



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

May 7, 2024

Ed Carmody
President
Regal Chemical Company
600 Branch Drive
Alpharetta, GA 30004

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Oxadiazon
Product Name: REGAL RONSTAR PLUS I
EPA Registration Number: 48234-14
Application Date: 06/30/2022
Decision Number: 585583

Dear Ed Carmody:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Oxadiazon Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable. As part of the registration review, EPA identified the need for this product to be classified as Restricted Use. The labeling approved today incorporates the necessary changes for classification as Restricted Use, therefore the classification is effective on the date of this letter.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved

registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. Due to the classification of this product as Restricted Use, in accordance with 40 CFR 152.167, after 120 days, any of this product you sell or distribute must:

- 1) Bear an approved amended label containing the terms of the Restricted Use classification;
- 2) Bear a sticker containing the product name, EPA registration number, and any terms of restricted use; **or**
- 3) Be accompanied by supplemental labeling bearing the product name, EPA registration numbers, and any terms of restricted use.

After 270 days, any of this product you sell or distribute must bear the approved amended labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Kelsi Grogan by phone at (202)566-2228, or via email at grogan.kelsi@epa.gov.

Sincerely,



Kevin Costello, Branch Chief
Risk Management and Implementation Branch 2
Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due To Potential Human Health Risk of Concerns (Cancer) From Chronic Dietary or Dermal Exposure When Used in Accordance with Label Directions.
 FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

NOT FOR USE ON HOME LAWNS. FOR SALE AND USE BY PROFESSIONAL APPLICATORS ONLY. NOT FOR SALE TO, OR USE BY, HOMEOWNERS/CONSUMERS.

OXADIAZON	GROUP	14	HERBICIDE
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PREEMERGENT HERBICIDE FOR TURF AND ORNAMENTALS
 Selective, preemergent herbicide for the control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in turf and woody ornamental shrubs, vines and trees.

REGAL RONSTAR PLUS I

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Oxadiazon [2-tert-butyl-4-(2, 4-dichloro-5-isopropoxyphenyl)-delta-1, 3, 4-oxadiazolin-5-one] 1.0%
 OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 99.0%
 TOTAL: 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING AVISO

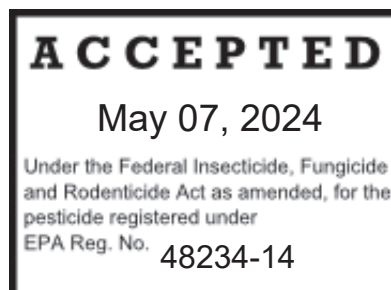
Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-621-5208 for emergency medical treatment information.	

EPA REG NO. 48234-14

EPA EST NO. 48234-GA-1

Regal Chemical Company
 PO Box 900
 Alpharetta, GA 30239



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

WARNING

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Chemical resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eye wear
- Chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Long sleeved shirt and long pants

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticides get inside. Then wash body thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. This pesticide is toxic to oysters and shrimp.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemical detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow. This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of oxadiazon from runoff water and sediment.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read entire label before using this product. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. After application, user must thoroughly irrigate the site as soon as possible on the same day of application to ensure product is washed off foliage and into the soil.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management for Regal Ronstar Plus 1 is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Regal Ronstar Plus 1 and other

Group 14 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance- management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Regal Ronstar Plus 1 or other Group 14 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development.
- Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.
- If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- Report any incidence of local non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Regal Ronstar Plus 1 representative at (800) 621-5208, [and/or at <https://www.regalchem.com>].

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

- To the extent possible, use a diversified approach toward weed management. Whenever possible incorporate multiple weed-control practices such as mechanical cultivation, biological management practices, and crop rotation.
- Fields with difficult to control weeds should be rotated to crops that allow the use of herbicides with alternative mechanisms of action or different management practices.
- Identify weeds present in the field through scouting and field history and understand their biology. The weed-control program should consider all of the weeds present.
- Difficult to control weeds may require sequential applications of herbicides with differing mechanisms of action.
- If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide with a different MOA or use non-chemical methods to remove escapes.

