

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

July 16, 2019

Vincent Piccirillo Authorized Agent for Taminco US Inc. C/O VPTOX, LLC 21320 Sweet Clover Place Ashburn, VA 20147

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Removal of "cool" descriptor from Storage and Disposal

section

Product Name: Metam KLR 54% EPA Registration Number: 45728-27

Application Date: 9/27/2018 Decision Number: 544928

Dear Dr. Piccirillo:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you have any questions, you may contact me at 703-305-5410 or by email at johnson.hope@epa.gov.

Sincerely.

Hope Johnson, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs **Bold, italicized text is information for the reader and is not part of the label.** [Bracketed information is optional.] Text separated by / denotes and/or options.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute inhalation toxicity to humans.

For retail sale to and use by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

METAM KLR™ 54%

SOIL FUMIGANT

SOIL FUMIGANT SOLUTION FOR SPECIFIC CROPS AS LISTED IN THIS LABEL:

MAY BE APPLIED BY WATER-RUN APPLICATIONS (e.g., CHEMIGATION), SOIL INJECTION OR SOIL BEDDING EQUIPMENT TO SUPPRESS AND/OR CONTROL SOIL-BORNE PESTS IN LISTED ORNAMENTALS, FOOD AND FIBER CROPS.

For the control or suppression of Weeds, Diseases and Nematodes. Controls or suppresses weeds such as Bermudagrass, Chickweed, Dandelion, Ragweed, Henbit, Lambsquarter, Pigweed, Watercress, Amaranths species, Watergrass, Johnsongrass, Nightshade, Nutsedge, Wild Morning-Glory and Purslane, Nematodes and Symphylids. Soil-bornediseases such asRhizoctonia, Pythium, Phytophthora, Verticillium, Sclerotinia, Oak Root Fungus and Club Root of Crucifers.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Potassium methyldithiocarbamate*	54.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	46.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%
*Contains 5.8 lbs. Potassium methyldithiocarbamate per gallon	

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

EPA Est. No. 32557-BEL-1

NET CONTENTS: XX.X Gallons



NOTIFICATION

45728-27

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

07/16/2019

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
If on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing.
****	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably
	mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If swallowed:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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EMERGENCY INFORMATION

Have the Product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For Emergencies involving a Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, Contact: CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300. For product usage information, phone Taminco US LLCtoll free at (800) 223-3258 from 9: 00 a.m. to 5:00 PM Eastern Time

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

SEE SIDE/BACK PANEL OR ATTACHED BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Optional Company Identifier:

Alternate Brand Names: Metam KLR

Metam KLR Soil Fumigant Metam KLR – Soil Fumigant Metam KLR 54% Soil Fumigant

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Note to PM:

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER. Fatal if absorbed through skin. Corrosive. Causes skin burns and irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate or viton ≥ 14 mils.

Handlers applying via weed sprayer (see *Term used in this labeling* section) while irrigation system is operating or handlers who may be exposed to liquid spray while repairing a malfunctioning chemigation system or shutting off equipment must wear:

- chemical-resistant coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- chemical-resistant gloves.
- chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- · chemical-resistant headgear, and
- · respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label.

Handlers wearing chemical-resistant attire are limited to 30 minutes of exposure in any 60 minute period to prevent heat illness, and, as required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides, employers of these handlers must take any necessary steps to avoid heat illness.

Except as required above, handlers transferring or loading liquid formulations, handlers operating motorized ground equipment with open cabs, handlers repairing or inactivating irrigation or chemigation equipment during application, and handlers cleaning up spills or equipment, must wear:

- · coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- · chemical-resistant gloves,
- · chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- chemical-resistant apron if transferring or loading the fumigant or cleaning up spills or equipment,
- protective eyewear, and
- respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label if triggered.

All other handlers, including handlers operating motorized ground equipment with closed cabs (except for handlers who set up and calibrate chemigation and irrigation equipment and start the application from inside the application block) as stated in this labeling must wear:

- · long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- shoes plus socks, and
- respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label if triggered.

All handlers who set-up and calibrate chemigation and irrigation equipment and start the application from inside the application block must wear:

- · long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- shoes plus socks,
- protective eyewear, and
- respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label if triggered.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) For Respiratory Protection

When an air-purifying respirator is required under this label's Directions for Use, Protection for Handlers, Respiratory Protection and/or Stop Work Triggers section, handlers must wear at minimum either:

- A NIOSH certified full face piece air-purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV, NIOSH approval prefix TC-23C) cartridge and a particulate pre-filter (Type N, R, P, or HE, NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A), or
- A gas mask with a canister approved for organic vapor (NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

Cartridges or canisters must be replaced when odor or sensory irritation from this product becomes apparent during use, if the measured concentration of MITC is greater than 6000 ppb (6 ppm), or, in the absence of any other instructions or indications of service life, at the end of each day's work period, whichever occurs first.

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User Safety Requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

DO NOT transport contaminated clothing inside a closed vehicle unless stored in a sealed container. Wash or dispose as specified.

User Safety Recommendations

User should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to mammals, birds, aquatic invertebrates and fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

Metam-potassium has certain properties and characteristics in common with chemicals that have been detected in groundwater (highly soluble in water and has low adsorption to soil).

For untarped applications, leaching and runoff may occur if there is heavy rainfall after soil fumigation.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. Only handlers may be in the application block from the start of the application until the entry restricted period ends, and in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. For the entry-restricted period and notification requirements, see the *Entry Restricted Period* and *Notification* sections of this labeling.

PPE For Entry During the Entry-Restricted Period: PPE for entry that is permitted by this labeling is listed in the *Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)* section of this labeling.

Terms Used In This Labeling

Soil Fumigant Training Program: Certified applicator training that provides information on (1) how to correctly apply the fumigant, including how to comply with new label requirements; (2) how to protect handlers and bystanders; (3) how to determine buffer zone distances; (4) how to complete an FMP and the post-application summary; (5) how to determine when weather and other site-specific factors are not favorable for fumigant application; (6) how to comply with required GAPs and how to document compliance with GAPs in the FMP; and (7) how to develop and implement emergency response plans.

Fumigant Safe Handling Information:Information that must be provided annually to handlers that must include the following: (1) what fumigants are and how they work, (2) safe application and handling of soil fumigants, (3) air monitoring and respiratory protection requirements for handlers, (4) early signs and symptoms of exposure, (5) appropriate steps to take to mitigate exposures, (6) what to do in case of an emergency, and (7) how to report incidents.

Application Block: Area within the perimeter of the fumigated portion of a field (including furrows, irrigation ditches, roadways). The perimeter of the application block is the border that connects the outermost edges of total area treated with the fumigant product. **Application Rate:** The ratio of fumigant mass applied compared to the soil surface area (e.g., lbs of product per acre). The application rate is expressed on this labeling in terms of either the "treated area application rate" or the "broadcast equivalent application rate". The

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"treated area application rate" relates to only the rate of fumigant applied to the portion of the field that is fumigated (e.g., rate within the bed or strips). The "broadcast equivalent application rate" relates to the rate of fumigant applied within the entire perimeter of the application block. For bedded and strip applications, the "broadcast equivalent application rate" must be calculated to determine the buffer zone distance required by this labeling.

Start of the Application: The time at which the fumigant is first delivered/dispensed into the soil in the application block.

Application is **Complete:** The time at which the fumigant has stopped being delivered/dispensed into the soil and the soil has been sealed; drip lines have been purged (if applicable). For applications with water seals, the application is complete at the time at which the fumigant has stopped being delivered/dispensed into the soil.

Entry Restricted Period: This period begins at the start of the application and expires depending on the application method and if tarps are used when the tarps are perforated and removed. Entry into the application block during this period is only allowed for appropriately PPE-equipped handlers performing handling tasks. See the *Entry Restricted Period and Notification* section for additional information.

Buffer Zone: An area established around the perimeter of each application block. The buffer zone must extend outward from the edge of the application block perimeter equally in all directions.

Buffer Zone Period: Begins at the start of the application and lasts for a minimum of 48-hours after the application is complete. Non-handlers must be excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period.

Difficult to Evacuate Sites: Pre-K to Grade 12 schools, state licensed daycare centers, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospitals, in-patient clinics, and prisons.

Owner: Any person who has a present possessory interest (fee, leasehold, rental, or other) in an agricultural establishment. A person who has both leased such agricultural establishment to another person and granted that same person the right and full authority to manage and govern the use of such agricultural establishment is not an owner. See definition of owner in WPS (40 CFR §170.3).

Roadway:Portion of a street or highway improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the sidewalk or shoulder even if such sidewalk or shoulder is used by persons riding bicycles. In the event a highway includes two or more separated roadways, the term *roadway* shall refer to any such roadway separately.

Representative Handling Task: For air monitoring, the locations and handler activities sampled must represent each handler's exposure occurring within the application block. For example, for an application consisting of a seven-handler crew (1 tractor driver, 1 tractor co-pilot, 4 shovelers, and 1 certified applicator supervising) two breathing zone samples could be collected: one sample for the tractor co-pilot and one sample for a downwind shoveler. Results of previous sampling may indicate which tasks and locations are worst case and therefore representative of all handlers.

High Release Height - Center Pivot or Lateral Move Irrigation Applications:(1) Release height OR spray height greater than 8 feet, and (2) there is greater than 30lbs. PSI at the sprinkler head.

Medium Release Height - Center Pivot or Lateral Move Irrigation Applications: (1) Release height AND spray height is less than 8 feet, AND (2) 29lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND (3) there are no end guns.

Low Release Height-Solid Stream Center Pivot or Lateral Move Irrigation Applications: (1) Release height and spray height is less than 4 feet, AND (2) 29lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND (3) application system produces a solid stream, and (4) there are no end guns.

Solid Stream:An uninterrupted liquid stream that remains generally as a coarse flow until contacting the intended target. An example of a solid stream application is Smart Drop®, also known as drizzle boom. Any application system that employs sprayheads or nozzles with moving parts that produce a rotating or oscillating spray pattern (e.g., rotators, spinner, nutators, and wobblers) or that otherwise break up the stream into droplets does not qualify as a solid stream nozzle.

Weed Sprayer:In this labeling, weed sprayer refers to a tank that holds 100-500 gallons combined with an off-set spray boom that creates a swath about 4 feet on each side of an orchard tree row, leaving the untreated grassy middle to grow.

Use Sites:

Only for use on the following:

Cover crops (i.e., crops planted between periods of regular crop production to prevent soil erosion). The terminated crop must not be used for any food or feed purposes after Metam KLR 54%has been applied;

Crops grown solely for seed; as well as pre-plant soil uses for (in alphabetical order):

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alfalfa; amaranth (including leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); anise; apple (including: balsam, crabapple); apricot; artichokes; arugula (roquette); asparagus (nursery production only); barley; basil; beans (including: lima, green, fava, seed beans); beet (including garden);

berry (including black satin berry, blackberry, blueberry, boysenberry, chesterberry, lowberry, wild raspberry, youngberry, darrowberry, dewberry, cloudberry, elderberry, Cherokee blackberry, coryberry, European barberry, huckleberry, hullberry, gooseberry, cranberry, highbush cranberry, Himalayaberry, jostaberry, juneberry, saskatoon berry, lingonberry, loganberry, lavacaberry, lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, bingleberry, mountain pepper berries, mulberry, olallieberry, dirksenthornless berry, nectarberry, Oregon evergreen berry, partridgeberry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, raspberry (black and red), ravenberry, riberry, rossberry, schisandraberry, serviceberry, Shawnee blackberry, strawberry)

bok choy; broccoli; brussels sprouts; cabbage (including Napa); calabaza; calamondin; cardoon; carrot; casaba; cauliflower; celeriac; celery (including: Chinese); celtuce; chayote (fruit); che; cherry (including: sweet and tart, chokecherry, pincherry); chervil; cheyenne; Chilean guava; Chinese greens; Chinese okra; Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); chinquapin; chironja; chrysanthemum; cilantro; citrus citron; citrus hybrids; collard; corn salad; corn; cotton; cress (including: upland, yellow rocket, winter cress); cucumber (including: Chinese cucumber); cucuzza; currant, (including: black, red, native and other varieties and hybrids);

dandelion; dill; dock (sorrel); eggplant; endive (escarole); fennel, Florence (finochio); forest seedlings; garland; garlic; gherkin; ginger; gourd; grape; grapefruit; hechima; herbs (all); honey balls; honeysuckle; hyotan; kale; kiwifruit (including: fuzzy and hardy); kohlrabi; kumquat; leek; lemon; lettuce (including: head and leaf); lime; loquat; mandarin (including: tangerine and satsuma); mango; mayhaw; maypop;

melon (including: bitter melon, cantaloupe, hybrids and/or cultivars, citron melon, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, honeydew melon, muskmelon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon, watermelon);

mint; muntries; mustard; nectarine; nursery stock (fruit seedlings and rose bushes only); nursery tree crops (including crops like maple, ash, dogwood);

nut (including: almond, beech nut, cashew, chestnut, hickory nut, Brazil nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), filbert (hazelnut), pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English/Persian);

onion; orach; orange (including: sour and sweet); ornamentals; parsley; peas (including: English and garden); peach; peanut; pear (including: oriental and balsam); pepper; phalsa; plum (including: Chickasaw and Damson); plumcot; potato; prune (fresh); pummelo; pumpkin; purslane (including: garden and winter); quince;

radicchio (red chicory); radish (including Oriental); rappini; rhubarb; rye; salal; sea buckthorn; soybean; spinach (including: New Zealand, Malabar, Indian); squash, (including: summer, winter, butternut, straightneck, Acorn, crookneck, hubbard, scallop, spaghetti); sugar beet; sweet potato; swiss chard; tangelo; tangor; tobacco; tomatoes; tree nuts (orchard replant only); turf (including golf courses); turnip; vegetable marrow; wheat; yams; zucchini.

Use Method Restrictions

The use of this product is restricted to the methods described in this label.

Use in greenhouses or any other enclosed structure or confined area is prohibited. Application with handheld equipment is prohibited. Application with cement grinder and shredder equipment is prohibited. Open pour applications are prohibited. Do not apply this product through traveler or big gun application systems.

Certified Applicator Training

Any certified applicator supervising a soil fumigant application must have successfully completed one of the soil fumigant training programs listed on the following EPA website www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining for the active ingredient(s) in this product. The training must be completed in the time frames listed on the website. The FMP must document the date and location where the soil fumigant training program was completed.

HANDLERS

Protection for Handlers

The following activities are prohibited from being performed by anyone other than persons who have been appropriately trained and equipped as handlers in accordance with the requirements in Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170):

- Monitoring fumigant air concentrations;
- Cleaning up fumigant spills (this does not include emergency personnel not associated with the fumigation application);
- · Handling or disposing of fumigant containers;
- · Cleaning, handling, adjusting, or repairing the parts of fumigation equipment that may contain fumigant residues; and
- Performing any handling tasks as defined by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR 170).

The following activities are prohibited from being performed in the application block from the start of the application until the entry restricted period ends and in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period by anyone other than persons who have been

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appropriatelytrained and equipped as handlers in accordance with the requirements in WPS (40 CFR Part 170). (NOTE: persons repairing and monitoring tarps are considered handlers for the duration listed below). Prohibited activities (except for trained and equipped handlers) include:

- Participating in the application as supervisors, loaders, drivers, tractor co-pilots, shovelers, cross ditchers, or as other direct application participants;
- Installing, repairing, operating, or removing irrigation equipment;
- · Performing scouting, crop advising, or monitoring tasks;
- Installing, perforating (cutting, punching, slicing, poking), or removing tarps; and
- Repairing or monitoring tarps until 14 days after application is complete if tarps are not perforated and removed during those 14 days. NOTE: see TarpPerforation and/or Removal section on this labeling for requirements about when tarps are allowed to be perforated.

Handlers do not include local, state, or federal officials performing inspection, sampling, or other similar official duties.

Supervision of Handlers

For all applications, except water run, from the start of the application until the application is complete, a certified applicator must be at the application block in the line of sight of the application and must directly supervise all persons performing handling activities.

For water-run applications (e.g., sprinkler/chemigation, wheel line, center pivot, lateral move, drip, flood, etc.), a certified applicator must be in the line of sight of the application at the start of the application, including set-up, calibration, and initiation of the application. A certified applicator may leave but must return at least every two hours to visually inspect the equipment to ensure proper functioning, and must directly supervise all WPS-trained handlers until the application is complete. WPS-trained handlers may perform these monitoring functions in place of a certified applicator but they must be under the supervision of a certified applicator and be able to communicate with a certified applicator at all times during monitoring activities via cell phone or other means.

For handling activities that take place after the application is complete until the entry restricted period expires, the certified applicator is not required to be on-site, but must have communicated in a manner that can be understood by the site owner and handlers responsible for carrying out those activities the information necessary to comply with the label and procedures described in the FMP (e.g., emergency response plans and procedures).

IMPORTANT: this requirement does not override the requirements in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides for information exchange between operators of agricultural establishments and commercial pesticide applicators.

