

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

July 7, 2023

Arianna Shorey Regulatory Consultant for Loveland Products, Inc. c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting Inc. 4110 136th St. Ct. NW Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Grammatical revisions for consistency

Product Name: LPI.A044

EPA Registration Number: 34704-1189

Application Date: May 4, 2023 Decision Number: 591853

## Dear Arianna Shorey:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "NOTIFICATION" and placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you have any questions, please contact Lydia Crawford by phone at 202-566-2575, or via email at Crawford.Lydia@epa.gov.

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> Emily Schmid, Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

{Note to reviewer: [Text] in brackets denotes optional text. {Text} in braces denotes where in the final label text will appear and notes to reviewer.}

## **{MASTER LABEL FOR EPA REG. NO. 34704-1189}**

{Primary Brand Name:} [LPI.A044]

[Makaze K6]

## NOTIFICATION

34704-1189

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

7/7/2023

## {Master Label Table of Contents}

<u>{</u> I.	Directions for Use with Food and Feed Crops
<b>{</b> Ⅱ.	Directions for Use on Industrial, Turf and Ornamental Sites}

{\*\*See each label part for more detailed table of contents\*\*}

{Note: The text listed in this box will not appear on the final printed label.}

{I. DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH FOOD AND FEED CROPS.}



GLYPHOSATE GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

## **LPI.A044**

Selective broad-spectrum weed control in Roundup Ready crops. Non-selective, broad-spectrum weed control for many agricultural systems and farmsteads.

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, EXCEPT AS DIRECTED FOR USE ON ROUNDUP READY CROPS, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION COULD RESULT.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	. 48.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	51.3%
TOTAL	100.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Contains 660 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 540 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon (39.8% by weight).

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS, DIRECTIONS FOR USE, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL, AND OTHER USE INFORMATION, SEE INSIDE THIS LABEL BOOKLET.

FIRST AID						
If in eyes:	If in eyes:  • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.					
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.						
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
If on skin or	If on skin or • Take off contaminated clothing.					
clothing:  • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.						
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.						
FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL: 1-866-944-8565.						
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.						

For Chemical Emergency:
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA REG. NO.: 34704-1189

EPA EST. NO.:

**NET CONTENTS**: GAL (L)

**FORMULATED FOR:** 

LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC.

P.O. BOX 1286,—

GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286

[Print Code to be placed here]

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#### 1.0 INGREDIENTS

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium saltsalt	48.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	51.3%
Total	100.0%

#### 2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBER

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL: 1-866-944-8565.

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### 3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

#### **CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks and shoes. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

**DOMESTIC ANIMALS:** This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation could result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Socks and shoes,
- Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If there are no instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**IMPORTANT:** When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

#### **User Safety Recommendations**

#### **Users should:**

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### 3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters and rinsate.

<sup>\*</sup>Contains 660 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 540 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon (39.8% by weight).

#### 3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product may be mixed, stored and applied using stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers. Do not mix or allow coming in contact with <u>Qoxidizing</u> agents. Hazardous <u>Commission</u> reaction may occur.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas, which can form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source and cause serious personal injury.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product may only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label.

{{ The following paragraph is reserved and will only appear on final printed labeling for products under this registration if and when required by EPA:}

[ENDANGERED SPECIES PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: This product may have effects on federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat in some locations. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county or parish in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county or parish has a Bulletin, and to obtain that Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/, or call 1-800-447-3813 no more than 6 months before using this product. Applicators must use Bulletins that are in effect in the month in which the pesticide will be applied. New Bulletins will generally be available from the above sources 6 months prior to their effective dates.]

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

#### **Non-Agricultural Use Requirements**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

#### 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not store near oxidizing agents.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store only in original container in locked storage areas. If a spill occurs, visible puddles or drops should be covered with a dry absorbent such as clay, sawdust, lime or soda ash. Sweep up and dispose of in a permitted disposal facility. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers during handling and storage. Do not store near heat or open flame. Protect from temperatures below 0°-degrees-F. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container.** Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.-org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or other procedures allowed by state and local authorities. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI-psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

**For packages greater than 56 gallons:** To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**For refillable containers:** Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container.

Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

#### 5.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

**Product Description:** This product is a postemergence, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush, trees and vines. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant and may be applied using standard and specialized pesticide application equipment after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carrier according to label directions.

[Optional label text: Do not add [Optional label text: surfactants, additives containing surfactants,] buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide being applied unless otherwise directed. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions regarding other additives.]

[Optional label text: No additional surfactant is needed in the spray solution. This includes additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed.]

**Mechanism of Action:** The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to the formation of specific amino acids.

**No Soil Activity:** This product binds tightly to soil particles and does not provide residual weed control. Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by foliar application of this product. Weed seeds in the soil will not be affected by this product and will continue to germinate. Unattached plant rhizomes and rootstocks beneath the soil surface will also not be affected by this product.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

**Stage of Weeds:** Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Enhanced control of most perennial weeds is obtained when this product is applied at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" for more information on the control of specific weeds.

**Cultural Considerations:** Reduced weed control could result when this product is applied to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to re-grow prior to application. Always use a higher product application rate within the specified range when weed growth is heavy or dense, or when weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area. Reduced weed control could also result when this product is applied to weeds that show signs of disease or insect damage, are covered with dust, or are surviving under poor growing conditions.

**Spray Coverage:** For enhanced results, spray coverage must be uniform and complete. Do not spray foliage to the point of runoff.

**Rainfastness:** Rainfall within 4 hours of application could wash this product off of the foliage and a second application might then be needed for acceptable weed control. Refer to specific use sections of this label for additional information on the minimum intervals required before re-application of this product.

**Time to Symptoms:** This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant that advances to complete browning of aboveground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts. Effects are visible on most annual weeds within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds, effects might not be visible for 7 or more days after application. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following application could slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms.

Maximum Application Rates: The maximum application or use rates stated throughout this label are given in units of volume (fluid ounces or quarts) of this product per acre. However, the maximum allowable application rates apply to this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing the active ingredient glyphosate, whether applied separately or in a tank mixture, on a basis of total pounds of glyphosate (acid equivalents) per acre. If more than one glyphosate-containing product is applied to the same site within the same year, you must ensure that the total use of glyphosate (pounds acid equivalents) does not exceed the maximum allowed. See the "INGREDIENTS" section of this label for necessary product information.

Unless otherwise specified on this label, the combined total application of this product on a site must not exceed 5.3 quarts (6.0 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year. For applications on non-crop sites, or on tree, vine or shrub crop production sites, the combined total application of this product must not exceed 7.0 quarts (7.9 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

**NOTE:** Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label could result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or have other unintended consequences.

#### 6.0 WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

GLYPHOSATE GRO	OUP 9	HERBICIDE
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Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 9 herbicide based on the mechanism of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population can contain plants that are naturally resistant to Group 9 herbicides. Weeds resistant to Group 9 herbicides can be effectively managed by using another herbicide from a different Group (either alone or in a mixture according to label directions), by using other cultural or mechanical methods of weed control, or a combination of the two. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension agent, professional consultant or other qualified authority to determine appropriate actions for controlling specific resistant weeds.

#### **6.1 Weed Management Practices**

Resistant populations arise when rare individual plants are uncontrolled by a normal dose of a given herbicide under normal environmental conditions. In the absence of other control measures these individuals survive, produce seed, and eventually become the dominant biotype in the field through continuous selection. The best means of reducing this selection is to use diverse weed control practices such as multiple herbicides with different mechanisms of action, and often in combination with various mechanical and cultural practices.

To minimize the occurrence of herbicide-resistant biotypes, including those resistant to glyphosate, implement the following weed management practice options that are practical to your situation. These management practices are applicable to reduce the spread of confirmed resistant biotypes (managing existing resistant biotypes) and to reduce the potential for selecting for resistance in new species (proactive resistance management).

- Use a diversified approach toward weed management focused on preventing weed seed production and reducing the number of weed seeds in the soil.
- Plant crops into fields that are as weed-free as possible and then keep them as weed-free as possible.
- Plant crop seed that is as weed-free as possible.
- Scout fields routinely, before and after herbicide application.
- Use multiple herbicide mechanisms of action that are effective against the most troublesome weeds in your field and against those with known resistance.
- Apply herbicides at application rates listed on the label when weeds are within the size range indicated on the label.
- Emphasize cultural practices that suppress weeds by using crop competitiveness.
- Use mechanical and biological weed management practices, where appropriate.
- Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules.
- Manage weed seed at harvest and after harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seedbank.

#### 6.2 Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Biotypes

Appropriate testing is needed to determine if a weed is resistant to glyphosate. Contact your Loveland Products, Inc. representative to determine if resistance in any particular weed biotype has been confirmed in your area, or visit on the Internet www.weedresistancemanagement.com or www.weedscience.org.

Glyphosate-resistant weeds can be controlled or managed by applying this product in combination with residual preemergence herbicides and/or other postemergence herbicides labeled for control of the targeted weed in the crop being grown. For more information, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

#### 7.0 MIXING

Spray solutions of this product may be mixed, stored and applied using clean stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.

Eliminate any risk of siphoning the contents of the tank back into the carrier source while mixing. Use approved antiback-siphoning devices where required by State or local regulations.

A 50-mesh nozzle screen or line strainer on the spray equipment is adequate.

Clean sprayer parts promptly after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

#### 7.1 Mixing with Water

PERFORMANCE OF THIS PRODUCT CAN BE SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCED IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL SEDIMENT IS USED AS CARRIER. DO NOT MIX THIS PRODUCT WITH WATER FROM PONDS OR DITCHES THAT IS VISIBLY MUDDY OR MURKY.

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows. Begin filling the mixing tank or spray tank with clean water. Add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix gently. Foaming of the spray solution can occur during mixing. To prevent or minimize foaming, mix gently, terminate bypass and return lines at the bottom of the tank, and, if necessary, add an appropriate anti-foam or defoaming agent to the spray solution.

#### 7.2 Tank Mixtures

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

This product does not provide residual weed control. This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control in the soil, a broader weed control spectrum, or an alternate mechanism of action.

Some tank-mix products have the potential to cause crop injury under certain conditions, at certain growth stages, and/or under other circumstances. Read the label of all products to be used in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers could result in reduced weed control or crop injury. Loveland Products, Inc. has not tested all tank-mix product formulations for compatibility, antagonism or reduction in product performance. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly specified on this label, or Fact Sheets published for this product.

When a tank-mix with a generic active ingredient, such as 2,4-D, atrazine, dicamba, diuron, pendimethalin, or any other product or material, is listed on this label, the user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application being made is included on the label of the product being used in the mix.

Refer to all individual product labels, supplemental labeling and Fact Sheets for all products in the tank mixture, and observe all precautions and limitations on the label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

For optimal results, apply tank mixtures with this product at a minimum spray volume rate of 10 gallons per acre.

## 7.3 Tank-Mixing Procedure

Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that will be applied that day. Application of tank-mix solutions that are allowed to stand overnight could result in reduced weed control.

Prepare tank mixtures of this product as follows:

- 1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over the filling port of the tank.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the tank one-half full with water and start gentle agitation.
- 3. If ammonium sulfate is to be used, add it slowly through the screen into the tank and continue adding water into

the tank through the screen. If dry ammonium sulfate is being used, ensure that it is completely dissolved in the tank before adding other products.

- 4. If a wettable powder is used, prepare a slurry of it with water and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- 5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water and add the diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water and add the diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- 7. Continue filling the tank with water through the screen and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 8. [Optional label statement: If a nonionic surfactant is used, add it to the tank before completing the filling process.]
- 9. Add individual tank-mix components to the tank as follows: wettable powders, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, drift reduction additives, water soluble liquids (this product) [Optional text: , surfactant].

Maintain gentle agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed out. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, agitate thoroughly to re-suspend the mixture before resuming application.

Keep by-pass and return lines on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming.

A 50-mesh nozzle screen or line strainer on the spray equipment is adequate.

#### 7.4 Mixing Spray Solution Concentrations

All reference throughout this label to concentration of this product in a spray solution is on a percentage--of-volume basis.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution at a given concentration by mixing the amount of this product indicated in the following table in water.

Desired Volume of Spray Solution	Amount of Mad Dog K6This Product to Achieve Indicated Concentration in Spray Volume					
	(percent by volume)					
	0.4%	0.7%	1.0%	1.5%	4.0%	7.0%
1.0 gal	0.5 fl oz	1.0 fl oz	1.3 fl oz	2.0 fl oz	5.0 fl oz	9.0 fl oz
	(0.0176 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.035 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.046 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.070 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.18 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.316 <del>lb.</del> lb
	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)
25.0 gal	13.0 fl oz	22.0 fl oz	1.0 qt	1.5 qt	4.0 qt	7.0 qt
	(0.46 <del>lb.</del> lb a.e.)	(0.77 <del>lb.</del> lb	1.125 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(1.69 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(4.5 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(7.9 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>
		a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)
100 gal	1.6 qt	2.8 qt	1.0 gal	1.5 gal	4.0 gal	7.0 gal
	(1.8 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	(3.15 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(4.5 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(6.75 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(18.0 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(31.5 <del>lbs.</del> lb
		a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)

2.0 tablespoons = 1.0 fluid ounce (fl oz)

For filling backpack and pump-up sprayers, consider mixing the appropriate amount of this product with water in a larger container and then filling the sprayer from the larger container.

#### **7.5 Surfactants** [this section is optional in the final printed label]

Although not always required, surfactant may be added to spray solutions of this product. Additional surfactant can increase the performance of this product at water carrier volumes above 30.0 gallons per acre or at application rates below 16.0 fluid ounces of product per acre.

Nonionic surfactants that are labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. Use a surfactant concentration of 0.25 to 0.5 percent (1.0 to 2.0 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when adding surfactant that contains at least 70 percent active ingredient, or a 1\_-percent surfactant concentration (4.0 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when adding surfactant that contains less than 70 percent active ingredient. Read and carefully observe all precautionary statements and other information on the surfactant label.

[Optional label statement: DO NOT add buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide product being applied.]

DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON OR ANY POSTEMERGENCE (IN-CROP) APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY COTTON AND ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON.

#### 7.6 Ammonium Sulfate

Unless otherwise directed, the addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight (8.5 to 17.0 pounds per 100 gallons of water), could increase the performance of this product on annual and perennial weeds, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank-mixed with certain residual herbicides. An equivalent amount of a liquid formulation of ammonium sulfate may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water promptly after use to reduce corrosion.

When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates directed on this label; lower application rates will result in reduced performance.

#### 7.7 Colorants and Dyes

Colorants and marking dyes may be added to spray solutions of this product; however, they can reduce the performance of this product. Use colorants and dyes according to the manufacturer's directions.

#### 7.8 Drift Reduction Additives

Drift reduction additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and controlled droplet applicators (CDA). When a drift reduction additive is used, read and follow all precautions, limitations and all other information on the product label. Use of drift reduction additives can affect spray coverage, which could reduce the performance of this product.

#### 8.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

This product may be applied using the following equipment:

Aerial Application Equipment - fixed-wing and helicopter.

**Ground Application Equipment** - boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayers, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast application equipment.

**Handheld Sprayers** - backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers\*, lances and other handheld and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto undesirable foliage.

\* This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Application Equipment - shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicator, sponge bar.

**Injection Systems** - aerial or ground injection sprayers.

**Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)** - handheld or boom-mounted applicators that produce a spray pattern consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF ACCURATELY DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

#### 8.1 Spray Drift Management

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, EXCEPT AS DIRECTED FOR USE ON ROUNDUP READY CROPS, AS SEVERE PLANT

#### INJURY OR DESTRUCTION COULD RESULT.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation, as small quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other vegetation on which application was not intended.

AVOID DRIFT. USE EXTREME CARE TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipmentand weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions regarding the application of this product.

The likelihood of injury occurring as the result of spray drift while applying this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or generation of fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFERS MUST BE MAINTAINED.

AVOID APPLYING THIS PRODUCT AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR SPRAYER PRESSURE.

#### 8.2 Aerial Application Equipment

Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described on this label may be made using aerial application equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL.

FOR SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO THE AERIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT IN ARKANSAS AND CALIFORNIA, OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, REFER TO THE LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY PRESENTED IN THIS SECTION.

Unless otherwise directed, the maximum single application rate of this product is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre when using aerial application equipment. Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise directed on this label. Refer to the individual use sections of this label for application rates, spray volumes and additional directions for use.

Drift control reduction additives may be used.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

## **Aircraft Maintenance**

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES COULD RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) that meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 can help prevent corrosion.

#### **AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

The following drift management requirements must be followed to minimize off-target drift movement during aerial application. [Optional label text, if applicable: These requirements do not apply to forestry applications.]

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be followed.

#### **Importance of Droplet Size**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if the application is made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions, such as in windy, high temperature with low humidity, and/or inversion conditions as described below.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

- **Volume:** Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure:** Operate sprayer at a pressure towards the lower end of the range listed for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing the pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle orientation:** Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the air stream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower
  spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight
  back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- **Boom length:** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length could further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Application must be made at a height of 10 feet or less above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making the application at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### **Swath Adjustment**

When an application is made with a crosswind present, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the upwind and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Increase the swath adjustment distance with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest at wind speeds of between 2 and 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Avoid application when wind speeds are below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE**: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

#### **Temperature and Humidity**

When making an application in low relative humidity, set application equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **Temperature Inversion**

Do not apply this product during a temperature inversion as drift potential is high under these conditions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small droplets to remain suspended in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### **Sensitive Areas**

Apply this product only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from a sensitive area).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

#### **State Specific Limitations on Aerial Application**

#### LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

DO NOT apply this product using aerial application equipment in residential areas.

AVOID DRIFT – DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT OF THIS PRODUCT ONTO ANY VEGETATION TO WHICH APPLICATION WAS NOT INTENDED WILL CAUSE DAMAGE. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, USE PROPER AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT FITTED WITH APPROPRIATE NOZZLES AND MAINTAIN ADEQUATE BUFFERS.

Follow the directions below when making an aerial application near non-target crops, desirable annual vegetation, or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop.

- 1. Do not apply this product within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or non-target crops.
- 2. If winds are blowing up to 5 miles per hour TOWARD desirable vegetation or non-target crops, do not apply this product within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- 3. If winds are blowing between 5 and 10 miles per hour TOWARD desirable vegetation or non-target crops, a buffer zone greater than 500 feet might be needed to protect the desirable vegetation or crops.
- Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment when winds are blowing in excess of 10 miles per hour.
- 5. Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment when inversion conditions exist.

When tank-mixing this product with 2,4-D, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied in California using aerial application equipment. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied by air in California in fallow fields and in reduced tillage systems, and for alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

This product, when tank-mixed with dicamba, may not be applied by air in California.

## ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

The following information applies only from February 15 through March 31 within the following boundaries of Fresno County, California:

North: Fresno County line South: Fresno County line East: State Highway 99 West: Fresno County line

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

#### **Written Directions**

Written directions MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. These written directions MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

#### **Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment**

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to einsure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters

acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

#### **Application at Night**

—Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product in Fresno County, call (800) 332-3111.

#### LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range have a lower drift potential.

Applications are typically to be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions can occur when wind speeds are less than 2 miles per hour.

Follow the directions below when an aerial application is made near non-target crops or other desirable vegetation:

- 1. Do not apply this product within 100 feet of non-target crops or any desirable vegetation.
- 2. If winds are blowing up to 5 miles per hour TOWARD non-target crops or desirable vegetation, do not apply this product within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crop.
- 3. If winds are blowing between 5 and 10 miles per hour TOWARD non-target crops or desirable vegetation, a buffer zone greater than 500 feet might be needed to protect the crop or desirable vegetation.

#### 8.3 Ground Application Equipment

Apply this product at the appropriate rate as specified on this label in 3.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when making a broadcast application using ground application equipment, unless otherwise directed on this label or Fact Sheets published for this product. As the weed density increases, increase the spray volume towards the upper end of this range to ensure complete coverage. Use nozzles that will avoid generating a fine mist. For enhanced results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check spray pattern for uniform distribution of spray droplets.

## 8.4 Handheld Sprayers

When using a handheld sprayer, apply spray solutions of this product uniformly and completely to the foliage of target weeds using a coarse droplet spectrum and a spray-to-wet technique; do not spray to the point of runoff. For the appropriate concentration of this product in the spray solution and timing of application to control certain weeds, woody brush, trees and vines, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and

"WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label.

Spot treatment application of this product for weed control in a cropping system using a handheld sprayer may be made only when specifically directed on this label. The crop sprayed with this product will be killed along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

#### 8.5 Selective Application Equipment

Selective application equipment allows this product to be applied to weeds growing near the crop or other desirable vegetation without killing the desirable vegetation. Selective application equipment must be capable of preventing all contact of the herbicide solution with the crop or other desirable vegetation and operated without spray mist escape, leakage or dripping of the herbicide solution.

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION. Contact of this product with desirable vegetation could result in unwanted plant damage or destruction.

#### **Shielded and Hooded Sprayers**

A shielded sprayer directs the herbicide solution to the target weeds while protecting the crop or other desirable vegetation from coming into contact with the herbicide spray with an impervious material or shield. Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the application area. Keep shields properly adjusted to protect desirable vegetation.

A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded sprayer where the spray pattern is fully enclosed, including the top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop or other desirable vegetation from the spray solution.

This product may be diluted in water and applied using a shielded or hooded sprayer to weeds listed on this label growing on any non-crop site described on this label and in between rows of plants (row middles) in any cropping system listed on this label.

Properly adjust the hood to protect desirable vegetation. Ensure that the hood is capable of completely enclosing the spray pattern. If necessary, when applying around crops grown on raised beds, extend the front and rear flaps of the hooded sprayer downward to reach the ground in deep furrows.

A hooded sprayer must be configured and operated in a manner that minimizes bouncing and avoids raising the hood up off the ground surface at any time. If the hood is raised, spray particles can escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage to or destruction of the crop or other desirable vegetation. Avoid operating this equipment on rough or sloping terrain where the spray hood is likely to rise up off the ground surface.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or runoff down the inside of the hood, such as a single, low pressure, low-drift, flat-fan nozzle with an 80- to 95-degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood, with a spray volume of 20.0 to 30.0 gallons per acre.

The following procedures will help reduce the potential for crop injury when using a hooded sprayer:

- Operate the sprayer with the hood on the ground or skimming across the ground surface.
- Leave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drill row. (For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, make the maximum width of the spray hood 30 inches.)
- Operate at a ground speed of no greater than 5 miles per hour to minimize bouncing of the hooded sprayer.
- Apply when wind speed is 10 miles per hour or less.
- Use low-drift nozzles that will provide uniform coverage within the application area.

Injury to a crop or other desirable vegetation can occur when application is made to foliage of weeds that come into direct contact with the crop or desirable vegetation. Do not apply this product when leaves of desirable vegetation are growing in direct contact with weeds. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation can result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

#### Wiper Applicator

A wiper applicator is a device that physically wipes this product or solutions of this product directly onto the target weed or cut stump. Any handheld device that is capable of physically wiping this product or solutions of this product directly onto the target weed or cut stump, such as a paint brush, may be used.

A mechanical wiper applicator, such as a rope wick or sponge bar that can be driven through a field over the top of a crop or other desirable vegetation to control weeds that are taller than the desirable vegetation, must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Wiper applicators may be used over the top of food or feed crops ONLY if specifically permitted for use over that crop by this label.

When using a mechanical wiper applicator, adjust the height of the applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds and so that the wiper contact point is a minimum of 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Enhanced results can be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution and weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds that do not come into contact with the herbicide solution will not be affected. Poor contact can occur when weeds are growing in dense clumps, when operating in an area of severe weed infestation, or when weed height varies dramatically. In these situations, more than one application of this product might be necessary.

Operate wiper applicators at a ground speed of no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance in areas of heavy weed infestation can be improved by reducing speed, which will provide more time for re—saturation of the wiper with the herbicide solution and more contact time of the wiper with the weed. Enhanced results with a wiper applicator can be obtained when two applications are made travelling in opposite directions in the field.

Keep wiper surfaces clean.

Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation can result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution can migrate to one side, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wiper on the upper end of the applicator.

Do not apply this product using a wiper applicator when weeds are wet.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution when using a wiper applicator.

For Rope and Sponge Wick Applicators - use solutions ranging from 33 to 75 percent of this product in water.

For Panel Applicators - use solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent (undiluted) of this product in water.

Mix only the amount of this product that will be used during a 1-day period, as reduced product performance can result from the use of solutions held in storage.

Clean wiper parts promptly after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

#### 8.6 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial and ground injection spray systems as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this concentrated product with the undiluted concentrate of other products for use in injection systems, unless otherwise directed.

## 8.7 Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)

The amount of this product applied per acre using a controlled droplet applicator (CDA) must be no less than the rate specified on this label for application using conventional broadcast application equipment.

A controlled droplet applicator produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Use extreme care to avoid spray or drift from contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as plant damage or destruction could result.

#### 9.0 ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE OF THIS PRODUCT THAT APPLY TO ALL CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS, PRE-HARVEST INTERVALS, AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label, for directions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Chemical Fallow; Preplant Fallow Beds; Preplant; At-<u>p</u>Planting; Preemergence; Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles; Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles; Wiper Applicator in Row Middles; Post-<u>Harvest</u>harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied during fallow intervals preceding planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergence to annual and perennial crops listed on this label, except where specifically limited. For any crop not listed on this label, application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to planting. Unless otherwise directed, apply this product according to the rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label. Application rates specified on this label for hard-to-control weeds, supersede the rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label.

Application of this product may be repeated as needed up to a maximum of 5.3 quarts per acre per year. Refer to specific use sections of this label for additional information on minimum intervals required before re-application of this product.

Hooded sprayers and wiper applicators capable of preventing all contact of the herbicide solution with the crop may be used in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. Wiper applicators may be used over the top of crops to control tall weeds only when specifically directed in the individual crop sections that follow. Crop injury is possible with these methods of application. Refer to the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information regarding the potential for crop injury using selective application equipment.

Spot treatment application of this product for weed control in a cropping system may be made only when specifically directed in the individual crop sections that follow.

Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described in the sections that follow may be made using aerial application equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label. Refer to the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on aerial application and procedures for avoiding spray drift that could cause injury to any vegetation not intended for application. Use of appropriate buffers will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control, a broader weed control spectrum or an alternate mechanism of action. Always read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use all products according to rates and timing specified on the label. Some tank-mix products have the potential to cause crop injury. Read the label for all products in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury. Always predetermine the compatibility of tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Mixing other products with this herbicide in the spray tank can cause incompatibility, antagonism, or a reduction in the efficacy of this product. Loveland Products, Inc. has not tested all product formulations for compatibility or performance in a tank-mix with this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not specifically identified on this label or Fact Sheets for this product. See the "MIXING" section of this label for more information on tank mixtures.

**PRECAUTIONS:** Avoid contact of this herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops, as severe crop injury or destruction could result. Transplant seedlings coming into contact with weeds that are still wet with a spray solution of this product could result in significant crop injury. When making preemergence applications, application must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Broadcast application of this product at emergence will result in injury or death of emerged seedlings. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops where spot treatment is allowed, the crop sprayed with this product will be killed along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for additional information.

Pre-harvest application on crops grown for seed could result in a reduction in germination or vigor.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Observe the maximum application rates stated throughout this label. Maximum application rates apply to the use of this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing glyphosate as the active ingredient, whether applied separately or as mixtures. Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate- containing products does not exceed the stated maximum rate. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

Unless otherwise directed on this label, application using selective equipment, including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers, must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest. In crops where spot treatment is allowed, do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested, unless otherwise directed. Post-harvest and fallow applications must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast postemergence application, unless otherwise directed.

When applying this product as a tank mixture with one or more products, refer to each individual tank-mix product label for restrictions and apply the mixture in accordance with the most restrictive statements for each product in the tank.

#### 9.1 Cereal and Grain Crops

LABELED CROPS: Barley; Buckwheat; Millet (pearl, proso); Oats; Rice; Rye; Quinoa; Teff; Teosinte; Triticale; Wheat (all types); Wild Rice

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice; Spot Treatment (except rice); Control of Barnyardgrass in Rice Using Renovation Treatment (California only); Wiper Applicator (feed barley and wheat only); Pre\_harvest (feed barley and wheat only)

#### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after the planting of cereal crops, but prior to crop emergence.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application, except for preharvest and red rice control applications.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.

## **Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice**

- Do not apply more than 32 fluid ounces (1.125 | bs-lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 32 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply this product to rice fields or levees when fields contain floodwater.
- Do not flood fields for a minimum of 8 days following application.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### **Spot Treatment (Except Rice)**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops, except rice. Apply before heading in small grains.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Application must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest.
- Crop sprayed in treated area will be killed.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

## Control of Barnyardgrass in Rice Using Renovation Treatment (California Only)

#### THIS APPLICATION FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a renovation treatment in rice crops to control barnyardgrass (*Echinocheloa crus-galli*) infestations using ground broadcast application equipment or a handheld sprayer. Renovation is defined as an herbicide application that will result in crop and weed destruction in an entire field or contiguous area within a field.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Rice straw and stubble from the application area plus an additional 25 feet on all sides of the area may not be used for animal bedding, grazing, or any other feed purpose.
- DO NOT make this application using aerial application equipment.

#### Wiper Applicator (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied over the top of feed barley and wheat using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 ds.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Allow a minimum of 35 days between application and harvest.
- Do not use roller applicator.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### Pre-harvest (Feed Barley and Wheat Only)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of feed barley or wheat. For feed barley, apply after the hard-dough stage when grain moisture is 20 percent or less. For wheat, apply after the hard-dough stage when grain moisture is 30 percent or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

Apply this product in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre when using ground application equipment and in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre when using aerial application equipment.

- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 <a href="he-lb"><u>lb-lb</u></a> a.e.) of this product per acre per single application for pre-harvest application.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 **b.b** a.e.) of this product per acre per year for pre-harvest application.

- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or grazing.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### Post-hHarvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of cereal crops. Higher label rates might be needed to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4\_D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control following harvest of cereal crops. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### 9.2 Corn

**TYPES OF CORN:** Field corn; Popcorn; Seed corn; Silage corn; Sweet corn

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment; Pre-harvest

For directions for use with field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology (including Roundup Ready Corn 2 and field corn products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo), or with sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology (including Roundup Ready Sweet Corn and sweet corn products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo), see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label. [Alternative text: For directions for use with field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology (including Roundup Ready Corn 2 and field corn products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo), or with Roundup Ready sweet corn, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.]

## Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mix before, during or after planting corn, but prior to crop emergence.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to the planting or the emergence of the type of corn crop being grown. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water or 10.0 to 60.0 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; clopyralid; dicamba; diflufenzopyr; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-P; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; isoxaflutole; linuron; mesotrione; metolachlor; Ss-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; simazine; thiencarbazone-methyl

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.

- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.
- Application of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made a minimum of 7 days prior to planting corn. In Southern states, do not mix this product in nitrogen solutions for application to hard-to-control grasses, such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. This area includes Illinois and Indiana south of Route 50, Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

#### **Hooded Sprayer**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied using a hooded sprayer for weed control in between rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 | b.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre for each hooded sprayer application and no more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 | bs.|b | a.e.) per acre per year total.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest.

