37910-1 11/18/2014 1/7

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

NOV 18 2014

Dr. N. Bhushan Mandava, Agent For: Nissan Chemical America Corporation
1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W.; Suite 1000
Washington, DC 20036

Subject: FQPA 332: Minor Label Changes per PR Notice 2007-4
Nissan D.C.C. Na E.D.W.
EPA Registration Number: **37910-1**
Application Date: October 29, 2014
Application Receipt: October 31, 2014

Dear Dr. Mandava:

This acknowledges receipt of your Notification application, submitted under the provisions of FIFRA 3(c) 9 and PR Notice 2007-4.

Purpose of the Notification:

"...we are submitting notification for change in Storage and Disposal Statements per PR Notice 2007-4 for Nissan D.C.C. Na E.D.W...."

General Comments:

Based on the review of the information submitted, the following comments apply.

The Notification is **Acceptable.**

A copy of the accepted Notification is attached in **Regulatory File Jacket 37910-1** for future reference.

If you have questions or concerns with regard to this Agency Letter, please contact me by email at Swift.Killian@epa.gov by telephone at **703-308-6346.** When you are submitting information or data in response to this Agency Letter, please send a copy of this Agency Letter with your response in order to facilitate processing.

Sincerely yours,

Wanda J. R. for

Demson Fuller
EPA Product Manager 32
Regulatory Management Branch II
Antimicrobials Division 7510P

NOTIFICATION
Date Reveiwed:
Reviewed By:
11-18-14
KillianSwift

NISSAN D.C.C.Na E.D.W.

Active Ingredient: Sodium Dichloro-s-triazinetrione..... 97. 5%
Inert Ingredients:..... 2.5%
TOTAL 100%

Provides 62% Available Chlorine

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER

FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	• **Hold eye open and rinse slowly with a steady, gentle stream of water for 15-20 minutes.** • **Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.** • **Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice.**
If swallowed:	• **Call a physician or poison control center immediately for treatment advice** • **Have person sip from a glass of water if able to swallow.** • **DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by poison control center or** • **physician. Avoid alcohol.** • **Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.**
If inhaled:	• **Move person to fresh air.** • **If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably, mouth-to-mouth, if possible.** • **Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice.**
If on skin or: clothing	• **Take off contaminated clothing.** • **Wash skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.** • **Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice.**
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	

Lot No. Packer Net Wt. 2.0 Lbs.

Manufactured By:
NISSAN CHEMICAL AMERICA CORPORATION
10777 Westheimer, Suite 150
Houston, Texas 77042

EPA Reg. No. 37910-1 EPA Est. No. 33906-JP-001

(Side Panel)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals:
CORROSIVE: Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if absorbed through skin. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe dusts or spray mists. Irritating to nose and throat. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Wear goggles or face shield, protective clothing and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public water unless in Elimination Systems (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board of Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD: Strong Oxidizing Material. Mix only with water. Use clean, dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture dirt, organic matter, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction generation of fire and explosion. In case of fire, flood with large quantities of water. In the event of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible isolate container in open air or well-ventilated area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SWIMMING POOL APPLICATIONS

This product is intended for use in controlling bacteria in swimming pools and spas. This product should be added directly to the surface of circulating water according to the directions. Each ounce of this product will provide about 0.5 ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine to 10,000 gallons of water.

Reentry into treated swimming pools or spas is prohibited above levels of 3ppm of chlorine.

Start Up

Before using this product, make sure that the filtration system is clean and operating properly. Adjust the pH of the water to range of 7.2-7.6 using suitable product and a reliable test kit. Adjust the alkalinity of the water to a minimum of 125 ppm (mg/L), based on the test kit reading.

Add a sufficient amount of this product directly to the surface of the circulating water to raise the free chlorine level in the water to 5-6 ppm (mg/L), based on the test kit reading. As a guide, for swimming pools addition of 10 ounces of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water will increase the free residual chlorine by 5 ppm (mg/L). For spas, addition of one ounce of this product for each 1,000 gallons of water will increase the free residual chlorine by 5 ppm (mg/L).

