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BOLD FLOWABLE COPPER FUNGICIDE

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dates.

DCT 1 5 1982

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Redenticide Act as amended, for the pesificide

This product contains 3 pounds of Metallic Copper per gallon. 37405-2

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT:

If swallowed, induce vomiting. If on skin, remove by washing.

If in eyes, wash with large amounts of water and get medical attention.

EPA REGISTRATION NO. 37429
EPA ESTABLISHMENT NO. 37429-GA. 01
NET CONTENTS 5 gallons / 2½ gallons

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Avoid contact with skin and eyes in case of skin contact, remove with washing; for eyes, wash with copious amounts of water and get immediate medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Keep in a cool place but not below 32 deg. F.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide, spray mixture or rinse water
that cannot be used according to label instructions must be
disposed of according to applicable Federal, state or local
procedures.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offerer
for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary
landfill or by incineration if allowed by state and local
authorities.

MIXING DIRECTIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS Shake Well Before Using

Fill the spray tank approximately & full of water and with agitator running, add the required amount of BOLD FLOWABLE COPPER FUNGICIPE. Add water to fill the spray tank 3/4 full and when a spreader sticker is recommended, add the recommended amounts. Fill the spray tank and keep agitator running until spraying is completed.

BOLD CORPORATION
P. O. Box 1463, Tifton, Georgia 31794

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

FRUITS AND NUTS

Almonds: Brown Rot and Shot Hole - conventional dilute spray - use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon in 100 gallons water and apply 350 to 400 gallons per acre. Bud sprays for control of Brown Rot and Shot Hole should be applied at pink bud through popcorn stage. Do not spray after trees are in leaf. As a dormant spray for control of Shot Hole and Brown Rot, apply December 15 to January 15. Concentrate sprayers - use 5/6 - 1 gallon and apply as above in 25 to 50 gallons water per acre. note use 1 gal. per acre through swelling buds and 5/6 gallons per acre in popcorn stage. With aerial spraying during the dormant season for control of Shot Hole and Brown Rot, apply 1-1/3 - 2 gallons per acre in 20 gallons of water.

Apricots: Brown Rot and Shot Hole - conventional dilute spray - use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon per 100 gallons water. As a dormant spray for control of Shot. Hole disease apply November 15 to January 15. Bud sprays for control of Brown Rot should be applied through swelling buds and popcorn stage. Do not spray when trees are in leaf. Concentrate spray - use I - 1-1/6 gallon per acre and apply as above. Note: Use I 1/6 gallons per acre through swelling buds and reduce to I gal. in popcorn stage. When bud blight is a problem, apply the maximum rate shown above after most of leaves have fallen in the fall usually November and December but sheed of fall rains.

Avocados: Anthracnose, Blotch & Scab - use 1/3 gallon per 100 gallons water. Begin treatment when blossom buds open. Repeat at 4 week intervals for a total of 5 applications. Do not apply later than 140 days after bloom.

Berries: (Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries, Loganberries, Raspberries) Anthracnose use 1/3 gallon per 100 gallons of water. Begin spray when leaf buds begin to open.
Repeat when flower buds show white and continue at 10 to 14 day intervals. Leaf and
Cane Spot and Yellow Rust in spring sprays use 1/3 gallon per 100 gallons of water
and apply when leaf buds begin to open and repeat when flower buds show white. Also
make a postharvest spray after pruning but before fall rains begin to fall use 2/3
gallon per 100 gallons of water.

Cherries - (Sour): Brown Rot Blossom Blight - use 2/3 - 5/6 gallon per 100 gallons water. Apply at popcorn and late bloom stages. In late bloom spray add 5 lbs. hydrated lime per 100 gallons spray. For leaf Spot apply 2/3 - 5/6 gallons plus 5 lbs hydrated lime per 100 gallons applied at petal fall. For Shot Hole - use 2/3 - 5/6 gallons per 100 gallons water and apply as dormant spray.

Citrus: Brown Rot - use 1 1/3 pints per 100 gallon water. Apply at first indication of rain or first appearance of Brown Rot. Repeat as needed to protect during wet weather. For Melanose, Scab, Gressy Spot and Pink Pitting of grapefruit - use 1 - 2 pints per 100 gallons water by dilute spray with serial or concentrate sprayers apply 1 2/3 - 4 1/3 gallons per acre diluted to the proper concentration with water as recommended for the specific type sprayer used. Do not use lass than 10 gallons in of spray per acre. For Scab control make two applications, one just before treas begin to flush and repeat at 2/3 petal fall. For Melanose control apply 1 to 3 weeks after petal fall. Repeat 4 weeks later if necessary. For Greasy Spot and Pink Pitting make a summer spray about July 15. Sulfur may be included in sprays for Melanose and Scab. CAUTION: Do not apply in areas where copper injury is known to-occur.

