

Center Panel

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

METHYL PARATHION 7.5EC

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*O,O-dimethyl 9-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate	73.5%
Aromatic petroleum derivative solvent	19.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	7.5%
TOTAL	100.0%

*Equivalent to 7.5 lbs. of 100% methyl parathion per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Feb 13 1987

P O I S O N

DANGER

PELIGRO

PRECAUTIONS: Do not use on trees, shrubs, or other plants. Do not use on ornamentals. Do not use on lawns, lawns, or other areas where children play.

NOT FOR HOME USE

FIRST AID TREATMENT

"STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT"

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. If doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital. Move victim immediately from the area where methyl parathion is present.

IF INHALED, move victim to fresh air. If not breathing, immediately give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, and maintain until doctor sees victim. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

IF IN EYES OR ON SKIN, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated personal clothing and shoes to avoid continued possible exposure to victim or persons in attendance.

IF SWALLOWED, induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and by touching back of throat with finger. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING OR GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Have victim lie down and keep quiet.

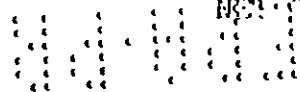
EPA Reg. No. 51036-IT

EPA Est. No. 51036-GA-1

Manufactured by
GIBBY
TARKET, POLINA 51047

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

NET CONTENTS:



Sheet Page...

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER

POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY, WITHOUT SYMPTOMS, BE INCREASINGLY HAZARDOUS. Do not breathe vapors or dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. If symptoms or signs of poisoning include blurred vision, abdominal cramps and tightness in the chest, get medical attention immediately.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupil, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, uricling or itching of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

POISON

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE

CONSULT PHYSICIAN FOR EMERGENCY SUPPLY

If symptoms or signs of poisoning include blurred vision, abdominal cramps, and tightness in the chest, do not wait for a doctor but give two atropine tablets (each 1/100 grain or 0.65 milligrams) at once. (One tablet to children under five years of age.)

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote - administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is a pharmacologic antidote and may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for, atropine which is a symptomatic and often life saving antidote. **DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS BECAUSE THESE ANTIDOTES MAY PRODUCE ADVERSE EFFECT ACCENTUATING THE PHARMACOLOGIC EFFECT OF THIS PRODUCT.** This product is a strong cholinesterse inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported. **VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.**

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

This product is toxic to fish, shrimp, crab, birds, and other wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams, ponds, tidal marshes and estuaries. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

In case of:

FIRE - Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

SPILL or LEAK, keep all unprotected persons away. Cover with absorbent such as soda ash, lime, clay or saw dust. Sweep up and bury. Wash area thoroughly with strong lye solution.

WORK SAFETY RULES

REPEATED EXPOSURES TO CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS SUCH AS ARE CONTAINED IN THIS PRODUCT MAY, WITHOUT WARNING, CAUSE PROLONGED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO VERY SMALL DOSES OF ANY CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR.

Persons working with this product should have frequent blood tests of their cholinesterase levels. If the cholinesterase level falls below a critical point, no further exposure should be allowed until it has been determined by means of blood tests that the cholinesterase level has returned to normal. Before using this product, consult the Agricultural Extension Service or Experimental Station for specific recommendations regarding such blood tests.

If handled indoors, provide mechanical exhaust ventilation.

Keep all unprotected persons and animals away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. See First Aid (Practical Treatment) section.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

- (1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes.
- (2) Wear safety goggles.
- (3) Wear a pesticide respirator jointly approved by the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration (formerly the U.S. Bureau of Mines) and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR part 11.
- (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all clothing, and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wash thoroughly clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not enter treated areas for 48 hours unless appropriate protective clothing is worn. Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product.

ORAL WARNINGS shall inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered, without protective equipment and clothing specified on this label, during treatment or for 48 hours following treatment. Follow First Aid Treatment instructions shown on this label in case of accidental exposure.

When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers.

WRITTEN WARNINGS must include the following information:

DANGER - Area treated with parathion on ____ (date) ____ . Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing for 48 hours. Follow First Aid Treatment instructions shown on this product label in case of accidental exposure.

ATTENTION

To avoid excessive residues of parathion on food or storage crops always observe the statements found under "Directions for Use," limiting the time before harvest when parathion may be applied.

