

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

October 28, 2020

Carla J. Figueroa Regulatory Specialist Agent for Westbridge Agricultural Products c/o SciReg, Inc. 12733Director's Loop Woodbridge, VA 22192

Subject: Non-PRIA (Pesticide Registration Improvement Act) Labeling Amendment – Revision to the Labeling to update precautionary language, efficacy claims, use directions, and storage and disposal sections.
 Product Name: Foliar Triggrr
 EPA Registration Number: 51517-4
 Application Date: 08/03/2020
 OPP Decision Number: 565494
 OPP Case Number: 00141435

Dear Ms. Figueroa:

The amended labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable.

This approval does not affect any terms or conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing terms or conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR § 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR § 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 51517-4 OPP Decision No. 565494 OPP Case Number: 00141435

misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA-approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these terms. If these terms are not complied with, this registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

If you have any questions, please contact James Parker by phone at (703) 306-0469 or via email at parker.james@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

andrew C. Bycelow

Andrew Bryceland, Team Leader Biochemical Pesticides Branch Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

{Front Panel}

Foliar TRIGGRR®

Plant Growth Regulator

Active Ingredient*:

Cytokinin (as kinetin)	00.0173%
Other Ingredients:	99.9827%
Total	100.0000%
*Contains Non-Plant Food Ingredients	

[{Marketing language:}]

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

ACCEPTED 10/28/2020 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. ELECT 4

51517-4

See APPLICATION GUIDE for FIRST AID, PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS and DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

CHEMIGATION: Refer to supplemental labeling entitled APPLICATION GUIDE for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed [allowed].

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling entitled AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE section of the labeling for information about this standard. [For US Health Information, call 1-888-786-0974.]

EPA Reg. No. 51517-4 EPA Est. No. 51517-CA-1

Net Contents: 1 U.S. Gallon [1 U.S. Quart]

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

Manufactured by Westbridge Agricultural Products 1260 Avenida Chelsea • Vista, CA 92081 USA (800) 876-2767

-----{Booklet}------

{Foliar TRIGGRR Logo} FOLIAR TRIGGRR[®] Plant Growth Regulator

APPLICATION GUIDE

Active Ingredient*:

Cytokinin (as kinetin)	0.0173%
Other Ingredients:	99.9827%
Total	100.0000%
*Contains Non-Plant Food Ingredients	

Keep Out of Reach of Children

Page 1 of 12 August 3, 2020

See inside booklet for additional precautionary statements.

EPA Reg. No. 51517-4 EPA Est. No. 51517-CA-1 Westbridge Agricultural Products 1260 Avenida Chelsea • Vista, CA 92081 USA (800) 876-2767

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Foliar TRIGGRR is a plant growth regulator for use on all agronomic and horticultural crops. Applied as a supplement to a sound crop management program at specific stages of plant development, Foliar TRIGGRR can stimulate leaf initiation, regulate flowering and improve crop uniformity, growth and quality.

Use Foliar TRIGGRR to:

- Stimulate leaf growth and improve uniformity (celery, lettuce and spinach); or, aid in regrowth after crop damage (hay alfalfa).
- **Regulate** flowering and improve set in legumes (fresh market and dry peas, beans and soybeans), tree fruit (apples, stone fruit and oranges) and seed crops (seed alfalfa and hybrid cabbage).
- **Improve** fruit bud initiation in tree fruit, tree nuts and vines.
- Improve crop quality and uniformity (red potatoes, apples, table grapes and chili peppers).
- Promote plant growth and continued flowering after harvest (chili peppers, squash and watermelon).
- Improve production of ornamental plants.

