



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

November 6, 2025

Nathan Ehresman
Registration Specialist
Albaugh LLC
P.O. Box 2127
Valdosta, GA 31604

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Azoxystrobin
Product Name: AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST
EPA Registration Number: 42750-284
Case Number: 673927
Application Dates: 6/4/2019

Dear Nathan Ehresman:

In accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), the Agency has completed reviewing all the amended information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Azoxystrobin Interim Decision and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The amended label, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, is acceptable.

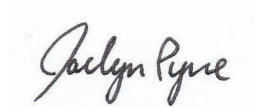
Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, if the Agency finds or is made aware that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months

from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Carolyn Smith by phone at 202-566-2273 or via email at smith.carolyn@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jaclyn Pyne". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized "J" and "P".

Jaclyn Pyne, Team Leader
Risk Management and Implementation Branch 3
Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label

AZOXYSTROBIN	GROUP	11	FUNGICIDE
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AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST

Fungicide

Broad-spectrum seed treatment fungicide for control of seed and seed-borne diseases.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Azoxystrobin* 9.6%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 90.4%

TOTAL: 100.0%

Contains 0.83 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

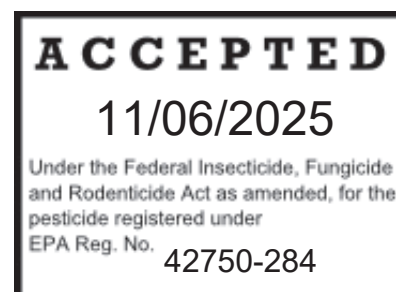
FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
HOT LINE NUMBER For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance or Transport Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident), Call CHEMTREC toll free at 1-800-424-9300	

EPA Reg. No. 42750-284

EPA Est. No. xxxxxx-xx-xxx

NET CONTENTS: _____ gallons

MANUFACTURED BY:
Albaugh, LLC
1525 NE 36th Street
Ankeny, IA 50021



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
2. Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber
3. Shoes plus socks

In addition, planters of turf seeds or handlers involved in treating peanut seed must wear: a minimum of NIOSH-approved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with an N, R or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved elastomeric particulate respirator with any N, R or P filter: OR a NIOSH-approved powered air purifying respirator with HE filters.

Using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910.134), employers must verify that any handler who uses a respirator is:

- Fit-tested and fit-checked,
- Trained, and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn. A qualified medical practitioner is a physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability of a worker to wear a respirator. The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would be problematic for respirator use. If concerns are identified, then additional evaluations, such as a physical exam, might be necessary. The initial evaluation must be done before respirator use begins. Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their healthy status or respirator style or use-conditions change.

Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel, employers must provide documentation demonstrating how they have complied with these requirements.

Aerial and/or chemigation application to sod is prohibited.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
2. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
3. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

The active ingredient, azoxystrobin, in this product can be persistent for several months or longer. Azoxystrobin has degradation products which have properties similar to chemicals which are known to leach through soil to groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow may result in groundwater contamination.

This pesticide is toxic to freshwater and estuarine/marine fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Use on potato seed pieces is prohibited.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notifications to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

Exception: If the seed is treated with the product and the treated seed is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
2. Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber, or butyl rubber
3. Shoes plus socks

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTION ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, POOR DISEASE CONTROL, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

TREATMENT OF HIGHLY MECHANICALLY DAMAGED SEED, OR SEED OF KNOWN LOW VIGOR AND POOR QUALITY, MAY RESULT IN REDUCED GERMINATION AND/OR REDUCTION OF SEED AND SEEDLING VIGOR. TREAT AND CONDUCT GERMINATION TEST ON A SMALL PORTION OF SEED BEFORE COMMITTING THE TOTAL SEED LOT TO A SELECTED CHEMICAL TREATMENT. DUE TO SEED QUALITY CONDITIONS

BEYOND THE CONTROL OF ALBAUGH, LLC CROP PROTECTION, NO CLAIMS ARE MADE TO GUARANTEE GERMINATION OF CARRY-OVER SEED.

USE INFORMATION

AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST is a broad spectrum, preventative seed treatment fungicide with systemic properties recommended for the control of many important plant diseases. AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST may be applied in tank mixes, or sequentially with other registered, crop protection products. If using AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST in a tank mixture with other seed treatment products, observe all directions for use, crops/sites, use rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations which appear on the tank-mix partner label. No label dosage may be exceeded and the most restrictive label precautions and limitations must be followed. This product must not be mixed with any product which prohibits such mixing.