- To the extent possible do not allow weed escapes to produce seeds, roots or tubers. Manage weed seeds at harvest and post-harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seed-bank.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance to its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas, that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, waterproof gloves, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks and chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until dusts have settled. If soil incorporation is required after the application, do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area (except those persons involved in the incorporation) until the incorporation is complete. If the incorporation is accomplished by watering-in, do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until the surface is dry after the watering-in.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Do not contaminate water, food by storage or disposal. Do not store in or around the home. Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Container Disposal: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Regal Ronstar Plus I is a selective, preemergent herbicide for the control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in turf and on a wide variety of woody ornamental Shrubs, vines and trees. Regal Ronstar Plus I controls weeds by killing the young weed seedlings as they come in contact with the herbicide during germination. Apply Regal Ronstar Plus I with a properly calibrated granular applicator that will apply the granules uniformly (uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control). Calibrate the applicator prior to use, according to the manufacturer's directions, and check frequently during the application to be certain that the equipment is working properly. Do not allow domestic animals to graze treated areas. Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation and domestic use.

Restrictions:

For all use sites:

- The minimum retreatment interval (RTI) between applications is 60 days.
- Total applications of oxadiazon of all physical forms must not exceed 6.0 lbs a.i./A/year if this product is used on the same site with liquid formulations.

For oxadiazon use on turf:

- A maximum single application rate of 3.0 lbs a.i./A, and a maximum annual application rate of 6.0 lbs a.i./A.
- For applications on non-agricultural turf (e.g., golf courses, parks, athletic fields) that follow a liquid application, Regal Ronstar Plus 1 must be applied 60 days or later after the liquid application. After applying this product, no liquid applications of oxadiazon are allowed within the same calendar year

- on the same area of turf.
- For applications to non-agricultural turf (e.g., golf courses, parks, athletic fields), this product may not be applied prior to any liquid applications of oxadiazon within the same calendar year on the same area of turf.
- On golf course turf only: In areas of heavy weed infestation only, the maximum single application rate is 4.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre, and the maximum annual application rate is 8.0 pounds of active ingredient per acre. No liquid applications may be applied on areas of turf treated at this maximum application rate in the same year.
- On golf course turf only: total applications of oxadiazon of all physical forms are limited to 30% of the total managed turf area of a golf course per year. Applications may be made to any turf surface type, including fairways, tees, greens, roughs, non-playable turf surfaces, or other managed turf areas. This 30% limit may be applied to the same or different turf areas from year to year.
- On golf course turf and sod farms: a minimum 10-foot-wide untreated vegetative buffer must be maintained between the treated area and any surface water features.

For ornamental landscaping, trees, shrubs, and nurseries:

- A maximum single application rate of 3.0 lbs a.i./A, and a maximum annual application rate of 6.0 lbs a.i./A per crop.

TURF

For use in established perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue and Zoysia turf; such as, fairways, parks, golf courses and lawns. Rake turf area free of leaves, mowing if necessary, so granules reach soil surface. Measure area to be treated and uniformly apply required amount, using a fertilizer spreader. Cross-treating with one-half required amount in each direction will give best results. Do not apply to wet turf. After application, user must thoroughly irrigate the site as soon as possible on the same day of application.

PREEMERGENT WEED CONTROL

Weeds Controlled	Amount of Regal Ronstar Plus I		Directions
	Per acre	Per 1000 sq. ft	
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria spp.</i>) Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>) Field Sandbur (<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>) Annual Sedge (<i>Cyperus compressus</i>)	200-300 lbs.	4 1/2 – 6 3/4 lbs.	Apply late winter or early spring prior to seed germination. Application made after March or April may not be fully effective.
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa Annua spp.</i>)	300 lbs.	6 3/4 lbs.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to seed germination.
Virginia Buttonweed (<i>Diodia virginiana</i>) Pigweed (<i>Amaranthus spp.</i>) Florida Pusley (<i>Richardia scabra</i>) Oxalis (<i>Oxalis spp.</i>) Stinging Nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>) Carpetgrass (<i>Axonopus offinis</i>)	300 lbs.	6 3/4 lbs.	Apply in early spring prior to seed germination.

