

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage. May be harmful or fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Do not breathe dust, vapor, or spray mist. When handling either products containing TPTH or spray diluted mixtures, wear protective clothing (long pants, long sleeve shirt, impermeable gloves, boots, and a pesticide respirator jointly approved by the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health). When handling the concentrated products, wear a face shield. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not enter treated areas for at least 24 hours after treatment.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined that triphenyltin hydroxide causes birth defects in laboratory animals. Exposure to triphenyltin hydroxide during pregnancy should be avoided.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Cover or incorporate spills. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not enter treated areas for at least 24 hours after treatment.

Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Specific oral warnings must be given to inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure, see front panel for Statement of Practical Treatment. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information:

CAUTION: Areas treated with TRIPLE TIN™ 4L FUNGICIDE on (date of application). Do not enter treated areas for at least 24 hours after treatment. In case of accidental exposure, see front panel of Label for Statement of Practical Treatment.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple (rinsed for equivalent). Then of for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by state and local authorities.

TRIPLE TIN™ 4L can be applied as a ground or aerial spray to control fungicidal infestations on listed crops. Application rates are for general use. The state agricultural extension or agricultural experiment station specialists should be consulted for specific applications and timing recommendations. With any spray application thorough coverage is essential for good control.

Apply the product only as specified on this label.

PRECAUTIONS

TRIPLE TIN™ 4L can be applied in combination with Flowable Sulfur for additional fungicidal control. Do not add surfactants, spreaders, or stickers. Do not graze dairy or meat animals in treated areas.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Because of the high acute toxicity of triphenyltin hydroxide, and its potential for creating teratogenic effects, this product may be applied only by certified applicators or persons directly under their supervision.



A Flowable Fungicide for Use on Peanuts, Pecans, Potatoes, Carrots and Sugar Beets.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Triphenyltin hydroxide 40.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS 60.0%

TOTAL 100.0%

Contains 4 pounds Triphenyltin hydroxide per gallon. (480 grams per litre)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



DANGER — PELIGRO POISON



PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que le etiqueta haya sido explicado ampliamente.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

EPA Reg. No. 47916-35

EPA Est. No. 37429-GA-01

NET CONTENTS:

wesley industries, inc.

P O BOX 480, MONTROSE, ALABAMA 36550 U.S.A.

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICATION

SUGAR BEETS: Concomitant Leafhopper.

Ground application — Apply 3.8 - 5.5 fluid ounces of TRIPLE TIN™ 4L per acre in at least 10 gallons of water. Full coverage of the foliage is necessary for best results. Aerial application — (Helicopter or fixed wing aircraft) — Apply 3.8 - 5.5 fluid ounces of TRIPLE TIN™ 4L per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water. Diluted spray should be directed uniformly to all parts of the plant. Use lower gallonage when plants are small and increase volume with plant size. Use the lower rates for protective sprays and the higher rates later in the season or during high infestation periods. Application should begin when leafhopper numbers appear or when the disease is in the area and repeated at 10 to 14 day intervals. Do not treat within 14 days of harvest. Do not graze or feed leaf beet tops to livestock.

POTATOES: Early and Late Blight

Ground application — Apply 4.7 - 5.5 fluid ounces of TRIPLE TIN™ 4L per acre in at least 10 gallons of water. Full coverage of the foliage is necessary for best results. A spray pressure of less than 200 pounds is recommended. Aerial application — Apply 4.7 - 5.5 fluid ounces per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water. For helicopter application, fly high enough so as not to whip the vines. Diluted spray should be directed uniformly to all parts of the plant and the gallonage increased according to the size of the plants. Application should begin with the appearance of blight weather conditions and continue on a 7-day schedule. Do not treat within 7 days of harvest when applied by ground or aerial application equipment. The lower rate of application should be used early in the season and the high rate mid-to late season when blight infection is in the area. Irrigation System application (fixed-rate or center-pivot system only) — Apply 5.5 - 8.8 fluid ounces per acre. Do not apply through center-pivot (spiral) system which uses water pressure for movement of system. Irrigation system must be equipped with safety valves or other devices to prevent backflowing of pesticides into water sources. Any irrigation water treated with this product should be held on the treated area until it is absorbed by the soil. It should not be turned into the soil water or fed back into the irrigation system. Application should begin with the appearance of blight weather conditions and continue on a 7-day schedule. Do not treat within 7 days of harvest when applied by ground or aerial application equipment and not within 14 days when applied by irrigation system. The lower rate of application should be used early in the season and the high rate mid to late season or when blight infection is in the area.

PEANUTS: Concomitant Leafhopper

Ground application — Apply 4.7 - 7.8 fluid ounces of TRIPLE TIN™ 4L per acre in 10 to 100 gallons of water. Aerial application — Apply 4.7 - 7.8 fluid ounces per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water. Use lower rates when leafhopper is light, increasing as disease pressure increases.

Apply in sufficient water for uniform, full coverage of foliage. Use lower gallonage in early season when plants are small and increase spray volume as plant size increases. Application should begin approximately 6 weeks after planting or as soon as first signs of leafhopper appear. Spray application should continue on a 10 to 14-day schedule. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not allow birds to feed on peanuts in treated fields. Mule deer treated peanuts may be used in feed for livestock. Do not use vines for feed.

CARROTS: Concomitant Leafhopper and Alternaria Blight

Apply 3.8 - 7.8 fluid ounces of TRIPLE TIN™ 4L per acre. Use lower rates when disease pressure is light, increasing as disease pressure increases. Apply in sufficient water for uniform, full coverage of foliage (25 to 100 gallons per acre). Use lower volumes in early season when plants are small and increase spray volume as plant size increases. Applications should begin 6 weeks after planting or as soon as first signs of disease appear. Spray applications should continue on a 7-day schedule or as needed for continued control. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not use tops as feed for livestock.

PECANS: Scab, Brown Leafhopper, Downy Spot, Powdery Mildew, Leaf Spot, Beech Nip and Leaf Blotch

Aerial application — Apply 11.4 - 22.8 fluid ounces per acre in a minimum of 20 gallons of water. Ground application — Apply 3 - 5 fluid ounces of TRIPLE TIN™ 4L per acre in 100 gallons of water. 10.2 - 45.8 fluid ounces per 100 gallon tank and apply as a full coverage spray. Diluted spray should be directed to all parts of the tree. Applications should begin at pre-pollination stages when the young leaves are unfolding and a second application made when the small nuts are forming. Repeat spray applications at 2 to 4 week intervals as needed to maintain control. Use the lower rate for the first two applications or until the disease becomes severe, or during severe drought, powdery mildew, or other disease infections. Do not apply after shucks have started to open.

— WARRANTY — CONDITION OF SALE:

DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based on field use and tests believed reliable and should be followed exactly. It is, however, impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Because such factors as weather conditions, foreign material and manner of use for application are all beyond the control of Wesley Industries, Inc., or the Seller of this product, such things as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result.

ALL SUCH RISKS ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Wesley Industries, Inc., warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is responsible for the persons referred to in the directions for use. Wesley Industries, Inc., makes no other warranty, expressed or implied, including FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY in no case shall Wesley Industries, Inc., or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The foregoing is a limitation of sale by Wesley Industries, Inc., and is accepted in such by the Buyer.

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