

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION SEP 2 4 2014

Ms. Christina M. Swick, Agent For: ERCO Worldwide Lewis & Harrison Consultants in Government Affairs 122 C Street, N.W. Suite 505 Washington, DC 20001

Subject:

Ercopure 25: EPA Reg. No. 53345-14

Sodium Chlorite Solution 7.5: EPA Reg. No. 53345-19

Ercopure 37: EPA Reg. No. 53345-21

Sodium Chlorite Solution 31: EPA Reg. No. 53345-22

Ercopure 31: EPA Reg. No. 53345-23
Application Date: September 8, 2014
Application Receipt: September 8, 2014

Dear Ms. Swick:

This acknowledges receipt of your Notification application, submitted under the provisions of FIFRA 3(c) 9 and PR Notice 98-10.

Purpose of the Notification:

The purpose of this Notification is to update the EPA Establishment Numbers. Specifically, we are changing EPA Establishment number 70124-LA-001 to EPA Establishment 86565-LA-002.

General Comments:

Based on the review of the information submitted, the following comments apply.

The Notification is Acceptable.

A copy of the accepted Notification is attached in **Regulatory File Jacket 53345-23** for future reference.

If you have questions or concerns with regard to this Agency Letter, please contact Killian Swift by email at Swift.Killian@epa.gov and by telephone at 703-308-6346. When you are submitting information or data in response to this Agency Letter, please send a copy of this Agency Letter with your response in order to facilitate processing.

Sincerely yours,

Demson Fuller⁽

EPA Product Manager 32

Regulatory Management Branch II

Antimicrobials Division 7510P

Please read instructions on rever	se before completing form.		Form Approve	d, OMB No. 207	ا (ک 0-0060, Approval expires 05-31-98	
	United State	es	☐ Registi		OPP Identifier Number	
EPA	Environmental Prote	ction Agenc	y	ment		
	Washington, DC	20460	⊠ Other:	Notification	n	
Application for Pesticide - Section I						
Company/Product Number 53345-23			EPA Product Manager Demson Fuller		3. Proposed Classification	
Company/Product (Name) ERCOPURE 31	PM# 32		None Restricted			
5. Name and Address of Appli ERCO Worldwide 302 The East Mall, Suite 2 Toronto, Ontario M9B 6C CANADA PLEASE SEND ALL O	00 7 CORRESPONDENCE T VT" LISTED BELOW	(b)(l), to: EPA R		ar or identica		
		Secti	on - II			
Amendment – Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section 1)			Other - Explain below			
This notification is consister made to the labeling or the make any false statement 152.46, this product may be	NOTIFICATION nt with the provisions of PR No confidential statement of form to EPA. I further understand	IN ACCORDAN dotice 98-10 and nula of this prod that if this notifi may be the sub FIFR	NCE WITH PR NOTICI I EPA regulations at 40 uct. I understand that ucation is not consisten ject to enforcement ac RA.	OCFR 152.46, a it is a violation t with the terms tion and penalt	and no other changes have been of 18 U.S.C. Sec 1001 to willfully s of PR Notice 95-2 and 40 CFR ies under sections 12 and 14 of	
Signature:	Signature: Date: September 8, 2014 Section - III					
A MALE STATE OF THE AMERICAN	De Doelsoned Inc	Section	on - III			
Material This Product Will Child-Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging		Water Soluble Pack	aging	2. Type of Container	
Yes*	Yes		Yes		Metal .	
☐ No	No No		No No		Plastic	
*Certification must	If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt	No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt.	No. per container	Glass Paper	
be submitted 3. Location of Net Contents I	nformation 4 Size	(s) Retail Contail	ner	5. Location	Other (Specify) of Label Directions	
Label -or-	Container	(-,		On Lat		
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Paper glue Stenciled			Other		0000 C C C C	
		Section	on - IV		6 666111	
1. Contact Point (Complete its	ems directly below for identifica	tion of individual	to be contacted, if nece	ssary, to proces		
Name Christina M. Swick, Lo C Street NW, Ste. 505, Washi	Title	Agent		Telephone No. (Include Area e c c c Code) 202-395-3903 x. 16 c c c		
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.					6. Date Application ເວັດເ Received ີ່ (Stamped)	
2. Signature Christina M.	3. Title	Agent		(()		
4. Typed Name Chainting M. Swick		5. Date	September 8, 2014			

LEWIS & HARRISON

122 C Street, N.W. Suite 505 Washington, DC 20001

telephone 202.393.3903 fax 202.393.3906

Consultants in Government Affairs

September 8, 2014

HAND DELIVERED

Antimicrobials Division (Mail Code 7504P)
Office of Pesticide Programs
Document Processing Desk [NOTIFY]
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