The certified applicator must provide **Fumigant Safe Handling Information** to each handler or confirm that within the past 12 months, each handler has received **Fumigant Safe HandlingInformation** in a manner that he/she can understand. **Fumigant Safe HandlingInformation** will be provided where this product is purchased or at http://www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining.

Exclusion of Non-Handlers from the Application Block and Buffer Zone

The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place must make sure that all persons who are not trained and PPE-equipped and who are not performing one of the handling tasks as stated in this labeling are:

- excluded from the application block during the entry restricted period, and
- excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period (see buffer zone exemption for transit on roadways in Buffer Zone Requirements section).

Local, state, or federal officials performing inspection, sampling, or other similar official duties are not excluded from the application block or the buffer zone by this labeling. The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place are not authorized to, or responsible for, excluding those officials from the application block or the buffer zone.

Providing, Cleaning, and Maintaining PPE

The employer of any handler (as stated in this label) must make sure that all handlers are provided and correctly wear the required PPE. The PPE must be cleaned and maintained as required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides.

Air-Purifying Respirator Availability

At least one handler must have the appropriate air purifying respirator and cartridges/canisters available, and they must be fit-tested, trained, and medically examined. The employer of any handler must confirm that an air purifying respirator and appropriate cartridges of the type specified in the *PPE* section of this labeling are immediately available for each handler who will wear one. At least one handler must have the appropriate air-purifying respirator and cartridges available (see *Respirator Fit Testing, Medical Qualification, and Training* section for additional requirements).

Exception: Air-purifying respirators do not need to be made available for handlers performingfumigant site monitoring tasks outside of the buffer zone.

Note to PM:

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

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Respirator Fit Testing, Medical Qualification, and Training

Using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910.134), employers must verify that any handler who uses a respirator is:

- Fit-tested and fit-checked.
- Trained, and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn. A qualified medical practitioner is a physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability of a worker to wear a respirator. The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would be problematic for respirator use. If concerns are identified, then additional evaluations, such as a physical exam, might be necessary. The initial evaluation must be done before respirator use begins. Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their health status or respirator style or use-conditions change.

Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel, employers must provide documentation demonstrating how they have complied with these requirements.

Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers

The following procedures must be followed to determine whether an air-purifying respirator is required or if operations must cease for any person performing a handling task (except for fumigant site monitoring outside of buffer zone) as stated in this label.

- If at any time any handler experiences sensory irritation (tearing, burning of the eyes or nose), then either:
 - An air-purifying respirator must be worn by all handlers who remain in the application block or surrounding buffer zone, or
 - Operations must cease and handlers not wearing an air-purifying respirator must leave the application block and surrounding buffer zone.
- Handlers can remove air-purifying respirators or resume operations if two consecutive breathing-zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart show that levels of MITC have decreased to less than 600 ppb (0.6 ppm), provided that handlers do not experience sensory irritation. During the collection of air samples, an air-purifying respirator must be worn by the handler taking the air samples. Samples must be taken at the location where the irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 6,000 ppb (6ppm).
- When using monitoring devices to monitor air concentration levels, a direct read detection device, such as an electronic device or a
 colorimetric device (e.g., Draeger, Sensidyne) must be used. The devices must have sensitivity of at least 600 ppb (0.6 ppm) for
 MITC. Persons using direct read detection devices must follow the manufacturer's directions.
- When breathing zone samples are required, they must be taken outside respiratory protection equipment and within a 10 inch radius of the handler's nose and mouth.
- When air-purifying respirators are worn, air monitoring samples must be collected at least every 2 hours in the breathing zone of a handler performing a representative handling task.
- If at any time: (1) a handler experiences sensory irritation when wearing an air-purifying respirator, or (2) a MITC air sample is greater than or equal to 6,000 ppb (6 ppm), then all handler activities must cease and handlers must be removed from the application block and surrounding buffer zone.
- Handlers can resume work activities without air-purifying respirators if two consecutive breathing-zone samples taken at the
 handling site at least 15 minutes apart show levels of MITC have decreased to less than 600 ppb (0.6 ppm), provided that handlers
 do not experience sensory irritation. During the collection of air samples an air-purifying respirator must be worn by the handler
 taking the air samples. Samples must be taken at the location where the irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were
 greater than or equal to 6,000 ppb (6 ppm).
- Handlers can resume work activities if all of the following conditions exist provided that the appropriate air-purifying respirator is worn:
 - two consecutive breathing zone samples for MITC taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 6,000 ppb (6 ppm).
 - handlers do not experience sensory irritation while wearing an air-purifying, and
 - filter cartridges/canisters have been changed.
 - During the collection of air samples an air-purifying respirator must be worn by the handler taking the air samples.
 Samples must be taken at the location where the irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 6,000 ppb (6 ppm).

Tarp Perforation and/or Removal

IMPORTANT: Persons perforating, repairing, removing, and/or monitoring tarps are defined, within certain time limitations, as handlers (see *Handlers* section), and they must be provided the PPE and other protections for handlers as required on this labeling and in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides.

- Tarps must not be perforated until a minimum of 5 days (120 hours) have elapsed after the application is complete, unless a weather condition exists which necessitates early tarp perforation or removal (see Early Tarp Removal for Broadcast Applications Only and Early Tarp Perforation during Flood Prevention Activities for Bedded Applications Only requirements).
- If tarps are perforated within 14 days after the application is complete, tarp removal must not begin until at least 2 hours after tarp perforation is complete.

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- If tarps are perforated but not removed within 14 days after the application is complete, planting or transplanting must not begin until at least 48 hours after the tarp perforation is complete.
- If tarps are not perforated or removed within 14 days after the application is complete, planting or transplanting may take place while the tarps are being perforated.
- Each tarp panel used for broadcast fumigation must be perforated.
- Tarps may be perforated manually ONLY for the following situations:
 - At the beginning of each row when a coulter blade (or other device which performs similarly) is used on a motorized vehicle such as an ATV.
 - o In fields that are 1 acre or less.
 - During flood prevention activities.
- In all other instances tarps must be perforated (cut, punched, poked, or sliced) only by mechanical methods.
- Tarp perforation for broadcast fumigations must be completed before noon.
- For broadcast fumigations, tarps must not be perforated if rainfall is expected within 12 hours.
- Early Tarp Removal for Broadcast Applications Only:
 - Tarps may be removed before the required 5 days (120 hours) if adverse weather conditions have compromised the integrity of the tarp, provided that the compromised tarp poses a safety hazard. Adverse weather includes high wind, hail, or storms that blow tarps off the field and create a hazard, e.g., tarps blowing into power lines and onto roads. A compromised tarp is a tarp that due to an adverse weather condition is no longer performing its intended function and is creating a hazard.
- Early Tarp Perforation during Flood Prevention Activities for Bedded Applications Only:
 - Tarp perforation is allowed before the 5 days (120 hours) have elapsed.
 - Tarps must be immediately retucked and packed after soil removal.

Entry Restricted Period and Notification

Entry Restricted Period

Entry into the application block (including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the WPS) by any person – other than a correctly trained and PPE-equipped handler who is performing a handling task listed on this labeling – is PROHIBITED – from the start of the application until:

- 5 days (120 hours) after the application is complete for untarped applications, or
- 5 days (120 hours) after the application is complete if tarps are not perforated and removed for at least 14 days after the
 application is complete or,
- 48 hours after tarp perforation is complete if tarps will be perforated within 14 days after the application is complete and will not be removed for at least 14 days after the application is complete, or
- tarp removal is completed if tarps are both perforated and removed less than 14 days after the application is complete.

NOTE:

- See Tarp Perforation and/or Removal section on this labeling for requirements about when tarps are allowed to be perforated.
- If early tarp removal occurs for a broadcast application the entry restricted period is a minimum of 5 days after the application is complete.
- When listing application information for soil fumigant applications to comply with part 170.122 of the WPS, list the entry restricted period time frame in place of the REI.

Notification

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting Fumigant Treated Area signs. The signs must bear the skull and crossbones symbol and state:

- "DANGER/PELIGRO,"
- "Area under fumigation, DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE",
- "METAM POTASSIUM FUMIGANT IN USE",
- the date and time of fumigation,
- the date and time entry restricted period is over,
- "METAM KLR 54%" and
- Name, address, and telephone number of the certified applicator in charge of the fumigation.

Post the Fumigant Treated Area sign instead of the WPS sign for this application, but follow all WPS requirements pertaining to location, legibility, text size, and sign size (40 CFR §170.120).

Post Fumigant Treated Area signs at all entrances to the application block no sooner than 24 hours prior to application.

Fumigant Treated Area signs must remain posted for no less than the duration of the entry restricted period.

Fumigant Treated Area signs must be removed within 3 days after the end of the entry restricted period.

Note to PM:

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

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Mandatory Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)

The following GAPs must be followed during all fumigant applications.

Shank Applications

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The
resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist within an hour prior to sunset and
continue past sunrise and may persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover
and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground
source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions, Injection Depth, and Soil Sealing

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor
 pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively
 and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants
 to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and
 bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and
 water.

The injection point for bedded and broadcast shank injection applications shall be a minimum of 3 inches from the final soil/air interface. Chisel traces must be eliminated following an application and the soil surface must be sealed immediately after application using one or more of the following methods:

- · Compaction with a bed-shaper, roller, press wheel, coil packer, ring packer, or similar device, OR
- Covering the treated soil with 3-6 inches of untreated soil, OR
- Applying a minimum of a 1/4-inch of water beginning immediately after application begins and completing the water treatment within four hours, OR
- Covering treated area with a tarp.

Tarps(when tarps are used in Metam KLR 54%applications)

- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP.
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.
- Tarps must be installed immediately after the fumigant is applied to the soil.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.

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- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA "Feel and Appearance Method" test may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available
 water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water
 staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available
 water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between
 thumb and forefinger.
 - For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Do not apply or allow fumigant to spill onto the soil surface. Injectors must be below the soil surface before product flow begins.
 Each injection line must either have a check valve located as close as possible to the final injection point, or drain/purge the line of
 any remaining fumigant prior to lifting injection shanks from the ground. Do not lift injection shanks from the soil until the shut-off
 valve has been closed and the fumigant has been depressurized (passively drained) or purged (actively forced out via air
 compressor) from the system.
- · Application equipment must be in good working order.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on tanks and transfer hoses.
- Sight gauges and pressure gauges must be properly functioning.
- Nozzles and metering devices must be the correct size and sealed and unobstructed.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g. mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- All rigs must include a filter to remove any particulates from the fumigant, and a check valve that is visible to the tractor driver during application to prevent backflow of the fumigant into the pressurizing cylinder.
- All rigs must include a flow meter or a flow monitoring device.
- All rigs must have a constant pressure system with orifice plates to ensure the proper amount of fumigant is applied.
- Valves (e.g., backflow, shut-off), vacuum relief valves, and low pressure drains must be in place, operational, and leak free.
- Use only positive displacement pumps.Do NOT use impellors made of brass, aluminum, or galvanized material.
- Before using a fumigation rig for the first time, or when preparing it for use after storage, the operator must check the following items carefully:
 - o Check the filter, and clean or replace the filter element as required.
 - Check all tubes and chisels/shanks to make sure they are free of debris and obstructions.
 - Check and clean the orifice plates.

Spray Blade Applications (includes bed-top blade and soil cap applications) Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions section) and
 whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator
 supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.

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- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The
resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past
sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind
and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions, Injection Depth, and Soil Sealing

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Apply the product mixture on the soil immediately ahead of the bed-shaping equipment or tiller. The soil surface must be compacted immediately after application using one or more of the following methods:

- Compaction with a bed-shaper, roller, press wheel, coil packer, ring packer, or similar device, OR
- Covering the treated soil with 3-6 inches of untreated soil, OR
- Applying a minimum of a 1/4-inch of water beginning immediately after application begins and completing the water treatment within four hours, OR
- Covering treated area with a tarp.

Tarps(when tarps are used in Metam KLR 54% applications)

- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP.
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the
 application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA Feel and Appearance Methoditest may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil

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moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

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• If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Do not apply or allow fumigant to drain or drip onto the soil surface.
- · Application equipment must be in good working order.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Sight gauges and pressure gauges must be properly functioning.
- Nozzles and metering devices must be the correct size and sealed and unobstructed.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g. mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- All rigs must include a filter to remove any particulates from the fumigant, and a check valve that is visible to the tractor driver during application to prevent backflow of the fumigant into the pressurizing cylinder.
- Before using a fumigation rig for the first time, or when preparing it for use after storage, the operator must check the following items carefully:
 - o Check the filter, and clean or replace the filter element as required.
 - Check all tubes and chisels to make sure they are free of debris and obstructions.
 - Check and clean the orifice plates.

Rotary Tiller Applications

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The
resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past
sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind
and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions, Injection Depth, and Soil Sealing

- Soil must be in good tilth,free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent
 effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within
 the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant
 application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor
 pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively
 and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants
 to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and
 bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and
 water.

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Spray or drip the product mixture on the soil immediately ahead of the bed-shaping equipment or tiller. The soil surface must be compacted immediately after application using one or more of the following methods:

- Compaction with a bed-shaper, roller, press wheel, coil packer, ring packer, or similar device, OR
- Covering the treated soil with 3-6 inches of untreated soil, OR
- Applying a minimum of a 1/4-inch of water beginning immediately after application begins and completing the water treatment within four hours, OR
- · Covering treated area with a tarp.

Tarps(when tarps are used in Metam KLR 54%applications)

- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP.
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA Feel and Appearance Methoditest may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - o For **fields with more than one soil texture**, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Do not apply or allow fumigant to drain or drip onto the soil surface.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Application equipment must be in good working order.
- · All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Sight gauges and pressure gauges must be properly functioning.
- Nozzles and metering devices must be the correct size and sealed and unobstructed.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g. mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- All rigs must include a filter to remove any particulates from the fumigant, and a check valve that is visible to the tractor driver during application to prevent backflow of the fumigant into the pressurizing cylinder.
- Before using a fumigation rig for the first time, or when preparing it for use after storage, the operator must check the following items carefully:
 - Check the filter, and clean or replace the filter element as required.

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- Check all tubes and chisels shanks to make sure they are free of debris and obstructions.
- Check and clean the orifice plates.

Center Pivot and Lateral Move Applications

Wind Speed

- For lateral move or center pivot applications: 1) not using a solid stream type nozzle, OR 2) having a release height or spray height
 greater than 4 feet, OR 3) having 30 lbs or greater PSI at the sprinkler head, wind speed at the application site must be a minimum
 of 2 mph at the start of the application or forecasted to reach 5 mph during the application and the maximum wind speed is 10
 mph.
- For lateral move or center pivot applications using: 1) a solid stream, AND 2) having release height and spray height less than 4 feet, AND 3) having 29 lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, wind speed at the application site must be a minimum of 2 mph at the start of the application or forecasted to reach 5 mph during the application and the maximum wind speed is 25 mph.

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The
resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past
sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind
and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent
 effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within
 the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant
 application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Except when applying over cover crops as set forth in the Product Instructions, crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature must be between 35° and 90°F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA Feel and Appearance Methoditest may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.

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- For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
- For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
- For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
- o For **fields with more than one soil texture**, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be
 adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during
 injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Flushing Irrigation Lines

Do not allow fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete. After application of the fumigant, flush the
injection and irrigation system with untreated water. The flush time must be adequate to purge the fumigant from the injection and
irrigation system, but should be less than the amount that could over-saturate the beds. If common lines are used for both the
fumigant application and the water treatment/seal (if applied), these lines must be adequately flushed before starting the water
treatment/seal.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Anti-siphon and backflow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- · Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- · All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- Use only positive displacement pumps. DO NOT use impellors made of brass, aluminum or galvanized material.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Solid Set Sprinkler Applications

Wind Speed

• Wind speed at the application site *must* be a minimum of 2 mph at the start of the application or forecasted to reach 5 mph during the application and the maximum wind speed is 10 mph.

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.

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- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The
resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past
sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind
and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent
 effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within
 the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant
 application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Except when applying over cover crops as set forth in the Product Instructions, crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature must be between 35° and 90° F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperatures must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is at 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA *Feel and Appearance Method*test may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - For **fields with more than one soil texture**, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

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Do not allow fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete. After application of the fumigant, flush the
injection and irrigation system with untreated water. The flush time must be adequate to purge the fumigant from the injection and
irrigation system, but should be less than the amount that could over-saturate the beds. If common lines are used for both the
fumigant application and the water treatment/seal (if applied), these lines must be adequately flushed before starting the water
treatment/seal.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Anti-siphon and backflow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- · All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- Use only positive displacement pumps. Do NOT use impellors made of brass, aluminum, or galvanized material.
- · For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Drench Applications

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

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and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent
 effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within
 the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant
 application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor
 pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively
 and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants
 to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and
 bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and
 water.