For best results use Foliar TRIGGRR with full fertilization programs. Foliar TRIGGRR can be used in a program with Soil TRIGGRR. Please refer to the Soil TRIGGRR label for application rates and timings.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

FIRST AID											
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.										
OR	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. 										
CLOTHING:	• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.										
	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. 										
IF IN EYES:	 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. 										
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 										
	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.										
	[For more information call 1-800-876-2767 Monday-Friday 8-5 PT. After hours, weekends or holidays call 1-800-222-1222, the National Poison Control Center.]										
	[U.S. Health Hazard information call 1-888-786-0974 M-F, 8-5 CT)										
	hours, weekends or holidays – call the National Poison Control Center at 1-800-222-1222.]										
{Note: The	e first aid statements' grid format will be used if market label space permits; otherwise a paragraph format will be used.}										

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants
 Shoes plus socks
 Waterproof gloves
 anufacturer's instructions for cloaping/maintaining PRE. If no such instructions are given for wash

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions are given for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
- Wash outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this labeling about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: • Coveralls • Waterproof Gloves • Shoes plus socks

FOR USE ON

FIELD CROPS: Alfalfa (Hay and Seed Production), Canola, Corn (including Popcorn), Cotton, Hops, Peanuts, Rice, Sorghum (Milo), Soybeans, Sugarcane, Wheat and other Cereal Grains.

FRUITS and NUTS: Avocados, Bananas and Plantains, Berry Fruits (such as Blueberries, Blackberries, Currants, Huckleberries, Loganberries and Raspberries), Citrus Fruits (such as Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes and Oranges), Coffee, Cranberries, Exotic Fruits (such as Figs, Guava, Kiwifruit, Mangos, Papayas, Persimmons and Pineapples), Grapes, Pome Fruits (such as Apples, Crabapple, Pears and Quinces), Stone Fruits (such as Apricots, Cherries, Peaches, Plums and Nectarines), Strawberries, Tree Nuts (such as Almonds, Cashews, Hazelnuts, Pecans and Walnuts).

VEGETABLES: Artichokes, Asparagus, Brassica (Cole) Vegetables (such as Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mustard Greens and Rapini), Brassica Seed Production, Bulb Vegetables (such as Garlic, Leeks, Onions and Shallots), Cucurbit Vegetables (such as Cantaloupes, Cucumbers, Honeydew, Pumpkins, Squash and Watermelons), Fruiting Vegetables (such as Eggplant, Peppers and Tomatoes), Ginseng, Herbs and Spices (such as Anise (Fennel), Basil, Chive, Clove, Dill, Mint, Nutmeg, Parsley, Rosemary and Sage), Leafy Vegetables (such as Arugula, Celery, Cress, Endive, Lettuce, Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss Chard), Legume Vegetables (such as all varieties of Beans and Peas, Garbanzos and Lentils), Okra, Root and Tuber Vegetables (such as Beets, Carrots, Ginger, Potatoes, Radishes, Sweet Potatoes, Turnips and Yams) and Root and Tuber Vegetable Seed Production.

NON-FOOD CROPS: Jojoba, Ornamentals and Turf (Sod and Seed production).

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Foliar TRIGGRR is water soluble and suitable for use in conventional liquid application systems.

Product Dilution: Shake Foliar TRIGGRR thoroughly and dilute in sufficient water to assure adequate and even coverage. Examples of the amount of dilution water to use are given in the table below.

Type of Application	Сгор	Amount of Water per Acre
Aerial	All	3 to 20 gallons
	Field Crops	5 to 50 gallons
Ground	Row Crops	10 to 100 gallons
	Tree & Vine Crops	15 to 400 gallons
Backpack or Hand-Held	Ornamentals	5 to 50 gallons

Dilution water pH: Adjust alkaline dilution water (pH greater than 7) to pH 6 or below prior to the addition of Foliar TRIGGRR. Agitate the tank mixture during application and use within 12 hours after dilution.

Surfactants: When Foliar TRIGGRR is used alone, the addition of 0.1 to 0.5% of an anionic or nonionic surfactant labeled for food and feed use [{(name of surfactant)}] to the spray mix will improve droplet spreading on the leaves.

COMPATIBILITY

Apply Foliar TRIGGRR with sufficient water to ensure adequate coverage without excessive runoff. Foliar TRIGGRR can be tank mixed with herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, nematicides and fertilizers. Add Foliar TRIGGRR last, with agitation, to spray tank mixes containing the other fully diluted chemicals. Test compatibility of the intended tank mixture with a standard jar test before use.

