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Nor-Am Chemical Company 3509 Silverside Road P.O. Pox 7495 Wilmington, DE 19803

Gentlemen:

Subject: Proxol 80 SP Insecticide EPA Registration No. 45639-123 Your Application Dated December 5, 1986

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, is acceptable subject to the comments listed below. Five copies of the finished labeling must be submitted.

Revise the Reentry Statements for farm products to the following:

REENTRY STATEMENTS

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not reenter treated fields within 24 hours unless protective clothing is worn. Because certain States may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

(The following may appear on supplemental labeling accompanying the product)

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings should include those statements found under the label heading "Precautionary Statements" and "Reentry Statements" included on this label. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language

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customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: WARNING, area treated with PROXOL 80% Soluble Fowder on (date of application). Do not reenter treated fields within 24 hours unless protective clothing is worn. If on skin, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin immediately with soap and warm water. If eyes are contaminated, wash with flowing water for at least 15 minutes. If swallowed, vomiting should be induced (See Precautionary Statements on label).

Sincerely yours,

U.C.

William H. Miller Product Manager (16) Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (TS-767C) /)___

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NET CONTENTS

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PEODO BODE INSECTICIDE For Farm Crops and Fine Turf Areas

Not for Sale or Use in the State of Maine

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Dimethyl(2,2,2-trichloro-1-hydroxyethyl)phosphonate 80% INERT INGREDIENTS 20% Total 100%

EPA Reg. No. 45639-123

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que el etiqueta haya sido explicado ampliamente.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING - AVISO

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

PETERNGED EXPOSURE WILL RESULT IN CHOLINESTERASE DEPRESSION.

IF SWALLOWED: INDUCE VOMITING AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

IF IN EYES: FLUSH WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY

IF ON SKIN: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING, WASH SKIN WITH SOAP AND WATER, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION INIMICIATELY. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: ATROPINE SULFATE IS ANTIDOTAL, 2 PAM IS ALSO ANTIDOTAL AND MAY BE ADMINISTERED IN CONJUNCTION WITH ATROPINE.

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY UTATEMET, I.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist or dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Wash contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before reuse.

PRECAUTIONS

Use with adequate ventilation. Keep children and pets off treated areas until spray has dried. Do not use on other crops used for food or forage. Use only according to label directions. Application at rates above those shown may result in illegal crop residues. Do not treat food crops grown in the greenhouse. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

REENTRY STATEMENTS: Refer to the Recommended Applications section of this label for applicable reentry interval.

Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily under stood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish and wildlife and is extremely toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply to water or wetlands. Runoff from treated areas may be nazardous to squatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not spply where runoff is likely to pocur. Do not apply when weather son litions their init from areas treated. Do not containing water by cleaning of equipment or dimension of waster.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original container and keep closed. Store in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

t is a violation of Federal law to use this product in 3 manner inconsistent with its labeling

IMPORTANT: Read these endre Directions and Conditions of Sale, including the Warranty and Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitation of Liability provisions, before using Proxol 80 SP. For agricultural use and for sale to service persons. Do not store in or around the house. Proxol insecticide offers the unique advantage of not significantly affecting beneficial insects (parasites, predators, and pollinators) especially when applied at the minimum recommended rates per acre. Thus, Proxol supplements the natural control factors, instead of destroying them. This advantage is lost when Proxol is used in conjunction with parathion or other nonselective insecticides. Accordingly, for most effective and most economical control, Proxol should not be used in conjunction with or alternated in a spray. schedule with pesticides destroying parasites, predators, and other beneficial insects. This applies to alfalfa and cotton in particular. While Proxol is not recommended for the control of aphids, mites, and cabbage looper, some suppression of these pests may result from recommended dosages.

LAWN CARE INDUSTRY: For the best results with Proxol 80 SP against white grubs (May beetle, European chafer, Asiatic Garden beetle, Japanese beetle, Northern Masked chafer, Oriental beetle), it is recommended that post treatment watering-in take place immediately after treatment. Post treatment watering in may also be utilized up to 24 hours after application. Consideration must be given to species of grubs, and the level of infestation before irrigation treatment is performed.

COMPATIBILITY: Proxol 80 SP may be applied with most commonly used insecticides. Do not mix with alkaline materials such as lime and lime sulfur.

MIXING: Proxol 80 SP dissolves readily in water and is suitable for use in all power-operated ground sprayers and aircraft sprayers. To dissolve in water, pour the required amount of Proxol 80 SP into full. amount of water and then agitate. Use immediately after mixing. It is recommended that Proxol 80 SP be used in sprayers equipped with 50 mesh screens. If 100 mesh screens are used, some screen clogging may occur.

