

### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

February 19, 2021

Sanford R Simon VP Corporate Compliance Harrell's 5105 New Tampa Hwy Lakeland, FL 33815

Subject: Labeling Notification per Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 – Add Alternate Brand Name; minor change to manufacturer statement Product Name: P-FYT Systemic Fungicide EPA Registration Number: 52287-25 Application Date: 01/18/2021 OPP Submission Number: 1063585

Dear Mr. Sanford:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is in receipt of your application for notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (BPPD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The labeling submitted with this application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records. The alternate brand name "Harrell's ProtectMAX® Title Phyte Systemic Fungicide" has been added to the product's records. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling with the modifications.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA-approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 52287-25 OPP Submission No. 1063585

If you have any questions, please contact Susannah Powell of my team via email at powell.susannah@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

andrew C. Bycelow

Andrew Bryceland, Team Leader Biochemical Pesticides Branch Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P) Office of Pesticide Programs

P07



POTASSIUM PHOSPHITE GROUP FUNGICIDE

Master Label Sublabel A- General Use Sublabel B- Commercial Applicator- Landscape NonFood Uses

# **P-FYT**

# SYSTEMIC FUNGICIDE

NOTIFICATION

52287-25 The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

02/19/2021

[Alternate Brand Names: Harrell's ProtectMAX<sup>®</sup> Title Phyte Systemic Fungicide, Title Phyte, Title Phyte Fungicide, Title Phyte Systemic Fungicide, Harrell's ProtectMAX<sup>™</sup> Phosphite Fungicide]

[Batch/Lot Number] [SKU Number]

A FUNGICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW, PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM AND VARIOUS OTHER DISEASES ON AGRICULTURAL AND GREENHOUSE CROPS, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS, BEDDING PLANTS, TURF, FORESTRY APPLICATIONS AND DOMESTIC TREES, INCLUDING CONIFERS, PINES, OAKS AND POST-HARVEST TREATMENT OF POTATOES FOR PINK ROT AND LATE BLIGHT

TOTAL
OTHER INGREDIENTS:
ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: Mono- and di-Potassium Phosphite*

\*Contains 6.93 lbs./gallon of the active ingredient, Potassium Phosphite. Equivalent to 4.71 lbs. Phosphorous Acid/gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 52287-

EPA Est. No. 52287-AL-1

### **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

# CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

[See inside booklet] / [Read back panel] / [Read entire label] for [First Aid] [and] additional precautionary statements.

For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-282-8007 For TRANSPORTATION Emergencies Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-424-9300 For **PRODUCT USE** Information call 1-800-282-8007 (8 am – 5 pm Eastern) NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gal. (9.46 liters, 30 gal (113.52 liters), 250 gal (946 liters), Bulk Containers



POTASSIUM PHOSPHITE GROUP P07 FUNGICIDE

# Sublabel A-General Use

# P-FYT

# SYSTEMIC FUNGICIDE

[Alternate Brand Names: Title Phyte, Title Phyte Fungicide, Title Phyte Systemic Fungicide, Harrell's ProtectMAX<sup>™</sup> Phosphite Fungicide]

[Batch/Lot Number] [SKU Number]

A FUNGICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW, PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM AND VARIOUS OTHER DISEASES ON AGRICULTURAL AND GREENHOUSE CROPS, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS, BEDDING PLANTS, TURF, FORESTRY APPLICATIONS AND DOMESTIC TREES, INCLUDING CONIFERS, PINES, OAKS AND POST-HARVEST TREATMENT OF POTATOES FOR PINK ROT AND LATE BLIGHT

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
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### **FIRST AID**

	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>
	Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
	Take off contaminated clothing.
If on skin	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
If in eyes	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	Move person to fresh air.
If inhaled	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferable
If Innaled	mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the prod	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center, or doctor, or going for treatment. You
	may also call 1-800-282-8007 for emergency medical treatment information.

# **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**CAUTION.** Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators, and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

### [SHAKE] / [AGITATE] / [MIX] WELL BEFORE USE

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other person, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard. 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, and nurseries, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry intervals.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, chemical resistant gloves and protective eyewear.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

### **GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Apply [P-FYT]/[this product] by various application methods, including foliar sprays, trunk injection, soil drench, soil incorporation, and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply with sufficient water for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage. To ensure good coverage, spray to wet.

- 1. MIXING INSTRUCTIONS
- 2. Fill the spray tank with 1/2 of the required volume of water.
- 3. Add [P-FYT]/[this product] slowly to the tank and agitate by hydraulic or mechanical means.
- 4. Continue to fill the tank with water to the desired volume while agitating.
- 5. Continue agitation when applying.

For 1-gallon (3.785 liters) containers: the contents will treat up to 34,848 sq. ft. at the maximum rate. For 2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) containers: The contents will treat up to 2 acres at the maximum rate. For 5 gallons (18.925 liters) containers: the contents will treat up to 4 acres at the maximum rate.

### LOW VOLUME AND ULTRA-LOW VOLUME APPLICATIONS

Labeled rates are for use with conventional application equipment. For LV/ULV equipment, follow use directions for the per acre rate and adjust the amount of water to equipment needs. Always conduct a phytotoxicity test on a small area before applying to a large area in order to asses any potential risk to plants.

### COMPATIBILITY

Mixing [P-FYT]/[this product] with certain surfactants, foliar fertilizers or other pesticides may cause crop injury. [P-FYT]/[this product] is a slightly acidic buffer solution. Avoid mixing with strongly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility. Do not apply on a large scale without assessing its safety to the crop (phytotoxicity). It is not possible to test all material combinations and environmental tank mix combinations.

Test the compatibility of spray adjuvants (i.e. stickers, spreaders, wetting agents) with P-FYT before use.

