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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

DANGER

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg white, gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. **IF ON SKIN:** Wash skin with soap and water. **IF IN EYES:** Hold eyelids open and flush with a steady, gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

DO NOT apply directly to water, except as specified on this label.
DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. Spray equipment used in applying this product should be thoroughly cleaned before using for any other purpose. Use repeated flushing with soap and warm water or suitable chemical cleaner. It is best to use a separate sprayer for application of insecticides and herbicides.

DO NOT contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.
This product will kill or seriously injure many desirable forms of vegetation. **DO NOT apply directly to flowers, fruits, vegetables, grapes, ornamentals, cotton or other desirable plants.**

DO NOT use when there is a hazard from drifting mists. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.) Vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity. Avoid use of small-diameter nozzles. **DO NOT contaminate water used for domestic or irrigation purposes.** Excessive amounts of this product in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and plant growth.

DO NOT forage or graze treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. DO NOT feed treated straw to livestock.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.
Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.
Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Warnings should state "Do not enter treated areas unless wearing chemical resistant full body clothing including NIOSH approved respirator, goggles, and gloves until sprays have dried." When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: **CAUTION: Area treated with 2,4-D Awaits Drying on days of application.** Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure follow precautionary statements on label.

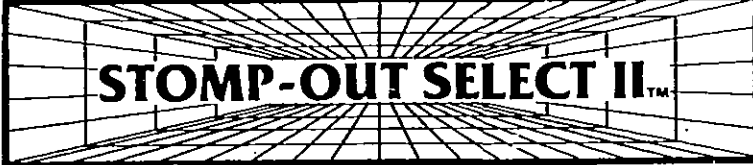
DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Mix the recommended amount of product with indicated amount of water to obtain good spray coverage. **DO NOT MIX** this product with oil. Best results are obtained when spraying is done while the weeds are young and actively growing.

CONTROL THESE WEEDS: Canada Thistle, Wild Onion, Dandelion, Plantain, Ground Ivy, Pennywort, Heleli, Annual Mustard and Yellow Rocket, Witchweed, Indiana Mallow or Velvet Leaf, Galinsoga, Common and Giant Ragweed, Bindweed, St. Johnswort, Wild Garlic, Chickweed, Stinging Nettle, Gumweed, Burdock, Palsan Henchok, Wild Radish, Red Root Pigweed, Kochia, Cocklebur, Lambquarters, Bidens or Sengharia, Blessed Thistle, and other broadleaf weeds.

SELECTIVE WEEDING IN CROPS: For control of broadleaf susceptible weeds in crops tolerant to 2,4-D, apply this product in sufficient water to give uniform coverage of the weeds. Volume of water depends largely on type of spray equipment. **DO NOT use on crops unsuited with legumes.** **DO NOT use on light, sandy soil.** Adding a wetting agent, or other surfactant cleared for application to growing crops, may increase effectiveness on weeds, but also may reduce selectivity to crops resulting in crop damage.

GRASSES: In established pastures*, ornamental turf and lawns, use 1 to 2 quarts of this herbicide concentrate in 15 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Use the light rate on more easily injured grasses. For small areas use 1/4 to 1 fluid ounce (1 1/2 to 2 tablespoons) per 1,000 sq. ft.; mix in 1 to 3 gallons of water and apply uniformly over the area. Fall or spring is the best time to treat. Repeated treatments may be needed for less susceptible weeds. Treatments will kill or injure alfalfa, meadow and other legumes. White clover (including Ladino) may be injured by a light application but recovers; repeated treatments will kill it. In some areas Dichondra, bent grasses, carpet, buffalo, and St. Augustine grasses may be injured. Usually colonial bents are more tolerant than creeping types; velvet is most easily injured. In grass seed fields use 1 to 2 pints in 15 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Use the higher rate where seed stands are heavy and for hard-to-kill species. Make application in spring before head comes into boot. In new seedlings of grasses tolerant to 2,4-D, use 1/2 to 1 1/2 pints in 15 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Use the light rate when only easy-to-kill weeds are present. Treat after grass has started.
*Do not graze dairy animals within 7 days after application.



