



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PRÉVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Morris Gaskins Product Registration Albaugh, Inc. P.O. Box 2127 Valdosta, GA 31604-2127 SEP 23 2008

SUBJECT:

Application for Pesticide Notification (PRN 98-10)

Request Genaral Label Change (Add CA DPR Use Exclusions)

EPA Reg. No. 42750-72

Application Dated August 12, 2008

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 08/12/08 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

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≎EPA	United States				✓	Registra Amendr Other	tion	OPP Identifier Number
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application	on for Pest	icide - Sec	tion		· · · · · ·	<u> </u>
1. Company/Product Number 42750-72			2. E	PA Product Ma Miller			3. Pro	posed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name) Clethodim 2E			РМ . 23	•		. '		
5. Name and Address of App	olicant (Include ZIP Co	de)	6. E	xpedited Re	veiw.	In accorda	nce with	FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)
Albaugh Inc. P.O. Box 2127 Valdosta, GA 31604-			(b)(i to: EP), my product A Reg. No.	is sim	ilar or ident NC		mposition and labeling
Check if this	is a new address		Section	oduct Name				2000
Notification - Explain Explanation: Use addition Label notification to add Calif This notification is consistent labeling or the confidential sta EPA. I further understand the FIFRA and I may be subject to 1. Material This Product Will Child-Resistant Packaging Yes V No * Certification must	below. nel page(s) if necessar fornia use restrictions. with the provisions of Patement of formula of that if this notification is not one enforcement action a	PR Notice 98-1 his product. I use to consistent wand penalties use to pena	0 and EPA regul inderstand that it with the terms of F nder section 12 a Section	Agency le "Me Too" Other - Ex II.) ations at 40 CFF is a violation of PR Notice 98-10 and 14 of FIFRA - III Ie Packaging No. per	R 152.46 18 U.S. and 40	ation. slow. 6, and no furth C. Sec. 1001	er change to willfully r this produc	make any false statement to ct may be in violation of
be submitted 3. Location of Net Contents			tail Container	4		cation of Lab		
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			Section	- IV				
1. Contact Point /Complete	items directly below 1	for identificati	on of individual	to be contacted	, if nec	essary, to pro	ocess this	application.)
Name Morris Gaskins			Title Registrations	Manager			Telephone 229-244-	8 No. (Include Area Code)
certify that the states acknowledge that an both under applicable	y knowlinglly false or	Certification this form ender misleading st	d all attachment	s thereto are tro punishable by	ue, acc fine or	urate and cor imprisonmen	iplete.	6. Date Application Received (Stumped)
2. Signature	3 / dr	4	3. Title Registrations N	Manager (,,,,,,	
4. Typed Name	-t		5. Date					مة حد بيو سي

August 12, 2008

Morris Gaskins

PROPRATE OFFICE

.525 NE 36th Street Ankeny, IA 50021 515.964.9444 - Office 800.247.8013 - Toll Free

515.964.7813 - Facsimile

ALBAUGH, INC.

Valdosta Office
P.O. Box 2127
304 Janet Street, Suite H
Valdosta, GA 31604
229.244.3288 - Office
229.244.5841 - Facsimile

FED-X

August 12, 2008

Document Processing Desk (NOTIFY)
Ms. Joanne Miller (PM 23)
Registration Division (7504P)
Office of Pesticide Programs
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
One Potomac Yard (South Bldg)
2777 South Crystal Dr.
Arlington, VA 22202

RE:

Clethodim 2E

EPA Reg. No. 42750-72

Dear Ms. Miller,

The enclosed submission for the above referenced registration is a label notification under PR Notice 98-10 to add California use exclusions. California DPR has requested that we impose these exclusions since the basic registrant does not currently have those uses registered for a 2E formulation.

The exclusions are noted in bold text as follows:

Page 4 – tomato asterisk footnote

Page 7 – onion/garlic sprinkler irrigation

Page 19 - tomato

Page 20 - tomato asterisk footnote

Page 25 – reduced rate recommendation

Page 29 - canola

Please call if you have any questions.

Regards,

Morris Gaskins

Registrations Manager

Albaugh, Inc. 229-244-3288

Page 31 - dry beans and flax

Page 37 – sugar beet tank mix

Page 39 - insecticide tank mix

Page 41 – grass restoration projects

Page 43 - ornamentals



EDITOR's NOTE: 8/12/08 "marked" draft label notification to add Calif. crop exclusions (in bold text).

CLETHODIM 2E

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Clethodim*	
TOTAL:	0%
Contains Petroleum Distillates	
*(E)-2-[1-[[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one	3
CLETHODIM 2E contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

•	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
for treatment.	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information. ICIAN - Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

See inside label booklet for additional PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

EPA Reg. No. 42750-72

EPA Est. No. Xxxxxx-xx-xxx

NET CONTENTS: 1 gallon

MANUFACTURED BY: Albaugh, Inc. Ankeny, IA 50021

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton > 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist.

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the North, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton > 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place in original container.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Non-refillable containers (1, 2.5 gallon): Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

(non-refillable <5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

TANK MIXES

Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

CHEMIGATION

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems.

Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

GENERAL INFORMATION

CLETHODIM 2E is for use on:

Alfalfa, Asparagus, Bean and Pea (dry)¹, Bean and Pea (succulent)², Broccoli, Cabbage, Canola*, Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)³, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only), Conifer, Cotton, Cranberry, Cucumber, Eggplants (and other Fruiting Vegetables)⁴, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), Flax*, Garden Beet, Garlic, Herbs⁵, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶, Legume Vegetables (edible podded)⁷, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens)⁸, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)⁹, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other Leafy Brassica Greens)¹⁰, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulbs and green), Ornamentals, Peanuts (including perennial), Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potato, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Soybeans, Squash (including Pumpkins), Strawberry, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Sweet Potato, Tomato*, and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹²

* Not for use in California

- Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white
 and white sweet; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean,
 black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry),
 chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon
- Other Succulent Bean and Pea crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E includes: Bean (Lupinus spp.), grain, sweet, white
 and white and white sweet; Bean (Phaseolus spp.), field kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (Vigna spp.), adzuki
 bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry),
 chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.), field and pideon
- 3. Other head and stem brassica vegetables approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E: Chinese broccoli, brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, cavalo broccoli and kohlrabi.
- Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo.
- 5. Other Herb crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, bumet, chamomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.

- 6. Other root vegetables approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip.
- Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: Bean (*Phaseoulus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean.
- 8. Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (roquette), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and Malabar).
- 9. Other cucurbit crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew Melon.
- 10. Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens and turnip greens.
- 11. Other leaf petiole crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.
- 12. Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric and bean yam.

CLETHODIM 2E is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided in this label.

CLETHODIM 2E is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. CLETHODIM 2E does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

In some grass species, repeated use of CLETHODIM 2E (or similar postemergence grass herbicides with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products.

A resistant biotype may be present if poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions. This will most likely occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

Do not allow CLETHODIM 2E to contact desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

Control Symptoms

A reduction in vigor and growth is evident in treated grass weeds. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Application Timing

Apply CLETHODIM 2E postemergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations in this label. Do not apply to grass plants under stress from insufficient moisture or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages as unsatisfactory control may result.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, CLETHODIM 2E should be applied

as soon as possible after an irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of CLETHODIM 2E will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of CLETHODIM 2E may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY CLETHODIM 2E if rainfall is expected within one hour, since control may be reduced.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT O	R CROP OIL CONCENTRATE
CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
Alfalfa, Cotton, Dry Bean, Dry Pea, Edible Podded Legume Vegetables, Peanuts (including perennial), Potato, Soybeans, Succulent Bean & Pea, Sugar Beet, Sunflower,	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air.
Sumores,	1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N) or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to CLETHODIM 2E applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Asparagus, Canola, Carrot, Clover, Cranberry, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato), Garden Beet, Garlic, Head & Stem Brassica Vegetables, Herbs, Hops, Leaf Petioles, Leafy Brassica greens, Leafy Greens, Mint, Mustard Seed, Onions (dry bulbs and green), Root Vegetables, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Strawberry, Sweet Potato (Yam & other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables except Potato) and Tomato	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise. For these crops, the addition of liquid fertilizer is not recommended.
Non-Bearing Food Crops, Ornamental Plants	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

*Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use a minimum of 5 gallons and a maximum of 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gallons per acre is required: narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, and shallots (dry bulbs and green) should be made in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gallons of spray solution per acre. As grass or crop foliage becomes dense, increase spray volume up to 10 gallons. For onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green): When applying by air do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gallons of spray solution per acre.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when CLETHODIM 2E is applied to onions, garlic, or shallots with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix $\frac{1}{2}$ % (0.33 oz. to 0.65 oz. per gallon) CLETHODIM 2E and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gallon) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at $\frac{1}{2}$ % (0.33 oz. per gallon) by volume.

