47916-49 PM21 US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTIO., AGENCY 47016-45 OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS TERM OF ISSUANCE REGISTRATION DIVISION (15-767) WASHINGTON, DC 20460 1987 NAME OF PESTICIDE PRODUCT NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: REGISTRATION REPEGISTRATION (Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, The State Topics of Hydroxide Mettable and Rodenticide Act, as amended) NAME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include ZIP code) Date of the last o there was Samueller. NGTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration number. On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named posticide is hereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith. Registration is in no way to be construed as an indorsement or approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others. $\mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbf{K}(t) \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} \times t^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1} = \mathbb{Z}^{n+1}$ 2 1 1 (c) 3 (c) (7) (1) 1. data of the World received on rejude thousand attention in well product makes. The section 3(c)(5) when the section requires in rest than the elegistes are more than the supplied because letter. 2. It's the state to "lack posstration No. 7799 - 0." to your lake a refer were release the project of them mu-3. Cosmit fix (t)) compands your final trimes (afterno pafore you as Transist Conservations in surprise as Peter to 41s A-77 unalongs for a surprise Aug territain of fire orbit 1 18 Nor. The content of the co Low a Rosse Acting Product Panacot (21) Fundicide-Berise Ab Granch Profession Livesion (MS-7670) BEST AVAILABLE COPY Enclosurer ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE

SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

DATE

EPA Form 8570-6 (Rev. 5-76)

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED.



CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 giasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF INHALED: Remove yielim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, perferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician.

EPA Reg. No. 47916-

EPA Est. No. 37429-GA-01

NET CONTENTS:



P O BOX 490, MONTROSE, ALABAMA 36559 U.S.A.



FEB 8 1987

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pumpielde, and Rodersteide Act as intended. posteide registered v. Rog. Mag.

479/6-49

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

termful if swiellowed, inheled or absorbed through this sain. Avoid breathing mist and contact with IAIr', eyes, or clothing. Wish hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and warm waser alter

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

The product is touc to fish. Do not apply deactly to water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of watter. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Use wester Copper as noted below. "Hadricate with his adaptable to spraying from all types of spray equipment. Depending on the equipment used and the specific crop, the volume applied per acre will differ. For dilute, high volume sprays: use from 25 to 100 gallons of water per acre (GPA) for most vegetable crops, 400 to 800 GPA for fruit orchards and up to 1500 GPA as may be required for large citrus groves. For concentrate ground sprays apply from 5 to 20 GPA for most vegetable crops and 25 to 100 GPA for fruit and nut crops. For aerial spraying, 3 to 15 GPA are commonly used. No additional . surfactants are needed. Add slowly to a spray tank partially filled with water. Spreaderstickers, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added last. Observe all cautions and limitations on label of all products used in mixtures.

The following specific instructions are based on general applications. The recommendations of State Agricultural Extension Services should be closely followed as to timing, frequency and number of sprays per season.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store unused product in original container only in cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of bag in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

HOMEOWNER USE

1 level tablespoon of المعامدة المعامد application according to specific instructions given below for those crops where rates are given in pounds/hundred gallons. (For example: 2 pounds per 100 gallons are equivalent to 2 level tablespoons per dailon.)

CAUTION: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of skin contact, remove with washing; for eyes, wash with copious amounts of water and get immediate medical attention. This product is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

ALFALFA, Cercospora & Leptosphaerulina Leaf Spots. Apply at 2 pounds per acre 10-14 days before each harvest or earlier if disease threatens. Apply with ground or aenal equipment. Spray injury may occur with sensitive varieties such as Lahontan

ALMONDS, Coryneum Blight & Blossom Brown Rot. Use 2-3 pounds per 100 gallons of water (300-400 GPA) in late dormant before foliage buds swell if frequent rainfall occurs. A second application should be made during the early bloom stage (popcorn). To avoid plant injury, do not use above rate after full bloom. Bacterial Blast (Pseudomonas) Use 3-4 pounds per 100 gallons at dormant to early pink bud. For blast control in sprinker irrigated orchards or where disease is severe, apply 2-4 0.25 pound per 100 gallons at 2 week post-bloom intervals or just before sprinkling. Slight leaf injury may occur from post-bloom spray