ATTN:

Demson Fuller

Product Manager, Team 32

SUBJECT:

Notification of Changes per PR Notice 98-10

ERCO Worldwide

ERCOPURE 25 (EPA Reg. No. 53345-14)

Sodium Chlorite Solution 7.5 (EPA Reg. No. 53345-19)

ERCOPURE 37 (EPA Reg. No. 53345-21)

Sodium Chlorite Solution 31 (EPA Reg. No. 53345-22)

ERCOPURE 31 (EPA Reg. No. 53345-23)

Dear Mr. Fuller:

On behalf of ERCO Worldwide, I am notifying the Agency of a minor label change to the five (5) products listed in the subject line above. The purpose of this notification is to update the EPA Establishment Numbers. Specifically, we are changing EPA Establishment Number 70124-LA-001 to EPA Establishment Number 86565-LA-002.

Please find enclosed, for each product, the following documents to support this notification:

- 1) Pesticide Application form;
- 2) One (1) copy of the proposed product label with the changes highlighted; and,
- 3) Three (3) copies of the proposed product label.

If you have any questions or comments, please contact me at 202-393-3903 ext. 16 or cswick@lewisharrison.com.

Sincerely,

Christina M. Swick

Agent for ERCO Worldwide

Christina M. Surck

ERCOPURE 31

Sodium Chlorite Solution

For Use in Generating Chlorine Dioxide to Control Microorganisms in Municipal Drinking Water

Active Ingredient	21.00/	NOTIFICATION
Sodium Chlorite	31.0%	Reviewed By:
Other Ingredients Total	100.0%	09-24-14
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CH	ILDREN	KillianSwift

DANGER

[See Side Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements]

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

EPA Reg. No.

53345-23

EPA Est. No.

53345-CAN-001

53345-CAN-004

86565-LA-002

Net Contents:

ERCO Worldwide 302 The East Mall, Suite 200 Toronto, Ontario M9B6C7 Canada

Precautionary Statements Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Highly corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Wear goggles or face shield, use only Neoprene gloves and use only thoroughly clean dry utensils when handling. May be Fatal if swallowed. *Irritating to Nose and Throat. Avoid breathing fumes.* Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Strong oxidizing agent. Mix or dilute with water only. Mixing with acids, or alcohol, or other chemicals may cause evolution of chlorine and chlorine dioxide gas mixture which is toxic and may be explosive. Combustible materials contaminated with ERCOPURE 31 may burn rapidly. Keep handling areas and equipment clean and free of oils, greases, combustibles and dust. Do not contaminate product with garbage, dirt, organic matter, paint products, solvents, acids, vinegar, beverages, oils, pine oils, dirty rags, or other foreign matter. Do not expose to hot surfaces, sparks or open flame.



CHLORINE DIOXIDE GENERATION

ERCOPURE 31 is a precursor for the generation of chlorine dioxide. DO NOT ADD ERCOPURE 31 directly to the system being treated. Chlorine dioxide solutions can be generated from ERCOPURE 31 by several common methods including:

- 1. The chlorine method which utilizes a ERCOPURE 31 and chlorine gas, or
- 2. The hypochlorite method which utilizes ERCOPURE 31, a hypochlorite solution and an acid or,
- 3. The Acid-Chlorite method which utilizes ERCOPURE 31 and an acid, or
- 4. The electrolytic method which utilizes ERCOPURE 31, with sodium chloride as needed

EROCPURE 31 can also be used to form acidified sodium chlorite solutions by mixing the product with Generally Recognized As Safe (GRAS) acids such as citric, phosphoric or acetic acid. Add the generated chlorine dioxide solution to a point in the system which ensures uniform mixing. Your ERCO Worldwide representative can guide you in the selection, installation and operation for feed systems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product inconsistent with its labeling.

Method of Application

Chlorine dioxide generation must take place only under controlled conditions in a chlorine dioxide generator. These generators react with ERCOPURE 31 with either chlorine or a chlorine solution and hydrochloric acid producing an aqueous solution of chlorine dioxide. This solution is then added at a point in the system to be treated which ensures uniform mixing.

Alternatively, chlorine dioxide can be generated electrically by anordic reduction.

Do not apply ERCOPURE 31 directly to the system being treated. Follow all instructions in the chlorine dioxide generator manual.

APPLICATIONS

MUNICIPAL DRINKING WATER DISINFECTION

For municipal water systems, a chlorine dioxide residual concentration up to 2.0 ppm is sufficient to provide adequate disinfection. Normal target residual concentrations are in the 0.20-0.75 ppm range. Monitor the distribution system to ensure that the chlorite concentration does not exceed its maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 1 mg/L and that chlorine dioxide does not exceed its maximum residual disinfectant level (MRDL) of 0.8 mg/L.