All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow. Apply AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST as a seed treatment following the guidelines specified in the Directions for Use section of this label. If a rate range is specified, use higher rates of AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST when the disease pressure is expected to be high.

It is recommended that AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST be combined with a Pythium-active seed treatment such as Apron XL® to offer broad spectrum protection against the seed and seedling disease complex (Rhizoctonia spp. and Pythium spp.).

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Azoxystrobin - GROUP 11 FUNGICIDE

This product contains azoxystrobin, a Group 11 fungicide. Group 11 fungicides inhibit the QoI (quinone outside) site within the electron transport system. When products with the same mode of action are used repeatedly, resistance can develop.

AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST seed treatment fungicide must be used in accordance with set guidelines for preventing build-up of resistance. When available, other registered seed treatment fungicides that have a different mode of action than strobilurins must be tank mixed with AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST. However, these tank mixes must first be tested to ensure that the slurry treatment is safe on the stored or planted seed. AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST is a strobilurin fungicide, therefore continuous or sequential use of a strobilurin fungicide, within or during successive growing seasons must be avoided or reduced. AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST is not cross-resistant with other classes of fungicide which have different modes of action.

However, because resistance development cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to sound resistance management strategies such as:

- Adopt an IPM program for fungicide/bactericide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your local Albaugh representative at 1-800-247-8013 or local extension specialist to report resistance.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Apply AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST as a water-based slurry using seed treatment application equipment that will provide uniform coverage on the seed surface. Consult the manufacturer of the application equipment being used for calibration and operation procedures.

AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST mixes easily with water and other water-based seed treatments manufactured by Albaugh, LLC. When mixing with products from other manufacturers, the compatibility should be tested prior to use by conducting a jar test: Mix all intended seed treatments with the appropriate amount of water in a clear glass container. Mix well and allow to sit for one hour. Remix and observe for incompatibility.

Mixing AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST with Tank-Mix Partners: Add ½ of the required water to the mix tank and turn on the agitation. Mechanical agitation is preferred. If using wettable powders add them first to clean water allowing them to completely disperse prior adding AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST or other products. Allow each tank-mix partner to completely disperse before adding the next product. Add the remaining amount of water and agitate.

Maintain agitation until the entire slurry mixture has been used. Allow seed to dry prior to bagging.

Note: Federal law requires that bags of treated seeds shall be labeled with the following information.

- This seed has been treated with azoxystrobin seed treatment.
- Do not use treated seed for food, feed or oil purposes.
- Store treated seed away from food and feedstuffs.
- Do not allow children, pets or livestock to have access to treated seeds.
- Wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt and protective gloves when handling treated seed.
- Treated seeds exposed on soil surface may be hazardous to wildlife. Cover or collect treated seeds spilled during loading and planting.
- Dispose of all excess treated seed by burying seed away from bodies of water
- Do not contaminate bodies of water when disposing of planting equipment wash water.
- Dispose of seed packaging or containers in accordance with local requirements.

CROP SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Crop	Target Diseases	fl. oz. 100 lbs. seed	fl. oz./ 80,000 kernel count*	mg active ingredient per kernel**	Remarks
Corn Field Pop Sweet (Includes Seed Production)	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp., <i>Penicillium</i> spp., <i>Pythium</i> spp.)	0.1 - 3.75	0.045 - 1.687	0.0016 - 0.0612	For optimum Pythium disease control, use AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST in combination with labeled rates of metalaxyl or mefenoxam products. Observe all precautions, limitations, rates, and directions for use on the respective labels before applying.
Sunflower	Downy mildew (<i>Plasmopora halstedii</i>) Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	3.75 - 15	--	0.025 - 0.1	For suppression of downy mildew. RESTRICTION: Do not exceed 0.000975 lbs ai/lb seed

* Based on 80,000 kernels of corn weighing 45 pounds.

** Based on 1,777 corn seeds per pound.

** Based on 4,500 sunflower seeds per pound.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/ 100 lbs. seed	Remarks
Barley	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Brassica Leafy Greens subgroup: Broccoli raab Cabbage, Chinese Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard greens Mustard spinach Rape greens Head and Stem subgroup: Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Cavolo Broccolo Chinese broccoli Chinese cabbage (napa) Chinese mustard cabbage Kohlrabi	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Bulb Vegetables: Garlic Leek Onion, bulb Onion, green Welch onion Shallot	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Canola	Seed-borne Blackleg (<i>Phoma lingam</i>) Seedling Rhizoctonia Damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Alternaria Seedling Blight (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.)	0.10 - 3.75	
Cotton	Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Pythium seedling blight (<i>Pythium aphanidermatum</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	Where appropriate use AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST in combination with a labeled Metalaxyl or mefenoxam product.

