



OLD BRIDGE CHEMICALS, INC.

36 point Bold { BASIC COPPER SULFATE

12 point Bold — Active Ingredient: Copper (in Basic Copper Sulfate)
12 point Bold — Inert Ingredient

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
EPA 46923-2

OCT 29 1982

50%
50%
100%

Total

12 point Bold — KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

18 point Bold — DANGER

Net Contents

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, amended, this pesticide is registered under EPA Reg. No. 46923-2

50 lbs.

110.23 Kilograms

12 point Bold

— STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with a finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If splashed in eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

If spilled on skin: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes and immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If irritation develops, see a physician.

EPA Registration #: _____

EPA Est. # 46923-NJ-01

12 point Bold

— PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

— Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals

9 point Bold Danger: Corrosive. Causes eye damage and irritation to the skin and mucous membrane. Fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe dust or spray mist. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling.

12 point Bold

— ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is hazardous to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

12 point
Bold

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

7 point
Bold

—Notice: Follow all directions carefully. Timing and methods of application, weather, crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material when not used in strict accordance with the directions given on this label.

Recommended Mixing Directions: Fill the spray tank about half full of water and with agitator running add the required amount of Basic Copper Sulfate. Add water to fill the tank to 3/4 full and when a spreader sticker is recommended, add the proper amount according to the manufacturer's recommendation. Fill the spray tank and keep agitator running until the spraying is completed.

Fruits and Nuts

Almonds Brown Rot and Shot Hole; conventional dilute spray; use 4 to 5 pounds in 100 gallons of water with 1 gallon sticker and apply 350 to 400 gallons per acre. Bud sprays for control of Brown Rot and Shot Hole should be applied at pink bud through popcorn stage. Do not spray after trees are in leaf. As a dormant spray for control of Shot Hole and Brown Rot, apply December 15 to January 15. Concentrate sprayers; use 9 to 12 pounds combined with 1 to 2 gallons sticker and apply as above in 25 to 50 gallons of water per acre. Use 12 pounds per acre through swelling buds and 9 pounds per acre in popcorn stage. Aerial spray in dormant season with 16 to 20 pounds per acre in 20 gallons of water combined with a spreader sticker.

Apricots Brown Rot and Shot Hole; conventional dilute spray; use 4 to 5 pounds in 100 gallons of water combined with 1 to 1 1/2 gallons of sticker. As a dormant spray for control of Shot Hole apply November 15 to January 15. Bud sprays for control of Brown Rot should be applied through swelling buds and popcorn stage. Do not spray when trees are in leaf. Concentrate sprayers; use 10 to 12 pounds combined with 1 to 1 1/2 gallons sticker per acre and apply as above. Use 12 pounds per acre through swelling buds and reduce to 10 pounds in popcorn stage. When bud blight is a problem apply the maximum rate shown above after most leaves have fallen in the fall, usually November and December, but prior to fall rains.

Berries (Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries, Loganberries, Raspberries) — Anthracnose: use 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water. Begin spray when leaf buds begin to open. Repeat when flower buds show white and continue at 10 to 14 day intervals. Leaf and Cane Spot and Yellow Rust; in spring use 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water and apply when leaf buds begin to open and repeat when flower buds show white. Also postharvest spray after pruning, but before fall rains, using 6 pounds per 100 gallons of water combined with 1 to 1 1/2 gallons of sticker.

Cherries: Brown rot and Blossom Blight; use 4 to 5 pounds per 100 gallons of water plus $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 gallon spreader sticker. Apply at popcorn and late bloom stages. In late bloom spray add 5 pounds hydrate lime per 100 gallons spray. For Leaf Spot apply 4 to 5 pounds hydrated lime per 100 gallons applied at petal fall. For Shot Hole use 4 to 5 pounds per 100 gallons of water plus $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 gallon sticker and apply as a dormant spray.

