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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

NOV 14 2012

Mr. Morris Gaskins Registrations Manager Albaugh Inc. P.O. Box 2127 Valdosta, GA 31604

Dear Mr. Gaskins:

Subject:

Gly Star Grass & Weed Killer Concentrate

Label Amendment and Review of Alternates #3 and #4 CSFs

EPA Reg. No. 42750-67

Your Submission Dated: August 16, 2012

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is acceptable.

Alternates #3 and #4 CSFs (both dated 08-16-12) are acceptable and have been added to your record as current and updated.

The labeling amendment is acceptable and a stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. This label supersedes all previously accepted labels. You must submit one (1) copy of the final label before you release the product for shipment. Products released for shipment after eighteen (18) months from the date of this letter must bear the new revised label. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Please contact Juanita Gilchrist at (703) 305-6965 or gilchrist.juanita@epa.gov if you have any questions.

Sincerely

Kable Bo Davis

Product Manager (25)

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

[Sub-label A - For use with conventional sprayers]

# Albaugh Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate Contains 25% Glyphosate IPA as the Active Ingredient

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:		
Glyphosate, isopropylamine salt		25.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:		
	TOTAL	100.0%

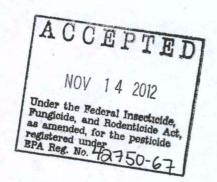
#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

#### CAUTION

	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	duct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information

See Back Panel Booklet for First Aid and Precautionary Statements

Makes Over 10 Gallons of Mix for Easy to Kill Weeds and Over 5 Gallons of Mix for Tough or Established Weeds



EPA Reg. No. 42750-67

EPA Est. No.

MANUFACTURED FOR: Albaugh, Inc. 121 NE 18<sup>th</sup> Street Ankeny, IA 50021

NET CONTENTS

Ounces or Gallons

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

#### CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

People and pets may enter treated areas after spray has dried.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, nontarget crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals. Apply only when wind speed is not more than 10 mph. For sprays, apply largest size droplets possible.

#### CONTROLS ALL WEEDS AND GRASSES INCLUDING:

Barnyardgrass, Bermudagrass, Thistle, Chickweed, Common Ragweed, Dandelion, Fescues, Johnsongrass, Clover, Yellow Nutgrass and other grasses, weeds, sedges and brush.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Tank Sprayer (plastic, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic-lined steel or stainless steel)

- · For easy to kill weeds such as seedlings, add 3 fl oz (6 Tbs) to 1 gallon of water.
- For tough, established weeds and for best results, add 6 fl oz (12 Tbs) to 1 gallon of water.
- Spot treat or spray evenly over 300 sq. ft.

1 Tablespoon (Tbs) = 3 teaspoons (tsp)

1 fl oz = 2 Tbs

Do not apply with a galvanized or unlined steel (except stainless steel) sprayer or through any irrigation system.

To clean sprayer after use, rinse sprayer and all sprayer parts with water 3 times. Spray rinse water on bare soil or gravel. After cleaning, sprayer may be used for other products.

#### HOW TO APPLY

- Spray the weeds or grasses you want to kill until thoroughly wet.
- When spot treating weeds around desirable plants, shield plants from drift with a sheet of cardboard or plastic. If desirable plants are accidentally sprayed, rinse off immediately with water.

IMPORTANT: Do not spray plants or grasses you like – they may die too. Not recommended for spot weed control in lawns because Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate kills lawn grasses.

#### WHEN TO APPLY

- Apply when weeds and grasses are actively growing.
- For best results, apply during warm, sunny weather (above 60°F)

- Spray when air is calm to prevent drift to desirable plants.
- Rain or watering 2 hours after application will not wash away effectiveness.
- · Apply when weeds are small and before seeds form.
- All ornamental flowers, trees and shrubs may be planted 1 day after application.

#### ADDITIONAL TIPS

#### To Kill Vines

- If vines are growing up poles, fences, or tree trunks with mature bark, cut vines to a height of 3 to 4 feet and spray vines thoroughly.
- If vines are climbing shrubs, or tree trunks with green bark, cut vines at base and treat as directed for stumps or spray regrowth. If spraying regrowth, shield shrubs and green bark from spray drift with a sheet of cardboard or plastic.