APPLE, Anthracnose, European Canker, Pseudomonas, Apply before fall rains at 3-4 pounds per 100 gallons (300-400 GPA). Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid, pick before spraying. Fireblight. Apply at 2-4 pounds/100 gallons of water as a full cover spray. Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. CAUTION: Phylotoxicity may occur from late application. (Discontinue use when green-lip is 1/2-inch). Crown or Collar Rot. Mix 4 pounds in 100 gallons of water. Apply 4 gallons of suspension as a drench on the lower trunk area of each free. Apply either in early spring or in fall after harvest each year. Do not use if soil pH is below 5.5 or copper toxicity may result (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA)

APRICOTS, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole) & Blossom Brown Rot Apply at popcorn to full bloom using 2-3 pounds per 100 gallons (300-400 GPA). To avoid spray injury, do not apply after bloom

AYOCADOS, Scab. Apply when bloom buds begin to swell at 2 pounds per 100 gallions or 8-10 pounds per acre depending on equipment. Continue application at monthly intervals for 5 to 6 applications. Follow recommendations of State Agricultural Expenment Stations

BANANAS, Sigatoka. Apply by air at 2 pounds per acre in 3 gallons of water containing 0.5 gallon agricultural oil. Apply on a 14 day schedule throughout the wet season. Apply at 21 day intervals during dry periods. Black Pitting. Apply at 4 pounds per t00 gallons directly to the fruit stem and include the basal portion of the leaf crown. Apply during the first and second weeks after emergence

BEANS, Bacterial Blight (Halo & Common). For protective sprays, apply first application when plants are six inches high. Apply on 7-14 day schedule depending on local conditions. Use 1-3 pounds per acre depending on disease seventy

BLACKBERRIES (Santiams, Logans, Boysens, Marions, Auroras, Cascades, Chehalems, and Thornless Evergreens), Leaf & Cane Spot. Apply delayed dormanl spray after training in spring at 4 pounds plus 1 quart superior-type oil per 100 gallons. Make fall spray application after harvest using 4 pounds plus 1 quart superior-type oil per 100 gallons

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUT, CABBAGE & CAULIFLOWER, Downy Mildew. Apply 0.5 to 1 pound in 3 minimum of 25 GPA at 7 day intervals. (CABBAGE ONLY), Black Roi (Xanthomonas) & Black Leaf Spot (Atternatia). Apply at 2 pounds per acre in a minimum of 25 GPA at 7 to 10 day intervals. (Caution A slight reddening of older teaves may occur on broccoli and a slight flecking of wrapper leaves may occur on cabbage at the two pound rate). For control of diseases o these crops, begin applications after transplants are set in the field, or shortly after emergence of field-seeded crops or when conditions favor disease development

CACAO, Black Pod. Begin applications at the start of the rainy sea son and continue while infection conditions persist. Sprays should be made as often as 14 to 21 days in high rainfall areas at varying rates from 2 to 4.5 pounds per acre depending on disease severity. For drier areas, where 2 to 4 applications are recommended during critical infection periods and at long intervals, use 6.5 to 8.5 pounds per acre according to disease incidence and planting density

CANTALOUPES, HONEYDEWS & MUSKMELONS, Cowny Milden Apply whekly at 2 pounds per acre before disease appears

CARROTS, Carrot Blight (Cercospora). When dispose threatens, apply 2 pounds per acre at 7 to 14 day intervals depending on disease.

CELERY Early, Late & Bacterial Blights. Apply as soon as plants are first established in the field at 2 pounds per acre, then every 5-7 days depending on severity and weather. One or two quarts of a suitable agricultural spray oil per acre may be used as spreader-slicker

CHERRY, Dead But (Pseudomonas synngae) & Coryacum Blight Apply 6 pounds plus 1 pint superior-type oil per 100 gallons in October (before heavy fall rains) and again in January. In orchards where the disease is severe, a spray should also be applied in August Brown Rol Blossom Blight. For adequate control apply 2-3 pounds per 100 gallons as a full cover spray at popcorn and full bloom

CITRUS, Melanose, Scab, Greasy Spot & Pink Pitting. Apply as pre-bloom and post bloom sprays. Use 0.75 to 1.5 pounds. 101 per 100 gallons, depending on disease severity. May be used in concentrate sprays at equivalent rates. For aerial application use 6 per 10 gallons per acre. Brown Rot. Use 0.5 to 1 pound per 100 gallons as dilute spray or at equivalent rate as concentrate spray depending on severity of disease. Begin application in fall before or just after first heavy rains. Apply to skirts of trees to a height of at least 4 feet. Apply also to bare ground one loof beyond skirt. (California only In areas subject to copper injury, add 1/3 to 1 pound of high quality time per pound

COFFEE, Iron Spot (Cercospora coffeicola) & Pink Disease (Corlicium salmonicolor). Apply at 2 pounds per acre as a concentrale or dilute spray Begin treatment at start of wet season and continue at monthly intervals for three applications. Leaf Rust (Brazil). Apply at 3.5 to 3.5 pounds per acre for average density plantations. High density plantations may require 7-8 pounds per acre. Make application from September to March depending on attitude and local recommendations. Apply at 3 to 4 week intervals depending on disease severity and rainfall conditions.

