

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

June 11, 2020

Ailis Gregory Regulatory Manager, North America Albaugh, LLC P.O. Box 2127 Valdosta, GA 31604-2127

Subject: Label Amendment – Delete greenhouse use from label

Product Name: Propazine 4L

EPA Registration Number: 42750-148

Application Date: May 24, 2019 Decision Number: 557815

Dear Ms. Gregory:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. The next label printing of this product must use this labeling unless subsequent changes have been approved. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 42750-148 Decision No. 557815

with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Theresa Gerber at 703-347-8583 or by email at gerber.theresa@epa.gov.

Sincerely,
Emily Schmid

Emily Schmid, Product Manager 25

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to ground and surface water concerns. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

PROPAZINE 4L

Propazine Flowable Herbicide

For Preemergence Weed Control in Grain Sorghum

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

2-Chloro-4,6-bis (isopropylamino)-s-triazine	43.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	57.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Contains 4.0 lbs of Propazine per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID		
IF	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.	
SWALLOWED:	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.	
	• DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.	
	DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.	
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration,	
	preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.	
OR	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.	
CLOTHING:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. 	
Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing		
	eye.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for		
treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.		

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE, CALL CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

EPA Reg. No. 42750-148 EPA Est. No. 42750-MO-001

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons

MANUFACTURED FOR: ALBAUGH, LLC ANKENY, IA



and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

42750-148

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing dust, vapors, or spray mist. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT:

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Propazine can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can enter ground water which may be used as drinking water. Propazine has been found in groundwater. Users are advised not to apply propazine to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., well-drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

This product must not be mixed or loaded within 50 ft. of intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This product must not be applied aerially or by ground within 66 ft. of the points where surface water runoff enters perennial or intermittent streams and rivers or within 200 ft. around natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. If this product is applied to highly erodible land, the 66 ft. buffer or setback from runoff entry points must be planted to crop, seeded with grass or other suitable crop.

This product must not be mixed/loaded, or used within 50 ft. of all wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes. Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 ft. of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spill or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or wash-water, and rain-water that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad.

A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above-specified minimum containment capacities **DO NOT** apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading sites.

Additional State imposed requirements regarding well-head setbacks and operational area containment must be observed.

One of the following restrictions must be used in applying propazine to tile-outletted fields containing standpipes:

1. **DO NOT** apply this product within 66 ft. of standpipes in tile-outletted fields.

- 2. Apply this product to the entire tile-outletted field and immediately incorporate it to a depth of 2-3 inches in the entire tile-outletted field.
- 3. Apply this product to the entire tile-outletted field under a no-till practice only when a high crop residue management practice is practiced. High crop residue management practice is described as a crop management practice where little or no crop residue is removed from the field during and after crop harvest.

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, made of butyl rubber >14 mils, natural rubber >14 mils, neoprene >14 mils, nitrile rubber >14 mils, or viton >14 mils.
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing/loading, cleaning up spills, cleaning equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications must use a closed system that meets the requirements for dermal protection listed in the Workers Protection Standard (WPS) for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)] and must:

- wear the personal protective equipment required for mixers and loaders
- wear protective eyewear if the system operates under pressure, and
- be provided and immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown; chemical resistant footwear.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that is consistent with the WPS for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. Pilots must wear the PPE required on this labeling for applicators, however, they need not wear chemical-resistant gloves when using an enclosed cockpit.

Flaggers supporting aerial applications must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition of the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection.

When handlers use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 107.240 (d) (5)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- 1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- 2. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- 3. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

ANY USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN AN AREA WHERE USE IS PROHIBITED IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW. Before using this product, you must consult the <u>Atrazine</u> Watershed Information Center (AWIC) to determine whether the use of this product is prohibited in your watershed. AWIC can be accessed through <u>[www.atrazine-watershed.info]</u>, or <u>[1-866-365-3014]</u>. If use of this product is prohibited in your watershed, you may return this product to your point of purchase or contact Albaugh for a refund.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other person either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, made of butyl rubber >14 mils, natural rubber >14 mils, neoprene >14 mils, nitrile rubber >14 mils, or viton >14 mils. Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

DO NOT enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

To avoid spray drift, **DO NOT** apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER.

Mandatory Spray Drift Directions

Aerial Applications

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safely.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented, so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift.
 Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray

- volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

SHEILDED SPRAYERS

Sheilding the boom of individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boom-less Ground Applications

Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Propazine 4L is a selective herbicide that controls many annual broadleaf weeds in sorghum and container grown ornamentals. This product may be applied prior to weed emergence.