To determine the compatibility of [P-FYT/ / [this product] with other materials, use a jar compatibility test. Add the appropriate amount of water to a clean container then add the correct proportions of each product. Mix thoroughly, then let stand for 3-5 minutes. If the mixture remains in solution or can be remixed readily, the products are considered compatible.

To determine if a mixture is phytotoxic, combine other materials with this product using the desired tank mix ratios. Apply to a small area of turf, foliage, and/or fruit and evaluate for 3 – 7 days for visual symptoms before applying to a large area.

### CHEMIGATION

### APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

This product may be applied using microjet, drip, solid set and center pivot sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

**PREPARATION OF INJECTION EQUIPMENT: Clean chemical tank and injector system by removing** scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter. Flush with clean water.

### Note to PM: **Bold, italicized text is for the reader and is not a part of the label.** [Bracketed information is optional] Text separated by / denotes and/or options

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:** Fill tank with 1/2 -3/4 of targeted amount of water. Start agitation then add the required amount of [P-FYT]/[this product], followed by the remaining amount of water. Set sprinkler system to deliver 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water/ acre. Start sprinkler system and uniformly inject the solution of [P-FYT]/[this product] into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the targeted rate per acre. Inject the solution with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. For other questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, your [Harrell's]/[company] representative, or other experts.

**NOTE:** For Microjet and Drip Irrigation Systems: Delay irrigation of the treated area for 24 to 48 hours after treatment. For Solid Set and Center Pivot Irrigation Systems: Delay irrigation of the treated area until after the foliage has completely dried. This will help prevent washing the chemical off of the foliage..

### GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally dosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to maintain a uniform solution. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or if distribution lines must be dismantled or drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of chemigation water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut down and adjust the system as needed.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse system) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

### **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

For resistance management, P-FYT contains a Group P07 fungicide/bactericide. Any fungal/bacterial population may contain individuals naturally resistant to this product and other Group P07 fungicides/bactericides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides/bactericides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide/bactericide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

• Rotate the use of (name of product) or other Group (mode of action group number) fungicides/bactericides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.

#### Note to PM:

- Use tank mixtures with fungicide/bactericides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide/bactericide use that includes scouting, information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your [Harrell's]/[company representative] or call Harrell's, LLC (800) 282-8007. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS FOOD CROPS

[P-FYT]/[This product] is a fungicide used for control of Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Erwinia amylovora, Pythium, Fusarium, Rhizoctonia and Phytophthora disease (such as purple blotch, late blight, blue mold, soft rot, root rot, brown rot, foot rot, crown/collar rot, canker, fruit/foliar rot, fire blight, heart rot, pink rot, pythium leak, red stele, leather rot, etc.) of agronomic crops. (See specific crop groupings for additional diseases.) This product may be applied up to the day of harvest.

### P-FYT can be applied to plants including:

**Berry Crops:** Blackberry (including bingberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, Chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, Lavacaberry, lowberry, Lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenom- enalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, youngberry, and varieties and/or hybrids of these), Blueberry, Cane Berries, Cranberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Raspberry (black and red) and Strawberry.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest labeled rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	<b>Disease Prevention Program</b> *:
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals after plants become
		1000 liters of water/hectare)	established. Do not apply
	Aerial Application		at intervals less than 3 days.

		1 to 2 quarte in a minimum of	Disease Control Drogram
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots
		2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of	for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24
		water. (5 liters/1000 liters of	hours after dipping.
		water)	
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
	-	least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(10 liters in at least 1000 liters	Prevention Program or Disease
		of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	,
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew <sup>†</sup>	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease Control
		water/hectare)	Program as stated above. Do
	Aerial Application	1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	not apply at intervals less than 3
		10 gallons of water/acre.	days.
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	· ·
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	

+ Except California

**Brassica:** Broccoli (all types), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage (all types), Cauliflower, Cavolo broccoli, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach and Rape greens.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	<b>Disease Prevention Program*</b> :
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium <sup>+</sup>	or	(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals after plants become
		1000 liters of water/hectare)	established. Do not apply
	Aerial Application		at intervals less than 3 days.

		1 to 2 minute in a minimum of	Discourse Countries Discourses
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	1 quart/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip
		1/3	immediately prior to planting.
		fluid ounce/ gallon of water.	(100 gallons is intended to treat
		(2.5 liters/1000 liters of water)	the number of slips required to
			plant one acre).
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew <sup>+</sup>	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease
		water/hectare)	Control Program as stated above.
	Aerial Application		Do not apply at intervals less than
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	3 days.
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	

+ Except California

<u>Cereal Grains, Forage and Fiber Crops</u>: Alfalfa, Barley, Buckwheat, Canola, Clover (all types), Corn (all types), Cotton, Hay, Kudzu, Lespedeza, Lupin, Millet, Oats, Popcorn, Rice, Rye, Safflower, Sainfoin, Sorghum, Sunflower, Teosinte, Trefoil, Triticale, Vetch, Wheat and Wild rice.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals after plants become
		1000 liters of water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at

	Aerial Application		intervals less than 3 days.
Rhizoctonia†		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
KIIIZOCLOIIIa		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
		100 Iters of water/flectare.)	
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease Control
		water/hectare)	Program as stated above. Do not
	Aerial Application		apply at intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	

+ Except California

Note to PM:

<u>Citrus Crops (Bearing and Non-Bearing) including Avocado</u>: Avocado, Calamondin, Citrus hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange (all types), Pomelo, and Satsuma mandarin.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

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Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium	or	(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		1000 liters of water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
	Aerial Application		intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week