Citrus: Brown Rot; use 1 pound per 100 gallons of water. Only in Florida use 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water. A spreader sticker may be used when local conditions require it. Apply at first indications of rain or first appearance of Brown Rot. Repeat as needed to protect during wet weather. For Melanose, Scab, Greasy Spot and Pink Pitting of grapefruit use $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 pounds per 100 gallons of water by dilute spray. With aerial spray apply 10 to 26 pounds per acre diluted to the proper concentration with water as recommended for the specific type sprayer used. Do not use less than 10 gallons of spray per acre. For Scab control make two applications, one just before trees begin to flush and repeat at two-thirds petal fall. For Melanose control apply 1 - 3 weeks after petal fall. Repeat 4 weeks later if necessary. For Greasy Spot and Pink Pitting make a summer spray about July 15. Wettable sulfur may be included in sprays for Melanose and Scab. Caution: Do not use in areas where copper injury is known to have occurred.

Grapes: Anthracnose, Black Rot, Downy Mildew; dilute spray; use 2 pounds per 100 gallons of water. Make first application when new growth is $\frac{1}{2}$ inch long and repeat every 10 to 14 days. Concentrate spray; use 4 to 5 pounds per acre in sufficient water for coverage and apply as stated above.

Peaches and Nectarines: Brown Rot, Peach Blight (Shot Hole), Leaf Curl; dilute spray; use 4 to 5 pounds per 100 gallons of water plus 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ gallons sticker. Concentrate spray; use 12 to 16 pounds per acre plus 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ gallons sticker in 25 to 50 gallons of water per acre. As a dormant spray for Leaf Curl and Peach Blight, apply November 15 to December 15 prior to fall rains. Bud sprays for Brown Rot and Peach Blight should be applied before bud swell and in full pink bud stage. Do not apply after pink bud stage or after trees are in leaf as injury may occur. Note: to control Leaf Curl, application must be made before the foliage buds swell. Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station. California only: For Blight and Leaf Curl control, 16 to 20 pounds in 20 gallons of water may be applied by aircraft per acre during the dormant season. For Bacterial diseases of peaches apply 3 pounds per 100 gallons of water plus sticker and apply during the dormant season.

Pears: Fire Blight; use $\frac{1}{2}$ pound per 100 gallons of water. Apply 400... gallons per acre to give 1 pound metallic copper per acre. Concentrate spray; use 2 pounds per acre in sufficient water for good coverage. Apply at 10% bloom and repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals during bloom. Do not use on D'Anjon, Comice or Seckel varieties.

Plums and Prunes: Brown Rot, Shot Hole; use 4 to 5 pounds plus 1 to 1½ gallons sticker per 100 gallons water. For Shot Hole control apply as a dormant in November or December before the advent of heavy rains. For Brown Rot control apply at early green bud and full popcorn stages. Concentrate spray, use 12 pounds plus 1 to 1½ gallons sticker in 25 to 50 gallons water and apply to one acre. California only; For aircraft spray to control Shot Hole and Brown Rot Blossom Blight apply 16 to 20 pounds plus sticker in 20 gallons of water and apply to one acre during dormant season.

Walnuts: Blight; use 4 to 5 pounds per 100 gallons of water. Treat twice, once in early prebloom and the second when 10 to 20 percent pistillate blooms are showing. Repeat applications for Blight control 3 or 4 times during growing season if necessary.

Strawberries: Leaf Spot; use 2 to 3 pounds per 100 gallons of water. Apply prebloom and postbloom.

CAUTION: Overspraying may cause injury to tender foliage of peaches, almonds, apricots and some Japanese plums.

Vegetables:

Mixing Instructions: Mix recommended amount of Basic Copper Sulfate given for one acre in sufficient water for good coverage. With dilute ground sprayer, generally apply 100 to 150 gallons spray per acre. With concentrate sprayer generally apply 20 to 50 gallons spray per acre. With aerial sprayers, generally apply 5 to 10 gallons per acre, but do not apply less than 5 gallons spray mixture per acre. Consult manufacturer or specific sprayer for recommended volumes of water per acre.

Beans: (Green and dry)- Angular Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Bacterial Blight, Downy Mildew; use 2 to 4 pounds per acre. Begin treatment when plants are about 5 inches tall and repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals.

Beets: Downy Mildew, Leaf Blight, Leaf Spots; use 2 to 3 pounds per acre. Begin when disease first appears and repeat every 7 to 10 days.