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Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature must be between 35° and 90° F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available
 water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water
 staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils(sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - For **fields with more than one soil texture**, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.
- Applications must be followed immediately with 0.20 to 0.50 inches of water through solid set sprinklers.
- A minimum of two more water seals must be applied; one water seal on the first evening of the application and the second on the
 evening of the day after application.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Anti-siphon and backflow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- · Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g., mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- Nozzles and metering devices are of correct size and are sealed and unobstructed.
- To inject fumigant, use a metering system, effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the fumigant and capable of being fitted with system interlocking controls.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately
 located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

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• Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Drip Applications

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the
 application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
 obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
 Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

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and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth,free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent
 effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within
 the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant
 application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor
 pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively
 and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants
 to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and
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 water.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature must be between 35° and 90° F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
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 - For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For **moderately coarse** textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For **fine** textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil

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moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

• If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Tarps(when tarps are used in Metam KLR 54%applications)

- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP.
- Application to blocks with previously laid and perforated tarps is allowed, but once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped. Therefore, the application would not be eligible for tarp buffer zone credits.

Flushing Drip Irrigation Lines

After application of the fumigant, continue to irrigate the area with water to flush the injection and irrigation system with untreated
water. Do not allow fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete. The total volume of water must be
adequate to completely remove the fumigant from the irrigation system, but should be less than the amount that could oversaturate the beds. If common lines are used for both the fumigant application and the water treatment/seal (if applied), these lines
must be adequately flushed before starting the water treatment/seal and/or normal irrigation practices.

Application and Equipment Directions

- Anti-siphon and backflow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- The drip irrigation system (main lines, headers, drip tape) must be thoroughly checked for leaks before the start of the application.
 An adequate run-time and pressure are needed to detect leaks. Look for puddling along major pipes (holes on pipes or leaky joints), at the top and ends of rows (leaky connections, open drip tape), in the furrows and on the bed surface (damaged drip tape, malfunctioning emitters).
- To inject fumigant, use a metering system, effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the fumigant and capable of being fitted with system interlocking controls.
- Nozzles and metering devices are of correct size and are sealed and unobstructed.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Flood Basin, Furrow and BorderApplication

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.

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Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be
obtained on-line at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service
Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The
resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past
sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind
and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens
out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor
 pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively
 and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants
 to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and
 bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and
 water.

Tarps(when tarps are used in Metam KLR 54%applications)

- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP.
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature must be between 35° and 90 °F measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP.Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80% available water capacity immediately prior to the application, the USDA Feel and Appearance Methoditest may be used to estimate whether the 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For **moderately coarse** textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For medium textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam), there must be enough moisture (50% to 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - For **fields with more than one soil texture**, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage prior to the application. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

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- Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispersing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and
 downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination
 from backflow if water flow stops.
- Meter at a steady rate into 3 to 18 inches of water per treated acre during irrigation. IMPORTANT: Prior to starting the application, always inspect ditches and border areas to ensure containment of the irrigation waters. Apply only into field head ditch. DO NOT APPLY INTO ANY LATERAL DITCHES.
- · Backflow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- · All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to Metam.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- To inject fumigant, use a metering system effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the fumigant capable of being fitted with the system interlocking controls.
- Flow rates must be calibrated and checked for each application.
- All previous materials applied with the system must be cleaned thoroughly prior to fumigant application.
- System must be flushed after application to totally remove all fumigant.

Maximum Application Rate For Pre-Plant Soil Uses

Maximum application rate is 360 lbsMetam potassium/A per treated acre(62 gallons product per treated acre).

Calculating the Broadcast Equivalent Application Rate

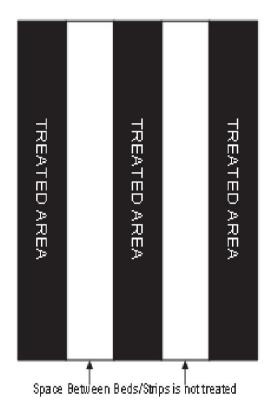
To calculate the broadcast equivalent rate for bedded or strip applications the following information is needed:

- gallons of product per treated acre
- strip or bed bottom width (inches)
- center-to-center row spacing (inches)
- application block size (acres)

Gallons of product **per treated acre** is the ratio of total amount of product applied to the size of the **total area treated** (e.g., the rate of product applied in the bed). For bedded or strip applications, the **total area treated** is the summation of the area (i.e., length x width) of each treated bed bottom or strip that is located within the application block as shown by the black areas in Figure 1 (e.g., black areas are 0.6A or 60% of the area within the application block). The area of the space between the beds/strips is not factored in the total area treated.

The application block size is the acreage within the perimeter of the fumigated portion of a field (including furrows, irrigation ditches, roadways). The perimeter of the application block is the border that connects the outermost edges of total area treated with the fumigant product.

Figure 1. Bedded/Strip Application (1 acre application block)

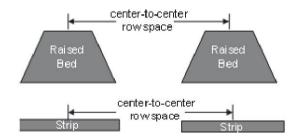


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The broadcast equivalent rate must be calculated with the following formula:

- The bed width must be measured from the bottom of bed
- The center-to-center row spacing must calculate as shown in Figure 2.
- If there are any ditches, waterways, drive rows and other areas that are not fumigated that are in the application block, multiply the above broadcast equivalent equation by (total area of strips or beds + row spacing)/(application block size). A sample calculation is provided below.

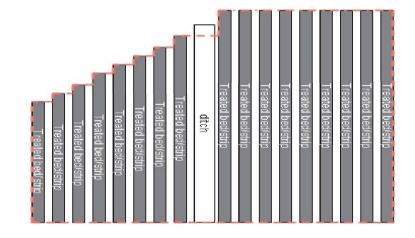
Figure 2, Center Row Spacing

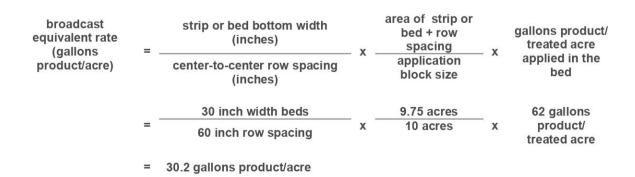


Sample broadcast equivalent rate calculation

Assumptions:

- · Application method is shank bedded
- Bed width is 30 inches (measured at the bottom of bed)
- Center-to-center row spacing is 60 inches
- 62 gallons of product per treated acre is applied in the beds
- Total application block size is 10 acres
- Ditch in the middle of application block is 0.25 acres
- Area of beds + row spacing is 9.75 acres





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Buffer Zone Requirements

A buffer zone must be established for every fumigant application. The following describes the general buffer zone requirements:

- An area established around the perimeter of each application block. The buffer zone must extend outward from the edge of the
 application block perimeter equally in all directions. All non-handlers, including field workers, residents, pedestrians, and other
 bystanders, must be excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period except for transit (see *Buffer Zone Exemptions for Transit on Roadways*).
 - Local, state, or federal officials performing inspection, sampling, other similar official duties are not excluded from the application block or the buffer zone by this labeling. The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place are not authorized to, or responsible for, excluding those officials from the application block or the buffer zone.
- The buffer zone period begins at the start of the application and lasts for a minimum of 48-hours after the application is complete.

Buffer Zone Proximity

- Before the start of application, the certified applicator must determine whether their buffer zone will overlap any Metam sodium or Metam potassium (or other MITC generating pesticides) buffer zone(s).
- To reduce the potential for off-site movement from multiple fumigated fields, buffer zones from multiple Metam sodium or Metam potassium (or other MITC generating pesticides) application blocks must not overlap UNLESS:
 - A minimum of 12 hours have elapsed from the time the earlier application(s) is complete until the start of the later application, and
 - 2. Fumigant Site Monitoring or Response Information for Neighborshave been implemented if there are any residences or businesses within 300 feet of any of the buffer zones.

In addition, only for Low Release Height-Solid Stream Center Pivot Applications:

- Before the application begins, the certified applicator must determine whether the application block or its resulting buffer will overlap with a buffer that is already in effect.
- To reduce the potential for off-site movement from multiple fumigated fields, buffer zones from multiple Metam sodium or Metam potassium application blocks may not overlap UNLESS:
 - o Both application blocks are treated using low release height-solid stream center pivot systems. The 12 hour waiting period does not apply in this instance. NOTE: Under this exception, buffer zones may only overlap with those from application blocks that are not within the same field (i.e., application blocks must be in separate fields that are treated with a different center pivot rig also equipped with low release height etc.) For buffers from application blocks within the same field to overlap, 12 hours must elapse from the completion of the first application until the start of the subsequent application.
 - Fumigant Site Monitoring or Response Information for Neighbors have been implemented if there are any residences or businesses within 300 feet of any of the buffer zones.

Structures Under the Control of the Owner of the Application Block

- Buffer zones must not include buildings used for storage (e.g., sheds, barns, garages), UNLESS:
 - o The storage buildings are not occupied during the buffer zone period, and
 - o The storage buildings do not share a common wall with an occupied structure.

Areas Not Under the Control of the Owner of the Application Block

- Buffer zones must not include residential areas (e.g., employee housing, private property), buildings (e.g., commercial, industrial), outdoor residential areas (e.g., lawns, gardens, play areas) and other areas that people may occupy, UNLESS:
 - 1. The occupants provide written agreement, prior to the start of the application, that they will voluntarily vacate the buffer zone during the entire buffer zone period, and
 - 2. Reentry by occupants and other non-handlers must not occur until,
 - o The buffer zone period has ended, and
 - Sensory irritation is not experienced upon re-entry.
- Buffer zones must not include agricultural areas owned and/or operated by persons other than the owner of the application block.UNLESS:
 - 1. The owner of the application block can ensure that the buffer zone will not overlap with a Metam sodium or Metam potassium (or other MITC generating pesticides) buffer zone from any other property owners, except as provided in the *Buffer Zone Proximity* section, and
 - 2. The owner of the other property provides written agreement to the applicator that they, their employees, and other persons will stay out of the buffer zone during the entire buffer zone period.
- Buffer zones must not include roadways and rights of way UNLESS:
 - 1. The area is not occupied during the buffer zone period, and
 - 2. Entry by non-handlers is prohibited during the buffer zone period.

Buffer Zone Exemptions for Transit on Roadways

Vehicular and bicycle traffic on public and private roadways through the buffer zone is permitted. (NOTE: Buffer zones are not permitted to include bus stops or other locations where persons wait for public transit.)

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- For all other publicly owned and/or operated areas such as parks, sidewalks, permanent walking paths, playgrounds, and athletic
 fields, buffer zones must not include these areas UNLESS:
 - 1. The area is not occupied during the buffer zone period,
 - 2. Entry by non-handlers is prohibited during the buffer zone period, and
 - 3. Written permission to include the public area in the buffer zone is granted by the appropriate state and/or local authorities responsible for management and operation of the area.

Certified applicators must comply with all local laws and regulations.

See the Posting section for additional requirements that may apply.

Buffer Zone Distances

Buffer zone distances must be calculated using the application rate and the size of the application block.

- Buffer zone distances must be based on look-up tables in this labeling (25 feet is the minimum distance regardless of site-specific application parameters).
- If after applying all applicable buffer zone credits the buffer zone is greater than ½ mile (2,640 ft), then the application is prohibited.
- Tables 1-12 as appropriate for the method of application must be used to determine the minimum buffer distances. Round up to the nearest rate and block size, where applicable. Applications are prohibited for rates or block sizes that exceed what is presented in the buffer zone tables.

Buffer Zone Tables

Table 1.Shank Injection Application - Broadcast Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

2																										
	Gal/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	120	140	160
	5	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
1 1	6	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
	7	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
	8	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
1 1	9	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
	10	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
	11	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
1 1	12	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35
	13	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	31	36
	14	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	33	38
	15	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	36	41
1 1	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	33	38	43
	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	27	35	40	46
	17	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	28	37	43	49
	18	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	30	39	45	51
\	19	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	30	31	41	47	54
product/A)	20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	30	32	33	43	50	57
D D	21	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	31	33	34	45	52	60
=	22	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	29	32	35	36	47	55	62
	23	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	30	34	36	38	49	57	65
(Gallons	24	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	27	31	35	38	39	51	59	68
	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	28	33	37	39	41	53	62	70
<u>a</u>	26	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	30	34	38	41	42	55	64	73
9	27	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	29	31	35	39	42	44	57	66	76
(1)	28	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	27	30	32	36	41	44	45	59	69	79
Rate	29	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	27	28	31	33	38	42	45	47	61	71	81
l œ	30	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	27	28	29	32	34	39	44	47	48	63	73	84
	31	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	28	29	30	33	35	40	45	48	50	65	76	87
.0	32	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	28	29	30	31	34	37	42	47	51	53	69	81	92
at	33	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	30	31	32	35	40	45	50	53	56	73	85	97
Equivalent Application	34	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	30	31	32	33	36	42	47	52	56	59	77	90	103
g	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	30	32	33	34	37	44	49	54	58	62	81	95	108
9	36	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	29	31	32	34	35	38	47	52	57	61	65	85	99	113
+	37	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	32	33	34	36	39	49	54	59	63	68	89	104	119
E	38	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	33	34	35	37	40	51	56	61	66	71	93	109	124
a	39	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	31	34	35	36	38	41	53	58	63	68	74	97	113	129
.≥	40	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	32	35	36	37	38	42	56	61	66	71	77	101	118	135
믔	41	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	33	35	37	38	39	43	58	63	68	73	80	105	123	140
ШШ	42	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	34	36	38	39	40	44	60	65	70	76	83	109	127	145
	43	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	34	37	39	40	41	45	63	68	73	78	86	113	132	151
l ä	44	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	35	38	39	41	42	46	65	70	75	81	89	117	137	156
Broadcast	45	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	29	36	39	40	42	43	47	67	72	77	83	92	121	141	161
a a	46	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	29	37	40	41	43	44	48	70	75	80	86	95	125	146	167
인	47	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	38	41	42	44	45	50	72	77	82	88	98	129	151	172
_ ω	48	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	31	38	41	43	44	46	51	74	79	84	91	101	133	155	177
	48	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	31	39	42	44	45	47	52	76	81	86	93	104	137	160	183
	49	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	32	40	43	45	46	48	53	79	84	89	96	107	141	165	188
	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	33	41	44	46	47	49	54	81	86	91	98	110	145	169	193
	51	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	33	41	45	46	48	50	55	83	88	93	101	113	149	174	199
	52	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	28	34	42	46	47	49	51	56	86	91	96	103	116	153	179	204
	53	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	29	34	43	46	48	50	52	57	88	93	98	105	119	157	183	209
	54	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	35	44	47	49	51	53	58	90	95	100	115	130	164	191	219
	55	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	30	36	45	48	50	52	53	59	92	97	102	117	132	167	195	223
	56	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	28	30	36	45	49	51	53	54	60	93	98	104	119	135	170	198	226
	57	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	28	31	37	46	50	52	53	55	61	95	100	105	121	137	173	202	230
	58	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	31	38	47	51	53	54	56	62	96	102	107	123	139	176	205	234
	59	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	32	38	48	51	53	55	57	63	98	103	109	125	142	179	208	238
	60	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	28	30	32	39	48	52	54	56	58	64	100	105	111	127	144	182	212	242
	61	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	28	30	33	39	49	53	55	57	59	65	101	107	113	129	146	185	215	246
	62	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	31	33	40	50	54	56	58	60	66	103	109	114	131	149	187	219	250

Table 2.Shank Injection Application – Broadcast with Water Seal* Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

										Λþ	UllGat	ion B	IOCK	Size	(acre	٥)										
	Gal/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	120	140	160
1	5	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1																										
1	6	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	7	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	8	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1																										
1	9	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	10	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	11	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	12	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1																										25
1	13	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	14	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	15	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1																										
1	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	17	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	18	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
12																										23
1 %	19	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
C	20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
⊇	21	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 8	22	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
product/A)																										23
0	23	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
(Gallons	24	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
J 2	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
≅	26	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
a a																										
0	27	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 0	28	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 4	29	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
g	30	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
l cc																										
	31	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 .0	32	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
a t	33	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Ö	34	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 =	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	
l d																										25
1 Z	36	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 +2	37	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
E	38	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 =	39	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 8																										
1 :=	40	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1 5	41	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Ш	42	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Broadcast Equivalent Application Rate	43	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
SS																										25
1 8	44	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
0	45	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
l g	46	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
2	47	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
<u> </u>																										
1	48	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	48	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	49	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1																										
1	51	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	52	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	53	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	54	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1																									20	25
1	55	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	56	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	57	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	58	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
																										25
1	59	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	60	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	61	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
1	62	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
	UZ	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	2.0	2.0

^{*}Apply at least 0.25 inches of water immediately after application.