#### To Kill Stumps

- Cut living stump close to ground.
- Drive 4 to 5 holes into freshly cut stump.
- · Immediately pour undiluted product into holes.

#### For Lawn Replacement

Use Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate to kill a lawn and weeds before planting new lawn.

- Skip one mowing before spraying.
- Use 6 fl oz (12 Tbs) per gallon of water for each 300 sq ft.
- If soil is dry, water before application and 2 to 3 days after application.
- If green patches remain after 7 days, reapply.
- · Wait 7 days for weeds and lawn to die. Repeat if necessary.
- Rake or till to prepare area for planting seed or sod.

#### Kudzu

For best results, apply in mid to late summer when vines are mature and actively growing.

#### Wild Blackberry

Spray anytime plants are actively growing. Dead canes should be cut down and removed. Reapplication is often required to kill deep roots.

#### Poison Ivy & Poison Oak

Contact with these plants anytime of the year can cause an allergic reaction. Spray anytime plants are actively growing, but at least 4 weeks before the first killing frost in the fall. Reapply, if new growth appears. Handle dead plants with rubber gloves. Dispose of plants and rubber gloves in tightly sealed garbage bags.

#### For Flowerbed & Garden Preparation

Use Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate to kill weeds, grasses and brush before planting flowers, fruits, vegetables or herbs.

- If soil is dry, water before application and 2 to 3 days after application.
- Apply evenly over treatment area.
- Wait the number of days indicated below before planting.

#### WHEN TO REPLANT

- All ornamental flowers, trees and shrubs and the following berries, fruits, vegetables and herbs may
  be planted 1 day after application:
  Artichoke (Jerusalem), beans (all), beet greens, blackberry, blueberry, boysenberry, broccoli,
  Brussels sprouts, cabbage (all), carrot, cauliflower, celery, chard (Swiss), chicory, collards,
  cranberry, currant, dewberry, elderberry, endive, gooseberry, horseradish, huckleberry, kale,
  kohlrabi, leek, lentils, lettuce, loganberry, mustard greens, okra, olallieberry, onion, parsley, parsnips,
  potato, radish, rape greens, raspberry (black and red), rhubarb, rutabaga, spinach, sweet potato.
- The following fruits, vegetables and herbs may be planted 3 days after application:
   Corn, cucumber, eggplant, garlic, gourds, melons (all), peas (all), peppers (all), pumpkin, squash (summer and winter), tomatillo, tomato (by seed) and watercress.
- Lawn grasses may be replanted 7 days after application.
- Tomatoes from transplant and unlisted fruits, vegetables and herbs may be planted 30 days after application.

#### WHEN TO HARVEST

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If used to control weeds around fruits or nuts, allow the following number of days before harvesting:

- Citrus (citron, grapefruit, lemon, lime, mandarin, orange, tangelo, tangerine) 1 day.
- Nuts (almond, beechnut, cashew, chestnut, hazelnut, pecan, pistachio and walnut) 3 days.
- Apple, avocado, banana (plantains), berries (except cranberries), dates, figs, grapes, kiwi fruit, loquat, passion fruit, pear, persimmon, pomegranate and quince — 14 days.
- Apricot, cherries, nectarine, olives, peach, plum and prunes 17 days.

#### **HOW IT WORKS**

Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate enters plants through foliage and moves systematically to the roots, killing weeds by stopping the production of a substance found only in plants. Any product not absorbed by plants breaks down into natural materials without moving in or on the soil to untreated plants. Weeds usually yellow and wilt within 2 to 4 days with complete kill in 1 to 2 weeks.