Crop	Target Diseases	Use Rate fl. oz. product/ 100 lbs. seed	Remarks
<p>Cucurbits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cantaloupe Chayote Chinese waxgourd Cucumber Gourds Honeydew Melons <i>Momordica</i> spp. (bitter melon, balsam apple) Muskmelon Watermelon Pumpkin Squash Zucchini <p>(Including cultivars and/or hybrids of these)</p>	<p>Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight</p> <p>Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p>	0.10 - 3.75	
<p>Leafy Vegetables:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Amaranth Arugula Cardoon Celery Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, edible Coriander, leaves (Cilantro) Corn salad Cress Dandelion Dock Endive Fennel Lettuce, head and leaf Orach Parsley Purslane Radicchio Rhubarb Spinach Swiss Chard <p>(Including cultivars and/or hybrids of these)</p>	<p>Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight</p> <p>Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)</p>	0.10 - 3.75	

Crop	Target Diseases	fl. oz. 100 lbs. seed	Remarks
Legume Vegetables: Bean (<i>Lupinus</i> spp.) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin) Bean (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean) Bean (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) (includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean) Broad bean (fava bean) (<i>Vicia faba</i>) Chickpea (garbanzo bean) (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>) Guar (<i>Cyamopsis tetragonoloba</i>) Jackbean (<i>Canavalia ensiformis</i>) Lablab bean (hyacinth bean) (<i>Lablab purpureas</i>) Lentil (<i>Lens esculenta</i>) Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) (includes dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea, Pigeon pea (<i>Cajanus cajan</i>), Sword bean (<i>Canavalia gladiata</i>) For soybeans, see Soybean section for specific use directions.	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Peanut	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Aspergillus Crown Rot (<i>Aspergillus niger</i>) White Mold/Stem Rot (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	For suppression of Aspergillus Crown Rot and White Mold/Stem Rot.
Pepper Bell Pepper Non-Bell Pepper Sweet Non-Bell Pepper Eggplant Okra	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	

Crop	Target Diseases	fl. oz. 100 lbs. seed	Remarks
Rice	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling Damping-Off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) (<i>Alternaria</i> spp.) (<i>Gaeumannomyces graminis</i> var. <i>graminis</i>) Brown Spot (<i>Bipolaris oryzae</i>) Rice Blast (<i>Pyricularia grisea</i>)	0.153 - 1.53	Where appropriate use AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST in combination with labeled metalaxyl or mefenoxam products. For early season protection against seed-borne disease and early season rice blast.
Sorghum	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia</i> spp., <i>Penicillium</i> spp., <i>Pythium</i> spp.) Downy mildew (<i>Peronoscleroscera sorali</i>)	0.308 - 3.08 Or 0.00062 - 0.0062 mg ai/seed, (based on 14,500 seeds/lb.)	Where appropriate use AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST in combination with labeled metalaxyl or mefenoxam products. For suppression of downy mildew, use high rate of AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST.
Soybeans	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> , <i>Pythium</i> spp.) White Mold (<i>Sclerotium rolfsii</i>)	0.153 - 0.459	For suppression of white mold.
Tomatoes	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	

Crop	Target Diseases	fl. oz. 100 lbs. seed	Remarks
Vegetables, leaves of root and tuber group: Beet, garden and sugar Burdock Carrot Cassava, bitter and sweet Celeriac (celery root) Chervil, turnip-rooted Chicory Dasheen (taro) Parsnip Radish Radish, oriental (daikon) Rutabaga Salsify, black Sweet potato Tanier Turnip Yam, true	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Vegetables, root subgroup Beet, garden and sugar Burdock Carrot Celeriac Chervil, turnip-rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parsley, turnip-rooted Parsnip Radish Radish, oriental Rutabaga Salsify Salsify, black Salsify, Spanish Skirret Turnip	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Vegetables, tuberous and corm subgroup: Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke, Chinese and Jerusalem Canna Cassava, edible, bitter and sweet Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen (Taro) Ginger Leren Sweet Potato Tanier Turmeric Yam, bean Yam, true	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	