	Root Dip	<ul> <li>(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of 100 liters of water/hectare.)</li> <li>2 quarts/100 gallons of water,</li> </ul>	intervals until control is reached. Consult with Farm Advisor or crop expert to determine disease severity. Do not apply at intervals less than 3 days. Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots
		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water (5 liters/1000 liters of water)	for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours after dipping.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at least 100 gallons of water. (5 to 10 liters in at least 1000 liters of water) Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100 gallons of water. (5-7 liters in at least 1000 liters of water)	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do not apply at intervals less than 3 days.
	Trunk Injection	3 teaspoons/linear yard of canopy width or 2 inch of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH) (15 milliliters/linear meter of canopy width or 5 centimeters DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	Apply according to injection equipment instructions. Adjust rate based on injection equipment suggestions for specific applications. Repeat 2-4 times a year until control is reached.
Downy Mildew	Foliar or	1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of 100 gallons of water/acre. (5 to 7 liters in a minimum of 1000 liters of water/hectare)	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow Disease Prevention Program or Disease Control Program as stated above. Do
	Aerial Application	1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of 10 gallons of water/acre. (5 to 7 liters in a minimum of 100 liters/hectare.)	not apply at intervals less than 3 days.

+ Except California

<u>Cucurbit Crops</u>: Chayote, Chinese wax gourd, Citron melon, Cucumber (all types), Gherkin, Gourd, Muskmelon, Pumpkin, Squash (summer and winter) and Watermelon.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	<b>Disease Prevention Program*</b> :

Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
, Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		1000 liters of water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
	Aerial Application		intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease
		water/hectare)	Control Program as stated above.
	Aerial Application		Do not apply at intervals less than
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	3 days.
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		1000 liters of water/hectare.)	

+ Except California

Herbs and Spices Crops: Allspice, Angelica, Anise, Annatto, Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper buds, Caraway, Cardamom, Cassia bark and buds, Catnip, Celery seed, Chervil, Chive, Cinnamon, Clary, Clove, Cocoa, Coriander, Costmary, Cilantro, Cumin, Curry, Dill, Fennel, Fenugreek, Grains of paradise, Hops, Horehound, Hyssop, Juniper berry, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage, Mace, Marigold, Marjoram, Mint, Mustard, Nasturtium, Nutmeg, Pars- ley, Pennyroyal, Pepper, Poppy seed, Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, Savory, Sweet bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff and Wormwood.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	<b>Disease Prevention Program*</b> :
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
	Aerial Application		intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease Control
		water/hectare)	Program as stated above. Do not
	Aerial Application		apply at intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		1000 liters of water/hectare.)	

\* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

+ Except California

Legume Vegetables Crops: Bean (all types), broad bean (fava bean), Chickpea (garbanzo bean), Guar, Jack bean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Pea (all types), Peanut, Pigeon pea, Soybean and Sword bean.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
Early and Late	Aerial Application		intervals less than 3 days.
Leaf Spot on		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	<b>Disease Control Program:</b>
Peanut†		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
(Cercospora		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
arachidicola		1000 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
and			expert to determine disease
Cercosporidium			severity. Do not apply at
personatum)			intervals less than 3 days.
, ,	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew <sup>+</sup>	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease Control
		water/hectare)	Program as stated above. Do not
	Aerial Application		apply at intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	

\* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

+ Except California

**Pome Fruits Crops (Bearing and Non-Bearing) including Papaya:** Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Papaya, Pear, and Quince.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
Fire Blight <sup>+</sup>	Aerial Application		intervals less than 3 days.
(Erwinia		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
amylovora)		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots
		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of	for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24
		water (5 liters/1000 liters of	hours after dipping.
		water)	
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
	Trunk Injection	3 teaspoons/linear yard of	Apply according to injection
		canopy width or 2 inch of	equipment instructions. Adjust
		trunk diameter at breast	rate based on injection equipment
		height (DBH) (15	suggestions for specific
		milliliters/linear meter of	applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
		DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre. (5 to 7 liters in a	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew†	or	minimum of 1000 liters of	Program or Disease Control
		water/hectare)	Program as stated above. Do
	Aerial Application		not apply at intervals less than 3
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	days.
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		100 liters/hectare.)	

\* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

+ Except California

Stone Fruit Crops including Olives: Apricot, Cherry, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Plum, Plumcot and Prune.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If

### Note to PM: **Bold, italicized text is for the reader and is not a part of the label.** [Bracketed information is optional] Text separated by / denotes and/or options

more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	<b>Disease Prevention Program*</b> :
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply
	Aerial Application		at intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at intervals
			less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots
		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of	for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24
		water (5 liters/1000 liters of	hours after dipping.
		water)	
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated above.
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	Do not apply at intervals less than
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	
	Trunk Injection	3 teaspoons/linear yard of	Apply according to injection
		canopy width or 2 inch of	equipment instructions. Adjust
		trunk diameter at breast	rate based on injection equipment
		height (DBH) (15	suggestions for specific
		milliliters/linear meter of	applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
		DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre. (3 to 8 liters in	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew†	or	1000 liters of water/hectare)	Program or Disease Control
			Program as stated above. Do
	Aerial Application	1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	not apply at intervals less than 3
		10 gallons of water/acre.	days.
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		1000 liters/hectare.)	

\* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

+ Except California

<u>Tree Nut Crops including Grapes and Vines</u>: Almond, Beech nut, Palm, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Grapes (all types), Raisins, Hickory nut, Kiwi, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio and Walnut.

