# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive, may cause severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have dissipated.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, streams, ponds, estuaries, cceans or public waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in an NPDES permit. Do no discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

## PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT: Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g. urine, feces, etc.) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration.

DISPOSAL: In case of soul flood Breas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsates that canno, we used about the digited with with related to the service. Do not reuse container out piace in trash collection or triple rinse with water and return to supplier with all plugs and caps intact. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

## SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

DISINFECTANT BACTERICIDE DEODORANT For use in food processing plants, farms, restaurants, hotels, swimming pools, and in industrial applications as a bleach. See directions.

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

#### DANGER

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT (FIRST AID)

IF CONTACT WITH EYES OCCURS: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Get prompt medical attention.

IF CONTACT WITH SKIN OCCURS: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

iF SWALLOWED: Drink large amounts of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poleon control center immediately.

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

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EPA Reg. No. 35934-2 EPA Est, No. 38934-PA-61

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#### **DIRECTIONS FOR:**

#### SWIMMING POOL WATER DISINFECTION

For a new pool or spring start-up, superchlorinate with 52 t of this product per 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 available chlorine by weight. Check the level of chlorine t Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 to 7.6. maintain the alkalinity of the pool to between 50 and 10 maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 11 ! product per 10,000 gallons of water to yield an availal residual between 0.6 to 1.0 ppm by weight. Stabilized p maintain a residual of 1.0 to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. T available chlorine residual and alkalinity of the water free appropriate test kits. Frequency of water treatments will temperature and number of swimmers. Every 7 days, or as superchlorinate the pool with 52 to 104 fl. oz. of this product gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Do not re until the chlorine residual is between 1.0 to 3.0 ppm. At the swimming season or when water is to be drained from the p must be allowed to dissipate from treated pool water before Do not chlorinate the pool within 24 hours prior to dischar:

#### COMMERCIAL LAUNDRY BLEACH

Mix 1 gallon to 14 gallons of water, Introduce Sodium Hypo your normal laundry process.

#### DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER

PUBLIC SYSTEMS: Mix a ratio of 1 oz. of this product to of water. Begin feeding this solution with a hypochlorinator available residual of at least 0.2 ppm and no more than attained throughout the distribution system. Check water fre a chlorine test kit, Bacteriological sampling must be confrequency no less than that prescribed by the National Inte Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Defouther details.

## SANITIZATION OF NONPOROUS FOOD C SURFACES

R'NSE METHOD: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorused in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppi chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to ensignalize the chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. Prepai sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 1 oz. of this productions of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available weight.

Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to u surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. If solution contains less t available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, elithe solution or add sufficient product to re-establish a 200 pt Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and c equipment overnight.

Sentitions used in automated systems may be used for gene but may not be re-used for santiting purposes,