

# 301 A

**ACCEPTED**  
41954-1  
27 NOV 1978  
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE  
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT  
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED  
ED UNDER NO. \_\_\_\_\_ SUBJECT  
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Poly[oxyethylene (dimethyliminio) ethylene-  
(dimethyliminio) ethylene dichloride] ..... 20.0 %

INERT INGREDIENT ..... 80.0 %

This product contains 1.74 lb. of active ingredient per gallon and weighs 8.69 lb. per gallon.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
CAUTION**

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**CAUTION:** Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

**FIRST AID:** If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** This pesticide is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Permits may be required for discharges containing this pesticide into lakes, streams, ponds or public water. For guidance, contact the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

301 A is used to control algae, bacteria, and fungi in recirculating commercial and industrial water cooling towers. Prior to its use, systems must be cleaned to remove algal growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. An initial slug addition of 2.9 to 7.3 fluid ounces of 301 A per 1000 gallons of water to provide a concentration of 24 to 60 parts per million of 301 A, based on the total weight of water in the system, is recommended. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident.

Subsequent slug additions of 0.73 to 8.3 fluid ounces of 301 A per 1000 gallons of water (6 to 60 parts per million of 301 A) should be employed every 2 to 5 days, or as needed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and the severity of the microbiological problem. Slug additions should be made in the sump of water cooling towers.

301 A is used to control bacteria in industrial air-washing systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components. Prior to its use, systems should be cleaned to remove bacterial slime and other deposits. An initial slug dose of 11.1 to 18.3 fluid ounces of 301 A per 1000 gallons of water is recommended. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident. Subsequent slug additions of 7.5 to 18.3 fluid ounces of 301 A per 1000 gallons of water should be employed each 1 to 5 days, or as needed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and severity of the bacterial problem. Slug additions may be made to the sump or to the water collection trays of the airwash system.

**STORAGE & DISPOSAL:** Keep container closed when not in use. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and dispose of container in an incinerator or in an approved landfill, or bury in a safe place. Rinse that cannot be used or reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides or buried in a safe place away from water supplies. Open dumping is prohibited.

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Manufactured by:  
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EPA REG. NO. 41954-1 EPA EST. NO. 41954-KY-01