CRANBERRY, Fruit Rot. Apply at 8 pounds per acre beginning in fale bloom. One or two additional applications made at 10 to 14 day intervals may be required, depending on disease pressure. Follow the advice of the State Agricultural Extension Service.

CUCUMBERS, Angular Leaf Spot & Downy Mildew Apply weekly once the plants begin to vine. Use at 1.5 to 2 pounds per acre

CURRANTS & GOOSEBERRY, Leaf Spot. Make three applications at 10 pounds per acre, starting after harvest before bloom and after petal fall

EGGPLANT, Alternaria Blight, Anthracnose, Phomopsis Use 2 pounds per acre before disease appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA)

FILBERTS, Bacterial Blight. Apply 4-6 pounds plus 1 pint superiertype oil per 100 gallons in late August or early September. In seasons of heavy rainfall, apply another spray when three-fourths of the leaves have dropped

GRAPES, Black Rot, Powdery Mildew & Downy Mildew Apply 2 plus 2-6 pounds hydrated time per acre as a pounds dilute or concentrate spray Use for the last one or two fate summer applications following early season application of another fungicide. Follow State schedule for exact timing. (Caution, Slight to severe foliage injury may occur on copper-sensitive varieties such as Concord, Delaware, Niagara, and Rosette).

HOPS, Downy Mildew Apply 2 pounds as a fungicide crown treatment (after pruning, but before training) as needed. After training additional fungicide treatments are needed at about 10 day intervals. Discontinue use 2 weeks before harvest

IATTINEA, Downy Milaem Apply 1-2 pounds per 100 gallons of water. Begin treatment when disease first appears and receat-every 7-10 days as needed to suppress disease

LIVE OAK, Ball Moss (Texas only). Apply at 6 pounds per 100 gallons of water, in spring after heavy rain, using 1.5 gallons of spray per foot of free height. Make sure to well fulls thoroughly. A second application may be required after 12 months

MANGO (Florida), Anthracnose Apply monthly after truit set until harvest at 2 pounds per 100 gallons or 8-10 gallons per acre depending on equipment. Consult Extension Service for State

OLIVES (California), Peacock Spot. Make first application at 2-3 pounds per 100 gallons or at 8-12 pounds per acre depending on equipment before winter rains fall. A second application in early spring should be made if disease is severe

ONION, Purple Blotch & Oowny Mildew Apply 2 pounds per acre when plants are 4 to 6 inches high and repeat at 7 to 10 day

PEACHES & NECTARINES, Leaf Curl & Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole) Dormant application, apply at leaf fall. Diffue. Apply 2-4 pounds per 100 gallons (minimum of 8 lbs/acre). Use 16 pounds per acre when rainfall is very heavy and disease pressure is high. Concentrate. Apply all equivalent rates in approximately 100 gallons of water. May be used with agricultural spray oil. Brown Rot Blossom Blight. Apply at 2 or 3. pounds per 100 gallons as a full cover spray at pink bud. (Application at this time also affords some control of Leaf Curl and Coryneum Blight) Bacterial Spot. Dormant application, apply at 2 pounds per 100 gallons. Post bloom, apply 14 pound per 100 gallons at first and second cover sprays. Do not spray later than three weeks prior to harvest. Do not use at rates above those recommended. (Caution: Slight defoliation and spotting of leaves may occur from use in cover sprays)

PEANUTS, Cercospora Leaf Spot. Begin spraying 40-45 days after planting or when disease symptoms appear. Make ground or aerial application at 1.5 to 3 pounds per acre. For aerial application use 3-10 gallons of water. Continue applications at 10-14 day intervals. Use in sufficient water to get adequate coverage. One to two quarts of a 6-pound flowable sulfur may be added.

PEARS, Fire Blight. Apply at 0.25 pound per 100 gallons or 1 pound per acre at 5 day intervals throughout bloom period. Pseudomonas Blight. Apply before tall rains at a rate of 3-4 pounds per 100 gallons (300-400 GPA) and again at dormant before spring growth starts. Excessive dosages may cause fruit russet

PEAS, Powdery Mildew. Begin spray treatment when disease symp. toms first appear. Use at 1.5 to 3 pounds per acre according to disease severity. Repeat applications at weekly intervals.

