

# Imperial Chlor No. 2

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**DANGER:** Corrosive. May cause severe skin irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash hands after handling. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated.

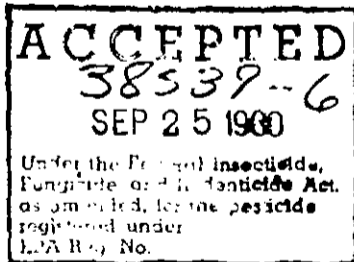
**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS.** This pesticide is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Treated effluent cannot be discharged into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters unless a discharge permit is obtained. For guidance, contact the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS.

**STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT:** Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with gross filth such as feces, urine, etc., or with ammonia, acids, detergents or other chemicals will release hazardous gases irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

### WARRANTY STATEMENT

Seller's warranty shall be limited to the terms of the label. On acceptance of this product, the Buyer assumes any risk to person or property arising out of use or handling of product.



For use in treatment of tank truck, tank car, or  
other large containers.

### Solution of Sodium Hypochlorite

For use in treatment of tank, wagon, and immediate  
of sheep producing operations.

- Waste Water Treatment Plants
- Water Purification Plants
- Industrial and Commercial Formulation and  
Manufacturing Plants
- Food Processing Plants and Laboratories
- Pharmaceutical and Chemical Laboratories

ACTIVE INGREDIENT  
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE  
INERT INGREDIENTS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

**DANGER**

**FIRST AID:** If on skin, wash with plenty of soap and water. If in eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If swallowed, drink large quantities of milk, or gelatin solution or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Do not give vinegar or other acids. Do not induce vomiting. Get prompt medical attention.

See additional precautions on side panel.

Manufactured by

IMPERIAL WEST CHEMICAL COMPANY

ANTIOCH, CALIFORNIA 94509

EPA ESTABLISHMENT NO. 8796-A-100

EPA REGISTRATION NO. 55-122

ALL CONTAINERS

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

Imperial Chlor No. 2 is a strong oxidizing agent and should be used only in well-ventilated areas.

**TO SANITIZE DAIRY EQUIPMENT:** Apply Imperial Chlor No. 2 to all dairy equipment, including milking machines, milking parlors, and other dairy equipment. Use Imperial Chlor No. 2 in 9 gallons of water to make 100 ppm available chlorine. Do not use Imperial Chlor No. 2 in 9 gallons of water to make 100 ppm available chlorine.

**LAUNDRY BLEACH:** Use 1 gallon of Imperial Chlor No. 2 in 10 gallons of water. Use 2 quarts of Imperial Chlor No. 2 in 10 gallons of water. Do not use Imperial Chlor No. 2 in 10 gallons of water to make 100 ppm available chlorine.

**DISINFECTING DRINKING WATER:** Always consult local health officials and follow their instructions and recommendations. To generate a sufficient amount of Imperial Chlor No. 2 to obtain a residual chlorine concentration of at least 1 ppm throughout the system, as determined by a chlorine test kit, let water stand at least 30 minutes after chlorinating before use. The actual amount of chlorine required varies considerably with the water source. Some systems may require the addition of 10 ppm of chlorine to obtain sufficient disinfection. Do not drink water is affected until the residual chlorine level exceeds 0.25 ppm.

**NOTE:** This product reacts with acid. Use a chlorine test kit to determine the actual chlorine level to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:** Store in a cool, dry area away from direct sunlight. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and return to manufacturer or local health official. In case of collection or burying in an approved landfill, the liner or its safe that cannot be used, should be filled with water and disposed of in a sanitary sewer. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.