Kleerup

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Poly[oxyethylene (dimethyliminio) ethylene (dimethylimminio) ethylene dichloride]	60.0 %
INERT INGREDIENT	40.0%

This product contains 5.76 lb. of active ingredient per gallon and weighs 9.6 lb per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

FIRST AID: If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Permits may be required for discharges containing this pesticide into lakes, streams, ponds, or public water. For guidance, contact the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Kleerup is used to control the growth of algae in swimming pools and decorative fountains. For maximum effectiveness pools and fountains containing heavy growth of algae should be cleaned prior to using Kleerup.

For pools having just visible algae growth add an initial dose of 11 to 17 fluid ounces of Kleerup per 10,000 gallons of water and remove settled algae debris by cleaning. For treatment of a freshly cleaned and filled pool add initially 6 to 11 fluid ounces of Kleerup per 10,000 gallons of water. Subsequent additions of 2 to 4 fluid ounces of Kleerup per 10,000 gallons of water should be made every 5 to 7 days after initial treatment for maintenance.

Fountains having just visible algae growth require an initial dose of 1 to 2 fluid ounces of Kleerup per 1000 gallons of water. For treatment of a freshly cleaned and filled fountain add initially 0.6 to 1.1 fluid ounces of Kleerup per 1,000 gallons of water. Subsequent additions of 0.2 to 0.4 fluid ounces of Kleerup should be made every 5 to 7 days after initial treatment for maintenance.

Kleerup is compatible with those chemicals normally used to treat pools and fountains and is effective at both acid and alkaline pH. Kleerup can be used in pools treated with chlorine chemicals and may reduce the amount of those chemicals normally required. However, do not mix Kleerup with concentrated dry or liquid chlorine products.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL: Keep container closed when not in use. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Rinsate that cannot be used or reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides or buried in a safe place away from water supplies. Open dumping is prohibited.

METAL CONTAINERS: Triple rinse and offer for recycling, reconditioning, or disposal in an approved landfill or bury in a safe place.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS: Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse and incinerate or dispose of in an approved landfill or bury in safe place.

Manufactured by
Aqua Tek Corporation
3256 "F" Street
San Diego, CA 92102

EPA REG. NO. 41041-2 EPA EST. NO.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, may cause severe skin irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Treated effluent may not be discharged into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters without a valid discharge permit. For guidance, contact the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS:
STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT: Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with gross filth such as feces, urine, etc., or with ammonia, acids, detergents or other chemicals may release hazardous gases irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

manufactured by

SURE CHEMICAL CORPORATION
P.O. BOX 395
Route 140
Upton, MA 01568

EPA REG. NO. 42263-3 EPA EST. NO.

NET CONTENTS:

SCC-500 CHLOR SANITIZER

"FOR SWIMMING POOL CHLORINATION AND SANITIZING."

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE.....12.5%
INERT INGREDIENTS.....87.5%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

FIRST AID: If on skin, wash with plenty of soap and water. If in eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If swallowed, drink large quantities of milk, or gelatin solution or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Do NOT give vinegar or other acids. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get prompt medical attention.

See additional precautions on side panel.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING.

DIRECTIONS FOR SWIMMING POOL CHLORINATION

For a new pool or for spring start-up, superchlorinatewith one (1) pint (16 flu. ozs.) o sodium hypochlorite solution for each 3000 gallons of water. This dosage is equivalen to 5 ppm available chlorine by weight.

For Pool Maintenance:

A) Adjust pool water pH to 7.6 - 7.2 range and maintain.

B) Add manually or by a feeder device this sodium hypochlori solution at a rate to maintain an available chlorine residual of 0.6 to 1.0 ppm. One-fourth pint (4 flu ozs) of this sodium hypochlorite solution for each 4000 gallons of water will provide 1 0 ppm available chlorine by weight. Frequency of additions to maintain 0.6 to 1 0 ppm available chlorine will depend on temperature and number of swimmers. Use test kit to make certain the pH and chlorine residual are in the proper range

DIRECTIONS FOR DISINFECTION OF POTABLE WATER FOR HOME WELL WATER SYSTEMS

Dilute this sodium hypochlorite solution in the ratio of one part sodium hypochlorite solution to 11 parts softened water. Mix sodium hypochlorite solution and water thoroughly and begin feeding of solution with a hypochlorinator (metering pump). Maintain a free available chlorine residual of at least 0.2 ppm and no more then 0.6 ppm throughout the distribution system, as determined by a DPD chlorine test kit. Bacteriological sampling must be conducted at a frequency no less than that prescribed by the National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations*. Check water frequently with a DPD chlorine test kit.

*Contact your local Health Department for further details.

DIRECTIONS FOR SANITIZING FOOD PROCESSING OR DAIRY EQUIPMENT

Clean equipment in the normal manner. Just before using, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with this sodium hypochlo. .e solution containing 200 ppm available chlorine. Maintain contact with disinfectant for a minimum of two minutes. Do not rinse with water after treatment with sodium hypochlorite solution. Do not soak overnight. Addition of one fluid oz. (2 tbsps.) of this sodium hypochlorite solution per 5 gallons of water will provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight.

NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Store in a cool, dry area away from direct sunlight. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and either return to manufacturer or discard by placing in trash collection or burying in an approved landfill. Product or rinsate that cannot be used, should be diluted with water and disposed of in a sanitary sewer. Do not contaminate food, or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

ACCEPTED
42263-G
OCT 4 1979
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED UNDER NO.