

# GILBERT'S Rabon(R) 7.76<sup>(2)</sup>

## Oral Larvicide Premix

To prevent the development of Horn Flies, House Flies and Stable Flies in the manure of treated cattle.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT By Weight  
 2-chloro-1-(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl) vinyl dimethyl phosphate 7.76%\*

INERT INGREDIENTS 92.24%\*\*

\* Each pound contains 35.2 g<sup>m</sup> RABON TOTAL 100.00%  
 \*\* Refers only to ingredients which are not larvicidal.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
 CAUTIONED  
 See below for additional precautionary statements.  
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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS  
 HAZARDS TO HUMANS

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. If in eyes, wash with plenty of water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, see a physician.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

When fed to cattle, RABON (R) Oral Larvicide Premix passes through the digestive system into the animal's manure where it kills fly larvae on contact shortly after fly eggs hatch. By preventing larval development RABON (R) Oral Larvicide Premix helps to control horn flies and face flies on pastures and house flies and stable flies in and around cattle lots.

Manufactured by  
**A. L. GILBERT COMPANY**  
 Oakdale, California  
 EPA Reg. No. 37983-1 070176  
 Net Wt. 50 lbs. 84

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

GILBERT'S RABON (R) ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX will mix uniformly in cattle feeds when standard mixing procedures are followed. Thus usual problems that are common to all feed preparation and which cause stratification, such as excessive free fall or excessive handling, are to be avoided. It is recommended that appropriate preblending techniques be employed to assure adequate distribution of GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX throughout the feed mix. The premix should be preblended with ground grain, protein supplements, mineral mixes, etc., before being added to roughages, such as chopped hay or silage. Mixing time should be adequate to assure uniform dispersion. Optimum performance can be assured only if GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX is dispersed uniformly with the feedstuff at the recommended level. Common feed mixing equipment (i.e. vertical mixers, horizontal blenders, mixer/feeder trucks) may be used to prepare formulated feeds.

Feeds prepared with GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX should not be pelleted nor be mixed with feeds containing predominantly pellets. Further, GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX should not be mixed in liquid feed supplements.

**IN A CONCENTRATE FEED — ROUGHAGE FED SEPARATELY**  
GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX can be used to prepare concentrate feeds that will provide 792 mg of RABON per animal per day.

To prepare a larvicidal concentrate feed, mix RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX according to the amount of concentrate to be fed per animal per day. Use the following table as a guide in determining the proper mixing rate.

Pounds of concentrate consumed/animal/day	RABON (R) 7.76 Oral Larvicide Premix mg/lb. in the concentrate	%	RABON (R) 7.76 Oral Larvicide Premix per ton of concentrate
.5	631	0.4	90.0
1.0	817	0.18	45.0
1.5	545	0.12	30.0
2.0	408	0.087	22.5
5.0	159	0.035	9.0
10.0	82	0.018	4.5
15.0	54	0.012	3.0
20.0	39	0.009	2.3
25.0	31	0.008	1.8
30.0	27	0.0059	1.5

Feed the appropriate larvicidal concentrate to cattle weighing between 400 and 1200 pounds. For larger cattle weighing between 1200-1700 pounds, increase the amount of concentrate fed to 1 1/2 times that recommended.

Start feeding RABON larvicidal feeds early in the spring before flies begin to appear and continue feeding throughout the summer and into the fall until cold weather restricts fly activity.

Rations containing GILBERT'S RABON (R) ORAL LARVICIDE may be fed up to slaughter and to lactating dairy cows without withholding the milk from market during or after treatment.

GILBERT'S RABON (R) ORAL LARVICIDE prevents the development of horn flies, face flies, house flies and stable flies in the manure of treated cattle but is not effective against existing adult flies. In some cases, supplemental fly control measures may be needed in and around cattle lots and barns to control adult house flies and stable flies which can breed not only in cattle manure but other decaying vegetable matter or silage on the premises.

In order to obtain optimum fly control, GILBERT'S RABON (R) ORAL LARVICIDE should be used in conjunction with other good management and sanitation practices.

**IN A COMPLETE RATION — NO OTHER ROUGHAGE FED**  
GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX can be used to prepare rations that contain 26.4 mg of RABON per pound of complete ration.

To prepare a larvicidal ration, mix 1.5 pounds of GILBERT'S RABON (R) 7.76 ORAL LARVICIDE PREMIX per ton of complete ration containing both grain and roughage.

Feed this larvicidal complete ration to feeder cattle weighing from 400 to 1400 pounds or to dairy cattle at a rate to sustain milk production of less than 2.6 pounds of the ration per 100 pounds of body weight daily.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**  
Do not contaminate water or food by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides or buried in a safe place away from water supplies.