MACCO

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

Hazardous vapor. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Consisting of volatile materials. Super Furnigas should be handled so as to prevent breathing of vapors. Wear a gas mask approved by U.S. Bureau of Mines for protection against organic vapors. Do not get in eyes of on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after any contact.

Do not feed treated feed or grain to liveshock until that been aired enough to remove a life regard odor. Do not use as a contact spray or to turnigate flour.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Misuse as to quantity timing or method of application can cause damage or injury to animals persons, property or crops or cause residues in excess of official tolerances.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Grain Fumigant #3 classed 1 to 5 less hazardous than paraffin oil in respect to fire hazard.

AVOID CONTACT WITH FLAME OR HOT SURFACES.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) ^{2}$

RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Do not enter any treated structure — bill thas been a relator at least 24 hours.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Prohibitions: Do not contain rate water food or feed by storage or dispusa.

Pesticide Disposar Pesti, del spray mixture cr rimate that cannot tie used a locidina to rabe elstructums must be disposed of a complique Federal State critical prime dures under the Researce Conservation and Relicing Act

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KILLS ALL STAGES: Granary Weevil. Rice Weevil, Lesser Grain Borer, Angoumois Grain Moth, Indian Meal Moth, Sawtooth Grain Beetle, Mediterranean Flour Moth, Confused Flour Beetle, Cadelle, Black Carpet Beetle.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Carbon Tetrachloride Carbon Disuffide Sulfur Dioxide Normal Pentane

16 34° v 1 00° o 0 39° o Totai 100 00° o

82 27%

Keep Out of Reach of Children

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Mawellowed - call a physician or Poisch Control Center i Drink for 2 glasses of water and induce vumiting ty your hing trails of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious carrier.

If inhaled in the to fresh air. Call alphysic an at choe. Keep patient warm and quiet if breathing stops apply an foral respiration.

Hon skin wash incrouch, with scap and water Hin eyes in need, a latter to 15 m rules and get primpt medical attention

SEE SIDE AND BACK PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

NET CONTENTS

GALLONS

Liters)

EPA Reg No. 36480-49

EPA Est. No

Manufactured by.



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SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR GRAIN TO BE USED FOR SEED PURPOSES

These precautions must be followed in order to avoid germination reduction

- 1. Do not apply unless moisture content of grain is less than 12% and preferably less than 10%.
- 2 The grain temperature during the exposure period should be between 65. F and 85. F.
- 3 The fumigant exposure period must not be more than 24 hours. Provision must be made to remove the fumigant by aeration immediately after the 24-hour exposure. This may be accomplished in tight structures by the use of aeration fans, and in loosely constructed storages by breaking all seals applied when preparing for fumigation. Do not fumigate low viability seed grain, as germination may be further reduced.

AMOUNTS TO USE

The following dosages are recommended for satisfactory results under normal treating conditions only. When grain shows heavy infestation or is of high moisture content (except for seed grain see Special Precautions for Grain to be Used for Seed Purposes), the dosages tisted below should be increased from 12 to 1 gallon per 1000 bushels.

DOSAGE TABLE Gallons Per 1000 Bushels of Grain

Type of Bin	Wneat, Aye	Grain Sorghum	Oals. Corn
Steel or Concrete	2	6	4
Wood Biris	3	8	6
Flat Storage Building	.1	8	ti

RICE: Use 4 gallons of fumigant per 1000 bushels if average grain temperature is 75° F. or above. If temperature is between 60° F. and 75° F., use 6 gallons per 1000 bushels. If necessary to fumigate when grain temperature is below 60° F., use 8 gallons per 1000 bushels. Note warning statements.

FLAT STORAGE BUILDINGS (Quonset Huts, Airplane Hangars, Old Buildings): This type of grain storage is best treated by evenly wetting the grain surface with the required dosage. Heavier dosages usually are applied to "grain peaks" which cannot be eliminated by mechanical leveling. Due to the large quantity of grain usually involved, power pump application is generally used. Gas masks should be used if application must be made from inside the building. Always have someone on hand to assist in case of accident. If it is necessary to enter the building or space already under fumigation, the assistant should stay outside.

FARM BINS: For small bins (less than 5000 bushels) apply 2 to 2½ gallons of Super Fumigas per 1000 bushels as a top application after bin has been filled and grain leveled. Pour or spray uniformly, with a wet, coarse, fan-shaped stream. When re-treating, be certain any crushing on surface of grain is removed.

BOXCARS: Apply 1¾ gallons per 1000 bushels of grain to prevent damage from infested boxcars in transit. Seal car tightly and allow to remain sealed for a minimum of 48 hours (except for seed grain; see Special Precautions for Grain to be Used for Seed Purposes).

Fumigated areas must be placarded on all entrances with signs containing at least the signal word DANGER and the "Skull and Crossbones" and the words "Area under tumigation, do not enter until completely aerated", the date of fumigation, name of the fumigant used, emergency telephone number for contact, and the name and address of the fumigator. Do not remove warning signs until the fumigated area is completely aerated and safe for entry, as indicated by a suitable detector.