FALL APPLICATION FOR SPRING WEED CONTROL IN COOL SEASON TURF

Weeds Controlled	Amount of Regal Ronstar Plus I		Directions
	Per acre	Per 1000 sq. ft	
Crabgrass, Goosegrass, and other annual weeds	300 lbs.	6 3/4 lbs.	For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Perennial Ryegrass and Tall Fescue turf. Make application in the fall after turf has become dormant. For late, fall applications, seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after green up.

ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL IN BERMUDAGRASS FAIRWAYS OVERSEEDED WITH PERENNIAL RYEGRASS ONLY

Weeds Controlled	Amount of Regal Ronstar Plus I		Directions
	Per acre	Per 1000 sq. ft	

Weeds Controlled	Amount of Regal Ronstar Plus I		Directions
	Per acre	Per 1000 sq. ft	
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa Annua</i> spp.) and other annual weeds	200 lbs.	4 ½ lbs	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to <i>Poa annua</i> spp. seed germination. Any <i>Poa annua</i> spp. established when this product is applied will not be controlled. Regal Ronstar Plus I will only control the <i>Poa annua</i> spp. that is established from seed every year. Regal Ronstar Plus I should be applied no closer than 60 days prior to overseeding. NOTE: Do not use where <i>Poa trivialis</i> is present in overseed mix.

NOTE: In many areas, annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes or subspecies of *Poa annua*. The true annual biotype is *Poa annua* spp. annua which germinates every year from seed, while the biotype that behaves like a perennial is *Poa annua* spp. reptans. This perennial biotype can survive through the summer and established plants will not be controlled by this product. Consult the extension service or University weed specialists in your area for more information.

ANNUAL WEED CONTROL DURING BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS, SEASHORE PASPALUM AND TROPIC LALO (*PASPALUM HIERONYMII*) ESTABLISHMENT FROM SPRIGS

Weeds Controlled	Amount of Regal Ronstar Plus I		Directions
	Per acre	Per 1000 sq. ft	
Crabgrass, Goosegrass, and other annual weeds	200-300 lbs.	4 ½ - 6 ¾ lbs.	For Bermudagrass, make application immediately prior to or immediately after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum, make application 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable Seashore Paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after Regal Ronstar Plus I application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. After application, user must thoroughly irrigate the site as soon as possible on the same day of application.

For St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass turf, do not exceed the rate of 300 pounds per acre (3 pounds active ingredient) of Regal Ronstar Plus I.

Do not apply to Bentgrass turf mowed at less than 3/8 inch.

Regal Ronstar Plus I may cause discoloration of Bentgrass, Bermudagrass and St. Augustinegrass. This discoloration is temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks.

Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as recommended elsewhere on this label. Do not apply Regal Ronstar Plus I to newly seeded areas. Seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after treatment except as noted above. Do not apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass. Regal Ronstar Plus I should not be used on putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.

When making applications to Tropic Lalo, applications must be made 0-12 days after sprigging. Do not use in areas where endangered Hawaiian Goose or nene (*Branta sandvicensis*), Hawaiian Duck (*Anas wyvilliana*),

Hawaiian Stilt (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), and Hawaiian Moorhen (*Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis*) may feed.

WOODY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, VINES, TREES AND CONIFER NURSERY APPLICATION

It is impossible to test every species and variety of ornamental or nursery plants. Plant tolerance to Regal Ronstar Plus I has been found to be acceptable in the specified genera and species. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not Regal Ronstar Plus I can safely be used on plants not specified on this label. The professional user should determine if Regal Ronstar Plus I can be used safely prior to use.