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS

DOSAGE: Use specified dosage of Proxol 80 SP in the amount of water necessary to give complete coverage of follage. The type of equipment used will determine the

concentration required. SPRAYING: Complete coverage and thorough about ation are essential for most effective results. Schedule, approx plications in accordance with local conditions. Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station for specific timing of applications in your Area NOTE: DO NOT ALLOW PROXOL SPHERY TO DRIFT ONTO SORGHUM. TO DO SO MAY CAUSE BURLING OF THE SORGHUM OR MILO. Spray droplets from "satin cations of Proxol 80SP may cause spotting of part this has on aluminum and steel siding, automobility and tractors. Do not allow spray droplets to contact metal painted surfaces. If accidental withdure of an the painted surface should be thorough a warm-

mmediately after exposure

Turf and Ornamentals

REENTRY STATEMENT: Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Refer to the preceding Precautions" section of this label for additional details.

	- K	ate					
nsect	Area	Amount		Remarks			
Cutworms Sod webworms (lawn moths)	1,000 sq. ft. 5,000 sq. ft. 10,000 sq. ft.	1½ to 3¾ oz. ½ lb 1 lb	Apply by means of any commercial power ground spraye not use Proxol 80 SP in hose proportioners.				
Armyworms	20,000 sq. ft. 30,000 sq. ft. 40,000 sq. ft.	2 lb 3 lb 4 lb	For greens or other small areas—Mix specified amount of Proxol 80 SP in 5 to 10 gallons of water and apply uniformly 1,000 sq. ft.				
			For fairways and larger a sufficient water for com- gallons per acre.				
			For best results, mow th aged spots: water the tu not water again until ner sect populations reach I measures.	rf and allow to dry cessary. Apply Prop	before spraying. D kol 80 SP when in-		
Vhite grubs	1,000 sq. ft.	3 ³ /4 oz.	Mix specified amount of water and apply uniform irrigate turf immediately	ly to 1,000 sq. ft. of			
			LAWN CARE INDUSTRY against White grubs (Ma den beetle, Japanese be beetle), it is recommend mediately after treatmen utilized up to 24 hours a be given to species of gi before Irrigation treatme	y beetle, European etle, Northern Mas ed that post wateri it. Post treatment v fter application. Co rubs, and the level	i chafer, Asiatic Ga ked chafer, Orient ng-in take place in vatering-in may be onsideration must		
			After the grubs have been identified, count the number grubs per square foot to ascertain timing of the irrigation ment. The watering-in schedule is shown below:				
			Type of White Grub	White Grub Counts/Sq. Ft.	Watering in Treatment		
			European chafer, Asiatic Garden beetle, Japanese beetle,	No more than 59	Immediate		
			Northern Masked chafer, Oriental beetle	No more than 23	Wuhin 24 hour		
			(one-year cycle)		···		
			May beetle (three-year cycle)	No more than 29	immediate-		

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	For To	es, Greens, F	airways, Lawns	and Other Fine Turf (continued):	
	Rat				
Insect	Агеа	Amount		Remarks	
			repeat treatm September) (I. to reduce gru Threshold lev one-year-cycle	ounts than listed of either species, may require ents (late April to early May or early August to ate April to early May late April to early May) b populations below threshold levels. els of grubs, dictating control, are 6–8 or more a larvae (Japanese beetle, Masked chafer, etc) ot, or 3 or more, three-year-cycle grubs (May uare foot.	
European Crane Fly Iarvae	1,000 sq. ft. 3¾ oz.		Applications should be made when damage is first noticed in the lawn or other fine turf area. For best results, apply speci- fied amount of Proxol 80 SP in 15 to 30 galions of water and apply uniformly to 1,000 sq. ft. of turf. Crane fly larvae are usually located in the top one inch of soil and thatch. If necessary, irrigate turf or lawn after application to move Proxol 80 SP into the zone of crane fly larvae infestation.		
For Omamentala: ORNAMENTAL	Insect	10- ->-	Ounces Proxol 80 SP	Remarks	
Flowers Shrubs and Trees	Armyworm Bagworms Climbing c	n pine moth s utworms eaf miners s plant bug udworm	2 2 to 3	Mix specified dosage in 10 gallons of water and spray plants until they are thoroughly wet. Repeat as necessary. CAUTION: Phytotoxicity has occurred on cer- tain varieties of carnations and zinnias. When large plantings of these flowers are to be sprayed for the first time, treat only a few plants and observe for 4 to 5 days before spray- ing the entire planting. Injury from spray drop- lets may occur on leaves of certain trees.	
Narcissus	Narcissus	bulb fly	2	Apply specified dosage in 10 gallons of water as a drench per 100 feet of row. Direct steam to base of plants at beginning of adult by activity (early May to June). Repeat treatment annually.	