Propazine 4L is absorbed through the roots of the target weeds and is not absorbed by foliage. Its effectiveness depends on moisture to move it into the root zone. Incorporation followed by rainfall or

irrigation is needed to move it into the weed root zone. If weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in better weed control.

If no rainfall occurs within 14 days after application a light mechanical incorporation (less than 2") should be made.

This product is nonflammable.

Avoid using near adjacent desirable plants or injury may occur. To avoid spray drift, **DO NOT** apply under windy conditions. Avoid spray overlap as crop injury may result.

Where the use directions give a range of rates, use the lower rate on coarse-textured soil and soil low in organic matter, use the higher rate on fine-textured soil and soil high in organic matter.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Propazine 4L is a Group 5 herbicide (photosystem II inhibitor). Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Propazine 4L and other Group 5 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

Contact your local sales representative, crop advisor or extension agent to find out if suspected resistant weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. If resistant biotypes of target weeds have been reported, use the application rates of this product specified for your local conditions. Tank mix products so that there are multiple effective mechanisms of action for each target weed.

Fields should be scouted prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth to determine if the intended application will be effective. Fields should be scouted after application to verify that the treatment was effective.

Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Albaugh LLC representative or call 1-800-247-8013 or at www.albaughLLC.com. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mode of action and/or use non-chemical means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- **Start with clean fields.** Plant into weed-free fields and keep fields as weed free as possible. Effective tillage or the use of a burndown herbicide program can control emerged weeds prior to planting.
- Scout fields.
- **Diversified approach.** To the extent possible, use a diversified approach towards weed management. Whenever possible, incorporate multiple weed-control practices such as mechanical cultivation, biological management practices, and crop rotation.
- **Rotate crops.** Fields with difficult to control weeds should be rotated to crops that allow the use of herbicides with alternative modes of action or different management practices.

- Control weed escapes. To the extent possible, DO NOT allow weed escapes to produce seeds, roots or tubers. Manage weeds at harvest and post-harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seed-bank.
- **Clean equipment.** Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules. Thoroughly clean plant residues from equipment before leaving fields.
- Manage borders. Prevent an influx of weeds into the field by managing borders.
- **Know your weeds, know your fields**. Identify weeds present in the field through scouting and field history and understand their biology. The weed-control program should consider all of the weeds present.
- Rotate mechanisms of action. Difficult to control weeds ma require sequential applications of herbicides with differing mechanisms of action. Use a broad-spectrum soil-applied herbicide with a mechanism of action that differs from this product as a foundation in a weed-control program.
 DO NOT use more than two applications of this or any other herbicide with the same mechanism of action within a single growing season unless mixed with an herbicide with another mechanism of action with an overlapping spectrum for the difficult-to-control weeds. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide with a different MOA or use non-chemical methods to remove escapes.
- Apply herbicide correctly. Apply this herbicide at the correct timing and rate to control the
 most difficult weed in the field.

Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes. For more information on Weed Resistance Management, visit the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee (HRAC) on the web at http://www.hracglobal.com.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

AERIAL APPLICATION

Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. **DO NOT** apply where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

GROUND APPLICATION

For the most uniform distribution of broadcast applications use flat fan-type nozzles. For band applications, use flat fan even spray nozzles. Screens and strainers should be no finer than 50-mesh. Use a pump with capacity to (1) provide sufficient hydraulic agitation during mixing and application to keep the material in suspension and (2) maintain 30 to 40 psi operating pressure. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre. For band treatments, use a proportional volume.

For band applications, calculate amount to be applied per acre as follows:

<u>band width in inches</u> x broadcast rate per acre = amount needed row width in inches per acre

ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT rotate to leafy vegetables.
- **DO NOT** rotate to root crops or cereals (small grains) at less than a 120-day plantback interval.

- DO NOT rotate to any crop other than sorghum except:
 - 1. Texas Gulf Coast and Texas Blacklands, cotton, soybeans or corn may be planted 12 months after treatment. **DO NOT** plant other crops for 18 months after treatment.
 - 2. In West Texas, cotton or corn may be planted 12 months after a broadcast application of 1.2 quarts.
 - 3. In all other sorghum growing regions, corn may be planted 12 months after treatment. **DO NOT** plant other crops for 18 months after treatment.
 - 4. If replanting is necessary, sorghum may be replanted in soil treated with this product, however, an additional application is prohibited.