#### **Spot Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment prior to silking of corn.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest.
- Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

### Pre\_harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Up to 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied using ground application equipment, or up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 | bs.|b | a.e.) per acre using aerial application equipment, when kernel- fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed) and grain moisture is 35 percent or less.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 | blb a\_e\_) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbslb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

#### Post-hHarvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of corn. Higher label rates might be needed to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in corn. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.

- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area.
- Application of this product must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

#### 9.3 Cotton

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Selective Equipment; Spot Treatment; Pre-harvest

For directions for use with Roundup Ready Ceotton and Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

## Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton, but prior to crop emergence.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba and applied prior to planting only. This product may also be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to planting or the emergence of cotton. Read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre.

<u>a</u>Acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 ds.b) a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest.

#### **Selective Equipment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied using a hooded or shielded sprayer, or over the top of cotton using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of this selective equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

#### **Spot Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied in cotton as a spot treatment prior to boll opening.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

#### **Pre-harvest**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product provides weed control and cotton re-growth inhibition when applied prior to harvest. For weed control, apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. For cotton re-growth inhibition, apply 16.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.56-1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre. Make pre\_harvest application only after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield. Application made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with tribufos, thidiazuron, diuron plus thidiazuron, or ethephon to enhance cotton leaf-drop. Read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 hes. b a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 dl. a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.
- DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION TO COTTON.

## 9.4 Fallow Systems

This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Chemical Fallow; Pre-plant Fallow Beds; Aid-to-Tillage

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### **Chemical Fallow**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Broadcast or spot treatment application will also control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Tank-mix this product with 2,4-D or dicamba for a broader weed control spectrum. Aerial application of up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be made onto fallow fields where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury due to drift onto adjacent crops.

#### PRECAUTION:

• Some crop injury could occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

## **Preplant Fallow Beds**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product will control weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label prior to planting.

TANK MIXTURES: Apply 8.0 fluid ounces (0.28 does a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of oxyfluorfen to control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches — common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches — London rocket, shepherd's – purse.

Apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 <u>lb.lb</u> a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of oxyfluorfen to control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches — common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (*Conyza canadensis*); 12 inches — chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's –purse.

#### Aid-to-Tillage

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems, or prior to the

planting of crops listed on this label (preplant), to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8.0 fluid ounces (0.28 lb.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage no later than 15 days after application and before re-growth occurs. Allow a minimum of 1 day after application before tillage.

#### PRECAUTION:

Tank mixtures with residual herbicides could result in reduced performance of this product.

#### 9.5 Grain Sorghum (Milo)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment; Wiper Applicator; Pre\_harvest

#### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting grain sorghum, but prior to crop emergence.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to planting or emergence of grain sorghum. Read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water or 10.0 to 60.0 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

<u>a</u>Acetochlor; atrazine; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; saflufenacil

For hard-to-control annual weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 | b-|b| a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank mixture with one or more of the products listed here.

For control of other annual weeds listed on this label, apply 16.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.77 lb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 lb-lb a.e.) per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall. When using a nitrogen solution as the carrier, the application rate might need to be increased to achieve acceptable weed control.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.

#### **Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum before heading. This product may also be applied over the top of grain sorghum using a wiper applicator to control or suppress tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 bs.b a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- For spot treatment, do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.
- When applied using a wiper applicator, allow a minimum of 40 days between application and harvest.
- Do not use a roller applicator.
- Do not feed or graze grain sorghum fodder or ensile vegetation collected from within the application area.

#### **Hooded Sprayer**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied using a hooded sprayer for weed control in between rows of grain sorghum. Make application before grain sorghum sends tillers between the drill rows. If tillers are sprayed with this

herbicide, the main plant could be damaged or destroyed. Contact of this product in any manner with any vegetation to which application is not intended could cause damage. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Grain sorghum must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves.
- Do not graze or feed grain sorghum forage or fodder following application of this product using a hooded sprayer.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per hooded sprayer application and no more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year total.
- Do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### Pre-harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied after sorghum grain has reached 30 percent moisture or less. As with other herbicides that cause sudden plant death, avoid preharvest application of this product on grain sorghum (milo) infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 | bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of grain sorghum.
- Pre\_harvest application of this product on grain sorghum (milo) is not registered for use in California.

#### Post-Hharvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher application rates might be needed to control large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in grain sorghum (milo). Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 bs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

#### 9.6 Herbs and Spices

LABELED CROPS: Allspice; Angelica; Star anise; Annatto (seed); Balm; Basil; Borage; Burnet; Chamomile; Caper buds; Caraway; Black caraway; Cardamom; Cassia bark; Cassia buds; Catnip; Celery seed; Chervil (dried); Chive; Chinese chive; Cinnamon; Clary; Clove buds; Coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley); Coriander seed (cilantro); Costmary; Culantro (leaf); Culantro (seed); Cumin; Curry (leaf); Dill (dillweed); Dill (seed); Epazote; Fennel seed (common and Florence); Fenugreek; White ginger flower; Grains of paradise; Horehound; Hyssop; Juniper berry; Lavender; Lemongrass; Lovage (leaf and seed); Mace; Marigold; Marjoram (including oregano); Mexican oregano; Mioga flower; Mustard (seed); Nasturtium; Nutmeg; Parsley (dried); Pennyroyal; Pepper (black and white); Pepper leaves; Peppermint; Perilla; Poppy (seed); Rosemary; Rue; Saffron; Sage; Savory (summer and winter); Spearmint; Stevia leaves; Sweet bay; Tansy; Tarragon; Thyme; Vanilla; Wintergreen; Woodruff; Wormwood

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment (peppermint and spearmint only); Wiper Applicator (peppermint and spearmint only)

#### PRECAUTIONS:

This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct- seeding crops into plastic
mulch. Remove residual product from the plastic prior to planting with a single 0.5-inch application of water,
either by natural rainfall or by irrigation. Ensure that the wash-water flushes off the plastic mulch and does not
enter the transplant holes. Application made at crop emergence will result in injury or death of emerged
seedlings.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

#### Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment in peppermint and spearmint or over the top of peppermint and spearmint using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. Application may be repeated up to the maximum use rate in the same area at 30-day intervals. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.
- For spot treatment application, do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested
- Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

#### 9.7 Oilseed Crops

LABELED CROPS: Borage; Buffalo gourd; Calendula; Canola; Castor oil plant; Chinese tallowtree; Crambe; Cuphea; Echium; Euphorbia; Evening primrose; Flax; Gold of pleasure; Hare's ear mustard; Jojoba; Lesquerella; Meadowfoam; Milkweed; Mustard; Niger seed; Oil radish; Poppy; Rape; Rose hip; Safflower; Sesame; Stokes aster; Sunflower; Sweet rocket; Tallowwood; Tea oil plant; Vernonia

For directions for use with Roundup Ready <u>C</u>eanola and TruFlex™ Roundup Ready <u>C</u>eanola, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Pre-harvest (except buffalo gourd)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product for use in safflower, sunflower and all other oilseed crops listed in this section; if a pre\_harvest application is to be made. If a pre\_harvest application is NOT to be made, the maximum application rate of this product for all preemergence, selective equipment and post-harvest applications in any oilseed crop listed in this section is limited only by the maximum of 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year. If a pre\_harvest application is intended to be made to any crop listed in this section, except buffalo gourd, the maximum combined total of all preemergence and selective equipment applications is limited as indicated in the following table. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

1-1111-111-111-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-				
Maximum Application Rates if a Pre-harvest Application is Made				
Safflower				
Combined total for all Preemergence and Selective Equipment applications	64.0 fl oz/A (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)			
Pre_harvest application	64.0 fl oz/A (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)			
Sunflower				
Combined total for all Preemergence and Selective Equipment applications	22.0 fl oz/A (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)			
Pre_harvest application	22.0 fl oz/A (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)			
All Other Oilseed Crops Listed (Except Buffalo Gourd)				
Combined total for all Preemergence and Selective Equipment applications	44.0 fl oz/A (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)			
Pre_harvest application	32.0 fl oz/A (1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)			

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not exceed a total application rate of 3.3 quarts (3.71 described a.e.) of this product per single application.
- Do not exceed a total application rate of 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- For use with sunflowers, do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 | b.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre as a single preplant or preemergence application per year.
- Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.
- For use with safflower, do not apply more than 64 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e) of this product per acre per single application.
- For use with safflower, do not apply more than 64 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e) of this product per acre per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between treatment and harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.
- Application must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.
- Pre\_harvest application is not permitted on buffalo gourd.

#### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting oilseed crops listed in this section, but must be applied prior to crop emergence. Observe the maximum application rates listed at the beginning of this section.

**TANK MIXTURES:** For sunflower, a tank mixture with pendimethalin [Alternative text: Stealth herbicide] may be applied before, during or after planting into conventionally tilled soil, a cover crop, established sod or previous crop residue.

See the use instructions at the beginning of this section for important information on maximum application rates for preemergence and selective equipment applications of this product.

#### **Selective Equipment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied using a wiper applicator or shielded sprayer between crop rows once the crop is established. Observe the maximum application rates listed at the beginning of this section. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators and hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### Pre-harvest (Except Buffalo Gourd)

- DO NOT MAKE A PRE\_HARVEST APPLICATION if you have exceeded the maximum application rates for the
  combined total of all preemergence and selective equipment applications listed in the table at the beginning
  of this section.
- Make only 1 pre-harvest application of this product and allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding to livestock.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.
- Pre-harvest application is not allowed on buffalo gourd or on Roundup Ready or TruFlex™ Roundup Ready® canola.

#### Post-hHarvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of oilseed crops. Higher application rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in the crop harvested. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not exceed a total application rate of 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per single application.
- Do not exceed a total application rate of 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application of this product and harvest or feeding of vegetation within the application area.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

#### 9.8 Sovbean

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment; Selective Equipment; Pre\_harvest

For directions for use with Roundup Ready Soybean and Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

#### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting soybean, but prior to crop emergence.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba and applied prior to planting only. This product may also be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to planting or the emergence of soybean. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre.

<u>a</u>Acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fenoxaprop-p-ethyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumioxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; tribenuron methyl; trifluralin

For hard-to-control annual weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank mixture with one of the products listed. For other annual weeds listed on this label, apply 16.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 <a href="https://doi.org/10.15/10/bejb">https://doi.org/10.15/10/bejb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.

#### **Spot Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment prior to initial pod set in soybean.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.
- Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

## **Selective Equipment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied in soybean using a shielded applicator, hooded sprayer, wiper applicator or sponge bar. See additional instructions on the use of selective equipment in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

#### Pre-harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied to soybean prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Apply at rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre for pre-harvest application using ground application equipment or more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre when using aerial application equipment.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybean.
- If the pre\_harvest application rate is greater than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) per acre, do not graze or harvest hay or fodder within the application area for livestock feed within 25 days of application.
- If the application rate is 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 | b.|b | a.e.) per acre or less, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after application.

#### 9.9 Sugarcane

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment

## Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields, or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

#### **Spot Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, apply a 1\_-percent solution of this product in water using a handheld sprayer and a spray-to-wet technique. Enhanced results can be obtained on volunteer or diseased sugarcane when application is made when there are at least 7 new leaves. Avoid contact of this herbicide with healthy sugarcane plants as severe damage or destruction could result.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 bs/b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbslb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not feed or graze sugarcane foliage within the application area.

#### **Hooded Sprayer**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied using a hooded sprayer for weed control in between rows of sugarcane. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not allow weeds within the application area to come into contact with the crop.

#### **Fallow Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ration cane by applying 2.5 to 3.3 quarts (2.80-3.71 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tillage. Aerial application of up to 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre may be made onto fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent drift onto adjacent crops. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for this application in sugarcane. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbslb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 quarts (2.25 lb.dlb a.e.) of this product per acre per aerial application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 |bs|b a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### 9.9.1 Sugarcane Ripening

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used as a foliar-applied plant growth regulator to hasten ripening and extend the period of high sucrose level in both low- and high-tonnage sugarcane. Most of the sucrose increase is concentrated in the top nodes of the cane stalk. To maximize sugar recovery where topping is practiced at harvest, top at the base of the fourth leaf. Consult your state sugarcane authority or local Loveland Products, Inc. representative regarding the degree of sucrose response that can be anticipated prior to application of this product.

As a result of leaf desiccation, improved trash burn can be expected.

Apply this product at the following rates and timing according to the State in which the sugarcane is grown. Use a higher application rate within the given range when applying to sugarcane under adverse ripening conditions or to less

responsive varieties.

**FLORIDA** – Apply 5.0 to 12.0 fluid ounces (0.18-0.42 | b.|b a.e.) of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of LAST RATOON CANE ONLY.

HAWAII – Apply 9.0 to 21.0 fluid ounces (0.32-0.74 ما عليه عليه a.e.) of this product per acre 4 to 10 weeks before harvest.

**LOUISIANA** – Apply 4.0 to 12.0 fluid ounces (0.14-0.42 | b.|b a.e.) of this product per acre 3 to 7 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.

PUERTO RICO – Apply 5.0 fluid ounces (0.18 | a.e.) of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY

**TEXAS** – Apply 5.0 to 12.0 fluid ounces (0.18-0.42 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre 3 to 5 weeks before harvest of RATOON CANE ONLY.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

- Application of this product could initiate development of shooting eyes. This product might not increase the sucrose content of sugarcane under conditions of good natural ripening. Within 2 to 3 weeks after application, this product could produce a slight yellowing to a pronounced browning and drying of leaves, and a shortening of upper internodes. Spindle death could occur.
- •
- Rainfall within 6 hours after application could reduce the effectiveness of this product.
- Application to sugarcane grown for seed could result in a reduction in germination or vigor.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 |b-|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Hold a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply more than 1 application per year.
- Do not feed or graze sugarcane forage following application.
- Do not plant subsequent crops within 30 days after application of this product other than the following: alfalfa or other forage legumes, beans (all types), corn (all types), cotton, melons (all types), pasture grasses, peanuts, potatoes (Irish or sweet), sorghum (milo), soybean, squash (all types) or wheat.
- Do not apply for enhanced ripening to any crops other than sugarcane.

#### 9.10 Vegetable Crops

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE THAT APPLY TO ALL VEGETABLE CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PRE-HARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Chemical Fallow; Preplant Fallow Beds; Preplant; At-Pplanting; Preemergence; Prior to Transplanting Vegetables; Hooded Sprayer in Row Middles; Shielded Sprayer in Row Middles; Wiper Applicator in Row Middles; Directed Application (non-bearing ginseng only); Wiper Applicator (carrot, rutabaga, sweet potato only); Post-hHarvest

#### PRECAUTIONS:

This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct- seeding crops into plastic
mulch. Remove residual product from the plastic with a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by natural
rainfall or by irrigation, prior to planting. Ensure that the wash-water flushes off the plastic mulch and does
not enter the transplant holes. Application of this product at crop emergence will result in injury or death to
emerged seedlings.

Avoid contact of this herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from the plastic mulch), or fruit of crops, as severe crop injury or destruction could result. Transplanted seedlings coming into contact with weeds that are still wet with a spray solution of this product could result in significant crop injury.

Preemergence application must be made before the crop emerges from the soil to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines, make hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications in row middles prior to vine development, otherwise severe

crop injury or destruction could result.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Unless otherwise directed, application using selective equipment, including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers, must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to harvest.
- Post-harvest and fallow applications must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.
- See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### 9.10.1 Brassica Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Broccoli; Chinese broccoli (gai lon); Broccoli raab (rapini); Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Chinese cabbage (bok choy); Chinese cabbage (napa); Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy); Cauliflower; Cavalo broccolo; Collards; Kale; Kohlrabi; Mizuna; Mustard greens; Mustard spinach; Rape greens

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### 9.10.2 Bulb Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Chive (including Chinese); Daylily; Elegans hosta; Fritillaria; Garlic (including great-headed, serpent); Kurrat; Leek (including lady's, wild); Onion (including Beltsville bunching, bulb, Chinese, fresh, green, macrostem, pearl, potato, tree, Welsh); Shallot

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

## 9.10.3 Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

LABELED CROPS: Chayote (fruit); Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber; Gherkin; Edible gourd (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra); Melons (all); Momordica spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon); Pumpkin; Summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Winter squash (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash, spaghetti squash); Watermelon

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 bs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- For cantaloupe, casaba melon, crenshaw melon, cucumber, gherkin, gourds, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, melons (all), muskmelon, Persian melon, pumpkin, squash (summer, winter), and watermelon, allow a minimum of 3 days between application and planting.

### 9.10.4 Leafy Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Amaranth (Chinese spinach); Arugula (roquette); Beet greens; Cardoon; Celery; Chinese celery; Celtuce; Chaya; Chervil; Edible-leaved chrysanthemum; Garland chrysanthemum; Corn salad; Cress (garden, upland); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Dokudami; Endive (escarole); Florence fennel; Gow kee; Lettuce (head, leaf); Orach; Parsley; Purslane (garden, winter); Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Spinach; New Zealand spinach; Vine spinach; Swiss chard; Watercress (upland); Water spinach

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- For watercress, allow a minimum of 3 days between application and seeding.
- Do not apply this product during the period between seeding and emergence.

#### 9.10.5 Fruiting Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Eggplant (including African, pea, scarlet); Cocona; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry (Physalis spp); Martinynia; Naranjilla; Okra; Pepino; Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper); Roselle; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and planting.
- For tomato and tomatillo, do not apply this product using a hooded or shielded sprayer in row-middles.

# 9.10.6 Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried)

LABELED CROPS: Bean (Lupinus: includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, white sweet lupin); Bean (Phaseolus: includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean); Bean (Vigna: includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, black\_eyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean); Broad bean (fava); Chickpea (garbanzo); Guar; Jackbean; Lablab bean; Lentil; Pea (Pisum: includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow\_pea, sugar snap pea); Pigeon pea; Soybean (immature seed); Sword bean

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment (dry varieties only); Pre\_harvest (dry varieties only)

### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

## **Spot Treatment (Dry Varieties Only)**

- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 [b-|b] a.e.) per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 b...b a.e.) per acre per year to dry beans.

- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.
- Only one spot treatment application may be made per year.
- Do not combine spot treatment with a pre-harvest broadcast application on the same crop area.
- Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and the planting of any crop not listed in this label.
- Do not feed vines and hay from the application area to livestock.
- Do not apply this product as a spot treatment in cowpeas or field (feed) peas.

## Pre\_harvest (Dry Varieties Only)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied over the top of any dry legume variety listed in this section prior to harvest, except cowpeas or field (feed) peas. Apply up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 [b.]b] a.e.) of this product per acre in dry beans, or up to 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 [bs.]b] a.e.) per acre in dry peas, lentils, and chickpeas, in 3.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre at the hard\_dugh stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less).

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.
- Only one pre-harvest application may be made per year.
- Do not combine a pre-harvest application with a spot treatment application on the same crop area.
- Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and the planting of any crop not listed on this label.
- Do not feed vines and hay from the application area to livestock.
- Do not make a pre-harvest application of this product in cowpeas or field (feed) peas.

#### 9.10.7 Root and Tuber Vegetables

LABELED CROPS: Arracacha; Arrowroot; Chinese artichoke; Jerusalem artichoke; Beet (garden); Burdock; Canna; Carrot; Cassava (bitter and sweet); Celeriac; Chayote (root); Chervil (turnip-rooted); Chicory; Chufa; Dasheen (taro); Galangal; Ginger; Ginseng; Horseradish; Leren; Kava (turnip-rooted); Parsley (turnip-rooted); Parsnip; Potato; Radish; Oriental radish; Rutabaga; Salsify; Black salsify; Spanish salsify; Skirret; Sweet potato; Tanier; Turmeric; Turnip; Wasabi; Yacon; Yam bean; True yam

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Directed Application (non-bearing ginseng only); Wiper applicator (carrot, rutabaga, sweet potato only)

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### **Directed Application in Ginseng (Non-Bearing Only)**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control in established non-bearing ginseng using a boom sprayer, CDA, shielded sprayer, wiper applicator, handheld or backpack wand, lance, or orchard gun. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

# PRECAUTIONS:

 Control the application so as not to allow any contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation could result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Application must be made a minimum of one year prior to ginseng harvest.

# Wiper Applicator (Carrot, Rutabaga and Sweet Potato Only)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** A 33\_-percent solution of this product by volume in water may be applied using a wiper applicator over the top of carrot, rutabaga and sweet potato for the control of tall weeds. See additional use instructions for wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 ds.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- For carrot, a maximum of two wiper or sponge bar applications may be made a minimum of 60 days prior to harvest following the first application and 7 days prior to harvest following the second application or if only one wiper application is made over the top of the carrot crop.
- For rutabaga, allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest.
- For sweet potato, a maximum of five wiper or sponge bar applications may be made with a minimum of 14 days between applications and a minimum of 7 days prior to harvest.

#### 9.11 Miscellaneous Crops

LABELED CROPS: Aloe vera; Asparagus; Bamboo shoots; Globe artichoke; Okra, Peanut; Pineapple; Sugarbeet

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Those listed in Section 9.0, plus Spot Treatment (asparagus)

For directions for use with Roundup Ready Seugarbeet, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

# **RESTRICTION:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Preemergence application must be made before the crop emerges from the soil to avoid severe crop injury.
   Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of crop injury. In crops with vines, apply this product in row middles using a hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer or wiper applicator prior to vine development, otherwise severe crop injury or destruction could result.

#### **Spot Weed Control, Site Preparation**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for spot weed control and site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

## **PRECAUTIONS:**

This product could cause crop injury when applied prior to transplanting or direct- seeding crops into plastic
mulch. Remove residues of this product from the plastic with a single 0.5-inch application of water, either by
natural rainfall or by irrigation, prior to planting. Ensure that the wash-water flushes off the plastic mulch and
does not enter transplant holes.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 ds.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 Hbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 21 days between residue removal and transplanting.
- Do not apply this product within 7 days prior to emergence of the first asparagus spears.
- Do not feed or graze pineapple forage from within the application area.

# **Spot Treatment (Asparagus)**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied immediately after cutting asparagus, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.
- Do not harvest asparagus within 5 days of a spot treatment application.

## Post-hHarvest in Asparagus

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after the last harvest of asparagus and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to re-grow, delay application until ferns have developed and make the application as a directed\_ or shielded\_-spray in order to avoid contact of this product with ferns, stems or spears. See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

Direct contact of this product with asparagus could result in serious crop injury.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 | bs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not harvest or feed vegetation from an area for 8 weeks following broadcast application.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

#### 10.0 TREE, VINE AND SHRUB CROPS

THIS SECTION PROVIDES DIRECTIONS FOR USE THAT APPLY TO ALL TREE, VINE, AND SHRUB CROPS LISTED IN THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PRE\_HARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS.

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant (site preparation); Broadcast Spray; Selective Equipment (shielded sprayer, wiper applicator), Directed Spray and Spot Treatment in Middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes) and Strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes); Site Weed Control; Perennial Grass Suppression; Cut Stump Application

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Unless specifically prohibited in the individual crop sections that follow, this product may be applied using a boom sprayer, controlled droplet applicator (CDA), shielded sprayer, wiper applicator, handheld or backpack sprayer, lance or orchard gun, in middles (between rows of trees, vines or bushes) and strips (within rows of trees, vines or bushes), for weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and nut groves, orchards and vineyards. It may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops.

Apply 11.0 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts (0.39-3.71 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">hbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre as directed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. Use a higher application rate within the specified labeled range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or greater than 12 inches tall. Application may be repeated as needed up to a maximum of 7.0 quarts (7.9 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">hbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre per year. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

# PRECAUTIONS:

- Use extreme care to avoid contact of this herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of desirable trees, canes and vines.
- Avoid application when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury have occurred.
- Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark could result in serious crop damage or destruction.

See additional use instructions and precautions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- For berry crops, hooded sprayers must be fully enclosed including top, sides, front and back.
- Only wiper applicators or shielded sprayers capable of preventing all contact of this product with the crop may be used.
- Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.
- Only shielded or directed sprayers may be used in crops where the potential for crop contact is high, and then only where there is sufficient clearance.
- For application in strips (within rows of trees), only selective equipment (directed spray, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer, or wiper applicator) may be used in order to minimize the potential for overspray or drift of this product onto the crop.

### Middles (between rows)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between rows of tree, vine and shrub crops listed on this label. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced weed control could result if weeds have been recently mowed at the time of application.

TANK MIXTURES: A tank mixture of this product plus oxyflurfen may be applied for annual weed control between rows (middles) of a variety of tree, vine and shrub crops when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. Application of 11.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.39- 0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre plus an appropriate rate of oxyfluorfen will control annual weeds with a maximum height or length of 6 inches, including crabgrass, common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's\_-purse, annual sowthistle, filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail, stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). This tank-mix will also control common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or length of 3 inches.

This product may also be applied to row middles in tank mixtures with the following products.

2,4-D; bromacil; clethodim; diuron; fluazifop-p-butyl; flumioxazin; glufosinate-ammonium; indaziflam; napropamide; norflurazon; oryzalin; oxyfluorfen; pendimethalin; penoxsulam; pyraflufen ethyl; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; sethoxydim; simazine; thiazopyr

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application within the crop being grown. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

## Strips (within rows)

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied within rows of tree, vine and shrub crops in tank mixtures with the following products.

2,4-D; bromacil; clethodim; diuron; fluazifop-P-butyl; flumioxazin; glufosinate-ammonium; indaziflam; napropamide; norflurazon; oryzalin; oxyfluorfen; pendimethalin; penoxsulam; pyraflufen ethyl; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; sethoxydim; simazine; thiazopyr

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application within the crop being grown. Read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

• Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

#### **Perennial Grass Suppression**

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, <u>Bb</u>ermuda\_grass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in tree, vine and shrub crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 Hb.lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 de.) a.e.) of this product per acre. Do not

add ammonium sulfate to the spray mix.

For enhanced results, mow cool-season grass covers in the spring to even their height and then apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 lb.lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 25.0 gallons of water per acre 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches prior to seedhead emergence. For suppression for up to 120 days, apply 3.0 fluid ounces (0.11 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2.0 to 3.0 fluid ounces (0.07-0.11 lb.lb a.e.) per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than two applications per year.

For burndown of <u>Bbermuda grass</u>, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 <u>lbs-lb</u> a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre. Make this application only if reduction of the <u>Bbermuda grass</u> stand will be tolerated. When burndown is needed prior to harvest, make the application a minimum of 21 days prior to harvest to allow sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of Bermuda grass, apply 4.0 to 11.0 fluid ounces (0.14-0.39 [b-lb] a.e.) of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 [b-lb] a.e.) west of the Rocky Mountains in a total spray volume of 3.0 to 20.0 gallons per acre no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the Bermuda grass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications must be made when re-growth occurs and Bermuda grass injury and stand reduction will be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, apply 4.0 to 7.0 fluid ounces (0.14-0.25 [b-lb] a.e.) of this product per acre in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

#### **Cut Stump Application**

Application of this product to a freshly cut tree stump may be made during site preparation or site renovation to control re-growth and re-sprouting of stumps of many tree species, some of which are listed below.

<u>Citrus Trees</u>: Calamondin; Chironja; Citron; Citrus hybrids; Grapefruit; Kumquat; Lemon; Lime; Mandarin (tangerine); Orange (all); Pummelo; Tangelo (ugli); Tangor

<u>Fruit Trees</u>: Apple; Apricot; Cherry (sweet, sour); Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Nectarine; Olive; Peach; Pear; Plum/Prune (all); Quince

<u>Nut Trees</u>: Almond; Beechnut; Brazil nut; Butternut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Filbert (hazelnut); Hickory nut; Macadamia; Pecan; Pistachio; Walnut (black, English)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Cut the tree close to the soil surface and immediately apply a 50- to 100\_-percent (undiluted) solution of this product to the freshly cut surface using application equipment capable of covering the entire cambium. A delay in application could result in reduced performance. For enhanced results, cut the tree during period of active growth and full leaf expansion and apply this product.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

 DO NOT MAKE A CUT STUMP APPLICATION WHEN THE ROOTS OF ADJACENT DESIRABLE TREES MIGHT BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. Some sprouts, stems or trees can share a common root system.
 Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing could be an indicator of a shared root system.

# 10.1 Berry and Small Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Amur River grape; Aronia berry; Bayberry; Bearberry; Bilberry; Blackberry (including Andean blackberry, Aarctic blackberry, bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, brombeere, California blackberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, common blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, evergreen blackberry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, lavacaberry, loganberry, lowberry, Lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, mora, mures de ronce, nectarberry, Nnorthern dewberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, Southern dewberry, tayberry, youngberry, zarzamora); Blueberry (highbush, lowbush); Buffaloberry; Che; Chilean guava; Chokecherry; Cloudberry; Cranberry (including highbush); Currant (black, beuffalo, red, native); Elderberry; European barberry; Gooseberry; Grape; Honeysuckle (edible); Huckleberry; Jostaberry;

Juneberry (Saskatoon berry); Kiwifruit (fuzzy, hardy); Ligonberry; Maypop; Mountain pepper berries; Mulberry; Muntries; Partridgeberry; Phalsa; Pincherry; Raspberry (black, red, wild); Riberry; Salal; Schisandra berry; Sea buckthorn; Serviceberry; Strawberry

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

 USE THIS PRODUCT WITH EXTREME CARE AROUND RASPBERRY, AS SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE CAN OCCUR IF ANY PART OF THE VINE COMES INTO CONTACT WITH THIS PRODUCT. To the extent consistent with applicable law, grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses resulting from misapplication of this product.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 dl.ed.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior\_-to\_-planting or transplanting stages.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, apply this product in grape vineyards prior to the end of the bloom stage in order to avoid crop injury, or apply using a shielded sprayer or wiper applicator.
- Spray solutions of this product must not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes or foliage.
- Allow a minimum of 3 days between application of this product and transplanting.
- Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and harvest of cranberries or the planting of any crop not listed on this label. Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest for all other berry and small fruit crops listed here.
- Do not apply this product using selective equipment in kiwifruit.

### **Spot Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Spot treatment application using a handheld sprayer or other appropriate application equipment listed in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label may be used to control weeds in berry and small fruit crops listed in this section.

For control of weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas, drop water level to remove standing water in ditches and apply a 1- to 2\_-percent solution of this product with a handheld sprayer to adequately wet the vegetation only; do not spray to the point of runoff. To achieve maximum weed control in dry ditches, apply this product within 1 day after water drawdown to ensure application to actively growing weeds and allow a minimum of 2 days after application before reintroduction of water.

Use nozzles that produce medium- to large-sized droplets to minimize spray drift and avoid crop injury.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 30 days between spot treatment application and harvest of cranberries.
- Do not apply directly to water.

#### Post-hHarvest Application in Cranberry Production

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after the harvest of berries and small fruits listed in this section. In cranberry bogs, apply this product after cranberry vines are dormant (after they have turned red) using a handheld sprayer, wiper applicator, or any other appropriate application equipment listed in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label. With a handheld sprayer, apply a 0.4- to 0.7\_-percent solution of this product to adequately wet the vegetation only; do not spray to the point of runoff. With a handheld boom sprayer, apply 44.0 to 86.0 fluid ounces (1.54-3.02 | bs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• Even though vines appear dormant, contact of this product with desirable vegetation could result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed could be killed.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 2.6 quarts (3.02 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Apply this product only after cranberries have been harvested.
- Do not apply to more than 10 percent of the total bog.
- Allow a minimum of 6 months between post-harvest application and the next harvest of cranberries.
- Do not apply using aerial application equipment.
- Do not apply directly to water.