A SELECTIVE WEED KILLER

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		
*Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid.....	47.3%	
INERT INGREDIENTS	52.7%	
TOTAL	100.0%	

*2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid Equivalent: 39.3% 3.8 lbs./gal.
Isomer Specific by AOAC Method No. 6. DO1-5

For Sale for Use and Storage by Service Persons Only
E.P.A. REG. NO. 228-143-48211 E.P.A. EST. NO. 48211-MO-01

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
PELIGRO DANGER**

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que le etiqueta haya sido explicado ampliamen.

CORROSIVE: Causes irreversible eye damage. Do NOT get in eyes or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield. Avoid contact with skin; may cause skin irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid inhaling vapor or spray mist. Do not apply this product for such a manner as to, directly or through drift, expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

SEE LEFT PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.
STORAGE: Always store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Do not store near seeds, fertilizers, insecticides or fungicides. Store at temperature above 32°F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using. This does not alter this product's effectiveness. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contains oil spillage, absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed, leak-proof container for proper disposal.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by you according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and Local authorities. Plastic containers should also be incinerated, or if allowed by State and Local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

INTERCON CHEMICAL COMPANY
3847 BELL AVENUE • ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63108

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CORN: Pre-emergence (For annual grasses and soil use on very light, sandy soil. Use 2 to 4 pint Post-emergence: (For broadleaf weed control). Apply in accordance to heavy shortly after emergence and spray. Spray must strike top of weeds but should spray below the top. For resistant weeds, use up to 1 pint while corn is in milk.

Note: Herbicides vary in tolerance in 2,4-D. Some a Seed Company or your Agricultural Experiment Station. **Preharvest:** After the hard dough or denting stage seed production, and control fall weeds such as 1 vine that interferes with harvesting. Use 1 to 2 pint 7 days following application.

WITH LIQUID NITROGEN SOLUTIONS: For winter annual broadleaf weeds less than 1 inch high with 80 to 120 lbs. Nitrogen per acre; the spray is spray tank. Next divide 1 pint of this herbicide with liquid and (slightly) add the diluted 2,4-D solution. Direct the spray in lower 3" to 4" of corn stalk.

Use spray equipment designed to handle narrow range spray rig thoroughly with water. Use only of **BORGHUM (MILO) — Post-emergence:** Apply in 100 to 150 lbs. water, according to state recommended label high.

WHEAT, BARLEY AND RYE: In spring grow to 1 pint of this product in 5-10 gallons of water per acre. Apply in the spring from bud through to

OATS: This crop is more sensitive to 2,4-D than wheat and barley; apply 1/2 to 1 pint in 15 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control spray the weeds.

RICE: Use 1 to 1 1/2 quarts in 5-10 gallons of water (also in 2,4-D) in early stages of growth; thereafter the field should be shallow enough to permit direct application.

FOR AQUATIC WEEDS IN STILL LAKES, I this product in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre. Do not use on fully developed aquatic weeds and plants grown from decomposition of dead weeds. The weed control should proceed stepwise — in bands (perennial and other hard to control weeds may require injection). To control herbaceous, use one-crop areas, apply this herbicide in 4 to 8 times 2" spray, once in other, completely covered if hard-to-kill species such as Hackberry. Do not use. Treatment may be made at any time of year.

SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL: When any grasses, use 1/2 to 1 gallon of this product in 15 to 20 gallons of water per acre. This herbicide will kill or injure broadleaf weeds, but will not injure grasses. It is better to not kill weeds. Local conditions may affect the use of this chemical; specific recommendations for local weed problems.

NOTICE: Manufacturer and its agents warrant the accuracy, as printed or implied, according to the label and/or heading of this material when used as directed.

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