#### KILLS ALL TYPES OF WEEDS & GRASSES

#### Weeds (including):

Artichoke thistle, Beggarweed, black medic, blue mustard, blue toadflax, brassbuttons, broadleaf plantain, burclover, buttercup, Canada thistle, cattail, chickweed, cocklebur, common groundsel, common mullein, common plantain, common ragweed, creeping Beggarweed, creeping-charlie, curly dock, dandelion, dog fennel, evening primrose, false dandelion, fiddleneck, field bindweed (wild morningglory), field pennycress, filaree, Florida pusley, garden spurge, henbit, horsenettle, horseradish, horseweed/marestail, iceplant, knapweed, knotweed, lambsquarters, lantana, little bittercress, London rocket, mallow, mayweed, milkweed, mouseear chickweed, narrowleaf (buckhorn) plantain, nightshade (silverleaf), oldenlandia, oxalis, Pennsylvania smartweed, pennywort, poison hemlock, prickly lettuce, primrose, prostrate spurge, puncturevine, ragweed, red clover, redroot pigweed, shepherdspurse, smooth catsear, smooth pigweed, sowthistle, spotted spurge, tansy ragwort, tansymustard, teaweed, trumpetcreeper, tumble mustard, Virginia creeper, white clover, whitetop, wild barley, wild mustard, wild oats, wild sweet potato, yellow Starthistle, and other broadleaf weeds.

#### Grasses (including):

Annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, bahiagrass, barnyardgrass, bentgrass, Bermudagrass, bromegrass, Cogongrass, crabgrass, creeping bentgrass, dallisgrass, fall panicum, fescue, field sandbur, foxtail, Goosegrass, guineagrass, Johnsongrass, Kentucky bluegrass, kikuyugrass, lovegrass, maidencane, nimblewill, nutsedge, orchardgrass, pampas grass, perennial ryegrass, purple nutsedge, quackgrass, sandspur, smooth bromegrass, sprangletop, St. Augustinegrass, tall fescue, Texas panicum, Timothy, torpedograss, vaseygrass, witchgrass, yellow nutgrass, zoysia and other grassy weeds.

Brush (Tough Weeds), Unwanted Trees, Shrubs & Vines (including):
Alder, ash, (quacking) aspen, blackberry, bluegum eucalyptus, broom (French, Scotch), buckwheat,
Ceanothus, chamise, cherry, coyote brush, dewberry, elderberry, elm, eucalyptus, giant reed, hawthorn,
hazel, honeysuckle, kudzu, locust, madrone, maple, oak, persimmon, poison oak, poison ivy, poplar,
raspberry, sage, sagebrush, salmonberry, saltcedar, sassafras, sumac, sweetgum, tan oak, thimbleberry,
tree tobacco, wild rose (multiflora), willow and other tough weeds.

	PRODUCT INFORMATION
KILLS WEEDS	All types of weeds & grasses
WHERE TO USE	- On patios, walkways & driveways
	<ul> <li>In flowerbeds &amp; vegetable gardens</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Around shrubs &amp; trees</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Along fences &amp; foundations</li> </ul>
	Other areas in your yard
	<ul> <li>Edging around lawns</li> </ul>
	- In large areas:
	<ul> <li>For lawn replacement/renovation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For garden plot preparation</li> </ul>
AMOUNT TO USE	For best results, use 6 fl oz (12 Tbs) per gallon of water for established or tough weeds

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a safe place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Waste resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

NOTICE - To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

Gly Star™ is a trademark of Albaugh, Inc.

#### [Sub-label B - For use with Central Garden Battery Operated [Powered] Sprayer]

# Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate Contains 25% Glyphosate IPA as the Active Ingredient

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:		
Glyphosate, isopropylamine salt		25.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:		75.0%
	TOTAL	100.0%

[Marketing Claims]

Non-Selective: Kills weeds & grasses

Kills (all types of) weeds and grasses and brush

Use as a spot treatment along sidewalks, fences, driveways, (other areas in your yard) and patios

For Use on Borders, Around Patios, Driveways (other areas in your yard) and Sidewalks

Kills tough weeds

Kills Weeds & (and) Grasses (down to the root)

Kills the root

Eliminates roots and weeds

Kills over (XXX) types of weeds

Single application controls (kills) most weeds

Fast Acting

Starts to work immediately

(People) (Children) and pets may enter areas after spray has dried

Weed Eliminator

Weed Killer

Spray weeds until thoroughly wet

For Outdoor Use around the Home

Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back

For use (with) (in) (sprayer delivery name)

