
Osmanthus	<i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i>	Sedum	<i>Sedum album</i>
Pachysandra	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	Serviceberry, Saskatoon*	<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>
Palm, Bamboo	<i>Rhapi excelsa</i>	Silver Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia alternifolia</i>
Palm, Fishtail	<i>Caryota spp</i>	Smith Buckthorn	<i>Rehmannia smithii</i>
Palm, Licuala	<i>Licuala Thunb, spp</i>	Speedwell	<i>Veronica spicata</i>
Palm, Macarthur	<i>Ptychosperma marcarthurii</i>	Spruce	<i>Picea spp.</i>
Palm, Manac	<i>Euterpe spp</i>	Statice	<i>Limonium spp.</i>
Palm, Manila	<i>Veitchia merillii</i>	St. Johnswort, Golden	<i>Hypericum frondosum</i>
Palm, Parlor	<i>Collinia elegans</i>	St. Johnswort, Gokdencup	<i>Hypericum patulum</i>
Palm, Rattan	<i>Daemonorops spp</i>	Strawberry Tree	<i>Arbutus unedo</i>
Palm, Sealing Wax	<i>Cyrtostachys lakka</i>	Sumac, Staghorn	<i>Rhus typhina</i>
Palm, Sugar	<i>Arenga saccharifera</i>	Sweet William	<i>Dianthus barbatus</i>
Paperbark Tree	<i>Melaleuca leucadendra</i>	Syzygium	<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>
Peony	<i>Paeonia spp.</i>	Trailing African Daisy	<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>
Periwinkle, Common	<i>Vinca minor</i>	Viburnum	<i>Viburnum spp</i>
Periwinkle, Large	<i>Vinca major</i>	Wedelia	<i>Wedelia trilobata</i>
Photinia, Frasier's	<i>Photinia fraseri</i>	Wisteria, Chinese	<i>Wisteria sinensis</i>
Poinciana	<i>Delonix regia</i>	Witchhazel, Common	<i>Hamamelis virginiana</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus spp</i>	Woadwaxen, Common	<i>Genista tinctoria</i>
Pittosporum, Japanese	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>	Wooly Thyme	<i>Thymus pseudolanuginosus</i>
Plum, Natal	<i>Carissa macrocarpa</i>	Xylosma	<i>Xylosma congestum</i>
Podocarpus, Yew	<i>Podocarpus macrophylla</i>	Yellow Foxglove	<i>Digitalis x mertonensis</i>
Pomegranate*	<i>Punica granatum</i>	Yew	<i>Taxus spp</i>
Poplar	<i>Populus spp</i>		

* For use only on plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year of OX G Herbicide application.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Blanket Flower	<i>Gaillardia aristata</i>	Metallic Plant	<i>Hemigraphis colorata</i>
Brassaia, Dwarf	<i>Brassia actinophylla</i>	Oak	<i>Quercus spp</i>
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>	Periwinkle, Common	<i>Vinca minor</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>	Periwinkle, Large	<i>Vinca major</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus atlantica</i>	Pine	<i>Pinus spp</i>
Coromandel	<i>Asystasia gangetica</i>	Poplar	<i>Populus spp</i>
Dogwood, Flowering	<i>Cornus florida</i>	Privet	<i>Ligustrum spp</i>
Elm	<i>Ulmus spp</i>	Protea Species	<i>Banksia menziesii</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>		<i>Leucadendron discolor</i>
Gazania, Trailing	<i>Gazania uniflora leucoleana</i>		<i>Leucospermum cordifolium</i>
Hackberry	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>		<i>Protea eximia</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Hedera canariensis</i>	Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron spp</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>	Russian Olive	<i>Eleagnus angustifolia</i>
Hemlock, Canada	<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	Spruce	<i>Picea sop</i>
Holly	<i>Ilex spp</i>	Trailing African Daisy	<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>
Ice Plant	<i>Carpobrotus edule</i>	Wedelia	<i>Wedelia trilobata</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus spp</i>	Wisteria, Chinese	<i>Wisteria sinensis</i>
Leopards — Bane	<i>Doronicum cordatum</i>	Yew	<i>Taxus spp</i>

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Remove existing weed growth before application. Rainfall or overhead irrigation after application of OX G Herbicide will improve weed control. OX G Herbicide should not be mixed into the soil. Cultivating or disturbing the soil may reduce weed control.

