

42750-137

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

MAY 09 2011

Mr. Morris Gaskins
Albaugh, Inc.
P.O. Box 2127
Valdosta, GA 31604-2127

Subject: Revised Label Language and the Deletion of Almond Use from Tree Nut Use
Section
Imidacloprid 4 L CTN
EPA Reg. No. 42750-137
Your Submission date March 10, 2011

Dear Mr. Gaskins:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act is acceptable. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Submit two (2) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. If there are questions call Dani Daniel at 703 305-5409.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Venus Eagle".

Venus Eagle
Product Manager (01)
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

Enclosure:

IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN
Insecticide for Cotton, Soybeans and Tree Nuts

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		
Imidacloprid, 1-[(6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazolidinimine.	40.7%	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	59.3%	
TOTAL:	100.0%	

Contains 4 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
In case of emergency call CHEMTREC toll free at 1-800-424-9300. Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
Note To Physician: No specific antidote is available. Treat the patient symptomatically.	

EPA Reg. No. 42750-137

EPA Est. No. xxxxxx-xxx-xxx

NET CONTENTS: 1 gallon, 2.5 gallon

Manufactured For:
ALBAUGH, INC.
ANKENY, IA 50021

ACCEPTED
MAY 09 2011

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the
pesticide registered under:

EPA. Reg. No: 42750-137

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. More for Category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- 1. Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- 2. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, barrier laminate, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton.
- 3. Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- 1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet
- 2. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- 3. Remove Personal Protective Equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. This product is toxic to wildlife and highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

TAKE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN MIXING AND APPLYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Mixing and Loading

To avoid potential contamination of groundwater, the use of a properly designed and maintained containment pad for mixing and loading of any pesticide into application equipment is recommended. If containment pad is not used, maintain a minimum distance of 25 feet between mixing and loading areas and potential surface to groundwater conduits such as field sumps, uncased well head, sinkholes or field drains.

For Aerial Applications

Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. Use the minimum practical boom length, do not exceed 75% of the wing span or rotor diameter.

Importance of Droplet Size

An important factor influencing drift is droplet size. Small droplets (<150 - 200 microns) drift to a greater extent than large droplets. Within typical equipment specifications, make applications to deliver the largest droplet spectrum that provides sufficient control and coverage. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

Release spray at the lowest possible height consistent with good pest control and flight safety. Do not make applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy.

Wind Speed Restrictions

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Do not apply when winds are greater than 15 mph and avoid gusty and windless conditions. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Restrictions During Temperature Inversions

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Drift potential is high during temperature inversions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical mixing.

No-Spray Zone Requirements for Foliar Applications

Do not apply by ground within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds.

Runoff Management

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic areas to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip. When used on erodible soils, employ best management practices for minimizing runoff. Consult your local Natural Resources Conservation Service for recommendations in your use area.

Endangered Species Notice

Under the Endangered Species Act, it is a Federal Offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. Consult your local county bulletin, County Extension Agent, or Pesticide State Lead Agency for information concerning endangered species in your area.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some insects will develop resistance to insecticides after repeated use. Use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area.

IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN is a neonicotinoid insecticide. Insect species that develop a tolerance to neonicotinoid and other Group 4A insecticides may become dominate in areas that undergo repeated use of those class insecticides.

Applicators should avoid applying Group 4A class insecticides more than three consecutive applications in a row as a resistance management tool. At a minimum the fourth application in a field for control of a specific insect species should be made with a product that uses a different mode of action. That and other IPM strategies will prevent or delay resistance development to Group 4A insecticides.

Do not apply foliar applications of IMIDCLOPRID 4L CTN or other neonicotinoid class insecticides to crops previously treated with residual, soil applied products from the same class.

Consult your local extension specialist or crop advisor information regarding insect resistance management recommendations.

More information on resistance management can also be found on the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at <http://irac-online.org>

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Shake well before using.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry Interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

1. Coveralls
2. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, barrier laminate, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton.
3. Shoes plus socks

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight, and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area. Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking, invert to prevent leakage. If container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully darn up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Absorb spilled material with absorbing type compounds and dispose of as directed for pesticides below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Do Not Apply IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN In Enclosed Structures Such As Greenhouses Or Planthouses.

IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN must be applied as a directed or broadcast foliar spray. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary without runoff for optimum insecticidal efficacy. Use adequate spray volumes, properly calibrated application equipment and spray adjuvant if necessary to obtain thorough coverage. Failure to provide adequate coverage and retention of IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN on leaves and fruit may result in loss of insect control or delay in onset of activity. IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN may be applied with properly calibrated ground or aerial application equipment. Minimum specified spray volumes unless otherwise directed on crop specific application sections are 10 gallons/Acre by ground application and 5 gallons/Acre through aerial equipment. IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN may also be applied by overhead chemigation (see additional CHEMIGATION DIRECTIONS FOR USE section below) if allowed in crop specific Application Instructions section.

IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN use on crops grown for production of true seed intended for private or commercial planting is typically restricted but may be allowed under State specific supplemental labeling. As with any insecticide, care must be taken to minimize exposure of IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN to honey bees and other pollinators. Use of IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN on crops requiring bee pollination must be avoided during bloom and a minimum of 10 days prior to bloom. Additional information on IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN used for these crops and other questions may be obtained from the Cooperative Extension Service, PCAs, consultants or local Albaugh, Inc. representatives.

Do not apply more than 0.5 lb active ingredient per acre, per crop season, regardless of formulation or method of application, unless specified within a crop-science Recommended Application section for a given crop.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill spray tank with 1/4 to 1/3 water volume to be used
2. Add IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN
3. Add final amount of water maintaining agitation
4. Add any tank mix products in order listed below

Mixing Order for Tank Mixes

1. Wettable powder or Water Dispersible Granule products
2. Other Flowables
3. Emulsifiable Concentrates

Maintain agitation as each component is added and do not add next tank mix product until prior product is thoroughly mixed. If a fertilizer solution is added, use of a compatibility agent may be needed.

Maintain constant agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

If applicator has no past experience with a particular tank mix then a standard compatibility test should be conducted. Mix intended tank mix components in a clear one quart jar at approximate ratios and shake vigorously for 3-5 minutes. Allow to stand and observe any adverse reactions such as precipitate or separation that indicates incompatibility.

CHEMIGATION DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Refer to DIRECTIONS FOR USE section before proceeding with chemigation application.

Types of Irrigation Systems

Chemigation applications of IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN may be made to crops through overhead sprinkler chemigation systems if specified in crop-specific Application Instruction sections. Do not apply IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN through any other type of irrigation system.

Water Volume

Make IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN chemigation applications as concentrated as possible. Retention of IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN on target site of insect infestation is necessary for optimum activity. Do not chemigate IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN in water volumes exceeding 0.1 inch/Acre.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

The irrigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Chemigation Monitoring

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

DRIFT

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Required System Safety Devices

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closing, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreased to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water from Public Water Systems

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system must be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. Diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitting with a system interlock.

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ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS

Fields treated with IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN may be replanted with other crops at the intervals below.

<p>IMMEDIATE All crops on this label plus the following crops not on this label: barley, canola, Christmas trees, corn (field, sweet and pop), cranberry, Globe artichoke, grape, mustard seed, okra, potato, rapeseed, strawberry, sorghum, soybean, sunflower, tobacco, watercress, wheat and all crops from the following Crop Groups as recognized and defined by EPA. Crops contained within a particular crop group are subject to change. For information related to specific crops please contact Albaugh representative or refer to EPA website (www.epa.gov) for latest crop groups.</p> <p>ROOT VEGETABLES – Crops of Crop Group 1 LEAFY GREEN VEGETABLES – Crops of Crop Group 4 BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES – Crops of Crop Group 5 LEGUME VEGETABLES – Crops of Crop Group 6 including: Edible Podded plus Dried plus Succulent Shelled, Peas and Beans FRUITING VEGETABLES – Crops of Crop Group 8 CUCURBIT VEGETABLES – Crops of Crop Group 9 CITRUS – Crops of Crops Group 10 POME FRUIT – Crops of Crop Group 11 STONE FRUIT – Crops of Crop Group 12 BUSHBERRY and CANEBERRY – Crops of Crop Group 13 HERBS – Crops of Crop Group 19A TROPICAL FRUIT – Including: Acerola, Atemoya, Avocado, Birida, Black sapote, Canistel, Cherimoya, Custard apply, Feijoa, Llama, Jaboticaba, Guava, Longan, Lychee, Mamey sapote, Mango, Papaya, Passionfruit, Persimmon, Pulasan, Rambutan, Sapodilla, Soursop, Spanish lime, Star apple, Starfruit, Sugar apple, Wax jambu</p>
30 Day Plant-Back - Cereals (including buckwheat, millet, oats, rice, rye and triticale), safflower
10-Month Plant-back - Onion, Bulb vegetables
12-Month Plant-back - All other crops

Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed.