WASTEWATER DISINFECTION

For most municipal systems, a chlorine dioxide residual concentration up to 2.0 ppm is sufficient to provide adequate disinfection. Monitor the distribution system to ensure that the chlorite concentration does not exceed the maximum contaminate level (MCL) of 1 mg/L and that chlorine dioxide does not exceed its maximum residual disinfection level (MRDL) of 0.8 mg/L. The concentration of total residual oxidants (chlorine dioxide, chlorite and chlorate) should be monitored such that it does not exceed 1.0 ppm in the distribution system. For wastewater and sewage applications, residual chlorine dioxide concentrations up to 5.0 ppm are generally adequate.

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POTABLE WATER DISINFECTION

For most municipal systems, a chlorine dioxide residual concentration up to 2.0 ppm is sufficient to provide adequate disinfection. Monitor the distribution system to ensure that the chlorite concentration does not exceed the maximum contaminate level (MCL) of 1 mg/L and that chlorine dioxide does not exceed its maximum residual disinfection level (MRDL) of 0.8 mg/L. The concentration of total residual oxidants (chlorine dioxide, chlorite and chlorate) should be monitored such that it does not exceed 1.0 ppm in the distribution system. For wastewater and sewage applications, residual chlorine dioxide concentrations up to 5.0 ppm are generally adequate.

POTABLE WATER SYSTEMS

Nitrification: to control the build-up of nitrification in the water distribution system. Utilize a chemical metering system to add this product so that the resulting dose of chlorine dioxide or sodium chlorite to control nitrification does not exceed the MRDL of 0.8 mg/L for ClO2, nor the MCL of 1.0 mg/L for chlorite ion.

Use of this product in public water systems (drinking water utilities) triggers monitoring and compliance requirements under 40 CFR 141. Among other requirements the user of the product is required to conduct daily monitoring for chlorine dioxide and chlorite at the point of addition and to comply with standards for chlorine dioxide and chlorite. The user of this product is required to contact State or primary drinking water programs to determine specific monitoring, compliance, reporting, and record-keeping requirements in order to avoid adverse human health effects and/or non-compliance with such requirements.

FOOD PROCESSING PLANTS, DAIRIES, BOTTLING PLANTS AND BREWERIES and FOOD PLANT PROCESS WATER

For microbial control in typical food processing water systems, such as flume transport, chill water systems, hydrocoolers and retort cooling water, apply ERCOPURE 31 through a chlorine dioxide generation system to achieve a chlorine dioxide residual concentration ranging from 0.25 to 5.0 ppm.

Chlorine dioxide generated from ERCOPURE 31 may also be used as a water sanitizer for fruit and vegetable washing and cut and peeled potato products without a subsequent potable water rinse requirement, provided that the concentration of total residual oxidants meet the residual limitation of ≤ 1.0 ppm.

Residual concentrations up to 5.0 ppm chlorine dioxide in process water may be used for washing whole uncut and unpeeled fruits and vegetables although a final potable water rinse is required if the residual exceeds 1ppm.

Potatoes, including those which have been peeled or cut, may be treated with sufficient chlorine dioxide to produce a residual concentration of up to 5.0 ppm provided this is followed by a potable water rinse.

POULTRY PROCESSING WATER

Use ERCOPURE 31 to generate chlorine dioxide for use as an antimicrobial agent in water used in poultry processing in an amount not to exceed 3 ppm residual chlorine dioxide as determined by an appropriate method.

SANITIZATION OF FOOD-CONTACT SURFACES IN FOOD-PROCESSING PLANTS, DAIRIES, BOTTLING PLANTS AND BREWERIES: Note: Only the chlorine and hypochlorite methods described above can be used to generate chlorine dioxide for sanitization of food-contact surfaces.

Use ERCOPURE 31 to generate chlorine dioxide for use as a terminal no-rinse sanitizer for tood-contact surfaces, food-processing equipment and utensils. Prior to application, remove gross food particles and soil by a pre-flush, or pre-scrape, and, when necessary, pre-soak treatment. Then thoroughly wash all equipment, surfaces and utensils with a suitable detergent or cleaner, followed by a potable water rinse. Dilute the chlorine

ERCOPURE 31 EPA Notification 09/08/14 dioxide solution generated from the chlorine dioxide generator with potable water to achieve a use-solution of at least 100 ppm but not more than 200 ppm available chlorine dioxide. A contact time of at least one minute is required for sanitization. Allow the sanitizing solution to thoroughly drain and dry from all equipment and surfaces prior to recontact of the sanitized surface with food or feed items.