When using with fertilizers containing high amounts of phosphorus, add one gallon of water to the spray tank for each three gallons of fertilizer, and add a buffer/compatibility agent [{such as name of buffer/compatibility agent}] prior to adding Foliar TRIGGRR. The following procedures are known to be helpful in the event of incompatibility:

- Predilute Foliar TRIGGRR in 5 gallons of water before adding to the spray tank.
- Increase the amount of water per acre to be applied.
- Add a buffer/compatibility agent [{such as name of buffer/compatibility agent}] to the spray tank.

CHEMIGATION

Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems: Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Apply Foliar TRIGGRR at the end of the water application, and in sufficient water for adequate coverage without excessive run off. Add other desired pesticides and/or fertilizers to the nurse tank (supply tank), and then add Foliar TRIGGRR (see MIXING and COMPATIBILITY sections). Set metering pump to the desired label use rate. Agitate the supply tank throughout the application of Foliar TRIGGRR.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Sprinkler chemigation: The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (i.e., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Apply Foliar TRIGGRR at the end of the water application, and in sufficient water for adequate coverage without excessive run off. Add other desired pesticides and/or fertilizers to the nurse tank (supply tank), and then add Foliar TRIGGRR (see MIXING and COMPATIBILITY sections above). Set metering pump to the desired label use rate. Agitate the supply tank throughout the application of Foliar TRIGGRR.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

HEAVY METAL INTERNET STATEMENT

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at http://www.appfco.org/metals.htm.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store Foliar TRIGGRR in a cool place out of direct sunlight.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Non-refillable container; do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available; or reconditioning, if appropriate; or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill; or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by incineration. If incinerated, stay out of smoke.

{Per PR Notice 2007-4 the batch code/lot number will appear on the label or container.}

NOTICE OF WARRANTY

Westbridge warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Westbridge. To the fullest extent permitted by State law, Westbridge shall not be held liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. Westbridge makes no warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose nor any other expressed or implied warranty except as stated above.

Foliar TRIGGRR [®] Plant Growth Regulator
APPLICATION TABLE

CROP	Improve flowering & fruit set	Improve crop uniformity & size	Improve color	Increase leaf initiation & growth	Improve seed fill & development	Alter bloom period/control bloom	Increase fruit retention	Broadcast Application Rate	Band Application Rate [(Fluid Ounces Per Acre)]	Use with Soil TRIGGRR®*	APPLICATION TIMING
Alfalfa: Seed production	1	~			~			10		0	1 st application pre-bloom to early bloom; repeat application to regulate bloom during flowering.
Alfalfa: Hay				~				20		Ν	1 application as new growth is initiated or after each cutting with insecticide sprays to stimulate regrowth.
Artichokes	1	~		~				16		0	1 st application at initiations of new growth; 2 nd application 10 to 14 days later.
Asparagus				√				20	10	0	1 application at shoot emergence to stimulate shoot initiation. 2 nd application after last cutting to stimulate fern growth.
Avocados	~	√					~	16-20		0	1 st application at cauliflower stage or panicle extension of early bloom; 2 nd application at early bloom or 24 to 30 days after the first; 3 rd prior to summer drop (mid-May in CA).
Bananas, Plantains	~	~						24		0	1 st application at flower bud initiation; 2 nd application 15 days later.
Berries such as: Blueberries, Blackberries, Currants, Huckleberries, Loganberries, Raspberries	~	•	•			~		12		0	1 st application at bud swell; 2 nd application at 20% bloom with micronutrients and non-ionic surfactant; make 2 more applications at even intervals during bloom cycle or at 10 to 14 day intervals.
Brassica Vegetables such as: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mustard Greens, Rapini, & Brassica Seed Production including Hybrid Seed Production	✓	✓		~				20	10-20	0	Broccoli – 1 st application at 4- to 6-leaf stage; 2 nd application when button is 1 inch in diameter. Brussels Sprouts – 1 st application at flower stalk initiation; 2 nd application 14 days later. Cabbage – 1 st application at 3- to 5-leaf stage to stimulate early heading. Cauliflower – 1 st application at 4- to 6-leaf stage; 2 nd when curd is 1 inch in diameter. All other Brassica Vegetables – 1 st application at the 4- to 6-leaf stage; 2 nd application 14 days later. Seed Production – Make an application at initiation of bloom.
Bulb Vegetables such as Garlic, Leeks, Onions (dry bulb, green), Shallots		-		~				20	10	0	1 st application at the 4- to 6-leaf stage; 2 nd application 15 days later.
Canola (Rape)	✓				✓			10		0	1 application at flowering.