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium <sup>+</sup>	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply
	Aerial Application		at intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water/acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		1000 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine
			disease severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip to the roots
		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of	for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24
		water (5 liters/1000 liters of	hours after dipping.
		water)	
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
	-	at least 1000 liters of water)	
	Trunk Injection	3 teaspoons/linear yard of	Apply according to injection
		canopy width or 2 inch of	equipment instructions. Adjust
		trunk diameter at breast	rate based on injection equipment
		height (DBH) (15	suggestions for specific
		milliliters/linear meter of	applications. Repeat 2-4 times a
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	year until control is reached.
Downy Mildow	Foliar	DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	Apply at 2.2 wook intervals
Downy Mildew Powdery	rullar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of water/acre. (3 to 8 liters in	Apply at 2-3 week intervals. Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew <sup>†</sup>	or	1000 liters of water/hectare)	Program or Disease Control
windew '			Program as stated above. Do
	Aerial Application	1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	not apply at intervals less than 3
		10 gallons of water/acre.	days.
		(3 to 7 liters in a minimum of	μαγο.

		1000 liters/hectare.)	
* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist			

+ Except California

Vegetable Crops Including Miscellaneous Food Crops: (Leafy, Root and Tuber) Amaranth (Chinese spinach, Tampala, etc.) Arracacha, Arugula, Arrowroot, Artichoke (all types), Asparagus, Beet (all types), Burdock, Canna, Cardoon, Carrot, Cassava, Celeriac, Celery, Chayote, Chervil (turnip-rooted), Chicory, Chilies, Chrysanthemum (edible), Chufa, Cinchoca, Coconut, Coffee, Corn (all types), Cress (all types), Dandelion, Dasheen, Dock, Eggplant, Endive, Fennel, Garlic, Ginger, Ginseng, Horseradish, Leren, Lettuce (all types), Okra, Onion, Orach, Parsley, Parsnip, Peppers (all types), Pineapple, Purslane, Potato (all types), Radicchio, Radish (all types), Rhubarb, Rutabaga, Salsify (all types), Skirret, Spinach (all types), Sugar Beet, Sugarcane, Sweet Potato, Swiss Chard, Tanier, Tobacco, Tomato, Turmeric, Turnip, Yam (all types).

Make applications prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural management practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or heat or moisture stressed. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:
Pythium		water/acre.	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply
	Aerial Application		at intervals less than 3 days.
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	Disease Control Program:
		10 gallons of water / acre.	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	intervals until control is reached.
		1000 liters of water/hectare.)	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Apply as pre-plant dip
		2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of	immediately prior to planting.
		water. (5 liters/1000 liters of	(100 gallons is intended to treat
		water)	the number of slips required to
			plant one acre).
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-4 quarts in at	Apply with normal irrigation
		least 100 gallons of water.	schedule. Follow Disease
		(5 to 10 liters in at least 1000	Prevention Program or Disease
		liters of water)	Control Program as stated
		Drip: 2-3 quarts in at least 100	above. Do not apply at intervals
		gallons of water. (5-7 liters in	less than 3 days.
		at least 1000 liters of water)	

Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 3 quarts in 100 gallons of	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Powdery		water/acre.	Follow Disease Prevention
Mildew <sup>+</sup>	or	(3 to 8 liters in 1000 liters of	Program or Disease Control
		water/hectare)	Program as stated above. Do
	Aerial Application		not apply at intervals less than 3
		1 to 3 quarts in a minimum of	days.
		10 gallons of water/acre.	
		(3 to 8 liters in a minimum of	
		1000 liters of water/hectare.)	

+ Except California

### Vegetable Crops Including Miscellaneous Food Crops (cont.)

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Treatment of	Foliar	3 to 5 quarts in 100 gallons of	Disease Prevention Program*:
potato vines for		water/acre.	Apply at 2-3 week intervals.
Pink Rot	or	(5 to 7 liters in a minimum of	Follow Disease Prevention
(Phytophthora		100 liters of water/hectare)	Program or Disease Control
erythroseptica)	Aerial Application		Program as stated above.
Late Blight		3 to 5 quarts in a minimum of	Do not apply at
(Phytophthora		20 gallons of water/acre.	intervals less than 3 days.
infestans)		(5 to 7 liters in a minimum of	
		100 liters of water/hectare.)	
Post-harvest	Spray, rinse or	Dilute P-PHYT at 1:20 ratio	Inject concentrate into water used
treatment of	injected into	with application water. (5.3-	in humidification or process water
potatoes for	humidification water	10.5 fluid ounces/ 0.5 gallon	used for post-harvest storage,
Pink Rot <sup>+</sup>	prior to or during	of water / ton of tubers).	rinses and associated tanks,
(Phytophthora	storage.	(100 to 200 milliliter/liter of	flumes and lines.
erythroseptica)		water)	
Late Blight <sup>+</sup>			
(Phytophthora			
infestans)			

\* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

† Except California

### ORNAMENTALS

[P-FYT]/[This] fungicide is used for control of Pythium, Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Phytophthora and various other diseases of ORNAMENTALS grown in commercial nurseries and greenhouses, golf courses, parks and commercial landscapes. [P-FYT]/[This product] may be applied to all ornamental and landscape plants including (but not limited to): Aglaonema, Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Ash, Azaleas, Bougainvilleas, Boxwood, Bushes, Cattleya skinneri, Cedars, Ceanothus, Cotoneaster, Cissus, Dieffenbachia, Dogwood, Ferns, Ficus, Flowering Trees, Hibiscus, Hardwood Trees, Holly, Home Lawns, Juniper, Magnolia Trees, Maple, Pines, Oaks, Palms, Peperomia, Photinia, Pittosporum, Philodendron, Pieris, Pothos, Redwoods, Rhododendron, Roses, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Shrubs, Spathiphyllum, Sycamore, Taxus media, Zygocactus.