Visible Results in Hours

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### CAUTION

# FIRST AID IF IN EYES Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. HOT LINE NUMBER Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

See Back Panel Booklet for First Aid and Precautionary Statements

EPA Reg. No. 42750-67 NET CONTENTS: Ounces

MANUFACTURED FOR:

Albaugh, Inc. Ankeny, IA 50021

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

#### CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

People and pets may enter treated areas after spray has dried.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, nontarget crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals. Apply only when wind speed is not more than 10 mph. For sprays, apply largest size droplets possible.

	GETTING STARTED
KILLS WEEDS	All types of weeds & grasses
WHERE TO USE	On patios, walkways & driveways, In flowerbeds & vegetable gardens, Around shrubs & trees, Along fences & foundations. Other areas in your yard, Edging around lawns.  In large areas: For lawn replacement/renovation, For garden plot preparation
FOR BEST RESULTS	<ul> <li>Spray the weeds or grasses you want to kill until thoroughly wet.</li> <li>When spot treating weeds around desirable plants, shield plants from drift with a sheet of cardboard or plastic. If desirable plants are accidentally sprayed, rinse off immediately with water.</li> <li>Apply when weeds and grasses are actively growing.</li> <li>For best results, apply during warm, sunny weather (above 60°F)</li> <li>Spray when air is calm to prevent drift to desirable plants.</li> <li>Rain or watering 2 hours after application will not wash away effectiveness.</li> <li>Apply when weeds are small and before seeds form.</li> <li>All ornamental flowers, trees and shrubs may be planted 1 day after application</li> <li>Lawn grasses may be replanted 7 days after application</li> </ul>
IMPORTANT	Do not spray plants or grasses you like – they may die too. Not recommended for spot weed control in lawns because Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate kills lawn grasses.

#### CONTROLS ALL WEEDS AND GRASSES INCLUDING:

Barnyardgrass, Bermudagrass, Thistle, Chickweed, Common Ragweed, Dandelion, Fescues, Johnsongrass, Clover, Yellow Nutgrass and other grasses, weeds, sedges and brush.

#### SPRAYER: USE DIRECTIONS

#### [Battery Operated [Powered] Sprayer]

The [Spray Delivery System Name] is a patented innovative home lawn, landscape, and perimeter tank spray system. Spot treat [[bugs] [and][or] [weeds]] with this easy to use system.

- 1. Unscrew the tank cap and fill the tank with water up to the one gallon indicator. [The tank holds one gallon of water.]
- Remove the [sprayer][wand][applicator] from the tank holster and unfold the [sprayer][wand][applicator].
- 3. Select the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide] labeled for intended use. READ THE ENTIRE PRODUCT LABEL PRIOR TO USE.
- Remove the cap from the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide]. [Each [cartridge][bottle] contains 4
  oz. of [product][liquid]. Each 4 oz. [cartridge][bottle] of concentrate makes one gallon of [liquid]
  [ready to use]spray.]
- 5. Insert the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide] into the top of the sprayer and twist until tight.
- 6. Press the trigger to spot spray [bugs][weeds] as listed on the product label.
- 7. When finished spot treating remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide]. Replace the cap on the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide]. Follow label Storage and Disposal instructions for product [insecticide][herbicide][cartridge][bottle].
- 8. After spot spraying rinse the [sprayer][wand][applicator] according to the RINSE: USE DIRECTIONS.

#### RINSE: USE DIRECTIONS

- Remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide]. Ensure that there is water in the one gallon tank.
- Press and hold the [trigger][sprayer] for 10 seconds to flush the [sprayer][wand][applicator] with clean water from the tank.

