DANGER - KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT.
In case of contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Immediately contact physician.
In case of contact with eyes, flush promptly and thoroughly with clear water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately contact physician.
In case of ingestion, immediately contact physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
A Material Safety Data Sheet containing more detailed information relative to this product is available upon request.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL.
STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed. Protect from freezing. Store in a dry place. Do not store at elevated temperatures.

Pesticide disposal: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous and/or toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or residue is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: METAL AND PLASTIC CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of as a sanitary landfill, or as incinerate or burn, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, use a smother technique. CERAMIC DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of as a sanitary landfill, or as incinerate or burn, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, use a smother technique.

FIBER DRUMS WITH LINERS: Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner and drum in a sanitary landfill or incinerate if allowed by state and local authorities. Do not reuse empty drum or liner.

PAPER AND PAPER MILL SYSTEMS.
This product aids in the control of objectionable bacteria and fungi in pulp, paper, and the additive system, and for the preservation of pulp, pigment slurries, sludge, emissions, adhesives, defoamers, polymers, and paper products. Additions can be made on a continuous or intermittent basis, depending upon the security of the contamination.

DAILY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

FOR SLIME CONTROL.
This product should be added directly to the pulp-and-paper mill systems. Apply at a point in the system where the product will be uniform mixed.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD-INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably foiled, add this product at the rate of 0.1 to 0.3 lb per ton of pulp or paper produced. Addition of this product to the additive system should be made directly at the rate of 0.5 to 1.0 lb per 1000 gallons per 1000 gallons. Reduce the dosage rate as needed to maintain control. The maximum concentration of this product to the additive system may be reduced to 0.2 to 0.35 pound per 1000 gallons.

FOR PRESENTATION.
This product should be added directly to the material to be preserved prior to manufacturing into the finished product, i.e., pulp, brokendown, dyers, defoamers, sludge, emissions, adhesives, paper mill coatings, pigment slurries and paper products. The dosage rate will depend upon the material to be preserved and the storage time. The usual additions should be 200-300 ppm and under extreme conditions of spoilage the dosage rate should be increased to 250-500 ppm. The above recommendations are based on a maximum storage time of 2 weeks. For storage times greater than 2 weeks, the maximum concentration of this product should be increased to 1000 ppm.
USE DIRECTIONS CONTINUED FROM PANEL ONE

OIL FIELD WATER SYSTEMS

For the control of slime-forming bacteria, fungi, algae and sulfide-producing bacteria in oil field water, polymer or micellar floods, water disposal systems or other oil field water systems, packer fluids and drilling muds.

This product may be added to the system either continuously or intermittently as needed. The frequency of feeding and duration of the treatment will depend upon the severity of the contamination. Daily fouled systems should be cleaned before treatment is begun.

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 20 to 75 pounds (60 to 225 ppm) per 1000 barrels of water intermittently for 4 to 8 hours per day and from 1 to 4 times per week as needed. Repeat until control is achieved.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 20 to 60 pounds (60 to 180 ppm) per 1000 barrels of water every 3 days or as needed to maintain control.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 20 to 75 pounds (60 to 225 ppm) per 1000 barrels of water in the system. Continue until control is achieved.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: Continuously feed this product to maintain a dosage of 20 to 60 pounds (60 to 180 ppm) per 1000 barrels of water in the system.

PACKER FLUIDS AND DRILLING MUDS

Add this product directly to the packer fluid or drilling mud at the rate of 50 to 500 pounds (150 to 800 ppm) per 1000 barrels. The dosage rate will depend upon the severity of the contamination.