### Note to PM: **Bold, italicized text is for the reader and is not a part of the label.** [Bracketed information is optional] Text separated by / denotes and/or options

Apply [P-FYT]/[this product] prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or under heat or moisture stress. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 2 quarts/100 gallons	<b>Disease Prevention Program*</b> :
Pythium		water or 1/3 fluid ounce to	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
Fusarium†		2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of	intervals after plants become
Rhizoctonia <sup>+</sup>		water. (2.5 to 5 liters/1000	established. Do not apply at
Fire Blight <sup>+</sup>		liters water)	intervals less than 3 days.
(Erwinia			Disease Control Program:
amylovora)			Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
, ,			intervals until control is reached.
			Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
			expert to determine disease
			severity. Do not apply at intervals
			less than 3 days.
			Apply diluted solution to
			thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-
			3 week intervals and repeat as
			needed. Do not apply at intervals
			less than 3 days
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water,	Dip transplants into diluted
		2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of	solution. Thoroughly wet plant
		water (5 liters/1000 liters of	root mass immediately before
		water)	transplanting. Keep roots
		(acci)	submerged for 1 to 2 minutes.
	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallon	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution
		of water or 1/8 to 1/4 fluid	per sq. foot. Adjust volume as
		ounce per gallon of water (1	needed to thoroughly wet media.
		to 2 liters/1000 liters of water)	Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
			repeat as needed. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 1-2 quarts /100	Apply with normal irrigation
		gallons of water. (2.5 – 5	schedule. Follow Disease
		liters/1000 liters of water)	Prevention Program or Disease
		Drip: 1-2 quarts /100 gallons	Control Program as stated
		of water. (2.5 – 5 liters/1000	above. Do not apply at intervals
		liters of water)	less than 3 days.
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 2 quarts/100 gallons	Apply diluted solution to
Powdery		water (1/3 fluid ounce to 2/3	thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-
Mildew <sup>+</sup>		fluid ounce/gallon of water)	3 week intervals and repeat as
		(2.5 to 5 liters/1000 liters of	needed. Do not apply more than 6
		water)	times per crop cycle or year.

Follow Disease Prevention
Program or Disease Control
Program as stated
above. Do not apply at intervals
less than 3 days.

+ Except California

### CONIFERS AND TREES IN COMMERCIAL NURSERIES, PLANTATIONS AND FORESTS, LANDSCAPES AND PARKS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES, OAKS and PINES)

[P-FYT]/[This product] applied in conjunction with good cultural management practices will control Phytophthora root rot of conifers including (but not limited to): Douglas Fir, spruce and pines also other Phytophthora disease of Oaks (Sudden Oak Death) and forest trees. Use the higher rates when disease pressure is severe. Do not apply to trees that are under heat or moisture stress.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 2 quarts/100 gallon of	Disease Prevention Program*:
		water/acre (2.5 to 5	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
		liters/1000 liters	intervals after plants become
		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
		or	intervals less than 3 days.
		01	Disease Control Program:
		1/3 fluid ounce to 2/3 fluid	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		ounce/gallon of water. Apply	intervals until control is reached.
		diluted solution to thoroughly	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
		wet foliage. Apply at 2-3 week	expert to determine disease
		intervals and repeat as	severity. Do not apply P-PHYT at
		needed.	intervals less than 3 days.
	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallons	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution
		of water or 1/8 to ¼ fluid	per sq. foot. Adjust volume as
		ounce/ gallon of water (1 to 2	needed to thoroughly wet media.
		liters/1000 liters of water)	Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
			repeat as needed. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Trunk Injection	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection
		canopy width or 2 inch of	equipment instructions. Adjust
		trunk diameter at breast	rate based on injection equipment
		height (DBH) (15	suggestions for specific
		milliliters/linear meter of	applications.
		canopy width or 5 centimeters	
		DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water	Apply as a pre-plant dip to the
		(2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of	roots for 15-30 minutes. Plant
		water) 5 liters/ 1000 liters of	within 24 hours after dipping.
		water	

Do not graze livestock in treated conifer nurseries and/or plantations. Do not feed forage to livestock from treated nurseries and/or plantations.

### TURF

### (INCLUDES APPLICATIONS TO RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL LAWNS BY COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS)

[P-FYT]/[This product] is a systemic fungicide, which is used for the control of Pythium blight, Summer Complex (Bermuda and others), Dollar Spot, Grey Leaf Spot, Brown Patch, Anthracnose and damping-off diseases to turf grasses on sod farms and lawns, commercial turf production, golf courses (including tees and greens), parks and commercial landscapes. Begin preventative applications when conditions first favor disease and repeat at recommended intervals. Use higher rates under severe disease conditions.

ase	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Pythium (Yellow Turf) Rhizoctonia† Sclerotinia† Helminthosporium† Alternaria† Anthracnose† (Colletotrichum graminicola)	Foliar	1 to 5ounces/1,000 square feet. (50-100 milliliters/100 square meters) or 1 to 3 quarts/100 gallons of water/acre. (3 to 8 liters/1000 liters of water/hectare)	Mix in 1 – 2 gal of water and apply to 1,000 sq. ft. Apply at 7 to 21-day intervals as needed. For sod farms and large areas: Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 7-21 day intervals and repeat as needed.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-3 quarts/acre (5 – 7 liters/hectare in at least 100 gallons of water. (1000 liters) of water.	Apply at 7 – 10 day intervals with normal irrigation schedule. Repeat as needed.

\* Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock and poultry.

+ Except California

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal. **Pesticide Storage:** Store in a dry, cool place.

**Pesticide Disposal:** To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

### **Container Handling (5 gallons or less)**

<u>Non-refillable container</u>. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

### **Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)**

<u>Non-refillable container</u>. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and localauthorities.

### **Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)**

<u>Refillable container.</u> Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

CONTAINERS ARE NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER.