Because this material is poisonous by skin contact, inhalation or swallowing it should not be used in such a manner or under weather conditions as will permit drift or the spray onto areas not intended to be treated. Do not apply or allow drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE AND HANDLING:

1. Handle container carefully so as to avoid damage and prevent spills.
2. Do not use, or keep one empty around the home.
3. Store in original container in a cool, ventilated place.
4. Empty container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

5. Keep out of reach of children and domestic animals.

DISPOSAL:

Wastes of this pesticide are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label use instructions, contact your state pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Triple rinse empty containers with 5% caustic soda solution. Flush with water. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture to prevent other use and dispose of in an approved landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

8440

(Right Panel)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Be sure to read the precautionary statements before using.

This product is designed for application after dilution with water and for use by trained operators using airplane or power ground equipment. The hazards and precautions for handling the product in this container are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application. Add the concentrate to the spray tank while filling with water, and mix thoroughly either by means of a tank agitator or pump by-pass. For best results, thoroughly cover all surfaces to be treated with spray. Rates of application given below should not be exceeded. Never apply later than indicated to assure residue levels at harvest are below tolerances established by the Food and Drug Administration. Consult the State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station for specific recommendations regarding application, dosage and timing of sprays.

For application by ground equipment, add the desired amount of concentrate to sufficient water to apply at least 3 gallons of water per acre.

For application by aircraft, add the amount of concentrate desired per acre to 1/2 to 3 gallons of water consistent with crop growth and good coverage. Greater quantities of water may be required to give sufficient coverage of orchard trees.

CEREAL

BARLEY, OATS, RYE AND WHEAT: For barley thrips, use 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For aphids (including greenbugs), armyworms up to third instar, leafhoppers and winter grain mites, use 1/4 to 3/4 pint per acre. For climbing cutworms and grasshoppers use 1/8 to 1/2 pint per acre. For chinch bugs, false chinch bugs and Say's plant bugs, use 3/4 pint per acre. For western or brown wheat mites, use 1/2 pint per acre. Do not use more than 1/4 pint per acre within 15 days of harvest.

CORN: For control of armyworms up to third instar, climbing cutworms, corn leaf aphids, corn rootworm adults, fall armyworms and stink bugs, use 1/4 pint per acre. For grasshoppers, use 1/2 pint per acre. Do not apply within 12 days of harvest.

RICE: Rice Stink Bugs, 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Armyworms, 1/4 to 3/4 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Crabs, crayfish and shrimp may be killed. Do not apply where they are important resources.) Rice Leafminer and Tadpole Shrimp, 3/4 pint per acre. (Use restricted in California. Apply at first sign of infes-

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

ration after planting. Apply by air in 5 to 10 gallons of water. Restrict soil from rice fields for 3 days. Do not use within 7 days of application of propanil as injury may result.)

SORGHUM: For corn leaf aphids and mites, use 1/2 pint per acre. For sorghum midges, use 1/2 pint to 1/2 quart per acre, 2 applications, 3 to 5 days apart when approximately 90% of the heads have completely emerged from the boot or not later than start of blooming. Do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest. Leaf injury may occur on some hybrid varieties of sorghum. Spray a few rows a week or so before booting to test effects upon plants.

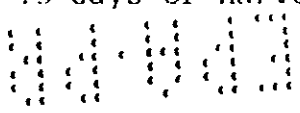
FIELD AND FORAGE CROPS

ALFALFA AND CLOVER: For control of alfalfa weevil larvae, aphids (including spotted alfalfa aphids), and climbing cutworms, use 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For alfalfa caterpillars, adult alfalfa weevils, armyworms up to third instar, clover leaf weevils and webworms, use 1/2 pint per acre. For Egyptian alfalfa weevils, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and spider mites, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Do not treat closer than 15 days before harvest, cutting, or grazing. In California and Nevada do not use more than 1/8 pint per acre.