Crop	Target Diseases	fl. oz. 100 lbs. seed	Remarks
Watercress	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	
Wheat Triticale	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>) Dwarf Bunt Common Bunt	0.10 - 3.75	For protection against common bunt and partial control of dwarf bunt. Where appropriate use AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST in combination with labeled metalaxyl or mefenoxam products.
Ornamental Seed (Including crops listed in Table 1)	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	For early season protection against seed-borne disease and Rhizoctonia damping off.
Turfgrass (Including bentgrass, bluegrass, bermudagrass, fescues grown for turf)	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	For early season protection against seed-borne disease and Rhizoctonia damping-off.
Bulbs, Corms, and Tubers of Ornamental Flowers and Foliage Plants	Seed-borne and soil-borne fungi causing decay, damping-off, and seedling blight Seedling damping-off (<i>Rhizoctonia solani</i>)	0.10 - 3.75	For early season protection against seed-borne disease and Rhizoctonia damping-off.

PLANT SAFETY: AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST has been shown to be safe when applied to the ornamental plants listed in Table 1. However, due to the large number of genera, species and varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, it is impossible to test every one for tolerance to AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST can be used safely on genera, species, or varieties of ornamental and nursery plants not specified on this label. The professional user should conduct small scale testing to ensure plant safety prior to broadscale commercial use on plant genera and species not listed in this label.

TABLE 1. Plants listed by Common Name.*

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Abelia	<i>Abelia</i> spp.
Andromeda, Japanese	<i>Pieris japonica</i>
Arborvitae	<i>Thuja</i> spp.
Aspen Trees	<i>Populus</i> spp.
Aster	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Aucuba, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Azalea, Glacier	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Azaleas	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Balsam	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Barberry	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>
Begonia (except Rieger begonia)	<i>Begonia</i> spp.
Birch, River	<i>Betula nigra</i>
Black-Eyed Susan	<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>
Blanket-Flower	<i>Gaillardia</i> spp.
Bougainvillea	<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.
Boxwood	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>
Buddleia	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Bugle	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Bugleweed	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Burning Bush	<i>Euonymus alatus</i>
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleia davidii</i>
Cactus, Holiday	<i>Schlumbergera</i>
Caladium	<i>Caladium</i> spp.
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>
Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Cedar, Atlas	<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>
Cedar, White	<i>Cedrus</i> spp.
Christmas Trees	See Fraserfir, Scotch pine and Douglas fir
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.
Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla</i> spp.
Clethra	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>
Coleus	<i>Plectranthus</i> spp.
Cotoneaster, Creeping	<i>Cotoneaster adpressus</i>
Cotoneaster, Variegated Rockspray	<i>Cotoneaster horizontalis</i>
Cranesbill	<i>Geranium</i> spp.
Crapemyrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Cyclamen	<i>Cyclamen</i> spp.
Cyperus	<i>Cyperus</i> spp.
Cypress, Sawara	<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>
Cypress, Leyland	<i>Chamaecyparis</i> spp.
Daisy, Gerber	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Daisy, Transvaal	<i>Gerbera jamesonii</i>
Dogwood	<i>Cornus</i> spp.
Dogwood	<i>Cornus florida</i>
Dogwood, Pink	<i>Cornus</i> spp.
Dumb-Cane	<i>Dieffenbachia</i> spp.
Euonymus, Dwarf Winged	<i>Euonymus alata</i>
Euonymus, Evergreen	<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>
Evergreen, Chinese	<i>Aglaonema</i> spp.
Fatsia, Japanese	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Fig	<i>Ficus</i> spp.
Fir, Douglas	<i>Pseudotsuga</i> spp.
Fir, Fraser	<i>Abies fraseri</i>
Floss-Flower	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia viridissima</i>
Foxglove	<i>Digitalis</i> spp.
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>
Geranium	<i>Pelargonium</i> spp.
Grass	<i>Pennisetum alopecuroides</i>
Grass, Dwarf Pampas	<i>Phalaris</i> spp.
Grass, Pampas	<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>
Hawthorn, Indian	<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>
Heather	<i>Erica dareyensis</i>
Hemlock	<i>Tsuga</i> spp.
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i>
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>
Holly	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Hosta	<i>Hosta</i> spp.
House-Leek	<i>Sempervivum</i> spp.
Hydrangea	<i>Hydrangea</i> spp.
Hydrangea, French	<i>Hydrangea macrophylla</i>
Impatiens	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
Iris, African	<i>Dietes iridioides</i>
Iris, Butterfly	<i>Dietes iridioides</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Dietes algerienensis</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Ivy, Swedish	<i>Plectranthus</i> spp.
Juniper	<i>Juniperus procumbens</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperus</i> spp.
Larkspur	<i>Delphinium</i> spp.
Laurel	<i>Laurus nobilis</i>
Laurel, Australian	<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.
Laurel, Japanese	<i>Aucuba japonica</i>
Lilac, California	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Lilac, Wild	<i>Ceanothus sanguineus</i>
Lily, Peace	<i>Spathiphyllum floribundum</i>
Lily-Turf	<i>Liriope muscari</i>
Live-Forever	<i>Sempervivum</i> spp.
Magnolia	<i>Magnolia</i> spp.
Magnolia, Saucer	<i>Magnolia soulangiana</i>
Magnolia, Southern	<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>
Maple, Japanese	<i>Acer palmatum</i>
Maple, Sugar	<i>Acer saccharum</i>
Marigold	<i>Tagetes</i> spp.
Mock-Orange	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>
Mugwort	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Nandina	<i>Nandina domestica</i>
Oak, Pin	<i>Quercus palustris</i>
Oak, Red	<i>Quercus falcate</i>
Oleander	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Orpine	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Palm, Date	<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>
Palm, Parlor	<i>Chamaedora elegans</i>
Palm, Queen	<i>Syagrus romanzoffianum</i>
Palm, Roebelin's	<i>Phoenix roebelenii</i>
Palm, Sago	<i>Caryota urens</i>
Pansy	<i>Viola</i> spp.
Paper-Plant	<i>Fatsia japonica</i>
Pear, Bradford's	<i>Pyrus calleryana</i>
Periwinkle	<i>Vinca</i> spp.
Petunia	<i>Petunia</i> spp.
Philodendron	<i>Philodendron</i> spp.
Phlox	<i>Phlox</i> spp.
Photinia, Red-Tip	<i>Photinia glabra</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus</i> spp.