PEPPERS, Bacterial Spot. $V^{\prime\prime}$ an disease threatens, apply 2 to 3 pounds per acre in sufficient water for adequate coverage at 7 to 14 day intervals depending on disease severity

PHILODENDRON, Bacterial Leaf Spot. Apply weekly before disease appears at 1.5 pounds plus 1.5 pounds of a coordination product of maneb and zinc (80% active compound) per 100 gallons of water

POTATOES, Early & Late Blight: Apply at 7 to 10 day intervals starting when plants are six inches high until two weeks before harvest. Use 1 to 1.5 pounds per acre in those locations where disease is light and up to 3-4 pounds per acre where disease is more severe

PUMPKIN & SQUASH, Powdery Mildew. Begin applications when plants are 3 weeks old or when first disease symptoms appear. Use at weekly intervals at 1.5 to 3 pounds per acre depending on disease

STRAWBERRIES, Leal Spot & Leal Blight. Apply at 2-3 pounds in 100 gallons per acre. Begin application when plants are established and continue on a weekly schedule throughout season. Discontinue applications if signs of phytotoxicity appear.

SUGAR BEETS, Cercospora Leaf Spot. Start spray when disease threatens and continue for 4 to 5 applications. Spray 10-14 days depending on weather conditions at 2 to 5 pounds per acre depending on disease severity. Addition of suitable agricultural spray oil is recommended at 2 quarts per acre

SYCAMORE, Anthracnose. Make two applications using 2-3 pounds per 100 gallons as a full cover spray. Make first application at bud crack and second application 7-14 days later at 10% leaf expansion.

TOMATOES, Early Blight. When disease threatens, apply 2-3 pounds per acre at 7-10 day intervals. Bactenal Speck. Apply at 2 pounds per acre at 10-30 day intervals beginning when the disease threatens. Use more frequent applications when disease pressure is high. Bacterial Spot. When disease threatens, apply 2-4 pounds per acre at 7-10 day intervals, more frequently when disease is severe. May be combined with 1.5 to 2 pounds per acre maneb or coordination product of maneb and zinc (80% active compound). When maneb or the coordination product of zinc and maneb is used in combination, do not apply within live days of harvest

WALNUT, Walnut Blight Apply first spray at early pre-bloom when calkins are partially expanded. Make three additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage at 7-10 day intervals. Additional applications may be necessary when frequent rainfall occurs. Ditute: Apply 2 pounds per 100 gallons water (minimum of 8 lbs/acre). Concentrate: Apply at equivalent rates in 50-100 gallons water per acre. One pint of summer oil emulsion may be added per 100 gallons of spray. Do not apply more than 12.5 pounds per acre per application.

WATERMELON, Anthracnose & Downy Mildew, Apply as soon as plants become established and at weekly intervals thereafter Anthracnose. Use at 2 pounds per acre. Downy Mildew. Use at 1.5 to 3 pounds per acre, according to disease severity

WHEAT AND BARLEY, Septoria Leaf Blotch & Helminthosporum Spot Blotch, Apply 1.5 to 2 pounds per acre. Make first application arearly heading and follow with second application 10 days later.

FOR CONTROL OF DISEASES ON ORNAMENTALS IN GREENHOUSES, FIELDS & NURSERIES

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

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per 100 gailings of water. Begin Apply as a thicrough coverage spray using 1 pound application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7-14 day intervals as needed, use shorter interval application at first sign of disease and repeat at the displacement of the during periods of frequent rains or when segere disease conditions persist.

One level tablespoon of westey in perication of water's inquivalent to one pound reliable gallons of the A. Withhele be used as a maintenance spray. If maybe used afone or in

willy Giper When de with the be used as a manienance spra. It combination with other lung cides such as the differ carbamates.

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DISEASES

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Kanthomonas Scatscilli Arthracioski Begonia

Bulbs (Easter lify, tulip, gladiolus)

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Berges Elight Annual sis-Euonymus Yanthomonas inatspirt Ivy* Volume a leaf to got Pachysandra Phomopsis stembight Periwinkle Pyracantha Eneblight scat

Powdery mildow black spiri Rose" Yucca (Adam's needle) - Cercespera & Septema matheets

t Discoleration of foliage and lerbingois has been note sons, incluaneties. To prevent tesidues on commercial prants id in hispiral just before set og season

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Bacterial Spot. Dormani application, apply at 2 pounds per 100 gatlons. Post bloom, apply 1/4 pound per —) gallons at first and second cover sprays. Do not spray later than three weeks prior to harvest. Do not use at rales above those recommended. (Caution. Slight defoliation and spotting of leaves may occur from use in cover sprays).