Sugar Beets: Cercospora Leaf Spot; use 4 pounds per acre. Begin when disease first occurs and repeat every 7 to 10 days.

Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower- Downy Mildew, Leaf Spots; use 1 to 3 pounds per acre. Begin when plants are above ground in plant bed or before disease normally appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals in plant bed and field.

Carrots: Downy Mildew, Cercospora, Alternaria Leaf Blight; use 3 to 4 pounds per acre. Begin treatment when disease first appears and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Celery: Bacteria Blight, Early and Late Blight; use 3 to 4 pounds per acre. Treat every 7 days after emergence.

Cucurbits (Cantaloupes, Cucumbers, Melons, Pumpkins, Squash)-
Angular Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Aternaria Leaf Spot, Bacterial
Wilt, Downy and Powdery Mildews, Gummy Stem Blight, Leaf Spot,
Scab; use 2 pounds per acre. Begin treatment when plants begin
to vine and repeat every 7 to 10 days. Since the disease is
likely to be more serious in high plant populations (40,000 plus plants
per acre) spray every 3 to 4 days to protect fruit at all stages of
development. Note: A ground application of Basic Copper Sulfate
after planting, but before emergence may help decrease infections
of Angular Leaf Spot, Anthracnose and Aternaria Leaf Spot. Then
follow above schedule after emergence. Note: Some Agricultural
Experiment Stations may recommend equal amounts of hydrated lime when
used on cucurbits. Lime when applied to cucurbits may cause
dwarfing of plants and reduce fruit set due to increased transpiration
and defloration under some conditions. Consult your local Experiment
Station for specific recommendations.

Onion- Purple Blotch, Downy Mildew; use 3 to 4 pounds per acre.
Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches and repeat at 7 to 10 day
intervals.

Pepper- Anthracnose, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Cercospora
Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew; use 3 to 4 pounds per acre. Start sprays
in seedbed and continue in field at 7 day intervals. Note: Disease
control is critical during fruiting.

Potatoes- Early and Late Blights; use 3 to 6 pounds per acre.
Begin when plants emerge and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Peanuts- Cercospora Leaf Spot; use 2 to 3 pounds per acre. Re-
peat at 10 to 14 day intervals. Note: the addition of 2 pounds
wetttable or flowable sulfur in a tank mix will enhance leaf spot
control. If dusting is preferred, use 7 pounds Basic Copper
Sulfate with 93 pounds dusting sulfur and apply on 3 to 5 acres
depending on plant size.

Spinach- Anthracnose, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Downy Mildew, White
Rust; use 2 to 4 pounds per acre. Begin when disease first appears.
Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Tomatoes- Anthracnose, Bacterial Spot, Bacterial Canker, Early
and Late Blight, Leaf Mold, Nailhead Rust, Septoria and Stemphylium
Leaf Spot; use 2 to 4 pounds per acre. Begin in seed bed or field
before disease appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

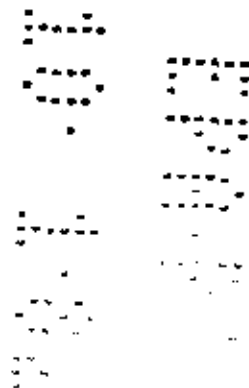
^{12 point}
~~bold~~ - STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

Container disposal: Triple rinse and dispose of in an incinerator or landfill approved for pesticide containers, or bury in a safe place. Consult Federal, state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as limited open burning.

^{12 point}
~~bold~~ - WARRANTY

Madison warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on this label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.



BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

CAUTION

Wash thoroughly after using and before eating or drinking.
Reverse and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL SCI. & TECH.

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not incorporate water by slopping.
*Equivalent to dosage of water

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THE JOURNAL OF THE
ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a complete set of financial data by country over the period 1960-1980. (Materials accompanied with my bibliography.)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not burn this paper. Fold or seal by storage and disposal.