NOTE: If CLETHODIM 2E is applied as a spot treatment, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION – ONIONS (Dry Bulbs and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION (Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label)

• Do not apply CLETHODIM 2E by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington

Apply CLETHODIM 2E at the high rate recommended for annual grasses (16 fl. oz. per acre) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply CLETHODIM 2E in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject CLETHODIM 2E into irrigation water at a constant flow.

Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that CLETHODIM 2E be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

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Use Precautions

- 1. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- 2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

General

- Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as unsatisfactory control may occur.
- Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of CLETHODIM 2E or reduced grass control may result.
- CLETHODIM 2E is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- For canola, do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. of CLETHODIM 2E (0.08 lb. ai) per acre per season. For clover, flax, mustard seed and radish crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of CLETHODIM 2E (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season. For all other crops, do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of CLETHODIM 2E (0.50 lb. ai) per acre per season. Application on Long Island, New York, is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. of CLETHODIM 2E (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to the following crops:

asparagus, brassica vegetables (head and stem), bean (succulent), carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, legume vegetables (edible podded), non-bearing food crops, pea (shelled), pea (succulent), root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to canola, or mustard seed. For all other crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of CLETHODIM 2E (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per application Exceeding these recommendations may result in unacceptable crop injury.

- Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying CLETHODIM 2E under conditions that do not
 promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought,
 excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or
 stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not
 absorb and translocate CLETHODIM 2E effectively, and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.
- Best perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices, (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than two CLETHODIM 2E applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.
- Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to CLETHODIM 2E.
- While all vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to CLETHODIM 2E, not all
 specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying CLETHODIM
 2E to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a
 small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as
 leaf speckling or stunting.
- Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.
- Tank mixes of CLETHODIM 2E and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of CLETHODIM 2E may be necessary.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT

Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift including:

- Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive. Do not spray if wind speed is 10 MPH or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions. Do not spray if winds are gusty.
- Use extreme caution when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought, low relative humidity), especially when sensitive plants are located nearby.
- Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.
- Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:
 - 1. Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
 - 2. Orienting nozzles straight back with the windstream, using straight stream orifices for aerial

- applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.
- 3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.
- 4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR CLETHODIM 2E

		<u> </u>		
Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum	Use Rates	Crop Oil	Special Use Instructions
	Time From	Per Acre	Concentrate Rates	
	Application to		Per Acre ⁽²⁾	
	Harvest (PHI)			
Alfalfa including:	15 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁴⁾	1 qt. by ground or	Do not plant rotational crops until
Sainfoin	before		1.0% v/v (but not	30 days after application of
Holy Clover	grazing,		less than 1 pt./A)	CLETHODIM 2E (5, 6)
Birdsfoot trefoil ⁽³⁾	feeding or		by air ⁽⁵⁾	
	harvesting		•	The addition of AMS has shown
	(cutting) for		•	improved grass control for
	forage or hay		,	difficult to control species
				including: quackgrass, Rhizome
,			• .	johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats,
	,			volunteer cereals, and volunteer
				corn.
Asparagus	1 day	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl.
			finished spray	oz./A in a single application.
			volume.	
				For repeat applications make on
				a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Beans, Dry including:	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or	Do not apply more than 16 fl.
Bean (Lupinus spp.)			1.0% v/v (but not	oz./A per application.
Grain ·			less than 1 pt./A)	
Sweet			by air ⁽⁵⁾	For repeat applications make on
White	,		•	a minimum of a 14 day interval.
White Sweet				Barra ta a company
Bean (Phaseolus spp.)			,	Refer to appropriate Table for
Field				reduced rate recommendations
Kidney				for the control of small annual
Lima (dry)				grasses.
Navy				The addition of AMS has shown
Pinto				improved grass control for
Tepary Bean (Vigna spp.)				difficult to control species
Adzuki Bean				including: quackgrass, Rhizome
Black-eyed Pea				johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats,
Catjang				volunteer cereals, and volunteer
Cowpea				corn.
Crowder Pea		,		
Moth Bean				
Mung Bean				
Rice Bean				
Southern Pea	· ·			

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum	Use Rates	Crop Oil	Special Use Instructions
	Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Urd Bean Broad (dry) Chickpea (garbanzo) Guar Lablab Bean Lentil				
Bean, Succulent including: Bean (Phaseolus spp.) Broad Bean (succulent) Lima Bean (green) Bean (vigna spp.)	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. Do not apply more than one (1)
Black-eyed Pea Cowpea Southern Pea				application per acre per season. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including:
·				quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Beet, Garden	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Brassica Vegetables, Head and Stem including: Broccoli Cabbage Cauliflower Brussels sprouts	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Canola	70 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when CLETHODIM 2E is applied during the bloom period.
·				Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not exceed 6 fl. oz./A in a season.
Carrot	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray , volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, observe
				a minimum 14-day interval between applications.

C(1)	Minimum	lles Dates	Con Oil	Consist the Treduction
Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For use on clover grown in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. in a season.
Cotton	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer
Cranberry	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	corn. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. Do not apply between the "hook" stage and full fruit set. For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Cucurbits, including: Cantaloupes (all) Chayote (fruit) Chinese Wax Gourd Citron Melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, Edible Honeydew Melon Muskmelons (all) Pumpkin Squash (all) Watermelon	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Fallow Land Conifer Trees (and other non-producing agricultural areas) Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	N/A	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier.	Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

C===-(1)	Minimum	Han Datas	Cuar Oil	Cooriel Hee Yester etieses
Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates	Special Use Instructions
ì	Application to	Per Acre	Per Acre ⁽²⁾	
	Harvest (PHI)		rei Acre	•
Flax	60 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury
1102	00 00/5	0 0 11. 02.	finished spray	may occur when CLETHODIM 2E
			volume.	is applied during the bloom
		•		period.
			1	Do not apply more than 8 fl.
\				oz./A in a single application.
				Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. of
				CLETHODIM 2E per acre in a
				season.
Fruiting Vegetables	20 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.
(except Tomato),			finished spray	per acre in a single application.
including:			volume.	For youngst applications, share a
Eggplant	•			For repeat applications, observe
Groundcherry				a minimum 14-day interval
Pepino Peppers (all)				between applications.
Tomatillo				
Herbs including:	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	CLETHODIM 2E has not been
Angelica	14 days	0-0 11. 02.	finished spray	tested on all herbs, and herb
Balm			volume	varieties. It is the responsibility
Basil	•		Volume	of the user to test CLETHODIM
Borage				2E on a small portion of the crop
Bumet				to be treated before treating the
Camomile				entire field.
Catnip				
Chervil (dried)				Crop tolerance should be verified
Chive	'			to CLETHODIM 2E on a small
Chive, Chinese				area of the herb crop, at the
Clary				desired CLETHODIM 2E rate and
Coriander (leaf)				with the same crop oil
Costmary				concentrate that will be used on
Culantro (leaf)				the herb field. If no crop
Curry (leaf)				response is evident seven (7)
Dill (dillweed)				days after treatment,
Horehound				CLETHODIM 2E may be used on
Hyssop				the entire field at the rate tested
Lavender				and with the same crop oil used
Lovage (leaf)				in the tolerance test.
Marigold				Do not apply more than 9 fl
Marjoram				Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
(Origanum spp.) Nasturtium				02./A iii a sirigie application.
Parsley (dried)				For repeat applications make on
Pennyroyal				a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Rosemary				a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Rue				
Sage		-		
Savory, Summer and				
Winter				