Grapes: Anthracnose, Black Rot, Downy Mildew - dilute spray - use 1/6 g. on per 100 gallons water. Make first application when new growth is 1/2 inch long ad repeat every 10 to 14 days. Concentrate spray - use 1/3 to 1/2 gallon acre in sufficient water for good coverage and apply as stated above.

Olives: Leaf Spot (Peacock Spot) - use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon per 100 gallons of and apply in late October. Note: In areas with 10 inches or less rainfall per year, use only 1/6 gallon per 100 gallons. Concentrate sprays use 1 gallon per acre in not less than 40 gallons water. Read and follow above note on rainfall limitation.

Peaches & Nectarines: Brown Rot, Peach Blight (Shot Hole) and Leaf Curl - dilute spray - use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon per 100 gallons. Concentrate spray - use 1 - 1 1/3 gallons per acre in 25 to 50 gallons water per acre. As a dormant spray for Leaf Curl and Peach Blight (Shot Hole, apply November 15 to December 15 before fall rains begin. Bud sprays for Brown Rot and Peach Blight (Shot Hole) should be applied before bud swell and in full pink stage. Do not apply after pink bud or after trees are in leaf as injury may occur. Note: To control Leaf Curl application must be made before the foliage buds swell. Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station. California only. For Blight and Leaf Curl control 1 1/3 gal - 1 2/3 gal. in 20 gallons water may be applied by aircraft to one acre during the dormant season. For Peach Bacterial diseases apply 1/3 gallon per 100 gallons water plus sticker and apply during dormant season.

Pears: Fire Blight - use 5 1/3 Fl. oz. per 100 gallons water. Apply 400 gallons per acre to give 1/2 lb. metallic copper per acre. Concentrate spray - use 1/6 gallon per acre in sufficient water for good coverage. Apply at 10% bloom and repeat 5 to 7 day intervals during bloom. Do not use in D'Anjou, Comice, or Seckel varieties.

<u>Plums & Prunes</u>: Brown Rot, Shot Hole - use 1/3 to 1/2 gal. per 100 gallons water. For Shot Hole control apply as a dormant spray in November or December before heavy fall rains begin. For Brown Rot control apply at early green bud and full popcorn stages. Concentrate spray - use 1 gallon in 25 to 50 gals, water and apply to one acre. California Only. For aircraft spray to control Shot Hole and Brown Rot Blossom Blight apply 1 1/3 - 1 2/3 gallons in 20 gallons of water and apply to one acre during dormant season.

<u>Malnuts</u>: Blight - use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon per 100 gallons of water, make two treatments, the first in early prebloom (% pistillate, not catkin, blooms showing) and the second when 10 to 20% pistillate, not catkin, blooms are showing. Repeat applications for blight control 3 or 5 times during growing season if necessary.

Strawberries: Leaf Spot use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon per 100 gallons water. Apply pre-

CAUTION - Overspraying may cause injury to tender foliage of peaches, almonds, apricots and some Japanese plums.

VEGETABLE AND FIELD CROPS

Mixing Instructions: Mix recommended amount of Bold Flowable Copper Fungicide given for one acre in sufficient water for good coverage. With dilute ground sprayer, generally apply 100 to 150 gallons spray per acre. With concentrate sprayer generally apply 20 to 50 gallons spray per acre. With aerial sprayer generally apply 5 to 10 gallons spray per acre but do not apply less than 5 gallons spray mixture per acre. Consult the manufacturer for recommended water volumes per acre for a given sprayer.

Beans (Green and Dry): Angular Leaf Spot, Anthraceose, Becterial Blight, Downy Mildow - use 1/6 - 1/2 gallon per acre. Begin treatment when plants are about 5 inches tall and repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals.

Beets: Powny Mildew, Leaf Blights, Leaf Spots - use 1/3 gallon par acre. Begin when disease first appears and repeat every 7 to 10 days.

Sugar Beets: Cercospors Lasf Spot - use 2/3 gallon per acre. Begin when disease first appears and repeat 7 to 10 day intervals.

Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower: Downy Mildew, Leaf Spots - use 1/3 gallon par acre. Begin when plants are above ground in plant bed or before disease normally appears, Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals in plant bed and field.