COTTON: Leafhoppers (including Cotton Fleahopper) and thrips, 1/8 to 1/2 pint per acre. (For thrips, apply before or during the 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10-day intervals.) Grasshoppers, 1/4 pint per acre. Cotton Leafworm and Garden Webworm, 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Lygus Bugs, Mites, Spider (including Desert Spider Mites and Two-Spotted Spider Mites), 1/4 to 1 pint per acre. False Chinch Bug and Southern Green Stink bug, 1/2 pint per acre. Aphids (including Cotton Aphid), Fall Armyworms, Cotton Leafperforator, Cutworms, 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. (For Aphids (including Cotton Aphid) apply when Aphids appear in buds and on leaves of seedlings or when hibernicid appears on older plants.) Boll Weevil, 1/2 to 3 pints per acre. (For early season control of overwintering Boll Weevils, apply as early as the 2 to 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10 day intervals. For mid-season control, apply at the start of squaring or after 10 to 25% of the first squares are punctured and repeat at 3 to 8 day intervals as needed or until the top bolls are full grown. Repeat at 3-day intervals during the major fruiting season, and periods of heavy weevil infestation.) Saltmarsh Caterpillars, Stink Bugs and Leafrollers, 1 pint per acre. Bollworms, 1 to 3 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or handpicking.) Armyworms, 1 to 2 pints per acre.

CAUTION: When necessary to enter treated cotton fields within 48 hours after application, protective clothing should be worn. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or handpicking cotton.

GRASS (For hay) For control of armyworms up to third instar, crested wheat bug, false chinch bug, grasshoppers and leafhoppers, use 3/4 pint per acre. For range caterpillars, use 1/2 pint per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest or grazing.



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

HOPS: For control of aphids and spider mites, use 1/2 quart per acre. Do not treat closer than 15 days before harvest.

PLANTS: Aphids, Thrips and Velvetbean Caterpillar, 3/8 pint per acre. Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter in treated fields.

SOYBEANS: For control of climbing cutworms and three-cornered alfalfa hoppers, use 1/4 pint per acre. For control of garden webworms and grasshoppers, use 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For control of aphids, blister beetles, Mexican bean beetles, stink bugs, two-spotted mites and velvet bean caterpillars, use 1/2 pint per acre. For bollworms, cabbage loopers, fall armyworms up to third instar, and green cloverworms, use 1/2 quart per acre. Do not apply closer than 20 days before harvest or grazing.

SUGAR BEETS: For aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, grasshoppers, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, stink bugs and webworms, use 1/4 to 3/8 pint per acre. Do not treat closer than 20 days before harvest, 60 days if tops are to be fed to livestock.

TOBACCO: For control of green peach aphids, use 1/4 pint per acre. For control of surface feeding or climbing cutworms, use 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre.

CAUTION: When necessary to enter treated tobacco fields within 48 hours after application, protective clothing should be worn. Do not apply within 5 days of priming tobacco or within 15 days of cutting tobacco. Avoid contact with plant juices when priming or cutting tobacco.

VETCH: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, climbing cutworms, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, spider mites and vetch bruchids, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Do not treat closer than 15 days before harvest or grazing.

FRUIT

APPLY AT THE RATES INDICATED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS. MAKE NO APPLICATION CLOSER THAN 14 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST. APPLY AS FREQUENTLY AS NEEDED TO CONTROL INSECTS.

APPLES: For control of aphids, codling moths, plum curculio, scales and red-banded leaf rollers, use 1/4 pint to 1/2 quart per 100 gallons of water. For codling moths, plum curculio, and red-banded leaf rollers, apply at petal fall and 3 to 4 applications, 8 to 14 days thereafter, to maintain control. Do not use more than 3-1/2 quarts of this product per acre.

APRICOTS: Apply Apple Aphid, Rosy Apple Aphid, Green Aphid, Aphids, European Red Mite, 1/4 pint per 100 gallons of water per acre. Apply twice at 14-day intervals.

CHERRIES: Black Cherry Aphid, European Red Mite, 1/4 to 1/2 pint per

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

acre (per 100 gallons of water). Apply at 7 to 10-day intervals.

GRAPES: For control of aphids, grape leaf folders and grape leafhoppers, use 1/4 to 1/2 quart per 100 gallons of water. Do not use more than 3/4 pint of this product per acre.

PEARS: Mainly Apple Aphids, Rosy Apple Aphids, Green Aphids, Aphids, and European Red Mites, 1/8 to 1/2 pint per acre (per 100 gallons of water). Apply twice at 5-day intervals.

PEACHES, PLUMS AND PRUNES: For control of aphids, peach tree borers, plum curculio and Oriental fruit moths, use 1/4 pint to 1/2 quart per 100 gallons of water. Spray tree trunks at time of moth flight to control peach tree borers. For plum curculio and Oriental fruit moths, apply at petal fall or shuck split and 3 to 4 applications, 5 to 14 days thereafter, to maintain control. Do not use more than 1/2 gallon of this product per acre.