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual morningglory Mustards, yellow & tansy Carpetweed Nightshade, purple

Groundcherry Pigweed
Henbit Purslane
Jimsonweed Ragweed
Kochia Smartweed
Lambsquarter Velvetleaf

MIXING

Mix this product with water, nitrogen solutions or complete liquid fertilizers and apply as a spray. Pour this product into the tank during or after filling the tank with required amount of water. Sufficient hydraulic jet or mechanical agitation should be provided during mixing and application to keep the material in suspension. All return lines to the tank must discharge below liquid level and agitation should not be so violent as to cause air bubbles to form in the liquid. Wash sprayer thoroughly after use.

DO NOT apply with mix tank or spray nozzle screens smaller than 50 mesh.

Nitrogen solutions or complete liquid fertilizers may replace all or part of the water as a carrier with this product for preplant and preemergence applications only.

To determine compatibility with liquid fertilizers, pour the product into a small container of liquid fertilizer or nitrogen solution in approximate proportion to be mixed in spray tank. Stir or shake thoroughly. Let stand 5 minutes. If it remains mixed or can be remixed readily, the mixture is compatible and can be used.

TANK MIXES

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involve in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Propazine 4L may be tank mixed with other herbicides labeled for use on sorghum except for herbicides containing atrazine to expand the weed spectrum. When tank mixing the most restrictive label restrictions must be followed.

SORGHUM APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

PREPLANT AND PREEMERGENCE

SOIL TEXTURE	BROADCAST RATE (QUARTS PER ACRE)	
sand, loamy sand	DO NOT Apply	
sandy loam	0.50 – 0.75	
Loam, silt loam, clay loam	0.75 – 1.20	

PREPLANT:

Apply this product in the spring after plowing at the rates listed in the above table. If sorghum is planted on a flat soil surface, apply during or after seedbed preparation. If sorghum is planted on beds, apply only after bed formation. Best weed control results are obtained when this product is applied within 4 weeks before planting. Shallow incorporation, not more than 2 inches deep, following application will generally result in better weed control, particularly under dry or minimum moisture conditions. **DO NOT** incorporate preplant applications on sandy loam soils.

PREEMERGENCE:

Apply the amount shown in the above table at planting time or immediately after planting before weeds and sorghum emerge.

PRECAUTION (Both Preplant and Preemergence): Crop or sensitive rotational crop damage may result from applications on highly alkaline soil, eroded areas or areas with limited amount of rainfall.

APPLICATION PRECAUTIONS (for all applications to sorghum):

- Heavy rain immediately following application may cause excessive concentrations of herbicide in seed furrow, resulting in possible crop injury. **DO NOT** apply to furrow-planted sorghum until furrows are leveled (plowed in). Level deep planter marks or seed furrows before application.
- Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till the soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used.
- Injury may occur if both this herbicide, preplant surface, preplant incorporated or preemergence, and at-planting systemic insecticide applied in-furrow are used.
- Use of high end rates for sandy loam and loam soils may cause crop injury and subsequent yield loss.

SORGHUM USE RESTRICTIONS

- **DO NOT** apply more than one application per crop growing season.
- Not registered for use in the states of California or Florida
- **DO NOT** apply propazine if atrazine has been or will be applied to the same acreage in the same growing season.
- DO NOT apply within 70 days of harvest for sorghum forage.
- **DO NOT** apply within 90 days of harvest for grain sorghum or sorghum stover.
- **DO NOT** exceed 1.2 quarts product (equivalent to 1.2 lbs active ingredient) per acre per growing season.
- Not registered for use on sweet sorghum.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. **DO NOT** store near food or feed. In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces, mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper disposal can be made if product cannot be used according to the label.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING [less than or equal to 5 gallons]

Non-refillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use and disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

CONTAINER HANDLING [Bulk/Mini-Bulk]

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse the container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Non-refillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of ALBAUGH, LLC or Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold ALBAUGH, LLC and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

ALBAUGH, LLC warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or ALBAUGH, LLC, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ALBAUGH, LLC MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

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LABEL HISTORY (not to be included in the final printed label)

FILE NAME	VERSION MARK	COMMENT
042750-00148-20190524.DRAFT	052419	Delete Greenhouse uses per
		Registration Review
042750-00148.20200529.DRAFT	052920	Revision per EPA comments