### **10.2 Citrus Fruit Crops**

LABELED CROPS: All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Calamondin; Chironja; Citron; Citrus hyprids; Grapefruit (including Japanese summer); Kumquat; Lemon; Lime (including Australian desert lime, Australian finger lime, Australian round lime, Brown Rriver finger lime, Mount white, New Guinea wild, Russell river, sweet, and Tahiti); Mandarin (including Mediterranean, Satsuma); Orange (all); Pummelo; Tangelo; Tangerine (Mandarin); Tangor; Uniq Fruit (ugli)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** The following use instructions pertain to application in Florida and Texas only.

For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply this product at the specified rate in 3.0 to 30.0 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10.0 to 30.0 gallons of water per acre.

To control goatweed, apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces (1.54-2.25 <a href="https://linear.com/lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product in 20.0 to 30.0 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the use of this product in a tank mixture with Krovar</a> I or Karmex</a> could improve weed control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

	Level of Perennial Weed Control at Various Application Rates (amount of this product-/-A)			
	22.0 fl oz (0.77	44.0 fl oz (1.54	2.0 qts (2.25 lbs.lb	3.3 qts (3.71 lbs.lb
Weed Species	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)
Bermuda_grass	В	-	PC	С
Quineagrass				
Texas and Florida Ridge	В	С	С	С
Florida Flatwoods	-	В	С	С
Paragrass	В	С	С	С
Torpedograss	S	-	PC	С
S=Suppression I	3=Burndown	PC=Partial Control	C=Co	ntrol

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior\_-to\_-planting or transplanting <u>stages</u>.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

- Allow a minimum of 1 day between application and harvest in citrus fruit crops.
- For citron groves, apply as directed spray only.

#### 10.3 Pome Fruit Crops

**LABELED CROPS:** All cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of Apple; Azarole; Crabapple; Loquat; Mayhaw; Medlar; Pear (including Asian pear); Quince (including Chinese and Japanese quince); Tejocote

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior\_-to\_-planting or transplanting stages.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 1 day between application and harvest of pome fruit.

### 10.4 Stone Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: Apricot; Cherry (sweet, tart); Nectarine; Olive; Peach; Plum/Prune (all types); Plumcot

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year for prior\_-to\_-planting or transplanting stages.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 17 days between application and harvest of stone fruit.
- In olive groves, apply as a directed spray only. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs a minimum of 10 days prior to application.

# **RESTRICTIONS** on application equipment:

- Avoid application near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury.
- Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for a minimum of 2 years.
- ENSURE THAT NO PART OF A PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED WITH OVERSPRAY OR DRIFT OF THIS PRODUCT.

### 10.5 Tree Nut Crops

LABELED CROPS: Almond; Beechnut; Betelnut; Brazil nut; Butternut; Cashew; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Coconut; Filbert (hazelnut); Hickory nut; Macadamia; Pecan; Pine nut; Pistachio; Walnut (black, English)

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and harvest of tree nuts, except coconut.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of coconut.

#### 10.6 Tropical and Subtropical Trees and Fruit Crops

LABELED CROPS: Ambarella; Atemoya; Avocado; Banana; Barbados cherry (acerola); Biriba; Blimbe; Breadfruit; Cacao (cocoa) bean; Canistel; Carambola (starfruit); Cherimoya; Coffee; Custard apple; Dates; Durian; Feijoa; Figs; Governor's

plum; Guava; Ilama; Imbe; Imbu; Jaboticaba; Jackfruit; Longan; Lychee; Mamey apple; Mango; Mangosteen; Marmaladebox (genip); Mountain papaya; Noni (Indian mulberry); Papaya; Pawpaw; Plantain; Persimmon; Pomegranate; Pulasan; Rambutan; Rose apple; Sapodilla; Sapote (black, mamey, white); Spanish lime; Soursop; Star apple; Sugar apple; Surinam cherry; Tamarind; Tea; Ti; Wax jambu

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0 and as a beannacide (banana only).

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 1 day between application and harvest in banana, coffee, guava, papaya, and plantain crops.
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of all other tropical or subtropical tree fruit listed here. In coffee and banana, delay application a minimum of 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.

#### Bananacide (Banana Only)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to destroy banana plants infected with the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, as well as non-infected banana plants, in order to establish a disease-free buffer around a plantation. Remove all fruit from the plants within the area prior to treatment. Inject 0.04 fluid ounce (1 millilitermL; 0.0014 lb.lb a.e.) of this concentrated product (undiluted) for every 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter of the banana plant to be controlled. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which can be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent re-growth must also be destroyed. Mechanically destroy all plants and mats (or units) within a 4-foot radius around a treated mat.

For control of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant might not show symptoms of the Banana Bunchy Top Virus for up to 125 days; therefore, it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 0.5 fluid ounce (15.0 millilitersmL; 0.018 lb-lb a.e.) of this product per mat (or unit).
- Do not harvest any fruit or plant material from treated mats (or units) following injection.
- Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant material.
- Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for a minimum of 3 months before applying this product for weed control.

# 10.7 Vine Crops

LABELED CROPS: Hops; Passion fruit

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Apply this product for weed control only when green shoots, canes or foliage are not in the spray zone.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of these vine crops.

# 10.8 Miscellaneous Tree Food Crops

LABELED CROPS: Cactus (all, including prickly pear and dragon fruit); Palm

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

### 10.9 Non-Food Tree Crops

LABELED CROPS: Pine; Poplar; Eucalyptus; Christmas trees; all other non-food tree crops

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Those listed in Section 10.0

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

Avoid contact of spray, drift or mist of this product with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees
and other pine trees. Desirable plants can be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings
of impermeable materials.

#### RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application for directed spray and spot treatment.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">https://lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre per single application for wiper application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- DO NOT apply this product as a broadcast application over the top of plantations or tree crops.

### **Site Preparation**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used for weed control prior to planting non-food tree crops.

## **PRECAUTIONS:**

• Protect non-target plants from being sprayed with this product during site preparation application.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 | bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting.
- Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# **Directed Spray, Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a post-directed spray or spot treatment, or applied using a wiper applicator, around established Christmas trees, eucalyptus, poplar, and all other non-food tree crops.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application for directed spray and spot treatment.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application for application.
- Do not apply more than 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 10 applications per year for established trees.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not apply this product as a broadcast application over the top of plantations or tree crops.

## 11.0 PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELAND

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates of this product for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control those annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. Application rates specified on this label for hard-to-control weeds, supersede rates listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label. Additional information on hard-to-control weeds can be found on Fact Sheets published for this product.

### 11.1 Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

LABELED CROPS: Alfalfa; Clover; Kenaf; Kudzu; Lespedeza; Leucaena; Lupin; Sainfoin; Trefoil; Velvet bean; Vetch (all types)

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant; At-<u>p</u>Planting; Preemergence; Spot Treatment; Wiper Applicator; Pre\_harvest (except kenaf and leucaena); Stand Removal

For directions for use with Roundup Ready alfalfa, see the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label.

#### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section, but prior to crop emergence.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Remove domestic livestock before application.

#### **Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top of crops listed in this section using a wiper applicator. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label. Application may be repeated up to the max<u>imum</u> use rate in the same area at 30-day intervals.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- For spot treatment and use with a wiper applicator, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock will be controlled.
- Remove domestic livestock before application and wait a minimum of 3 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
- Do not apply this product to more than 10 percent of the total field area at any one time.

#### **Weed Control in Dormant Alfalfa**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product will control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa. Apply 6.0 to 8.0 fluid ounces (0.21-0.28 |b.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre in the spring when alfalfa is dormant, after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa crop. Application made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield.

# **PRECAUTIONS:**

- Improper application of this product to alfalfa can cause crop injury.
- Slight discoloration of the alfalfa crop could occur, but will re-green and resume growth under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 8.0 fluid ounces (0.28 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 8.0 fluid ounces (0.28 de.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not use this product on dormant alfalfa if a slight yield reduction in the first cutting cannot be tolerated.
- Do not add ammonium sulfate to spray solutions of this product for application to dormant alfalfa.
- Do not make more than one application per year.
- Allow a minimum of 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

### Pre-harvest (Except Kenaf and Leucaena), Stand Removal

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied as a broadcast application prior to harvest (except in kenaf and leucaena) in declining stands or in any stand where severe crop injury or destruction is acceptable, or to remove an established stand of any forage legumes listed in this section. Application may be made at any time of the year to control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late-summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Application for quackgrass control must be followed by deep tillage for complete control. If the crop is to be harvested or grazed by livestock, up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied in alfalfa and up to 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lb a.e.) per acre in all other legumes listed in this section. For complete removal of established stands of clover, it might be necessary to use a higher application rate, as listed in the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

### PRECAUTIONS:

• This application can destroy an alfalfa stand and severely injure or destroy other legume crops listed, such as clover. Pre-harvest application on alfalfa grown for seed could result in a reduction in germination or vigor.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Make only one application to an existing crop stand per year.
- Remove domestic livestock before application.
- Foliage within the application area can be harvested and fed to livestock according to the application rates and intervals defined in the following table.
- If applying at a rate greater than those listed here, do not harvest foliage for livestock feed or allow livestock to graze within the application area.

Crop	Maximum Single Pre_harvest Application Rate-/-A	Minimum Interval Between Application and Harvest or Livestock Grazing
Alfalfa	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	36 hrs
All other legumes listed	32.0 fl oz (1.125 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	3 days

Crops listed on this label may be planted into the application area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

### 11.2 Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses; Wiper Applicator; Renovation (rotating out of CRP); Site Preparation

# Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses, Wiper Applicator

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply this product to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation on CRP land. Application may be made using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds, or as a broadcast application or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective weed control using broadcast application equipment, apply 5.0 to 8.0 fluid ounces (0.18-0.30 lb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre in early- spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late\_-fall application may be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast application is made when plants are not dormant.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 2.0 quarts (2.25 | lbs.| b a.e.) of this product per acre per year onto CRP land.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application onto CRP land.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed.

# Renovation (Rotating Out of CRP), Site Preparation

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. Refer to Federal, State or local use guides for CRP renovation information.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Crops listed on this label may be planted into the area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

#### 11.3 Grass Seed and Sod Production

**LABELED CROPS:** Any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in the "CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS" section of this label

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant; At-<u>p</u>Planting; Preemergence; Renovation; Removal of Established Stands; Site Preparation; Shielded Sprayer; Wiper Applicator; Spot Treatment; Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence, Renovation, Removal of Established Stand, Site Preparation

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product controls most existing vegetation for purposes of renovating turf or forage grass seed production areas, or for establishing turfgrass grown for sod. This product may be used to destroy undesirable grass vegetation when production fields are converted to alternate species or crops. Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before application and delay tillage or renovation techniques, including vertical mowing, coring and slicing, for a minimum of 7 days after application to allow for herbicide translocation into underground plant parts.

Apply before, during, or after planting, or for renovation purposes. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the herbicide spray. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting until determining if any re-growth of underground plant parts will occur. Where repeat applications are necessary, sufficient re-growth must be attained prior to application. For warm--season grasses, such as Bbermuda\_grass, summer or fall application provides enhanced control. Broadcast application of this product may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested. Application rates of up to 3.3 quarts (3.71 lb a.e.) per acre may be used to totally remove an established stand of hard-to-kill grass species.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- If application rate is 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre or less, no waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 |bs.|b a.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application

and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

 Crops listed on this label may be planted into the area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

### **Shielded Sprayer**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Apply 22.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces (0.77-2.25 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre using a shielded sprayer to control weeds between grass seed rows. Uniform planting in straight rows will aid shielded sprayer application. Enhanced results can be obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by the protective shields. See additional instructions on the use of shielded sprayers in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• Any contact of this product on any vegetation to which application is not intended could cause damage.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- If application rates total 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the application rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 | lbs.|b| a.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.
- For any crop not listed for treatment in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

### Wiper Applicator

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied over the top of desirable grasses using a wiper applicator for the control of tall weeds. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

# PRECAUTIONS:

• Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation could result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- If application rates total 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the application rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.
- For any crop not listed for treatment in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

#### **Spot Treatment**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Apply a 1-percent solution of this product using a handheld sprayer to control weeds within established vegetation prior to heading of grasses grown for seed or to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• This product will kill the desirable grasses along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

- If application rates total 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre or less, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the application rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 | lbs.|b| a.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.
- For any crop not listed for treatment in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

## **Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Use low-pressure nozzles or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band. Set nozzle height to establish the desired row spacing and apply 11.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.39-0.77 Hb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre. Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made before ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height. Use a higher application rate within this range when ryegrass is greater than 6 inches in height.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.
 To the extent consistent with applicable law, grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses resulting from misapplication of this product.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 8 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

#### 11.4 Pastures

**LABELED CROPS:** Bahiagrass; Bermuda\_grass; Bluegrass; Brome; Fescue; Guinea grass; Kikuyu grass; Orchardgrass; Pangola grass; Ryegrass; Timothy; Wheatgrass and any grass (*Gramineae* family) except Corn, Sorghum, Sugarcane and those listed in the "CEREAL AND GRAIN CROPS" section of this label.

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant; Preemergence; Pasture Renovation; Spot Treatment; Wiper Applicator; Postemergence Weed Control (broadcast application)

# **Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses. This product may also be applied to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 4 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- If application rates total 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre or less, no waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.
- Crops listed on this label may be planted into the area at any time; all other crops may be planted 30 days after application.

#### **Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied in pastures as a spot treatment or over the top of desirable grasses using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait a minimum of 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

• Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.

- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 30 days.
- For spot treatment or use with a wiper applicator at rates of 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre or less, this product may be applied over the entire pasture or any portion of it.
- At rates above 2.0 quarts (2.25 | bs.|b | a.e.) per acre, this product may be applied over no more than 10 percent of the total pasture at any one time.
- Application may be repeated up to the maximum use rate in the same area at 30-day intervals.

# **Postemergence Weed Control (Broadcast Application)**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied to pastures to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and other undesirable vegetation. For selective weed control using broadcast application equipment, apply 8.0 to 11.0 fluid ounces (0.28-0.39 [b.lb] a.e.) of this product per acre in early\_spring before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late\_fall application may be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

#### PRECAUTIONS:

- Some stunting of perennial grasses will occur if broadcast application is made when plants are not dormant.
- Higher application rates may be used for hard-to-control weeds; however, higher rates will cause stand reduction.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 [b.]b a.e.) of this product per single application onto pasture grasses except for renovation use described above in this section.
- No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="hbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation use as described on this label.
- If replanting is needed due to severe stand reduction, wait a minimum of 30 days after application before planting any crop not listed on this label.

## 11.5 Rangelands

**TYPES OF APPLICATION: Postemergence** 

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool- and warm-season grass rangeland. Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses could occur, but will re-green and resume growing under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Preventing seed production is critical to the control of invasive annual grassy weeds on rangeland. Yearly application of this product can be used to eliminate viable weed seeds in the soil after they germinate. Delay grazing of the area after application to allow desirable perennials to grow, flower and re-seed the area.

Apply 8.0 to 11.0 fluid ounces (0.28-0.39 b-lb a.e.) of this product per acre to control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheatgrass, cereal rye and jointed goatgrass on rangeland. Apply when most mature brome plants are in early\_flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allowing for secondary weed flushes to occur after spring rains further depletes the seed reserve and encourages perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Apply this product in the fall in areas where spring moisture is normally limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth and weed seed depletion.

For control of medusahead, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 lb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying application beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Controlled burning prior to application can be useful in eliminating the thatch layer produced by slow decaying culms. Allow new growth to occur before applying this product after a burn. Yearly application of this product is necessary to eliminate the seedbank and allow desirable perennial grasses to re-establish in medusahead-dominated rangeland.

- Do not apply more than 11 fluid ounces (0.39 hdb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year on rangeland.

- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not add ammonium sulfate to the spray mixture when applying this product on rangeland grasses.
- No waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required.

#### 12.0 ROUNDUP READY CROPS

ROUNDUP READY CROPS CONTAIN A PATENTED GENE THAT PROVIDES TOLERANCE TO GLYPHOSATE, THE ACTIVE INGREDIENT IN THIS PRODUCT. THIS PRODUCT WILL CAUSE SEVERE CROP INJURY OR DESTRUCTION AND YIELD LOSS IF APPLIED TO CROPS THAT ARE NOT GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT. AVOID CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS OR ANY DESIRABLE PLANTS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANCE GENE, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION WILL RESULT.

Information on Roundup Ready crops can be obtained from your seed supplier or Loveland Products, Inc. representative. Roundup Ready crops must be purchased from an authorized licensed seed supplier.

The directions for use in the sections that follow, include all applications of this product that may be made onto a specified Roundup Ready crop during the complete cropping season. DO NOT combine these directions for use with the directions for use with the same crops listed in the "ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS" and "PASTURE GRASSES, FORAGE LEGUMES AND RANGELAND" sections of this label, which are intended for crops that do not contain a glyphosate-tolerance gene.

**NOTE:** Roundup Ready seed and the method of selectively controlling weeds in a Roundup Ready crop are protected under several U.S. Patents, including 5,352,605 and 5,633,435. [*This list will be updated at the time of printing, if necessary.*] A license to use Roundup Ready seed must be obtained prior to planting. Monsanto Company retains ownership of the gene and process technologies, and the Purchaser of the seed receives the right to use the licensed genes and technologies subject to the limited use license conditions. Seed containing a Roundup Ready trait cannot be used for research and demonstration, reverse engineering or in connection with herbicide registration. Progeny seed containing a Roundup Ready trait may not be saved for replanting or transferred to others for replanting. Contact your Authorized Monsanto Retailer for information on obtaining a limited use license.

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control the annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. Observe the maximum application rates and crop stage timings specified for individual Roundup Ready crops in the sections that follow.

**Sprayer Preparation:** It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before being used to apply this product over the top of Roundup Ready crops. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE SPRAY TANK AND ALL LINES AND FILTERS TO ELIMINATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION FROM OTHER HERBICIDES PRIOR TO MIXING AND APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

**ATTENTION:** AVOID DRIFT. USE EXTREME CARE WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN A GLYPHOSATE- TOLERANCE GENE.

<u>Ground Broadcast Application</u> – Apply this product in 5.0 to 20.0 gallons of spray solution per acre, unless otherwise directed. Select proper nozzles and spray pressure settings to avoid generating a fine mist. For enhanced results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

<u>Aerial Aapplication</u> – Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described in this section may be made using aerial application equipment, where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label. Apply this product in 3.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for important information on aerial application and procedures for avoiding spray drift that could cause injury to any vegetation not intended for application. Use of appropriate buffer zones will help prevent injury to adjacent vegetation.

<u>See the "MIXING" and "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" sections of this label for additional directions and restrictions on the application of this product.</u>

**TANK MIXTURES:** Tank mixtures of this product with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers could result in reduced weed control or crop injury when applied over the top of Roundup Ready crops. Read the label of all products used in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury. Always read and follow label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use all products according to rates and timing specified on the product label. Always predetermine the compatibility of tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Loveland Products, Inc. has not tested this product with all tank-mix product formulations for compatibility, antagonism or performance. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not specifically listed on this label. See the "MIXING" section of this label for more information on tank mixtures.

[Optional label text: Unless otherwise directed, nonionic surfactant may be added to the spray solution for application to Roundup Ready crops. The addition of certain surfactants to a spray solution of this product could result in some crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis due to the surfactant. Refer to the individual Roundup Ready crop sections that follow, for additional precautions or restrictions on the use of surfactants. Refer to the "MIXING" section of this label for additional information on the use of surfactants with this product.]

Ammonium sulfate may be added to spray solutions of this product for application to Roundup Ready crops. Refer to the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions on the use of ammonium sulfate.

The following use directions are based on a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, apply this product as a preplant burndown application to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morning glory, woolly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, might need a second application of this product for complete control. Make second application after some re-growth has occurred and a minimum of 10 days after a previous application of this product.

Application rates of this product specified on this label for hard-to-control weeds, supersede rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label. Additional information on hard-to-control weeds can be found on Fact Sheets published for this product.

Observe the maximum application rates stated throughout this label. Maximum application rates apply to the use of this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing glyphosate, whether applied separately or as mixtures. Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products does not exceed the stated maximum rate. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates. When applying this product as a tank mixture with one or more products, refer to each individual tank-mix product label.

# 12.1 Roundup Ready Alfalfa

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INTRUCTIONS: Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product.

Maximum Application Rates			
Combined total per year for all applications, including Preplant during year of establishment	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A		
Preplant, At-planting and Preemergence single application	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>		
	a.e.)/A		
Combined total per year for In-crop applications on newly established and established stands	4.1 qt (4.6 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A		

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

#### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready Alfalfa.

- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

## Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied over the top of Roundup Ready <u>aA</u>lfalfa (in-crop) from emergence until 5 days prior to cutting. To maximize crop yield and quality potential of the forage and hay, apply this product after weeds have emerged, but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with spray coverage of the target weeds.

Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control the annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. This product will also suppress or control the parasitic weed dodder (*Cuscuta* spp.) in Roundup Ready Aalfalfa. More than one application might be necessary for complete control.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• Freezing or near freezing conditions, or large temperature swings, within 5 days after application of this product to Roundup Ready Aalfalfa could result in a limited, temporary crop response.

New Stand Establishment (Seeding Year) – Due to the biology and breeding constraints of alfalfa, up to 10 percent of the seedlings might not contain a Roundup Ready gene and will not survive after the first application of this product. To eliminate the undesirable effects of stand gaps created by this loss of plants, make a single application of at least 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 b.b.b a.e.) of this product per acre at or before the 4- trifoliate growth stage. Refer to the following table for application rates during stand establishment (seeding year).

NEW STAND ESTABLISHMENT (Seeding Year) Application Rates		
Prior to First Cutting		
From emergence up to 4 trifoliate leaves	22.0 to 44.0 fl oz (0.77-1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
From 5 trifoliate leaves up to 5 days before first cutting	Up to 44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
After First Cutting		
In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	Up to 44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.)/A	

TANK MIXTURES: Up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied postemergence (incrop) over the top of Roundup Ready Aalfalfa in the seeding year in a tank-mix with the following products after weeds have emerged, but before alfalfa growth or re-growth interferes with spray coverage of the target weeds. Ensure that the product used in the tank-mix is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to alfalfa. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

clethodim; imazamox; imazethapyr; sethoxydim; quizalofop-p-ethyl

[Optional statement: Imazethapyr or imazamox applied to seedling alfalfa could result in a temporary reduction in growth. Do not include crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil in tank mixtures of this product with <a href="imazethapyr">imazethapyr</a> Pursuit or <a href="imazemox Raptor">imazemox Raptor</a> as unsatisfactory crop injury could result.]

**Established Stands (Non-seeding Year)** – Refer to the following table for directions and application rates for in-crop application to established stands of alfalfa (non-seeding year).

ESTABLISHED STANDS (Non-seeding Year)		
Application Rates		
In-crop application, per cutting, up to 5 days before cutting	Up to 44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of established stands of Roundup Ready Aalfalfa in tank mixtures described below according to the growing condition of the crop. Ensure that the product

used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to alfalfa. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

**Actively Growing Aalfalfa:** For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds when alfalfa is actively growing, this product may be applied at up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides.

clethodim; imazamox; imazethapyr; sethoxydim; quizalofop-p-ethyl

[Optional statement: Do not include crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil in tank mixtures of this product with imazethapyr or imazamox as unsatisfactory crop injury could result.]

**Dormant Alfalfa:** For control of emerged annual grasses and broadleaf weeds when alfalfa is dormant, this product may be applied at up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 | bs.|b| a.e.) per acre in a tank mixture with the following herbicides when daily temperatures remain above freezing.

imazamox; imazethapyr; metribuzin; pronamide; propyzamide

[Optional statement: Do not include crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil in tank mixtures of this product with imazethapyr or imazamox as unsatisfactory crop injury could result.]

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

 Where Roundup Ready Aalfalfa is grown with a companion or cover crop, or is over-seeded with a second species, in-crop (over-the-top) application of this product will eliminate the non-Roundup Ready (nonglyphosate-tolerant) species.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not exceed 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre for any single in-crop application of this product.
- Sequential applications of this product must be a minimum of 7 days apart.
- The combined total per year for all in-crop applications in both newly established (seeding year) and established stands (non-seeding year) must not exceed 4.1 quarts (132 fluid ounces; 4.6 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.
- Do not apply to frozen or snow\_covered ground. Remove domestic livestock before application.
- Wait a minimum of 5 days after application before grazing, or cutting or feeding of forage and hay.

# 12.2 Roundup Ready Canola (Spring Varieties)

For directions for use of this product on TruFlex™ Roundup Ready® Canola, refer to that section of this label. DO NOT combine these directions for use on Roundup Ready® Canola with the directions for use on TruFlex™ Roundup Ready® Ceanola.

Roundup Ready Sepring Ceanola is defined as those Roundup Ready Ceanola varieties that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a winter dormancy period.

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant; At-<u>p</u>Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates for this product with spring varieties of Roundup Ready Ceanola.

Maximum Application Rates	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence to 6-leaf stage	22.0 fl oz (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup

Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready Spring Ceanola.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications per single application is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

# Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) to spring varieties of Roundup Ready canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development, unless otherwise directed. Application made during bolting or flowering could result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early.

Single Application – Apply 11.0 to 16.0 fluid ounces (0.39- 0.56 Held a.e.) of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications as this could result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and/or growth reduction. Similar crop injury could result when more than 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 Hes.lb a.e.) per acre is applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application – Apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 b.lb a.e.) of this product per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but no later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential application works better for control of early emerging annual and perennial weeds, such as Canada thistle and quackgrass, or whenever more than one application is needed for adequate weed control.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 60 days between application and canola harvest.

## Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

THIS POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION IS FOR USE ONLY IN HYBRID CANOLA SEED PRODUCTION OF BOTH SPRING AND WINTER VARIETIES. DO NOT MAKE THIS APPLICATION ON CANOLA GROWN FOR FOOD OR FEED.

This product may be applied at a rate of between 11.0 and 22.0 fluid ounces (0.39-0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre from emergence until pollination is complete or near completion for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canola pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both Roundup Ready ecanola line(s) and non-glyphosate tolerant line(s). Sequential applications may be made for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental lines up to a maximum total application rate of 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Allow a minimum of 5 days between sequential applications.
- Maximum total application rate of this product for ALL postemergence (in-crop) applications in hybrid canola seed production fields, including application for weed control and control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canola, is 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

## 12.3 Roundup Ready Canola (Winter Varieties)

For directions for use of this product on TruFlex Roundup Ready Canola, refer to that section of this label. DO NOT combine these directions for use on Roundup Ready Ceanola with the directions for use on TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola.

Roundup Ready <u>Wwinter Ceanola</u> is defined as those Roundup Ready <u>Ceanola</u> varieties that are seeded in early\_fall and harvested the following spring or summer. Winter canola varieties are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-Pplanting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product with winter varieties of Roundup Ready <u>eC</u>anola.

Maximum Application Rates	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence to canopy closure or prior	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a.e.)/A</del>
to bolting in the spring	

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

## Preplant, At-Pplanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready <u>W</u>winter <u>C</u>eanola.

#### RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 |bs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

# Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied to winter varieties of Roundup Ready Ceanola from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Application made during or after bolting could result in crop injury and yield loss. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early.

Some weeds with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered, might need a sequential application of this product for control. Make the second application after some re-growth has occurred and a minimum of 60 days after the initial application of this product.

<u>Single Application</u> Apply 16.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.77 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) of this product per acre in the fall when weeds are small and actively growing. Use a higher rate within this range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered or when weeds become large and well established. Application of more than 16.0 fluid ounces per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage could result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid spray overlaps as this could result in temporary yellowing and/or growth reduction.

Sequential Application — Apply 11.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.39-0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall, followed by a sequential application at the same rate and at a minimum interval of 60 days, but before bolting in the spring. Sequential application works best for control of early-emerging annual weeds and winter\_emerging weeds, such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, a sequential application might be needed to reduce competition with the crop.

- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per single application.
- No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence up to the onset of

bolting, and the total in-crop application must not exceed 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre.

- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 60 days between application and harvest of canola grain.
- No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock.

### 12.4 TruFlex Roundup Ready Canola (Spring Varieties)

TruFlex Roundup Ready Sepring Ceanola is defined as those varieties of TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola that are seeded in the spring and harvested in the fall and do not enter a period of winter dormancy.

The directions for use provided in this section are specific to and may only be used with varieties designated as TruFlex Roundup Ready Canola. Applications described on this label made over the top of canola that is not designated as TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola could cause serious crop injury and reduced yields. DO NOT combine these directions for use with those in the "Roundup Ready Canola" section of this label or with any other directions for use on canola on labeling for this or any other glyphosate-containing product. Drift of this product from an application made to TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola onto adjacent fields of Roundup Ready canola could cause extensive crop injury.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-<u>p</u>-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for the maximum application rates of this product with spring varieties of TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola.

Maximum Application Rates	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through the 6-leaf stage	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from the 6-leaf stage through first- flower	22.0 fl oz (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

# Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Up to 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product may be applied before, during or after planting spring varieties of TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 | a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

## Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied postemergence (in-crop) to spring varieties of TruFlex Roundup Ready Ceanola from emergence through the first-flower stage of development. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early.

For control of Canada thistle and morning glory, apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage of canola development. For control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, make sequential applications of 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb a.e.) followed by 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre. For control of other annual weeds, apply up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lb a.e.) of this product per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage or up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) after the 6-leaf stage through first-flower.

- No more than two in-crop (over-the-top) broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the first-flower stage of canola development and the total in-crop application must not exceed 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- No more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product may be applied in-crop after the 6-leaf stage per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

### Postemergence (In-crop) in Hybrid Seed Production Only

THIS POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION IS FOR USE ONLY IN HYBRID CANOLA SEED PRODUCTION OF BOTH SPRING AND WINTER VARIETIES. DO NOT MAKE THIS APPLICATION ON CANOLA GROWN FOR FOOD OR FEED.

This product may be applied at a rate of between 11.0 and 22.0 fluid ounces (0.39-0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre from emergence until pollination is complete or near completion for the control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canola pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both Roundup Ready Ceanola line(s) and non-glyphosate-tolerant line(s). Sequential applications may be made for the control of non-glyphosate--tolerant pollen parental lines up to a maximum total application rate of 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Allow a minimum of 5 days between sequential applications.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 [b-lb] a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum total application rate of this product for ALL postemergence (in-crop) applications in hybrid canola seed production fields, including application for weed control and control of non-glyphosate-tolerant canola, is 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Hb-lb a.e.) per acre.

# 12.5 Field Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology

Field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology include Roundup Ready Corn 2 and field corn seed products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo.

The directions for use in this section refer only to FIELD CORN hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology. For directions for use on SWEET CORN hybrids that contain Roundup Ready 2 Technology, see the "Sweet Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology" section of this label. [Alternative text: For directions for use on Roundup Ready Sweet Corn, see the "Roundup Ready Sweet Corn" section of this label.]

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant; At-<u>p</u>Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Spot Treatment; Pre\_harvest; Post-<u>Hh</u>arvest; Postemergence (In-crop) for Tassel Control in Roundup Hybridization Systems Only

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology.