Table 3.Shank Injection Application – Bedded Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Gal/A 1 2 1 25 25 2 25 25 3 3 25 25 4 25 25 5 25 25 6 25 25 6 25 25 7 25 25 6 25 25 7 25 25 8 25 25 8 25 25 8 25 25 9 25 25 10 25 25 11 2	5 25 5 25 6 25	4 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	5 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	6 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	7 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	8 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	9 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	10 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	15 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	20 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	30 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	35 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	40 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	50 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	60 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	70 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	80 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	90 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	100 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	110 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	120 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	140 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	160 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
2 25 25 25 3 25 25 3 25 25	5 25 5 25 5 25 6 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25
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## 3 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	5 25 5 25 6 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25
## Standard	5 25 5 25 6 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25
## Standard	5 25 5 25 6 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25	25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25 25
6 25 25 7 25 25 8 25 25 8 25 25 8 25 25 8 25 25 9 25 25 10 25 25 11 25 25 1	5 25 5 25 5 25 6 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25 25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25 25	25 25	25 25
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8 25 25 9 25 9 25 25 10 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	5 25 5 25 6 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25	25 25	25					25	25	20						
9 25 25 10 25 25 11 25 25 11 25 25 12 25 25 13 25 25 14 25 25 15 25 25 16 25 25 17 25 25 18 25 25 19 25 25 19 25 25 20 25 25 21 25 25 22 25 25 23 25 25 24 25 25 24 25 25 25 25 26 25 25 27 25 25 28 27 25 25 29 27 25 25 20 27 25 25	5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 6 25 7 25 8 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25	25			25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
10 25 25 25 11 25 25 25 25	5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 7 25 8 25 8 25 9 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25				25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
## 15 25 25 25	5 25 6 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
## 15 25 25 25	5 25 5 25 5 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 7 25 7 25 8 25 9 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
## 15 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 5 25 6 25 6 25 6 25 7 25 7 25 8 25 9 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
## 15 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25	25 25	25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
## 15 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25 25	25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
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## 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 25 25 25	25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	40	55
19 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	44	63	83
20 25 25 21 25 25 22 25 25 23 25 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 26 25 25 27 25 25 28 27 25 25 29 27 25 25	5 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	44	63	83	102
Co 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	30	55	80	105	130
Co ite 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	46	65	78	95	118	140	163	186
23 25 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 26 27 25 25 27 25 25 27 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	28	30	68	105	133	160	180	200	220	240
		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	31	34	43	51	86	120	150	179	199	219	239	259
		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	36	43	58	72	104	136	167	198	218	238	258	278
		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	42	52	73	94	122	151	184	218	238	258	278	298
		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	48	61	88	115	141	166	202	237	257	277	297	317
		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	53	70	103	136	159	182	219	256	276	296	316	336
29 25 25 8 30 25 25 31 25 25 31 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	59	79	118	157	177	197	236	275	295	315	335	355
30 25 25 31 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	31	41	47	80	101	138	177	200	223	259	295	318	341	364	388
31 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	36	56	69	100	122	157	196	223	249	282	315	341	367	394	420
3 00 05 05		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	42	72	91	121	144	177	216	246	276	305	335	364	394	423	453
25 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	48	87	113	142	166	197	236	269	302	328	354	387	420	453	485
33 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	53	103	135	163	188	217	256	292	328	351	374	410	446	482	518
		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	59	118	157	183	209	236	275	315	354	374	394	433	472	511	550
0)		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	40	79	134	173	199	225	252	291	334	378	406	433	471	508	545	582
35 25 25 36 25 25 80 37 25 25 38 25 25 20 38 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	54	98	150	189	215	241	268	307	354	401	437	473	508	543	578	614
37 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	69	118	165	204	230	256	283	322	374	425	469	512	546	579	612	645
38 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	83	137	181	220	246	272	299	338	393	448	500	552	583	614	646	677
39 25 25		25	25	25	25	25	25	25	98	157	197	236	262	288	315	354	413	472	532	591	621	650	680	709
40 25 25		25	25	27	30	32	35	37	108	164	204	243	271	299	335	374	433	492	551	611	645	680	714	748
41 25 25		25	25	30	35	40	45	49	118	170	210	249	280	310	354	393	453	512	571	630	670	709	748	788
42 25 25		25	25	32	40	47	54	62	128	177	217	256	289	321	374	413	472	532	591	650	694	739	783	827
43 25 25		25	25	35	45	54	64	74	137	184	223	262	297	332	394	433	492	551	611	670	719	768	817	867
44 25 25		25	25	37	49	62	74	86	147	190	230	269	306	343	414	453	512	571	630	690	744	798	852	906
45 25 25		25	25	40	54	69	83	98	157	197	236	275	315	354	433	472	532	591	650	709	768	827	886	945
46 25 25		25	25	43	59	77	93	110	167	204	243	284	324	365	452	491	552	611	670	709	790	857	924	943
47 25 25	5 25	25	25	46	65	85	102	122	177	211	243	290	333	376	472	511	572	631	690	748	815	886	957	1028
41 23 23	25		23	40	00	00	IUZ	IZZ	17.7	211	249	290	JJJ	210	412	211		001	090	740	010	000	951	1020

Table 4.Center Pivot and Lateral Move Application (High Release Height*) Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Application Block Size (acres)

							тррпоц	טום ווטוו	OK OIZO	(40100)							
(A)	Gal/A	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	140	160
product/A)	6	50	50	50	75	75	100	100	200	200	200	250	300	350	400	600	800
	11	80	100	100	138	138	200	200	300	300	300	350	400	450	500	700	900
suo	16	125	150	150	200	200	300	300	400	400	400	450	500	550	600	800	1000
(Gallons	19	160	188	200	250	269	363	382	475	488	500	550	600	650	700	900	1100
te (23	185	225	250	300	338	425	463	550	575	600	650	700	750	800	1000	1200
Rate	27	205	263	300	350	407	488	544	625	663	700	750	800	850	900	1100	1300
Application	31	220	300	350	400	475	550	625	700	750	800	850	900	950	1000	1200	1400
plica	35	235	313	375	450	557	638	719	825	888	950	1000	1050	1100	1150	1350	1550
	39	250	325	400	500	638	725	813	950	1025	1100	1150	1200	1250	1300	1500	1700
lent	43	262	338	425	550	719	813	907	1075	1163	1250	1300	1350	1400	1450	1650	1850
Equivalent	47	275	350	450	600	800	900	1000	1200	1300	1400	1450	1500	1550	1600	1800	2000
	50	288	363	488	650	850	975	1100	1300	1400	1500	1563	1625	1688	1750	1950	2150
cast	54	300	375	525	700	900	1050	1200	1400	1500	1600	1675	1750	1825	1900	2100	2300
Broadcast	58	312	389	563	750	950	1125	1300	1500	1600	1700	1788	1875	1963	2050	2250	2450
_ <u>p</u>	62	325	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2400	2600

^{*} This buffer zone distance table is for center pivot and lateral move irrigation equipment in which the:

Table 5.Center Pivot and Lateral Move Application (Medium Release Height*) Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

						- 1 1			, ,							
Gal/A	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	140	160
6	25	25	25	25	25	50	50	75	75	75	88	100	150	200	400	600
11	25	38	50	50	50	75	75	138	138	138	169	200	250	300	500	700
16	25	50	75	75	75	100	100	200	200	200	250	300	350	400	600	800
19	37	63	94	107	125	163	182	275	288	300	350	400	450	500	700	900
23	50	75	113	138	175	225	263	350	375	400	450	500	550	600	800	1000
27	62	88	132	169	225	288	344	425	463	500	550	600	650	700	900	1100
31	75	100	150	200	275	350	425	500	550	600	650	700	750	800	1000	1200
35	87	113	175	250	357	438	519	625	688	750	800	850	900	950	1150	1350
39	100	125	200	300	438	525	613	750	825	900	950	1000	1050	1100	1300	1500
43	112	138	225	350	519	613	707	875	963	1050	1100	1150	1200	1250	1450	1650
47	125	150	250	400	600	700	800	1000	1100	1200	1250	1300	1350	1400	1600	1800
50	138	171	288	450	650	775	900	1100	1200	1300	1363	1425	1488	1550	1750	1950
54	150	175	325	500	700	850	1000	1200	1300	1400	1475	1550	1625	1700	1900	2100
58	162	188	363	550	750	925	1100	1300	1400	1500	1588	1675	1763	1850	2050	2250
62	175	200	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2200	2400
	6 11 16 19 23 27 31 35 39 43 47 50 54 58 62	6 25 11 25 16 25 19 37 23 50 27 62 31 75 35 87 39 100 43 112 47 125 50 138 54 150 58 162 62 175	6 25 25 11 25 38 16 25 50 19 37 63 23 50 75 27 62 88 31 75 100 35 87 113 39 100 125 43 112 138 47 125 150 50 138 171 54 150 175 58 162 188 62 175 200	6 25 25 25 11 25 38 50 16 25 50 75 19 37 63 94 23 50 75 113 27 62 88 132 31 75 100 150 35 87 113 175 39 100 125 200 43 112 138 225 47 125 150 250 50 138 171 288 54 150 175 325 58 162 188 363 62 175 200 400	6 25 25 25 25 11 25 38 50 50 16 25 50 75 75 19 37 63 94 107 23 50 75 113 138 27 62 88 132 169 31 75 100 150 200 35 87 113 175 250 39 100 125 200 300 43 112 138 225 350 47 125 150 250 400 50 138 171 288 450 54 150 175 325 500 58 162 188 363 550 62 175 200 400 600	6 25 25 25 25 25 11 25 38 50 50 50 16 25 50 75 75 75 19 37 63 94 107 125 23 50 75 113 138 175 27 62 88 132 169 225 31 75 100 150 200 275 35 87 113 175 250 357 39 100 125 200 300 438 43 112 138 225 350 519 47 125 150 250 400 600 50 138 171 288 450 650 54 150 175 325 500 700 58 162 188 363 550 750 62 175	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 31 75 100 150 200 275 350 35 87 113 175 250 357 438 39 100 125 200 300 438 525 43 112 138 225 350 519 613 47 125 150 250 400 600 700 50 138 171 288	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 31 75 100 150 200 275 350 425 35 87 113 175 250 357 438 519 39 100 125 200 300 438 525 613 43 112 138 225 350 519 613 707 47	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 6 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 16 25 50 75 75 100 100 200 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 31 75 100 150 200 275 350 425 500 35 87 113 175 250 357 438 519 625 39 100 125 200 300 438 525 613 750 43 112	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 6 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 16 25 50 75 75 100 100 200 200 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 31 75 100 150 200 275 350 425 500 550 35 87 113 175 250 357 438 519 625 688 39 100 125	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 138 16 25 50 75 75 100 100 200 200 200 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 500 31 75 100 150 200 275 350 425 500 550 600 35 87 113 175 250	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 138 169 16 25 50 75 75 100 100 200 200 200 250 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 500 550 31 75 100 150 200 275 350 425 500 550 <td>Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 138 169 200 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 500 550 600 31 75 100</td> <td>Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 6 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 150 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 138 169 200 250 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 350 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 450 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 550 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 500 550</td> <td>Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 150 200 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 169 200 250 300 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 350 400 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 450 500 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 550 600 27 62 88 132 169 225<</td> <td>Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 150 200 400 11 25 38 50 50 75 75 138 138 169 200 250 300 500 16 25 50 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 350 400 600 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 450 500 700 700 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 550 600 800 <td< td=""></td<></td>	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 138 169 200 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 500 550 600 31 75 100	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 6 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 150 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 138 169 200 250 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 350 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 450 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 550 27 62 88 132 169 225 288 344 425 463 500 550	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 150 200 11 25 38 50 50 50 75 75 138 138 169 200 250 300 16 25 50 75 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 350 400 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 450 500 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 550 600 27 62 88 132 169 225<	Gal/A 1 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 6 25 25 25 25 25 50 50 75 75 75 88 100 150 200 400 11 25 38 50 50 75 75 138 138 169 200 250 300 500 16 25 50 75 75 100 100 200 200 250 300 350 400 600 19 37 63 94 107 125 163 182 275 288 300 350 400 450 500 700 700 23 50 75 113 138 175 225 263 350 375 400 450 500 550 600 800 <td< td=""></td<>

^{*} This buffer zone distance table is for center pivot and lateral move irrigation equipment in which the:

¹⁾ release height OR spray height greater than 8 feet, and 2) there is > 30 lbs psi at the sprinkler head.

¹⁾ release height AND spray height is less than 8 feet, AND 2) 29lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND 3) there are no end guns.

Table 6.Center Pivot and Lateral Move Application (Low Release Height-Solid Stream*) Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Application Block Size (acres)

								tion bio		(40,00)							
t/A)	Gal/A	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	140	160
product/A)	6	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	50	63	75	88	100	125	150	350	550
	11	25	25	38	38	38	50	50	75	100	125	138	150	188	225	425	625
ons	16	25	25	50	50	50	75	75	100	138	175	188	200	250	300	500	700
(Gallons	19	30	35	63	70	75	107	119	150	192	232	254	275	325	375	575	775
Rate (23	35	50	75	89	100	138	163	200	244	288	319	350	400	450	650	850
Ra	27	40	63	88	107	125	169	207	250	297	344	385	425	475	525	725	925
Application	31	50	75	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	800	1000
plic	35	60	94	125	157	188	238	294	363	419	475	532	588	644	700	900	1100
	39	70	113	150	188	225	275	338	425	488	550	613	675	738	800	1000	1200
llent	43	85	132	175	219	263	313	382	488	557	625	694	763	832	900	1100	1300
Equivalent	47	105	150	200	250	300	350	425	550	625	700	775	850	925	1000	1200	1400
	50	125	163	225	288	350	413	494	613	694	775	857	938	1019	1100	1300	1500
Broadcast	54	145	175	250	325	400	475	563	675	763	850	938	1025	1113	1200	1400	1600
oad	58	165	188	275	363	450	538	632	738	832	925	1019	1113	1207	1300	1500	1700
Pa	62	185	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1600	1800

^{*} This buffer zone distance table is for center pivot irrigation and lateral move equipment in which the:

Table 7.Solid Set Sprinkler Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

(A)	Gal/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
anc	6	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	50	50	75	75	75	88	100	150	200
product/A)	11	38	38	38	38	38	40	43	45	48	50	50	50	75	75	138	138	138	169	200	250	300
	16	50	50	50	50	50	55	60	65	70	75	75	75	100	100	200	200	200	250	300	350	400
(Gallons	19	55	57	58	60	63	69	75	81	87	94	107	125	163	182	275	288	300	350	400	450	500
	23	62	65	67	70	75	83	90	98	105	113	138	175	225	263	350	375	400	450	500	550	600
Rate						4000	8000					0476.027.02						1557 90 1990				
l o	27	68	73	78	83	88	97	106	114	123	132	169	225	288	344	425	463	500	550	600	650	700
Application	31	75	81	88	94	100	110	120	130	140	150	200	275	350	425	500	550	600	650	700	750	800
ilda	35	80	88	97	105	113	125	138	150	163	175	250	357	438	519	625	688	750	800	850	900	950
	39	87	97	106	116	125	131	140	146	155	200	300	438	525	613	750	825	900	950	1000	1050	1100
aler	43	93	104	116	127	138	155	173	190	208	225	350	519	613	707	875	963	1050	1100	1150	1200	1250
Equivalent	47	100	113	125	138	150	170	190	210	230	250	400	600	700	800	1000	1100	1200	1100	1300	1350	1400
	50	115	129	143	157	171	185	199	213	283	288	450	650	775	900	1100	1200	1300	1363	1425	1488	1550
cas	54	125	138	150	163	175	205	235	265	295	325	500	700	850	1000	1200	1300	1400	1475	1550	1625	1700
Broadcast	58	137	150	163	175	188	223	258	293	328	363	550	750	925	1100	1300	1400	1500	1588	1675	1763	1850
_ a	62	150	163	175	188	200	240	280	320	360	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000

¹⁾ release height AND spray height is less than 4 feet, AND 2) 29lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND 3) application system produces a solid stream (e.g. drizzle boom/Smart Drop®), AND 4) there are no end guns.