STORAGE. Store in a cool dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL. Pesticides, spray products, or mixtures that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal, State, or local procedures under the Pesticide Control and Recovery

CONTAINER DISPOSAL. Disposal of bags according to approved Federal Rules, or local procedures under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION: - Mix the recommended amount of ZINCAL 75% WP in a sufficient volume of water to obtain a green slurry with suitable suspension in either water or oil. For use on susceptible ground and aerial sprays. Through-out the application, maintain a steady stream of spray. For aerial application, ZINCAL 75% WP can be applied alone or it can be applied with various other sprays in accordance with the instructions. It should not be used only as a dusting agent. For more information, refer to the recommended use on the label and then consult the current local Regulatory Agency. Stay on top of industry innovation at Bayer Laboratory Science Solutions.

RESULTS

GENERAL COLLECTIONS - In domestic orders to follow the bank's Expedient Variation policy schedule the further distance of change is following. In some cases, the policy is to 2 week delivery for long distance orders. Some places may vary.

UNION -

[illegible]

APPLIES, 24/2400, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 84

The red apply within 18 days of harvest in Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia.

CRISPR/CAS-1 test applied when needed. Apply 1 to 2 ml @ 75% W/V per 100 gallons. Mix 1/4 inch. Minimum. Apply at post fall and 10 to 20 days after post fall and again immediately after harvest. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

DETAILS: To control rust, fire and insecticide fumigating and
Grade 12x14 lbs 1 lb 2100 8 75% vs P 1st 100 before
1745 lbs 1A 10000000 Apply when rust index appear

CHRYSLER - Fuel rate 1.6 to 2.3 lbs. ZINC 25%
100 per 100 gallons of the 1A maximum. Apply when
plants show 5% bloom and repeat about 2 weeks later or at
two (2) days.

CURRENTANTS—Leaf spray like 2-4th (2nd R 25% on P) per 100 gal water at the 1st maximum. Apply 2 to 3 weeks after bloom and again immediately after harvest. Do not spray within 3 days of harvest.

Directions: - Check pH, closely monitor ripe rot. Like 1 1/2 oz. ZINEB 75% WP per 100 gallons at 20-25 in. measuring. Apply just before bloom, just after bloom, 10 days after bloom and 2 to 3 weeks later. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

PEACHES, ANNUOUS - Consume blight or shot hole, peach leaf curl like 2 size 700FF 15% WP per 100 gallons (calculate) Etc. JA, agents 10 to 16 JA measured. Apply in pre-harvest or dormant period and in support to partial stages according to the State Experiment Station technique. Do not apply after petal fall or already in full bloom. 30 Gall of treatment can cover.

STRAWBERRY - Used upon 1% to 2% for 2nd & 3rd yr.
Use P. on roots using 150 to 250 gallons water for thorough coverage. Begin when new growth starts in spring and repeat as necessary. For leaf sprays apply in new leafy in late summer using 2 to 3 mil/yr use 4 to 6 oz. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

VEGETABLE CROPS

GENERAL DIRECTIONS: - Unless otherwise indicated, all vegetables, use 3 to 6 lbs. of ZAP® 75% WP per acre on sufficient water for thorough coverage. For olive groves use 50 to 250 gallons of water per acre depending upon size and stage of development. Treat approximately 100 sq. ft. prior to appearance of disease symptoms and repeat as needed.

BEANS - Anthracnose, caused by *Colletotrichum blight*, appears as dark brown spots on leaves and pods. Control: rotate crops; avoid overhead irrigation; fungicide treatments.

DEPT. OF TRANSPORT - Commercial and Public Highway Division
 1000 15th Ave. S.W. - 1st Floor - Room 1000
 P.O. Box 1000 - 1st Floor - Room 1000



**MAJESTIC
GREEN**

ZINEB 75% W.P.

FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT
ZINEB (zinc ethylene bisdithiocarbamate) 75%
(Metallic zinc equivalent) 17.7%

INERT INGREDIENTS 2%

TOTAL	100%
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CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

May cause irritation of nose, throat and skin. Do not breathe dust or spray mist. In case of prolonged or frequent use, wear clean, protective clothing and bathe after each exposure. In case of skin contact, wash with water, for eyes, wash copiously with water and get medical attention.

EPA Reg. No. 48391-
EPA Est. No. 10107-NB1

NET CONTENTS 5 LBS.
(2.265 KG.)

Manufactured For
Majestic Green Products Inc.
P.O. Box 7764
Burlington, KS 66802