Apply Regal Ronstar Plus I anytime during the year, prior to weed seed germination, for weed control. Regal Ronstar Plus I can be applied to both newly transplanted and established ornamentals. Application can be made to actively growing or dormant ornamentals. Rainfall or overhead irrigation after application of Regal Ronstar Plus I will improve weed control activity. Regal Ronstar Plus I should not be mixed into the soil. Cultivating or disturbing the soil may reduce the weed control activity of Regal Ronstar Plus I. Do not apply to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves. Do not apply in greenhouses as plant injury may result from co-distillation of Regal Ronstar Plus I active ingredient onto leaf surfaces in condensation.

Amount To Use

Ground Application — Apply Regal Ronstar Plus I broadcast to ornamentals at 200 to 300 pounds of product per acre (or 4 1/2 to 6 3/4 pounds per 1,000 sq. ft.) depending on the weeds to be controlled, as listed on the following page. Remove existing weed growth before application.

ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS

Bittercress	Bristly Oxtongue	Carpetweed
Cheeseweed	Common Groundsel	Common Purslane
*Evening Primrose	Fiddleneck	Fireweed
*Galinsoga	Garden Spurge	Golden Ragwort
Lambsquarters	** Liverwort	Niruri
Pennsylvania Smartweed	Petty Spurge	**Prostrate Spurge
Redroot Pigweed	Shepherdspurse	Sensitive Plant
Sow Thistle	Speedwell	Spiny Amaranth
Spotted Catsear	*Swinecress	Yellow Woodsorrel (Oxalis)

*Use 300 pounds (3.0 pounds of active ingredient) per acre for less susceptible weeds.

ANNUAL GRASSES

Annual Bluegrass	Annual Sedge	*Barnyardgrass
Bristly Foxtail	Crabgrass	Fall Panicum
Green Foxtail	Goosegrass	**Jungle Ricegrass
**Panama Paspalum	Ripgut Bromegrass	Wild Oats

*Use 300 pounds (3.0 pounds of active ingredient) per acre for less susceptible weeds.

CROP TOLERANCE

Regal Ronstar Plus I is recommended for use on a wide variety of ornamental species and ground covers in container, field grown and landscape planting situations. Regal Ronstar Plus I may be used at the recommended rates on the following species.

ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

Abutilon	Acacia	Agapanthus
Allamanda, Common	Andromeda	Aralia
Arborvitae	Ash, Green	Azalea
Baby's Breath	Bald Cypress	Bamboo, Feathery

Banyan, Weeping
 Bearberry
 Blanket, Flower
 Boxwood, Common
 Bugleflower
 Candytuft
 Ceanothus
 Cistus
 Lemon
 Tangelo
 Cuban Shaddock
 Cleyera
 Cotoneaster
 Chrysanthemum
 Dahlia
 Dieffenbachia
 Dogwood, Kousa
 Escallonia
 Euonymus, Spreading
 Falsecypress, Hinoki
 Forsythia
 Ginko
 Heath, Spring
 emlock, Canada
 Holly
 Ivy, Algerian
 Jasmine, Primrose
 Juniper
 Lamb's Ear
 Larch, European
 Leucothoe, Coast
 Lilac
 Magnolia
 Metallic Plant
 Money Tree
 Myrtle
 Ochana
 Orthosiphon
 Palm, Bamboo
 Palm, Macarthue
 Palm, Parlor
 Palm, Sugar
 Periwinkle, Common
 Pine
 Podocarpus, Yew
 Potentilla
 Pyracantha
 Rhododendron
 Sargent Cherry
 Serviceberry, Saskatoon*
 St. Johnswort, Golden
 Strawberry Tree
 Syzygium
 Wedelia
 Woadwaxen, Common
 Yew