Maximum Application Rates		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Maximum single In-crop application rate up to 48-inch corn	32.0 fl oz (1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch corn	64.0 fl oz (2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)/A	
Maximum Pre_harvest application rate after maximum kernel fill is complete and the crop is physiologically mature (black layer formation) until 7 days	22.0 fl oz (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
before harvest*		

<sup>\*</sup>See RESTRICTIONS section for Pre-harvest application

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) rates described in this section on other than field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology could cause crop injury and reduced yields.

### Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Apply these tank mixtures in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water, or 10.0 to 60.0 gallons of nitrogen solution, per acre. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of field corn. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; clopyralid; dicamba; diflufenzopyr; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; isoxaflutole; linuron; mesotrione; metolachlor; <a href="Se-metolachlor">Se-metolachlor</a>; metribuzin; pendimethalin; rimsulfuron; saflufenacil; simazine; thiencarbazone-methyl

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence
  applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Application of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made a minimum of 7 days prior to planting corn.

**NOTE:** For maximum weed control, make a postemergence (in-crop) application of this product following the use of a preemergence residual product listed above.

## Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied alone or in a tank-mix over the top of field corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), or until corn plant height reaches 30 inches (freestanding), whichever comes first, unless otherwise directed. Use drop nozzles for optimum spray coverage and weed control when corn plant height is 24 to 30 inches. When corn plants are 30 to 48 inches tall (freestanding), apply this product using only ground application equipment fitted with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the corn plants. Maximum single in-crop application rate of this product up to 48-inch field corn is 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs|b| a.e.) per acre. Total in-crop application of this product from corn plant emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.|b| a.e.) per acre.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to field corn. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; acetochlor; atrazine; bicyclopyrone; carfentrazone-ethyl; clopyralid; dicamba; diflufenzopyr; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; foramsulfuron; halosulfuron-methyl; iodosulfuron-methyl- sodium; isoxaflutole; mesotrione; nicosulfuron; rimsulfuron; tembotrione; thiencarbazone-methyl; thifensulfuron methyl; topramezone

- Do not apply more than 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.

- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product.
- Pre-harvest (PHI): Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage or grain.

#### Pre-harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 b.lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest when kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed) and grain moisture is 35 percent or less.

### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 [b-]b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 |bs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- A pre\_harvest application may be made only if the combined total of previously applied over-the-top or drop nozzle applications does not exceed 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or feeding of corn stover or grain.

#### Post-hHarvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after crop harvest. Higher labeled rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for post-harvest application in field corn. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest or the feeding of vegetation within the application area.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days

# Postemergence (In-crop) for Tassel Control in Roundup Hybridization Systems Only

THIS APPLICATION IS FOR USE ONLY IN SEED PRODUCTION OF CORN HYBRIDS USING THE ROUNDUP HYBRIDIZATION SYSTEM (RHS). DO NOT MAKE THIS APPLICATION ON CORN GROWN FOR FOOD OR FEED.

The RHS designation indicates that the corn contains Monsanto proprietary gene technology that allows for tassel-only susceptibility to this product. Use of this product on corn hybrids or inbreds that are not designated as RHS or as corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology could result in severe crop injury and yield loss.

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied at rates of between 11.0 and 32.0 fluid ounces (0.39-1.125 <u>lbs.|b</u> a.e.) per acre as an over-the-top broadcast application for tassel control in RHS-based seed corn production fields from the V8 stage until either the V13 stage or 100 GDU (Growing Degree Units) before flowering.

- Make no more than two applications of this product for tassel control.
- Do not apply more than 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per single application.
- The maximum total application rate of this product for tassel control is 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 |bs.lb a.e.).
- The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied per year for both weed control and tassel control is 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment (RTI): 7 days.

12.6 Sweet Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology [Alternative heading: Roundup Ready Sweet Corn]

[Optional statement if using the title with Roundup Ready 2 Technology: Sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology include Roundup Ready Sweet Corn and sweet corn seed products displaying the Roundup Ready 2 Technology logo.]

The directions for use in this section refer only to SWEET CORN hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology [Alternative text: The directions for use in this section apply only to use on Roundup Ready Sweet Corn]. For directions for use on FIELD CORN hybrids that contain Roundup Ready 2 Technology, see the "Field Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology" section of this label.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-pPlanting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology. [Alternative text: Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Roundup Ready sweet corn.]

Maximum Application Rates		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Maximum single In-crop application rate up to 48-inch sweet corn	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.</del> l <u>b</u> a.e.)/A	
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch sweet corn	4.1 qt (4.65 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)/A	

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) applications described in this section on other than sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology could cause crop injury and reduced yields. [Alternative text: The use of the in-crop (over-the-top) applications described in this section on other than Roundup Ready sweet corn could cause crop injury and reduced yields.]

## Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting sweet corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology. [*Alternative text:* This product may be applied alone or in a tank mixture before, during or after planting Roundup Ready sweet corn.]

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the residual herbicide products listed below for maximum weed control. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of sweet corn. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. Apply these tank mixtures in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water or in 10.0 to 60.0 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

acetochlor; atrazine; carfentrazone-ethyl; dimethenamid-p; metolachlor; ss-metolachlor

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 dl. a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

## Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Apply this product alone or in a tank mixture over the top of [*Alternative text:* Roundup Ready] sweet corn [*Alternative text:* hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology] from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars), or until sweet corn plant height reaches 30 inches (freestanding), whichever comes first. Use drop

nozzles for optimum spray coverage and weed control when sweet corn plant height is 24 to 30 inches. When sweet corn plants are 30 to 48 inches tall (freestanding), apply this product using <u>only</u> ground application equipment fitted with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying into the whorls of the sweet corn plants. Avoid spraying if the crop has reached the reproductive stage. Maximum single in-crop application rate of this product up to 48-inch sweet corn is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) per acre. Total in-crop application of this product from emergence through 48 inches in height must not exceed 4.1 quarts (132 fluid ounces; 4.65 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) per acre per growing season.

When applied as directed, this product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Apply 16.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.77 |bs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height or before they become competitive with the crop. If new flushes of weeds occur, a sequential application of 16.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.77 |bs.|b| a.e.) per acre may be made before weeds exceed 4 inches in height.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to sweet corn. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

atrazine; carfentrazone-ethyl; foramsulfuron; tembotrione; topramezone

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per single application.
- Do not apply more than 4.1 quarts (4.65 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): Allow a minimum of 10 days between in-crop applications of this product.
- Do not apply atrazine in a tank-mix with this product when sweet corn plants are greater than 12 inches tall.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 30 days between application of this product and harvest of sweet corn forage or grain.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

## 12.7 Roundup Ready Cotton

**TYPES OF APPLICATION:** Preplant; At-<u>p</u>Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Selective Equipment (In-crop); Pre\_harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Roundup Ready Ceotton.

Maximum Application Rates		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e)/A	
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking to layby	2.5 qt (2.80 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Maximum Pre_harvest application rate	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)/A	
Combined total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	4.0 qt (4.5 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.)/A	

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

# Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready **⊆**eotton.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product

used is labeled for application prior to the emergence of cotton. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# Postemergence (In-crop)

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be applied over the top of Roundup Ready cotton (in-crop) at rates of up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per application from cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). NO MORE THAN TWO OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST APPLICATIONS MAY BE MADE FROM CROP EMERGENCE THROUGH THE 4- LEAF (NODE) STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT. SEQUENTIAL OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN-CROP MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS. Over-the-top application made after the 4-leaf (node) stage of development could result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied over the top of Roundup Ready Ceotton up to the 4-leaf stage. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clethodim; fluazifop-p-butyl; fomesafen; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pyrithiobac-sodium; quizalofop-p-ethyl; sethoxydim; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

[Optional text: Pyrithiobac-sodium could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) to Roundup Ready Ceotton.]

[Optional text: [Metolachlor and S-metolachlor] applied over the top of Roundup Ready Ceotton could cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting.]

**Salvage Treatment** – may be made after the 4-leaf stage of development and only when weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 | a.e.) of this product per acre either as an over-the-top application or as a post-directed application sprayed higher on the cotton plants and onto the weeds.

IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA ONLY, up to 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product may be applied per acre either as an over-the-top application or a post-directed application for salvage treatment.

**NOTE:** SALVAGE TREATMENT WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS. NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT MAY BE MADE PER GROWING SEASON.

- Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from cracking to layby combined is 2.5 quarts (2.80 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.
- DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT (OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN ANY TANK-MIX PRODUCT) FOR OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP

#### READY COTTON.

# Selective Equipment (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers at rates of up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 [b.lb] a.e.) per acre per application to Roundup Ready Ceotton through layby. At this crop stage, use post-directed application equipment to direct the spray towards the base of the cotton plants, avoiding contact of the herbicide spray with the leaves of the plant. To minimize contact, maintain a low spray pressure (less than 30 pounds per square inch) and place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the leaves of the cotton plant and onto the weeds in the row. For enhanced results, apply this product while weeds are small (less than 3 inches in height). See additional use instructions in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; linuron; metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

[Optional text: Pyrithiobac-sodium could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (incrop) to Roundup Ready <u>eCotton.</u>]

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces (0.77 Halb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all in-crop applications from cracking to layby combined is 2.5 quarts (2.80 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.
- NO MORE THAN TWO APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE MADE FROM THE 5-LEAF STAGE THROUGH LAYBY. SEQUENTIAL OVER-THE-TOP OR POST-DIRECTED IN-CROP APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 10 DAYS APART AND COTTON MUST HAVE AT LEAST TWO NODES OF INCREMENTAL GROWTH BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.

#### **Pre-harvest**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied for annual and perennial weed control prior to crop harvest after 20 percent boll crack.

**NOTE:** This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready Ceotton.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces (1.54 | bs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 44 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Do not apply this product for pre\_harvest weed control to cotton grown for seed.
- Pre\_harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.

DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY COTTON.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY COTTON. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

## 12.8 Roundup Ready Flex Cotton

The directions for use of this product provided in this section are specific to and may only be used with varieties designated as Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton. Applications described in this section made over the top of cotton other than Roundup Ready Flex Cotton will cause crop injury and reduced yields. DO NOT combine the directions for use in this section with those in the "Roundup Ready Cotton" section of this label, or with any other directions for use on Roundup Ready Ceotton or Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton on labeling for this or any other glyphosate-containing product. Drift of this product from an application made to Roundup Ready Flex cotton onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) Roundup Ready Ceotton could cause extensive crop injury, including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-p-Planting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Pre\_harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton.

Maximum Application Rates		
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs<u>lb</u> .</del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking to 60 percent open bolls	4.0 qt (4.5 lb_ <del>s .</del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all In-crop applications between layby and 60 percent open bolls	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	
Total for all In-crop applications from 60 percent open bolls to 7 days	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)/A	
prior to harvest		
Total for all In-crop applications from emergence through harvest	4.0 qt (4.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A	

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

## Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of cotton. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; clomazone; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; norflurazon; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; saflufenacil

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 | bs|b a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying are at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

#### Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label in Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early. Many perennial weeds

will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Use an initial application rate of 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb-lb a.e.) per acre to control or suppress 1- to 3-inch-tall annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton using ground application equipment at rates up to 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre per application. -In addition to broadcast application, post-directed spray equipment may be used to achieve more thorough weed coverage.

IN THE STATES OF ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO AND TEXAS (WEST OF I-35) ONLY, up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied per postemergence application using ground application equipment.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

<u>aA</u>cetochlor; clethodim; fluazifop-p-butyl; fomesafen; metolachlor; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pyrithiobac-sodium; quizalofop-p-ethyl; sethoxydim; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

[Optional text: Pyrithiobac-sodium could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (incrop) in Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton.]

[Optional text: [Metolachlor and S-metolachlor] applied over the top of Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton could cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting.]

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for in-crop application using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers.

<u>a</u>Acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; diuron; flumioxazin; fluometuron; fomesafen; linuron; metolachlor; monosodium acid methanearsonate; pendimethalin; prometyrn; pyrithiobac-sodium; trifloxysulfuron-sodium

[Optional text: Pyrithiobac-sodium could cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (incrop) in Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton.]

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

In-crop application rates above 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre made alone or with the addition of other crop chemical products containing surfactant could cause a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis.

### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- The maximum single, in-crop application rate of this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton using ground application equipment is 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre, except in Arizona, New Mexico and west Texas (west of I-35 only), where up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre may be applied in a single application using ground application equipment.
- Do not exceed a maximum single, in-crop application rate of 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 <a href="Local-Lab-lb">Local-Lab-lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre when using aerial application equipment, except in Arizona, New Mexico and west Texas (west of I-35 only), where up to 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 <a href="Local-Lab-lb-s-lb">Local-Lab-lb</a> a.e.) may be applied as a single application using aerial application equipment.
- Between layby and 60 percent open bolls, the maximum combined total application rate of this product is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- The combined total for all applications of this product made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls must not exceed 4.0 quarts (4.5 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- When applying are at reduced rates, do not apply more than 6 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

DO NOT ADD ADDITONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR OVER-THE-

TOP APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON.

#### **Pre-harvest**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied to Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack.

**NOTE:** This product will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready Flex Ceotton.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- The maximum combined total for all in-crop applications made from crop emergence through harvest is 4.0 quarts (4.5 | bs.|b a.e.) per acre.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.
- Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of Roundup Ready Flex Cotton.
- DO NOT ADD ADDITIONAL SURFACTANT OR ADDITIVES CONTAINING SURFACTANT TO THIS PRODUCT FOR PRE-HARVEST APPLICATION TO ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON.

ATTENTION: USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL DIRECTIONS IS EXPECTED TO RESULT IN NORMAL GROWTH OF ROUNDUP READY FLEX COTTON. HOWEVER, DUE TO THE SENSITIVITY OF COTTON FRUITING TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS, AGRONOMIC PRACTICES AND OTHER FACTORS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PRODUCT, EVEN WHEN APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN SOME CASES, THESE FACTORS CAN RESULT IN BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS.

#### 12.9 Roundup Ready Soybean

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-pPlanting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Pre\_harvest; Post-hharvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Roundup Ready soybean.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all Preplant, At-Polanting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybean)	64.0 fl oz (2.25 <del>lbs.</del> l <u>b</u> a.e.)/A
Maximum Pre_harvest application rate	22.0 fl oz (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

# Preplant, At-Pplanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready soybean.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, or dicamba and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fenoxaprop-p-ethyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumioxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; <u>sS</u>-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; tribenuron methyl; trifluralin

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting any crop not listed on this label.

## Postemergence (In-crop)

Soybean from emergence (cracking) through flowering (R2 stage soybean). R2 stage soybean ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific annual weeds. An initial application of 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre will control or suppress most 2- to 8-inch tall weeds, which are normally found approximately 2 to 5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are larger, apply a higher labeled rate of this product. This product may be applied up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre as a single, in- crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Application of 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 lbs.|b| a.e.) of this product per acre (single or multiple applications) will control or suppress perennial weeds, including Bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For enhanced results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6 inches of growth before applying this product.

Under adverse growing conditions, including drought, hail or wind damage, or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product might be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE NEEDED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready <u>So</u>oybean. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; acifluorfen; bentazon; chlorimuron-ethyl; clethodim; cloransulam-methyl; fenoxaprop- p-ethyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flumiclorac pentyl ester; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazamox; imazethapyr; lactofen; pendimethalin; quizalofop-p-ethyl; sethoxydim; thifensulfuron-methyl

## PRECAUTIONS:

• In some cases, these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

#### **Pre-harvest**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Apply up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 |bs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre to Roundup Ready Ssoybean

for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 22 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days
- Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

#### Post-hHarvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of Roundup Ready Soybean. Higher labeled rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.10 Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-pPlanting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop); Pre\_harvest; Post-harvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Roundup Ready 2 Yield <u>S</u>eoybean.

Maximum Application Rates	
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e <u>.</u> )/A
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A
Total for all In-crop applications from cracking through flowering (R2 stage soybean)	64.0 fl oz (2.25 <del>lbs.</del> l <u>b</u> a.e.)/A
Maximum Pre_harvest application rate	22.0 fl oz (0.77 <del>lb.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

# Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D, or dicamba and applied prior to planting only. This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of soybean. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; carfentrazone-ethyl; chlorimuron-ethyl; clethodim; clomazone; cloransulam-methyl; dimethenamid; dimethenamid-p; fenoxaprop-p-ethyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flufenacet; flumetsulam; flumiclorac pentyl ester; flumioxazin; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazaquin; imazethapyr; lactofen; linuron; metolachlor; Se-metolachlor; metribuzin; pendimethalin; pyroxasulfone; quizalofop-p-ethyl; saflufenacil; sulfentrazone; tribenuron methyl; trifluralin

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

• Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.

- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting any crop not listed on this label.

#### Postemergence (In-crop)

Application of 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 | Los. | Los.

Under adverse growing conditions, including drought, hail or wind damage, or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product might be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. IN THE SOUTHERN STATES, A SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONTROL NEW FLUSHES OF WEEDS IN THE ROUNDUP READY 2 YIELD SOYBEAN CROP. To control giant ragweed, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 local) of this product per acre when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and possibly avoid the need for a sequential application.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to soybean. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

acetochlor; acifluorfen; bentazon; chlorimuron ethyl; clethodim; cloransulam-methyl; fenoxaprop- p-ethyl; fluazifop-p-butyl; flumiclorac pentyl ester; fluthiacet-methyl; fomesafen; imazamox; imazethapyr; lactofen; pendimethalin; quizalofop-p-ethyl; sethoxydim; thifensulfuron-methyl

# **PRECAUTIONS:**

• In some cases, these tank-mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25\_lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- The maximum combined total amount of this product that may be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybean) is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 | lbs.| lb a.e.) per acre.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.

#### **Pre-harvest**

USE INSTRUCTIONS: Up to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 a.e.) of this product per acre may be applied to Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean for weed control prior to harvest after pods have set and lost all green color. Take care to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Hb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Pre\_harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 14 days between application and harvest of soybean grain or feeding of soybean grain, forage or hay.

#### Post-hHarvest

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied for weed control after harvest of Roundup Ready 2 Yield Soybean. Higher labeled rates might be needed for control of large weeds that were growing in the field at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used. Ensure that the product used is labeled for weed control application after harvest of soybean. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

## **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 |bs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Do not apply more than 5.3 quarts (6.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 2 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Application of this product must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

# 12.11 Roundup Ready Sugarbeet

TYPES OF APPLICATION: Preplant; At-pPlanting; Preemergence; Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the following table for maximum application rates of this product with Roundup Ready Seugarbeet.

Maximum Application Rates				
Combined total per year for all applications	5.3 qt (6.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A			
Total for all Preplant, At- <u>p</u> Planting, Preemergence applications	3.3 qt (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A			
Maximum single application rate from emergence to 8-leaf stage	32.0 fl oz (1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A			
Total for all applications made from emergence to 8-leaf stage	56.0 fl oz (2.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A			
Maximum single application rate between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	22.0 fl oz (0.77 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A			
Total for all applications made between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	44.0 fl oz (1.54 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)/A			

See the "ROUNDUP READY CROPS" section of this label for information regarding the use of this product in Roundup Ready crops. See the "PRODUCT INFORMATION" section of this label for more information on Maximum Application Rates.

## Preplant, At-pPlanting, Preemergence

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready Ssugarbeet.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of sugarbeet. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

ethofumesate

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

• Do not apply more than 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications.

- Maximum quantity of this product that may be applied for all preplant, at-planting and preemergence applications combined is 3.3 quarts (3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Application must be made a minimum of 30 days prior to the planting of any crop not listed on this label.

#### Postemergence (In-crop)

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be applied over the top of Roundup Ready Sugarbeet for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds from emergence to 30 days prior to harvest. To maximize yield potential, eliminate competing weeds early. Up to 4 applications of this product may be made with a minimum of 10 days between each application. This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, more than one application might be needed to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with the following products and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready Sugarbeet. Ensure that the product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to sugarbeet. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Clethodim; clopyralid; desmedipham; dimethenamid-P; ethofumesate; <u>S</u>s-metolachlor; phenmedipham; quizalofop-p-ethyl; triflusulfuron methyl

[Optional statement: Desmedipham, phenmedipham, and ethofumesate can cause significant sugarbeet injury. Refer to these product labels for crop injury precautions.]

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- The combined total application of this product from crop emergence through harvest must not exceed 100.0 fluid ounces (6.25 pints; 3.50 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre.
- The maximum rate for any single application from crop emergence until the 8-leaf stage is 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 | lbs.|b| a.e.) per acre.
- The maximum rate for any single application between the 8-leaf stage and canopy closure is 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 | b.|b | a.e.) per acre. Allow a minimum of 30 days between application and sugarbeet harvest.
- When applying at reduced rates, do not apply more than 4 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 10 days.
- Pre-harvest Interval (PHI): Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and sugar-beet harvest.

# 13.0 FARMSTEAD USE

TYPES OF USES: Farmstead Weed Control; Trim-and-Edge; Greenhouse/Shadehouse; Chemical Mowing; Cut Stump Application; Habitat Management

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for application rates for specific weeds. When applied as directed, this product will control those annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. Application rates of this product specified in the following sections, or Fact Sheets published for this product, for hard-to-control weeds supersede rates in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 7 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per single application.
- Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 7 quarts (7.9 |bs.|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per year.
- Unless otherwise specified, do not apply more than 16 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval (RTI): 7 days.

## 13.1 Farmstead Weed Control, Trim-and-Edge

USE INSTRUCTIONS: This product may be used to control annual and perennial weeds, woody brush, trees and vines

found on any part of the farmstead, including around building foundations and equipment storage areas, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditch banks, driveways, farm roads, farmyards, fencerows, parking areas, rangeland, rights-of-way, shelterbelts, storage areas and prior to planting landscape ornamentals.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products, provided that the product used is labeled for these sites and uses. Refer to each individual product label for approved sites and application rates. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; bromacil; chlorosulfuron; dicamba; diuron; imazapic; imazapyr; metsulfuron-methyl; oryzalin; oxadiazon; pendimethalin; prodiamine; simazine; sulfometuron-methyl

For annual weeds, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 <a href="https://lb.a.e.">https://lb.a.e.</a>) of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 <a href="https://lb.a.e.">https://lb.a.e.</a>) when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall and 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 <a href="https://lb.a.e.">https://lb.a.e.</a>) when weeds are greater than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 44.0 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts (1.54-3.71 <a href="https://lb.a.e.">https://lb.a.e.</a>) per acre in a tank-mix with one of the products listed here. For application of tank mixtures using a backpack sprayer, handgun or other handheld applicator, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label for the required concentration of this product in the mix.

#### 13.2 Greenhouse/Shadehouse

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Remove desirable vegetation before applying this product inside a greenhouse or shadehouse.
- Turn air circulation fans off when applying this product inside a greenhouse or shadehouse and leave them off until the application solution has dried.
- Do not use this product inside residential greenhouses.

#### 13.3 Chemical Mowing

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to suppress growth of perennial grasses listed in this section along farm ditches and on any other part of the farmstead to serve as a substitute for mowing. Apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 Hb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre to suppress Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass or quackgrass covers; 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 Hb.lb a.e.) to suppress Bbermuda\_grass; or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 Hbs.lb a.e.) to suppress torpedograss or para grass. Make all applications in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of spray solution per acre.

# **RESTRICTION:**

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

#### 13.4 Cut Stump Application

TYPES OF USES: Treating brush and tree stumps on any terrestrial site

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to control re-growth and re-sprouting of many species of woody brush and trees. Cut the woody brush or tree close to the soil surface and immediately apply a 50- to 100-percent (undiluted) solution of this product to the freshly cut surface using application equipment capable of covering the entire cambium. A delay in application could result in reduced performance. For enhanced results, cut the woody brush or tree during period of active growth and full leaf expansion and apply this product. Some of the species controlled by this method of application of this product are:

Alder	Oak	Reed, giant	Tan oak
Eucalyptus	Pepper, Brazilian	Saltcedar	Willow
Madrone	Pine. Austrian	Sweetgum	

# **RESTRICTIONS:**

Do not make a cut stump application when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees might be grafted to
the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees can share a common root system. Adjacent trees

having a similar age, height and spacing could be an indicator of a shared root system. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to adjacent stems or trees when this product is applied to one or more trees sharing a common root system.

#### 13.5 Habitat Management

TYPES OF USES: Habitat Restoration and Maintenance; Wildlife Food Plots

#### **Habitat Restoration and Maintenance**

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Application may be made to allow recovery of native plant species or prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control in habitat management areas. Spot treatment may be used to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

#### Wildlife Food Plots

**USE INSTRUCTIONS:** This product may be used to eliminate annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait a minimum of 7 days after application before tilling.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

• There are no rotational restrictions for planting any wildlife food species or for allowing native species to repopulate the area following application of this product.

#### 14.0 ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION

When water carrier volumes are between 16.0 and 40.0 gallons per acre for ground application, and between 6.0 and 15.0 gallons per acre for aerial application, the following use rates will control the annual weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" that follows.

- 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) per acre grasses and broadleaf annual weeds less than 6 inches in height or circumference, and vines less than 3 inches in length
- 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre grasses and broadleaf annual weeds 6 to 12 inches in height or circumference, and vines 3 to 6 inches in length
- 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre grasses and broadleaf annual weeds greater than 12 inches in height or circumference, and vines greater than 6 inches in length

WHEN WATER CARRIER VOLUMES ARE BETWEEN 3.0 AND 15.0 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR GROUND APPLICATION, AND BETWEEN 3.0 AND 5.0 GALLONS PER ACRE FOR AERIAL APPLICATION, USE THE RATES SPECIFIED FOR INDIVIDUAL WEEDS AS FOLLOWS IN THE "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE."

Apply to actively growing annual weeds. New leaf development indicates active growth.

Annual weeds are often easiest to control when they are small. Control of older, mature (hardened) or otherwise hard-to-control annual weed species could require higher application rates than specified in this table, even if they meet the size requirements listed. This product may be applied at rates of up to 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre for hard-to-control annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist. Follow all precautions and restrictions, including maximum application rates and crop stage timings specified in the directions for use on specific crops, including Roundup Ready crops, and use sites listed on this label.

Maximum size refers to the maximum plant height, length of runners for vines, or circumference of rosette plants in inches.

Do not tank-mix this product with soil residual herbicides when applying at these rates, unless otherwise directed.

For control of annual weeds using a handheld controlled droplet applicator (CDA), apply a 20-percent solution of this product (25.0 to 26.0 fluid ounces (0.90-0.92 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per gallon of spray solution) at a flow rate of 2.0 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 miles per hour (1.0 quart per acre). When using a vehicle-mounted CDA, apply the required amount of this product, as indicated in the following table, in 2.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow re-growth to occur prior to application of this product.

{Note to Reviewer: On the final label, throughout the Directions for Use and where applicable table headings may be repeated and/or [ [(] continued [)] ] [Cont'd.] [(cont'd.)] added to indicate where a text group continues to subsequent page.}

# **ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE**

	7	Broad	dcast Applicatio	n Rate	
	11 (0.39 <del>lb.</del> lb	16 (0.56	22 (0.77	27 (0.95	32 (1.125
Weed Species	a.e.)	lb.lb a.e.)	lb.lb a.e.)	lb.lb a.e.)	lbs.lb a.e.)
•	,		m Height/Lengt	_	
Ammannia, purple	3	6	12		18
Anoda, spurred	-	2	3	5	8
Barley	18	18 +	-	-	-
Barnyardgrass	-	3	6	7	9
Bassia, fivehook	-	-	6	-	-
Beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	-	-
Bittercress	12	20	-	-	-
Bluegrass, annual	10	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, bulbous	6	-	-	-	-
Brome, downy <sup>1,2</sup>	6	12	-	-	-
Brome, Japanese	6	12	24	-	-
Browntop panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Buckwheat, wild <sup>3</sup>	-	1	2	-	-
Burcucumber	-	6	12	-	18
Buttercup	12	20	-	-	-
Carolina geranium	-	-	4	-	9
Carpetweed	-	6	12	-	-
Cheat <sup>2</sup>	6	20	-	-	-
Chervil	20	-	-	_	-
Chickweed	-	12	18	_	-
Cocklebur	12	18	24	-	36
Copperleaf, hophornbeam	-	2	4	-	6
Copperleaf, Virginia	-	2	4	-	6
Coreopsis, plains	-	6	12	-	18
Corn, volunteer	6	12	20	-	-
Corn speedwell	12	-	-	-	-
Crabgrass	3	6	12	-	-
Crowfootgrass	-	-	6	-	12
Cutleaf evening primrose	-	-	3	-	6
Devilsclaw (unicorn plant)	-	3	6	-	-
Dwarf dandelion	12	-	-	-	-
Eastern mannagrass	8	12	-	-	-
Eclipta	-	4	8	12	-
Fall panicum	4	-	6	-	12
False dandelion	-	20	-	-	-
Falseflax, smallseed	12	-	-	-	-
Fiddleneck	-	6	12	-	-
Field pennycress	6	12	-	-	-
Filaree	-	-	6	-	12
Fleabane, annual	6	20	-	-	-
Fleabane, hairy* (Conyza bonariensis)	-	<u>-</u>	6	-	10

	12	Broad	dcast Applicatio	n Rate	
	11 (0.39 <del>lb.lb</del>	16 (0.56	22 (0.77	27 (0.95	32 (1.125
Weed Species	a.e.)	<del>lb.</del> lb a.e.)	lb.lb a.e.)	lb.lb a.e.)	lbs.lb a.e.)
·	,	•	<b>h</b> (inches)		
Fleabane, rough	3	6	12	-	-
Florida pusley	-	-	4	_	6
Foxtail; giant, bristly, yellow	6	12	20	_	_
Foxtail, Carolina	10	<u>-</u>	-	_	_
Foxtail, green	12	-	-	_	_
Goatgrass, jointed	6	12	_	_	_
Goosegrass*	-	3	6	_	12
Grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20	_	-
Groundcherry	-	3	6	_	9
Groundsel; common, cressleaf	-	6	10	-	-
Hemp sesbania	_	2	4	6	8
Henbit	_	<u>-</u>	6	-	12
Horseweed / Marestail* (Conyza	_	6	12	_	18
canadensis)					
Itchgrass	6	8	12	-	18
Jimsonweed	-	-	12	-	18
Johnsongrass, seedling*	6	12	18	-	24
Junglerice*	-	3	6	7	9
Knotweed	-	-	6	-	12
Kochia* <sup>4</sup>	-	3 to 6	12	-	-
Lambsquarters	_	6	12	-	20
Little barley	6	12	-	-	-
London rocket	6		24	-	-
Mayweed	-	2	6	12	18
Morning glory, annual ( <i>Ipomoea</i>	_		3	-	6
spp)					
Mustard; blue, tansy, tumble,	6	12	18	-	_
wild					
Nightshade; black, hairy	-	4	6	-	12
Oats	3	6	18	-	-
Pigweed, Palmer*	-	12	18	24	-
Pigweed species*	-	12	18	24	-
Prickly lettuce	-	6	12	-	-
Purslane	-	_	3	-	6
Ragweed; common,* giant*	-	6	12	-	18
Red rice	-	-	4	-	-
Rye, volunteer/cereal <sup>2</sup>	6	18	18 +	-	-
Ryegrass species*	-	-	6	-	12
Sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	-
Sandbur, longspine	6	12	-	-	-
Shattercane	6	12	20	-	-
Shepherd'spurse	6	12	-	-	-
Sicklepod	-	2	4	-	8
Signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	6	7	9
Smartweed, ladysthumb	-	-	6	-	9
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	-	-	6	-	9
Sowthistle, annual	-	-	6	-	12
Spanish needles	_	_	6	-	12
Speedwell, purslane	12	-	_	-	-

		Broad	dcast Applicatio	n Rate	
			(fl oz/A)		
	11 (0.39 lb-lb	16 (0.56	22 (0.77	27 (0.95	32 (1.125
Weed Species	a.e.)	l <del>b،</del> lb a.e.)	<del>lb.<u>lb</u></del> а.е.)	<del>lb₊</del> lb a.e.)	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)
		Maximu	m Height/Lengt	<b>h</b> (inches)	
Sprangletop	6	12	20	-	-
Spurge; prostrate, spotted	-	6	12	-	-
Spurry, umbrella	6	-	-	-	-
Stinkgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Sunflower	12	18	-	-	-
Swinecress	-	5	12	-	-
Teaweed/ Prickly sida	-	2	4	-	6
Texas panicum	6	8	12	-	24
Thistle, Russian*5	-	6	12	-	-
Velvetleaf	-	-	6	-	12
Virginia pepperweed	-	18	-	-	-
Waterhemp*	-	-	6	-	12
Wheat <sup>2</sup>	6	12	18	-	-
Wheat (overwintered)	-	6	12	-	18
Wild oats	3	6	18	-	-
Wild proso millet	-	6	12	-	18
Witchgrass	-	12	-	-	-
Woolly cupgrass	-	6	12	-	-
Yellow rocket	-	12	20	-	-

- <sup>1</sup> For control of downy brome in no-till systems, apply 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 Hb-lb a.e.) of this product per acre.
- <sup>2</sup> Performance of this product can be enhanced if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.
- <sup>3</sup> Apply 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) per acre to control 2- to 4-leaf wild buckwheat. For enhanced control of wild buckwheat over 2 inches in size, make sequential applications of 22.0 fluid ounces followed by 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre.
- <sup>4</sup> Do not apply when kochia is in the button stage.
- <sup>5</sup> Control of Russian thistle can vary based on environmental conditions and spray coverage. If possible, apply this product in a tank mixture with 2,4-D, as described in the following section, to improve control. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- \* A glyphosate-resistant biotype has been confirmed. For additional information, refer to the "WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT" section of this label. You can also visit on the Internet, www.weedscience.org or www.weedresistancemanagement.com, or contact your Loveland Products, Inc. representative.