CROP	Improve flowering & fruit set	Improve crop uniformity & size	Improve color	Increase leaf initiation & growth	Improve seed fill & development	Alter bloom period/control bloom	Increase fruit retention	Broadcast Application Rate	Band Application Rate [[Fluid Ounces Per Acre]]	Use with Soil TRIGGRR®*	APPLICATION TIMING
Cereal Grains such as: Barley, Oats, Rye, Wheat Citrus Fruits such as:	✓	 ✓ 		✓	✓ 	✓	✓	8 16-32		0	1 application at transition to flowering. 1 st application 30 days prior to bloom; 2 nd application
Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Mandarins, Oranges											at 10% bloom; 3 rd prior to fruit drop. To stimulate off season bloom in lemons and limes, make 3 applications at 7-day intervals beginning 30 days prior to desired bloom period. Make 1 to 2 sizing applications during mid-season.
Coffee	~	√		~	~		~	8-10		0	1 st application from first bloom to 15% bloom; 2 nd application after mechanical harvest or initiation of vegetative buds.
Corn (all varieties), Sorghum		~		~	~			30	5-10	0	1 application at the 4- to 6-leaves, without adjuvants, in 30 to 50 gallons of water per acre.
Cotton	~				~			2 or 8		0	3 to 4 two-fluid oz./acre applications beginning at pinhead square; OR one 8 fluid oz./acre application at pinhead square.
Cranberries	1	~				~	~	16		0	1 st application at "first scattered bloom"; 2 nd application 7 to 10 days later.
Cucurbit Vegetables such as: Cantaloupe, Chayote, Citron Melons, Cucumber, Gourds, Honeydew, Muskmelons, Pumpkins, Squash (Summer & Winter), Watermelons	∽	✓				~		12-20	8-12	Y	Cantaloupe and Honeydew – 1 st application at 1 st open female flower; 2 nd application when first fruit is 2-3 cm. Other Muskmelons and Watermelons – 1 st application when 1 st melon is 4-5 cm; repeat application at 7 day intervals until desired fruit set. For multiple harvest cucurbits, apply after each harvest to maintain vine vigor.
Figs, Mangos, Papayas, Persimmons, Pineapples	~	~	~					20		0	1 st application at first open bloom; 2 nd application 7 to 14 days after the first.
Fruiting Vegetables such as: Eggplant, Ground cherries, Peppers (bell, chili, cooking, pimentos, sweet), Tomatillos, Tomatoes	~	~				~			12	Y	Eggplant – 1 st application at flowering. Peppers – 1 st application at bloom to stimulate set; 2 nd and 3 rd application at 14-day intervals to maintain bloom. Tomatoes and other Fruiting Vegetables – 1 application at 6-leaf stage; 2 nd application at bloom.