### **Refillable Bulk Containers**

Refillable Container. Container handling instructions are not required. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

### Note: Fertilizer Guaranteed Analysis Section is optional

### **IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE**

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Harrell's LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, HARRELL'S LLC MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Harrell's LLC is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, HARRELL'S LLC DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT HARRELL'S LLC'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

Manufactured By/Manufactured For/Packed For/Sold By/:

Harrell's, LLC P.O. BOX 807 Lakeland, FL 33802

### SUBLABEL B – COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS: FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS

POTASSIUM PHOSPHITE GROUP P07 FUNGICIDE

# **P-FYT**

# SYSTEMIC FUNGICIDE

[Alternate Brand Names: Title Phyte, Title Phyte Fungicide, Title Phyte Systemic Fungicide, Harrell's ProtectMAX<sup>™</sup> Phosphite Fungicide]

[Batch/Lot Number] [SKU Number]

A FUNGICIDE FOR THE CONTROL OF DOWNY MILDEW, PHYTOPHTHORA, PYTHIUM AND VARIOUS OTHER DISEASES ON GREENHOUSE CROPS, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS, BEDDING PLANTS, TURF, FORESTRY APPLICATIONS AND DOMESTIC TREES, INCLUDING CONIFERS, PINES, OAKS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
Mono- and di-Potassium Phosphite*	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL	
-	

\*Contains 6.93 lbs./gallon of the active ingredient, Potassium Phosphite. Equivalent to 4.71 lbs. Phosphorous Acid/gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 52287-	EPA Est. No. 52287-AL-1

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

# CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

[See inside booklet] / [Read back panel] / [Read entire label] for [First Aid] [and] additional precautionary statements.

For **MEDICAL** Emergencies Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-282-8007 For **TRANSPORTATION** Emergencies Call 24 Hours a Day 1-800-424-9300 For **PRODUCT USE** Information call 1-800-282-8007 (8 am – 5 pm Eastern)

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gal. (9.46 liters, 30 gal (113.52 liters), 250 gal (946 liters), Bulk Containers

### FIRST AID

	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.				
If swallowed	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.				
II Swallowed	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.				
	Do not give anything to an unconscious person.				
	Take off contaminated clothing.				
If on skin	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.				
If in eyes	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.				
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
	Move person to fresh air.				
• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, p					
ii iiiialeu	mouth-to-mouth if possible.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.				
Have the prod	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center, or doctor, or going for treatment. You				
	may also call 1-800-282-8007 for emergency medical treatment information.				

### **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**CAUTION.** Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators, and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and protective eyewear. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Master 9/24/19

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product.

### [SHAKE] / [AGITATE] / [MIX] WELL BEFORE USE

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other person, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard. 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, and nurseries, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry intervals.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, chemical resistant gloves and protective eyewear.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

### **GENERAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Apply [P-FYT]/[this product] by various application methods, including foliar sprays, trunk injection, soil drench, soil incorporation, and bare root dip. For foliar sprays, apply with sufficient water for adequate coverage of foliage, according to crop and growth stage. To ensure good coverage, spray to wet.

- 1. MIXING INSTRUCTIONS
- 2. Fill the spray tank with 1/2 of the required volume of water.
- 3. Add [P-FYT]/[this product] slowly to the tank and agitate by hydraulic or mechanical means.
- 4. Continue to fill the tank with water to the desired volume while agitating.
- 5. Continue agitation when applying.

For 1-gallon (3.785 liters) containers: the contents will treat up to 34,848 sq. ft. at the maximum rate. For 2 1/2 gallons (9.463 liters) containers: The contents will treat up to 2 acres at the maximum rate. For 5 gallons (18.925 liters) containers: the contents will treat up to 4 acres at the maximum rate.

Master 9/24/19

### LOW VOLUME AND ULTRA-LOW VOLUME APPLICATIONS

Labeled rates are for use with conventional application equipment. For LV/ULV equipment, follow use directions for the per acre rate and adjust the amount of water to equipment needs. Always conduct a phytotoxicity test on a small area before applying to a large area in order to asses any potential risk to plants.

### COMPATIBILITY

Mixing [P-FYT]/[this product] with certain surfactants, foliar fertilizers or other pesticides may cause crop injury. [P-FYT]/[this product] is a slightly acidic buffer solution. Avoid mixing with strongly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not tank mix without first testing the mixture's compatibility. Do not apply on a large scale without assessing its safety to the crop (phytotoxicity). It is not possible to test all material combinations and environmental tank mix combinations.

Test the compatibility of spray adjuvants (i.e. stickers, spreaders, wetting agents) with P-FYT before use.

To determine the compatibility of [P-FYT/ / [this product] with other materials, use a jar compatibility test. Add the appropriate amount of water to a clean container then add the correct proportions of each product. Mix thoroughly, then let stand for 3-5 minutes. If the mixture remains in solution or can be remixed readily, the products are considered compatible.

To determine if a mixture is phytotoxic, combine other materials with this product using the desired tank mix ratios. Apply to a small area of turf, foliage, and/or fruit and evaluate for 3 - 7 days for visual symptoms before applying to a large area.

### CHEMIGATION

### APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

This product may be applied using microjet, drip, solid set and center pivot sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

**PREPARATION OF INJECTION EQUIPMENT: Clean chemical tank and injector system by removing** scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter. Flush with clean water.

**APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:** Fill tank with 1/2 -3/4 of targeted amount of water. Start agitation then add the required amount of [P-FYT]/[this product], followed by the remaining amount of water. Set sprinkler system to deliver 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water/ acre. Start sprinkler system and uniformly inject the solution of [P-FYT]/[this product] into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the targeted rate per acre. Inject the solution with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. For other questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, your [Harrell's]/[company] representative, or other experts.