Table 8.Drench Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet*

										Αþ					acres)									
	Gal/A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	120
	5	28	31	34	36	39	42	44	47	51	55	70	86	94	102	109	125	141	156	164	180	195	211	234
	6	34	37	41	44	47	50	53	56	61	66	84	103	113	122	131	150	169	188	197	216	234	253	281
	7	40	44	47	51	55	58	62	66	71	77	98	120	131	142	153	175	197	219	230	252	273	295	328
	8	46	50	54	58	63	67	71	75	81	88	113	138	150	163	175	200	225	250	263	288	313	338	375
	9	51	56	61	66	70	75	80	84	91	98	127	155	169	183	197	225	253	281	295	323	352	380	422
	10	57	62	68	73	78	83	88	94	102	109	141	172	188	203	219	250	281	313	328	359	391	422	469
	11	63	68	74	80	86	92	97	103	112	120	155	189	206	223	241	275	309	344	361	395	430	464	516
	12	68	75	81	87	94	100	106	113	122	131	169	206	225	244	263	300	338	375	394	431	469	506	563
	13	74	81	88	95	102	108	115	122	132	142	183	223	244	264	284	325	366	406	427	467	508	548	609
	14	80	87	95	102	109	117	124	131	142	153	197	241	263	284	306	350	394	438	459	503	547	591	656
	14	85	93	101	109	117	125	133	141	152	164	211	258	281	305	328	375	422	469	492	539	586	633	703
	16	91	100	108	117	125	134	142	150	163	175	225	275	300	325	350	400	450	500	525	575	625	675	750
	17	97	106	115	124	133	142	150	159	173	186	239	292	319	345	372	425	478	531	558	611	664	717	797
	17	102	112	122	131	141	150	159	169	183	197	253	309	338	366	394	450	506	563	591	647	703	759	844
F	18	108	118	128	138	148	159	168	178	193	208	267	327	356	386	416	475	534	594	623	683	742	802	891
Ę	19	114	124	135	146	156	167	177	188	203	219	281	344	375	406	438	500	563	625	656	719	781	844	938
n	20	119	131	142	153	164	175	186	197	213	230	295	361	394	427	459	525	591	656	689	755	820	886	984
D	21	125	137	149	160	172	184	195	206	223	241	309	378	413	447	481	550	619	688	722	791	859	928	1031
product/A)	22	131	143	155	167	180	192	203	216	234	252	323	395	431	467	503	575	647	719	755	827	898	970	1078
۵	23	137	149	162	175	188	200	212	225	244	263	338	413	450	488	525	600	675	750	788	863	938	1013	1125
(Gallons	24	142	155	169	182	195	209	221	234	254	273	352	430	469	508	547	625	703	781	820	898	977	1055	1172
ō	25	148	162	176	189	203	217	230	244	264	284	366	447	488	528	569	650	731	813	853	934	1016	1097	1219
<u></u>	26	154	168	182	197	211	225	239	253	274	295	380	464	506	548	591	675	759	844	886	970	1055	1139	1266
Ü	27	159	174	189	204	219	234	248	263	284	306	394	481	525	569	613	700	788	875	919	1006	1094	1181	1313
	28	165	180	196	211	227	242	256	272	295	317	408	498	544	589	634	725	816	906	952	1042	1133	1223	1359
Rate	29	171	187	203	218	234	250	265	281	305	328	422	516	563	609	656	750	844	938	984	1078	1172	1266	1406
å	30	176	193	209												678	775	872	969					1453
<u> </u>					226	242	259	274	291	315	339	436	533	581	630					1017	1114	1211	1308	
- L	31	182	199	216	233	250	267	283	300	325	350	450	550	600	650	700	800	900	1000	1050	1150	1250	1350	1500
÷	32	188	205	223	240	258	275	292	309	335	361	464	567	619	670	722	825	928	1031	1083	1186	1289	1392	1547
8	33	193	211	230	248	266	284	301	319	345	372	478	584	638	691	744	850	956	1063	1116	1222	1328	1434	1594
Equivalent Application	34	199	218	236	255	273	292	310	328	355	383	492	602	656	711	766	875	984	1094	1148	1258	1367	1477	1641
d	35	205	224	243	262	281	300	318	338	366	394	506	619	675	731	788	900	1013	1125	1181	1294	1406	1519	1688
	36	210	230	250	269	289	309	327	347	376	405	520	636	694	752	809	925	1041	1156	1214	1330	1445	1561	1734
1	37	216	236	257	277	297	317	336	356	386	416	534	653	713	772	831	950	1069	1188	1247	1366	1484	1603	1781
ē	38	222	243	263	284	305	325	345	366	396	427	548	670	731	792	853	975	1097	1219	1280	1402	1523	1645	1828
g	39	228	249	270	291	313	334	354	375	406	438	563	688	750	813	875	1000	1125	1250	1313	1438	1563	1688	1875
=	40	233	255	277	299	320	342	363	384	416	448	577	705	769	833	897	1025	1153	1281	1345	1473	1602	1730	1922
6	41	239	261	284	306	328	350	371	394	427	459	591	722	788	853	919	1050	1181	1313	1378	1509	1641	1772	1969
	42	245	267	290	313	336	359	380	403	437	470	605	739	806	873	941	1075	1209	1344	1411	1545	1680	1814	2016
St	43	250	274	297	320	344	367	389	413	447	481	619	756	825	894	963	1100	1238	1375	1444	1581	1719	1856	2063
Broadcast	43																							
8		256	280	304	328	352	375	398	422	457	492	633	773	844	914	984	1125	1266	1406	1477	1617	1758	1898	2109
ä	45	262	286	311	335	359	384	407	431	467	503	647	791	863	934	1006	1150	1294	1438	1509	1653	1797	1941	2156
5	46	267	292	317	342	367	392	416	441	477	514	661	808	881	955	1028	1175	1322	1469	1542	1689	1836	1983	2203
Ω	47	273	299	324	350	375	401	425	450	488	525	675	825	900	975	1050	1200	1350	1500	1575	1725	1875	2025	2250
	48	279	305	331	357	383	409	433	459	498	536	689	842	919	995	1072	1225	1378	1531	1608	1761	1914	2067	2297
	48	284	311	338	364	391	417	442	469	508	547	703	859	938	1016	1094	1250	1406	1563	1641	1797	1953	2109	2344
	49	290	317	344	371	398	426	451	478	518	558	717	877	956	1036	1116	1275	1434	1594	1673	1833	1992	2152	2391
	51	296	323	351	379	406	434	460	488	528	569	731	894	975	1056	1138	1300	1463	1625	1706	1869	2031	2194	2438
	51	301	330	358	386	414	442	469	497	538	580	745	911	994	1077	1159	1325	1491	1656	1739	1905	2070	2236	2484
	52	307	336	365	393	422	451	478	506	548	591	759	928	1013	1097	1181	1350	1519	1688	1772	1941	2109	2278	2531
	53	313	342	371	400	430	459	486	516	559	602	773	945	1031	1117	1203	1375	1547	1719	1805	1977	2148	2320	2578
	54	319	348	378	408	438	467	495	525	569	613	788	963	1050	1138	1225	1400	1575	1750	1838	2013	2188	2363	2625
	55	324	354	385	415	445	476	504	534	579	623	802	980	1069	1158	1247	1425	1603	1781	1870	2048	2227	2405	2640
	56	330	361	392	422	453	484	513	544	589	634	816	997	1088	1178	1269	1450	1631	1813	1903	2048	2266	2447	2686
	57	336	367	398	430	461	492	522	553	599	645	830	1014	1106	1198	1291	1475	1659	1844	1936	2120	2305	2489	2733
	58	341	373	405	437	469	501	531	563	609	656	844	1031	1125	1219	1313	1500	1688	1875	1969	2156	2344	2531	2779
	59	347	379	412	444	477	509	539	572	620	667	858	1048	1144	1239	1334	1525	1716	1906	2002	2192	2383	2573	2825
	60	353	386	419	451	484	517	548	581	630	678	872	1066	1163	1259	1356	1550	1744	1938	2034	2228	2422	2616	2872
	61	358	392	425	459	492	526	557	591	640	689	886	1083	1181	1280	1378	1575	1772	1969	2067	2264	2461	2640	2918
	62	364	398	432	466	500	534	566	600	650	700	900	1100	1200	1300	1400	1600	1800	2000	2100	2300	2500	2686	2964
	for zo					he a	reate			ile (-	foot)	-	or ann		-	able o	-	_	Annual Contract of the Contrac			os ar	-

^{*}Buffer zone distances cannot be greater than ½ mile (2,640 feet). If after applying applicable credits the buffer zone distances are still greater than ½ mile (2,640 feet), then the application is prohibited.

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

Table 9.Drip Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

								A	pplicati	on Bloc	k Size	(acres)									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	50	60	70	80
	3	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
<u> </u>	5	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Acre)	8	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
tt A	10	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
product/	12	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
pro	14	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
of	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
suc	17	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	35	40	50
(Gallons	19	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	45	55	75
9	21	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	55	70	95
Rate	23	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	35	65	90	120
	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	40	50	50	55	75	105	135	165
atic	27	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	35	50	70	75	90	120	145	180	210
pplication	29	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	40	60	90	100	120	160	185	220	255
Apl	31	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	50	75	110	125	150	200	225	260	300
ant	33	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	30	30	30	60	90	130	150	180	240	265	305	345
Equivalent	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	30	30	35	65	100	155	175	215	280	305	350	390
qui	37	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35	35	40	70	115	175	200	245	325	345	390	435
	39	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35	40	45	75	125	195	225	275	365	385	435	480
Cas	41	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35	40	50	80	140	215	250	305	405	425	475	525
Broadcast	43	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	40	45	55	90	150	240	275	340	450	465	520	570
B	45	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	40	45	60	95	165	260	300	370	490	505	560	615
	47	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	40	50	65	100	175	280	325	400	530	545	605	660

Table 10.Flood Basin, Furrow, and Border Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Application Block Size (acres)

Sulph 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 60 00 70 80 90 100 120
5 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 35 38 4 30 43 44 47 50 50 50 70 77 8 80 80 102 113 125 137 148 160 172 200 234 24 1 77 5 10 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Part
Fig.
8 35 39 43 44 86 50 54 58 61 66 99 88 100 113 125 144 183 181 200 21 128 256 275 3132 99 44 44 8 52 56 60 55 99 73 77 80 100 113 125 141 156 180 204 225 248 277 288 309 248 276 275 3132 100 44 48 53 58 64 69 77 72 77 80 106 109 125 141 156 180 203 224 227 280 273 301 327 332 378 430 114 114 1156 180 120 120 120 120 120 144 148 53 58 64 69 77 72 77 80 10 80 100 113 125 141 156 180 120 120 120 120 120 141 114 120 120 120 141 114 120 120 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 14
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11 48 53 58 8 64 69 74 79 94 88 95 720 138 155 172 198 223 249 275 301 327 352 378 430 152 153 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155 155
11 48 63 58 8 64 69 74 79 84 89 95 92 0138 155 177 2 198 223 244 272 301 307 352 378 430 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
12 55 58 64 69 75 61 88 92 98 103 131 150 699 188 216 2244 272 300 328 356 358 384 413 469 447 509 441 414 61 68 74 811 88 94 101 107 114 120 153 175 197 219 252 254 317 303 331 416 448 481 547 448 451 451 461 68 73 88 94 101 107 114 120 153 175 197 219 252 258 327 335 336 346 448 481
13 57 63 69 75 81 87 93 100 100 112 142 163 838 230 234 264 295 325 335 386 416 447 568 146 61 68 73 84 81 81 71 71 71 71 71 71
Hart 61 68 74 81 88 94 101 107 114 120 153 175 197 279 252 284 317 330 333 416 448 481 547 168 167 168 168 173 168 168 173 174 182 183
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29 131 145 159 173 188 202 216 230 244 258 328 375 422 469 539 609 680 750 820 891 961 1031 1172 1170 1250 131 145 159 170 185 200 216 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 186 140 175 191 206 222 237 253 268 284 361 443 464 516 593 670 748 825 902 980 1057 1134 1289 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 1328 135 170 186 202 219 235 252 268 284 301 333 438 492 547 629 711 793 875 957 1039 1121 1203 1367 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140
29 131 145 159 173 188 202 216 230 244 258 328 375 422 469 539 609 680 750 820 891 961 1031 1172 1170 1250 131 145 159 170 185 200 216 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 186 140 175 191 206 222 237 253 268 284 361 443 464 516 593 670 748 825 902 980 1057 1134 1289 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 1328 135 170 186 202 219 235 252 268 284 301 333 438 492 547 629 711 793 875 957 1039 1121 1203 1367 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140
29 131 145 159 173 188 202 216 230 244 258 328 375 422 469 539 609 680 750 820 891 961 1031 1172 1170 1250 131 145 159 170 185 200 216 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 186 140 175 191 206 222 237 253 268 284 361 443 464 516 593 670 748 825 902 980 1057 1134 1289 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 1328 135 170 186 202 219 235 252 268 284 301 333 438 492 547 629 711 793 875 957 1039 1121 1203 1367 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140
29 131 145 159 173 188 202 216 230 244 258 328 375 422 469 539 609 680 750 820 891 961 1031 1172 1170 1250 131 145 159 170 185 200 216 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 186 140 175 191 206 222 237 253 268 284 361 443 464 516 593 670 748 825 902 980 1057 1134 1289 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 1328 135 170 186 202 219 235 252 268 284 301 333 438 492 547 629 711 793 875 957 1039 1121 1203 1367 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140
29 131 145 159 173 188 202 216 230 244 258 328 375 422 469 539 609 680 750 820 891 961 1031 1172 1170 1250 131 145 159 170 185 200 216 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 260 275 350 400 450 500 575 650 725 800 875 950 1025 11100 1250 131 140 155 170 186 140 175 191 206 222 237 253 268 284 361 443 464 516 593 670 748 825 902 980 1057 1134 1289 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 133 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1169 1328 1328 135 170 186 202 219 235 252 268 284 301 333 438 492 547 629 711 793 875 957 1039 1121 1203 1367 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140
Part
2 31 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 280 276 350 400 450 500 575 680 725 800 876 950 1025 1100 1250 120 237 253 252 28 284 381 381 433 448 581 650 593 670 748 825 992 980 1057 1134 1289 334 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1189 1328 1335 158 174 191 208 225 242 259 276 293 309 394 450 506 563 647 731 816 900 984 1069 1123 1233 1367 35 158 174 191 208 225 242 259 276 293 309 394 450 506 563 647 731 816 900 984 1069 1153 1238 1406 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143
2 31 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 280 276 350 400 450 500 575 680 725 800 876 950 1025 1100 1250 120 237 253 252 28 284 381 381 433 448 581 650 593 670 748 825 992 980 1057 1134 1289 334 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1189 1328 1335 158 174 191 208 225 242 259 276 293 309 394 450 506 563 647 731 816 900 984 1069 1123 1233 1367 35 158 174 191 208 225 242 259 276 293 309 394 450 506 563 647 731 816 900 984 1069 1153 1238 1406 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143
2 31 140 155 170 185 200 215 230 245 280 276 350 400 450 500 575 680 725 800 876 950 1025 1100 1250 120 237 253 252 28 284 381 381 433 448 581 650 593 670 748 825 992 980 1057 1134 1289 334 149 165 181 197 213 228 244 260 276 292 372 425 478 531 611 691 770 850 930 1009 1089 1189 1328 1335 158 174 191 208 225 242 259 276 293 309 394 450 506 563 647 731 816 900 984 1069 1123 1233 1367 35 158 174 191 208 225 242 259 276 293 309 394 450 506 563 647 731 816 900 984 1069 1153 1238 1406 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 356 381 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 356 381 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 356 381 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 356 381 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 336 338 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 52 236 262 287 312 338 363 388 413 439 464 591 675 759 844 970 1097 1223 1350 1477 1603 1730 1696 2109 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 336 338 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 52 236 262 287 312 338 363 388 413 439 464 591 675 759 844 970 1097 1223 1350 1477 1603 1730 1696 2109 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 336 338 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 52 236 262 287 312 338 363 388 413 439 464 591 675 759 844 970 1097 1223 1350 1477 1603 1730 1696 2109 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 336 338 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 52 236 262 287 312 338 363 388 413 439 464 591 675 759 844 970 1097 1223 1350 1477 1603 1730 1696 2109 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
43 193 213 234 254 275 296 316 337 358 378 481 550 619 688 791 894 997 1100 1203 1306 1409 1513 1719 44 197 218 239 260 281 302 323 345 366 387 492 563 633 703 809 914 1020 1125 1230 1336 1441 1547 1758 45 201 223 244 266 288 309 331 352 374 395 503 575 647 719 827 934 1042 1150 1258 1366 1473 1581 1797 46 206 228 250 272 294 316 338 360 382 404 514 588 661 734 845 955 1065 1175 1285 1395 1505 1616 1836 47 210 233 255 278 300 323 345 368 390 413 525 600 675 750 863 975 1088 1200 1313 1425 1538 1650 1875 48 214 237 260 283 306 329 352 375 398 421 536 613 689 766 880 995 1110 1225 1340 1455 1570 1884 1914 48 219 242 266 289 313 336 359 383 406 430 547 625 703 781 898 1016 1133 1250 1367 1484 1602 1719 1953 49 223 247 271 295 319 343 367 390 414 438 558 638 717 797 916 1036 1155 1275 1395 1514 1634 1753 1992 51 228 252 276 301 325 349 374 398 423 447 569 650 731 813 934 1056 1178 1300 1422 1544 1666 1788 2031 51 232 257 282 306 331 336 338 406 431 455 580 663 745 828 952 1077 1201 1325 1449 1573 1698 1822 2070 52 236 262 287 312 338 363 388 413 439 464 591 675 759 844 970 1097 1223 1350 1477 1603 1730 1696 2109 53 241 266 292 318 344 370 395 421 447 473 602 688 773 859 988 1117 1246 1375 1504 1633 1762 1891 2148
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56 254 281 308 335 363 390 417 444 471 498 634 725 816 906 1042 1178 1314 1450 1586 1722 1858 1994 2266
57 258 286 313 341 369 396 424 452 479 507 645 738 830 922 1060 1198 1337 1475 1613 1752 1890 2028 2305
58 263 291 319 347 375 403 431 459 488 516 656 750 844 938 1078 1219 1359 1500 1641 1781 1922 2063 2344
59 267 295 324 353 381 410 438 467 496 524 667 763 858 953 1096 1239 1382 1525 1668 1811 1954 2097 2383
1 00 1 074 1 000 1 000 1 000 1 447 1 440 1 475 1 504 1 500 1 070 1 775 1 070 1 4444 1 4050 1 4405 1 4550 1 4005 1 4044 1 4000 1 0404 1 0400
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Table 11. Rotary Tiller and Spray Blade Applications Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Application Block Size (acres)