CROP	Improve flowering & fruit set	Improve crop uniformity & size	Improve color	Increase leaf initiation & growth	Improve seed fill & development	Alter bloom period/control bloom	Increase fruit retention	Broadcast Application Rate	Band Application Rate [[Fluid Ounces Per Acre]]	Use with Soil TRIGGRR®*	APPLICATION TIMING
Ginseng	~	~			~			16		0	1 st application at the beginning of the growing season; 2 nd application at first bloom to stimulate seed production; 3 rd application 14 days later.
Grapes: dried, juice, table processing, table, wine	✓	•	•					2-8		0	Raisin grapes start applications at bud swell to improve budbreak. Apply at 5 th leaf node and 10-inch growth to increase rachis stretch and cluster uniformity; two weeks prior to bloom, apply 4 fl oz of Foliar TRIGGRR; at first sizing (8mm grape diameter) and at 1% berry softening, apply 2 fl oz of Foliar TRIGGRR.
											For table grapes apply Foliar TRIGGRR at 4 and 2 weeks pre-bud swell to increase budbreak uniformity. Repeat application at bud swell. Make 1 to 3 applications starting at 5 th leaf node and repeat at weekly intervals to increase rachis stretch and cluster uniformity. A first sizing, make 1 to 4 applications of 2 fl oz of Foliar TRIGGRR; at veraison, make 1 to 4 applications of 2 fl oz of Foliar TRIGGRR.
											For wine grapes apply Foliar TRIGGRR at bud swell; make 1 to 3 applications starting at 5 th leaf node and repeat at weekly intervals; apply two weeks before bloom and at bloom (for merlot and varieties that tend to shatter); two weeks prior to veraison to improve fruit quality, fruit and yield, apply 2 to 4 fl oz of Foliar TRIGGRR; and at post-harvest.
Guava	~	√	~				~	16-32		0	1 st application at bud break; 2 nd application at full bloom; 3 rd prior to fruit drop.
Herbs and Spices such as: Anise (Fennel), Basil, Chive, Clove, Dill, Mint, Nutmeg, Parsley, Rosemary, Sage	✓	•			~			20	12	0	To increase vegetative growth, make 2 applications at 14-day intervals beginning 2 weeks post- transplant or after stand establishment. For herb seed production, make 2 applications at 14-day intervals beginning at flowering.
Hops	✓	~						16		0	1 st application prior to or at burr stage; 2 nd application 3 weeks prior to harvest.
Jojoba	✓	✓			✓			20	6	0	2 applications at initiation of growth in spring and fall.
Kiwifruit	√	√					~	16-20		0	1 st application prior to or at bloom; 2 nd application 10 to 14 days later; 3 rd application 15-20 days after the second.

CROP	Improve flowering & fruit set	Improve crop uniformity & size	Improve color	Increase leaf initiation & growth	Improve seed fill & development	Alter bloom period/control bloom	Increase fruit retention	Broadcast Application Rate	Band Application Rate [(Fluid Ounces Per Acre)]	Use with Soil TRIGGRR®*	APPLICATION TIMING
Leafy Vegetables such as: Arugula, Celery, Cress, Endive, Lettuce, Purslane, Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss Chard		•	✓	•					16-20	0	Celery – Use higher rate; 1 st application 2 weeks post-transplant or 5-leaf stage; 2 nd and 3 rd applications at 10-day intervals. All other leafy vegetables – 1 st application beginning at thinning to 6-leaf stage; 2 nd application 14 to 21 days later. On specialty leaf lettuce (Mesclun), make application after harvest to re-initiate growth.
Legume Vegetables (fresh, dry & processing) such as: Beans (all varieties), Garbanzo, Lentils, Peas (all varieties), Soybeans	✓	•			•	•		10-16	5	0	Soybeans – 1 application between 3 rd trifoliate and early bloom (visible). All other Legume Vegetables – 1 st application at 2 to 3 bloom nodes; 2 nd application prior to full bloom on longer blooming (indeterminate) varieties.
Okra	1	~							12	0	2 applications; 1 st at bloom to improve set; 2 nd 10 days later.
Ornamentals: woody, cut flowers, bedding/color, container	✓	✓	✓	•		✓ 		8-16	4	0	 Woody – 1st application 14 to 20 days prior to desired bloom period; 2nd and 3rd applications at 7-day intervals. Cut Flowers – Apply at the initiation of each growth flush and at the initiation flowering. Bedding/Color – 1st application at transplant or emergence; 2nd and 3rd applications at 7 day intervals; 4th application at the initiation of bloom on flowering varieties. Container – Apply at initiation of each growth flush for vegetative plants; make 3 applications at 5-day intervals to force bloom in flowering plants.
Peanuts		~		~				8	6	0	1 st application at 1 st bloom; 2 nd application 14 to 21 days later.
Pome Fruits such as: Apples, Crabapples, Pears, Quinces	~	•					✓	16-32		0	between bud swell and tight cluster; 2 nd application at bud separation; 3 rd application 80% king bloom; 4 th application petal fall. To reduce heavy side bloom due to cold temperatures, apply with thinning sprays. Apply with cover sprays to increase fruit size. 3 weeks prior to harvest and 2 weeks prior to harvest to improve color and fruit storage. To reduce alternate bearing, make a pre-harvest and post- harvest application.
Rice: non-dwarf varieties					~			20		Ν	1 application to non-dwarf varieties at panicle initiation.