STRAWBERRIES: For control of aphids, use 1/2 to 3/4 pint per acre.

OIL SEED CROPS

SAFFLOWER: For aphids and Lygus bugs, use 1/2 pint per acre before flowering. Do not apply after flowering.

SUNFLOWER: For control of sunflower moth, sunflower seed weevil and sunflower maggot, use 1 pint per acre. Make no more than 3 applications at 5-day intervals. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not feed seeds to birds.

VEGETABLES

APPLY AT THE RATES INDICATED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS. MAKE NO APPLICATIONS CLOSER THAN 5 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST.

POTATOES: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, false chinch bugs, flea beetles, leafhoppers, mites and shield bugs, use 3/4 quart per acre.

SWEET POTATOES: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, surface feeding and climbing cutworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 3/4 pint per acre.

APPLY AT THE RATES INDICATED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS. MAKE NO APPLICATIONS CLOSER THAN 7 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST.

ARTICHOKE: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, surface feeding and climbing cutworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers, mites and artichoke plume moths, use 1/2 quart per acre.

BROCCOLI: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before

harvest.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

CAULIFLOWER: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

KOHLRABI: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

RUTABAGAS: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

APPLY AT THE RATES INDICATED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS. MAKE NO APPLICATIONS CLOSER THAN 10 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST.

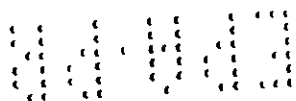
CABBAGE: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

CABBAGES, KALE AND MUSTARD: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

PEAS: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and mites, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. For cabbage loopers, cowpea curculio, surface feeding and climbing cutworms and stink bugs, use 1 pint per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest.

TOMATOES: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, mites and psyllids, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cabbage looper, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest.

APPLY AT THE RATES INDICATED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS. MAKE NO APPLICATIONS CLOSER THAN 15 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST.



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

BEANS (Dry and Green): For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and mites, use 1/2 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. For cowpea curculio, surface feeding and climbing cutworms and stink bugs, use 1 to 1-1/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

BEETS: Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers and Mites, 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not apply within 21 days if tops are to be used for food or feed). Imported Cabbageworm, Plant Bugs (including Lygus Bugs) and Stink Bugs, 1 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not apply within 21 days if tops are to be used for food and feed.) Aphids, 1 to 1-1/4 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not apply within 21 days if tops are to be used for food or feed.)

CARROTS: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, surface feeding and climbing cutworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 quart per acre. Do not feed tops.

CELERY: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, mites and stink bugs, use 1/2 quart per acre.

CUCUMBERS: For control of aphids and two-spotted mites, use 1/4 pint per acre. Do not apply before vining.

ONIONS: For control of thrips, use 1/4 pint per acre.

PEPPERS: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, surface feeding and climbing cutworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 quart per acre.

SPINACH: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, mites, seed corn maggots in crown and crown mites, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. For cabbage loopers, use 1 pint per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

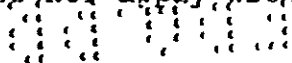
TURNIPS: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, leaf miners and mites, use 1/2 to 3/4 pint per acre. For cabbage loopers, use 1/4 pint per acre. If tops are to be used for food or feed do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest.

APPLY AT THE RATES INDICATED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS. MAKE NO APPLICATIONS CLOSER THAN 21 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST.

LETTUCE: For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 quart per acre.

OTHER USES

FOREST, NONAGRICULTURAL LAND, WASTELAND: Mosquitos (larvae), 2 ounces per acre. **DO NOT** apply within 7 days of harvest. For use by mosquito



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

apartment districts and official governmental agencies only. Repeat as needed. Toxic to fish and wildlife. DO NOT use where shrimp and crabs are an important resource. DO NOT use in any estuaries or coastal or tidal areas along any coast line.

ORNAMENTALS: (Woody Shrubs, Trees and Vines), Christmas Tree Plantation (Pines), European Pine Shoot Moth and Nantucket Pine Tip Moth, 1 pint per acre. (Apply in 5 to 50 gallons of water.)

PINE FORESTS: European Pine Shoot Moth, Nantucket Pine Tip Moth, 1 pint per acre. Apply in 5 to 50 gallons of water.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use, storage or handling of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use. These risks include, but are not limited to damage to plants, crops and animals to which the material is applied, failure to control pests, damage caused by drift to other plants or crops and personal injury.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

000000