PEANUTS, Cercospora Leaf Spot. Begin spraying 40-45 days after planting or when disease symptoms appear. Make ground or aerial application at 1.5 to 3 pounds per acre. For aerial application use 3-10 gallons of water. Continue applications at 10-14 day intervals. Use in sufficient water to get adequate coverage. One to two quarts of a 6-pound flowable sullur may be added.

PEARS, Fire Blight Apply at 0.25 pound per 100 gallons or 1 pound per acre at 5 day intervals throughout bloom period. Pseudomonas Blight Apply before falt rains at a rate of 3-4 pounds per 100 gallons (300-400 GPA) and again at dormant before spring growth starts. Excessive dosages may cause fruit russel.

PEAS, Powdery Mildew. Begin spray treatment when disease symptoms first appear. Use at 1,5 to 3 pounds per acre according to disease saverity. Repeat applications at weekly intervals.

PEPPERS, Bacterial Spot. When disease threatens, apply 2 to 3 pounds per acre in sufficient water for adequate coverage at 7 to 14 day intervals depending on disease severity.

per acre at 7-10 day intervals. Bacterial Speck. Apply at 2 pounds per acre at 10-30 day intervals beginning when the disease threatens. Use more frequent applications when disease pressure is high. Bacterial Spot. When disease threatens, apply 2-4 pounds per acre at 7-10 day intervals, more frequently when disease is severe. May be combined with 1-5 to 2 pounds per acre manebor coordination product of maneb and zinc (80% active compound). When maneb or the coordination product of zinc and maneb is used in combination, do not apply within five days of harvest.

WALNUT, Walnut Blight. Apply first spray at early pre-bloom when catkins are partially expanded. Make three additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage at 7-10 day intervals. Additional applications may be necessary when frequent rainfall occurs. Ditute: Apply 2 pounds per 100 gallons water (minimum of 8 lbs/acre). Concentrate: Apply at equivalent rates in 50-100 gallons water per acre. One pint of summer oil emulsion may be added per 100 gallons of spray. Do not apply more than 12.5 pounds per acre per application.

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WHEAT AND BARLEY, Septoria Leaf Blotch & Melminthosporum Spot Blotch. Apply 1.5 to 2 pounds per acre. Make first application at early heading and follow with second application 10 days faller.

FOR CONTROL OF DISEASES ON ORNAMENTALS IN GREENHOUSES FIELDS & NURSERIES

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DISEASES

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Azalea* Tercospora leatscot. British telephinera dietraux

5 powdery military

Begonia - Kanthomonas Halso * Arthra mosc

Bulbs (Easter fily, tulip. Berryt's blight

gladiolus)

Carnation* Afternation bright Pseudon has teatspot & Betrut's bright

Chrysanthemum* Septema leafspot & Borrotis to qt 1

Coloneaster Betrytis blight

Euonymus Betrytis blight Anthracensis
Ivy' Yanthomonas ealspet
Pachysandra Verufeta Inalib ight
Periwinkle Phomensis stemibight
Pyracantha Einethight scal

Roset Powdery military track spot Yucca (Adam's needle) Cercospera & Silentor a reatripots

*Discolpration of foliage and lor binoms has been noted on some varieties. To preventires it ues on commercial iclants, it ninot spray just before setung seasor.

CAUTION: Phytoroxicity may depend on varietal differences, if unlambat with the use of apply the recommended rate to a few plants, and it wisse after 7-10 days for symptoms of phytoroxicity.

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- WARRANTY - CONDITION OF SALE:

DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this (voduct are based on field use and tests befeved refulbe and should be followed carefully. It is however impossible to eliminate altests associated with use of this product. Because such factors as weather conditions, foreign material and manner of use for application are all beyond the control of Westey Industries. Inc., or the Selve of this product, such things as crop rejuny, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result.

ALL SUCH RISKS ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Wesley Industries Inc., warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the directions for use. Wesley Industries, for make no other warrantes, entressed or implied, including FTINESS OR MERICHANT ABILITY. In on case, shall waste Industrial time on the Settle field shall be consequential injusted and industrial amages.