	Gal/A	1	5	6	7	8	9	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Rate	6	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
	11	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
ation)	16	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
) cat	19	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Applica duct/A)	23	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
nt Applic roduct/A	27	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
ent	31	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
ale	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	42	57	64	72
t Equival Gallons	39	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	58	88	103	118
Bal	43	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	74	119	142	164
)	47	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	90	150	180	210
<u>G</u>	50	25	25	27	29	30	32	34	49	64	75	135	188	218	248
Broadcast (54	25	25	29	32	36	39	43	73	103	125	180	225	255	285
B	58	25	25	30	36	41	47	52	97	142	180	225	263	293	323
	62	25	25	32	39	46	53	60	120	180	225	270	300	330	360

Table 12. Weed Sprayer Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

Application Block Size (acres)

			_	_			пррпоск		(-						
₹	Gal/A	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
nct/	6	50	50	50	75	75	100	100	200	200	200	250	300	350	400
product/A)	11	80	100	100	138	138	200	200	300	300	300	350	400	450	500
	16	125	150	150	200	200	300	300	400	400	400	450	500	550	600
(Gallons	19	160	188	200	250	269	363	382	475	488	500	550	600	650	700
	23	185	225	250	300	338	425	463	550	575	600	650	700	750	800
Rate	27	205	263	300	350	407	488	544	625	663	700	750	800	850	900
Application	31	220	300	350	400	475	550	625	700	750	800	850	900	950	1000
olica	35	235	313	375	450	557	638	719	825	888	950	1000	1050	1100	1150
	39	250	325	400	500	638	725	813	950	1025	1100	1150	1200	1250	1300
llent	43	262	338	425	550	719	813	907	1075	1163	1250	1300	1350	1400	1450
Equivalent	47	275	350	450	600	800	900	1000	1200	1300	1400	1450	1500	1550	1600
t Eq	50	288	363	488	650	850	975	1100	1300	1400	1500	1563	1625	1688	1750
Broadcast	54	300	375	525	700	900	1050	1200	1400	1500	1600	1675	1750	1825	1900
roac	58	312	389	563	750	950	1125	1300	1500	1600	1700	1788	1875	1963	2050
	62	325	400	600	800	1000	1200	1400	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200

Note to PM:

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

Bold, italicized text is information for the reader and is not part of the label. [Bracketed information is optional.] Text separated by / denotes and/or options.

Buffer Zone Credits

The buffer zone distances for Metam KLR 54%applications may be reduced by the percentages listed below. Credits may be added, but credits cannot exceed 80%. Also, the minimum buffer zone distance is 25 feet regardless of buffer zone credits available.

See http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/tarpcredits/for a list of tarps that have been tested and determined to qualify for buffer reduction credits. Only tarps listed on this website qualify for buffer reduction credits.

- 10% reduction in buffer zone distance, IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is ≥ 1% 2%; a 20% reduction is buffer zone distance, IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is >2% 3%; and a 30% reduction in the buffer zone distance, IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is >3%.
- 10% reduction in buffer zone distance, IF the soil temperature is measured to be 50°F or less. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.
- 10% reduction in the buffer zone distance, IF the clay content of the soil in the application block is greater than 27%.

Examples of Buffer Zone Calculations with Credits Applied

If the buffer zone is 50 feet and the application qualifies for a buffer zone reduction credit since the soil organic content is 1.5%, then the buffer zone can be reduced by 10%, i.e., reduced by 5 feet based on the following calculation: 50 feet – (50 feet x 10%) = 45 feet.

If the buffer zone is 50 feet and the application qualifies for two buffer zone credits since the soil organic content is 1.5% and the clay content is greater than 27%, then the buffer zone can be reduced by 20% (10% organic content credit + 10% clay content credit), i.e., reduced by 10 feet based on the following calculation 50 feet - (50 feet x 20%) = 40 feet.

Posting Fumigant Buffer Zones

- Posting of a **buffer zone** is required unless there is a physical barrier that prevents bystander access to the buffer zone.
- Buffer Zone signs must be placed along or outside the perimeter of the buffer zone, at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from areas where people not under the owner's control may approach the buffer zone.
 - o Some examples of points of entry include, but are not limited to, roadways, sidewalks, paths, and bike trails.
 - Some examples of likely routes of approach include, but are not limited to, the area between a buffer zone and a roadway, or the area between a buffer zone and a housing development.
 - When posting, the certified applicator supervising the application must ensure compliance with all local laws and regulations.
- Buffer Zone signs must meet the following criteria:
 - The printed side of the sign must face away from the application block toward areas from which people could approach.
 - Signs must remain legible during the entire posting period and must meet the general standards outlined in the WPS for sign size, text size, and legibility (see 40 CFR §170.120).
 - Signs must be posted no sooner than 24 hours prior to the start of the application and remain posted until the buffer zone period has expired.
 - Signs must be removed within 3 days after the end of the buffer zone period.
 - Buffer Zone signs which meet the criteria above will be provided at points of sale for applicators to use. Templates may be downloaded from http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/reregistration/soil fumigants/.
 - The Buffer Zone signs must contain the following information:
 - The 'Do Not Walk' symbol
 - DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE.
 - METAM POTASSIUM (METAM KLR 54%)FUMIGANT BUFFER ZONE.
 - Contact information for the certified applicator in charge of the fumigation.

Exception: If multiple contiguous blocks are fumigated within a 14-day period, the entire periphery of the contiguous blocks' buffer zones may be posted. Buffer Zone signs must be posted no sooner than 24-hours prior to the start of the first application. The signs must remain posted until the last buffer zone period expires and signs must be removed within 3-days after the buffer zone period for the last block has expired.

Restrictions for Difficult to Evacuate Sites

Difficult to evacuate sites are pre-K to grade 12 schools, state licensed daycare centers, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospitals, in-patient clinics, and prisons.

- No fumigant application with a buffer zone greater than 300 feet is permitted within 1/4 mile (1320 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state-licensed day care centers, students (pre-K to grade 12), patients, or prisoners during the application and the 36-hour period following the end of the application.
- No fumigant application with a buffer zone of 300 feet or less is permitted within 1/8 mile (660 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state-licensed day care centers, students (pre-K to grade 12), patients, or prisoners during the application and the 36-hour period following the end of the application.

Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures

If the buffer zone is 25 feet, then the Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures are not applicable.

Bold, italicized text is information for the reader and is not part of the label. [Bracketed information is optional.] Text separated by / denotes and/or options.

Triggers for Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures

The certified applicator must either follow the directions under the *Fumigant Site Monitoring* section or follow the directions under the *Response Information for Neighbors* section if:

- the buffer zone is greater than 25 feet but less than or equal to 100 feet, and there are residences or businesses within 50 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than 100 feet but less than or equal to 200 feet, and there are residences or businesses within 100 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than 200 feet but less than or equal to 300 feet, and there are residences or businesses within 200 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than **300 feet** orthe **buffer zones overlap**, and there are residences or businesses within **300 feet** from the outer edge of the buffer zone.

Fumigant Site Monitoring

NOTE: Fumigant Site Monitoring is ONLY required if the Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures are triggered AND directions from the Response Information for Neighbors section are not followed.

From the start of the application until the buffer zone period expires, a certified applicator or handler(s) under his/her supervision must:

- Monitor for sensory irritation in areas between the buffer zone outer perimeter and residences and businesses that trigger this requirement.
- Monitoring for sensory irritation must begin in the evening on the day of application and continue until the buffer zone period expires. Monitor a minimum of 8 times during the buffer zone period, including these periods:
 - 1 hour before sunset.
 - o during the night,
 - o 1 hour after sunrise, and
 - during daylight hours.

Implement the emergency response plan immediately if a handler monitoring experiences sensory irritation.

Response Information for Neighbors

NOTE: Response Information for Neighbors is ONLY required if the Emergency Preparedness and ResponseMeasures are triggered AND directions from the Fumigant Site Monitoring section are not followed.

The certified applicator supervising the application must ensure that residences and businesses that trigger the requirement have been provided the response information at least **1 week** before the application starts. The information provided may include application dates that range for no more than **4 weeks**. If the application does not occur when specified, the information must be delivered again.

Information that must be included:

- The location of the application block.
- Fumigant(s) applied including the active ingredient, name of the fumigant product(s), and the EPA Registration number.
- Contact information for the applicator and property owner.
- Time period in which the application is planned to take place (must not range more than 4 weeks).
- Early signs and symptoms of exposure to the fumigant(s) applied, what to do, and who to call if you believe you are being exposed (911 in most cases).
- How to find additional information about fumigants.

The method used to share the response information for neighbors can be accomplished through mailings, door hangers, or other methods that will effectively inform the residences and businesses within the required distance from the edge of the buffer zone.

Notice to State and Tribal Lead Agencies

If your state and/or tribal lead agency requires notice, information must be provided to the appropriate state or tribal lead agency prior to the application. Please refer to www.epa.gov/fumigantstatenotice for a list of states and tribal lead agencies that require notice and information on how to submit the information.

The information that must be provided to state and tribal lead agencies includes the following:

- · Location of the application blocks,
- Fumigant(s) applied including EPA registration number,
- Applicator and property owner contact information, and
- Time period that fumigation may occur.

Emergency Response Plan

The certified applicator must include in the FMP a written emergency response plan that identifies:

- evacuation routes,
- locations of telephones,
- · contact information for first responders and local/state/federal/tribal personnel, and

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- · emergency procedures/responsibilities (e.g., adding water to the field, repairing tarps, fixing equipment, evacuating upwind) if:
 - o there is an incident,
 - sensory irritation is experienced outside of the buffer zone, and/or there are equipment/tarp/seal failure or complaints, or other emergencies.

Site-Specific Fumigation Management Plan (FMP)

Prior to the start of application, the certified applicator supervising the application must verify that a site-specific FMP exists for each application block. In addition, an agricultural operation fumigating multiple application blocks may format the FMP in a manner whereby all of the information that is common to all the application blocks is captured once, and any information unique to a particular application block or blocks is captured in subsequent sections.

The FMP must be prepared by the certified applicator, the site owner, registrant, or other party.

The certified applicator must verify in writing (sign and date) that the site-specific FMP(s) reflects current site conditions before the start of application.

Each site specific FMP must contain the following elements:

- Certified Applicator Supervising the Application
 - o Name,
 - o Phone number.
 - o Pesticide applicator license and/or certificate number,
 - Specify if commercial or private applicator,
 - o Employer name,
 - o Employer address, and
 - Date and location of completing EPA approved soil fumigant training program.
- General site information
 - Application block location (e.g., county, township-range-section quadrant), address, or global positioning system (GPS) coordinates
 - Name, address, and phone number of application block owner
 - Site map, aerial photo or detailed sketch showing:
 - application block location
 - application block dimensions
 - buffer zone dimensions
 - property lines
 - roadways
 - rights-of-ways
 - sidewalks
 - permanent walking paths
 - bus stops
 - nearby application blocks
 - surrounding structures (occupied and non-occupied)
 - locations of Buffer Zone signs, and
 - locations of difficult to evacuate sites within ¼ mile of the application block if the buffer zone is greater than 300 feet, or 1/8 mile if the buffer zone is 300 feet or less.
 - Comments
- · General application information
 - o Target application date/window,
 - Fumigant Name, and
 - EPA registration number.
- Tarp Plan (if tarp is used)
 - o Schedule for checking tarps for damage, tears, and other problems,
 - Minimum size of damage that will be repaired,
 - o Factors used to determine when tarp repair will be conducted,
 - o Equipment/methods used to perforate tarps,
 - Target dates for perforating tarps, and
 - Target dates for removing tarps.
- Soil conditions
 - Description of soil texture in the application block, description of soil moisture and method used to determine soil moisture, and
 - Soil temperature measurement if air temperatures were above 100 °F in any of the 3 days prior to the application
- Buffer zones
 - Application method,
 - Injection depth,
 - Application rate from lookup table on label,
 - Application block size from lookup table on label,

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- Credits applied and measurements taken (if applicable),
 - Tarp brand name, Lot number, Thickness, Manufacturer, Batch number, Part number and Color
 - Organic matter content
 - Clay content
 - Soil temperature
 - Buffer zone distance, and
- Description of areas in the buffer zone that are not under the control of the owner of the application block. If buffer zones extend onto areas not under the control of the owner, attach the written agreement and keep it with the FMP.
- Record Emergency Response Plan as described in the Emergency Response Plan section.
- Posting of Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone
 - Person(s) who will post and remove (if different) Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone signs, and
 - Location of Buffer Zone signs.
- Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures (if applicable)
 - Fumigant site monitoring (if applicable):
 - When and where it will be conducted;
 - Response information for neighbors (if applicable):
 - List of residences and businesses informed,
 - Name and phone number of person providing information, and
 - Method of providing the information.
- State and/or tribal lead agency advance notification (if state and/or tribal lead agency requires notice, provide a list of contacts that were notified and date notified)
- Plan describing how communication will take place between the certified applicator supervising the application, the owner, and
 other on-site handlers (e.g., tarp perforators/removers, irrigators) for complying with label requirements (e.g., buffer zone location,
 buffer zone start and end times, timing of tarp perforation and removal, PPE).
 - o Name and phone number of persons contacted by the certified applicator, and
 - Date contacted.
- Handler (including Certified Applicators) Information and PPE
 - o Names, addresses and phone numbers of handlers
 - Names, addresses, and phone numbers for employers of handlers
 - o Tasks that each handler is authorized and trained to perform
 - Date of PPE training for each handler
 - Applicable handler PPE including:
 - Long-sleeved shirts/long pants, shoes, socks
 - Chemical-resistant apron
 - Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
 - Protective eyewear (not goggles)
 - Chemical-resistant gloves
 - Air-purifying respirators
 - Respirator make, model, type, style, size, and cartridge/canister type
 - Other PPE
 - For handlers: Confirmation of receipt of Fumigant Safe Handling Information.
 - For certified applicator(s) supervising the application: Completion date and location of the soil fumigant training
 program listed on the following EPA website www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining for the active ingredient(s) in this product.
 - For handlers designated to wear air-purifying respirators:
 - date of medical qualification to wear a respirator.
 - date of respirator training, and
 - date of fit-testing for the respirator.
 - o Unless exempted in the Protection of Handlers section, verify that:
 - at minimum 1 handler has the appropriate respirators and cartridges/canisters during handler activities, and
 - the employer has confirmed that the appropriate respirator and cartridges/canisters are immediately available for each handler who will wear one.
- Air monitoring plan
 - If sensory irritation is experienced, indicate whether operations will cease or operations will continue with use of an air-purifying respirator
 - For monitoring the breathing zone:
 - Representative handler tasks to be monitored,
 - Monitoring equipment to be used, and
 - Timing of the monitoring.
- Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)
 - o Identify (e.g., list, attach applicable label section) applicable mandatory GAPs.
- Pesticide Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
 - Ensure that labels and MSDS are on-site and readily available for employees to review.

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Record-Keeping Procedures

The owner of the application block as well as the certified applicator supervising the application must keep a signed copy of the site-specific FMP for 2 years from the date of application.

For situations where an initial FMP is developed and certain elements do not change for multiple application blocks (e.g., applicator information, certified applicator, handlers, record-keeping procedures, emergency procedures) only elements that have changed need to be updated in the site-specific FMP provided the following:

- The certified applicator supervising the application has verified that those elements are current and applicable to the application block before it is fumigated.
- Record-keeping requirements are followed for the entire FMP (including elements that do not change).

The certified applicator must make a copy of the FMP immediately available for viewing by handlers involved in the fumigation. The certified applicator or the owner of the application block must provide a copy of the FMP to any local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel who request the FMP. In the case of an emergency, the FMP must be made immediately available when requested by local/state/federal/tribal emergency response and enforcement personnel. The certified applicator supervising the application must ensure the FMP is at the application block during all handler activities.

Within 30 days after the application is complete, the certified applicator supervising the application must complete a Post-Application Summary.