<u> </u>	Mi i		0 0"	
Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates	Special Use Instructions
	Application to	rei Acie	Per Acre ⁽²⁾	
	Harvest (PHI)		rei Acie	·
Hops	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl.
11003	ZI days	0 0 11. 02.	finished spray	oz./A in a single application.
		}	volume.	02.7A III a sirigle application.
		,	volume.	For repeat applications make on
]		a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Leafy Petioles including:	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl.
Cardoon	30 4473	0 0 111 021	finished spray	oz./A in a single application.
Celery			volume	ozijit in a single application.
Celtuce				For repeat applications make on
Chinese Celery				a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Fennel, Florence		İ		
(finochio)				
Rhubarb		1		
Swiss Chard				
Leafy Brassica Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.
including:	,-		finished spray	per acre in a single application.
Broccoli Raab			volume.	3.2
Cabbage,				For repeat applications, observe
Chinese (Bok Choy)				a minimum 14-day interval
Collards		1		between applications.
Kale				
Mizuna				
Mustard Greens				
Mustard Spinach				
Rape Greens				
Turnip Greens				
Leafy Greens including:	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.
Amaranth			finished spray	per acre in a single application.
Chinese Spinach			volume.	
Leafy Amaranth				For repeat applications, observe
Tampala				a minimum 14-day interval
Arugula (roquette)				between applications.
Chervil				
Chrysanthemum,				·
Garland				
Corn Salad]		
Cress				
Garden				
Upland (yellow				
rock and winter)				·
Dandelion				
Dock (sorrel)				
Endive (escarole)				
Lettuce, Head and Leaf				
Orach				
Parsley				
Purslane)
Garden				
Winter				
Radicchio (red chicory)				
Spinach New Zoland				
New Zeland				
Vine (indian and				
malabar)		1		

			0 0:1	
Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum	Use Rates	Crop Oil	Special Use Instructions
	Time From	Per Acre	Concentrate Rates	,
•	Application to		Per Acre ⁽²⁾	
<u>-</u>	Harvest (PHI)		<u> </u>	
Legume Vegetables,	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or	Do not apply more than 8 fl.
Edible Podded including:			1% v/v (but not	oz./A in a single application.
Bean (Phaseolus spp.)			less than 1 pt./A)	
Runner			by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than one (1)
Snap				application per acre per season.
Wax				
Bean (Vigna spp.)			•	For peas apply before bloom, but
Asparagus				no later than 21 days before
Chinese Longbean				harvest.
Moth				
Yardlong				Refer to appropriate Table for
Jackbean				reduced rate recommendations
Pea (Pisum spp.)				for the control of small annual
Dwarf				grasses.
Edible-pod				3
Snow			1	The addition of AMS has shown
Sugar Snap			·	improved grass control for
Pigeon				difficult to control species
Sword Bean	·			including:
Sword beam				quackgrass, rhizome
				Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats,
				volunteer cereals, and volunteer
Mint	21 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁴⁾	1 qt. by ground or	corn. Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz.
Think the second	21 days	0-10 11. 02.	1.0% v/v (but not	per acre in a single application.
			less than 1 pt./A)	per acre in a single application.
			by air.	For repeat applications, observe
·			by air.	a minimum 14-day interval
			,	
Mustard Seed	7F days	4-6 fl. oz.	10/ 1/1/10 the	between applications.
Mustara Seea	75 days	4-6 11. OZ.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply after crop has
			finished spray	begun bolting. Crop injury may
			volume.	occur when CLETHODIM 2E is
				applied during the bloom period.
		ļ		Do not apply more than 6 fl.
				oz./A in a single application.
				Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. of
				CLETHODIM 2E per acre in a
				season.
Onions	45 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Minimum of 20 gallons per acre
(Dry Bulbs Only)		(7), (8)	finished spray	spray volume by ground in the
		1	volume.	entire U.S.
Garlic		{		
İ				Minimum of 20 gallons per acre
Shallots				spray volume by air in
(Dry Bulbs Only)				California ⁽⁹⁾
(2.) 50.05 51.17)				-
				In states other than California,
				air applications to onions, garlic
				or shallots should be made in a
		,		minimum of 10 gals./A.
L	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	minimum or to gais./A.

/12	T	,		
Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Onions, Green including: Green Eschalots Green Shallots Japanese Bunching Onions Leeks Scallions or Spring Onions	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Ornamentals	N/A	6-16 fl. oz.	Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gallons (0.25% v/v).
Non-Bearing Food Crops	N/A	6-8 fl. oz. ⁽⁸⁾	flowers and foliage. See Special Use Instructions	Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of CLETHODIM 2E application.
Pea, Dry including: Pea (Pisum spp.) Field Pigeon	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season. Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. (10) Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including:
·				quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.

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Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From	Use Rates	Crop Oil	Special Use Instructions
,	Time From	Per Acre	Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	
	Application to	ļ	Per Acre	
Peas, Succulent including:	Harvest (PHI) 21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or	Do not apply more than 8 fl.
Pea (Pisum spp.) English Pea	,		1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A)	oz./A per application.
Garden Pea			by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than one (1)
Green Pea				application per acre per season.
Pigeon Pea				
<i>'</i>				Apply before bloom but not later than 21 days prior to harvest. (10)
				Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual
				grasses.
				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including:
				quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Peanut (including	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or	The addition of AMS has shown
Perennial)			1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome
			by all v	johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Potato	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or	The addition of AMS has shown
			1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A)	improved grass control for difficult to control species
			by air ⁽⁵⁾	including: quackgrass, Rhizome
				johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer
Radish	15 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	corn. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.
Nauisii	15 days	0-Q 11. UZ.	finished spray	per acre in a single application.
			volume.	Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz.
		,		(0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season.
				For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Root Vegetables (except	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz.
Radish), including:			finished spray	per acre in a single application.
Chicory			volume.	
Ginseng			1	For repeat applications, observe
Horseradish				a minimum 14-day interval
Turnip	1	1	1	between applications.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
	Harvest (PHI)			
Safflower	70 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
			volume.	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Sesame	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray	Do not apply during flowering.
			volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Soybean	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.
				Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer
	<u> </u>			corn.
Strawberry	4 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application.
				For repeat applications, observe a minimum 14-day interval between applications.
Sugar Beet	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species
				including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Sunflower	70 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats,
·				volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Sweet Potato, Yam and other tuberous and corm vegetables (except Potato), including: Artichoke – Chinese, Jerusalem Cassava – Bitter, Sweet Ginger	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Tomato Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label	20 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

N/A = Not Applicable

- (1) CLETHODIM 2E is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- (2) Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the Addition of Adjuvant and Crop Oil Concentrate section for further information.
- (3) CLETHODIM 2E may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop, or direct grazing.
- (4) For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz./A.
- (5) 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to CLETHODIM 2E applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate.
- (6) Do not apply CLETHODIM 2E and 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60 day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.
- (7) For ground applications to garlic or shallots, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For air applications to onion, garlic or shallots, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For garlic and shallots do not exceed 2 applications per season. In CA for air applications to onions, do not exceed 2 applications per season.
- (8) If CLETHODIM 2E is applied as a spot treatment to onions, garlic, shallots, or non-bearing food crops, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.
- (9) In California, do not apply CLETHODIM 2E to onions, garlic, or shallots until the crop has at least two full leaves. In California, 14 day spray intervals are recommended between the application of CLETHODIM 2E and Liquid Nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.
- (10) Applications of CLETHODIM 2E to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity.