#### CHANGE [CARTRIDGE][BOTTLE]: USE DIRECTIONS

- Remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide] currently loaded in the [Spray Delivery System Name].
- 2. Follow label Storage and Disposal instructions for product [insecticide][herbicide][cartridge][bottle].
- Press and hold the [trigger][sprayer] for 10 seconds to flush the [sprayer][wand][applicator] with clean water from the tank.
- 3. Select a new [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide] labeled for intended use. READ THE ENTIRE PRODUCT LABEL PRIOR TO USE.
- 4. Insert the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide] into the top of the sprayer and twist until tight.
- 5. Press the trigger to spot spray [bugs][weeds] as listed on the product label.
- 6. When finished spot treating remove the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide]. Replace the cap on the [cartridge][bottle][insecticide][herbicide]. Follow label Storage and Disposal instructions for product [insecticide][herbicide][cartridge][bottle].
- 7. After spot spraying, rinse the [sprayer][wand][applicator] according to the RINSE: USE DIRECTIONS. Store the [Spray Delivery System Name] OR RINSE and change [cartridge][bottle].

#### NOTE: IF OUTPUT SPRAY IS DIMINISHED OR SPUTTERING, DO THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. Check that there is water remaining in the one gallon tank. If not, refill the tank with water.
- Check that there is liquid remaining in the [cartridge][bottle]. If not, change to a new [cartridge][bottle].

[Two [cartridges][bottles] can be stored on the back of the [Spray Delivery System Name]].

#### [{Optional:}CHANGING BATTERIES:]

If sprayer does not operate or spray performance declines significantly, change the four AA alkaline batteries in the sprayer handle as follows:

- Remove the [cartridge][bottle].
- 2. Slide the battery cover open in the underside of sprayer handle.
- 3. Allow battery cover to swing open.
- 4. Remove old batteries.
- Replace with four AA alkaline batteries. Make sure the positive and negative ends match the direction indicated on the inside of the battery door.
- 6. Close battery door and slide the door until latch is closed.

#### ADDITIONAL TIPS

#### To Kill Vines

- If vines are growing up poles, fences, or tree trunks with mature bark, cut vines to a height of 3 to 4 feet and spray vines thoroughly.
- If vines are climbing shrubs, or tree trunks with green bark, cut vines at base and treat as directed for stumps or spray regrowth. If spraying regrowth, shield shrubs and green bark from spray drift with a sheet of cardboard or plastic.

#### Kudzu

For best results, apply in mid to late summer when vines are mature and actively growing.

#### Wild Blackberry

Spray anytime plants are actively growing. Dead canes should be cut down and removed. Reapplication is often required to kill deep roots.

#### Poison Ivy & Poison Oak

Contact with these plants anytime of the year can cause an allergic reaction. Spray anytime plants are actively growing, but at least 4 weeks before the first killing frost in the fall. Reapply, if new growth appears. Handle dead plants with rubber gloves. Dispose of plants and rubber gloves in tightly sealed garbage bags.

#### For Flowerbed & Garden Preparation

Use Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate to kill weeds, grasses and brush before planting flowers, fruits, vegetables or herbs.

- If soil is dry, water before application and 2 to 3 days after application.
- Apply evenly over treatment area.
- Wait the number of days indicated below before planting.

#### WHEN TO REPLANT

- All ornamental flowers, trees and shrubs and the following berries, fruits, vegetables and herbs may be planted 1 day after application:

  Articles ( large lem), heaps (all), heat greens, blackberry, bluebarry, brusenberry, brusenberry
  - Artichoke (Jerusalem), beans (all), beet greens, blackberry, blueberry, boysenberry, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage (all), carrot, cauliflower, celery, chard (Swiss), chicory, collards, cranberry, currant, dewberry, elderberry, endive, gooseberry, horseradish, huckleberry, kale, kohlrabi, leek, lentils, lettuce, loganberry, mustard greens, okra, olallieberry, onion, parsley, parsnips, potato, radish, rape greens, raspberry (black and red), rhubarb, rutabaga, spinach, sweet potato, turnip and yams.
- The following fruits, vegetables and herbs may be planted 3 days after application:
   Corn, cucumber, eggplant, garlic, gourds, melons (all), peas (all), peppers (all), pumpkin, squash (summer and winter), tomatillo, tomato (by seed) and watercress.
- Lawn grasses may be replanted 7 days after application.
- Tomatoes from transplant and unlisted fruits, vegetables and herbs may be planted 30 days after application.