**NOTE:** For Microjet and Drip Irrigation Systems: Delay irrigation of the treated area for 24 to 48 hours after treatment. For Solid Set and Center Pivot Irrigation Systems: Delay irrigation of the treated area until after the foliage has completely dried. This will help prevent washing the chemical off of the foliage..

### GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER AND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection

### Note to PM: **Bold, italicized text is for the reader and is not a part of the label.** [Bracketed information is optional] Text separated by / denotes and/or options

pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally dosed, solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to maintain a uniform solution. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or if distribution lines must be dismantled or drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of chemigation water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut down and adjust the system as needed.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse system) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

### **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT**

For resistance management, P-FYT contains a Group P07 fungicide/bactericide. Any fungal/bacterial population may contain individuals naturally resistant to this product and other Group P07 fungicides/bactericides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides/bactericides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide/bactericide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of (name of product) or other Group (mode of action group number) fungicides/bactericides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide/bactericides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide/bactericide use that includes scouting, information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your [Harrell's]/[company representative] or call Harrell's, LLC (800) 282-8007. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

### ORNAMENTALS

### Note to PM: **Bold, italicized text is for the reader and is not a part of the label.** [Bracketed information is optional] Text separated by / denotes and/or options

[P-FYT]/[This] fungicide is used for control of Pythium, Downy Mildew, Powdery Mildew, Phytophthora and various other diseases of ORNAMENTALS grown in commercial nurseries and greenhouses, golf courses, parks and commercial landscapes. [P-FYT]/[This product] may be applied to all ornamental and landscape plants including (but not limited to): Aglaonema, Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Ash, Azaleas, Bougainvilleas, Boxwood, Bushes, Cattleya skinneri, Cedars, Ceanothus, Cotoneaster, Cissus, Dieffenbachia, Dogwood, Ferns, Ficus, Flowering Trees, Hibiscus, Hardwood Trees, Holly, Home Lawns, Juniper, Magnolia Trees, Maple, Pines, Oaks, Palms, Peperomia, Photinia, Pittosporum, Philodendron, Pieris, Pothos, Redwoods, Rhododendron, Roses, Schefflera, Sedum, Sempervivum, Shrubs, Spathiphyllum, Sycamore, Taxus media, Zygocactus.

Apply [P-FYT]/[this product] prior to disease development in conjunction with good cultural practices. Use the higher rate when disease pressure is severe. Use rates and frequency are designed to prevent plant injury. If more frequent applications are necessary for disease control, consult a crop expert and follow their recommendations. Do not exceed the highest rate per application. Do not apply at less than 3-day intervals. Do not apply to plants that are dormant or under heat or moisture stress. To avoid undesirable copper phytotoxicity, do not make foliar applications to plants treated with copper-based compounds at less than 20-day intervals unless instructed to do so by your consultant. Allow foliage to completely dry after application. Do not apply when conditions favor wet tissue for prolonged periods (>4 hours).

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora Pythium Fusarium <sup>†</sup> Rhizoctonia <sup>†</sup> Fire Blight <sup>†</sup> (Erwinia amylovora)	Foliar	1 to 2 quarts/100 gallons water or 1/3 fluid ounce to 2/3 fluid ounce/gallon of water. (2.5 to 5 liters/1000 liters water)	Disease Prevention ProgramDisease Prevention Program*:Apply lower rate at 2-4 weekintervals after plants becomeestablished. Do not apply atintervals less than 3 days.Disease Control Program:Apply higher rate at 2-3 weekintervals until control is reached.Consult with Farm Advisor or cropexpert to determine diseaseseverity. Do not apply at intervalsless than 3 days.Apply diluted solution tothoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and repeat asneeded. Do not apply at intervalsless than 3 days
	Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water, 2/3 fluid ounces/gallon of water (5 liters/1000 liters of water)	Dip transplants into diluted solution. Thoroughly wet plant root mass immediately before transplanting. Keep roots submerged for 1 to 2 minutes.
	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallon of water or 1/8 to 1/4 fluid ounce per gallon of water (1 to 2 liters/1000 liters of water)	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution per sq. foot. Adjust volume as needed to thoroughly wet media. Apply at 2-3 week intervals and repeat as needed. Do not apply at intervals less than 3 days.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 1-2 quarts /100 gallons of water. (2.5 – 5	Apply with normal irrigation schedule. Follow Disease

[Bracketed information is optional] Text separated by / denotes and/or options

[	1	I	
		liters/1000 liters of water)	Prevention Program or Disease
		Drip: 1-2 quarts /100 gallons	Control Program as stated
		of water. (2.5 – 5 liters/1000	above. Do not apply at intervals
		liters of water)	less than 3 days.
Downy Mildew	Foliar	1 to 2 quarts/100 gallons	Apply diluted solution to
Powdery		water (1/3 fluid ounce to 2/3	thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 2-
Mildew <sup>†</sup>		fluid ounce/gallon of water)	3 week intervals and repeat as
		(2.5 to 5 liters/1000 liters of	needed. Do not apply more than 6
		water)	times per crop cycle or year.
			Follow Disease Prevention
			Program or Disease Control
			Program as stated
			above. Do not apply at intervals
			less than 3 days.

\* Check with your local Extension Agent if you are unsure these conditions exist.

† Except California

### CONIFERS AND TREES IN COMMERCIAL NURSERIES, PLANTATIONS AND FORESTS, LANDSCAPES AND PARKS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREES, OAKS and PINES)

[P-FYT]/[This product] applied in conjunction with good cultural management practices will control Phytophthora root rot of conifers including (but not limited to): Douglas Fir, spruce and pines also other Phytophthora disease of Oaks (Sudden Oak Death) and forest trees. Use the higher rates when disease pressure is severe. Do not apply to trees that are under heat or moisture stress.