Post-Application Summary

The Post-Application Summary must contain the following elements:

- Actual date and time of the application
- Application rate
- · Size of application block
- Weather Conditions
 - Summary of the National Weather Service weather forecast during the application and the 48-hours after the application is complete including:
 - wind speed, and
 - air stagnation advisory (if applicable).
 - Forecast must be checked on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and on a daily basis during the
 application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Tarp damage and repair information (if applicable):
 - Date of tarp damage discovery,
 - Location and size of tarp damage,
 - Description of tarp/tarp seal/tarp equipment failure, and
 - Date and time of tarp repair completion.
- Tarp perforation/removal details (if applicable):
 - Date and time tarps were perforated,
 - Date and time tarps were removed, and
 - Record if tarps were perforated and/or removed early. Describe the conditions that caused early tarp perforation and/or removal.
- · Complaint details (if applicable):
 - o Person filing complaint (e.g., on-site handler, person off-site),
 - If off-site person, name, address, and phone number of person filing complaint, and
 - Description of control measures or emergency procedures followed after complaint.
- Description of incidents(including date and time), equipment failure, or other emergency and emergency procedures followed (if applicable).
- Communication between applicator, owner and other on-site handlers (if applicable)
 - Record additional dates persons were contacted
- Air monitoring results:
 - Date(s), time(s) and location(s) of sensory irritation or air sample measurement with the direct read detection device,
 - Handler name and task/activity
 - o Air concentration measurement with direct read detection device (if applicable)
 - Resulting action/comments (e.g., cease operations, continue operations with air-purifying respirators, implement emergency response plan).
- Water-run application monitoring
 - Record monitoring date(s) and time(s)
 - Name of person(s) monitoring
 - Record observations:
 - Is the equipment functioning properly,
 - Description of corrective action (if applicable), and
 - Other comments.
- Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone Signs:

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- Dates of posting and removal.
- Any deviations from the FMP (e.g., changes in emergency response actions, changes in handler information, changes in handlers responsible for completing emergency tasks).

Record-Keeping Procedures

The owner of the application block, as well as the certified applicator supervising the application, must keep a signed copy of the Post-Application Summary for 2 years from the date of application.

Product Instructions

Mycorrhizae:There are occasions when Metam KLR 54% known to temporarily reduce mycorrhizae in agricultural soils. For those crops that are mycorrhizae dependent and planted into Metam KLR 54% treated soils, it is necessary to practice a good fertilizer program until the mycorrhizae repopulate the treated area.

Product Information

Metam KLR 54% is a water soluble liquid. When applied to soil, the liquid is converted into a volatile fumigant (Methylisothiocyanate, MITC). After a sufficient interval of time, the fumigant degrades/dissipates leaving the soil ready for planting.

WHEN TO USE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATES

The application rate of Metam KLR 54% is dependent on the soil type to be treated and the position in the soil of the pest to be suppressed or controlled. For maximum control or suppression, an understanding of the pest, its location and its respiring state will ensure maximum performance of Metam KLR 54%. Generally, a light sandy soil requires a lower specified application rate than a heavier mineral soil. In addition, if the pest is in the upper portion of the soil profile (annual weeds), a lower application rate is generally required than if the pest is deeper in the soil profile and deeper penetration is desired (perennial weed seeds and nematodes). When a range of application rates is given in this label, consult your local agricultural extension service for more specific information.

Metam KLR 54% may be used for the suppression or control of the following soil-borne pests that attack ornamental, food and fiber crops (consult specific cropping and application instructions for recommendations): Weeds and germinating weed seeds such asBermudagrass, Chickweed, Dandelions, Ragweed, Henbit, Lambsquarter, Pigweed, Watercress, Johnsongrass, Nightshade, Nutsedge (suppression only), Wild Morning-glory and Purslane; Nematodes (suppression only), Symphylids (Garden Centipede) and soil-borne diseases such asRhizoctonia, Pythium, Phytophthora, Verticillium, Sclerotina, Oak Root Fungus and Club Root of Crucifers.

Nematodes and Nutsedge: Nematode suppression is achieved when Metam KLR 54% converts to MITC and makes contact with active forms of the nematodes, preferably juveniles. Endo-parasites in plant residue may not be suppressed. Plant residues from previously infected crops should be completely decomposed prior to Metam KLR 54% application to ensure maximum exposure. Eggs are more difficult to suppress than juveniles, but are susceptible. Pre-irrigation has been demonstrated to stimulate egg hatch of some species and may enhance overall Metam KLR 54% performance. Nutsedge may be suppressed with Metam KLR 54% if actively growing and a high use rate is used (62 gal/acre). More often, rhizomes, roots and shoots will be controlled but the tuber will remain viable and at a later time regrow. Treatments made immediately prior to a crop planting (after the necessary waiting period) will give a weed-free period for crop establishment.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Metam KLR 54%uses described on this label are intended for pre-plant soil preparation only. All plant foliage and any established plants growing on the treatment sites will be either severely damaged or destroyed. Keep the product off of any desirable turf or plants. NOTE: Metam KLR 54%will suppress and/or control only those pests in the fumigation zone at the time of treatment. Reinfestation may occur subsequent to the fumigants degradation/dissipation from the soil.

USE RESTRICTIONS

Keep people and pets out of treated areas. Do not apply within 3 feet of the drip line of desirable plants, shrubs, or trees. Do not use in greenhouses. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near feed or food.

TREATMENT GUIDELINES

For optimum results, certain procedures should be observed at designated times in the treatment program. Described below are important guidelines for each of the four stages of the treatment process. Consult your Sales Representative for the appropriate treatment program for your particular needs.

- Pre-Application
- Field Preparation Prior to Application
- Application
- Pre-Planting After Application of Metam KLR 54%

PRE-APPLICATION

Metam KLR 54% is applied post-harvest and 14 to 21 days before a new crop is planted (see "Testing of Treated Soil Before Planting" section). In some areas, fall application is preferred as the product will dissipate over the winter that allows planting to begin as soon as favorable springtime conditions arrive.

Application Rate

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Apply 30 to 62 gallons of product per treated acre depending on crop, target pest and soil properties (or see crop-specific directions in the Additional Information section of this label). Some of the soil properties to consider when determining the application rate include soil texture, percent organic matter and depth of soil to be treated.

Target Pest and Depth of Treatment

When application rates for this product are given in ranges, use the higher specified rate if pests (insects, nematodes, etc.) are present in high numbers or if the area to be treated has a history of pest problems. Consult with your State nematologist, entomologist and plant pathologist to determine if crop rotation is more feasible or desirable than fumigation. NOTE: This product will only suppress or control pests that are in the fumigated zone at time of treatment. For control of weeds and fungi which cause seed or seedling diseases, treatment of only the top 2 to 4 inches of soil may be required (see application specific requirements in the Good Agricultural Practices section of this label). Treatment depths greater than 4 inches may be required for control of nematodes and fungi which occur throughout the rhizosphere. The required application rate within the specified rate range should be increased proportionately up to the specified rate maximum with the depth of the treatment required. Always choose the appropriate application method to evenly distribute this product throughout the soil to the required treatment depth.

Soil Characteristics

Soil properties to consider when determining the application rate of this product include the depth of soil to be treated, soil texture, and percent organic matter. Due to the absorbing effect of humus, soils with high levels of organic matter under the surface require higher specified rates. For example, muck soil may require twice the rate (not exceeding the specified maximum use rate) that would be used in mineral soils. Application rates will also vary with soil texture. For example, heavy clay soils require a higher specified rate than light sandy soils.

FIELD PREPARATION PRIOR TO APPLICATION

Before applying this product, always thoroughly cultivate the area to be treated breaking up clods and loosening soil deeply and thoroughly. Then sprinkle or flood irrigate to moisten loosened soil if needed (see "Product Instruction" section). Immediately before treatment, cultivate lightly to break up soil crust. See "Potatoes" section for specific directions on the application of Metam KLR 54% to potatoes fields where no till stubble of cover crop exist.

Soil Temperature During Treatment

Soil temperature must be from 40°F to 90°F in the treated zone. Treated zone is defined as the depth of treatment that Metam KLR 54% achieves at the time of application. To prevent rapid evaporation of the product from the soil, avoid treating soil during the time of day when soil temperatures exceed 90°F within the first two inches of soil. Instead, make the application at night or in early morning when the soil temperature is coolest (also see Weather Conditions and Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions in the Good Agricultural Practices section of this label).

Phytotoxicity

Metam KLR 54% is phytotoxic. Protect valuable, non-target plants by stopping soil applications of this product at least three feet short of the drip line of trees, shrubs and other desirable plants. For sprinkler application, crop injury and lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of the treated water.

APPLICATION OF METAM KLR 54%

Apply according to the methods and rates outlined below under the section Uses, Rates and Application Methods.

Use of Diluted Metam KLR 54%

Do not store the diluted Product. Do not allow the diluted solution to stand overnight. Use the diluted solution promptly after mixing with water. Flush all equipment with water after each day's use; disassemble valves and clean carefully. All rinsate should be properly applied to the field.

Odors During or After Application

Strong odors during or after application are a signal that the fumigant is escaping and needs to be sealed in the soil. If increasingly strong odors are occurring, the application should be stopped immediately and not resumed until the source of the odor problem is identified and corrected. For sprinkler applications or whenever possible with other application methods, a water seal should be applied immediately to the treated areas of the field.

Sealing Metam KLR 54%in Soil

To be most effective, Metam KLR 54% should be sealed in the soil at the time of application. Sealing methods include applying a water seal by sprinkler irrigation, tarping, packing soil with a roller, drag or press wheel or covering with an adequate amount of soil. Tarps should be spread loosely over the treated area and secured to prevent removal by wind. When tarps are used to seal the soil, wait at least 21 days before planting.

Application in Tank Mix with Liquid Fertilizer

Metam KLR 54%may be injected in a mixture with liquid fertilizers, however, a dual injection system is preferred. Since the composition of liquid fertilizers vary considerably, the physical compatibility of each Metam KLR 54%/fertilizer tank mix should be checked by using the following procedure:

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Mix a small quantity of Metam KLR 54% and liquid fertilizer in the same ratio as they will be applied to the field e.g., if 30 gallons of Metam KLR 54% and 30 gallons of liquid fertilizer are to be applied per treated acre, then the mixture should be mixed in a 30:30 or 1:1 ratio. Mix in a glass container. Mixing should be done outdoors and out of direct sunlight. Agitate the liquids to attain a complete uniform mixture. IF A UNIFORM MIX CANNOT BE MADE, THE MIXTURE SHOULD NOT BE USED! If the mixture remains uniform for 30 minutes without agitation, the combination may be used. Should the mixture separate after 30 minutes but is readily remixed with agitation, the mixture can be used if adequate agitation is maintained in the tank.

DO NOT PLACE CAPS ON MIX JAR AS INCOMPATIBLE MIXES MAY EVOLVE HYDROGEN SULFIDE GAS. USE PROMPTLY AFTER MIXING WITH WATER OR FERTILIZER.DO NOT ALLOW THE SOLUTION TO STAND. FLUSH ALL EQUIPMENT WITH WATER AFTER EACH DAY'S USE. DISASSEMBLE VALVES AND CLEAN CAREFULLY.

CHEMIGATION OF METAM KLR 54%

When applying by chemigation methods, the following directions must be observed:

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, solid set, or hand move; flood (basin); furrow, border, or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. DO NOT APPLY this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation systemused for pesticide application to a public water system unless prescribed safety devices for public water systems stated on the pesticide label are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Chemigation Using a Public Water System

NOTE: TamincoUSLLCdoes not encourage connection of chemigation systems to public water systems. The following information is provided for users who have evaluated alternative application and water source options before choosing to make such a connection.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTIONS IF YOUR CHEMIGATION SYSTEM IS CONNECTED TO A PUBLIC WATER

SYSTEM: Public water system is defined as a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalents in the upstream water supply line from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and top of overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Sprinkler & Drip Chemigation Systems

See "Field Application Where Entire Area is Being Treated" under Use, Rates and Application Methods section of this label. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

PRE-PLANTING AFTER APPLICATION OF METAM KLR 54% Effects of Rain

If rain occurs within 24 hours after a Metam KLR 54% application, lack of control at and near the soil surface may occur.

Recontamination

Precautions must be taken to prevent recontamination of treated fields with plant pathogenic fungi, plant parasitic nematodes or weed seed. Use clean seeds or plants. Before farm equipment is driven into the treated area, it should be rinsed free of untreated soil and weed seeds from other fields.

Days to Cultivating or Planting After Application

Because Metam KLR 54% is harmful to germinating seeds and living plants, an appropriate interval must be observed between treatments and planting. On well-drained soils which have a light to medium texture and which are not excessively wet or cold following the application, planting can begin 14 to 21 days after treatment. If soils are heavy or especially high in organic matter or if the soil remains wet and/or cold (below 60°F) following the application, a minimum interval of 21 days or greater should be observed. The interval before planting should be extended until the soil is sufficiently dry to allow for cultivation.

Cultivation of Soil Before Planting

IMPORTANT: Heavier soils including soils high in clay or organic matter should be allowed to aerate and dry thoroughly after treatment with Metam KLR 54%. During cold and/or wet weather, frequent shallow cultivation can aid dissipation of Metam KLR 54%from the treated soil.

On heavy, wet soils, light surface cultivation to break up crusting and promote drying should be done 5 to 7 days after treatment if planting is to occur within 14 to 21 days after treatment. This cultivation may be repeated as necessary.

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NOTE: To avoid contaminating treated soils, care should be taken to assure that untreated soils are not mixed with treated soils.

Testing of Treated Soils Before Planting

Fields are fumigated to control soil-borne fungi, nematodes, insects, and weeds. The length of time required for fumigants to dissipate/escape from the soil before plants can safely be planted varies greatly. Typically 14 to 21 days are needed under typical conditions; however, circumstances which do not favor evaporation of the fumigant can greatly lengthen the waiting period as much as up to 30 days. The release period is short with (1) low rates of fumigants, (2) light soil, (3) high soil temperatures, (4) low soil moisture, (5) shallow application depth, and (6) repeated cultivations after fumigation. Seeded crops are less susceptible to residual soil fumigant injury than transplanted crops. In general, fumigants escape slowly from cold, wet, heavy soils.

If in doubt, perform either the lettuce seed test or the tomato transplant test as described elsewhere in this label. If germination occurs in 1 to 3 days or if tomato plant shows signs of wilting or root burn in 2 days, the product is still available and an extended wait period must be observed.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST STATES OF IDAHO, NEVADA, OREGON AND WASHINGTON

NOTE: When applied in the spring, allow a minimum of 14 to 21 days before planting providing no fumes are detectable. When the soil temperature is below 60°F, allow a minimum of 21 days before planting. Check for fumes and aerate as needed. Use a seedling indicator plant with a hot cap to check for activity or fumes (or follow instructions in preceding paragraph). DO NOT plant if fumes are detectable or injury to plant has occurred. Re-aerate the soil and check again. The information below describes two simple tests to assay for harmful residual soil fumigants before planting.

Lettuce Seed Test

- 1. With a trowel, dig into the treated soil to or just below the depth of application. Remove 2 to 4 small (1 to 2 oz) soil samples, mix lightly, and immediately place a portion in an air-tight jar so that fumes will not escape. Use mason, wheat germ or similar jars with gas-tight lids.
- Sprinkle lettuce seeds on the moistened surface of the soil and recap immediately. Prepare a similar jar with untreated soil (untreated check) for comparison.
- 3. Keep the jars at 65°F to 85°F; do not place in direct sunlight. Direct sunlight may kill the seed by overheating. Lettuce seed will not germinate in the dark.
- 4. Inspect the jars for germination in 1 to 3 days.
- 5. The soil is safe for planting if seeds in the treated jar germinate the same as seeds in the untreated jar.

IMPORTANT: Be sure (1) to sample the field properly in several areas, particularly low, wet areas; (2) that the lids are air tight and have no grit under the seal; and (3) that the jars are placed in indirect sunlight.

Tomato Transplant Test

Transplant 5 to 10 succulent, fast-growing tomato seedlings into fumigated beds approximately 4 to 6 inches deep. Do the same in a non-fumigated area. If there is variation in the field, plant into the heaviest, wettest soil. Inspect the seedlings in 2 days for wilting or "root burn." If plants in the fumigated zone look the same as those in the non-fumigated zone, it is safe to plant.

Which Test is Best?

Both the lettuce seed and tomato transplant tests can serve the purpose. The response of tomato seedlings varies somewhat depending on how succulent they are, the relative humidity, soil moisture and temperature. Relative differences between plants in fumigated and non-fumigated areas are key to detecting low level residues. High concentrations should produce clear-cut symptoms. Lettuce seed tested in jars are not subjected to the variations in the field that can affect the response of tomato transplants. However, the process of collecting a soil sample allows some fumigant to escape prior to sealing the jar. In addition, excess soil moisture can inhibit normal lettuce seed germination reducing the sensitivity of the test.

USES, RATES AND APPLICATION METHODS

FIELD APPLICATION WHERE ENTIRE AREA IS BEING TREATED

SOIL INJECTION: Apply with injectors such as shanks, blades, fertilizer wheels, plows, etc. Apply Metam KLR 54% up to at the rate of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre. Follow immediately with a roller to smooth and compact the soil surface. Light watering or tarping after rolling helps prevent fumigant escape. It may be necessary to stagger the injector placement on two or more tool bars to prevent soil build up during application.