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Farm Crops:

REENTRY STATEMENT: Do not reenter treated areas within 24 hours unless protective clothing is worn. Refer to the preceding Precautions section of this label for additional details.

For Farm Crops: FRUIT **FIELD CROPS** Citrus Oats Cowpeas Alfalfa (California only) (Southern peas, Safflower Barley Sugar beets Blackeyed peas, Clover VEGETABLES Crowder peas) Tobacco Corn Beans (dry and succulent) Wheat Lettuce Cotton Flax Brussels sprouts Lima beans SEED FIELD CROPS Peppers Cabbage Grasses Alfalfa Carrots Pumpkin (including Table beets Clover Cauliflower rangeland Soybeans Tomatoes Collards and pastures) Ounces Crop Insect Proxol 80 SP Remarks FIELD CROPS Alfalfa Alfalfa caterpillar 71/2 to 10 Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi-5 to 20 Clover Alfalfa webworm cient water for complete coverage but not less (including Western yellowthan 1 gallon per acre. Three applications may striped armyworm mixed stands 10 be made per cutting with the last application Beet armyworm with grasses) up to the day of cutting. Leafhoppers Variegated cutworm 10 to 20 Armyworm Alfalfa plant bug Lygus bugs, Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug 20 Barley ~rmyworms Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi-Flax Beet webworm cient water for complete coverage hut not less Oats Variegated cutworm 10 to 20 than 1 gallon per acre. Three applications may Wheat -Bertha armyworm be made per season but not within 21 days of Diamondback moth 20 harvest. NOTE: Applications may be made without removal of grazing livestock. Corn Armyworms For early application when plants are 3 to 12 Field, Sweet, Cutworms inches high, direct a band spray 10 to 12 inches 10 to 20 and Popcorn wide, toward the soil, over the tops of the plants. Apply specified dosages per acre in Sufficient water for complete coverage but not """ less than 1 gallon per acre. Three applications

may be made per season. Later applications may be made as full coverage spray up to day

of harvest.

Стор	Insect	Ounces Proxol 80 SP	Remarks
FIELD CROPS Cotton	Cotton fleahopper Cotton leafworm Darkling ground beetle	5 to 20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not pasture treated fields within 14 days of application. Do not
	Western yellow- striped armyworm Beet armyworm Southern garden	10 to 20	apply within 7 days of picking. Proxol applica- tion may occasionally cause marginal leaf burn.
	leafhopper Black fleahopper complex Cotton leaf perforator	20	NOTE: For control of light to moderate infesta- tion of cotton fleahoppers, use 5 ounces of Proxol 80 SP per acre. Higher rates may be required if heavy infestations or migrations
	Leaf roller, Lygus bugs Stink bugs Salt-marsh caterpillar	20 <u>to</u> 30 30	occur.
Grasses (including rangeland and pastures)	Leafhoppers Armyworm Fall armyworm Plant bugs	10 to 20 20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Three applications may be made per cutting with the last application up to the day of cutting. Do not apply more than 3 times per season if crop is not cut for hay.
	NOTE: Applications may be	made without re	•
Safflower	Armyworms Lygus bugs Thrips Variegated cutworm	20 to 30	Apply specified dosage per acre in each of two applications, using sufficient water for com- plete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not apply more than twice per year or later than bloom stage. Make first application approximately 2 weeks prior to bloom—second application at onset of bloom.
Sugar beets	Beet webworm Variegated cutworm Dipterous leaf miners	10 to 20 20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary.
	Alfalfa webworm Beet armyworm Sait-marsh caterpillar	20 to 30 30	Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
Tobacco	Budworm Hornworm	20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. For bisdworm control make application directly interbud. Repeat as t necessary. Do not treat within 3 days of barvest.
	Creen June beetle larvae	10	Apply specified dosage in 100 gallons of water per 100 square yards to uprosted areas of plant
	Black cutworm	20	beds. Apply specified dosage per acte: Application may be made at transplanting of when cut worm damage is observed in the field. For best results, use 25 to 50 gallons of water per acre- on a 12 to 14 inch band and spray the enwine- plant and soll around the plant: Theat in early evening for best results, since cutworms are most active at night.

