

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

FARMWORKER SAFETY

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Indicate specific or oral warnings which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing, period of time head must be vacated and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood. Written warnings must include the following information: **WARNING:** Area treated with Sulfamonomethoxate on (date of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure refer to the Statement of Practical Treatment on the Knock Out Off label.

APPLICATION

Knock Out Off may be applied by aircraft or ground equipment. It is essential that the foliage be thoroughly covered. The specified dilution rates should be carefully observed. A nonionic surfactant such as Surf AC B20 or an emulsifiable crop oil such as Pro-Mix may enhance the results.

Knock Out Off should not be mixed with insecticides or other organic materials unless specifically recommended because a fire or explosion may result. Precautions should be taken to avoid spraying or spray or if contact acid agent crops of desirable vegetation. They may be damaged. Equipment should be washed before and after use and care should be taken so that product does not get into or on spray nozzles. Wash water should not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation.

DEFOLIATION

Knock Out Off should be applied to the crop 7-10 days with a temperature and relative humidity that is favorable with 24 hours application should be delayed whenever possible. Defoliation may be slowed when daytime temperatures are below 50°F and with some crops, especially with vigorous varieties, growth will occur.

In order to obtain acceptable defoliation results, the crop must be fully mature. In most cases, the signs of maturity include:

1. A slight discoloration of the foliage is apparent, often with a yellowish or reddish tinge.

2. Vegetative growth has slowed or ceased with little or no secondary growth.

3. A slight downward pull on a leaf gives a clear break from the stem.

Adequate fertility, ample soil moisture, good insect control and good weed control also favor defoliation. Plants which have been under stress as from drought or insect pressure give less reliable results because tough, waxy or damaged leaves do not permit the proper uptake of the chemical and tend to inhibit the formation of an abscission layer. Typically, under such circumstances, the leaves are desiccated but do not drop, which in turn often causes problems with excessive trash during harvesting.

Factors where there is a heavy load of foliage, obtaining thorough coverage is sometimes difficult. Whenever practical, the use of ground equipment should be considered. The higher the dilution rates should be used and any other available methods employed which will insure that the plants are completely covered all the way to the bottom leaves. Thorough coverage is incomplete a second application may be necessary in order to defoliate the lower leaves and to insure secondary growth.

DESICCATION

When the objective is to reduce moisture of the crop and to desiccate weeds prior to harvest, most of the points discussed under defoliation are applicable. Incomplete coverage will give erratic results, especially with vines such as morning glory where the vined stems may be sheltered from the spray by the crop canopy, leaving the vines succulent and tough so they will become entangled in the harvesting machinery. Once again, larger spray volume will encourage more complete coverage and more reliable desiccation.

CROPS

CHILI PEPPERS: Apply 2 to 4 gallons per acre in 5-15 gallons of water by air or 20-40 gallons of water by ground equipment 10-15 days before harvest. To be used on peppers for processing only. Consult a processor before applying.

CORN: As a harvest aid to desiccate trashy weeds in early maturing corn, use 1 gallon Knock Out Off in 5-10 gallons of water per acre by air at least 14 days before anticipated harvest date. Use the low 5 gallon dilution rates when weeds are small and the crop canopy is fairly open. Desiccation of morning glory and other vines may be erratic.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage or residual grain within 14 days of application.

COTTON: Apply 10 to 14 gallons per acre in 10-15 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons of water by ground equipment no later than 7 days before harvest. The cotton plants should be mature with the youngest bolls expected to make cotton being at least at 25% open. Thorough coverage is essential.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage to livestock.

DRY BEANS: Apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons of water by ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest. Longer temperatures are cool.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage to livestock.

FLAX: As a harvest aid to desiccate trashy weeds and to reduce moisture in the mature crop, apply 1 gallon per acre in ground with 10-15 gallons of water by air 7-10 days before anticipated harvest date. For air application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water and for ground equipment a minimum of 10 gallons of water. Activity of the spray will be enhanced by the addition of a nonionic surfactant at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated flax foliage and fodder for 14 days after application.

GRAIN SORGHUM: To reduce the moisture content of the grain when the crop is standing, apply 3-4 to 1 gallon per acre in sufficient water to give thorough coverage. 7-10 days before harvest. Apply a total of 5-10 gallons of spray per acre by air and 10-20 gallons per acre by ground equipment. Use the lower rates when grain moisture is low and the weather is clear and dry. Use the higher rate when conditions for desiccation are poor.

GUAR BEANS: Apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons of water by ground equipment. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest date.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.

RICE: To facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads, and to desiccate immature rice in mature wheat rice, apply by air 3-4 to 1 gallon per acre in 5 or more gallons of water. Use the lower rate when crop conditions and weather are right to enhance rapid drying. Apply 7-10 days before anticipated harvest. To avoid drift, do not apply during windy weather. Thorough coverage of the crop is essential to achieve good results.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated straw or crop residue within 14 days of application.

SAFFLOWERS: To facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads, apply 1 gallon in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 20-30 gallons of water by ground equipment, 7 or more days before normal harvest when safflower heads are fully mature. Do not graze the fields or feed treated forage.

SOUTHERN PEAS: Apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons of water by ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest, longer if temperatures are cool.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.

SOYBEANS: As a soybean harvest aid to dry weeds in early maturing soybeans and to facilitate the harvest, apply 1 gallon per acre. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest date when beans are mature and ready for harvest. For air application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. For ground equipment, apply a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated soybean forage.

SUNFLOWER: To facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads, apply 1 gallon in sufficient water to give good coverage 7 or more days before normal harvest when sunflower heads are fully mature. Apply in 5-10 gallons of water per acre by air or in 20-30 gallons of water per acre by ground with a high clearance sprayer. Do not apply later than 7 days before harvest.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 14 days of application.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS: Storage should be under lock and key and secure from access by unauthorized persons and children. Storage should be in a cool dry area away from any heat or ignition source. Do not stack plastic containers over 2 pallets high. Move containers by handles or cases. Do not move containers from one area to another unless they are securely sealed. Keep containers tightly sealed when not in use. Keep away from any puncture source. Avoid storage near water supplies, food, feed and fertilizer to avoid contamination. Store in original containers only. Unloading storage and work areas must be as clean as possible to prevent contamination. If concentrate or spray solution is allowed to dry on flammable objects, the chorlate component can act as an oxidizer. If the contents are leaking or material is spilled, follow these steps:

1. Contain spill, absorb with a material such as saw dust, clay granules or dirt.
2. Collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.
3. Wash area with water and soap to remove remaining pesticide.
4. Follow washing with clean water rinse.
5. Clothing contaminated with chorlate solution must be removed at once before solution dries. Dried contaminated clothes can be ignited easily. Wash contaminated clothing immediately.
6. Do not allow run off to enter sewer or contaminate water supplies.
7. Dispose of waste as indicated below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Plastic containers (Type III or equivalent) Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary land fill or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning, if burned, stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY - CONDITION OF SALE

WARRANTY - CONDITIONS FOR USE: Use of this product are based upon tests between maker. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material, not in strict accordance with directions given hereon. In no case shall I/OA or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given hereon. The foregoing is a condition of sale by I/OA, Inc. and is accepted as such by the Buyer.