### CAUTION

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skirs. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of spray mist. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of any body of water.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT USE OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAMES. If exposed to prolonged cold, place in warm storage 50 to 50° F. for several hours and agitate before use.

#### DIRECTIONS

this a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with الناء labeling.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. STORAGE: Store in a secure, cool, dry, area in original container.

DISPOSAL: Pesticide: ) esticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excesspesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide of Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Container: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION: Contains 2 pounds technical methoxychlor per gallon, and is to be used as a spray with water (forming a stable emulsion) for the control of certain insects. It is suitable for high- or low-voluine application.

Ground Application Equipment: Dilute stated amount per acre of 25% Methoxychlor in water for ground application on the listed crops. The amount of water required per acre will depend upon type of equipment being used. This varies from 5 to 100 gallon of water

Aircraft Application: Apply the required amount of 25% Methoxychlor per acre in water. approximately 3 to 10 gallons water per acre as is consistent with crop growth and good

IMPORTANT: Users should observe the usual precautions concerning application of oil-containing products to crops during high temperature since many crops are then more susceptible to oil injury.

LIVESTOCK — Beef Cattle, Hege, Sheep and Dairy Cattle (non-lactating): For direct application to control hom ity, mix 1 cup of Methoxychlor with 3 gallons of water, or 2 gallons of Methoxychlor with 100 gallons of water. Dip or spray. If spraying, use 2 quarts per larger c nimal and proportionally less for smaller ones. Apply by means of a power sprayer with orchard type nozzles or a knapsack sprayer wetting shoulders, back and flanks. Repeat applications at 2 to 3 week intervals as fly infestations warrant. For control of short-need and long-need cattle lice, apply as a drenching spray. Note: Do not apply to dairy animals during lactation or within 2 weeks of freshening. Do not dip calves under 1 month of see.

Lice: (Cattle, hogs, sheep and Gosts). Sheep ticks (Keds) (on sheep and gosts): Mix 1 cup of Methoxychlor with 3 gallons of water or 2 gallons Methoxychlor with 100 gallons (Continued on other side)

> Not Reviewed. Registrant claims to be in accordance with Reregistration of Pesticide Product Guidance for Phase 2 Response, Page 2.12, Active to Inert Change in Status.



# Methoxychlor Emulsifiable Insecticide

## ONE GALLON CONTAINS ? POUNDS TECHNICAL METHOXYCHLOR

*Methoxychlor, Technical	<b>25%</b> 75%
*25% methorychlor technical is equivalent to 22% 2,2-bits (a-methorychonyl), 1,1,1-irichlorochlone and 3% other looms	100%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR OTHER CAUTIONS

**NET CONTENTS: 1 Gallon** 

MANUFCTURED BY: CHEM-TECH, LTD. DES MONES, IOWA

and reaction products.



EPA Rog. No. 47000-41

EPA Est. No. 47000-IA-01

PW 12 EPA# 47000-41 pg. 14/ C1F 12/31/89

DIRECTIONS (Con'L)

of water. Dip or spray, wetting animals it oroughly. If spraying apply 2 quarts per large animal and proportionally less for small ones. Note: Do not apply to dairy animals during lectation or within 2 weeks of freshening. Do not dip calves under 1 month of age.

SELF APPLICATOR FLY CONTRO!. Ot? CATTLE (except dairy animals) -- For control of hornilles dilute 1 gallon Methoxychlor with 4½ gallons of diesel fuel or furnace type oil. Do not use any other type of oil. Use 1 gallon of solution to saturate burlap on "back rubber", soak burlap every two or three weeks.

BUILDINGS - CONTACT AND SPACE SPRAY FOR FLIES - To reduce populations of housefiles and stable files in farm buildings in barnyards, in alleys, on dumps and other outdoor locations, mix 1 quart of Methoxychlor with 3 gallons of water or 8 gallons of Methoxychlor with 100 gallons of water. Apply to all exterior and interior surfaces where flies rest or crawl, using about 1 gallon per 1,000 square for and wetting to the point of run-off. Apply in space by mist blower or directly to flies by hydraulic sprayer, hand sprayer or cylindrical pressure sprayer. Do not contaminate milk, feed or drinking water. Remove dairy animals while treating barns. Do not use in poultry houses.

GRAIN SINS (empty grain bin treatment only): To aid in the control of exposed stage of cadelle, flet grain beetle, saw-toothed grain beetle, lesser grain borer, red flour beetle, long-heeded flour beetle, rice weetle, granary weetle, confused flour beetle, foreign grain beetle and hairy fungus beetle, mix 1 quart of Methoxychlor with 2½ gallons of water or 10 gallons of Methoxychlor with 100 gallons of water. Thoroughly clean the bin and apply about 2 gallons of spray per 1,000 square feet for control of above insects which may emerge from burrows and cracks of the woodwork after cleaning. Note: Do not add grain to bin for at least 24 hours or until walls have dried out thoroughly.

FORAGE CROPS: (Alfalts, clover, grass, cowpess and peanut forage) Apply at the following rate using low gallonage or conventional equipment. Start applications at first signs of intestation and repeat ? to 1-1-day intervals as needed. Do not apply later than ? days before hervest or grazing.

Leethopper, spittlebug	
Attalle coterniller, See beglies	1 1/2 to 2 qts. per acre
*Allalic weevil (larvae), Allalia webworm, fall armyworn	n, clover leaf
weevil, Mexican been beetle, pea weevil, soybeen	caterallier, volvet
been caterplier	2 to 3 ots, per acre
Cowpee, curculio, Japanese beetle	3 ole ner ecre
Contest cricage abbutes ness	2 to 4 ate per sore
Armyworm	of official wearful add mainthing
*For pee aphid and as an alternate program for control	Of Submit manage, and under mout
(amulaillable liquid) at the rate of 1 to 1% lbs. active per	acre.

POTATOES; Use 2 qts. per acre for control of Colorado potato beetles, leathopper, and fice beetle. Pepeat as necessary.

SMALL FRUITS: For the control of the following insects, apply as a thorough cover spray at the rate of 1 to 11/2 gallons (2 to 3 pounds actual Methoxychlor) per acre. For small lots, mix 8 to 12 teaspoonfuls per 1 gallon of water. Apply as a thorough cover spray when insects first appear. Repeat applications at 7 to 10 day intervals as infestation warrants.

14-day interval between last application and harvest: Blueberries (Cherry Fruit Worm, Cranberry Fruitworm, Plum Curculio); Loganberry (Japanese Beeties); Currante, Gooseberries (Japanese Beetie); Grapes — For Grape Berry Moths apply as a postblossom cover spray and repeat 10 days later; make third and fourth applications at 10 day intervals if necessary.

MOTICE: Seller's quarantee shall be limited to the terms of the label, and subject thereto the buyer assumes all risk to persons or property arising out of use or handling and accepts the product on these conditions.