GENERAL INDUSTRIAL PROCESS WATER TREATMENT (OILFIELD INJECTION WATER, WHITE WATER PAPER MILL SYSTEMS, AND RECIRCULATING COOLING TOWERS)

Use ERCOPURE 31 to generate chlorine dioxide for the control of microbial slime in the above water systems. In order to achieve adequate control, the chlorine dioxide residual concentration should be between 0.25 and 5.0 ppm.

ONCE-THROUGH COOLING WATER SYSTEMS

Control of mollusks can be effectively accomplished using ERCOPURE 31 as directed in commercial and industrial once-through cooling water systems. ERCOPURE 31 may be fed on a continuous or slug basis depending on the degree of system fouling.

Slug Dose: Add 34 to 168 lbs. of chlorine dioxide per million gallons of water (5 to 25 ppm).

Continuous Dose: Add 2 to 13 lbs. of chlorine dioxide per million gallons of water (0.25 TO 2 PPM).

DIRECTIONS FOR CONTROLLING THE GROWTH OF ALGAE IN RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER TOWERS

1. Clean badly fouled systems before starting treatment. 2. When algae are visible, add an initial dosage of 6.6 fl. oz. of Sodium Chlorite per 1,000 gals of water in the system. Repeat if necessary until control is evident. 3. Where algae control is evident, use a subsequent dose of 3.3 fl. oz. of Sodium Chlorite solution per 1,000 gals of water in the system twice a week or as needed to maintain control. 4. Add Sodium Chlorite directly to the cooling tower drip pan (cold water basin) near the inlet to the recirculating pump.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN THE MECHANICAL OR ELECTROLYTIC GENERATION OF CHLORINE DIOXIDE AS A DISINFECTANT, OR FOR MICROORGANISM OR MOLLUSK CONTROL AND AS A CHEMICAL OXIDANT IN AQUATIC SYSTEMS

Feed requirements: Feed rates of 31% Active Sodium Chlorite Solution will depend on the severity of contamination and the degree of control desired. The exact dosage will depend on the size of the system and residual necessary for effective control. 31% Active Sodium Chlorite Solution is typically diluted at the point of use to prepare a 3% to 25% active aqueous solution for use in chlorine dioxide generators.

Some examples of industrial applications of chlorine dioxide include:

- Potable water disinfection and removal of sulfide.
- Control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculating and one control of bacterial slime and algae and mollusks in industrial recirculation and algae and mollusks industrial recirculation and algae and mo
- Biocontrol in food processing flumes, water-using equipment, cooling water, and recycled waters.
- Disinfection of sewage and plant wastes.
- Destruction of phenolics, simple cyanides and sulfides by chemical oxidation.
- Bacterial slime control in white water paper mill systems.
- Bacterial control in oil well and petroleum systems.

BACTERIAL SLIME CONTROL IN PAPERMILLS

Chlorine dioxide generated from sodium chlorite is effective for use in controlling microbiological growth in white water paper mill systems. The required dosages will vary with the degree of microbiological and process

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contamination present. Depending on the specific requirements of the system, sodium chlorite should be applied continuously or intermittently through a chlorine dioxide generating system to achieve a chlorine dioxide residual concentration between 0.1 and 5.0 ppm. Intermittent treatments should be repeated as often as necessary to maintain control.

BACTERIAL CONTROL IN OIL WELLS AND PETROLEUM SYSTEMS

Chlorine dioxide is effective in the remediation of bacterial and sulfide contamination commonly found in oilfield production, injection and disposal fluids. The required dosages will vary with process conditions. Sodium chlorite may be applied either continuously or intermittently through a chlorine dioxide generating system to oil well production water as it is separated from the oil, and before it is re-injected into the well.

For continuous feeds, chlorine dioxide may be applied at dosages slightly higher than sulfide's oxidative demand as determined by a demand study. For intermittent treatment, chlorine dioxide should be applied at a shock dosage of 200-3000 ppm.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Store upright in cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Avoid excessive heat or freezing. Protect from contact with other chemicals; avoid storage with organic chemicals, acids, reducers and combustible material. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. In case of spills, flush and drain promptly to sewer with large quantities of water. Do not allow liquid to dry out because this could present a fire hazard. If fire occurs, extinguish with large volume of water Do not skid or slide drums.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING & DISPOSAL:

Tank trucks and Railcars: Return for reuse. All valves must be closed tight and closures or caps secured. Containers equal to or less than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning If burned, stay out of smoke. Containers over 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple finse for equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or continuous continu disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning If burned, stay out of smoke.