UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

JUN | 4 1996

Jet Inc. 750 Alpha Drive Cleveland, Ohio 44143-2333

Kenneth D. Riesberg Attention:

Director of Engineering Research & Development

Subject:

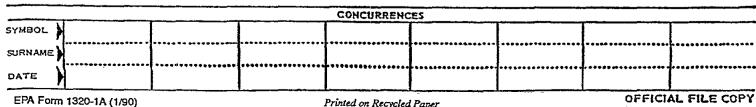
Jet-Clor

EPA Registration Number 45983-1

Your Amendment Dated February 28, 1996

This is in response to your request to amend this registration of the subject product by revising the ingredient statements and the Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF). Please note the following:

- The revised basic Confidential Statement of Formula dated February 28, 1996 agrees with the label and would be acceptable.
- Since you are repackaging with another EPA registered product, EPA Reg. No. 748-285, the certified limits for this product should be the same as for the currently EPA registered product.
- Submit a revised Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) but do not enter the certified limits in column #14b. If you wish to assign your own certified limits in column #14b, then change the lower certified limit to a lower value but not 70% which is the nominal concentration listed on the February 28, 1996 amended label.



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- 2. The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable, provided that you make the following label revision listed below:
 - Under the Precautionary Statements section, subheading "Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals", add the statement "DANGER -Highly corrosive" on the front panel.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. Submit one copy of the final printed label prior to release of the product for shipment.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact LaVerne Dobbins at (703) 305-7064.

Sincerely,

Robert Tesnoglin don

Walter C. Francis
Acting Product Manager (32)
Antimicrobial Program Branch
Registration Division (7505C)



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Highly corrosive. Causes skin and eye damage. May be fatal if riging College, Causes swin and eye change. May be rated in swallowed. Do not get into eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses and rubber gloves when handling; tritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without praviously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Strong Oxidizing Agent: Mix only with water. Use clean dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter, or other chemicals will start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous Gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal conjainer. It possible, isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary,

Federal Law requires that this product must be sold in its original container and in the quantity shown on the label.



A DRY CHLORINATING COMPOUND • BACTERICIDE • DISINFECTANT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT-CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE 10% . £15983-1 EPA REG. NO. EPA EST. NO. 7137-NJ-01 LOT NO. ACCEPTED NET CONTENTS ... with COMMENTS in EPALLOS Datods

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT (FIRST AID)

- · EYE OR SKIN CONTACT: If contact with skin occurs, wash with plenty of soap and water. For eye contact, get immediate medical attention, if skin irritation occurs, get medical attention.
- INHALATION: Remove to fresh air, if signs of irritation or discomfort occur, take immediately to a hospital or physician.
- SWALLOWING: If swallowed, drink large quantities of water, DO NOT induce vomiting. Take immediately to a hospital or physician. If vomiting occurs, administer additional water, if unconscious or in convulsions, take immediately to a hospital. Do not attempt to induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

(SEE ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS ON SIDE LABEL)

JUN 1 4 1996

Under the Federal Insections. Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act to

amended, for the pesticide JETINC.

registered under ITALBAN DHIVE, CLEVELAND, OHIO 44143 • U.S.A. • 216/461-2000

EMERGENCYTELEPHONE NUMBER: (2004) 842-1300

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STURAGE AND LIGHTOSA.

Keep this product in a tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heal or open flame. In case of decomposition, Isolate container, (if possible) and flood area with large amounts of water to dissorve all inject his before discarding this container. Do not revise amply container. Place in Irrah collection. Do not containing flood or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment.

SEWAGE AND WASTEWATER **EFFLUENT TREATMENT**

The disinfection of swage effluent must be evaluated by determining the total number of colliform bacteria and/or fecal Colliform bacteria, as determined by the most probable number (MPN) procedure, or the chlorinated

total number of conform bacteria, anoty of each Colliform bacteria, as determined by the most probable number (MPNP) procedure, or the chlorinated affluent must be reduced to or below the maximum permitted by the controlling regulatory jurisdiction.

On the average, satisfactory disinfaction of secondary wasterdisent can be obtained when the chlorine residual is 0.5 PPM after is minutes contact. Although the chlorine residual is the critical factor in disinfaction, he importance of correlating foliorine residual with bacteria kill must be emphasized.

The MPN of the sitiuent, which is directly related to the water quality standards requirement, should be considered an operating standard valid only to the extent verified by the colliform quality of the sitiuent.

The following are critical factors effecting wastswater disinfection:

1. MIXING, it is imperative that the product be instantaneously and completely flash-mixed to assure reaction with every chemically active soluble 6 particulate component of the wastewater.

2. DOSAGE/RESIDIAL CONTROL. Successful disinfection is extremely dependent on response to fluctualizing cliniorine demand to maintain a predetermined, desirable chlorine level. Secondary efficient should contain 0.2 to 10.PPM chlorine residual after 3 file 30 minutes contact time. Pressonable average of residual chlorine is 0.5 PPM after 15 minutes contact time.

COOLING TOWER/EVAPORATIVE CONDENSER WATER

Continuous Feed Method

Continuous reast Metinad
MITIAL DOSE: Whon system is noticeably fouled, apply 2 to 4 tablets (10 to 20 oz) of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 PPM ayalighte chignine.
SUBSCQUENT DOSE: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed using a tablet hypochlorinator. To dose, use 1 tablet of this product (5 oz.) per 15,000 gallons of water fost by blowdown to maintain a 1 print residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.