CLETHODIM 2E is for use on:

Alfalfa, Asparagus, Bean and Pea (Dry)1, Bean and Pea (Succulent)2, Broccoli,

Cabbage, Canola*, Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)³, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton, Cranberry, Cucumber, Eggplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables)⁴, Flax*, Garden Beet, Garlic, Herbs⁵, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶, Legume Vegetables (edible podded)ժ, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens)⁶, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)⁶, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other Leafy Brassica Greens)¹o, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulbs and green), Peanuts (including perennial), Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potato, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Soybeans, Spinach, Squash (including Pumpkins)⁶, Strawberry, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Sweet Potato, Tomato*, and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹²

* Not for use in California

- Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white
 and white sweet; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki bean,
 black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry),
 chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon
- Other Succulent Bean and Pea crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E includes: Bean (Lupinus spp.), grain, sweet, white
 and white and white sweet; Bean (Phaseolus spp.), field kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (Vigna spp.), adzuki
 bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry),
 chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.), field and pideon
- 3. Other head and stem brassica vegetables approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E: Chinese broccoli, brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, cavalo broccoli and kohlrabi.
- Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo.
- Other Herb crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, bumet, chamomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.
- Other root vegetables approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip.
- Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: Bean (*Phaseoulus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean.
- 8. Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: amaranth (Chinese Spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (roquette), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and Malabar).
- Other cucurbit crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew Melon.
- 10. Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens and turnip greens.
- 11. Other leaf petiole crops approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.
- 12. Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with CLETHODIM 2E include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric and bean yam.

CLETHODIM 2E should not be applied to non-bearing fruit or nut crops that are grown for root stock.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if CLETHODIM 2E is improperly applied. CLETHODIM 2E should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants that will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following CLETHODIM 2E application.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	Malus spp.
Berries	Vaccinium spp.
	Rubus spp.
Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium
Citrus Fruits	Citrus spp.
Grapes	Vitis spp.
Olives	Olea spp.
Peach	Prunus persica
Pears	Pyrus communis
Prunes	Prunus spp.
Stone Fruits	Prunus spp.
Strawberries	Fragaria spp.
Tree Nuts	
Almond	Prunus dulcis
Filbert	Corylus maxima
Pecan .	Carya illinoinensis
Pistachio	Pistacia vera
Walnut	Juglans spp.

CONIFER TREES

CLETHODIM 2E can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	Thula occidentalis
Cedars	Cedrus spp.
Cypress `	Taxodium spp.
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Firs	Abies spp.
Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Hemlock, Western	Tsuga heterophylla
Pines	Pinus spp.
Spruces	Picea spp.
Yew	Taxus spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage

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yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways and post-harvest croplands. Also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens. Leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to canola, or mustard seed.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed* Height	Rate	High Rate ⁽⁴⁾
	 	(inches)	(fl. oz./acre)	
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2-8	6	8
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2-6	6	8
Brome			1	
California	Bromus carinatus	2-6	6	8
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	2-6	6	8
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2-6	6	8
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2-6	6	8
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1-4	6	8 ·
Crabgrass				
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2-6**	6	8
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2-6**	6	8
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2-6**	6	8
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2-6**	6	8
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2-6**	6	8
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2-8	6	8
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2-6	6	8
Foxtail				
Giant	Setaria faberi	2-12	6	8
Green	Setaria viridis	2-8	6	8
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2-8	6	8
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2-6**	6	8
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	2-6	6	8
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2-6	6	8
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2-6	6	8
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1-4	6	8
Red Rice	Oryza sativa	1-3	6	8
Ryegrass				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2-6	6	8
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2-6	6	8
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4-10	6	8
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6-18	6	8

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed* Height (inches)	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	High Rate ⁽⁴⁾
Southwestern Cupgrass	Eriochlola gracillis	2-6	6	8
Sprangletop				
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2-6	6	8
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2-6	6	8
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2-6	. 6	8
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2-6	6	8
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	2-6	6	8
Volunteer Cereals (3)				
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2-6	6	8
Oats	Avena sativa	2-6	6	8
Rye	Secale cereale	2-6	6	8
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2-6	· 6	8 .
Volunteer Corn (2)	Zea mays	4-12	4	6
Volunteer Corn (S.R.) (1)	Zea mays	4-12	8	(suppression only)
Volunteer Corn (2)	Zea mays	12-24	6	8
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8-12	6	8
Wild Oats	Aven fatua	2-6	6	8
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2-10	6	8
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2-8	6	8
Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2-8	6	8

^{*}Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering

- Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A may be applied in certain geographic areas, environmental conditions, or cropping situations, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A may be applied. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens. Leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to canola or mustard seed.
- 2. When the cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum CLETHODIM 2E use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A.
- 3. Includes Roundup Ready[®], Liberty Link[®] and IMI-CORN[®] volunteer corn.
- 4. Sethoxydim resistant volunteer corn.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH CLETHODIM 2E

Grass Species	Weed Stage	Rate	High Rate
1		(fl. oz./acre)	
Annual & Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10	16

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying CLETHODIM 2E before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds.

^{**}Length of lateral growth

These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated application of CLETHODIM 2E for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: In established alfalfa and mint, irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of CLETHODIM 2E and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days following irrigation are most effective. More consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation occurs before the application is made but irrigation shortly after application (2 days) can be effective.

Aerial Application: Apply CLETHODIM 2E in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply CLETHODIM 2E at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendation for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated above (8 to 16 fl. oz./A). If a grass has been cut, apply CLETHODIM 2E after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring and summer germinating plants, while others are fall germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to CLETHODIM 2E may vary from region to region. Also some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule, spray spring and summer germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: CLETHODIM 2E effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermudagrass, Johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate when grasses are at or near maximum height and/or under heavy grass pressure.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH CLETHODIM 2E

(fl. oz./acre)	Weed Stage Rate High Rate	Weed Stage	Grass Species
Appual Pluggrass (Pop appua)	(fl. oz./acre)		· ·
Allitual bluegrass (roa allitua) to 4-Leal 6"	to 4-Leaf 6* 16	to 4-Leaf	Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua)

^{*}Use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./acre to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint.

- 1. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s). Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation.
- 2. Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.
- 3. Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.
- 4. Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./acre by ground to the finished spray volume.

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DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA, DRY BEAN & DRY PEA (INCLUDING SOYBEANS), EDIBLE PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT BEAN & PEA AND SUGAR BEET

(REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS ARE NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA **UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY A SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL)**

- Make applications only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height	Rate
	<u>'</u>	(inches)	(fl. oz./acre) (1)
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1-4	4
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	1-4	5
Crabgrass			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1-3*	4
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1-4*	5
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1-3*	4
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1-4*	5
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	1-4*	5
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	. 1-4	4
Foxtail			
Giant	Setaria faberi	1-4	4
Green	Setaria viridis	1-4	4
Millet	Setaria italica	1-4	5
Yellow	Setaria glauca	1-4	4
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	1-6	5
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	4-10	4
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	1-4	- 5
Volunteer Cereals			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	1 to 4	5
Oats	Avena sativa	1 to 4	5
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Corn**	Zea mays	4-12	4
Wild Oats	Aven fatua	1-4	5
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1-6	4

- Length of lateral growth
- ** Not sethoxydim resistant corn
- Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./acre by ground to the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Make applications only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate when grasses are at maximum height and/or under heavy grass pressure.

 Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens. Leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of CLETHODIM 2E per application to canola or mustard seed.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height	Rate	High Rate
Damarida	Consider destates	(inches)	(fl. oz./acre)	
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon	2 (1.0
First Application		3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
(if regrowth occurs)				
Fescue, tall	Festuca arundinacea			
First Application		4-8	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		4-8	8	16
(if regrowth occurs)				
Foxtail Barley	Hordeum jubatum			
First Application		2-6	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		2-6 2-6	8	16
(if regrowth occurs)				
Orchardgrass	Dactylis glomerata			
First Application	Jacopino granici di	4-8	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		4-8	8	16 ′
(if regrowth occurs)				
Quackgrass*	Elytrigia repens			
First Application		4-12	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		4-12	8	16
(if regrowth occurs)				
			·	
Rhizome Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense			
First Application		12-24	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		6-18	6	8
(if regrowth occurs)				
Wirestem Muhly	Muhlenbergia frondonsa			· ·
First Application		4-8	. 8	16
Repeat Application(s)		4-8	8	16
(if regrowth occurs)				
<u> </u>				
Perennial Bluegrass*				
Roughstalk	Poa trivialis			
Kentucky	Poa prantensis			
First Application	,	2-4	8	16
Repeat Application(s)		2-4	8	16
(if regrowth occurs)		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Bentgrass*	Agrostis spp.			
	·		·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height (inches)	Rate (fl. oz./acre)	High Rate
First Application		2-4	-	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)		2-4	-	16

^{*}Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with CLETHODIM 2E may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lbs./acre.