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Сгор	Insect	Ounces Proxol 80 SP	Remarks
Tobacco	insect		Enide [#] 90W at 4.4 to 6.6 pounds per acre may be applied over the top after transplanting in com- bination with Proxol. Enide may be applied from transplanting to 7 days after transplanting. When Enide 90W is applied more than 2 days after transplanting, tillage is required immedi- ately before or at time of application to destroy germinating weed seeds.
SEED FIELD CROPS Alfaifa Clover Soybeans	Armyworms Lygus bugs Stink bugs Varlegated cutworm Armyworms Dipterous Leaf Miners Lygus bugs Stink bugs Varlegated cutworm	20 to 30	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gailon per acre. Repeat as necessary up to 7 days before harvest. Chaff from alfalfa and clover seed crop may be used for feed or forage, however, do not cut green crop for these purposes. Do not pasture or use treated soybeans for feed, foou, forage, or oil purposes.
FRUIT Blueberries	Spanworm Gypsy moth	16 20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage, but no less than 1 galion per acre. Make a prebloom appli- cation as soon as insects appear. A second application may be made during bloom but not less than 7 days after first application. Do not apply after bloom stage.
Citrus (California only)	Fruit tree leanoller Omniverous leafroller Black Swallow tail Avocado Teafroller Orange Tortrix Citrus cutworm Citrus looper	40 80	Apply specified dosage per acre in sufficient water for complete coverage, but not less than 1 gallon per acre. One application may be made by aircraft up to 7 days before harvest. Two applications with ground equipment may be made in addition to one aerial application. However, if more than one application is made do not apply last application within 21 days of harvest.
VEGETABLES Beans (dry and succulent)*	Western bean cutworm Armyworms Dipterous leaf miners Lygus bugs Mexican bean beetle Stink bugs Varlegated cutworm	10 to 20 20 to 30	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. "Identified as Cicer sp (including chickpeas and garbanzo beans); Phaseolus sp. (including " kidney beans, lima beans, mung heaps; navy" beans, pinto beans, snap beans, and wax beans); Vicia sp. (including broad beans, fava beans); Vicia sp. (including asparants beans); "
Lima beans	Western bear, cutworm Armyworms Dipterous leaf miners Lygus bugs Mexican bean beetle Stink bugs Variegated cutworm	10 to 20 20 to 30	Apply specified dosage per acre using sufficient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Up to five applications may be made per season. Do not apply within 5. days of harvest.

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Сгор	Insect	Qunces Proxol 80 SP	Remarks
VEGETABLES Cowpeas (Southern peas, Blackeyed peas, Crowder peas)	Armyworms Diptercus leaf miners Imported cabbageworm Lygus bugs, Mexican bean beetle, Stink bugs,		Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gailon per acre. Do not apply more than twice per season nor within 14 days of harvest
	Varlagated cutworm	20 to 30	
Brussels sprouts	Western yellow-striped armyworm	10	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less
Cabbage Cauliflower	Imported cabbageworm Variegated cutworm Diamondback moth	10 to 20 20	than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Carrots	Western yellow-striped armyworm	10	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less
	Imported cabbageworm Variegated cutworm Diamondback moth	10 to 20	than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest. Do not use tops for food or feed.
	Dipterous leaf miners Beet armyworm	20	
	Lygus bugs Salt-marsh caterpillar	20 to 30 30	
Collards Lettuce	Thrips Variegated cutworm Armyworms Beet Webworm Diamondback moth	10 to 20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary until heads begin to form. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest.
	Dipterous leaf miners Salt-marsh caterpillar	20	
Peppers	Dipterous loaf miners Pepper maggot Serpentine leaf miners	20	Apply specified dosage per acre using suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 galion per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Pumpkin	Varlegated cutworm Squash bug	10 to 20 20	Aprily specified dosage per acre using suffi- clent water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not apply more than three times per season nor within 3 days of harvest.
Table beets	Varlegated cutworm Alfalfa webworm Beet webworm Dipterous leaf miners	10 to 20	Apply specified dosage per acreating suffi- cient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary Do not apply within 28 days of harvest. Do not
	Salt-marsh caterpillar Beet armyworms Lygus bugs	20 20 to 30	eat tops.
Tomatoes	Serpentine leaf miners Tomato hornworms Dipterous leaf miners	20	Apply specified dosage per acre using sufficient clent water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

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