# 14.1 Annual Weeds-Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba or Picloram-potassium

Optimal control of certain hard-to-control weeds can be achieved by tank-mixing this product with dicamba, 2,4-D, or Tordon 22K. An appropriate rate of these other herbicides combined with the rate of this product specified in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE" will control the following weeds up to the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inchesprickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed, morning glory, kochia (in a tank-mix with dicamba only), wild buckwheat (in a tank-mix with picloram-potassium only); 12 inches-cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (in a tank-mix with 2,4-D only).

At application rates given in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," this product will control the following weeds up to a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf. For optimal control of these weeds, apply this product in a tank-mix with 2,4-D.

Ensure that the product used is labeled for application at the desired site. Follow all precautions and limitations on the tank-mix product label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions. Use according to the more restrictive label requirements. Some crop injury could

occur if dicamba or picloram-potassium is applied within 45 days of planting.

# 14.2 Annual Weeds-Handheld Sprayers

For control of weeds listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE," apply a 0.4\_-percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length prior to seedhead formation in grasses or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For control of annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise directed, use a 0.7\_-percent solution.

For enhanced results on hard-to-control perennials, such as **Bb**ermuda\_grass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle, apply a 1.5\_-percent solution of this product.

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage, apply a 4\_-percent solution of this product for control of annual and perennial weeds, and a 4- to 7\_-percent solution for control of woody brush, trees and vines.

# 14.3 Annual Weeds-Tank Mixtures for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1.0 pound of atrazine per acre.

Application of 16.0 to 20.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.70 [b.lb] a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank mixture with atrazine will provide optimal control of the following weeds: barnyardgrass (requires 20.0 fluid ounces (0.70 [b.lb] a.e.) of this product per acre for control), downy brome, green foxtail, lambsquarters, prickly lettuce, tansy mustard, pigweed, field sandbur, stinkgrass, Russian thistle, volunteer wheat and witchgrass. For control of kochia, apply 16.0 to 20.0 fluid ounces (0.56-0.70 [b.lb] a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with atrazine and dicamba. Ensure that the atrazine and dicamba products are labeled for the intended use and application site. Follow all precautions and limitations on the tank-mix product label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions.

#### 15.0 PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION

Apply this product to actively growing perennial weeds. New leaf development indicates active growth. Enhanced results can be obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

If weeds have been recently mowed or tilled, do not apply this product until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the specified stage of growth or sufficient growth has been achieved to allow for good interception of the spray solution. For enhanced control, do not mow, cut, till, burn or disturb vegetation in the application area for a minimum of 7 days after application.

For control of perennial weeds using a handheld controlled droplet applicator (CDA), apply a 20- to 30- percent solution of this product (25.0 to 38.0 fluid ounces per gallon of applicator solution) at a flow rate of 2.0 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mile per hour (2.0 to 3.0 quarts per acre). When using a vehicle-mounted CDA, apply the appropriate amount of this product, as indicated in the following rate table, in 2.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre.

This product has no soil activity and does not control emergence of perennial weeds from seed and dormant underground roots, rhizomes or tubers present in the soil at the time of application. More than one application of this product might be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed, but must be made prior to crop emergence, except where in-crop application is allowed.

Application of this product in the fall must be made before a killing frost.

Unless otherwise directed, allow a minimum of 7 days after application before soil tillage. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

## **PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE**

	Broadcast	Water	Handheld
	Rate	Volume	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	(gal/A)	Concentration
Weed Species			(% solution)
Alfalfa	1.0 to 1.5 (1.125-	3.0 to 10.0	1.5
	1.70 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a</del> .e.)		
Apply after the last hay cutting in the fall a	=	_	es or more. Follow wit
deep tillage after a minimum of 7 days after	er application, but before soil f	freeze-up.	
Alligatorweed	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	3.0 to 20.0	1.0
	a.e.)		
For partial control, apply this product wh	en most target plants are in	bloom. More than	one application will b
needed to achieve control.			
Anise (fennel) <sup>1</sup>	-	-	1 to 1.5
Bahiagrass <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Bentgrass	1.0 (1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	10.0 to 20.0	1.5
	a.e.)		
For suppression in grass seed production a	reas using ground application	equipment only. En	isure entire crown are
has resumed growth prior to application i	in the fall. Ensure that bentgr	ass has at least 3 in	nches of growth befor
application. Avoid tillage prior to application	on. Tillage 7 to 10 days after a	oplication provides e	enhanced results.
Bermuda_grass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
For control, apply 3.3 quarts (3.71 lb a.e.) of	of this product per acre when	Bbermuda_grass is a	ctively growing and
seedheads are present. More than one app	olication might be necessary to	o achieve control. Fo	or partial control, appl
64.0 fluid ounces per acre.			
Bermuda_grass, water (knotgrass)	0.7 to 1.0 (0.80-	5.0 to 10.0	1.5
	1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)		

Apply 32.0 fluid ounces (1.125 lb a.e.) of this product in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre when water Bermuda grass is 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.

For fall application, till fallow fields and apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre prior to frost and when water Bermuda grass is 12 to 18 inches in length.

This product is not registered in California for control of water <a href="Between:Bet

	Broadcast	Water	Handheld
	Rate	Volume	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	(gal/A)	Concentration
Weed Species			(% solution)
Bindweed, field	0.4 to 3.3 (0.45-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)		

Do not apply this product when field bindweed is under drought stress, as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth and efficacy of this product.

For control, apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts (2.80-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 2.0 to 2.5 quarts (2.25-2.80 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the Mississippi River when bindweed is at or beyond full bloom. For enhanced results, apply in late\_summer or fall. Fall application must be made before a killing frost.

Also for control, apply 44 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product plus an appropriate rate of dicamba in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply this mixture using aerial application equipment.

For suppression of field bindweed on irrigated agricultural land, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product plus an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 10.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre using ground application equipment only. Application may be made following harvest or on fallow ground in the fall when bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. Irrigate at least once to promote active bindweed growth.

For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 Hb-lb a.e.) of this product plus a rate of 2,4-D that will provide suppression of field bindweed in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre using ground application equipment, or in 3.0 to 5.0 gallons of water per acre using aerial application equipment. Application of this tank-mix using aerial equipment is only allowed on fallow fields and in reduced tillage systems. Delay application until maximum bindweed emergence has occurred and vines are 6 to 18 inches in length.

In California only, apply 22.0 fluid ounces to 3.3 quarts (0.77-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre when bindweed has reached a length of 12 inches or more. Allow maximum bindweed emergence and runner growth before applying this product. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

Bluegrass, Kentucky	0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		

Apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre to actively growing target plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

Blueweed, Texas	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs</del> lb a e )		

Apply 2.5 to 3.3 quarts (2.80-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre west of the Mississippi River or 2.0 to 2.5 quarts per (2.25-2.80 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the Mississippi River when plants are at or beyond full bloom. For enhanced results, apply in late\_summer or fall. Fall application must be made before a killing frost.

Brackenfern	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-	3.0 to 40.0	1.0
	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Make application to fully expanded fronds that a	are at least 18 inches Ion	g.	
Bromegrass, smooth	0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		

Apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when most target plants have reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per

acre to actively growing bromegrass when it has reached a height of 4 to 12 inches.

Bursage, woolly-leaf - 3.0 to 20.0 1.5

For control, apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with dicamba when plants are producing new active growth that has been initiated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and are at or beyond flowering. For partial control, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.|b a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an

# LPI.A044<u>}</u> EPA REG. NO. 34704-1189

	{EPA REG. NO. 34704-1189}		
	Broadcast	Water	Handheld
	Rate	Volume	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	(gal/A)	Concentration
Weed Species			(% solution)
appropriate rate of dicamba that will	provide partial control.		1
Canarygrass, reed <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 2.0 (1.70-2.25	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Cattail <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Clover; red, white <sup>1</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Also for control, apply 11.0 to 22.0 flu	iid ounces (0.39-0.77 <del>lb.</del> lb a.e.) of thi	s product in a tank	c-mix with an appropria
rate of 2,4- D in 3 to 10.0 gallons of w	vater per acre.		
Cogongrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	10.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Apply in latesummer or fall when o	cogongrass is at least 18 inches tall	. Due to uneven s	tages of growth and th
dense nature of this vegetation prev	enting good spray coverage, more t	han one application	on might be necessary
achieve control.			
Dallisgrass <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
_	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Dandelion <sup>1</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid oun	nces (0.39 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.) of this produc	t in a tank-mix wit	th an appropriate rate
2,4-D in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water p			
Dock, curly <sup>1</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
-	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Also for control, apply 11.0 to 22.0	·	e.) of this produc	t in a tank-mix with
appropriate rate of 2,4- D in 3.0 to 10	0.0 gallons of water per acre.		
Dogbane, hemp	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	a.e.)		
Apply when most target plants have			
to a mature stage prior to application	n of this product after crop harvest	or mowing. For e	nhanced results, apply
latesummer or fall.			
For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ound	The state of the s		
D in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per a	= = ::		
acre using aerial application equip	ment. Delay application until max	imum emergence	of hemp dogbane h
occurred.			
Fescue (except tall) <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)		
Fescue, tall	0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a.e.)</del>		
Apply 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a</del>	a.e.) of this product per acre when r	nost tall fescue ha	as reached boot to ear
seedhead stage of development.			
For fall application, apply 22.0 fluid o	ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this prod	uct in 3.0 to 10.0	gallons of water per ac
when plants have 6 to 12 inches of ne	ew growth. A sequential application	of 11.0 fluid ounce	es (0.39 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a.e.) of th</del>
product per acre will improve long-te	erm control and will control seedling	s germinating afte	r fall application or in tl
following spring.	G	-	
Guinea grass	1.5 to 2.0 (1.70-2.25	3.0 to 40.0	1.0
Č	lbs.lb a.e.)		-
Apply when most target plants have	<u> </u>	n. Ensure thorough	n coverage when using
handheld sprayer. In Texas and the ri		_	-
for control. In the flatwoods region o		•	
Horsenettle <sup>1</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
HOISEHELLIE	2.0 t0 3.3 (2.23-3.71   Heelbael	3.0 10 20.0	1.3

lbs.lb a.e.)

	Proodcast	Mater	Handhald
	Broadcast	Water	Handheld
	Rate	Volume	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	(gal/A)	Concentration
Weed Species			(% solution)
Horseradish	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> .</del> a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
Apply when most plants have reached the late	-bud to flower stage of g	rowth. For enhance	d results, apply in late
summer or fall.			
Iceplant <sup>1</sup>	_	_	1.5 to 2.0
Thorough coverage of the target weed with this	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Jerusalem artichoke <sup>1</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
Johnsongrass	0.4 to 2.0 (0.45-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1.0
In annual cropping systems, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fl		lb a.e.) of this prod	uct in 3.0 to 10.0 gallor
of water per acre. Use 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54	•	· · ·	_
water per acre. On non- crop sites or in areas v			
ounces (1.54-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in	_		арріу 44.0 t0 04.0 па
For enhanced results, apply when most johnson	ngrass has reached the bo	oot to head stage o	f development or in th
fall prior to frost. Allow a minimum of 7 days after	=	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
when applying 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e	-	_	
	,		
For burndown of johnsongrass, apply 11.0 fluid	ounces (0.39 lbs lb a e ) o	f this product in 3.0	to 10.0 gallons of wat
per acre before plants reach a height of 12 inc	The state of the s	•	=
For partial control or suppression, apply a (			-
	· · · · · · · ·	•	spot treatment whe
johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches tall. Ensure that			
Kikuyu grass	1.5 to 2.0 (1.70-2.25	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Apply when most kikuyu grass is at least 8 inche	es tall (3- or 4-leaf stage o	of growth). Allow a r	ninimum of 3 days afte
application before tillage.			
Knapweed	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	a.e.)		
Apply when most target plants have reached th latesummer or fall.	ne late-bud to flower stag	e of growth. For en	hanced results, apply
Lantana	_		1.0%
	<del>-</del>	_	
			2.075
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.	2.04- 2.2 /2.25	204-200	
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. <b>Lespedeza</b> <sup>1</sup>	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common	3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common	3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza  Milkweed, common  Apply when most plants have reached the late-	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro	3.0 to 40.0 owth.	1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common  Apply when most plants have reached the late-  Muhly, wirestem	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs.lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0 owth. 3.0 to 40.0	1.5 1.5 1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza <sup>1</sup> Milkweed, common  Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this	3.375	3.0 to 40.0 owth.  3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per ac	1.5 1.5 1.5 cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common  Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs.lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acre	3.0 to 40.0 pwth.  3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per ace or whenever app	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, of
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Hbs-Ib a.e.) of this (1.54 Hbs-Ib a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at least	3.375 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs-lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acre t 8 inches tall. Do not till til	3.0 to 40.0 owth.  3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per ace or whenever apphe soil between har	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, ovest and fall applicatio
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common  Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at leas or in the fall or spring prior to spring application	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs.lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acre t 8 inches tall. Do not till the	3.0 to 40.0 pwth. 3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per action of whenever appoint soil between hardays after application	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, evest and fall application before tillage.
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common  Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at leas or in the fall or spring prior to spring application	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs.lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acro t 8 inches tall. Do not till the. Allow a minimum of 3 co	3.0 to 40.0 owth.  3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per ace or whenever appears and the soil between harmonic soil between him soil between harmonic soil between him soil between harmonic soil between him soil b	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, ovest and fall applicatio
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at leas or in the fall or spring prior to spring application Mullein, common¹	3.375 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs-lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acre t 8 inches tall. Do not till the 1. Allow a minimum of 3 co 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs-lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0 pwth.  3.0 to 40.0  lons of water per age or whenever apphe soil between hardays after application 3.0 to 20.0	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, evest and fall application before tillage.  1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at leas or in the fall or spring prior to spring application Mullein, common¹	3.375 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs-lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acro t 8 inches tall. Do not till th 1. Allow a minimum of 3 of 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71	3.0 to 40.0 pwth. 3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per action of whenever appoint soil between hardays after application	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, evest and fall application before tillage.
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza <sup>1</sup> Milkweed, common Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at least or in the fall or spring prior to spring application Mullein, common <sup>1</sup> Napiergrass <sup>2</sup>	3.375 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs-lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acro t 8 inches tall. Do not till the h. Allow a minimum of 3 of 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs-lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0 owth. 3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per age or whenever app he soil between hardays after application 3.0 to 20.0	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, ovest and fall application before tillage.  1.5  1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at leas or in the fall or spring prior to spring application Mullein, common¹	3.375 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 (2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs-lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acro t 8 inches tall. Do not till th 1. Allow a minimum of 3 of 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs-lb a.e.) 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71	3.0 to 40.0 pwth.  3.0 to 40.0  lons of water per age or whenever apphe soil between hardays after application 3.0 to 20.0	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, evest and fall application before tillage.  1.5
Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of growth.  Lespedeza¹  Milkweed, common Apply when most plants have reached the late- Muhly, wirestem  Apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Hbs-lb a.e.) of this (1.54 Hbs-lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 non-crop areas, when wirestem muhly is at least or in the fall or spring prior to spring application Mullein, common¹  Napiergrass²	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.0 (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) bud to flower stage of gro 0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.70 lbs.lb a.e.) product in 3.0 to 10.0 gal gallons of water per acro t 8 inches tall. Do not till th h. Allow a minimum of 3 of 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 to 3.3 (0.70-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0 pwth. 3.0 to 40.0 lons of water per are or whenever apphe soil between hardays after application 3.0 to 20.0 3.0 to 20.0 3.0 to 10.0	1.5  1.5  1.5  cre, or 44.0 fluid ounce lying in pasture, sod, evest and fall application before tillage.  1.5  1.5  1.5

	Broadcast Rate (qt/A)	Water Volume (gal/A)	Handheld Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(40/A)	(gai/A)	(% solution)
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	0.4 to 2.0 (0.45-2.25   lbs.lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1 to 1.5

For control of nutsedge plants and immature nutlets, apply 64.0 fluid ounces (2.25 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) of this product per acre or a 1- to 1.5\_-percent solution when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets that have not germinated will not be controlled and will need repeated applications of this product after germination for long-term control.

Sequential applications of 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 lbs.|b| a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre when a majority of the nutsedge plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall) will also provide control. Repeat this application as necessary when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5- leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control.

For partial control of existing plants, apply 11.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.39-1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tall. Repeat this application as needed to control subsequent emerging plants or re-growth of existing plants.

Orchardgrass	0.7 to 1.5 (0.80-1.69	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		

Apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot to early-seedhead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 | bs|b | a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre when orchardgrass is actively growing and has reached 4 to 12 inches in height.

When going from orchardgrass sod to no-till corn, apply 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 lbs.|b] a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre to orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for spring application and 6 inches tall for fall application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary to achieve optimum results.

Pampas grass	_	_	1 to 1.5
Apply this product when pampas grass is	s at or beyond the	boot stage of growth.	Thorough coverage will provide
enhanced control			

Para grass <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Phragmites	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	10.0 to 40.0	1 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		

For partial control and enhanced results, apply this product in late\_-summer or fall when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Application before or after this stage could result in reduced control. Due to the dense nature of this vegetation (which can prevent good spray coverage) and uneven stages of growth, more than one application might be necessary to achieve control. Visual symptoms of control will be slow to develop.

Poison hemlock	_	_	1 to 1.5
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Apply this product using a handheld sprayer with a spray-to-wet technique. Optimum results are obtained when thoroughly applied to target plants that are at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.

and a gray and a series and a series are a s		-00		
Pokeweed, common	1.0 (1.125 <del>lbs.</del> lb	3.0 to 40.0	1.5	
	a.e.)			
Apply to actively growing target plants up to 24	4 inches tall.			

Weed Species  Quackgrass  Do To 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5  bls. a.e.)  In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sool delids to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 22.0 fluid oun (0.77 bb-th a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre or 44 fluid ounces (1.54 bb-th a.e.) in 10.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicid when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prior sping application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, us moldboard plow for enhanced results.  In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 44.6 40.0 fluid ounces (1.54-2.25 ibs-th a.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater tha inches tall.  Redvine  O.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0 1.5  Ibs-th a.e.)  For suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 lb-th a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, of single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lb-th a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe are adviv-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, glant  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late-summer or fall.  Ryegrass, perennial  O.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0  In annual cropping systems, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-154 lb-th a.e.) ac.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lb-th a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre in late-summer or fall.  Sow thistie, perennial  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5  Ibs-th a.e.)  Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 18 lb-th a.e.)  Apply when		Broadcast	Water	Handheld
Weed Species  Quackgrass  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5 bis. a.e.) In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sod fields to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 22.0 fluid oun (0.77 bis.bis. a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre v4 fluid ounces (1.54 bis.bis. a.e.) in 10.4 to 9.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicid when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prior spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, us moldboard plow for enhanced results.  In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54-2.25 bis.bis.bis.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater than inches tall.  Redvine  0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0  1.5  For suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 bis.bis.bis.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 bis.bis.bis.e.) a.e.) in 50 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-septembe early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant  1.5  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late-summer or fall.  Ryegrass, perennial  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0  1.0 this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre. on-crop sites or in fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most pregrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prior for enhanced results, apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in late-summer or fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 t		Rate	Volume	Sprayer
Ouackgrass  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5 bls. a.e.)  In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sod fields to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 22.0 fluid oun (0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre or 44 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) in 10.4 0.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prio spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, us moldboard plow for enhanced results.  In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 44.6 de fluid ounces (1.54-2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater than inches tall.  Redvine  0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0 1.5  For suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 lb-lb a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, it single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-septembe early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, glant  1.5  Reed, glant  1.5  Rehanced results can be obtained when application is made in late_summer or fall.  Ryegrass, perennial  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0 lbs-lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. non-crop sites or in fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product acre.  Smartweed, swamp¹  2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 3.0 to 40.0 1.5 lbs-lb a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late_summer		(qt/A)	(gal/A)	Concentration
bis. a.e.)  In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sod fields to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 22.0 fluid oun (0.77 lbs-lb-a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre or 44 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb-a.e.) in 10.4 (0.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicid when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prior spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, us moldboard plow for enhanced results.  In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 44.0 64.0 fluid ounces (1.54-2.25 lbs-lb-a.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater than inches tall.  Redvine  0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0 1.5 lbs-lb-a.e.)  For suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 lbs-lb-a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb-a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb-a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe application. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant  1.5 canhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late-summer or fall.  Ryegrass, perennial  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0 lbs-lb-a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb-a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. In fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prior frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 2.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs-lb-a.e.) of this product acre.  For enhanced results are at	Weed Species		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(% solution)
bis. a.e.) In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sod fields to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 22.0 fluid oun (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre or 44 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) in 10.4 (0.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicid when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prior spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, us moldboard plow for enhanced results.  In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 44.0 (40.0 dull dounces (1.54-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater that inches tall.  Redvine  0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0 1.5 lbs.lb a.e.) of 5.0 to 10.0 1.5 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, of single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant  1.5 lbs.lb a.e.)  Reger ass, perennial  1.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. In fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prior frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 2.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product acre.  For enhanced results are at or beyond the	Quackgrass	0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2	2.25 3.0 to 40.0	1.5
in annual cropping systems or in pastures and sod fields to be cultivated with deep tillage, apply 22.0 fluid on (0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre or 44 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) in 10.40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicity when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do not till between harvest and fall application, or in the fall or spring prio spring application. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage. In pastures or sod fields, us moldboard plow for enhanced results.  In pastures, sod fields or non-crop areas where deep tillage will not follow application of this product, apply 44.164.0 fluid ounces (1.54-2.25 lbs-lb a.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater that inches tall.  Redvine  0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0 1.5 lbs-lb a.e.) or suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.55 lb-lb a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant  1.5  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late_summer or fall.  Regyrass, perennial  1.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0 lbs-lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. non-crop sites or in fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prio frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs-lb a.e.) of this product acre.  Shartweed, swamp¹  2.0 to 3.		•		
64.0 fluid ounces (1.54-2.25   bs- b  a.e.) in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quackgrass is greater than these tall.  Redvine  0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-1.69 5.0 to 10.0 1.5   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, 4   bs- b  a.e.) of apart 1   bs- b  a.e.) of this product 1   and 1   bs- b  a.e.) of apart 1   and 1	(0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10 40.0 gallons of water per acre when quack when using the 22.0-fluid-ounce rate. Do n spring application. Allow a minimum of 3	0.0 gallons of water per ac grass is 6 to 8 inches in h ot till between harvest ar	cre or 44 fluid ounces (1 neight. Do not tank-mix nd fall application, or in t	.54 <del>lbs.l<u>b</u></del> a.e.) in 10.0 with residual herbicion he fall or spring prior
Hoselb a.e.)  For suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 Helb a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 Heselb a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant — 1.5  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late_summer or fall.  Ryegrass, perennial 0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0 Heselb a.e.)  In annual cropping systems, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 Heselb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 Heselb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre.  In annual cropping systems, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 Heselb a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 Heselb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prio frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Heselb a.e.) of this product acre.  Smartweed, swamp¹ 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 3.0 to 40.0 1.5  Heselb a.e.)  Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1 gallons of water per acre in late_summer or fall.  Sowthistle, perennial 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5  Heselb a.e.)  Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in late_summer or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application bef tillage.  Sourge, leafy — 1.5  For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 Heselb a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 1 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in lat	· · ·			
For suppression, make two applications of 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 lb-lb a.e.) of this product 7 to 14 days apart, or single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs-lb a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant	Redvine	0.5 to 1.5 (0.56-2	1.69 5.0 to 10.0	1.5
single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54   bs. b   a.e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late-Septembe early-October, to plants that are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last till operation. Apply a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.  Reed, giant		·		
Reed, giant — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	single application of 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 early-October, to plants that are at least 1	1 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a</del> .e.), in 5.0 to 10.0 .8 inches tall and have be	0 gallons of water per ac	re in late-Septembe
Ryegrass, perennial  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0    Hosib a.e.)   In annual cropping systems, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54   Hosib a.e.) of this product in 3.0 to 10.0 gall of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54   Hosib a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. non-crop sites or in fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prio firost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77   Hosib a.e.) of this product acre.  Smartweed, swamp¹ 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 3.0 to 40.0 1.5   Hosib a.e.)  Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1 gallons of water per acre in late_summer or fall.  Sowthistle, perennial 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5   Hosib a.e.)  Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in late_summor fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before this product. Fall application softwater per acre in late_summer or fall. If mowing has occurred, delay application until marget plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow 1.5 (1.69   Hosib a.e.) 10.0 to 40.0 1.5%  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.  Sweet potato, wild - 1.5  For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application minimum of applica	Reed, giant	_	_	1.5
Ryegrass, perennial  0.7 to 2.0 (0.80-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.0	_	plication is made in late_	-summer or fall.	
In annual cropping systems, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54		•		1.0
of water per acre, or 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 Hbs-lb a.e.) when applying in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. non-crop sites or in fields where annual tillage is not practiced (no-till), apply 44.0 to 64.0 fluid ounces of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre.  For enhanced results, apply when most ryegrass has reached the boot to head stage of growth or in the fall prio frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when applying 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 Hbs-lb a.e.) of this product acre.  Smartweed, swamp¹  2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 3.0 to 40.0 1.5 Hbs-lb a.e.)  Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1 gallons of water per acre in late_summer or fall.  Sowthistle, perennial  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5 Hbs-lb a.e.)  Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in late_summer or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application bef tillage.  Spurge, leafy  - 1.5  For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 Hb-lb a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.0 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late_summer or fall. If mowing has occurred, delay application until m target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow  1.5 (1.69 Hbs-lb a.e.) 10.0 to 40.0 1.5%  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.  Sweet potato, wild  - 1.5  For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application missing the prosection of growth. More than one application missing the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.		<del>lbs</del> lb a.e.)		
Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall.  Sowthistle, perennial  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5   lbs. b   a.e.)  Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in latesum or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application bef tillage.  Spurge, leafy  1.5  For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39   lb. b   a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.0 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall. If mowing has occurred, delay application until m target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow  1.5 (1.69   lbs. b   a.e.)  1.5 (1.69   lbs. b   a.e.)  To 10.0 to 40.0  1.5%  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.  Sweet potato, wild  1.5  For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application minimum of 3.0 to 10.0 to 40.0 to 40.0 to 40.0  1.5%	non-crop sites or in fields where annual tilla in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. For enhanced results, apply when most rye frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbic	ege is not practiced (no-til	l), apply 44.0 to 64.0 flui not to head stage of grov	d ounces of this prod wth or in the fall prior
Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall.  Sowthistle, perennial  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5	acro			
Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall.  Sowthistle, perennial  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 3.0 to 40.0 1.5   1		2.0+0.2.2./2.25.3	2.71 2.0+0.40.0	1 [
Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in latesumr or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.  Spurge, leafy  - 1.5  For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39		•	3.71 3.0 to 40.0	1.5
or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost. Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.  Spurge, leafy  - 1.5  For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39	Smartweed, swamp <sup>1</sup> Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of	lbs.lb a.e.) this product in a tank-mix	with an appropriate ra	
For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39   b. b   a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2 D in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in latesummer or fall. If mowing has occurred, delay application until m target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow  1.5 (1.69   b. b   a.e.)  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.  Sweet potato, wild  - 1.5  For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application mi	Smartweed, swamp <sup>1</sup> Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in latesummer controls of the control of the controls of the controls of the control of t	this product in a tank-mix or fall. 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2 lbs.lb a.e.)	x with an appropriate rate 2.25 3.0 to 40.0	te of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1
For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 Hb.lb a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 20 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in late_summer or fall. If mowing has occurred, delay application until material target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow  1.5 (1.69 Hbs.lb a.e.)  Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.  Sweet potato, wild  -  1.5  For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application missing the potato in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min and 2.2 min and 2.3 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2.2 min application in the product in a tank-mix with a product in a tank-mix with a product in a tank-mix with a tank-mi	Smartweed, swamp <sup>1</sup> Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in latesummer of sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made	this product in a tank-mix or fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2	x with an appropriate rate 2.25 3.0 to 40.0  After harvest, mowing our and rosette developments	te of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1  1.5 r tillage in latesumn t prior to application
Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made during the rosette, bolting or early-flower stage.  Sweet potato, wild  - 1.5  For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application mi	Smartweed, swamp <sup>1</sup> Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in latesummer of Sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made tillage.	this product in a tank-mix or fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2	x with an appropriate rate 2.25 3.0 to 40.0  After harvest, mowing our and rosette developments	1.5 r tillage in latesumn t prior to application after application befo
Sweet potato, wild – – 1.5 For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application mi	Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in latesummer of Sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made tillage.  Spurge, leafy For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.0 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in target plants are 12 inches tall.	this product in a tank-mix or fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2)  the bud stage of growth. A tiation of active growth a before a killing frost. Allowards and the behalf a.e.) of this production of fall. If more than the behalf a.e.	After harvest, mowing of and rosette development ow a minimum of 3 days  —  uct in a tank-mix with an owing has occurred, delay	te of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 1  1.5  In tillage in latesumment prior to application after application before  1.5  appropriate rate of 2 by application until metals.
For partial control, apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application mi	Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in latesummer of Sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made tillage.  Spurge, leafy For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.00 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow	this product in a tank-mixor fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2)  1.5 (1.69   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.69   1.5	After harvest, mowing or and rosette development ow a minimum of 3 days  uct in a tank-mix with an owing has occurred, delate.	1.5  r tillage in latesumn t prior to application after application before  1.5 appropriate rate of 2 by application until m  1.5%
	Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in latesummer of Sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made tillage.  Spurge, leafy For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.00 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow Enhanced results can be obtained when ap	this product in a tank-mixor fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2)  1.5 (1.69   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.5   1.69   1.5	After harvest, mowing or and rosette development ow a minimum of 3 days  uct in a tank-mix with an owing has occurred, delate.	1.5  r tillage in latesumm t prior to application after application before  1.5 appropriate rate of 2 by application until m  1.5% arly-flower stage.
	Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in late_summer of Sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made tillage.  Spurge, leafy For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.0 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow Enhanced results can be obtained when ap Sweet potato, wild	this product in a tank-mixor fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2)  the bud stage of growth. A tation of active growth a before a killing frost. Allowards are before a killing frost and befor	After harvest, mowing of and rosette development ow a minimum of 3 days  —  uct in a tank-mix with an owing has occurred, delate.)  10.0 to 40.0  the rosette, bolting or each	1.5  r tillage in latesumr t prior to application after application before  1.5 appropriate rate of 2 by application until m  1.5% arly-flower stage.  1.5
	Also for control, apply 11.0 fluid ounces of gallons of water per acre in late_summer of Sowthistle, perennial  Apply when most plants are at or beyond to fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for inithis product. Fall application must be made tillage.  Spurge, leafy For suppression, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.0 in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre in target plants are 12 inches tall.  Starthistle, yellow Enhanced results can be obtained when ap Sweet potato, wild	this product in a tank-mixor fall.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2)  the bud stage of growth. A tation of active growth a before a killing frost. Allowards are before a killing frost and befor	After harvest, mowing of and rosette development ow a minimum of 3 days  —  uct in a tank-mix with an owing has occurred, delate.)  10.0 to 40.0  the rosette, bolting or each	1.5 r tillage in latesumit prior to application after application before application until more application unti

For partial control, apply when plants are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. More than one application might

be needed.