Carrots: Downy Mildew, Cercospora and Alternaria Leaf Blights - use 1/3 gallon per acre. Begin treatment when disease first appears and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Celery: Bacterial Blight, Early and Late Blight - use 1/3 gallon per acre. Treat every 7 days after emergence.

Cucumbers: Downy Hildew, Anthranose, Angular Leaf Spot - 1/4 ~ 1/3 gallon per acre. Begin application before disease appears and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Cucurbits: (Cantaloupes, Cucumbers, Helons, Pumpkins, Squash): Angular Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Alternaria Leaf Spot, Bacterial Wilt, Bowny and Powdery Mildews, Gummy Stem Blight, Leaf Spot, Scab, use 1/3 gallon per acre. Begin treatment when plants begin to vine and repeat every 7 to 10 days. Since the disease is likely to be more serious in high plant populations (40,000 or more plants per acre) spray every 3 to 4 days to protect fruit at all stages of development. Note: A ground application after planting, but before emergence may help decrease infections of Angular Leaf Spot, Anthracnose and Alternaria Leaf Spot. Then follow above schedule after emergence. Note: Some Agricultural Experiment Stations recommend equal amount of hydrated lime when used on cucurbits. Lime when applied to cucurbits may cause dwarfing of plants and reduce fruit set due to increased transpiration and defloration under some conditions. Consult your local Experiment Station for specific recommendations.

Eggplant: Alternaria Blight, Anthracnose, Phomopsis - use 1/3 gallos per acre. Begin in plant bad or in field before disease appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Onton: Purple Blotch and Downy Mildew - use 1/3 gallon per acre. Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Potatoes: Early and Late Blights - use 2/2 - 2/3 gallon per acre. Begin when plants emerge and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

VEGETABLE AND FIELD CROPS (Cons'd)

Peanuts: Carcospora Leaf Spot - use 1/4 - 1/2 gallon per acre. Repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals. Note: The addition of 2 lbs. flowable sulfur in a tank mix will enhance leaf spot control.

Spinach: Anthracnose, Cercospora leaf Spot, Downy Hilder, White Rust - use 1/3 gallon per acre. Begin when disease first appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

Tomatous: Anthracnose, Bacterial Spot, Bacterial Canker, Early and Late Blight, Leaf Hold, Nailhead Rust, Septoria and Stemphylium Leaf Spot - use 1/3 - 1/2 gallon per acre. Begin in seedbed or field before disease appears. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Note: While the 1sbeled rate is particularly effective against Bacterial Spot a tank mix with Hameb used in the labeled rates, controls a broad range of tomato diseases. Observe all Cautions and limitations on the label of all products used in mixtures.

NOTICE TO BUYER

Follow all directions carefully. Timing and methods of application, weather, crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with the directions given on this label.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

·· 37429-2

Bold Flowable Copper Pangiside

Bold Corporation P. O. Box 1463 Trifton, GA 31794

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFFA sec. 3(e)(7)(A) provided that your

- Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFM sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for phignest:
 - a. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 37429-2."
 - b. Remember the correst type class for various bestings on the final printed label.
 - c. In the Environmental Manards statement, change "Keep **** peode" to "Do not apply directly to water."
- J. Submit five (5) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the 6-79 Englosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

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If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFTH sec. 6(e). Your relates for obligant of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your systems.

Henry H. Jacoby Product Hanner (21) Fungiside-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (78-767)

Reslector.

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CALABRIAN INTERNATIONAL CORPORTION

CALCO COPPER SULFATE

Notes on Draft Label Attached

Attached please find a typed draft of the proposed label comprising two parts-Front Penel and Back Panel.

Type Sizes

As the front panel of the label will exceed 30 square inches, the size of the key signal worked will be as follows:

Front Pag	sel-Only For Sale To, Use and Storage By Service	- 12 point
, G	Personnel. ' -Keep Out of Reach of Children	- 12 point
O en	-DANGER (In capitals)	- 18 point
#1 1 1	-Not For Medicinal Use	- 12 point
	-PRECAUTIONALY STATEMENTS (In Capitals)	- 18 point
o ' '#1 1	-HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS (caps)	- 18 point
	-STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT (caps)	- 18 point
H 0	' -ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD (In capitals)	- 18.point.
Back Pane	el -STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (In capitals)	- 12 point
ur s	-Prohibitions	- 12 point
\$0	' -Storage	- 12 point
	' -Pesticide Disposal	- 12 point
** . 1	-Container Disposal	- 12 point
Color		*****
Black	print on white background	