CROP	Improve flowering & fruit set	Improve crop uniformity & size	Improve color	Increase leaf initiation & growth	Improve seed fill & development	Alter bloom period/control bloom	Increase fruit retention	Broadcast Application Rate	Band Application Rate [[Fluid Ounces Per Acre]]	Use with Soil TRIGGRR®*	APPLICATION TIMING
Root and Tuber Vegetables such as: Beets (red, sugar), Carrots, Ginger, Horseradish, Parsnips, Potatoes, Radishes, Sweet Potatoes, Turnips, Yams, Yams, Root & Tuber Vegetable Seed Production	✓	~	~	•				20	10-12	Y	 Seed Production – 1 application at initiation of bloom. Sugar & Red Beets – Use 8 fluid oz./acre broadcast or 4 fluid oz./acre banded; 1st application at 2- to 3-leaf stage; 2nd and 3rd 14 days later. Red Potatoes (Spring) – 1 application at tuber initiation plus 1 to 2 applications at 2nd and 3rd hooking. Chipping (white) & Storage, Potatoes, Sweet Potatoes, Yams – 1 application 15 days after last Soil TRIGGRR treatment. All other root tuber vegetables – 1st application at the 2nd- to 3rd-leaf stage; 2nd 10 to 14 days later or at tuberous root initiation; make a 3rd application 14 days after the 2nd application if more tubers are desired. For fresh carrots sold with tops on, apply 4 weeks prior to harvest to stimulate top growth.
Stone Fruit such as: Apricots, Cherries, Peaches, Nectarines	•	•	•				~	16-32		0	1 st application between bud swell and bud separation; 2 nd application between early to full bloom; 3 rd application at petal fall; 4 th application at thinning; Make 1 to 3 additional sizing applications. To reduce alternate bearing, make a pre-harvest and post-harvest application.
Strawberries	~	✓							12	0	2 to 3 applications; 1 st at first bloom; 2 nd and 3 rd at 14- to 21-day intervals.
Sugarcane				1				16-32		0	1 st application at the 4- to 6-leaf stage for plant cane and ratoon cane at initiation of new growth; 2 nd application 30 days after the first.
Tree Nuts such as: Almonds, Cashews, Filberts (hazelnuts), Pecans, Walnuts	✓	•		•	~		~	16-32		0	 1st application at flower bud formation; 2nd at flowering; 3rd application after harvest with zinc spray to reduce alternate bearing effects. Alternatively, apply Foliar TRIGGRR at bud swell, full bloom, 2 weeks prior to nut drop, at nut fill, and at post-harvest. To reduce alternate bearing, make a pre-harvest and post-harvest application.
Turf: sod				~				8		0	1 st application at growth initiation in spring; repeat at 21- to 30-day intervals during growing season.
Turf: Bermuda seed	✓	✓			✓			8		0	Apply when flower spike is just starting to elongate.

*Some applications of Foliar TRIGGRR are improved when made in combination with Soil TRIGGRR. Y = Yes; N = No; O = Optional.

Foliar TRIGGRR is a registered product of Westbridge Agricultural Products. See Soil TRIGGRR label for further information.

{Marketing Claims}

- [1.] Stimulates plant growth and development
- [2.] Use on a variety of crops
- [3.] Compatible with most fertilizers and pesticides
- [4.] To increase yields
- [5.] Stimulates natural defense mechanisms in plants
- [6.] Stimulates induced systemic resistance (ISR)
- [7.] Increases antioxidant production in plants
- [8.] Improves nutrient uptake and mobility
- [9.] Increases crop yield
- [10.] Improves crop uniformity, size, and quality
- [11.] Stimulates rapid cell differentiation and cell division
- [12.] Increases cell division in developing fruit
- [13.] Increases "stretch" in grape clusters (vines only)
- [14.] Reduces fruit drop
- [15.] For use on all crops
- [16.] Reduce alternate bearing
- [17.] Compresses bloom window
- [18] Easy to use

{End of Marketing Claims}

- [] Denotes optional/alternate language
- { } Denotes language that does not appear on the market label