#### WHEN TO HARVEST

If used to control weeds around fruits or nuts, allow the following number of days before harvesting:

- Citrus (citron, grapefruit, lemon, lime, mandarin, orange, tangelo, tangerine) 1 day.
- Nuts (almond, beechnut, cashew, chestnut, hazelnut, pecan, pistachio and walnut) 3 days.
- Apple, avocado, banana (plantains), berries (except cranberries), dates, figs, grapes, kiwi fruit, loquat, passion fruit, pear, persimmon, pomegranate and quince – 14 days.
- Apricot, cherries, nectarine, olives, peach, plum and prunes 17 days.

#### **HOW IT WORKS**

Gly Star™ Grass and Weed Killer Concentrate enters plants through foliage and moves systematically to the roots, killing weeds by stopping the production of a substance found only in plants. Any product not absorbed by plants breaks down into natural materials without moving in or on the soil to untreated plants. Weeds usually yellow and wilt within 4 days with complete kill in 1 to 2 weeks.

#### KILLS ALL TYPES OF WEEDS & GRASSES

Weeds (including):

Artichoke thistle, Beggarweed, black medic, blue mustard, blue toadflax, brassbuttons, broadleaf plantain, burclover, buttercup, Canada thistle, cattail, chickweed, cocklebur, common groundsel, common mullein, common plantain, common ragweed, creeping Beggarweed, creeping-charlie, curly dock, dandelion, dog fennel, evening primrose, false dandelion, fiddleneck, field bindweed (wild morningglory), field pennycress, filaree, Florida pusley, garden spurge, henbit, horsenettle, horseradish, horseweed/marestail, iceplant, knapweed, knotweed, lambsquarters, lantana, little bittercress, London rocket, mallow, mayweed, milkweed, mouseear chickweed, narrowleaf (buckhorn) plantain, nightshade (silverleaf), oldenlandia, oxalis, Pennsylvania smartweed, pennywort, poison hemlock, prickly lettuce, primrose, prostrate spurge, puncturevine, ragweed, red clover, redroot pigweed, shepherdspurse, smooth catsear, smooth pigweed, sowthistle, spotted spurge, tansy ragwort, tansymustard, teaweed, trumpetcreeper, tumble mustard, Virginia creeper, white clover, whitetop, wild barley, wild mustard, wild oats, wild sweet potato, yellow Starthistle, and other broadleaf weeds.

Grasses (including):

Annual bluegrass, annual ryegrass, bahiagrass, barnyardgrass, bentgrass, Bermudagrass, bromegrass, Cogongrass, crabgrass, creeping bentgrass, dallisgrass, fall panicum, fescue, field sandbur, foxtail, Goosegrass, guineagrass, Johnsongrass, Kentucky bluegrass, kikuyugrass, lovegrass, maidencane, nimblewill, nutsedge, orchardgrass, pampas grass, perennial ryegrass, purple nutsedge, quackgrass, sandspur, smooth bromegrass, sprangletop, St. Augustinegrass, tall fescue, Texas panicum, Timothy, torpedograss, vaseygrass, witchgrass, yellow nutgrass, zoysia and other grassy weeds.

Brush (Tough Weeds), Unwanted Trees, Shrubs & Vines (including):
Alder, ash, (quacking) aspen, blackberry, bluegum eucalyptus, broom (French, Scotch), buckwheat, Ceanothus, chamise, cherry, coyote brush, dewberry, elderberry, elm, eucalyptus, giant reed, hawthorn, hazel, honeysuckle, kudzu, locust, madrone, maple, oak, persimmon, poison oak, poison ivy, poplar, raspberry, sage, sagebrush, salmonberry, saltcedar, sassafras, sumac, sweetgum, tan oak, thimbleberry, tree tobacco, wild rose (multiflora), willow and other tough weeds.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a safe place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Waste resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

NOTICE - To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

Gly Star™ is a trademark of Albaugh, Inc.