	<u></u>		
	Broadcast	Water	Handheld
	Rate	Volume	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	(gal/A)	Concentration
Weed Species			(% solution)
Thistle, Canada	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		

Apply when most target plants are at or beyond the bud stage of development. After harvest, mowing, or tillage in late\_summer or fall, allow a minimum of 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to application of this product. Fall application must be made before a killing frost.

For suppression in the spring, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lb.lb a.e.) of this product alone or 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of 2,4-D in 3.0 to 10.0 gallons of water per acre when rosette is a minimum of 6 inches in diameter. Application may be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing.

Allow a minimum of 3 days after application before tillage.

Timothy <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   lbs.lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
Torpedograss	2.5 to 3.3 (2.8-3.71   lbs.lb a.e.)	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	ibs. <u>ib</u> u.c.,		

For partial control, apply when most target plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of development. More than one application will be needed to achieve control. Fall application must be made before frost.

Trumpetcreeper	1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	5.0 to 10.0	1.5

For partial control, apply in late\_September or October when trumpetcreeper is a minimum of 18 inches tall and has been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make application a minimum of 1 week before a killing frost.

Vaseygrass <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Velvetgrass <sup>2</sup>	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71	3.0 to 20.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		
Wheatgrass, western <sup>2</sup>	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	3.0 to 40.0	1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Apply when most plants have reached the early-bud stage of growth.

# 16.0 WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION

Apply this product during full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use a higher application rate or spray solution concentration within a given range for larger plants or in areas of dense vegetative growth. On vines, use a higher application rate or spray solution concentration for plants that have reached the woody stage. Enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in late\_summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, enhanced results can be obtained when application is made in the spring to early\_-summer when brush species are at high moisture content and flowering.

Unless otherwise directed, make broadcast applications in 3.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. Ensure thorough coverage when using handheld sprayers. Herbicidal symptoms might not appear prior to frost or senescence following application in the fall.

Allow a minimum of 7 days after application before tillage, mowing or removal of vegetation in the application area. Repeat applications might be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn color on undesirable deciduous species is acceptable when applying this product, provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance could result if fall application is made after a frost.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Apply when most plants have reached the early-heading stage of growth.

# WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE TABLE

WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RA	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species	(4974)	(% solution)
Alder	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-	1.0
	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Ash <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Aspen, quaking	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Bearmat (Bearclover)¹	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Beech <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.0
Birch	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
Disabbanni	lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0
Blackberry	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-	1.0
Apply after target plants have reached full leaf maturity. Enhanced res	3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	hen application is
made in late_summer or fall. Apply a 0.7_percent solution of this produc		
-fall. After leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green		
a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre.	, app., 2.0 to 210 quan	(=.== =.00 .00. <u>10</u>
Blackgum	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
·	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Bracken	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Broom; French, Scotch	_	1.0 to 1.5
Buckwheat, California <sup>1,2</sup>		1.0 to 1.5
Cascara <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Catsclaw <sup>1</sup>	_	1.0
Ceanothus <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Chamise <sup>2</sup>		1.0
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
Carrata humah	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.0+- 1.5
Coyote brush Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.	_	1.0 to 1.5
Apply when at least 30 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.		
Dogwood <sup>1</sup>	1 5 to 3 3 /1 60 <sub>-</sub> 2 71	1 0 to 1 5
Dogwood <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Dogwood <sup>1</sup> Elderberry	lbs.lb a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Elderberry	lbs.lb a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
Elderberry	lbs.lb a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) 1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0
Elderberry Elm¹	lbs. b a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   lbs. b a.e.) 1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   lb_s.a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry Elm¹ Eucalyptus	Lbs. b a.e.)   1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   Lbs. b a.e.)   1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   Lb_s.a.e.)   -   Feet tall. Ensure complet	1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than Florida holly (Brazilian peppertree)¹	Lose   Lose	1.0 to 1.5  1.5 e coverage.  1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than	Lose   Lose	1.0 to 1.5  1.5 e coverage.
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than  Florida holly (Brazilian peppertree)¹  Gorse¹	Lose   Lose	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 e coverage. 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than Florida holly (Brazilian peppertree)¹  Gorse¹  Hasardia¹,²	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 e coverage. 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than  Florida holly (Brazilian peppertree)¹  Gorse¹	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 e coverage. 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Elderberry  Elm¹  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply when re-sprouts are 6 to 12 f Application to drought-stressed eucalyptus plants will result in less than Florida holly (Brazilian peppertree)¹  Gorse¹  Hasardia¹,²	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 e coverage. 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5

LEPA REG. NO. 34/04-1189]	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species		(% solution)
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Hickory <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	lbs.lb a.e.)	
Honeysuckle	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-	1.0
Hambara Amadani	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u> a.e.)	1.0+- 1.5
Hornbeam, American <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Kudzu	2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71	1.5
Numer	lbs.lb a.e.)	1.5
More than one application might be needed to achieve control.	1001 <u>10</u> 0.0.7	
Locust, black <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-	1.0 to 1.5
	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Madrone (re-sprouts) <sup>1</sup>	_	1.5
Apply to re-sprouts that are 3 to 6 feet tall. Enhanced results can be obtain	nined with spring or early	y_ <del>-</del> summer
application.		
Manzanita <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	lbs.lb a.e.)	
Maple, red	1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-	1.0
	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u> a.e.)	
Apply a 1percent solution when at least 50 percent of the new leaves a	re fully developed. For p	artial control,
apply 44.0 to 86.0 fluid ounces of this product per acre.		
		4.0
Maple, sugar	-	1.0
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.	_	
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup>	- - 1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-	1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.	- 1.5 to 3.0 (1.69- 3.375 lbs-lb a.e.)	
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup>	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup>	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-	1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup>	3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post	3.375   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b  a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post Oak, northern	3.375   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b  a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed.	3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed.	3.375   bs. b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b   a.e.) - 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b   a.e.) 1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed.	3.375   bs. b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b   a.e.)  -  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b   a.e.) 1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed.	3.375   bs. b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon <sup>1</sup> Pine	3.375   bs. b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon <sup>1</sup>	3.375   bs. b a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon <sup>1</sup> Pine  Poison ivy/Poison oak	3.375   bs- b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs- b   a.e.)  -  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon <sup>1</sup> Pine  Poison ivy/Poison oak  More than one application might be needed to achieve control. Applicat	3.375   bs- b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs- b   a.e.)  -  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon <sup>1</sup> Pine  Poison ivy/Poison oak  More than one application might be needed to achieve control. Applicat leaves lose green color.	3.375   bs. b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  ion in the fall must be more	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 ade before
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower <sup>1,2</sup> Oak; black, white <sup>1</sup> Oak, post  Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon <sup>1</sup> Pine  Poison ivy/Poison oak  More than one application might be needed to achieve control. Applicat	3.375   bs. b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs. b   a.e.)  ion in the fall must be manual formula in t	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5
Maple, sugar Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.  Monkey flower¹.² Oak; black, white¹ Oak, post Oak, northern Apply when at least 50 percent of the new pin leaves are fully developed Oak, southern red  Persimmon¹ Pine Poison ivy/Poison oak  More than one application might be needed to achieve control. Applicat leaves lose green color.  Poplar, yellow¹	3.375   bs- b   a.e.) 2.0 to 3.0 (2.25- 3.375   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)  ion in the fall must be m  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs- b   a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 ade before 1.0 to 1.5
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TELVILLO. NO. 547	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species	( ) ,	(% solution)
Salmonberry	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Saltcedar	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Sassafras <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Sourwood <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Sumac; poison, smooth, winged <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-	1.0 to 1.5
	3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Sweetgum	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Swordfern <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Tallowtree, Chinese <sup>2</sup>	_	1.0
Tan oak (re-sprouts) <sup>1</sup>	_	1.5
Apply to re-sprouts that are less than 6 feet tall. Enhanced resufall.	ılts can be obtained following app	lication in the
Thimbleberry	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Tobacco, tree <sup>1</sup>	-	1.0 to 1.5
Trumpetcreeper	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25	1.0
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Vine maple <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	
Virginia creeper	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Waxmyrtle, southern <sup>1</sup>	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71	1.0 to 1.5
	<del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	
Willow	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-	1.0
	3.375 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Partial Control

# 17.0 CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT,** read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of <u>LOVELAND</u> PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law the buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

Subject to the foregoing inherent risks, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use when the product is used in strict accordance with such Directions for Use under normal conditions of use. EXCEPT AS WARRANTED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THIS PRODUCT IS SOLD "AS IS," AND LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for enhanced results.

FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE.

IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THAT BUYER OR USER BELIEVES THAT LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. HAS BREACHED A WARRANTY CONTAINED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER OR USER MUST SEND WRITTEN NOTICE OF ITS CLAIM TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC., ATTENTION: LAW DEPARTMENT, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, CO 80632-1286.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY INJURY, LOSS, OR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CLAIMS OF BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHER TORTS, SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING, AT THE ELECTION OF LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. OR THE SELLER: DIRECT DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. AND THE SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO THE BUYER OR USER OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES, OR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF A PENALTY.

LOVELAND PRODUCTS® is a registered trademark of Loveland Products, Inc.

TruFlex®, Roundup Ready®, and Roundup Ready 2 Yield® are registered trademarks of Monsanto Technology LLC.

Krovar® is a registered trademark of AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION

{Note: The text listed in this box will not appear on the final printed label.} {II. DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON INDUSTRIAL, TURF AND ORNAMENTAL SITES}



GLYPHOSATE GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

# **LPI.A044**

A broad-spectrum postemergence herbicide for industrial, turf, ornamental, forestry, roadside, utility rights-of-way, and other listed terrestrial weed control.

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, EXCEPT AS DIRECTED FOR USE ON ROUNDUP READY CROPS, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION COULD RESULT.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	48.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	51.3%
Total	100.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Contains 660 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 540 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon (39.8% by weight).

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

For Additional Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and Other Use Information, See Inside This Label Booklet.

FIRST AID					
If in eyes: • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.					
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.				
clothing:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL: 1-866-944-8565.					

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

For Chemical Emergency:
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

EPA REG. NO.: 34704-1189

EPA EST. NO.:

NET CONTENTS: GAL (L)

FORMULATED FOR:

LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC.

P.O. BOX 1286

GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286

[Print Code to be placed here]

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#### 1.0 INGREDIENTS

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form of its potassium salt	48.7%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>51.3%</u>
Tota	al 100.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Contains 660 grams of the active ingredient glyphosate, in the form of its potassium salt, per liter or 5.5 pounds per U.S. gallon, which is equivalent to 540 grams of the acid, glyphosate, per liter or 4.5 pounds per U.S. gallon (39.8% by weight).

#### 2.0 IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBER

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.

#### 3.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

3.1 Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

#### **CAUTION**

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks and shoes. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation could result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

## Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Socks and shoes,
- Waterproof gloves.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If there are no instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

IMPORTANT: When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

# **User Safety Recommendations**

#### Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## 3.2 Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water

mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters and rinsate.

## 3.3 Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product may be mixed, stored and applied using stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers. Do not mix or allow coming in contact with Oxidizing agents. Hazardous Chemical reaction may occur.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas, which can form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source and cause serious personal injury.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product may only be used in accordance with the Directions for Use on this label.

[The following paragraph is reserved and will only appear on final printed labeling for products under this registration if and when required by EPA:

ENDANGERED SPECIES PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: This product may have effects on federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat in some locations. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county or parish in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county or parish has a Bulletin, and to obtain that Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/, or call 1-800-447-3813 no more than 6 months before using this product. Applicators must use Bulletins that are in effect in the month in which the pesticide will be applied. New Bulletins will generally be available from the above sources 6 months prior to their effective dates.]

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, shoes plus socks and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material.

#### **Non-Agricultural Use Requirements**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

#### 4.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not store near oxidizing agents.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store only in original container in locked storage areas. If a spill occurs, visible puddles or drops should be covered with a dry absorbent such as clay, sawdust, lime or soda ash. Sweep up and dispose of in a permitted disposal facility. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers during handling and storage. Do not store near heat or open flame. Protect from temperatures below 0-degrees F. Not for use or storage

in or around the home.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container.** Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at <a href="www.acrecycle">www.acrecycle</a>. org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or other procedures allowed by state and local authorities. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI-psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**For refillable containers:** Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container.

Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC – 1-800-424-9300.

# 5.0 PRODUCT INFORMATION

**Product Description:** This product is a postemergence, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush, trees and vines. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid containing surfactant and may be applied using standard and specialized pesticide application equipment after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label directions.

[Optional label text: Do not add [Optional label text: surfactants, additives containing surfactants,] buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide being applied unless otherwise directed. See the "MIXING" section of this label for instructions regarding other additives.]

[Optional label text: No additional surfactant is needed in the spray solution. This includes additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide used unless otherwise directed.]

**Mechanism of Action:** The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants and microorganisms that is essential to the formation of specific amino acids.

**No Soil Activity:** This product binds tightly to soil particles and does not provide residual weed control. Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by foliar application of this product. Weed seeds in the soil will not be affected by this product and will continue to germinate. Unattached plant rhizomes and rootstocks beneath the soil surface will also not be affected by this product.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Enhanced control of most perennial weeds is obtained when this product is applied at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" for more information on the control of specific weeds.

**Cultural Considerations:** Reduced weed control could result when this product is applied to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, and have not been allowed to re-grow prior to application. Always use a higher product application rate within the given range when weed growth is heavy or dense, or when weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area. Reduced weed control could also result when this product is applied to weeds that show signs of disease or insect damage, are covered with dust, or are surviving under poor growing conditions.

**Spray Coverage:** For enhanced results, spray coverage must be uniform and complete. Do not spray foliage to the point of runoff.

**Rainfastness:** Rainfall within 4 hours of application could wash this product off of the foliage and a second application might then be needed for acceptable weed control. Refer to specific use sections of this label for additional information on the minimum intervals required before re-application of this product.

**Time to Symptoms:** This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant that advances to complete browning of aboveground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts. Effects are visible on most annual weeds within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds, effects might not be visible for 7 or more days after application. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following application could slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms.

Maximum Application Rates: The maximum application or use rates stated throughout this label are given in units of volume (fluid ounces or quarts) of this product per acre. However, the maximum allowable application rates apply to this product combined with the use of any and all other herbicides containing the active ingredient glyphosate, whether applied separately or in a tank mixture, on a basis of total pounds of glyphosate (acid equivalents) per acre. If more than one glyphosate-containing product is applied to the same site within the same year, you must ensure that the total use of glyphosate (pounds acid equivalents) does not exceed the maximum allowed. See the "INGREDIENTS" section of this label for necessary product information.

Unless otherwise specified on this label, the combined total application of this product on a site must not exceed 5.3 quarts (6.0 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year. For applications on non-crop sites, or on tree, vine or shrub crop production sites, the combined total application of this product must not exceed 7.0 quarts (7.9 pounds of glyphosate acid) per acre per year.

**NOTE:** Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label could result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or have other unintended consequences.

#### 6.0 WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

GLYPHOSATE	GROUP	9	HERBICIDE
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Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 9 herbicide based on the mechanism of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population can contain plants that are naturally resistant to Group 9 herbicides. Weeds resistant to Group 9 herbicides can be effectively managed by using another herbicide from

a different Group (either alone or in a mixture according to label directions), by using other cultural or mechanical methods of weed control, or a combination of the two. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension agent, professional consultant or other qualified authority to determine appropriate actions for controlling specific resistant weeds.

#### **6.1** Weed Management Practices

Resistant populations arise when rare individual plants are uncontrolled by a normal dose of a given herbicide under normal environmental conditions. In the absence of other control measures these individuals survive, produce seed, and eventually become the dominant biotype in the field through continuous selection. The best means of reducing this selection is to use diverse weed control practices such as multiple herbicides with different mechanisms of action, and often in combination with various mechanical and cultural practices.

To minimize the occurrence of herbicide-resistant biotypes, including those resistant to glyphosate, implement the following weed management practice options that are practical to your situation. These management practices are applicable to reduce the spread of confirmed resistant biotypes (managing existing resistant biotypes) and to reduce the potential for selecting for resistance in new species (proactive resistance management).

- Use a diversified approach toward weed management focused on preventing weed seed production and reducing the number of weed seeds in the soil.
- Plant crops into fields that are as weed-free as possible and then keep them as weed-free as possible.
- Plant crop seed that is as weed-free as possible.
- Scout fields routinely, before and after herbicide application.
- Use multiple herbicide mechanisms of action that are effective against the most troublesome weeds in your field and against those with known resistance.
- Apply herbicides at application rates listed on the label when weeds are within the size range indicated on the label.
- Emphasize cultural practices that suppress weeds by using crop competitiveness.
- Use mechanical and biological weed management practices, where appropriate.
- Prevent field-to-field and within-field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules.
- Manage weed seed at harvest and after harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seedbank.

## **6.2** Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Biotypes

Appropriate testing is needed to determine if a weed is resistant to glyphosate. Contact your Loveland Products, Inc. representative to determine if resistance in any particular weed biotype has been confirmed in your area, or visit on the Internet www.weedresistancemanagement.com or www.weedscience.org.

Glyphosate-resistant weeds can be controlled or managed by applying this product in combination with residual preemergence herbicides and/or other postemergence herbicides labeled for control of the targeted weed in the crop being grown. For more information, see the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" of this label.

#### 7.0 MIXING

Spray solutions of this product may be mixed, stored and applied using clean stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS.

Eliminate any risk of siphoning the contents of the tank back into the carrier source while mixing. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by State or local regulations.

A 50-mesh nozzle screen or line strainer on the spray equipment is adequate.

Clean sprayer parts promptly after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

#### 7.1 Mixing with Water

PERFORMANCE OF THIS PRODUCT CAN BE SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCED IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL SEDIMENT IS USED AS CARRIER. DO NOT MIX THIS PRODUCT WITH WATER FROM PONDS OR DITCHES THAT IS VISIBLY MUDDY OR MURKY.

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows. Begin filling the mixing tank or spray tank with clean water. Add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix gently. Foaming of the spray solution can occur during mixing. To prevent or minimize foaming, mix gently, terminate bypass and return lines at the bottom of the tank, and, if necessary, add an appropriate anti-foam or defoaming agent to the spray solution.

#### 7.2 Tank Mixtures

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

This product does not provide residual weed control. This product may be tank-mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control in the soil, a broader weed control spectrum, or an alternate mechanism of action.

Some tank-mix products have the potential to cause crop injury under certain conditions, at certain growth stages, and/or under other circumstances. Read the label of all products to be used in the tank mixture prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers could result in reduced weed control or crop injury. Loveland Products, Inc. has not tested all tank-mix product formulations for compatibility, antagonism or reduction in product performance. To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer and all users are responsible for any and all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly specified on this label, or Fact Sheets published for this product.

When a tank-mix with a generic active ingredient, such as 2,4-D, atrazine, dicamba, diuron, pendimethalin, or any other product or material, is listed on this label, the user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application being made is included on the label of the product being used in the mix.

Refer to all individual product labels, supplemental labeling and Fact Sheets for all products in the tank mixture, and observe all precautions and limitations on the label, including any application timing restrictions, soil restrictions, minimum re-cropping intervals and/or crop rotation restrictions. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

For optimal results, apply tank mixtures with this product at a minimum spray volume rate of 10 gallons per acre.

# 7.3 Tank-Mixing Procedure

Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank-mix products together in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that will be applied that day. Application of tank-mix solutions that are allowed to stand overnight could result in reduced weed control.

Prepare tank mixtures of this product as follows:

- 1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over the filling port of the tank.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the tank one-half full with water and start gentle agitation.
- 3. If ammonium sulfate is to be used, add it slowly through the screen into the tank and continue adding water into the tank through the screen. If dry ammonium sulfate is being used, ensure that it is completely dissolved in the tank before adding other products.
- 4. If a wettable powder is used, prepare a slurry of it with water and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- 5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water and add the diluted mixture

SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.

- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water and add the diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank while continuing gentle agitation.
- Continue filling the tank with water through the screen and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 8. [Optional label statement: If a nonionic surfactant is used, add it to the tank before completing the filling process.]
- 9. Add individual tank-mix components to the tank as follows: wettable powders, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, drift reduction additives, water soluble liquids (this product) [Optional text: , surfactant].

Maintain gentle agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed out. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, agitate thoroughly to re-suspend the mixture before resuming application.

Keep by-pass and return lines on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming.

A 50-mesh nozzle screen or line strainer on the spray equipment is adequate.

#### 7.4 Mixing Spray Solution Concentrations

All reference throughout this label to concentration of this product in a spray solution is on a percentage- of-volume basis.

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution at a given concentration by mixing the amount of this product indicated in the following table in water.

Desired Volume of Spray Solution	Amount of Mad Dog K6This Product to Achieve Indicated Concentration in Spray Volume (percent by volume)					
	0.4%	0.7%	1.0%	1.5%	4.0%	7.0%
1.0 gal	0.5 fl oz	1.0 fl oz	1.3 fl oz	2.0 fl oz	5.0 fl oz	9.0 fl oz
	(0.0176 <del>lb.</del> <u>lb</u>	(0.035 <del>lb.</del> <u>lb</u>	(0.046 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.070 <del>lb.<u>lb</u></del>	(0.18 <del>lb.</del> lb	(0.316 <del>lb.</del> <u>lb</u>
	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)
25.0 gal	13.0 fl oz	22.0 fl oz	1.0 qt	1.5 qt	4.0 qt	7.0 qt
	(0.46 <del>lb. b</del>	(0.77 <del>lb.</del> lb	(1.125 <del>lbs. b</del>	(1.69 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(4.5 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(7.9 <del>lbs.</del> lb
	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)
100 gal	1.6 qt	2.8 qt	1.0 gal	1.5 gal	4.0 gal	7.0 gal
	(1.8 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(3.15 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(4.5 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	(6.75 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	(18.0 <del>lbs.</del> lb	(31.5 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>
	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)	a.e.)

2.0 tablespoons = 1.0 fluid ounce (fl oz)

For filling backpack and pump-up sprayers, consider mixing the appropriate amount of this product with water in a larger container and then filling the sprayer from the larger container.

## **7.5 Surfactants** [this section is optional in the final printed label]

Although not always required, surfactant may be added to spray solutions of this product. Additional surfactant can increase the performance of this product at water carrier volumes above 30.0 gallons per acre or at application rates below 16.0 fluid ounces (0.56 [b-ib] a.e.) of product per acre.

Nonionic surfactants that are labeled for use with herbicides may be used. Do not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. Use a surfactant concentration of 0.25 to 0.5 percent (1.0 to 2.0 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when adding surfactant that contains at least 70 percent active ingredient, or a 1\_-percent surfactant concentration (4.0 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) when adding surfactant that contains less than 70 percent active ingredient. Read and carefully observe all precautionary statements and other information on the surfactant label.

[Optional label statement: DO NOT add buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when [INSERT BRAND NAME] is the only pesticide product being applied.]

#### 7.6 Ammonium Sulfate

Unless otherwise directed, the addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight (8.5 to 17.0 pounds per 100 gallons of water), could increase the performance of this product on annual and perennial weeds, particularly under hard water conditions, drought conditions or when tank-mixed with certain residual herbicides. An equivalent amount of a liquid formulation of ammonium sulfate may also be used. Ensure that dry ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water promptly after use to reduce corrosion.

When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates directed on this label; lower application rates will result in reduced performance.

#### 7.7 Colorants and Dyes

Colorants and marking dyes may be added to spray solutions of this product; however, they can reduce the performance of this product. Use colorants and dyes according to the manufacturer's directions.

#### 7.8 Drift Reduction Additives

Drift reduction additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and controlled droplet applicators (CDA). When a drift reduction additive is used, read and follow all precautions, limitations and all other information on the product label. Use of drift reduction additives can affect spray coverage, which could reduce the performance of this product.

#### 8.0 APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

This product may be applied using the following equipment:

Aerial Application Equipment - fixed-wing and helicopter.

**Ground Application Equipment** - boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayers, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast application equipment.

**Handheld Sprayers** - backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers\*, lances and other handheld and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto undesirable foliage.

\* This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Application Equipment - shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicator, sponge bar.

Injection Systems - aerial or ground injection sprayers.

**Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)** - handheld or boom-mounted applicators that produce a spray pattern consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF ACCURATELY DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

# 8.1 Spray Drift Management

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, EXCEPT AS DIRECTED FOR USE ON ROUNDUP READY CROPS, AS SEVERE PLANT INJURY OR DESTRUCTION COULD RESULT.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation, as small quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other vegetation on which application was not intended.

AVOID DRIFT. USE EXTREME CARE TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipmentand weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions regarding the application of this product.

The likelihood of injury occurring as the result of spray drift while applying this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or generation of fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFERS MUST BE MAINTAINED.

AVOID APPLYING THIS PRODUCT AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR SPRAYER PRESSURE.

## 8.2 Aerial Application Equipment

Unless otherwise prohibited, all applications of this product described on this label may be made using aerial application equipment where appropriate, provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this label.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL.

FOR SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO THE AERIAL APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT IN ARKANSAS AND CALIFORNIA, OR SPECIFIC COUNTIES THEREIN, REFER TO THE LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN THAT STATE OR COUNTY PRESENTED IN THIS SECTION.

Unless otherwise directed, the maximum single application rate of this product is 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre when using aerial application equipment. Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise directed on this label. Refer to the individual use sections of this label for application rates, spray volumes and additional directions for use.

Drift control reduction additives may be used.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

#### **Aircraft Maintenance**

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES COULD RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR IS MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint) that meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413 can help prevent corrosion.

#### **AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

The following drift management requirements must be followed to minimize off-target drift movement during aerial application. [Optional label text, if applicable: These requirements do not apply to forestry applications.]

- 1. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be followed.

#### **Importance of Droplet Size**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if the application is made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions, such as in windy, high temperature with low humidity, and/or inversion conditions as described below.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

• Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with the higher rated

flows produce larger droplets.

- **Pressure:** Operate sprayer at a pressure towards the lower end of the range listed for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing the pressure.
- Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle orientation:** Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the air stream, will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower
  spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight
  back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- **Boom length:** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length could further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application height: Application must be made at a height of 10 feet or less above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making the application at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

## **Swath Adjustment**

When an application is made with a crosswind present, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the upwind and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Increase the swath adjustment distance with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest at wind speeds of between 2 and 10 miles per hour. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Avoid application when wind speeds are below 2 miles per hour due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **NOTE**: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

# **Temperature and Humidity**

When making an application in low relative humidity, set application equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **Temperature Inversion**

Do not apply this product during a temperature inversion as drift potential is high under these conditions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small droplets to remain suspended in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

## **Sensitive Areas**

Apply this product only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from a sensitive area).

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

#### State Specific Limitations on Aerial Application

#### LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN CALIFORNIA ONLY

DO NOT apply this product using aerial application equipment in residential areas.

AVOID DRIFT – DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT OF THIS PRODUCT ONTO ANY VEGETATION TO WHICH APPLICATION WAS NOT INTENDED CAN CAUSE DAMAGE. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, USE PROPER AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT FITTED WITH APPROPRIATE NOZZLES AND MAINTAIN ADEQUATE BUFFERS.

Follow the directions below when making an aerial application near non-target crops, desirable annual vegetation, or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop.

- 1. Do not apply this product within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or non-target crops.
- 2. If winds are blowing up to 5 miles per hour TOWARD desirable vegetation or non-target crops, do not apply this product within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- 3. If winds are blowing between 5 and 10 miles per hour TOWARD desirable vegetation or non- target crops, a buffer zone greater than 500 feet might be needed to protect the desirable vegetation or crops.
- Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment when winds are blowing in excess of 10 miles per hour.
- 5. Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment when inversion conditions exist.

When tank-mixing this product with 2,4-D, only 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied in California using aerial application equipment. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied by air in California in fallow fields and in reduced tillage systems, and for alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

This product, when tank-mixed with dicamba, may not be applied by air in California.

## ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA ONLY

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application.

The following information applies only from February 15 through March 31 within the following boundaries of Fresno County, California:

North: Fresno County line South: Fresno County line East: State Highway 99 West: Fresno County line

Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial application of this product. Minimization of off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, Pest Control Advisor and aerial applicator.

#### **Written Directions**

Written directions MUST be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to the application. These written directions MUST state the proximity of surrounding crops and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

## **Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment**

Aerial application of this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. Test and calibrate spray equipment at intervals sufficient to insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use. Applicator must document such calibrations and testing. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

**Application at Night** – Do not apply this product by air earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset without prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner. For additional information on the proper aerial application of this product in Fresno County, call (800) 332-3111.

#### LIMITATIONS ON AERIAL APPLICATION IN ARKANSAS ONLY

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Apply this product at the appropriate rate in 3.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre.

Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range have a lower drift potential.

Applications are typically to be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.

The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing this distance to 65 percent of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions can occur when wind speeds are less than 2 miles per hour.