TANK MIXES

GENERAL INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with CLETHODIM 2E are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the CLETHODIM 2E label in certain considerations. These may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Geographic restrictions not all products are registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (i.e., protective clothing requirements, reentry time);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics;
- 6. Maximum application rate or number or applications allowed per season;
- 7. Rain free period required;
- 8. Application timing (E.G. PRE-HARVEST INTERVAL)
- 9. Do not exceed the total season rates.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF CLETHODIM 2E AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop
 injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new
 grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E as specified in the respective size and
 rate tables.
- Do not tank mix CLETHODIM 2E when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Use the jar test to verify mixing and compatibility properties. Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Unsatisfactory weed control may result due to improper mixing if continuous agitation is not maintained during application.

CLETHODIM 2E Tank Mix: Add ½ the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of CLETHODIM 2E and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of tank mix partner and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and/or nitrogen fertilizer and the remaining water.

Information on Antagonism

Tank mixes of CLETHODIM 2E with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when CLETHODIM 2E is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES IN THIS LABEL FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

RECONSTESS OF THE PROPERTY OF	APPLICATION PATER (A CDE (1)				
	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾				
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)		
			GROUND	AIR	
CLETHODIM 2E	10 TO 16 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.			
+	+	+	1%	1%	
2,4-DB ⁽⁴⁾	Refer to 2,4-DB label	Refer to 2,4-DB label			
CLETHODIM 2E	10 to 16 fl. oz				
+	+				
PURSUIT DG ⁽⁵⁾	1.08 to 2.16 oz.		1%	1%	
·or	or				
PURSUIT ⁽⁵⁾	3 to 6 fl. oz.			•	
CLETHODIM 2E	10 to 16 fl. oz.				
· + .	+				
BUCTRIL®2L(6)	1.0 to 1.5 pts.	-	0.5%	0.5%	
or	· or		1		
BUCTRIL GEL ^(6,7)	0.5 to 0.75 pt.	•			

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- 4. CLETHODIM 2E plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrown this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.
- 5. Before using this tank mix, read and understand the PURSUIT or PRUSUIT DG labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. Do no feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application or PURSUIT to alfalfa.
- 6. In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: The CLETHODIM 2E plus

BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliates. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. CLETHODIM 2E plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F and 3 days following application can result in unacceptable crop injury. In the states no listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliate leaves. When alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage of growth. CLETHODIM 2E plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F and 3 days following application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following CLETHODIM 2E plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.

7. Do not apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.

CANOLA

REDUCED RATE CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CANOLA (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES.)

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE				
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES(1)	PERENNIAL	AMMONIUM SULFATE		
	ANNUAL GRASSES.	GRASSES	GROUND	AIR	
CLETHODIM 2E ⁽²⁾	4 to 5 fl. oz.				
+	+.	-	3.0 lbs.	3.0 lbs.	
LIBERTY ⁽³⁾	34 fl. oz.				

- 1. Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.
- 2. Do not apply CLETHODIM 2E tan mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.
- 3. For use only on LiberyLink® canola.

COTTON

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® HERBICIDE AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

Product ⁽²⁾	Application Rates/Acre ⁽¹⁾		Crop Oil Concentrate ⁽³⁾	Comments
		,		
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v	Reduce broadcast
+	See the COBRA® label	for rates to control broa	dleaf weeds and	rate in proportion to
`COBRA® Herbicide	height limitations for c	otton. Refer to the CLET	THODIM 2E label for	the band area
+	weed height and speci	weed height and species controlled.		
MSMA	See the MSMA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height			
(4.0 lbs./gal.)	limitations for cotton. Refer to the CLETHODIM 2E label for weed			
or	height and species controlled.			*
MSMA	,			
(6.6 lbs./gal.)				

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to

- intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- 4. If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of CLETHODIM 2E may be necessary.

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL® 4EC HERBICIDE TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

Product ⁽²⁾	Application Rate/Acre ⁽¹⁾	Crop Oil Concentrate(3)	Comments ⁽⁷⁾
	Annual Grasses		
CLETHODIM 2E + BUCTRIL [®] 4EC Herbicide ^(4,5,6)	8 to 16 fl. oz./A See the BUCTRIL® 4EC Herbicide label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton	1 qt./A	See charts for grasses controlled

- If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-BUCTRIL® tank mix.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.
- 3. Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray solution.
- 4. Applications of BUCTRIL® 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil.
- 5. Do not apply the CLETHODIM 2E plus BUCTRIL® tank mix within 75 days of harvest.
- 6. Do not exceed two applications of BUCTRIL® before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after cotton is 12 inches tall.
- 7. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of spray solution per acre.

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

	APPLICATIO	N RATE/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	ADJUVANŤ		COMMENTS
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation with built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built in adjuvant	See charts for grasses controlled
	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant @ - 0.125 to	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus	Use a minimum of 10 gals. of
CLETHODIM 2E + GLYPHOSATE			0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	spray solution per acre.

1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil.

DRY BEAN & SUCCULENT BEAN

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR DRY BEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES.)

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾					
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)			
•			GROUND	AIR		
CLETHODIM 2E	8 to 10 fl. oz. +	10 to 16 fl. oz. +	1%	1%		
BASAGRAN®	1.0 to 2.0 pts./A	1 to 2 pts.				

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

FLAX

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

REDUCED RATE CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR FLAX (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE				
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	PERENNIAL	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE		
		GRASSES	GROUND	AIR	
CLETHODIM 2E	4 to 5 fl. oz.				
+	+	· <u>-</u>	1 pt.	1 pt.	
BRONATE ADVANCED ^{TM(2,3)}	11.4 fl. oz.				
CLETHODIM 2E	4 to 5 fl. oz.				
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.	
BRONATE®(2, 3)	0.9 pt.				
CLETHODIM 2E	4 to 5 fl. oz.				
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.	
BUCTRIL ^(2, 3)	1.0 pt.				
CLETHODIM 2E	4 to 5 fl. oz.				
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.	
RHONOX®(2, 3).	0.25 to 0.5 pt.		·		

- Annual grasses and sized controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE USE IN DRY BEANS, CANOLA, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SOYBEANS AND SUGAR BEETS RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.
- 2. Do not apply CLETHODIM 2E tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.
- 3. Do not apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur.

SOYBEAN

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES⁽³⁾ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEANS

Product	Product Acre Rate ⁽¹⁾	Grass Height	Crop Oil Concentrate ⁽²⁾ +	28% N or 32% N qts./A OR
	<u> </u>			2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
CLETHODIM 2E	3 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3" Fall Panicum 1 to 3"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A <i>or</i> 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4" Fall Panicum 1 to 4'	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A <i>or</i> 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
+ 2,4-D ester*	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. a.i.	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed)	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A <i>or</i> 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

*2,4-D ester should not be used where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

- 1. If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.
- 3. The following products can be tank mixed with CLETHODIM 2E plus 2,4-D ester: Dual® Magnum, Prowl®, Sencor® and Sencor® plus Dual® Magnum

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES IN THIS LABEL FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

		APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE(1)	
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
CLETHODIM 2E	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	+	+	.0.5 to 1%	1%
COBRA®	12.5 fl. oz.	12.5 fl. oz.	ļ	
CLETHODIM 2E	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1	
+	+	+	1%	1%
BASAGRAN® 4 SL	1 to 2 pts.	1 to 2 pts.		
CLETHODIM 2E				
Glyphosate	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
(For use on Roundup	+ .	+	0.5 to 1% ⁽⁴⁾	1% ⁽⁴⁾
Ready soybeans	0.75 to 3.0 lb. ai	0.75 to 3.0 lb ai		
only)			.	
CLETHODIM 2E	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.		
+	+	+	0.5 to 1%	1%
BLAZER® 2 SL	1 to 1.5 pts.	1 to 1.5 pts.		
	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. Refer		
CLETHODIM 2E	Refer to the	to the Flexstar® HL		
+	Flexstar® HL label	label for specific	1%	1%
FLEXSTAR® HL (5)	for specific	application rates.		
CLETHODIM 2E	application rates.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	 	
CLE I HODINI ZE	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 (0 16 11, 02,	1%	1%
CLASSIC® 25 DG	0.5 to 0.75 oz.	0.5 to 0.75 oz.	170	1 70
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	<u> </u>	
+	+	+	1%	1%
PURSUIT® 70 DG	4 fl. oz.	4 fl. oz.		

		APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE(1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DDODUCT(2)	ANIAULAL CDACCEC	PERENNIAL	CROP OIL CONCE	NTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			· · · ·
+ .	+		,	•
COBRA®	6 to 8 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
+	+	•		
CLASSIC® 25 DG	0.5 to 0.75 oz.			
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.		·	
+ COBRA®	+ 6 to 10 fl. oz.		0.50/	1%
+	+		0.5%	170
BASAGRAN® 4 SL	1 to 1.5 pts.			
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		A-15-F-17-77-
+	+			
COBRA®	6 to 10 fl. oz.	<u></u>	0.5%	1%
+	+ .			
PURSUIT® 70 DG	4 fl. oz.			,
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+		0.5%	1%
STORM®	1.5 pts.			
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+ +	+		10/	1.07
RESOURCE® +	4 fl. oz. +	·	1%	1%
PURSUIT® 70 DG	4 fl. oz.			
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			
RESOURCE®	4 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+		_,,,	
BASAGRAN®	1 pt.			
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			
RESOURCE®	4 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+ CLASSIC®	+)			•
CLASSIC ⁹ CLETHODIM 2E ⁽⁴⁾	0.5 fl. oz.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+ COBRA®	+			
+	6 fl. oz.	 , i	0.5%	1%
RESOURCE®	+			
Herbicide	4 fl. oz.			
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	+	+	1%	
FIRSTRATE®	0.3 oz./A	0.3 oz./A		
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		•
+ CODD 4 ®	+	+	10/	
COBRA®	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.	1%	
+ FIRSTRATE®	+ 0.3 oz./A	+ 0.3 oz./A		
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.3 02./7		4.0.
+	+		1%	
RAPTOR® (1 AS)	4 to 5 fl. oz./A		-/•	:
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+	+			
COBRA®	6 to 8 fl. oz.	**	1%	
+	+ ,			
RAPTOR® (1 AS)	4 to 5 fl. oz./A		·	

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)				
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL CRACCEC	PERENNIAL	CROP OIL CON	CENTRATE(3) (V/V)	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES	GROUND	· AIR	
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz./A ⁽⁶⁾				
+	+ .		1 qt./A		
SYNCHRONY® STS™	0.5 oz./A		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz./A ⁽⁶⁾		:		
+ _	+	•			
COBRA®	4 to 8 fl. oz.		1 pt./A		
+ _	+		•		
SYNCHRONY® STS™	0.5 oz./A				
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.				
+	+	**	1 qt./A		
RESOURCE®	4 to 12 fl. oz./A				
	8 to 10 fl. oz.			•	
CLETHODIM 2E (4)	+				
+	Refer to the		1%		
FRONTROW™	FRONTROW™ label	•			
	for use rates				
	6 to 8 fl.oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.			
CLETHODIM 2E	+	+			
CLETHODIN ZE	0.3 oz.	0.3 oz.	,		
FIRSTRATE	+	+	1%		
TUSILMIL	Refer to the	Refer to the	1 /0		
FLEXSTAR HL ⁽⁵⁾	FLEXSTAR HL label	FLEXSTAR HL label			
LEEVOLVIC LE.	for specific	for specific			
	application rates.	application rates.			

- If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- 4. The addition of 2.5 lb. of ammonium sulfate is required when CLETHODIM 2E is tank mixed with Glyphosate. If the Glyphosate formulation has a stand alone built in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v nonionic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate. If the glyphosate formulation does not have a built in adjuvant system, add 0.5 to 1% crop oil concentrate for ground application and 1% v/v for aerial application.
- 5. The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, or 32% N) is recommended when CLETHODIM 2E is tank mixed with PURSUIT®, RESOURCE®, GALAXY™, STORM®, FIRSTRATE®, SYNCHRONY®, RAPTOR®, FRONTROW™, COBRA® plus CLASSIC®, COBRA® plus BASAGRAN®, COBRA® plus PURSUIT®, COBRA® plus FIRSTRATE®, COBRA® plus SYNCHRONY®, and COBRA® plus RAPTOR®. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.
- 6. Refer to FLEXSTAR® HL label for geographic and rotational restrictions.
- 7. Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those which are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS AT A REDUCED RATE table.

REDUCED RATE CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (REFER TO TABLE FOR REDUCED RATE USE IN DRY BEAN, CANOLA, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SOYBEAN AND SUGAR BEET RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STATES)

	, A	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE	=(1)		
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽²⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES CROP CONCENTR (V/V		ATE ^(3,4)	
			GROUND	AIR	
CLETHODIM 2E	4 to 8 fl. oz.				
+	+	- '	1%	1%	
FIRSTRATE	0.3 oz.		·		
CLETHODIM 2E	4 to 6 fl. oz				
+	+	-	1%	1%	
PURSUIT 70 DG	1.44 oz.	-			

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixes are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- 4. The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is required when CLETHODIM 2E is tank mixed at reduce rate. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY VOUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS WITH CLETHODIM 2E HERBICIDE TANK MIX

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	CLETHODIM 2E Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations with built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	1.0 to 2.0 lb. ai./A	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125
12 to 18	5	(Approximately equivalent to 22 to	to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium
18 to 24	6	44 fl. oz./A of ROUNDUP weather MAX)	sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals/ of carrier

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	CLETHODIM 2E Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations without built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	Up to 2.0 lb. ai./A	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A
12 to 18	5		plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5
18 to 24	6	(Equivalent to 32 to 64 fl. oz./A of ROUNDUP Original)	to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier

1. Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup Ready soybeans.

PEANUT (Including PERENNIAL)

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES.)

	Δ	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE	1)		
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽²⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CONCENTR	ROP OIL CENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
,			GROUND	AIR	
CLETHODIM 2E + BASAGRAN®	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A	-	1%	1%	
CLETHODIM 2E + ULTRA BLAZER	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 0.5 to 1.5 pts.	-	1%	1%	
CLETHODIM 2E + STORM	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 1.5 pts.	-	1%	1%	

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY

IN	PEANUT	WITH	CLETHODIM	2E
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GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES" & "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES"	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage	16	32

Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying CLETHODIM 2E for grass suppression.

Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

SUGAR BEET

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXED WITH SPUR® (clopyralid) APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS
(Refer to the recommendation tables for specific grasses and growth stages)

Product ⁽²⁾	Application	Crop Oil Concentrate(3		
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air
CLETHODIM 2E +	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1% v	// v



SPUR®	See the SPUR® label for rates.	Refer to the CLETHODIM 2E label for weed
	height and species controlled.	