Disease	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Phytophthora	Foliar	1 to 2 quarts/100 gallon of	Disease Prevention Program*:
		water/acre (2.5 to 5	Apply lower rate at 2-4 week
		liters/1000 liters	intervals after plants become
		water/hectare)	established. Do not apply at
		or	intervals less than 3 days.
		01	Disease Control Program:
		1/3 fluid ounce to 2/3 fluid	Apply higher rate at 2-3 week
		ounce/gallon of water. Apply	intervals until control is reached.
		diluted solution to thoroughly	Consult with Farm Advisor or crop
		wet foliage. Apply at 2-3 week	expert to determine disease
		intervals and repeat as	severity. Do not apply P-PHYT at
		needed.	intervals less than 3 days.
	Soil Drench	12-24 fluid ounce/100 gallons	Apply 1-2 pts. of diluted solution
		of water or 1/8 to ¼ fluid	per sq. foot. Adjust volume as
		ounce/ gallon of water (1 to 2	needed to thoroughly wet media.
		liters/1000 liters of water)	Apply at 2-3 week intervals and
			repeat as needed. Do not apply at
			intervals less than 3 days.
	Trunk Injection	3 teaspoons / linear yard of	Apply according to injection
		canopy width or 2 inch of	equipment instructions. Adjust
		trunk diameter at breast	rate based on injection equipment
		height (DBH) (15	suggestions for specific

	milliliters/linear meter of canopy width or 5 centimeters DBH.) Inject directly into tree.	applications.
Root Dip	2 quarts/100 gallons of water (2/3 fluid ounce/ gallon of water) 5 liters/ 1000 liters of water	Apply as a pre-plant dip to the roots for 15-30 minutes. Plant within 24 hours after dipping.

Do not graze livestock in treated conifer nurseries and/or plantations. Do not feed forage to livestock from treated nurseries and/or plantations.

### TURF

### (INCLUDES APPLICATIONS TO RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL LAWNS BY COMMERCIAL APPLICATORS)

[P-FYT]/[This product] is a systemic fungicide, which is used for the control of Pythium blight, Summer Complex (Bermuda and others), Dollar Spot, Grey Leaf Spot, Brown Patch, Anthracnose and damping-off diseases to turf grasses on sod farms and lawns, commercial turf production, golf courses (including tees and greens), parks and commercial landscapes. Begin preventative applications when conditions first favor disease and repeat at recommended intervals. Use higher rates under severe disease conditions.

ase	Application Method	Rate	Application Program
Pythium (Yellow Turf) Rhizoctonia† Sclerotinia† Helminthosporium† Alternaria† Anthracnose† (Colletotrichum graminicola)	Foliar	1 to 5ounces/1,000 square feet. (50-100 milliliters/100 square meters) or 1 to 3 quarts/100 gallons of water/acre. (3 to 8 liters/1000 liters of water/hectare)	Mix in 1 – 2 gal of water and apply to 1,000 sq. ft. Apply at 7 to 21-day intervals as needed. For sod farms and large areas: Apply diluted solution to thoroughly wet foliage. Apply at 7-21 day intervals and repeat as needed.
	Irrigation	Overhead: 2-3 quarts/acre (5 – 7 liters/hectare in at least 100 gallons of water. (1000 liters) of water.	Apply at 7 – 10 day intervals with normal irrigation schedule. Repeat as needed.

\* Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock and poultry.

+ Except California

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal. **Pesticide Storage:** Store in a dry, cool place.

**Pesticide Disposal:** To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

### **Container Handling (5 gallons or less)**

<u>Non-refillable container.</u> Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

### **Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)**

<u>Non-refillable container</u>. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and localauthorities.

### **Container Handling (greater than 5 gallons)**

<u>Refillable container</u>. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

### CONTAINERS ARE NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER.

### **Refillable Bulk Containers**

Refillable Container. Container handling instructions are not required. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

### Note: Fertilizer Guaranteed Analysis Section is optional

[Fertilizer] [0-0-30]
Guaranteed Analysis
Soluble Potash (K <sub>2</sub> O)
Derived from: Potassium Phosphite
[Florida License No.][ F352]
[Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at
http://www.aapfco.org/metals.html]
[Information on the components of this product may be obtained by writing Harrell's, LLC at the address
below/on this label]

### IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Harrell's LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, HARRELL'S LLC MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Harrell's LLC is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, HARRELL'S LLC DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT HARRELL'S LLC'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

Manufactured By/Manufactured For/Packed For/Sold By/and Guaranteed By:

Harrell's, LLC P.O. BOX 807 Lakeland, FL 33802 Master 9/24/19

### **OPTIONAL MARKETING CLAIMS AND LOGO'S**

(Note: The following logos and/or claims may or may not be used on the FPL)

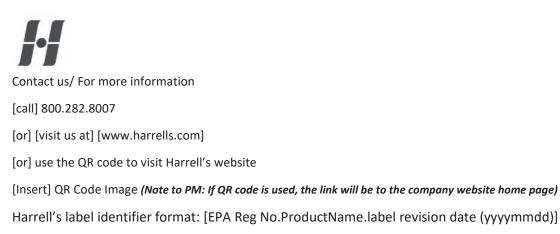
### **COMPANY SPECIFIC INFORMATION**

(Harrell's Corporate Logo)



Growing a Better World<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Harrell's, LLC Harrell's SPRAYMAX<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Harrell's, LLC TITLE PHYTE<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Harrell's, LLC Harrell's ProtectMAX<sup>™</sup> is a trademark of Harrell's, LLC

### (Harrell's "H" Logo)



### **Fertilizer Claims**

Contains Potassium Contains 30% Soluble Potash (K<sub>2</sub>O) [0-0-30] Potassium [in P-FYT] /[in this product] can be used to supplement a well-balanced fertilizer program [Fertilizer Grade] [0-0-30]