Follow the directions below when an aerial application is made near non-target crops or other desirable vegetation:

- 1. Do not apply this product within 100 feet of non-target crops or any desirable vegetation.
- 2. If winds are blowing up to 5 miles per hour TOWARD non-target crops or desirable vegetation, do not apply this product within 500 feet upwind of the desirable vegetation or crop.
- 3. If winds are blowing between 5 and 10 miles per hour TOWARD non-target crops or desirable vegetation, a buffer zone greater than 500 feet might be needed to protect the crop or desirable vegetation.

## 8.3 Ground Application Equipment

Apply this product at the appropriate rate as specified on this label in 3.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when making a broadcast application using ground application equipment, unless otherwise directed on this label or Fact Sheets published for this product. As the weed density increases, increase the spray volume towards the upper end of this range to ensure complete coverage. Use nozzles that will avoid generating a fine mist. For enhanced results with ground application equipment, use flat-fan nozzles. Check spray pattern for uniform distribution of spray droplets.

#### 8.4 Handheld Sprayers

When using a handheld sprayer, apply spray solutions of this product uniformly and completely to the foliage of target weeds using a coarse droplet spectrum and a spray-to-wet technique; do not spray to the point of runoff. For the appropriate concentration of this product in the spray solution and timing of application to control certain weeds, woody brush, trees and vines, refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label.

Spot treatment application of this product for weed control in a cropping system using a handheld sprayer may be made only when specifically directed on this label. The crop sprayed with this product will be killed along with the weeds. Take care not to spray or allow spray to drift outside the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

#### 8.5 Selective Application Equipment

Selective application equipment allows this product to be applied to weeds growing near the crop or other desirable vegetation without killing the desirable vegetation. Selective application equipment must be capable of preventing all contact of the herbicide solution with the crop or other desirable vegetation and operated without spray mist escape, leakage or dripping of the herbicide solution.

AVOID CONTACT OF THIS HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION. Contact of this product with desirable vegetation could result in unwanted plant damage or destruction.

# **Shielded and Hooded Sprayers**

A shielded sprayer directs the herbicide solution to the target weeds while protecting the crop or other desirable vegetation from coming into contact with the herbicide spray with an impervious material or shield. Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the application area. Keep shields properly adjusted to protect desirable vegetation.

A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded sprayer where the spray pattern is fully enclosed, including the top, sides, front and back, thereby shielding the crop or other desirable vegetation from the spray solution.

This product may be diluted in water and applied using a shielded or hooded sprayer to weeds listed on this label growing on any non-crop site described on this label and in between rows of plants (row middles) in any cropping system listed on this label.

Properly adjust the hood to protect desirable vegetation. Ensure that the hood is capable of completely enclosing the spray pattern. If necessary when applying around crops grown on raised beds, extend the front and rear flaps of the hooded sprayer downward to reach the ground in deep furrows.

A hooded sprayer must be configured and operated in a manner that minimizes bouncing and avoids raising the hood up off the ground surface at any time. If the hood is raised, spray particles can escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage to or destruction of the crop or other desirable vegetation. Avoid operating this equipment on rough or sloping terrain where the spray hood is likely to rise up off the ground surface.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or runoff down the inside of the hood, such as a single, low pressure, low-drift, flat-fan nozzle with an 80- to 95-degree spray angle positioned at the top center of the hood, with a spray volume of 20.0 to 30.0 gallons per acre.

The following procedures will help reduce the potential for crop injury when using a hooded sprayer:

- Operate the sprayer with the hood on the ground or skimming across the ground surface.
- Leave at least an 8-inch untreated strip over the drill row. (For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, make the maximum width of the spray hood 30 inches.)
- Operate at a ground speed of no greater than 5 miles per hour to minimize bouncing of the hooded sprayer.
- Apply when wind speed is 10 miles per hour or less.
- Use low-drift nozzles that will provide uniform coverage within the application area.

Injury to a crop or other desirable vegetation can occur when application is made to foliage of weeds that come into direct contact with the crop or desirable vegetation. Do not apply this product when leaves of desirable vegetation are growing in direct contact with weeds. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation can result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

# **Wiper Applicator**

A wiper applicator is a device that physically wipes this product or solutions of this product directly onto the target weed or cut stump. Any handheld device that is capable of physically wiping this product or solutions of this product directly onto the target weed or cut stump, such as a paint brush, may be used.

A mechanical wiper applicator, such as a rope wick or sponge bar that can be driven through a field over the top of a crop or other desirable vegetation to control weeds that are taller than the desirable vegetation, must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Wiper applicators may be used over the top of food or feed crops ONLY if specifically permitted for use over that crop by this label.

When using a mechanical wiper applicator, adjust the height of the applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds and so that the wiper contact point is a minimum of 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Enhanced results can be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution and weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Weeds that do not come into contact with the herbicide solution will not be affected. Poor contact can occur when weeds are growing in dense clumps, when operating in an area of severe weed infestation, or when weed height varies dramatically. In these situations, more than one application of this product might be necessary.

Operate wiper applicators at a ground speed of no greater than 5 miles per hour. Performance in areas of heavy weed infestation can be improved by reducing speed, which will provide more time for re- saturation of the wiper with the herbicide solution and more contact time of the wiper with the weed. Enhanced results with a wiper applicator can be obtained when two applications are made travelling in opposite directions in the field.

Keep wiper surfaces clean.

Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation can result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution can migrate to one side, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wiper on the upper end of the applicator.

Do not apply this product using a wiper applicator when weeds are wet.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution when using a wiper applicator.

For Rope and Sponge Wick Applicators - use solutions ranging from 25 to 75 percent of this product in by volume in water.

For Panel Applicators - use solutions ranging from 25 to 100 percent (undiluted) of this product in water.

Mix only the amount of this product that will be used during a 1-day period, as reduced product performance can result from the use of solutions held in storage.

Clean wiper parts promptly after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

#### Single and Hollow Stem Injectors

#### 8.6 Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial and ground injection spray systems as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this concentrated product with the undiluted concentrate of other products for use in injection systems, unless otherwise directed.

#### 8.7 Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA)

The amount of this product applied per acre using a controlled droplet applicator (CDA) must be no less than the rate specified on this label for application using conventional broadcast application equipment.

A controlled droplet applicator produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Use extreme care to avoid spray or drift from contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as plant damage or destruction could result.

#### 9.0 TERRESTRIAL USE SITES

This product may be used according to the directions for use described on this label to control weeds, woody brush, trees and vines listed on this label on any terrestrial site described on this label.

This product may be used to control weeds, woody brush, trees and vines on maintained landscapes, on improved and unimproved land, on lawns and turf and around ornamentals on industrial, commercial and residential sites, including airports, apartment complexes, chaparrals, ditch banks, driveways, dry ditches, dry canals, farmsteads, fencerows, forestry sites, golf courses, greenhouses, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, municipal sites, natural areas, nurseries, office complexes, ornamental beds, parks, parking areas, pastures, petroleum tank farms, pumping installations, railroads, rangeland, recreational areas, residential areas, roadsides, schools, shadehouses, sod and turfgrass seed farms, sports complexes, storage areas, substations, utility rights-of-way, utility sites, warehouse areas, wildlife food plots and wildlife management areas.

This product may be used for non-selective control of unwanted vegetation on any site listed on this label for trim-and-edge application around objects, including around building foundations, equipment storage areas and trees, along and in fences, and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in and around established shrub beds and ornamental plantings. This product may also be used for complete elimination of vegetation from a terrestrial site prior to planting ornamentals, flowers, or turfgrass (sod or seed), and prior to land development, including prior to beginning construction projects or the laying of asphalt or other road material. Application of this product may be repeated, as needed, to maintain bare ground, up to a total application of 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year.

This product may be used for establishment and maintenance of fuel breaks, for establishing fire perimeters and black lines, along fire roads and to facilitate prescribed burning practices on any site described on this label.

[Optional label text: This product may also be used for weed control or growth regulation on] [Optional list of any terrestrial uses that are included on this Master Label, including, but not limited to: Christmas tree farms, farmsteads, production nurseries, sod farms and turfgrass seed farms.]

Unless otherwise directed, application of this product may be made according to the directions for use in the sections that follow to any of these sites using any method of application described on this label to control any weeds, woody brush, trees and vines listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. [Alternative label text: Unless otherwise directed, application of this product may be made according to the directions for use in the sections that follow on any of these sites using any method of application described on this label to control any weeds, woody brush, trees and vines listed in the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE SECTION," "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE SECTION" and "WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE SECTION" of this label.]

#### 10.0 ADDITIONAL SITE MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

The following sections contain additional use information specifically related to certain use sites. Unless otherwise directed, any application of this product described in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section or any other section of this label may be made on the use sites described in the sections that follow, where applicable, using any method of application described on this label that is appropriate.

#### 10.1 Forestry, Hardwood and Christmas Tree Management

This product may be used for control or partial control of woody brush, trees, and herbaceous weeds on any tree site, including forestry settings, Christmas tree plantations, and silvicultural and production nursery sites, using any method of application listed on this label. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for application rates and specific use directions.

#### **Weed Management, Site Preparation**

This product may be used to control or partially control undesirable woody brush, trees, vines and herbaceous weeds listed on this label for preparing sites prior to planting any tree species, including Christmas trees, eucalyptus trees and hybrid tree cultivars, and for controlling weeds around established trees, [Optional text: for the release of conifer and hardwood trees,] establishing wildlife openings and maintaining roads on any tree site.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied in a tank-mix with the products listed in this section to increase the spectrum of vegetation controlled. Any application rate of this product listed on this label may be used in a tank-mix

with the following products for tree site management, including site preparation, provided that the product is labeled for the use on the site of application and prior to planting the desired species. Refer to the individual label of all products used in the tank mixture for approved uses and application rates. Read and follow all directions for use and precautions for each product used, including planting interval restrictions, if any. Use this product according to the most restrictive precautionary statements of any product in the mix.

imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; sulfometuron methyl; triclopyr

For control of herbaceous weeds, apply these tank-mix products at the lower end of the application rate range specified on the product label. For control or partial control of dense stands or hard-to-control woody brush, trees and vines, apply these products at a rate or spray solution concentration towards the higher end of the given range.

#### Conifer Release, Mid-Rotation Conifer Release, Hardwood Release, Timber Stand Improvement

This product may be applied as a directed spray using a handheld sprayer or using any selective application equipment described on this label to control woody and herbaceous weeds and other undesirable understory vegetation below the tree crop canopy in conifer plantations, hardwood sites, Christmas tree plantations and silvicultural and ornamental nurseries to facilitate the release and growth of conifer and hardwood trees.

This product may also be applied using ground broadcast equipment or as a directed spray application for mid-rotation release under the canopy of pines, other conifers and hardwoods.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

Avoid contact of spray drift, mist or drips with foliage, green bark or non-woody surface roots of desirable
plant species. Use application techniques that prevent or minimize contact of this product with foliage of
desired trees or other plants through direct contact or off-target spray movement.

[Optional label text: **RESTRICTIONS**: Do not apply this product as an over-the-top broadcast application for conifer or hardwood release, unless otherwise directed on this label.]

**Conifer Release – Broadcast Application** [This section is optional in the final printed label]

This product may be broadly applied over the top of conifer tree species listed in this section after formation of final conifer resting buds in the fall or prior to initial bud swelling in the spring for control, partial control or suppression of herbaceous weeds and hardwoods listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label to facilitate the release of these tree species in a forestry, plantation or nursery setting. Unless otherwise directed, make this application only where conifers have been established for a minimum of one growing season.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

• Conifer injury can occur when this product is applied where spray applications overlap, if application is made when conifers are actively growing, or when they are growing under stress from drought, flood, improper planting or insect, animal or disease damage.

#### Conifer Release Outside the Southeastern United States

For release of the following conifer species growing for a minimum of one growing season in most areas outside the southeastern United States, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 |b-|b| a.e.) of this product per acre as a broadcast application over the top of the conifer trees.

- Douglas fir
- Hemlock
- California redwood

- Fir species
- Pines\*

Spruce

Apply 22.0 to 36.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.27 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product for release of Douglas fir, pine and spruce that have been established for only one growing season (except in California).

For release of spruce (*Picea* spp.) in Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire and Wisconsin, up to 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product may be applied after formation of final resting buds in the fall for control of woody brush and

<sup>\*</sup> Includes all species <u>except</u> loblolly pine, longleaf pine, shortleaf pine or slash pine.

tree species.

**PRECAUTIONS:** [Optional text, if adding surfactant to spray solutions of this product is allowed: The addition of nonionic surfactants to spray solutions of this product when making over-the-top conifer release applications could cause conifer injury.]

#### **RESTRICTION:**

Ensure that the conifers are well hardened off before application of this product.

#### Conifer Release in the Southeastern United States

For release of the following conifer species established for more than one growing season in the southeastern United States, apply 32.0 to 54.0 fluid ounces (1.125-2.0 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in the fall as a broadcast application over the top of the trees. For release of these species after only one growing season, apply only 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre.

Eastern white pine

- Longleaf pine
- Slash pine

- Loblolly pine
- Shortleaf pine
- Virginia pine

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied for conifer release in a tank-mix with the following products to provide a broader spectrum of postemergence weed control and for residual control of weeds listed on the label of those products. Only apply these tank mixtures over the top of conifer species that are approved for this use for all products in the mix. Refer to the individual product labels for approved uses and application rates. Read and follow all directions for use and precautions for each product used. Use this product according to the most restrictive precautionary statements of any product in the mixture.

atrazine; imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; sulfometuron methyl

For release of Douglas fir established for a minimum of one growing season prior to bud swell in early-spring, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of atrazine.

For herbaceous release of loblolly pine, Virginia pine and longleaf pine in the spring and early\_-summer, apply 11.0 to 16.0 fluid ounces (0.39-0.56 |b-|b| a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl.

#### **Late -Summer and Fall after Resting Bud Formation**

For release of jack pine, white spruce and white pine, apply 22.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl that will not harm these conifer species.

For release of Douglas fir, apply 22.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.77-1.125 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of imazapyr.

For release of balsam fir and red spruce, apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of imazapyr. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### 10.2 Native and Wildlife Habitat Management

This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in wildlife habitat and natural areas, including riparian and estuarine areas, rangeland and wildlife refuges. Application may be made to allow recovery of native plant species or prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control. Spot treatment, cut stump, cut stem, stem injection, wiper applicator and all other methods of application listed on this label may be used to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat management and enhancement.

This product may also be used to eliminate annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait a minimum of 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation

of this herbicide into underground plant parts.

#### 10.3 Ornamental and Production Nursery Management

All uses of this product described on this label may be used in a plant nursery setting using any method of application described.

This product may be used to clear an area of unwanted vegetation prior to planting any ornamental plant, tree, shrub or other plants.

This product may also be used to control weeds growing around established woody ornamental species, including arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, Douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce and yew. This product may also be used to trim and edge around potted plants and other objects in a plant nursery.

#### PRECAUTIONS:

Protect desirable plants from the spray solution using shields or coverings made of waterproof material. Take
care to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage, green stems or immature bark of established
ornamental species.

#### Greenhouse/Shadehouse

This product may be used to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

 Desirable vegetation must not be present during application in a greenhouse. Turn air circulation fans off before applying this product inside a greenhouse or shadehouse and leave them off until the application solution has dried.

#### 10.4 Commercial, Residential and Recreational Area Management

All applications of this product described on this label may be used in commercial, residential and recreational areas, including parks, schools and athletic fields, using any method of application described on this label, including spot treatment of unwanted vegetation, trim-and-edge application around trees, fences, walking paths, buildings, sidewalks, nature trails and other objects in these areas, to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub and ornamental beds, for turf management and renovation, and to eliminate vegetation from a site prior to development, including prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers or turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects.

#### 10.5 Pasture Management

The use of this product in pastures includes use on bahiagrass, bermudagrass, bluegrass, brome, fescue, guinea grass, kikuyu grass, orchardgrass, pangola grass, ryegrass, Timothy, and wheatgrass.

#### **Preplant, Preemergence, Pasture Renovation**

This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage or perennial grasses. Refer to the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for application rates of this product for control of specific weeds.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- If the total application rate of this product is 2.0 quarts (2.25 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) per acre or less, no waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait a minimum of 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### **Spot Treatment, Wiper Applicator**

This product may be applied in pastures as a spot treatment or over the top of desirable grasses using a wiper applicator to control taller growing weeds. For enhanced weed control, remove domestic livestock before application to allow for sufficient plant growth and wait a minimum of 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- For spot treatment or use with a wiper applicator at rates of 2.0 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) per acre or less, this product may be applied over the entire pasture or any portion of it.
- At rates greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 | bs.|b| a.e.) per acre, this product may be applied over no more than 10 percent of the total pasture at any one time.
- Application may be repeated up to the maximum use rate in the same area at 30-day intervals.

#### **Weed Suppression in Dormant Pastures**

This product may be applied in dormant pastures to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and other undesirable vegetation. Apply 8.0 to 11.0 fluid ounces (0.30-0.39 <a href="https://lbs.lb.">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre using broadcast application equipment on pastures in late\_fall after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy or in late\_winter before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth.

#### **PRECAUTIONS:**

Higher labeled application rates may be used for hard-to-control weeds; however, use of higher rates can
cause stand reduction. Some stunting of perennial grasses can occur if broadcast application is made when
they are not dormant.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed.
- Do not apply more than 2 quarts (2.25 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation.
- If reseeding is needed due to severe stand reduction, no waiting period is required after application of this product before seeding the pasture grasses listed at the beginning of this section; for all other pasture grasses, wait a minimum of 30 days after application before seeding.

#### 10.6 Railroad Management

All uses of this product described in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" or any other section of this label may be used on railroad sites using any method of application described.

Application of this product along railroad rights-of-way may be made in up to 80.0 gallons of spray solution per acre.

### Bare Ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, Spot Treatment

This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders and reduce the need for mowing and mechanical brush removal along railroad rights-of-way. Application of this product may be repeated as weeds continue to emerge in order to maintain bare ground, up to a maximum total application rate of 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre per year.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied in a tank mixture with the following products for optimal control of woody brush and trees for bare ground, ballast and shoulder, crossing and spot treatment applications, and other brush, tree and vine control on railroad sites, provided that the product used is labeled for the application being made. Refer to the individual product label of all products used in the tank mixture for approved uses and application rates. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; atrazine; bromacil; chlorsulfuron; clopyralid; dicamba; diquat; diuron; hexazinone; imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; pelargonic acid; simazine; sulfometuron methyl; sulfosulfuron; tebuthiuron; triclopyr

### **Brush, Tree and Vine Control**

This product may be used to control woody brush, trees and vines along railroad rights-of-way. Apply 2.5 to 7.0 quarts (2.80-7.9 [bs.]b a.e.) of this product in up to 80.0 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast application using either a boom or boomless sprayer. Apply a 0.7- to 1.5\_percent solution of this product when using high-volume application equipment with a spray-to-wet technique, or a 4- to 7\_percent solution when using low-volume directed sprays for spot treatment.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied in a tank-mix with one or more of the following products for optimal control of woody brush, trees and vines along railroad rights-of-way, provided that the product is labeled for use on these sites. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

chlorsulfuron; clopyralid; dicamba; fosamine; hexazinone; imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; picloram; triclopyr

#### **Weed Control in Dormant and Actively Growing Bermudagrass**

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds in dormant and actively growing bermudagrass along railroad rights-of-way. See the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for directions for use of this product for weed control in grasses.

#### 10.7 Rangeland Management

This product will control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool- and warm-season grass rangeland. Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses could occur, but will re-green and resume growing under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off. Preventing seed production is critical to the control of invasive annual grassy weeds on rangeland. Yearly application of this product to eliminate invasive annual weeds before they produce seed will help eliminate viable weed seeds from the soil. Delay grazing of the area after application of this product to allow desirable perennials to grow, flower and re-seed the area.

**Bromus Control:** A broadcast application of 5.0 to 11.0 fluid ounces (0.18-0.39 | b-|b| a.e.) of this product per acre will control or suppress downy brome (*Bromus tectorum*), Japanese brome (*Bromus japonicus*), soft chess (*Bromus mollis*), cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*), cereal rye and jointed goatgrass on rangeland. For enhanced results, apply this product when most brome plants are in early-flower and before the plants, including seedheads, turn color. Allow for secondary weed flushes to occur after spring rains to further deplete the seed reserve in the soil and encourage perennial grass conversion on weedy sites. Apply this product in the fall in areas where spring moisture is normally limited and fall germination allows for good weed growth and weed seed depletion.

**Medusahead** Control: To control or suppress medusahead, apply 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre at the 3-leaf stage. Delaying application beyond this stage will result in reduced or unacceptable control. Controlled burning prior to application of this product will eliminate the thatch layer produced by slowly decaying culms. Allow new weed growth to occur before applying this product after a burn. Repeat this application annually to eliminate medusahead seeds in the soil and allow desirable perennial grasses to repopulate the area.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply more than 2.0 quarts (2.25 | b-s-|b | a.e.) of this product per acre per year on rangeland.
- Do not use ammonium sulfate when applying this product on rangeland grasses.
- No waiting period between application of this product and feeding or livestock grazing is required.

### 10.8 Roadside Management

All uses of this product described on this label may be used for weed management along roadways, including weed control in dormant and active bermudagrass and bahiagrass, weed control along shoulders and under and around guardrails, signposts and other objects along the road, using any method of application described on this label.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot treatment and maintaining bare ground applications, provided that the product used is labeled for use on these sites. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

2,4-D; atrazine; bromacil; chlorsulfuron; clopyralid; dicamba; diuron; fosamine; hexazinone; imazapic; imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; oryzalin; oxadiazon; pendimethalin; picloram; prodiamine; simazine; sulfometuron; sulfosulfuron; triclopyr

#### 10.9 Utility Management

This product may be used along electrical power, pipeline and telephone rights-of-way, and on all sites associated with

these utility rights-of-way, including substations, access roads and railroads, and along similar rights-of-way that run in conjunction with utilities, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation, side-trimming, trim-and-edge application around objects, weed control prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, or turfgrass (sod or seed), turf management, to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub or ornamental beds, to prepare or establish wildlife openings and for eliminating vegetation prior to or beginning construction projects. Application of this product may be repeated as needed to maintain bare ground as weeds continue to emerge, up to a maximum application rate of 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs-lb a.e.) per acre per year.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for use on utility sites, provided that the product used is labeled for use on these sites. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. For control of herbaceous weeds, use a lower application rate or spray solution concentration within the given ranges for these tank-mix products and increase the rate or concentration toward the higher end of the ranges for control of dense stands or hard-to-control woody brush, trees and vines.

2,4-D; atrazine; bromacil; chlorsulfuron; clopyralid; dicamba; diuron; fosamine; hexazinone; imazapic; imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; oryzalin; pendimethalin; prodiamine; simazine; sulfometuron methyl; sulfosulfuron; triclopyr

Ensure that the triclopyr product is thoroughly mixed with water according to label directions before adding this product to the spray mixture. Maintain continuous agitation when adding this product in order to avoid tank-mix incompatibility problems.

For optimal results with side-trimming, apply this product in a tank-mix with one of the triclopyr products.

#### **11.0 CROP USES** [*This section is optional in the final label*]

[Any crop use listed in the Directions for Use with Food Crops section of this Master Label may be included on this sublabel for terrestrial use]

#### 12.0 WEEDS CONTROLLED

Read the entire label before proceeding to use this product.

Always use a higher labeled application rate or spray solution concentration of this product within the specified range when weed growth is heavy or dense, or when weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area.

Poor weed control could be realized if application is made to weeds covered with dust. For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow re-growth to occur prior to application of this product.

Refer to the sections that follow for application rates and timing of application for the control of annual and perennial weeds, woody brush, trees and vines.

#### 12.1 Weed Control, Renovation and Chemical Mowing in Turf

The use of this product described in this section may be applied to turfgrass growing on any terrestrial site listed on this label. Ensure that any tank-mix product applied with this product is labeled for the intended use and on the site of application. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **Weed Control in Dormant Bermudagrass and Bahiagrass**

This product may be used to control or suppress many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass and bahiagrass prior to spring green-up in areas where these turfgrasses are desirable ground covers and some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Apply 5.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.18-1.54 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre when bermudagrass and bahiagrass are dormant and prior to spring green-up.

Application of more than 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 <u>lbs.lb</u> a.e.) of this product per acre on highly maintained bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf, such as golf courses and lawns, could result in injury or delayed green-up in the spring.

For residual weed control in dormant bermudagrass and bahiagrass, this product may be tank-mixed with sulfosulfuron, metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometruron methyl herbicides. Apply 5.0 to 44.0 fluid ounces (0.18-1.54 <a href="https://lbs.lb">lbs.lb</a> a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of sulfosulfuron, metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicide in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre. To avoid delays in green-up and minimize injury, apply no more than 1.0 ounce of metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometruron methylherbicide per acre on bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 ounce on bahiagrass, and avoid application when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

#### **RESTRICTION:**

 DO NOT apply this product in a tank-mix with sulfosulfuron, metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicides on highly maintained bermudagrass and bahiagrass turf, such as on golf courses and lawns.

#### **Weed Control in Actively Growing Bermudagrass**

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds in actively growing bermudagrass. Some bermudagrass injury could result from the application of this product, but the bermudagrass will recover under moist conditions once the effects of the product wear off. Use only on well-established bermudagrass where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Apply 11.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces (0.39-1.125 | bs.|b | a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use a lower application rate within this range when controlling annual weeds less than 4 inches tall (or runner length) and increase the rate towards the upper end of the range as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. At these application rates, this product will provide partial control of the following perennial weeds in actively growing bermudagrass:

Bahiagrass Fescue, tall Trumpetcreeper Bluestem, silver Johnsongrass Vaseygrass

#### **RESTRICTION:**

• Applying more than 11.0 fluid ounces (0.39 <a href="he-lb"><u>lb-lb</u></a> a.e.) of this product per acre on highly maintained bermudagrass, such as on golf courses and lawns, could cause unacceptable turf injury and discoloration.

For a broader weed control spectrum in actively growing bermudagrass, this product may be tank-mixed with metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometruron methyl herbicides. Apply these tank-mixtures only on well-established bermudagrass where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. Make no more than one application of this product in these tank mixtures in the same season, otherwise the bermudagrass could be severely injured. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Apply 5.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.18-0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with sulfosulfuron herbicide for control or partial control of johnsongrass and other weeds listed on the sulfosulfuron herbicide label. Use a higher labeled application rate of both products within the specified ranges for control of annual or perennial weeds greater than 6 inches tall.

Apply 11.0 to 22.0 fluid ounces (0.39-0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicide for enhanced control of weeds listed on those labels. Use a lower labeled application rate of each product within the specified ranges to control annual weeds listed on the labels that are less than 4 inches tall (or runner length) and increase the rates toward the upper end of the specified ranges as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stage. This tank-mix will provide partial control of the following perennial weeds in actively growing bermudagrass:

BahiagrassDallisgrassFescue, tallTrumpetcreeperBluestem, silverDock, curlyJohnsongrassVaseygrassBroomsedgeDogfennelPoorjoeVervain, blue

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Apply these tank mixtures only on well-established bermudagrass where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.
- DO NOT apply this product in a tank mixture with sulfosulfuron, metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicides on highly maintained bermudagrass, such as on golf courses and lawns.

#### **Weed Control in Actively Growing Bahiagrass**

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 lb.lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of water per acre 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches prior to seedhead emergence.

For growth suppression of bahiagrass for up to 120 days, apply 3 fluid ounces (0.11 | a.e.) of this product per acre, followed by an application of 1.5 to 3.0 fluid ounces (0.05-0.11 | a.e.) per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than two growth suppression applications per year.

For broad spectrum weed control in actively growing bahiagrass, this product may be tank-mixed with sulfosulfuron, metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicides.

Apply 1.5 to 3.5 fluid ounces (0.05-0.11 Hb.lb a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of sulfosulfuron herbicide per acre to control perennial weeds or annual weeds greater than 4 inches in height.

Apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 Hands a.e.) of this product per acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate rate of metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicide 1 to 2 weeks following an initial spring mowing for optimal control of weeds listed on the metsulfuron methyl plus sulfometuron methyl or sulfometuron methyl herbicides label in actively growing bahiagrass. Make this application only once per year.

#### **RESTRICTION:**

 Apply these tank mixtures only on well-established bahiagrass where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

#### **Turf Renovation**

This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding until after determining if any regrowth of underground plant parts will occur. Where repeat applications are necessary, sufficient re-growth must be attained prior to re-application of this product. Summer or fall application provides enhanced control of warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass. For managed turfgrass, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray solution.

This product has no residual soil activity and will not affect plants, seed or sod planted back into the area after application.

A handheld sprayer may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Broadcast application or spot treatment using a handheld sprayer may be used to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before application of this product. Delay tillage and renovation techniques, such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing, a minimum of 7 days after application to allow translocation of this product into underground plant parts.
- If application rates total 2.0 quarts (2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre or less, no waiting period between application and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the rate is greater than 2.0 quarts (2.25 dl.e.) per acre, remove domestic livestock before application

and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### **Chemical Mowing**

This product may be used to suppress growth of perennial and annual grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing.

Perennial Grasses – apply 4.0 fluid ounces (0.14 Hold a.e.) of this product per acre to suppress growth of Kentucky bluegrass, or 5.0 fluid ounces (0.18 Hold a.e.) to suppress tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass or reed canarygrass in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution per acre after grasses have greened up to at least 75 percent green color in the spring, or 7 to 10 days after mowing when sufficient re-growth has occurred to provide a desirable height for growth regulation. Use chemical mowing only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Annual Grasses — apply 3.0 to 4.0 fluid ounces (0.11-0.14 Hb-lb a.e.) of this product in 10.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution per acre to suppress growth of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats when actively growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. This application could injure the desired annual grasses.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

• Use this product for chemical mowing only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial and annual grasses can be tolerated.

#### 12.2 Annual Weeds

Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small and actively growing. New leaf development indicates active growth.

To control or partially control the annual weeds listed in this section when they are less than 6 inches in height or runner length and actively growing, apply 22.0 fluid ounces (0.77 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre. If they are over 6 inches in height or runner length or slowly growing under stressed conditions, increase the application rate to 1.0 to 2.7 quarts (1.125-3.03 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre, depending on weed height and severity of the poor growing conditions.

For application using a handheld sprayer with a spray-to-wet technique, apply a 0.4-percent solution of this product to annual weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length prior to seedhead formation in grasses or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. To control annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or even smaller weeds growing under stressed conditions, apply a 0.7- to 1.5-percent solution. Apply the maximum concentration of this product within this range to hard-to-control weeds or to control weeds over 24 inches tall.

For enhanced control, do not mow, cut, till, burn or disturb vegetation in the application area for a minimum of 3 days after application.

This product has no residual soil activity and does not control emergence of new annual weeds from seed. Subsequent applications of this product will be needed to control weeds that continue to emerge.