Applications Instructions – IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN

IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN may be applied with properly calibrated ground or aerial application equipment. Apply specified rate per acre as a directed or broadcast spray to infested area at earliest threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop, Thorough uniform coverage of all plant parts is required to achieve optimum control. Scout fields and retreat if needed. Make multiple applications of TRIMAX PRO to promote plant health and yield.

The lower specified rates can be used early season when pest pressures are low or when tank-mixing with other effective products registered for target insect control. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part, by the stage of pest development application and infestation level of those pests. IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN provides optimal performance against early instar and early nymphal stages of insects as well as bollworm/budworm eggs. Incomplete coverage may result in slower activity and/or less overall control from a single application than an application made with higher gallonages. The addition of an organosilicone-based spray adjuvant may improve coverage.

Regardless of formulation or method of application, apply no more than 0.5 lb of the active ingredient per acre per season, including seed treatment, soil and foliar uses.

COTTON

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre
Cotton aphid Cotton fleahopper Bandedwinged whitefly Plant bugs (excludes Lygus Hesperus) Green stink bug Southern green stink bug Bollworm/Budworm (ovicidal effect)	0.9 – 1.8
Pests Suppressed	
Lygus bug Whiteflies (other than bandedwinged whitefly)	1.35 – 1.8
Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days Minimum interval between applications: 7 days Maximum IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN allowed per crop season: 8.9 fluid ounces/Acre (0.31 lb AI/A)	

Cotton Tank Mix Instructions		
Additional Pests Controlled	IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Bidrin 8* Rate fluid ounces/Acre
For early season control of: Thrips	0.9 – 1.35	1.6 – 3.2 ⁽¹⁾
For mid to late season control of: Plant bugs Stink bugs (including Brown stink bug) Grasshoppers Saltmarsh caterpillar Cotton leafperforator	0.9 – 1.35	4.0 – 8.0 ⁽²⁾
Restrictions (in addition to Restrictions listed above): *Refer to the Bidrin 8 product label for specific use instructions. (1) Do not apply more than 3.2 fl. oz./acre during this growth period. Do not make more than one application during this growth period. (2) Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./acre during this growth period. Do not apply sooner than 14 days of first application or within 30 days of harvest. Do not graze livestock on treated fields or feed treated gin trash.		

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SOYBEAN^{1/}

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre
Aphids Bean leaf beetle Cucumber beetles / Rootworm adults Japanese beetle (adults) Leafhoppers Whiteflies	1.35
Restrictions: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days Minimum interval between applications: 7 days Maximum IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN allowed per crop season: 4.05 fluid ounces/Acre (0.14 lb AI/A) ^{1/} Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.	

TREE NUTS ^{1/}

Crops of Crop Group 14 including: Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut [black and English]

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre
Aphids (except Black pecan aphid) Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters Phylloxera sp. (leaf infestations) Spittlebugs Whiteflies	1.3 – 2.6
Black pecan aphid Mealybugs San Jose scale	2.9
Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days Minimum interval between applications: 6 days Maximum IMIDACLOPRID 4L CTN allowed per crop season: 10.4 fluid ounces/Acre (0.36 lb AI/A) Minimum application volume (water): 50 GPA – ground application, 25 GPA – aerial application Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are actively foraging. Applications Applications for control of San Jose scale should be timed according to crawler stage, treating each successive generation. Two applications on a 10 to 14-day interval may be required to achieve control. ^{1/} Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.	

WARRANTY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and

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Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Albaugh. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ALBAUGH MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Albaugh is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ALBAUGH DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT ALBAUGH'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

Bidrin is a registered trademark of AMVAC Chemical Corporation.