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® OR BETANEX® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

Product ⁽²⁾	Weeds Controlled		Weed Height	Application Rate/Acre ⁽¹⁾
	Common Name	Scientific Name		
CLETHODIM 2E (3)	Barnyardgrass	Echinochioa crus- galli	1-3″	
BETAMIX®	Foxtail Foxtail Millet Wild Oats Wild Proso Millet	Setaria spp. Setaria italica Avena fatua Panicum milaceum	1-3" 1-3" 1-3" 1-3"	8 fl. oz.
OR BETANEX®	Wild Proso Millet	Panicum milaceum	See the BETAMIX® and	oadleaf weeds. No

- 1. Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.
- 2. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 3. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

CLETHODIM 2E PLUS BETANEX OR BETAMIX TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION)

		APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES CONTROLLED (inches)	METHYLA SEED OI (V/V)	
			GROUND	AIR
CLETHODIM 2E + BETANEX + BETAMIX	2 to 3 fl. oz. + 8 - 12 fl. oz. ⁽³⁾ + 8 - 12 fl. oz. ⁽³⁾	Green Foxtail (1-2) Yellow Foxtail (1-2) Barnyardgrass (1-2) Wild Oat (1-2) Volunteer Cereals (1-2)	1.5%	1.5%

- 1. Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- 2. Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- 3. Use 8 fl. oz./A rate when sugar beet are in the cotyledon to 4 leaf stage. Rate can be increased up to

12 fl. oz./A when the smallest sugar beet plants in the field are in the 4 leaf stage or larger.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE FOR MICRO-RATE APPLICATIONS TO SUGAR BEETS

General Information

Multiple micro-rate applications of CLETHODIM 2E in tank mixtures will reduce rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beets to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. The rate of BETANEX or BETAMIX must not exceed 0.12 lb. ai/A (broadcast application) when in combination with these spray adjuvants. Note that maximum rate allowed varies depending on crop growth stage. The use of wetting agents or spray adjuvants with conventional rates (0.73 to 1.22 lb. ai/A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. ai/A) applications of BETNEX or BETAMIX is prohibited on the BETANEX or BETAMIX master label. Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control. All use precautions and restrictions on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master labels must be followed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING MICRO-RATE MULTIPLE APPLICATIONS OF CLETHODIM 2E TANK MIXES

Apply CLETHODIM 2E in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A in tank mixtures with either BETANEX or BETAMIX following the directions for use on the tank mix partner label. A minimum of three sequential applications of 2 fl. oz./A or a minimum of 2 sequential applications of 3 fl. oz./A should be utilized for CLETHODIM 2E tank mixtures. A minimum of 3 sequential applications of BETANEX or BETAMIX should be used. Accurate timing is essential; make initial application immediately after weeds emerge, and make repeat applications on 5 to 7 day intervals. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of CLETHODIM 2E (6 to 8 fl. oz./A) and add rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX in tank mixtures with CLETHODIM 2E, a spray adjuvant is not recommended.

USE PRECAUTIONS FOR MICRO-RATE APPLICATIONS: (SEE CLETHODIM 2E, BETANEX and BETAMIX MASTER LABEL FOR FURTHER USE PRECAUTIONS.)

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Conventional rate of CLETHODIM 2E, BETANEX or BETAMIX and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. Albuagh, Inc. will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications. Methylated seed oils must not be added if the BETANEX or BETAMIX rate exceeds 0.12 lb. ai/A broadcast, as the addition of methylated seed oils could increase the possibility of crop injury at dosage rates greater than 0.12 lb. ai/A.

GROUND APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals. and a maximum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF CLETHODIM 2E AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

		APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹)
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)
CLETHODIM 2E	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	10/
+ EMINENT®	+ 13 fl. oz.	13 fl. oz.	1%

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix fungicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Refer to CLETHODIM 2E and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF CLETHODIM 2E AND INSECTICIDES FOR THE CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUTS (Including PERENNIAL), SOYBEANS & SUNFLOWER

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

	APPL	ICATION RATES/AC	RE ⁽¹⁾	i		CRC	PS		
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ⁽³⁾	Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4,5)	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
CLETHODIM 2E	6 to 8 fl. oz	8 to 16 fl. oz.							
+ ,	+	+							
ORTHENE® 75 S	0.33 to 1.33 lbs.	0.33 to 1.33 lbs	1%		X	×	×		
or ORTHENE 97	Or		1			\ ·			
CLETHODIM 2E	0.25 to 1.0 lb. 6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.25 to 1.0 lb. 8 to 16 fl. oz.		 	-		 		Н
CLE I HODIM SE	0 (U 8 II. UZ.	8 (0 16 11, 02,	1%		×	x	x	x	
ORTHENE 90 S ⁽⁶⁾	0.25 to 1 lb	0.25 to 1 lb.	170		^	^	^	^	
CLETHODIM 2E	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.					i —		
+	+	+	1%		x	ĺ	x		
DANITOL® 2.4 EC	10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz	10 2/3 to 16 fl.oz		ĺ	ĺ		ĺ		
CLETHODIM 2E	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.							
CLL I NODIM ZL	+	+	1%	1					x
ASANA XL®	Refer to ASANA XL label	Refer to ASANA XL label							$ \hat{\ } $
CLETHODIM 3E	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.							
CLETHODIM 2E	+	+	1%		}		ļ		$ _{x} $
WARRIOR®	Refer to WARRIOR	Refer to WARRIOR	170	ļ					^
Wilder	label	label		<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ	Щ
CLETHODIM 2E	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾	10 to 16 fl. oz.					İ		1
+	+	+	1%	x			, ,		
WARRIOR	Refer to WARRIOR	Refer to WARRIOR label							
CLETHODIM 2E	label 10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾				-	┼			\vdash
CLET HODIN ZE	10 (0 10 11, 02, 1	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	x					
. +	<u>†</u>	<u> </u>	l	Ь.	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> 1</u>	لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

	APPI	ICATION RATES/AC	RE ⁽¹⁾	CROPS					
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ⁽³⁾	Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4,5)	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
BAYTHROID®	Refer to BAYTHROID label	Refer to BAYTHROID label							
CLETHODIM 2E + DIMETHOATE®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to DIMETHOATE label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to DIMETHOATE label	1%	×					
CLETHODIM 2E + LORSBAN®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to LORSBAN label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to LORSBAN label	1 to 2 pt. ⁽⁸⁾	x					
CLETHODIM 2E + POUNCE®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to POUNCE label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to POUNCE label	1%	×					

- 1. If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- 2. Refer to CLETHODIM 2E and insecticide label for rates, weeds, and insects controlled.
- 3. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- 4. Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage.
- 5. The CLETHODIM 2E rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A.
- 6. Insecticide tank mix use with ORTHENE® 90 S in soybeans is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration for ORTHENE® 90 S use in soybeans.
- 7. The CLETHODIM 2E rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.
- 8. For the CLETHODIM 2E plus LORSBAN tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt./A when the LORSBAN rate is 1.0 pt./A or higher.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALLOW LAND

CLETHODIM 2E may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply CLETHODIM 2E at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, CLETHODIM 2E may be tank mixed with 2,4-D ester, Albaugh DICAMBA SG or BANVEL® SGF Herbicide for broad-spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A CLETHODIM 2E rate.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- Use a minimum spray volume of 15 gals./A for ground applications and 5 gals./A for aerial applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height as specified by the Recommendations for Annual and Perennial Grasses section of this label.
- Annual grasses which emerge after the CLETHODIM 2E application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than one application in non-tilled areas.

- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to drought-stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for two weeks prior to or after CLETHODIM 2E application.

CLETHODIM 2E IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

Product	Application Rates/Acre ⁽¹⁾		Crop Oil Co	oncentrate ⁽²⁾
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air
CLETHODIM 2E +	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1	% v/v
2,4-D ester	0.5 lb./A			
or Albaugh DICAMBA SG or BANVEL® SGF	See the Albaugh DICAMBA SG or BANVEL® SGF label for rates.			

- 1. Refer to CLETHODIM 2E label for weed height and species control. Review the Albaugh DICAMBA SG, BANVEL® SGF Herbicide and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.
- 2. Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts above.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage	12	16

CLETHODIM 2E FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

Product	Product Rates	Grass Weeds Controlled/Suppressed		Weed Stages	
		Common Name	Scientific Name	٠.	
CLETHODIM 2E	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 inches (40 to 60% green-up)	

Adjuvant: CLETHODIM 2E must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add CLETHODIM 2E, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

 Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the CLETHODIM 2E application.

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- Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.
- Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for two years. Applications of CLETHODIM 2E to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- NOTE: CLETHODIM 2E applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47°F.