Shock Treatment

Superchlorinating or shocking is necessary whenever the combined chlorine level is above 0.5 ppm (mg/L). Combine chlorine is the difference between total and free chlorine, as measure by a suitable test kit.

Add sufficient amount of this product directly to the surface of circulation to raise the free chlorine level in the water to 5-6 ppm (mg/L) based on the test kit reading. As a guide, for swimming pools, addition of 10 ounces of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water will increase the residual chlorine by 5 ppm (mg/L). For spas, addition of one ounce of this product for each 1,000 gallons of water will increase the free residual chlorine by 5 ppm (mg/L). If the combined chlorine reading is not below 0.5 ppm (mg/L) and the water has been restored to its normal clarity, repeat the shock treatment described above.

Do not enter until free available chlorine reading is below 3 ppm (mg/L), combined chlorine is below 0.5 ppm (mg/L) and the water is restored to its normal clarity.

Maintenance Treatment

Add this product daily or as needed to maintain the free chlorine residual in the water at 1-3 ppm (mg/L) as indicated by a reliable test kit. Each ounce of this product will provide about 0.5 ppm. (mg/L) of available chlorine to 10,000 gallons of water. Weather and usage effect sanitizer levels. Maintain the pH at 7.2-7.6 and the alkalinity at a minimum of 125 ppm (mg/L).

As a guide, for swimming pools, addition of four ounces of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water will increase the free residual chlorine by 2 ppm (mg/L).

FOR USE IN INDUSTRIAL COOLING TOWERS

Treatment with this product us an effective way to control the growth of bacterial and algae in industrial water cooling towers.

Badly fouled systems should be cleaned prior to initializing treatment.

Initial Dosage: When the system is just noticeably fouled, ad 10-13 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water contained in the system. Repeat this dosage, if necessary, to maintain available chlorine reading of 1.0 to 2.0 ppm (as determined by use of a reliable and suitable test kit) until fouling is gone.

Maintenance Dosage: Add 1 to 3 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water daily or as needed to obtain available chlorine reading of 0.5 to 1.0 ppm.

This product should be added to the system at a point where adequate flow is maintained. Variation in water temperature, chlorine demand, and flow rate will affect the product dissolution rate. Warmer seasons may require an increase of available chlorine.

EMERGENCY DRINKING WATER USE

This product may be used to disinfect raw or pre-treated (settled, coagulated and/or filtered) water supplies intended for use as drinking water for humans and domestic animals on an emergency basis as defined by 40 CFR, Part 165-179.

The source of the water to be treated may be a river, lake, well, cistern or similar system. To obtain the desired sanitization results, the water to be treated should be clear and free of dirt and organic debris. If the source of the water is cloudy and contains dirt and organic debris, the water should be held in holding tanks or ponds, treated with coagulating agents and filtered to remove the dirt and organic debris.

DRINKING WATER – Dissolve 0.1 ounce of this product in 50 gallons of water (150 milligrams per 10 liters) to obtain a concentration of 10 ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine. Let the water stand seven to fifteen minutes before using. A residual of 0.2 ppm (mg/L) of available chlorine, as measured by reliable test kit, should be maintained in the water to insure disinfection.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Keep product dry in a tightly closed container when not in use. Store on a cool, dry, ventilated area away from heat or open flame. In case of decomposition, isolate container, if possible, in open airor well-ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water if necessary to dissolve all the material before discarding container in trash. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Fiber Drum: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging materials. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration as allowed by state and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be reused, dispose of it in the same manner.

Plastic Pail: Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 14 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application

equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration as allowed by state and local authorities.

Household: Do not reuse container. Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instruction. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain. Rinse thoroughly with water to dissolve all material before discarding. Securely wrap container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.