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Pine, Black	<i>Pinus nigra</i>
Pine, Eastern White	<i>Pinus strobus</i>
Pine, Muhgo	<i>Pinus muhgo</i>
Pine, Scotch	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>
Pink	<i>Dianthus</i> spp.
Poinsettia	<i>Euphorbia</i> spp.
Pothos	<i>Epipremnum</i> spp.
Primrose	<i>Primula</i> spp.
Pussy's-Foot	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.
Redbud, Western	<i>Cercis occidentals</i>
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
Ribbon-Grass	<i>Setaria</i> spp.
Rose of Sharon	<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>
Rose	<i>Rosa</i> spp.
Rose-Bay	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
Rosemary (Prostrate)	<i>Rosmarinus</i> spp.
Rubber-Plant, Baby	<i>Peperomia</i> spp.
Rubber-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Sage	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
Sagebrush	<i>Artemisia</i> spp.
Snap-Dragon	<i>Antirrhinum</i> spp.
Snowball	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Spirea	<i>Spirea budalda</i>
Spirea	<i>Spirea japonica</i>
Spruce, Blue	<i>Picea pungens</i>
Spruce, Norway	<i>Picea abies</i>
Spruce, White	<i>Picea glauca</i>
Starwort	<i>Aster</i> spp.
Stonecrop	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
Sweet Alyssum	<i>Lobularia maritima</i>
Thyme, Creeping	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>
Umbrella-Tree	<i>Brassaia actinophylla</i>
Verbena	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Vervain	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum</i> spp.
Vinca	<i>Catharanthus roseus</i>
Viola	<i>Viola</i> spp.
White alder	<i>Clethra</i> spp.
Wiegela, Pink	<i>Wiegela florida</i>
Willow, Virginia	<i>Itea virginica</i>

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME
Winterberry	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Wormwood	<i>Artimisia</i> spp
Yaupon	<i>Ilex</i> spp.
Yew, Spreading	<i>Zinnia</i> spp.
Yucca	<i>Yucca</i> spp.
Zebra-Plant	<i>Aphelandra</i> spp.
Zinnia	<i>Zinnia</i> spp.

*Do not apply AZOXYSTROBIN 9.6% ST to *Malus* spp., *Prunus* spp., or leatherleaf fern (*Rumohra adianformis* and other species)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING [less than 5 gallons]: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¾ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Container Handling [Bulk/Mini-Bulk] * Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of ALBAUGH, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold ALBAUGH, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

ALBAUGH, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or ALBAUGH, LLC, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW ALBAUGH, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall ALBAUGH, LLC be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF ALBAUGH, LLC AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF ALBAUGH, LLC OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

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{LABEL HISTORY
(Not included in final printed label)

File Name	Version Mark	Comment
	060519	Reg Review label revisions
042750-00284_20251014_DRAFT	101425	EPA requested revisions

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