CLETHODIM 2E FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

Product	Product Rate	Suppression	Application Timing		
CLETHODIM 2E	1 ½ to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads	50 to 90% Tall		
	· ·	Festuca arundinacea	Fescue green-up		
Adjuvant: CLETHODIM 2E must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium					
sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water,					
add CLETHODIM 25	then add crop oil cond	entrate	•		

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

- Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.
- Use the higher CLETHODIM 2E rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.
- Do not mow area for two weeks after the CLETHODIM 2E application.
- Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle.
 Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.
- 2,4-D ester may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see the 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled).
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs, or an
 additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of CLETHODIM 2E, as specified in
 the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix CLETHODIM 2E when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- This tank mix may be applied postemergence to ROUNDUP READY soybeans up through the full flowering stage. Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.
- Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit crops, or any desirable plant and trees, other than soybeans with the ROUNDUP READY gene as severe injury or destruction will result.
- Do not allow the CLETHODIM 2E plus ROUNDUP to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desireable
 vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops,
 plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from
 drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under
 lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of spray
 pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

Not for Use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental Label

For ornamental plant uses, CLETHODIM 2E can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT

CLETHODIM 2E successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to CLETHODIM 2E at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of CLETHODIM 2E have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for CLETHODIM 2E applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

0: 110 11
Scientific Name
Alnus oregona
Fraxinus spp.
Tilia spp.
Betula pendula
Betula nigra
Betula papyrifera
Malus halliana
Cornus, florida
Labumum anagyroides
Acer spp.
Morus alba
Quercus spp.
Elaeagnus angustifolia
Cercis canadensis
Liquidambar styraciflua

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

Common Name	Scientific Name
Ageratum	Ageratum spp.
Alyssum*, Sweet	Lobularia maritime
Asparagus fern	Asparagus setaceus
Bleeding heart	Dicentra spectabilis
Cast iron plant	Aspidistra alatior
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.
Cinquefoil	Potentilla spp.
Coleus	Coleus spp.
Coralbells	Heuchera sanguinea
Cranesbill	Geranium spp.
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
Daisy, Trailing African	Osteospermum fruticosum

Common Name	Scientific Name
Daylily	Hemerocallis spp.
Dusty miller	Senecio cinerarie
Euonymus	Euonymus spp.
Gazania	Gazania spp.
Geranium, house	Pelargonium hortorum
Heather, False	Cuphea hyssopifolia
Hosta	Hosta fortunei
Iris	Iris spp.
Jasmine tobacco	Nicotiana alata
Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria
Marigold	Tagetes spp.
Partridgeberry	Mitchella rapens
Petunia*	Petunia hybride
Phlox	Phlox spp.
Pinks	Dianthus spp.
Portulaca	Portulaca grandiflora
Salvia	Salvia spp.
Saxifrage	Saxifraga spp.
Sedum	Sedum spp.
Selloum	Philodendron selloum
Snapdragon*	Antirrhinum majus
Sweet flag	Acorus gramineus
Tickseed	Coreopsis grandiflora
Touch-me-not	Impatiens spp.
Verbena	Verbena spp.
Violet	Viola spp.
Yarrow, common	Achillea millefolium
Zinnia	Zinnia elegans

^{*}Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

GROUND COVERS

Common Name	Scientific Name
Bugleweed, carpet	Ajuga reptans
Ivy, English	Hedera helix
Japanese spurge	Pachysandra terminalis
Lilyturf	Liriope muscari
Moneywort	Lysimachia nummularia
Mondo grass, white	Ophiopogon jaburan
Mondo grass, dwarf	Ophiopogon japonicus
Periwinkle, common	Vinca minor

SHRUBS

Common Name	Scientific Name
Abelia	Abelia spp.
Anise, purple	Illicium floridenum
Aucuba	Aucuba spp.
Azalea*	Rhododendron spp.
Bamboo	Bambusa spp.
Barberry, Japanese	Berberis thunbargii

Common Name	Caiantifia Nama
Common Name	Scientific Name
Barberry, Magellan	Berberis buxifolia
Baryberry	Myrica pensylvanica
Bottlebrush	Callistemon citrinus
Boxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens
Camellia, Common	Camellia japonica
Candytuft	Iberis sempervirens
Cleyera	Cleyera japonica
Coralberry	Ardisia crenata
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica
Coyote brush	Baccharis pilularis
Fig, creeping	Ficus pumila
Gardenia	Gardenia spp.
Holly	Ilex spp.
Honeysuckle	Lonicera pileate
Indian hawthorn	Raphiolepis indica
Jasmine	Jasminum spp.
Jasmine, Asiatic	Trachelospermum
	asiaticum
Jasmine, Star	Trachelospermum
	jasminoides
Juniper	Juniperus spp.
Lantana	Lantana spp.
Nandina *, Bamboo Heavenly	Nandinia domestica
Oleander, common	Nerium oleander
Oregon grape	Mahonia aquifolium
Photina	Photina spp.
Pittosporum	Pittosporum spp.
Podocarpus	Podocarpus spp.
Privet	Liqustrum spp.
Pyracantha	Pyracantha spp.
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.
Rose	Spirea bumalda
Sweet olive	Osmanthus fregrens
Viburnum	Viburnum tinus
Wisteria	Wisteria spp.

^{*}Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

 Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed* Height (inches)	Rate (fl. oz./acre) ⁽¹⁾	High Rate ⁽²⁾
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2-8	8	16
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2-6	8	16
Brome				
California	Bromus carinatus	2-6	8	16

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed* Height (inches)	Rate (fl. oz./acre) ⁽¹⁾	High Rate ⁽²⁾
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	2-6	8	16
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2-6	8	16
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2-6	8	16
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1-4	8	16
Crabgrass				
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2-6**	8	16
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2-6**	8	16
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2-6**	8	16
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2-6**	8	16
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2-6**	8	16
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2-8	8	16
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2-6	8	16
Foxtail			,	
Giant	Setaria faberi	2-12	8	16
Green	Setaria viridis	2-8	8	16
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2-8	8	16
Foxtail Barley	Hordeum jubatum	2-6	8	16
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2-6**	8.	16
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	2-6	8	16
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2-6	8	16
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2-6	8	16
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1-4	8	. 16
Red Rice	Oryza sativa	1-3	8	16
Ryegrass				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2-6	8	16
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2-6	8	16
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4-10	8	16
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6-18	8	16
Southwestern Cupgrass	Eriochiola gracillis	2-6	8	16
Sprangletop				
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2-6	8	16
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2-6	8	16
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2-6	8	16
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2-6	8	16
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	2-6	8	16
Volunteer Cereals				
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2-6	8	16
Oats	Avena sativa	2-6	8	16
Rye	Secale cereale	2-6	8	16
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2-6	8	16
Volunteer Corn	Zea mays	4-12	6	8
Volunteer Corn	Zea mays	12-24	8	16
Volunteer Grain	Sorghum bicolor	8-12	8	16
Sorghum				
Wild Oats	Aven fatua	2-6	8	16
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2-10	8	16
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2-8	8	16
Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2-8	8	16

^{*}Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

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**Length of lateral growth.

- (1) 8 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.
- (2) 16 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH CLETHODIM 2E IN ORNAMENTALS

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE (fl. oz./ACRE)	HIGH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua)	To 4-Leaf	6	16
Apply under favorable soil moisture and humid irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing a Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as r	it time of application(s).	•	,
Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure a Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 8	nd/or when annual bluegrass is	more mature.	_

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height (inches)	Rate (fl. oz./acre) ⁽¹⁾	High Rate
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon			
First Application		3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)		3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Quackgrass	Elytrigia repens			
First Application		4-8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)		4-8	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense			
First Application		12-24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)		6-18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly	Muhlenbergia frondonsa			
First Application	, idinona di gia nondona	4-8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	1 1 1 2 2 5 (1000 6	4-8	8	16

^{(1) 8} fl. oz./A = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions

^{(2) 16} fl. oz./A = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of ALBAUGH, INC., its Supplemental Distributors, or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

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