When setting up your soil injection equipment with either spray blades, injection knives or coulters make sure they are evenly and closely placed to create an even application width and depth. To accomplish this, it may require multiple tool bars with the injection tools staggered. This will help prevent build up of trash and aid in the soil sealing. For example, apply Metam KLR 54%through injectors placed 4 inches below the soil surface and 5 inches apart.

SOIL COVERING: Metam KLR 54%may be applied as a broadcast application immediately in front of soil covering equipment such as bed shapers, rotary tillers, discs, etc. to a minimum depth of 6 inches using a single pass to incorporate. Use up to 30 to 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54% per treated acre followed immediately by a roller/packer to smooth and compact the soil surface.

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ROTARY TILLER OR POWER MULCHER: Spray Metam KLR 54% immediately in front of the tiller or mulcher, set to the depth to where control is desired. Use up to 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre. Follow immediately with a roller, power roller or bed shaper to seal soils surface. Light watering or a tarp after rolling may be used to help prevent fumigant escape.

SPRINKLER SYSTEM: Use only those sprinkler systems which give large water droplets to prevent excessive loss. Use up to 30 to 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54% per acre. Meter continuously throughout the injection period all of the Metam KLR 54% required to come in contact with the targeted pest in the treated zone. The desired depth of treatment obtained may be contingent upon soil moisture and type. Soil conditions must facilitate even moisture penetration without runoff. Flush lines following injection of Metam KLR 54%. For proper application rate and placement, consult your local Metam KLR 54% Sales Representative or County Extension Expert.

Application Over Cover Crops: Metam KLR 54% can be applied through center pivot or solid set sprinkler systems on cover crops such as alfalfa, clover, and grasses such as rye, oats, wheat, and sudan. When applied on cover crops, no soil cultivation is required before the application. The terminated crop must not be used for any food or feed purposes after Metam KLR 54% has been applied.

Prevention of Treatment Runoff: To prevent runoff of the treatment during a sprinkler application, do not apply Metam KLR 54%at a rate greater than the absorption capacity of the field. Should runoff occur, isolate it from growing crops and water sources. Once collected, reapply to the treated field.

Check Flood (Basin), Furrow and Border: Meter Metam KLR 54% at a steady rate into water during irrigation. Depending on the kind of pest and the treatment depth, use up to 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre in 3 to 18 inches of water per acre. Meter Metam KLR 54% into the irrigation water at the head of the field at a point with enough turbulence to assure adequate mixing of the product in the water. IMPORTANT: Prior to starting the application, always inspect ditches and border areas to ensure containment of the irrigation waters. Damage to bordering crops will occur if leaks develop. Apply only into field head ditch. DO NOT APPLY INTO ANY LATERAL DITCHES.

DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEM:Metam KLR 54% must be applied through a drip irrigation system designed to wet the soil thoroughly in the area being treated. Meter up to 30 to 62 gallons Metam KLR 54% per treated acre into the drip system during the entire irrigation period. Flush irrigation system with adequate water after completion of application.

Important: WEED ELIMINATION WILL NOT BE SATISFACTORY IF TOO MUCH WATER IS APPLIED. AN ADEQUATE
CONCENTRATION OF METAM KLR 54% MUST BE PRESENT AT THE TIME OF WEED SEED GERMINATION IN ORDER TO
BE EFFECTIVE.

NOTE: If Metam KLR 54% is applied to established plant beds under plastic tarps to terminate growth of a previous crop and to fumigate the bed in preparation of planting a subsequent crop, the terminated crop must not be used for any food or feed purposes after Metam KLR 54% has been applied.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST ONLY

FIELD PREPARATION:To remove compacted areas that are in the field to be treated, rip and disc the field prior to the Metam KLR 54% application. After this soil preparation and 7 to 10 days prior to the Metam KLR 54% application, irrigate the field applying enough water so that at time of the application the soil will be 60% to 80% of available water capacity.

SOIL INJECTION: Metam KLR 54%may be applied using (1) a single shank spaced no more than 6 inches apart and a spray nozzle 6 inches deep; (2) a single shank spaced no more than 6 inches apart and spray nozzles spaced 6 to 12 inches deep; (3) a single sweep spaced no more than 12 inches apart and sweep blades 12 inches wide with a spray nozzle that will give broadcast coverage from sweep tip to sweep tip; (4) a double-winged shank spaced no more than 12 inches apart and 9 inches between the wings with spray nozzles giving uniform coverage; (5) a Noble Plow Blade with spray nozzles spaced every 6 inches and set to 12 to 14 inches deep using a disc to immediately incorporate the Metam KLR 54%placed on the surface. All soil injection applications must be followed immediately with a roller/packer to smooth and compact the soil surface. Regardless of which method used, you must use 30 to 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54%per treated acre.

When applying Metam KLR 54%with injector blades, such as Noble Plow Blades in spring, the following precautions must be followed:

- Apply all fertilizers after the Metam KLR 54% application. Wait a minimum of 7 days before making the fertilizer application.
- Thoroughly aerate the soil 5 to 7 days after the Metam KLR 54%application by plowing, shallow ripping or discing, or the combination thereof, to allow the fumes to dissipate. Do not work soil deeper than the depth of treatment.
- If soil temperatures are below 60°F, delay planting for a minimum of 21 days from the day of the Metam KLR 54% application regardless of any other precautions that may have been taken.
- In conjunction with the delayed planting, set indicator plants (such as tomatoes) in various places in the treated field with a "hot cap" left undisturbed for a minimum of 24 hours to ensure all of the Metam KLR 54% has left the soil. (See "Testing of Treated Soil Before Planting" section.)

FIELD APPLICATION TO BEDS OR ROWS

SOIL INJECTION (*Pre-formed Beds*): Metam KLR 54% may be injected into pre-formed plant beds following the directions in the "Soil Injection" section above. If a wider treated band is desired, space 2 or more shanks at intervals of 5 inches to cover the desired treating

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width. Use thin injection shanks and inject Metam KLR 54% 4 inches deep into well prepared soil. Follow immediately with a bedshaper, roller press wheel or similar device, or cover with an adequate amount of soil to seal the fumigant into the soil. Light watering or a tarp after rolling may be used to help prevent fumigant escape. Apply at the rate of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre (see "Method of Determining Fluid Ounces per 100 Feet of Linear Row" section). Place shanks 5 inches apart to cover the desired treating width.

SOIL INJECTION (*At Bed Forming Operation*): Metam KLR 54% may be injected during the bedding or row building process, or to pre-formed beds, using one of the following delivery systems: (1) single narrow knife blade (2) a series of narrow knife blades set no more than 5 inches apart, (3) a spray blade, (4) tiered shanks, (5) spray rake or (6) similar equipment that places Metam KLR 54% in contact with the pest to be controlled or suppressed. The use rate for the above operations is 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre based on a broadcast application rate. Reduced rates will vary depending upon the actual width of the treated band desired (see "Method of Determining Fluid Ounces per 100 Feet of Linear Row" section). Apply the Metam KLR 54% at the desired depth in the soil and follow immediately with the soil capping operation, bedding process, or roller/packer to seal the fumigant into the soil.

SOIL COVERING METHOD (*Bed-Over Methods*): Metam KLR 54% may be sprayed in a bed wide band onto the soil immediately ahead of bed shaping equipment. Cover the Metam KLR 54% with soil to a depth of 3 to 6 inches (also see application specific requirements in the Good Agricultural Practices section of this label). The soil should be rolled and compacted immediately. Apply at the rate of 30 to 62 gallons per acre of treated soil or 11 to 22 fluid ounces per 100 linear feet of row (12-inch bed). If a narrower or wider bed is to be treated, adjust the fluid ounces/100 linear feet of row to reflect the actual treated acres (see "Method of Determining Fluid Ounces per 100 Feet of Linear Row" section).

DRENCH APPLICATION ON BEDS OR ROWS: Metam KLR 54% may be applied to finished beds for control of shallow seeded weeds. Cultivate the area to be treated and pre-irrigate in accordance with Use Directions. Apply 30 to 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54% per treated acre in a band or bands in enough water to soak at least 2 inches deep (see "Method of Determining Fluid Ounces per 100 Feet of Linear Row" section). To avoid contamination by untreated soil, do not disturb the treated area.

ROTARY TILLER OR POWER MULCHER: Spray Metam KLR 54% immediately in front of the tiller or mulcher, set to the depth to where control is desired. Use 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre (see "Method of Determining Fluid Ounces per 100 Feet of Linear Row" section). Follow immediately with a roller, power roller or bedshaper to seal soil surface. Light watering or a tarp after rolling may be used to help prevent fumigant escape.

Method of Determining Fluid Ounces per 100 Feet of Linear Row

- 1. Determine width of treated band in feet by dividing width of band in inches by 12 (e.g.: 8 in. band = 8 in. ÷ 12 in/ft. = 0.666 ft)
- 2. Determine square feet in 100 linear feet of band by multiplying the width of the band by 100 (e.g.: 0.666 ft. x 100 ft. = 66.66 sq. ft.)
- 3. Determine the treated acres per 100 linear feet of band by dividing the square feet by 43,560 (square feet in an acre) (e.g.: 66.66 sq. ft÷ 43,560 = 0.0015)
- 4. To determine the fluid ounces per 100 linear feet.
 - a) 1 gal = 128 fl. oz; 50 gals = 6400 fl. oz.; 100 gals = 12,800 fl. oz.
 - b) Multiply fluid ounces by acres. Example: 50 gals. = 6400 fl. oz. x 0.0015 = 9.6 fl. oz. per 100 linear feet row.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/DIRECTIONS

SEED TREATMENT: A suitable fungicide should be used to treat all crop seed being planted into the treated soil.

PEANUTS: For suppression and/or control of *Cylindrocladium Black Rot* (CBR) and nematodes, apply Metam KLR 54% at the rate of 6.0 gallons per treated acre (5.3 fl. oz. per 100 linear feet of row). Use with partially resistant cultivators (NC-10C or others as designated by your local Agricultural Extension Service) in cases of severe disease pressure. Plant other varieties only in cases of light CBR pressure.

Soil Preparations: Before applying Metam KLR 54%, all residues from the previous crop should be decomposed (enhance by fall discing) and plowed under in the spring with a moldboard plow. Soil incorporated pre-plant herbicides must be applied prior to the application of Metam KLR 54%.

Application: Apply 8 to 10 inches below seed placement with injector shank or coulter type applicator placed in front of a bedshaper to mark rows. Soil temperatures must be in the range of 60°F to 90°F at a 3-inch depth at time of treatment.

Tillage and Planting After Application: Do not mix untreated soil with treated soil by tillage or other cultural practices. Plant the peanuts in the center of the treated beds no earlier than 14 days following the application of Metam KLR 54%. An at-planting nematocide treatment will be necessary in fields with heavy infestations of *Root Knot*, ring and/or sting nematodes.

MINT (SUPPRESSION OF VERTICILLIUM WILT): When infestation is limited to small spots in a field, the spread of *Verticillium* can be reduced by treating the infected spots. Apply at the rate of up to 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54%per treated acre using injector blade or thin shank injector rig. Follow directions for "Field Application Where Entire Area Is Being Treated."

POTATOES: For suppression of potato pests such as nematodes, weed seeds and Verticilliumdahliae (Early Maturity Disease):

Note to PM:

EPA Reg. No. 45728-27

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For soil injection, apply a minimum of 30 gallons of Metam KLR 54%per treated acre following the directions for "Field ApplicationWhere Entire Area Is Treated." Metam KLR 54%may also be applied at the rate of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre using a Noble Plow Blade set to 12 to 14 inches deep with spray nozzles spaced every 6 inches apart to give uniform coverage plus a surface application using a disc to immediately incorporate the Metam KLR 54% placed on the surface.

Early Maturity Diseases Of Potatoes In The Pacific Northwest: Apply 40 gallons Metam KLR 54%per treated acre using the soil injection method as described in the "Field Application Where Entire Area Is Being Treated" section.

SPRINKLER SYSTEM PRE-PLANT APPLICATIONS: Apply 30 to 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54% per acre in sufficient water to penetrate to the desired treatment depth. Meter continuously into the irrigation system throughout the entire application period.

NOTES:

Metam KLR 54% will suppress Root Knot nematodes in the treatment zone at the time of treatment. The treatment zone is defined
as the depth of penetration that Metam KLR 54% achieves at the time of application. If high numbers or deep nematodes are
identified, anticipate nematodes to build up throughout the growing season. Some damage may occur unless additional action is
taken. Metam KLR 54% has no residual activity and re-infestation of a treated field can occur from numerous sources such as
deep nematode populations, seed pieces, irrigation water, equipment contamination and blowing wind.

TOBACCO PLANT BEDS: Fall applications are recommended whenever possible. Read and follow the use directions carefully.

DRENCH METHOD: Apply 1.5 gallons Metam KLR 54%in 150 to 200 gallons of water per 100 square yards. Application may be made with sprinklers, sprayers with nozzles or any suitable equipment. Follow directions given above for "Field Applications Where Entire Area is Being Treated" section. Do not apply more than 62 gallons of Metam KLR 54% per acre.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST (IDAHO, NEVADA, OREGON AND WASHINGTON)

CARROTS: Apply a broadcast application of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre of Metam KLR 54% for the suppression of *Root Knot* Nematodes or 30 to 62 gallons for pre-plant suppression of soil-borne diseases.

MINT (*including Peppermint and Spearmint*): Apply a pre-plant broadcast application of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre of Metam KLR 54% for the suppression of *Root Knot* Nematodes and *Verticilliumdahliae*.

ONIONS: Apply a broadcast or banded application of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre of Metam KLR 54% for the suppression of *Root Knot* Nematodes or 30 to 62 gallons for suppression of soil-borne diseases.

POTATOES: Apply a broadcast sprinkler application of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre of Metam KLR 54%for the suppression of *Root Knot* Nematodes and *Verticilliumdahliae*. Apply a broadcast soil application of 37.5 to 75 gallons per treated acre Metam KLR 54%for the suppression of *Verticilliumdahliae*.

SUGAR BEETS: Apply a broadcast or a banded application of 30 to 62 gallons per treated acre Metam KLR 54% for the suppression of soil-borne disease. A fall application of a herbicide followed by or tank mixed with Metam KLR 54% in a broadcast application or band application will enhance the overall weed control.

ORCHARD RE-PLANT: Apply a broadcast application rate of 58 to 62 gallons per treated acre of Metam KLR 54%in a minimum of 1-acre inch of water through a sprinkler system, or a row treatment of 58 to 62 gallons broadcast equivalent to the future tree row using a weed sprayer by applying multiple passes of Metam KLR 54%while the sprinklers are running until the desired rate has been applied for the treatment of specific orchard replant disease. Trees should not be replanted into the replant site for at least 21 days after treatment. Check for fumes in the soil before planting.Metam KLR 54%may also be applied at the rate of 50 to 62 gallons per treated acre using a Noble Plow Blade set 12 to 14 inches deep with spray nozzles spaced every 6 inches apart to give uniform coverage with a surface application using a disc to immediately incorporate the Metam KLR 54%placed on the surface.

WHEAT AND BARLEY: Apply Metam KLR 54% at a rate of 1.5 to 6.0 gallons per treated acre 14 to 21 days prior to planting for the suppression of certain early season soil fungi which cause root diseases of small grains. Metam KLR 54% may be diluted with water or, if compatible, non-acidic liquid fertilizers (see "Application in Tank Mix with Liquid Fertilizer" section) and injected into moist soil 5 to 8 inches before planting.

IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST, IF THE FIELD HISTORY OR SOIL SAMPLING SHOWS HIGH NEMATODE POPULATIONS, FUMIGATION WITH METAM KLR 54%AND A NEMATODE SPECIFIC FUMIGANT SHOULD BE USED. CONSULT YOUR LOCAL TAMINCO USLLCREPRESENTATIVE FOR INFORMATION.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Store in a coel, dry locked place out of reach of children. Keep container closed when not in use. Best stored above 32°F (0°C). Do not store below 32°F. However, if stored below this temperature ensure that the product is thawed and mixed before use. Product crystallizes at lower temperatures. Warm or store at higher temperatures and mix to re-dissolve crystals and assure uniformity before use.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsateis a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.

Container Handling(Nonrefillable containers)

Do not reuse or refill this container. Then offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or mix tank. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Container Handling (Refillable containers)

Refill this container with Metam KLR 54%only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

NOTICE - READ CAREFULLY

Terms of Sale or Use: On purchase of this product, buyer and user agree to the following conditions:

- Warranty: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the manufacturer neither makes nor intends, nor does it authorize any
 agent or representative, to make any other warranties, express or implied, and it expressly excludes and disclaims all implied
 warranties of merchantability of fitness for a particular purpose, or any warranty of quality or performance.
- Directions: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller and to the extent consistent with applicable law are assumed by the buyer at his own risk.
- Use of Product: TamincoUSLLC's directions for the use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made to the effect of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice.
- Damages: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer's or user's exclusive remedy for damages for breach of warranty
 or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid and shall not include incidental or
 consequential damages.

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