Barberry
 Beech, European
 Blazing, Star
 Bouganvillea
 Callistemon
 Carissa
 Cedar, Red
 Citrus, Ornamental*:
 Lime
 Tangerine
 Valencia
 Coreopsis
 Crabapple*
 Cypress
 Daphne, Fragrant
 Dogwood, Common
 Douglas fir
 Eucalyptus
 Euonymus,
 Falsecypress, Japanese
 Gardenia
 Gladiolas
 Heather, Scotch
 Hibiscus
 Ice Plant
 Ivy, English
 Jasmine, Star
 Justica
 Lantana, Trailing
 Laurel, English
 Leucothoe, Drooping
 Littleleaf Linden
 Mahonia, Grape Holly
 Mexican Orange
 Murraea
 Nandina
 Ohai
 Osmanthus
 Palm, Fishtail
 Palm, Manac
 Palm, Rattan
 Paperbark Tree
 Photinia, Frasier's
 Pittosporum, Japanese
 Pomegranite*
 Privet
 Raphiolepis
 Rose
 Scotch Broom
 Spruce
 St. Johnswort,
 Sumac, Staghorn
 Trailing African Daisy
 Wisteria, Chinese
 Wooly Thyme

Beafsteak plant
 Birch, Paper
 Boxwood, Japanese
 Brassiaia, DwarfBuddleia
 Camellia, Sasanqua
 Carnation
 Cedar, Atlas
 Grapefruit
 Mandarin
 Temple
 Washington Navel
 Coromandel
 Crapemyrtle
 Cypress, Leyland
 Deutzia, Slender
 Dogwood, Redosier
 Elm
 Euryops, Gray Leaved
 Wintercreeper
 Flowering Quince
 Gazania, Trailing
 Golden Raintree
 Heliotropium
 Honeysuckle
 Ilima
 Jasmine, Orange
 Jasmine, Showy
 Kwanzan Cherry
 Lapalapa
 Leopards - Bane
 Lily of the Nile
 Loquat*
 Maple
 Mock Orange
 Myoporum
 Oak
 Oleander
 Pachysandra
 Palm, Licuala
 Palm, Manila
 Palm, Sealing Wax
 Peony
 Poinciana
 Plum, Natal
 Poplar
 Protea species
 Redwood, Dawn
 Russian Olive
 Sedum
 Statice
 Gokdencup
 Sweet William
 Viburnum
 Witchazel, Common
 Xylosma

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

Blanket Flower
 Carnation
 Dogwood, Flowering

Brassaia, Dwarf
 Cedar, Red
 Elm

Camellia
 Coromandel
 Forsythia

Gazania, Trailing
 Ivy, English
 Ice Plant
 Metallic Plant
 Periwinkle, Large
 Privet
 Trailing African Daisy
 Yew

Hackberry
 Hemlock, Canada
 Juniper
 Oak
 Pine
 Protea Species
 Wedelia

Ivy, Algerian
 Holly
 Leopards - Bane
 Periwinkle, Common
 Poplar
 Spruce
 Wisteria

*For use only on plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year of Regal Ronstar Plus I herbicide application.

FOREST NURSERY APPLICATION

Seedlings of the following Species can be treated with Regal Ronstar Plus I herbicide when at least 4 weeks old: Pine – Loblolly, Eastern White, Slash

SENSITIVE VARIETIES

Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be sensitive to Regal Ronstar Plus I herbicide. Growers should evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications.

PLANT SPECIES

Plant Species	Varieties
Andromeda	Snowdrift, Temple Bell
Azalea	Pink Champagne, Hershey, (Rhododendron spp), Leuchtenfuer, Memoire John Hearrens, Hino-Crimson, White Grandeur, Everest, Girard Roberta
Cotoneaster	Eichholz, Himalayan, Shangri-la (Cotoneaster spp)
Crapemyrtle	Petite Red Imp, Seminole Bush
Heath, Spring	Mediterranean Pink
Hemlock, Canada	Pendula
Hibiscus	Red Heart
Rhododendron	Daphnoides, Nova Zembla, Rhododendron spp), Catawba Album
Spruce, Norway	Pumila
Spruce, White	Densata
Viburnum	Davidii

NOTICE TO BUYER

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions. This warranty does not extend to use of this product contrary to label use directions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller; buyer assumes all risk of any such use. Seller makes no warranties; expressed or implied.

Ronstar® is a registered trademark of the Bayer CropScience.