#### **ANNUAL WEED SPECIES**

Anoda, spurred; Balsam apple<sup>1</sup>; Barley Barley, little; Barnyardgrass; Bassia, fivehook; Bittercress; Bluegrass, annual; Bluegrass, bulbous; Brome, downy; Brome, Japanese; Broomsedge; Buttercup; Castor bean<sup>2</sup>; Cheatgrass; Cheeseweed (Malva parviflora); Chervil; Chickweed; Cocklebur; Copperleaf, hophornbeam; Copperleaf, Virginia; Coreopsis, plains/tickseed; Corn; Crabgrass; Cupgrass, woolly; Dwarf dandelion; Eclipta; False dandelion; Falseflax, smallseed; Fiddleneck; Filaree Fleabane, annual; Fleabane, hairy (Conyza bonariensis); Fleabane, rough; Foxtail; Foxtail, Carolina; Geranium, Carolina; Goatgrass, jointed; Goosegrass; Groundsel, common; Henbit; Horseweed / Marestail (Conyza

canadensis); Itchgrass; Johnsongrass, seedling; Junglerice; Knotweed; Kochia; Lambsquarters; Lettuce, prickly; Mannagrass, eastern; Mayweed; Medusahead; Morning glory (*Ipomoea spp*); Mustard, blue; Mustard, tansy; Mustard, tumble; Mustard, wild; Nightshade, black; Oats; Panicum, browntop; Panicum, fall; Panicum, Texas; Pennycress, field; Pepperweed, Virginia; Pigweed; Puncturevine; Purslane, common; Pusley, Florida; Ragweed, common; Ragweed, giant; Rice, red; Rocket, London; Rocket, yellow; Rye; Ryegrass; Sandbur, field; Sesbania, hemp; Shattercane; Shepherd's-purse; Sicklepod; Signalgrass, broadleaf; Smartweed, ladysthumb Smartweed, Pennsylvania; Sorghum, grain (milo); Sowthistle, annual; Spanish needles<sup>3</sup>; Speedwell, corn; Speedwell, purslane; Sprangletop Spurge, annual; Spurge, prostrate; Spurge, spotted; Spurry, umbrella; Starthistle, yellow; Stinkgrass; Sunflower; Teaweed / Prickly sida; Thistle, Russian; Velvetleaf; Wheat; Wild oats; Witchgrass

- <sup>1</sup> For control of balsam apple, apply this product using handheld equipment only.
- <sup>2</sup> Control of castor bean can also be achieved by injecting 4.0 milliliters of this concentrated (undiluted) product per plant into the lower portion of the main stem.
- <sup>3</sup> For control of Spanish needles, apply 44.0 fluid ounces (1.54 Hbs.lb a.e.) of this product per acre.

#### 12.3 Perennial Weeds

Enhanced control of perennial weeds can be obtained when this product is applied to target weeds that are small and actively growing. New leaf development indicates active growth. If application must be made to larger weeds or to weeds that are slowly growing under stressful conditions, apply this product at a rate or spray solution concentration towards the upper end of the specified range.

If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not apply this product until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the specified stage of growth or sufficient growth has been achieved to allow for good interception of the spray solution. For enhanced control, do not mow, cut, till, burn or disturb vegetation in the application area for a minimum of 7 days after application.

For control of perennial weeds listed on this label using backpack or handheld equipment and a low-volume application technique, apply a 4- to 7\_-percent solution of this product over the crown of the target plant to cover 50 percent of the upper plant foliage.

For control of perennial weeds using a handheld controlled droplet applicator (CDA), apply a 15- to 30- percent solution of this product (19.0 to 38.0 fluid ounces of this product per gallon of spray solution) at a flow rate of 2.0 fluid ounces of spray solution per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mile per hour (2.0 to 4.0 quarts of spray solution per acre). When using a vehicle-mounted CDA, apply the required amount of this product, as indicated in the following table, in 2.0 to 15.0 gallons of water per acre.

Application of this product in the fall must be made before a killing frost.

This product has no soil activity and does not control emergence of perennial weeds from seed and dormant underground roots, rhizomes or tubers present in the soil at the time of application. More than one application of this product will be necessary for continued control of weeds that emerge following application. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(qt/A)	(% solution)
Alfalfa*	1.0 to 1.5 (1.125-1.69 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.5
	a.e.)	
Alligatorweed*	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.0
Apply this product when mos control.	st target plants are in bloom. More than one a	application will be needed to achieve
Anise (fennel)	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Bahiagrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.5
	a.e.)	

	{EPA REG. NO. 34704-1189} Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(qt/A)	(% solution)
Beachgrass, European (Ammophila	-	3.5
arenaria)		
Apply a 3.5percent solution of this pro	oduct using a spray-to-wet technique	or an 8 -percent solution using a low
volume application technique. Enhance	_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
are actively growing at the boot throug	The state of the s	=
of more than 50 percent of green leaf	color in the fall. Monitor application	site and re-apply this product to an
target weeds that were missed, if neces	sary, before reseeding the area with	desirable vegetation.
For selective control of European beach	ngrass, apply a 33.3- percent solution of	of this product during period of activ
growth using a wiper applicator. Maxim	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
and making a second pass in the opposit		
desirable vegetation.		
Bentgrass*	1.0 (1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
This product alone will provide only par	tial control of bentgrass (Agrostis spp.	). For optimal control, apply 1.6 to 2
quarts (1.8-2.5 lbs.lb a.e.) of this produ	uct in a tank-mix with an appropriate	rate of Envoy, Fusilade II, Fusion, o
Vantage herbicide in a spray volume of		
optimal control using a handheld spray		
spray solution in a tank-mix with an app		ision, or Vantage herbicide. More tha
one application might be needed for co	mplete control.	
Bermudagrass	3.3 (3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
Make application when seedheads are p		
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1.0 (1.125 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
Bindweed, field	2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.7 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.5
	a.e.)	
For control, apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.0)		
the Mississippi River and 2.0 to 2.7 quar		* *
is at or beyond full bloom. For enhance		
Bittersweet, Oriental	2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
For control of oriental bittersweet, app	ly this product as a broadcast spray in	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solutio with the spray solution.
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.)	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solutio with the spray solution.  1.5
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have re	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of dev	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have re prior to the boot stage, reduced control	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of dev I can result. In the fall, make application	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution. 1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have re	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of dev can result. In the fall, make application 2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71 lbs.lb)	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have re prior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant  1.5 (1.69   lbs. b  a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of devel can result. In the fall, make application  2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71   lbs. b  a.e.)	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of devicen result. In the fall, make application 2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  a.e.)	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5  2 Mississippi River and 2.3 to 3.0 quarter.
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5  2 Mississippi River and 2.3 to 3.0 quarter.
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the enhanced results apply in latesummer	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of devil can result. In the fall, make application 2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  i.e.) of this product per acre west of the per Mississippi River when most target proof fall.	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5  Mississippi River and 2.3 to 3.0 quant plants are at or beyond full bloom. For
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant  1.5 (1.69   lbs. b  a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of devel can result. In the fall, make application  2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71   lbs. b  a.e.) e.e.) of this product per acre west of the lee Mississippi River when most target profall.  2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375   lbs. b	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5  2 Mississippi River and 2.3 to 3.0 quarter.
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the enhanced results apply in late_summer Brackenfern  Apply to fully expanded fronds that are	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69 lbs.lb a.e.) eached the boot to head stage of devil can result. In the fall, make application 2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) e.e.) of this product per acre west of the me Mississippi River when most target profall.  2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) at least 18 inches long	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5  Mississippi River and 2.3 to 3.0 quant plants are at or beyond full bloom. For the spray of
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopment bloom. For the spray solution is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopment bloom. For the spray solution is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopment bloom. For the spray solution is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopment bloom
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopment blants are at or beyond full bloom. For the spray of
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a. (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the enhanced results apply in latesummer Brackenfern  Apply to fully expanded fronds that are Bromegrass, smooth Apply this product when most target plais made prior to the boot stage, reduce	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopment blants are at or beyond full bloom. For the spray of
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a. (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the enhanced results apply in latesummer Brackenfern  Apply to fully expanded fronds that are Bromegrass, smooth Apply this product when most target plais made prior to the boot stage, reduce brown.	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopments are at or beyond full bloom. For the specific plants are at or beyond full bloom. For the specific plants are application before plants have turned application before plants have turned with the spray solution.
For control of oriental bittersweet, app per acre. For enhanced results, ensure of Bluegrass, Kentucky Apply when most target plants have reprior to the boot stage, reduced control Blueweed, Texas  Apply 2.7 to 3.3 quarts (3.03-3.7 lbs.lb a. (2.6-3.375 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre east of the enhanced results apply in latesummer Brackenfern  Apply to fully expanded fronds that are Bromegrass, smooth Apply this product when most target plais made prior to the boot stage, reduce	ly this product as a broadcast spray in complete coverage of the target plant 1.5 (1.69	30.0 to 40.0 gallons of spray solution with the spray solution.  1.5 relopment. When application is made on before plants have turned brown.  1.5 relopments have turned brown.  1.5 relopments are at or beyond full bloom. For the spray of t

Apply this product when most target plants have reached the boot to head stage of development. When application is made prior to the boot stage, reduced control can result. In the fall, make application before plants have turned brown.

	{EPA REG. NO. 34704-1189}	
	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(qt/A)	(% solution)
Cattail	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
	plants are actively growing and are at or be re achieved when application is made durin	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Clover; red, white	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
Cogongrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.) er or fall when cogongrass is at least 18 in e dense nature of cogongrass vegetation,	
Dallisgrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.5
· ·	a.e.)	
Dandelion	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
Dock, curly	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb	1.5
•	a.e.)	
Dogbane, hemp	2.5 (2.80 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.)	1.5
Apply this product when most ta	rget plants have reached the late-bud to	flower stage of growth. For enhanc
results, make application in lates		
Fescue (except tall)	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.)	1.5
Fescue, tall	2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.5
	get plants have reached the boot to head	stage of growth. If applied prior to t
boot stage, less than desirable co		
Guinea grass	2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.0
=	get plants have at least reached the 7-leaf g	
Hemlock, poison	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0 to 1.5
ricimoun, poison	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Control can also be achieved by	injecting 5.0 milliliters of a 5percent solu	ition of this product using a handhe
	per plant, 12 inches above the root crown.	and product dome a manage
Hogweed, giant	-	-
	nt solution of this product into one leaf car	ne per plant, 12 inches above the ro
Horsenettle	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.5
	a.e.)	
Horseradish	3.0 (3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.5
Apply when most plants have rea	ched the late-bud to flower stage of growt	h. For enhanced results, apply in lat
summer or fall.	0 0	, , , ,
Horsetail, field	-	-
	per stem directly into the plant stem, one s	segment above the root crown <sup>1</sup>
Iceplant	1.3 (1.46 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.) –	1.5 to 2.0
	weed with this product will provide enhance	
lvy; cape, German	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46   lbs. b   a.e.)	1.5 to 2.0
Jerusalem artichoke	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb	1.5
Jerusalem articiloke	a.e.)	1.5
	,	1.0
Johnsongrass	1 2 +0 2 0 /1 46 2 25 166 16	
Johnsongrass	1.3 to 2.0 (1.46-2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0
-	a.e.)	
Apply this product when most tar	a.e.) get plants have reached the boot to head	stage of development or before plan
Apply this product when most tar have turned brown in the fall. Wh	a.e.) get plants have reached the boot to head a en applied prior to the boot stage, reduced	stage of development or before plan I control can result.
	a.e.) get plants have reached the boot to head a en applied prior to the boot stage, reduced 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   lbs-  lb	stage of development or before plan
Apply this product when most tar have turned brown in the fall. Wh Kikuyu grass	a.e.)  I get plants have reached the boot to head sen applied prior to the boot stage, reduced  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb  a.e.)	stage of development or before plan I control can result. 1.5
Apply this product when most tar have turned brown in the fall. Wh Kikuyu grass Knapweed	a.e.) get plants have reached the boot to head a en applied prior to the boot stage, reduced 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   lbs-  lb	stage of development or before plan I control can result. 1.5

	{LPI.A044} {EPA REG. NO. 34704-11	189}
	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(qt/A)	(% solution)
late_summer or fall.	(44,)	(/000.00.00.0)
Knotweed; Bohemian, giant, Japa	inese 2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)	2.0
solution. For application using a b	ackpack sprayer and a spray-to-w	dcast application in 3.0 to 40.0 gallons of spra ret technique, apply a 2percent solution of th application area for a minimum of 7 days afte
immediately apply 0.36 fluid ounce or remaining internode. Ensure the to prevent new plants from propaplastic sheeting, will help guard a product must not exceed 6.0 quark	e (10.0 milliliters) of a 50-percent at the upper plant material that w agating from sprouting buds. Use against the spread of plant mater ts per acre. <sup>1</sup>	v the 2nd or 3rd node above the ground an solution of this product in water into the "well was removed is gathered and properly discarde of a bio-barrier, such as cardboard, plywood cial. The combined total application rate of this uct per stem into the second or third internod
using a handheld injection device.		
Lantana	_	1.0
Apply this product when most ta solution concentration on plants t	• .	e bloom stage of growth. Use the higher spra e of growth.
Lespedeza	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> a.e.)	
Loosestrife, purple	1.75 (2.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	0.75
	get plants are at or beyond the b	loom stage of growth. Enhanced results can b
		. Fall application must be made before a killin
Lotus, American	1.75 (2.0 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	0.75
achieved when application is mad frost. More than one application o and seeds.	de during summer or fall months. f this product might be necessary	loom stage of growth. Enhanced results can b . Fall application must be made before a killin to control re-growth of underground plant part
Milkweed, common	2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
Apply this product when most targ		oud to flower stage of growth.
Muhly, wirestem	1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
Make application when most targ actively growing.	get plants are at least 8 inches in	height (3- to 4-leaf stage of development) an
Mullein, common	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> a.e.)	<u>lb</u> 1.5
Napiergrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> a.e.)	<u>lb</u> 1.5
Nightshade, silverleaf	1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs. b</del> a.e.)	1.5
=	` _ ,	r acre as a broadcast application west of th
		e east of the Mississippi River when most targe
		ed when application is made in latesummer of
fall after berries have formed.		
Nutsedge; purple, yellow	2.0 (2.25 <del>lbs.lb</del> a.e.)	1 to 1.5
Apply this product to control exis	sting nutsedge plants and attache	ed immature nutlets when target plants are it that have not germinated will not be controlle
and will require repeated applicat	ion of this product for long-term c	control.
Orchardgrass	1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5
to the boot stage, less than desir	•	head stage of development. When applied prion the fall, make application before plants have
turned brown.		
Pampas grass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.</del>	<u>lb</u> 1 to 1.5
	a e 1	

# {LPI.A044}

	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(qt/A)	(% solution)
Para grass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs. b</del>	1.5
raia giass	a.e.)	1.5
More than one application of this	product will be needed to achieve comple	ete control. Allow plants to re- grow t
the 7- to 10-leaf stage before maki		
Pepperweed, perennial	2.7 (3.03 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.5
Phragmites*	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
For partial control of phragmites in	n Florida and the counties of other states I	bordering the Gulf of Mexico, apply 3.
· -	uct per acre as a broadcast application or a	
	apply 1.75 to 2.7 quarts (2.0-3.03 lbs.lb a	
	.75percent solution using a handheld	
	when plants are actively growing and in	
	t good spray coverage) and uneven stages	
	to achieve control. Visual symptoms of co	=
		1.5
Pokeweed, common	1.0 (1.125 <del>lbs. b</del> a.e.)	1.5
Apply to actively growing target pla		
Quackgrass	1.3 to 2.0 (1.46-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
	get plants are at least 8 inches in height (	3- to 4-leaf stage of development) ar
actively growing.		
Redvine*	1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a</del> .e.)	1.5
Reed; common giant	2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
	u.c.)	
Control can also be achieved by inj	when application is made in latesummer ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated p	
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a h	when application is made in latesummer ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated parandheld injection device.1	product (undiluted) directly into the
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a h	when application is made in latesummer ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated p nandheld injection device. 1 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb	
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a handle Ryegrass, perennial	when application is made in latesummer ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated pandheld injection device.   1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs-lb a.e.)	product (undiluted) directly into the
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward representation.  Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targetic sections.	when application is made in latesummer ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated pandheld injection device.   1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) get plants have reached the boot to head s	oroduct (undiluted) directly into the  1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior t
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a handle Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targ the boot stage, reduced control ca	when application is made in latesummer lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated pandheld injection device. <sup>1</sup> 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.) get plants have reached the boot to head so result. In the fall, make application before	oroduct (undiluted) directly into the  1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the stage of growth.
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward representation.  Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targetic sections.	when application is made in latesummer  ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated plandheld injection device.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb)	oroduct (undiluted) directly into the  1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior t
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present a hardward present a hardward product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can be smartweed, swamp	when application is made in latesummer  ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated pandheld injection device.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward perennial  Apply this product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock	when application is made in latesummer  ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properti	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward perennial  Apply this product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethere.	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of this co	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall.
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward perennial  Apply this product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properties.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  et plants are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom.	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present a hardward product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethe sowthistle, perennial	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of this co	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targed the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targed Sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy*	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properties.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  et plants are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom.	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targed the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targed Sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy*	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properties.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  et plants are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom.	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present a hardward product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethe Sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild*	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present a hardward product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethe Sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild*	when application is made in latesummer  ecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of this con	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present a	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present a	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properties.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.8 plants are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full blooms. For enhanced results are at or beyond the bloom stage.	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targe sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most targe will be needed to achieve control.	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated pro	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 2 of growth. More than one applications of the summer
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard representation of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most target sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target significant when most target sowthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the prope	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 2 of growth. More than one application to the summer or fall. 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most target sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target will be needed to achieve control.  Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target plane	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the p	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  2 of growth. More than one application to the summer on the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard representation of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most target sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target significant when most target sowthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properties.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.8 t plants are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are at or beyond the bloom stage 1.3 to 2.0 (1.46-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.1 to 2.0 (1.46-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.2 t plants are at or beyond the bud stage of grow 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0 stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown. 1.5 0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall. 1.5 1.5 1.5 2 of growth. More than one application to the summer or fall. 1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most target sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target plant thistle, Canada	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the p	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75  esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  2 of growth. More than one application to the summer of the
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most target sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target plant thistle, Canada	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of this concentrated properties.  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  get plants have reached the boot to head son result. In the fall, make application before 2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.7 (3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.8 t plants are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are in full bloom. For enhanced results are at or beyond the bloom stage 1.3 to 2.0 (1.46-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.1 to 2.0 (1.46-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.2 t plants are at or beyond the bud stage of grow 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75  esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  2 of growth. More than one application to the summer of the
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethe Sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most targethe will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target planthistle, Canada  Make application when target planthistle, Canada	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the prope	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75  esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  2.6 of growth. More than one application to the summer of th
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethe sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most targethe will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target planthistle, Canada  Make application when target planthistle, Canada  Control can also be achieved by starthistle and so the schieved by starthistle and schieved by starthistle.	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the p	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hardward present of the boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most target sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most target will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target plant thistle, Canada  Make application when target plant control can also be achieved by stanted to the stem center and the stem ce	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the prope	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5
Control can also be achieved by inj second or third internode using a hard Ryegrass, perennial  Apply this product when most targethe boot stage, reduced control can smartweed, swamp  Spatterdock Make application when most targethe sowthistle, perennial  Spurge, leafy* Starthistle, yellow Sweet potato, wild* Make application when most targethe will be needed to achieve control. Thistle, artichoke  Make application when target planthistle, Canada  Make application when target planthistle, Canada  Control can also be achieved by starthistle, can also be achieved	when application is made in latesummer  lecting 5.0 milliliters of this concentrated properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of this concentrated properties of the p	1.0  stage of growth. When applied prior to the re ryegrass turns brown.  1.5  0.75 esults, apply in the summer or fall.  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5

	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer Concentration
Weed Species	(qt/A)	(% solution)
	a.e.)	
Make application when most targe	et plants have reached the boot to head sta	age of development. If application is
made prior to the boot stage, redu	ced control can result. In the fall, make ap	plication before plants turn brown.
Torpedograss*	2.7 to 3.3 (3.03-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.5
	a.e.)	
Trumpetcreeper*	1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u> a</del> .e.)	1.5
Tules, common	-	1.5
Make application to target plants a	at or beyond the seedhead stage of develo	pment. Visual symptoms will be slow
to appear and might not appear fo	r 3 or more weeks after application.	
Vaseygrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.5
	a.e.)	
Velvetgrass	2.0 to 3.3 (2.25-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.5
	a.e.)	
Wheatgrass, western	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
	et plants have reached the boot to head sta t in reduced control. In the fall, make appli	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

<sup>\*</sup> Partial control only

#### 12.0 Woody Brush, Trees and Vines

Apply this product to brush and trees that are actively growing after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use a higher labeled application rate or spray solution concentration within the specified range for control of larger brush and trees and/or for application in areas of dense vegetative growth, or for the control of vines that have reached the woody stage of growth.

Enhanced control of woody brush and trees can be obtained when application is made in late\_-summer or fall after fruit formation; however, in arid areas, enhanced control can be obtained when application is made in the spring to early\_-summer when brush and trees are at high moisture content and flowering. Poor control can be expected when this product is applied to drought-stressed brush and trees.

When applying this product using a spray-to-wet technique with a handheld sprayer to control harder-to-control woody brush and trees, use a 1.5-percent solution of this product.

Some autumn color on undesirable deciduous species is acceptable when applying this product to brush and trees in the fall, provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance of this product could result if application is made following a frost. Symptoms might not appear prior to frost or senescence following a fall application. Repeat applications of this product might be required to control plants regenerating from underground parts or from seed.

For enhanced results, allow 7 or more days after application before mowing, cutting, tilling, burning or removal of woody brush, trees and vines from that application site. Additional applications of this product will be needed to control brush and trees regenerating from underground parts or seed.

**TANK MIXTURES:** This product may be applied at any rate stated on this label in a tank mixture with the following products to increase the spectrum of control of herbaceous weeds, woody brush, trees and vines. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the listed mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture. For control of herbaceous weeds, apply the tank-mix product at the lower end of the given application rate or spray solution concentration range. For control of dense stands or hard-to-control woody brush, trees and vines, increase the

When using stem injection, the combined total use of this product must not exceed 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre per year. At 5.0 milliliters of concentrated (undiluted) product per stem, 7.0 quarts (7.9 lbs.lb a.e.) will treat approximately 1300 stems per acre per year. The number of stems that can be treated per acre will vary depending on the injection volume and the concentration of this product in the application solution.

application rate or spray solution concentration of the tank- mix product towards the higher end of the range. Refer to the individual product labels for approved uses and application rates.

imazapyr; metsulfuron methyl; triclopyr

Ensure that the proper amount of the triclopyr herbicide is thoroughly mixed with water in the spray tank before adding this product.

#### **Cut Stump Application**

This product may be used to control re-growth and re-sprouting of woody brush and trees on any site listed on this label.

Cut the woody brush or tree close to the soil surface and immediately apply a 50- to 100\_-percent (undiluted) solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface using an applicator capable of applying this product to the entire cambium. A delay in application could result in reduced performance. For enhanced results, cut the woody brush or tree during period of active growth and full leaf expansion and apply this product.

For control of the tree of heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*), cut the tree close to the soil surface and immediately apply a 50 -percent solution of this product (16.0 fluid ounces per quart of solution) and 10 percent imazapyr herbicide (3.0 to 4.0 fluid ounces per quart of solution) in water to the freshly-cut surface.

DO NOT MAKE A CUT STUMP APPLICATION WHEN THE ROOTS OF DESIRABLE WOODY BRUSH OR TREES MIGHT BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP, AS INJURY COULD OCCUR IN THE ADJACENT TREES. Some sprouts, stems, or trees can share a common root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing could be an indicator of a shared root system. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to adjacent stems or trees when this product is applied to one or more trees sharing a common root system.

#### Woody Brush and Tree Injection and Frill Application

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees listed in this section by injection or frill application on any site listed on this label.

Inject or apply the equivalent of 1 milliliter (0.04 fluid once; 0.001 b.b a.e.) of this product for every 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). If injecting this product into the woody brush or tree, use equipment capable of penetrating into the living plant tissue under the bark.

For frill application, apply a 50- to 100\_-percent (undiluted) solution of this product in water to either a continuous frill around the tree or to cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases, enhanced results can be achieved by applying this product to a continuous frill or to more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff of this product to occur from frilled or cut areas. In species that freely exude sap, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and apply this concentrated product undiluted. For enhanced results, make this application during period of active growth and after full leaf expansion.

#### Modified High-Volume and Low-Volume Backpack Application

For control and partial control of woody bush, trees and vines listed on this label when using a backpack sprayer or other handheld equipment and a directed low-volume foliar application technique, apply a 4- to 8\_-percent solution of this product evenly over the plant crown to cover 50 percent of the upper foliage of undesirable woody brush, trees and vines.

### WOODY BRUSH, TREES AND VINES RATE TABLE

	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species		(% solution)
Alder	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375 lbs.lb	1.0

	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species	(40/4)	(% solution)
Species	a.e.)	(70 301011011)
Ash*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1 to 1.5
ASII	a.e.)	1 (0 1.5
Aspen, quaking	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
Aspen, quaking	a.e.)	1.0
Bearmat (Bearclover)*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
bearmat (bearclover)	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Beech*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
2000.	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Birch	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	1.0
Blackberry	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	1.0
Blackgum	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0 to 1.5
DidenBaill	-a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Bracken	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
Dideken	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Broom; French, Scotch	1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
broom, rremen, secten	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Buckwheat, California*	1.3 to 2.5 (1.46-2.80 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
Substitution of the substi	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Cascara*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Castor bean		_
Also for control, inject 4.0 milliliters of this concentrated	l (undiluted) product per plant directly i	nto the lower
portion of the main stem using a handheld injection dev		
Catsclaw*	_	1.0
For partial control, apply this product when at least 50 p	ercent of the new leaves are fully devel	oped.
Ceanothus*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Chamise*	1 2 : 2 2 /1 15 2 71	
	1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.0
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	` _	1.0
Cherry; bitter, black, pin	a.e.)	
	a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.0
Cherry; bitter, black, pin  Coyote brush	a.e.) 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	
Coyote brush	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0
	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.	1.0
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 lbs.lb a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03 lbs.lb a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b	1.0 to 1.5  1.0 to 1.5  1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5  1.0 to 1.5  1.0  1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5  1.0 to 1.5  1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5  1.0 to 1.5  1.0  1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry  Elm*  Eucalyptus	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry  Elm*  Eucalyptus For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply this product of	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry  Elm*  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply this product tall. Ensure complete coverage.	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 are 6 to 12 feet
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry  Elm*  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply this product of	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry  Elm*  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply this product tall. Ensure complete coverage.  Gallberry	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0  1.0 to 1.5  1.0  1.0 to 1.5  1.0  1.0 to 1.5  1.5  1.5  1.5 ats are 6 to 12 feet  1.0 to 1.5
Coyote brush  For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent  Deerweed  Dogwood*  Elderberry  Elm*  Eucalyptus  For control of eucalyptus re-sprouts, apply this product tall. Ensure complete coverage.	a.e.)  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs. b a.e.)  2.0 to 2.7 (2.0-3.03   bs. b a.e.)  of the new leaves are fully developed.  1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs. b a.e.)	1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.0 1.0 to 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 are 6 to 12 feet

1EPA REG. NO	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species	(4477)	(% solution)
Hasardia*	1.3 to 2.5 (1.46-2.80 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	2.0 00 2.0
Hawthorn	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0
	a.e.)	
Hazel	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	
Hickory*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
•	a.e.)	
Honeysuckle	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0
•	a.e.)	
Hornbeam, American*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
•	a.e.)	
lvy, poison	2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
Kudzu	2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.71 lbs.lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
Locust, black*	1.5 to 2.5 (1.69-2.80 <del>lbs. b</del>	1.0 to 1.5
•	a.e.)	
Madrone (re-sprouts)*		1.5
Manzanita*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Maple, red	1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-3.375 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	
For control, apply a 1percent solution of this product us	ing a handheld sprayer when leaves ar	e fully developed.
For partial control, apply 1.5 to 3.0 quarts per acre as a br	oadcast application.	
Maple, sugar	-	1.0
For control, apply this product using a handheld sprayer v	when at least 50 percent of the new lea	aves are fully
developed.		
Maple, vine*	1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u>	1.0
	a.e.)	
Monkey flower*	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Oak; northern, pin	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u>	1.0
	a.e.)	
For control, apply this product when at least 50 percent of	f the new leaves are fully developed.	
Oak; black, white*	1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Oak, poison	2.5 to 3.3 (2.80-3.375 lbs.lb	1.5
	a.e.)	
Repeat applications might be needed to maintain control	. Application in the fall must be made	before leaves lose
green color.		
Oak, post	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0
	a.e.)	
Oak, red	<del>-</del>	1.0
For control, apply this product using a handheld sprayer v	when at least 50 percent of the new lea	aves are fully
developed.		
Oak, scrub*	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	
Oak, southern red	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	
Orange, Osage	1.2 to 3.3 (1.35-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	

<del>_</del>	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species		(% solution)
Peppertree, Brazilian (Florida holly)*	1.3 to 3.3 (1.46-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Persimmon*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Pine	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Poplar, yellow*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0 to 1.5
D III 1 .	a.e.)	401.45
Redbud, eastern	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.</del> <u>lb</u>	1.0 to 1.5
Rose, multiflora	a.e.) 1.5 (1.69 <del>lbs.</del> lb a.e.)	1.0
Make application prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-ea	• _ ·	1.0
Russian olive*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 lbs.lb	1.0 to 1.5
Russian onve	a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Sage, black	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
and of minder	a.e.)	1.0
Sage, white*	1.5 to 2.7 (1.69-3.03 <del>lbs. b</del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	1.0 00 1.0
Sagebrush, California	1.3 to 2.7 (1.46-3.03 lb <del>s</del>	1.0
	-a.e.)	
Salmonberry	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0
•	a.e.)	
Saltcedar*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 lbs.lb	1.0 to 1.5
(1.69-3.71 lbs.lb a.e.) per acre as a broadcast applicar product in a tank-mix with imazapyr herbicide using a apply 1.3 quarts (1.46 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product pe herbicide to plants less than 6 feet tall. To control sa	handheld sprayer. For control using bro r acre in a tank-mix with an appropriate	adcast application, e rate of imazapyr
apply 2.75 quarts (3.10 lbs.lb a.e.) of this product per a		azapyr herbicide.
Sassafras*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.0 to 1.5
Sourwood*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Sumac; laurel, poison, smooth, winged*	1.5 to 3.0 (1.69-3.375 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Sweetgum	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
	a.e.)	
Swordfern*	1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del>	1.0 to 1.5
	a.e.)	
Tallowtree, Chinese		1.0
Tan oak (re-sprouts)*	-	1.5
Thimbleberry	1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	1.0
T-1*	a.e.) 1.5 to 2.5 (1.69-2.80 lb s	4.0+.4.5
Tobacco, tree*	1 5 to 1 5 /1 6U_1 VII In c	1.0 to 1.5
Towar*		1.0 to 1.5
	-a.e.)	
Toyon*	-a.e.) 	1.5
Trumpetcreeper	-a.e.) - 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.</del> lb	
Trumpetcreeper	-a.e.) - 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5 1.0
-	-a.e.)  -  1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25   bs- b  a.e.)  1.5 to 3.3 (1.69-3.71   bs- b	1.5
Trumpetcreeper	-a.e.) - 1.5 to 2.0 (1.69-2.25 <del>lbs.<u>lb</u></del> a.e.)	1.5 1.0

	Broadcast	Handheld
	Rate	Sprayer
	(qt/A)	Concentration
Species		(% solution)
	a.e.)	
Willow	2.0 to 3.0 (2.25-3.375 <del>lbs.lb</del>	1.0
	a.e.)	
Yerba santa*	-	1.5

<sup>\*</sup> Partial control

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