10/12

AMOUNT TO USE

Apply OX G Herbicide broadcast to ornamentals at 100 to 200 pounds of product per acre (or 2 1/4 to 4 1/2 pounds per 1,000 sq. ft.) depending on weed pressure and species. Use the lower rate of 100 pounds per acre (2 lb. a.i./A) unless noted in the table below.

ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS		ANNUAL GRASSES	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Bittercress	<i>Cardamine spp.</i>	Annual Bluegrass	<i>Poa annua</i>
Bristly Oxtongue	<i>Picris echioides</i>	Annual Sedge	<i>Cyperus compressus</i>
Carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>	Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>
Cheeseweed	<i>Malva parviflora</i>	Bristly Foxtail	<i>Setaria verticillata</i>
Common Groundsel	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	Crabgrass	<i>Digitaria spp.</i>
Common Purslane	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Fall Panicum	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>
*Evening Primrose	<i>Oenothera spp.</i>	Green Foxtail	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
Fiddleneck	<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>	Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Fireweed	<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i>	**Jungle Ricegrass	<i>Echinochloa colonum</i>
*Galinsoga	<i>Galinsoga spp.</i>	**Panama Paspalum	<i>Paspalum fimbriaatum</i>
Garden Spurge	<i>Euphorbia hirta</i>	Ripgut Bromegrass	<i>Bromus catharticus</i>
Golden Ragwort	<i>Senecio aureus</i>	Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>
Lambsquarters	<i>Chenopod album</i>		
**Liverwort	<i>Marchantia spp.</i>		
Niruri	<i>Phyllanthus niruri</i>		
Pennsylvania	<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i>		
Petty Spurge	<i>Euphorbia peplus</i>		
**Prostrate Spurge	<i>Euphorbia supina</i>		
Redroot Pigweed	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>		
Shepherdspurse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>		
Sensitive Plant	<i>Mimosa predaica</i>		
Sow Thistle	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>		
Speedwell	<i>Veronica spp.</i>		
Spiny Amaranth	<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>		
Spotted Catsear	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>		
*Swinecress	<i>Coronopus didymus</i>		
Yellow Woodsorrel	<i>Oxalis stricta</i>		

*Use 150 to 200 pounds per acre (3 – 4 lb. a.i./A).
 **Use 200 pounds per acre (4 lb. a.i./A).

How to Calibrate Spreaders For Applications of OX G Herbicide

These settings are for initial calibration only. Calibrate spreader following manufacturer's instructions prior to each application using these settings as a starting point.

Spreader Models	Ground Speed (MPH)	Rate OX G HERBICIDE (Pounds Per Acre)			Swath Width in Feet
		100	150	200	
CYCLONE B3-Pro	3	SPREADER SETTINGS AVAILABLE AT FIRST PRINTING			8
LELY HR	3				
(settings based on use of small seed feeding with central spreader setting)	4				
	5				21
LESCO ROTARY	3				7
SCOTT'S PRO R-8A	3				9
SPYKER 24-22	3				8
VICON	3				
	4				
	5				22

11/18

FOREST NURSERY APPLICATION

Seedlings of the following species can be treated with OX G Herbicide when at least 4 weeks old:

COMMON NAME

Pine, Loblolly
Pine, Eastern White
Pine, Slash

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Pinus taeda
Pinus strobes
Pinus caribaea

SENSITIVE VARIETIES OF ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be injured by OX G Herbicide. Growers should evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications.

PLANT SPECIES	VARIETIES
Andromeda (<i>Pieris japonica</i>)	Snowdrift, Temple Bell
Azalea	Pink Champagne, Hershey, (<i>Rhododendron spp</i>), Leuchtenfuer, Memoire John Hearrens, Hino-Crimson, White Grandeur, Everest, Girard Roberta
Cotoneaster	Eichholz, Himalayan, Shangri-la (<i>Cotoneaster spp</i>)
Crapemyrtle (<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>)	Petite Red Imp, Seminole Bush
Heath, Spring (<i>Erica carnea</i>)	Mediterranean Pink
Hemlock, Canada (<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>)	Pumila
Hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>)	Red Heart
Rhododendron	Daphnoides, Nova Zembla, (<i>Rhododendron spp</i>), Catawba Album
Spruce, Norway (<i>Picea abies</i>)	Pumila
Spruce, White (<i>Picea glauca</i>)	Densata
Viburnum (<i>Viburnum spp</i>)	Davidii

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Control Solutions, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

12/12

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: CONTROL SOLUTIONS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Control Solutions, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. Control Solutions, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT CONTROL SOLUTIONS, INC. ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT,