eg Number

Date of Issuance



Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave, NW Washington, DC 20460

34704-1065

SFP 2 0 2012

#### NOTICE OF PESTICIDE

X Registration Reregistration (under FIFRA as amended) Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product

Intimidator

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code)

Loveland Products, Inc PO Box 1286 Greeley, Colorado 80632-1286

Note Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce in any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency In order to protect health and the environment the Administrator on his motion may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec 3(c)(5) provided that you must address the following

- 1) Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data If required, failure to submit acceptable data to fulfill these requirements may result in registration cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e)
- 2) Generate one-year storage stability (830 6317) and corrosion characteristics (830 6320) data on the product The observations should be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 month intervals The results must be submitted to the Agency in electronic and hard copy format within 15 months of the date on this notice
- 3) In the Restrictions section beginning on page 10 and continuing onto page 11, add the following language "To assure that spray drift will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive plans non-target plants, apply Intimidator by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft from sensitive plants
- 4) NOTE The Basic and two Alternate Confidential Statements of Formula (CSFs) dated March 1, 2012 are acceptable
- 5) NOTE The Agency recommends that you add resistance management group symbols to the front panel of the label per PR Notice 2001-5 This can be done by Notification

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Signature of Approving	Official /	1,	$n \cap a \mid$
Kathryn V Montague	(I/N#II)	1 V	17 YN 117
Product Manager 23	IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	lV	TIVING
Herbicide Branch	M M M. I.	•	

Registration Division (7505P)

Date

SEP 20 117

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- 6) NOTE While no additional data is being requested at this time, any marketing claims made on the pesticide label must be substantiated by data maintained in your files. If data supporting marketing claims made on the product label is not available then those claims must be removed
- 7) NOTE Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156 10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.
- 8) Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label before the product is released for shipment

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec 6(e) Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records



Herbicide for preemergent control of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds in Soybeans

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS		By Wt
S-Metolachlor*		36 29%
Metribuzin**		8 05%
Fomesafen***		7 16%
OTHER INGREDIENTS		48 50%
	TOTAL	100 00%

<sup>\*</sup>contains 3 39 lb of S-metolachlor per gallon

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

# CAUTION

**EPA REG NO 34704-1065** 

**EPA EST NO 34704-MS-1** 

NET CONTENTS 2 5 gal (9 46L)

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated
SEP 2 0 2012

Under the Federal II ucide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg No

34704-1065

<sup>\*\*</sup>contains 0 75 lb of metribuzin per gallon

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>contains 0 67 lb of fomesafen acid per gallon

	FIRST AID
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice</li> </ul>
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person</li> </ul>
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice</li> </ul>
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or call an ambulance then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice</li> </ul>
•	act container or label with you when calling a poison control center sing for treatment
FOR A MEDICA	AL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL 1-866-944-8565

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin Harmful if swallowed Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing Causes moderate eye irritation Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals

Causes moderate eye irritation Avoid contact with eyes on skin or on clothing Wear protective eyewear

# Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category B on an EPA Chemical Resistance Category Selection Chart

# Mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear

- Protective eyewear,
- Coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves made out of butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils or barrier laminate,

- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, and
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing and loading

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170 240(d)(4)

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170 240 (d)(4-6)] the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco or the toilet
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate

#### **Surface Water Advisory**

Metolachlor can contaminate surface water through ground spray drift. Under some conditions metolachlor may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water (primarily via dissolution in runoff water) for several months post-application. These conditions include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

#### **Ground Water Advisory**

Metribuzin is a chemical which can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can

contaminate ground water which may be used as drinking water. Metribuzin has been found in ground water as a result of agricultural use. Users are advised not to apply metribuzin where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface, and where the soils are very permeable i.e. well-drained soils such as loamy sands. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

Metolachlor and fomesafen are known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of these chemicals in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

#### Mixing/Loading Instructions

Product must be used in a manner which will prevent back-siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture

This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of any wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells) sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers and natural or impounded lakes or reservoirs. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas.

Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times.

The above specified minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Observe all restrictions precautions and limitations on this label as well as on the labels of products used in combination with this product

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170 This Standard contains requirements for the protections of agricultural workers on farms forests nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours

Exception If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protections Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is

- · Coveralls over short-sleeve shirt and short pants,
- Protective eyewear,
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils or barrier laminate, and
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks

Failure to follow the directions for use and precautions on this label may result in poor weed control, crop injury, or illegal residues

Note Not for sale, use, or distribution in Nassau County or Suffolk County, New York

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

INTIMIDATOR kills weeds by root and/or foliage uptake and rapid translocation to the growing points. Adequate soil moisture is important for optimum activity of this product. When adequate soil moisture is present, this product will provide residual control of susceptible germinating weeds, activity on established weeds will depend on the weed species and the location of its root system in the soil.

#### MODE OF ACTION

INTIMIDATOR herbicide is a mixture of the active ingredients metolachlor, metribuzin and fomesafen

- S-Metolachlor is a biosynthesis inhibitor (Group 15 mode of action) preventing cell division in emerging weeds
- Metribuzin is a photosystem II inhibitor (Group 5 mode of action) leading to cellular membrane disruption and plant death
- Fomesafen is a protoporphyrinogen oxidase inhibitor (Group 14 mode of action) leading to cellular membrane disruption and plant death

Use of this product in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of rotational crops in most situations, however, various environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Therefore, rotational crop injury is always possible.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1 The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor
- 2 Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees

Where states have more stringent regulations they must be observed The applicator must be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information

# Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information

#### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity and Temperature Inversions)

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume
   Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets
- **Pressure** Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With
  most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using
  low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest
  droplets and the lowest drift.

#### **Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width

# **Application Height**

Do not make applications at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind

#### **Swath Adjustment**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind Therefore on the up-and-downwind edges of the field the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 and 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind directions and high inversion potential. Note, Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### **Temperature and Humidity**

When making applications in low relative humidity set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry

#### **Temperature Inversions**

Because drift potential is high, do not apply during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog however, if fog is not present.

inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### **Sensitive Areas**

This product may only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas bodies of water known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas)

#### APPLICATION WITH HERBICIDE SPRAY EQUIPMENT

Use a standard low-pressure (20 to 40 psi) herbicide boom sprayer equipped with suitable nozzles and screens no finer than 50-mesh in nozzle and in-line strainers. Agitate thoroughly before and during application with bypass agitation. Low pressure and high volume hand wand equipment is prohibited.

#### **Ground Application**

Apply the proper rate of this product in a minimum of 10 to 40 gallons of spray mixture per acre broadcast

#### **Aerial Application**

Where permitted, apply specified rate in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray mixture per acre Do not apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph

# For All Applications

Sprayer must be accurately calibrated before applying this product. Check sprayer during application to be sure it is working properly and delivering a uniform spray pattern. As the volume of spray mixture decreases per acre, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases.

Avoid overapplication misapplication, and boom and spray swath overlapping that will increase spray dosage (Crop injury may occur as a result ) Avoid spray skips and gaps which allow weeds to grow in untreated soil. Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift and/or when sensitive or cool season crops (such as cole crops, onions, peas or strawberries) are present in adjacent fields or in areas where wheat is growing in coarse-textured soils

#### Sprayer Cleanup

Spray equipment must be thoroughly cleaned to remove remaining traces of herbicide that might injure other crops to be sprayed. Drain any remaining spray solution of this product from the spray tank and dispose of according to label disposal instructions. Rinse the spray tank and refill with water, adding a heavy-duty detergent at the rate of one cup per 20 gallons of water. Recycle this mixture through the equipment for 5 minutes and spray out. Repeat this procedure twice. Fill the spray tank with clean water, recycle for 5 minutes, and spray out. Clean pump and nozzle screens thoroughly. Wash away any spray mixture from the outside of spray tank, nozzles or spray rig. All rinse water must be

disposed of in compliance with local, state and Federal guidelines

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### Incorporation and Combination Uses

When this product is to be used in combination with another herbicide follow the most restrictive directions on all product labels for combinations, rates crops, incorporation, and special precautions

When using this product, make sure the sprayer is completely clean, and free of rust or corrosion which occurs from winter storage. Examine strainers and screens to be sure the sprayer is clean from previously used pesticides.

Any tank mix containing this product must be kept agitated and sprayed out immediately Do not allow tank mixes to stand for prolonged periods of time

The proper mixing procedure for this product alone or in tank-mix combinations with other herbicides is

- 1 Fill the spray tank 1/4 to 1/3 full with clean water
- 2 Add specified rate of this product while recirculating and with agitator running
- 3 Mix thoroughly and add clean water to fill spray tank to desired level
- 4 Add the other herbicide to tank last and agitate thoroughly
- 5 Continue agitation during application and until sprayer tank is empty

# Application of INTIMIDATOR in Fluid Fertilizers

This product may be applied in fluid fertilizer solutions by following the appropriate mixing procedures and compatibility check. When using tank mix combinations be sure all components are compatible.

#### Tank Mixing Guidelines for Fluid Fertilizer Mixtures

- 1 Add the required amount of water and compatibility agent (if required) to the tank Start agitation system while adding this product and follow by adding the fluid fertilizer and agitate
- 2 If a second herbicide is also to be used, follow as above in Step 1, but use twice the amount of water. Start agitation, add INTIMIDATOR. Follow by adding the second herbicide, then continue filling the tank with fluid fertilizer.
- 3 Maintain continuous agitation to assure uniform spray mixture until the tank is emptied

Make compatibility checks of this product plus fluid fertilizers and tank-mix combinations plus fluid fertilizers which include this product for each batch because of the variability of fluid fertilizers

# THE FOLLOWING COMPATIBILITY CHECK SHOULD ONLY BE USED WHEN MIXING WITH FLUID FERTILIZERS

1 Pre-mix 8 teaspoons of water with 2 teaspoons of this product (4 1 ratio) in a quart jar by adding the water first and following with this product Mix thoroughly If a second herbicide is to be used, double the amount of water

(8 1 ratio), mix in this product, and follow with the second herbicide

- 2 Then pour 1 pint of fluid fertilizer into the quart jar and shake well
- 3 Allow to stand for 5 minutes

#### Interpretation of Results

If the solution in the jar appears to be uniform without signs of agglomeration, or without a separation of an oily film on top of the fertilizer, the mixture may be used if not repeat the compatibility check using twice the amount of water or add a compatibility agent to the water if separation occurs but the mixture can be resuspended by shaking, then application is possible with good agitation in the spray tank

#### SOYBEAN APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

This product may be applied

- · Preplant incorporated or
- · Preplant surface or preemergent surface, or
- As a sequential preemergent application

Refer to Tables below for specific use directions

This product may also be used as an overlay application following a preplant incorporated application of a grass herbicide registered for this same use, and in tank mix combinations for burndown weed control

All applications may be applied with ground equipment, and some may be applied with aerial spray equipment

#### Restrictions

- Do not exceed the maximum application rate of 4 48 pints of INTIMIDATOR per acre per use season (equivalent to 0 375 lb fomesafen 1 9 lb metolachlor, and 0 42 lb metribuzin) Do not exceed this amount in any use pattern single application replant or sequential application
- Do not exceed a total of 2 5 lb metolachlor or S-metolachlor per acre per year from this or any other products containing metolachlor or S-metolachlor
- Do not exceed a total of 0 375 lb formesafen per acre per year in Region 1 (see Regional Use Map) when using additional products containing formesafen (ex Top Gun, Flexstar, Prefix or Reflex)
- Do not exceed a total of 0 375 lb formesafen per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 2 (see Regional Use Map) when using additional products containing formesafen (ex Top Gun, Flexstar, Prefix or Reflex)
- Do not exceed a total of 0 313 lb formesafen per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 3 (see Regional Use Map) when using additional products containing formesafen (ex Top Gun Flexstar, Prefix, or Reflex)
- Do not exceed a total of 0 25 lb formesafen per acre in ALTERNATE years in Region 4 (see Regional Use Map) when using additional products containing formesafen (ex Top Gun, Flexstar, Prefix, or Reflex)
- Do not apply this product in Region 5

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system
- Do not harvest within 90 days of the last application of INTIMIDATOR
- Do not graze or feed treated soybean forage, hay or straw to livestock
- Only soybeans may be planted immediately after harvest follow instructions under CROP ROTATION INTERVALS for all other crops
- Do not allow sprays to drift onto adjacent desirable plants
- Do not apply under conditions which favor runoff or wind erosion of soil containing this product to non-target areas
- To prevent off-site movement due to run-off or wind erosion
  - Avoid treating powdery dry or light sand soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions, the soil surface should first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.
  - Do not apply to impervious substrates such as paved or highly compacted surfaces
  - Do not use tailwater from the first flood or furrow irrigation of treated fields to treat non-target crops unless at least 1/2 inch of rainfall has occurred between application and the first irrigation
- Do not apply using low-pressure and high-volume hand-wand equipment
- Observe all restrictions, precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in <u>Washington Toxics</u> Coalition, et al v EPA, C01-0132C, (W D WA) For further information, please refer to http://www.epa.gov/espp/litstatus/wtc

### **Soil Texture and Rate Ranges**

As used on this label,

- "Coarse soils" are loamy sand or sandy loam soils
- "Medium soils" are loam silt loam, silt, sandy clay or sandy clay loam
- "Fine soils" are silty clay, silty clay loam, clay or clay loam.

Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium-textured soils in some regions of the U S

Where a rate range is shown, use a lower rate on soils that are coarse-textured and/or low in organic matter. Use a higher rate on soils that are relatively fine-textured and/or high in organic matter.

#### **Precautions**

Injury to soybeans may occur when this product is used under the following conditions

- 1 When soils have a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7 5 or higher
- 2 When applied in conjunction with soil-applied organic phosphate pesticides
- 3 With over-application or boom overlapping, which may result in stand loss and soil residues
- 4 With uneven application or improper incorporation which can decrease the level of weed control and/or increase the level of injury
- 5 When applied to any soil with less than 0 5% organic matter

- 6 When soil incorporation is deeper than recommended
- 7 When sprayers are not calibrated accurately
- 8 When heavy rains occur soon after application, especially in poorly drained areas where water may stand for several days
- 9 When soybeans are planted less than 1.5 inches deep, particularly in preemergence application
- 10 Where high soil levels of atrazine are present
- 11 When using poor quality soybean seed

Certain soybean varieties are sensitive to Metribuzin Prior to use of this product, consult your soybean seed supplier for more information on the tolerance of soybean varieties to INTIMIDATOR

#### Activation

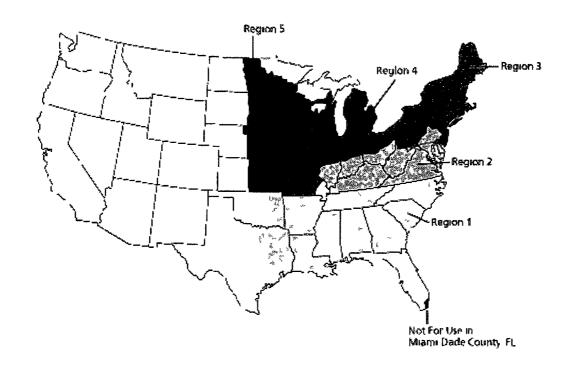
A minimum amount of soil moisture is required to activate this product. In areas of low rainfall preemergence applications to dry soil should be followed with light irrigation of 0.25 acre-inch of water. Do not apply heavy irrigation immediately after application. As with many surface-applied herbicides, weed control and crop tolerance may vary with rainfall and/or soil texture.

#### Replanting

If replanting is necessary in fields treated with this product as directed on this label the field may be replanted to soybeans. Rework the soil no deeper than the treated zone

#### **Replanting Restrictions**

- Do not apply more than once per season except where permitted as part of a sequential application as injury to soybeans may occur
- Do not apply a second application of INTIMIDATOR or any product that contains metolachlor metribuzin fomesafen or S-metolachlor as crop injury or illegal residues may occur in harvested soybeans
- Maximum application rate is 4 48 pints of INTIMIDATOR per acre per use season (equivalent to 0 375 lb fomesafen 1 90 lb S-metolachlor and 0 42 lb metribuzin) Follow lower regional maximum rates where applicable (see maps below) Do not exceed these amounts in any use pattern single application replant or sequential application





Region 1 - Includes the following states or portion of states where INTIMIDATOR Herbicide may be applied Alabama Arkansas Florida (except Miami-Dade County) Georgia Louisiana Mississippi Missouri (counties of Bollinger Butler Cape Giradeau Dunklin Madison Mississippi New Madrid Pemiscot Perry Ripley Scott Stoddard and Wayne) North Carolina Oklahoma (East of U S Highway 75 and East of Indian Nation Parkway) South Carolina Tennessee and Texas (includes area East of U S Highway 77 to State Road 239 including all of Calhoun County)

Maximum application rate from all products containing fomesafen must not exceed 0 375 lb Al/A per year in Region 1



Region 2 - Includes the following states or portion of states where INTIMIDATOR Herbicide may be applied Delaware Kentucky Maryland Virginia, West Virginia South of Interstate 70 in the following states Illinois Indiana and Ohio and all areas South of Interstate 80 to the intersection of U.S. Highway 15 and East of U.S. Highway 15 and U.S. Highway 522 in Pennsylvania Maximum application rate from all products containing fomesafen must not exceed 0 375 lb Al/A in alternate years in Region 2

#### **REGION 3**



Region 3 - Includes the following states or portion of states where INTIMIDATOR Herbicide may be applied Connecticut, Iowa, Maine Massachusetts Missouri (all counties except for those listed in Region 1) New Hampshire, New Jersey New York Pennsylvania (all areas except those listed in Region 2), Rhode Island Vermont and Wisconsin (South of U.S. Highway 18 between Prairie Du Chien and Madison and South of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee) and North of Interstate 70 in following states. Indiana. Illinois and Ohio Maximum application rate from all products containing fomesafen must not exceed 0 313 lb Al/A in alternate years in Region 3.



Region 4 - Includes the following states or portion of states where INTIMIDATOR Herbicide may be applied Kansas (all counties East of or intersected by U.S. Highway 281). Michigan (Southern Peninsula). Minnesota (all areas South of Interstate 94). Nebraska (all counties East of or intersected by U.S. Highway 281). and Wisconsin (all areas except those in Region 3. South of Interstate 94 from Minnesota state line to Eau Claire and South of U.S. Highway 29 from Eau Claire to Green Bay plus Barron. Chippewa Clark. Door. Dunn. Eau Claire. Kewaunee. Marathon. Menominee. Oconto. Polk. Shawano. and St. Croix counties. The following counties are excluded. Adams. Marquette. Portage. Waupaca. Waushara and Wood). North Dakota (all areas East of Interstate 29 from Fargo. South to the South. Dakota state line). South. Dakota (all areas. East of Interstate 29 from the North. Dakota state line to Watertown. all areas. East of Highway. 81 from Watertown to Madison. and all areas. East and South. of State. Road. 34 and U.S. Highway. 281 to the Nebraska state.

Maximum application rate from all products containing fomesafen must not exceed 0 25 lb Al/A in alternate years in Region 4

TABLE 1 ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED BY INTIMIDATOR

C = Control S = Suppression or Erratic Control P = Poor or No Control			
Weed Controlled	Level of Control		
Bristly Starbur (Acanthospermum hispidum)	С		
Buffalobur (Solanum rostratum)	С		
Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata)	С		
Cocklebur (Xanthium pensylvanicum)	S		
Common Chickweed (Stellaria media)	С		
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam (Acalypha ostryifolia)	С		
Eclipta (eclipta prostrata)	С		
Field Pennycress (Thlaspi arvense)	С		
Florida Beggarweed (Desmodium tortuosum)	С		
Florida Pusley (Richardia scabra)	С		
Galınsoga (Galınsoga spp )	С		
Horseweed (Marestail) (Conyza canadensis)	S		
Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium)	С		
Knotweed (Polygonum spp)	С		
Kochia (Kochia scoparia)	С		
Lambsquarters (Chenopodium spp)	С		
Morningglory			
Entireleaf (Ipomoea hederacea var ıntegriuscula)	S		
Ivyleaf (Ipomoea hederacea)	S		
Pitted (Ipomoea lacunosa)	S		
Smallflower (Jacquemontia tamnifolia)	C		
Tall (Ipomoea purpurea)	S		
Nightshade			
Black (Solanum nigrum)	S		
Eastern Black (Solanum ptycanthum)	C		
Haıry (Solanum villosum)	C		
Pigweed (Amaranthus spp)	C		
Poinsettia Wild (Euphorbia cyathophora)	C		
Prickly Lettuce (Lactuca serriola)	С		
Prickly Sida/Teaweed (Sida spinosa)	С		
Purslane (Portulaca oleracea)	С		
Ragweed			
Common ( <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> )	C		
Giant (Ambrosia trifida)	S		
Redweed (melochia corchorifolia)	С		
Russian Thistle (Salsola kali)	С		
Sesbania (Sesbania spp )	С		
Shepherd's Purse (Capsella bursa-pastoris)	С		
Sicklepod (Cassia obtusifolia) <sup>1</sup>	С		
Smartweeds (Polygonum spp)			
Ladysthumb ( <i>Polygonum persicaria</i> )	С		

Pennsylvania (Polygonum pensylvanicum)	С
Spurge	
Prostrate (Euphorbia humistrata)	C
Spotted (Euphorbia maculata)	C
Spurred Anoda (Anoda cristata)	С
Sunflower (Helianthus spp)	С
Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti)	С
Venice Mallow (Hibiscus trionum)	С
Virginia Pepperweed (Lepidium virginicum)	С
Waterhemp (Amaranthus rudis)	С
Wild Mustards (Brassica spp)	С

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For maximum control of sicklepod, use a preemergence application

# TABLE 2 ANNUAL GRASSES AND SEDGES CONTROLLED BY INTIMIDATOR

C = Control S = Suppression or Erratic Control P = Poor or No Control				
Weed Controlled	Level of Control			
Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli)	С			
Bluegrass (Poa annua)	С			
Broadleaf Signalgrass (Brachiaria platyphylla)	С			
Browntop Millet (Panicum ramosa)	С			
Crabgrass (Digitaria spp)	С			
Crowfootgrass (Dactyloctenium aegyptium)	С			
Cupgrass (Eriochloa spp)	С			
Foxtails (Setaria spp )	С			
Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)	С			
Johnsongrass, Seedling (Sorghum halepense)	C			
Junglerice (Echinochloa colona)	С			
Nutsedge				
Yellow (Cyperus esculentus)	S			
Purple (Cyperus rotundus)	S			
Panicum,				
Fall (Panicum dichotomiflorum)	S			
Texas (Panicum, texanum)	S			
Red Rice (Oryza sativa)	<u>S</u>			
Sandbur (Cenchrus spp)	S			
Shattercane (Sorghum bicolor)	S			
Sorghum, Volunteer (Sorghum spp)	S			
Sprangletop (Leptochloa spp)	Р			
Stinkgrass (Eragrostis spp)	Р			
Wheat Volunteer ( <i>Triticum</i> spp)	Р			
Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)	С			

# INTIMIDATOR USE RATES FOR CONVENTIONAL TILLAGE SYSTEMS

INTIMIDATOR used alone in Preplant Incorporated Application

Incorporate INTIMIDATOR uniformly into the top 2 inches of soil within 14 days before planting using a disk, field cultivator rolling cultivator or similar equipment. Use incorporated application if furrow irrigation is used or when a period of dry weather after application is expected.

# INTIMIDATOR used alone in Preemergence Application

When used alone INTIMIDATOR can be applied as an aerial broadcast or as a ground broadcast Application may be made during planting, or as a separate operation after planting, but must be made before crop emergence. If dry weather follows preemergence application cultivate uniformly with shallow tilling equipment that will not damage soybeans.

# **Preemergence Application Restrictions**

- Do not apply to sandy soils or to sandy loam or loamy sand soils containing less than 2% organic matter
- Do not incorporate into soil or apply more than once per season

TABLE 3 INTIMIDATOR RATES WHEN USED ALONE IN PREPLANT OR PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Soil Texture			Organic Matter		
		Regions	0 5 to 2 0%	2 1 to 3 0%	Over 3 0% <sup>3</sup>
			Pints of	Pints of INTIMIDATOR Per Acre	
Coarse	Sandy Loam	1,2,3,4 <sup>5</sup>	n/a <sup>1</sup>	2 4 <sup>4</sup>	2 4 to 2 8
1	Loamy Sand	1,2,3,4 <sup>5</sup>	n/a <sup>1</sup>	2 4 <sup>4</sup>	2 4 to 2 8
Medium Soils (Loam, silt loam silt sandy clay, sandy clay loam)		1,2,3,4 <sup>5</sup>	2 8 t	o 3 2	3 2 to 3 7
Fine Soils	(Silty clay, pam² clay,	1,2,3,4 <sup>5</sup>	3 7 to	) 4 2 <sup>6</sup>	4 2 to 4 48

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Do not use on sandy soils On coarse-textured soils, do not use on sandy loam or loamy sand with less than 2% organic matter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium-textured soils in some regions of the U S

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>For preplant incorporated application, use the lower rate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>For AL AR FL, GA, LA, MS, MO, NC, OK SC, TN TX, VA, see section below **In Coarse** (Light) Soils

In Regions 2, 3 and 4, apply INTIMIDATOR in alternate years only. In years when INTIMIDATOR cannot be applied, a product such as Matador™ may be used. The rotation restrictions in **Table 9** must be observed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>On soils with pH above 7 0 soybean injury caused by the metribuzin in this product may

occur at rates higher than 2.5 pt/A. To avoid injury, do not use this product at rates greater than 2.5 pt/A on soils above pH 7.0

# In Coarse (Light) Soils

(Only in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA MS, MO, NC, OK, SC TN, TX, VA)

This product is may be used at the rates specified in **Table 4** as a preplant incorporated or preemergence application in coarse-textured, low organic matter soils in the states listed above. Refer to **Table 4** and to the appropriate sections of this label for specific directions on use and restrictions.

TABLE 4 INTIMIDATOR RATES WHEN USED ALONE IN PREPLANT OR PREEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS ON COARSE SOILS (Only in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, MO, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA)

			Organic Matter	
			0 5 to 1 0%	1 1% or above
Soil Texture Region		Region	Pints of INTIMIDATOR Per Acre <sup>23</sup>	
Caaraa	Sand	1 2 <sup>4</sup>	n/a <sup>1</sup>	1 9 to 3 2
Coarse Soils	Sandy loam, loamy sand	1 2 <sup>4</sup>	1 9 to 3 2	1 9 to 3 2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Do not use on sand with less than 1% organic matter

#### HERBICIDES THAT MAY BE APPLIED POSTEMERGENCE FOLLOWING INTIMIDATOR

If required, application of this product alone or in tank mixture may be followed by an application of a postemergence herbicide to provide additional control of certain weeds. The following postemergence herbicides may be applied

Aım®	glyphosate herbicides <sup>1</sup> (such as Makaze <sup>®</sup> or Mad Dog <sup>®</sup> )
Arrow™	Harmony® GT XP
Assure <sup>®</sup> II	Intensity®
Basagran <sup>®</sup>	Poast®
Classic®	Poast Plus®
Cobra®	Top Gun™
FirstRate <sup>®</sup>	Resource <sup>®</sup>
Flexstar®	Rezult® A&B
Fusilade® DX	
Frontrow®	Synchrony <sup>®</sup> XP <sup>2</sup>
Fusion <sup>®</sup>	Ultra Blazer®

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use on Roundup-Ready<sup>®</sup> or glyphosate-tolerant soybean varieties only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use the higher rate under heavy weed pressure and/or soils higher in organic matter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Follow regional use rate restrictions above

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>in Region 2, apply INTIMIDATOR in alternate years only. In years when INTIMIDATOR cannot be applied, a product such as Matador may be used. The rotation restrictions in **Table 9** must be observed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use on STSTM soybean varieties only

Refer to the **Directions for Use** on this label and the individual product labels for use directions use rates, and special precautions and/or restrictions

#### **BURNDOWN WEED CONTROL**

This product can be used as part of a burndown herbicide program for control of existing vegetation prior to soybean emergence in conservation tillage (reduced-tillage/no-till) systems. This product may be tank mixed with a 2,4-D low volatile ester (LVE) (such as Whiteout™ 2 4-D) and/or glyphosate herbicides (such as Mad Dog and Makaze brands) for control of emerged weeds prior to crop emergence. Burndown tank mixes with INTIMIDATOR can be applied before planting or prior to crop emergence.

#### Application

This product may be applied up to 30 days before planting or preemergence. Apply only by ground equipment when this product is used for burndown of existing vegetation in conservation tillage systems. Use the high end of the rate range for applications of this product made 14 to 30 days before planting. Refer to **Tables 3 and 4** for rates of INTIMIDATOR alone and to **Table 5** for rates of tank mix partners.

TABLE 5 RATES OF TANK MIX PARTNERS TO BE USED IN COMBINATION WITH INTIMIDATOR FOR BURNDOWN APPLICATIONS

Product	Rate of Tank Mıx Partner	Directions and Remarks
2,4-D LVE (Whiteout 2,4-D)	0 25 to 1 00 lb AE <sup>1</sup> /A	Apply at least 7 days preplant when using Whiteout 2,4-D at 0 25 to 0 50 lb AE <sup>1</sup> /A and at least 30 days preplant with rates greater than 0 50 lb AE <sup>1</sup> /A Include crop oil concentrate (COC) at the rate of 1 gal/100 gal of spray solution (1% v/v)
Glyphosate (Mad Dog or Makaze brands)	Refer to product label for use rates	Must be applied prior to crop emergence Use the higher rates within the specified range as weeds approach the maximum weed heights listed in <b>Table 6</b> Apply in 10 to 20 gal of water per acre Refer to the Mad Dog or Makaze label for spray adjuvant instructions Any glyphosate formulation registered and labeled for use in soybeans may be tank mixed with this product
Glyphosate (Mad Dog or, Makaze brands) + 2,4-D LVE (Whiteout 2,4-D)	Refer to the product label for use rates + 0 25 lb AE <sup>1</sup> /A	Follow the Directions and Remarks section above for Whiteout 2 4-D and Mad Dog/Makaze paying special attention to planting restrictions with Whiteout 2,4-D Refer to the Mad Dog or Makaze label for spray adjuvant instructions Do not use crop oil concentrate (COC)

<sup>1</sup>AE = 2 4-D acid equivalent

#### Restrictions

Do not apply these treatments after crop emergence Observe all precautions and limitations on the labeling of all products used in tank mixtures

- Apply only 2,4-D LVE formulations (such as Whiteout 2,4-D) that are registered for preplant or burndown use
- Do not apply tank mixtures containing 2 4-D LVE (such as Whiteout 2 4-D) if wind is blowing toward desired susceptible plants (i e , cotton, tobacco, tomato, etc ) or when wind speeds exceed 6 mph. Observe all precautions and limitations of all products used in tank mixtures.

Follow the most restrictive preharvest interval of all products used in a tank mixture

#### **Weeds Controlled**

INTIMIDATOR in tank mixtures with the herbicides listed in **Table 6** will provide burndown control of the weeds listed below

TABLE 6 WEEDS CONTROLLED WITH TANK MIXES OF INTIMIDATOR IN BURNDOWN APPLICATION

Weeds Controlled	Whiteout 2,4-D	Mad Dog/Makaze	Mad Dog/Makaze + Whiteout 2,4-D		
Annual Grasses	Maximun	Maximum Burndown Height (Inches)			
Barley		8	8		
Barnyardgrass		6			
Crabgrass spp		6			
Foxtail spp	Does not	8			
Johnsongrass Seedling	improve control of these	8			
Panicum Fall	species	6			
Sandbur Field	opecies .	8			
Wheat Volunteer		6			
Witchgrass		6			
Broadleaves	Maxımun	Maximum Burndown Height (Inches)			
Buffalobur		6	6		
Chickweed Common	6	6	6		
Cocklebur Common	6	6	8		
Dandelion Common	6 dia <sup>1</sup>	2 dia <sup>2</sup>	6 dia 1		
Henbit	4	4	4		
Horseweed (Marestail)	6 <sup>1</sup>	42	6		
Jimsonweed	6	6	6		
Kochia	4 <sup>1</sup>	4	4		
Ladysthumb	6	6	8		
Lambsquarters Common	6	6	8		
Lettuce Prickly	6	4	6		
Mallow Venice	6	6	6		
Morningglory spp	6	2	4		
Mustard spp	6	6	8		
Pennycress Field	6	6	6		

Pigweed spp (annual)	6	6	8
Ragweed Common	6	6 <sup>2</sup>	8
Ragweed Giant	6 <sup>1</sup>	42	6
Shepherd's Purse	6	6	6
Sida Prickly	6	4	4
Smartweed Pennsylvania	6	6	8
Sunflower Common	6	6	6
Thistle Russian	4 <sup>1</sup>	2-4 <sup>2</sup>	4
Velvetleaf	6	6	8
Waterhemp spp	6	6	8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use Whiteout 2 4-D at 0 5 lb Al/A

# INTIMIDATOR USE RATES FOR REDUCED- AND NO-TILL SYSTEMS Preplant Surface Application

INTIMIDATOR may also be used in reduced-till and no-till systems. Applications may be made up to 30 days before planting or after planting but before soybean emergence Residual herbicides such as Canopy<sup>®</sup> FirstRate, Command<sup>®</sup>, Python<sup>®</sup> and Stealth<sup>®</sup> may be tank mixed for additional weed control. If weeds are present at time of application, burndown herbicides may be added to the tank mixes (see **Burndown Weed Control** section). Refer to the tank mix partner product labels for specific rates and use directions.

TABLE 7 INTIMIDATOR RATES FOR REDUCED AND NO-TILL SYSTEMS

Soil Texture <sup>1</sup>	INTIMIDATOR (pints per acre) 1 4	
COARSE <sup>2</sup> (Loamy sand, sandy loam)	1 9 to 3 2	
MEDIUM (Loam, silt loam silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	3 2 to 4 48 <sup>5</sup>	
FINE (Silty clay, silty clay loam <sup>3</sup> , clay, clay loam)	4 48 <sup>5</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use low rate in specified range for low residue level or soils with less than 3% organic matter. Use the higher rate in specified range for high residue level or soils with greater than 3% organic matter.

#### INTIMIDATOR SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION

More consistent control of broadleaf and grass weeds may be obtained by an early preplant (surface-applied or shallow incorporated) application of INTIMIDATOR, followed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use a minimum of 0 75 lb Al/A of Mad Dog or Makaze

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Do not use on sand soils On coarse-textured soils do not use on loamy sand soils with less than 2% organic matter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium-textured soils in some regions of the U.S. When using INTIMIDATOR, treat this soil as fine-textured

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Follow regional use rate restrictions above In Regions 2, 3 and 4, apply INTIMIDATOR in alternate years only. In years when INTIMIDATOR cannot be applied, a product such as Matador may be used. The rotation restrictions in **Table 9** must be observed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>On soils with pH above 7 0, soybean injury caused by the metribuzin in this product may occur at rates higher than 2 5 pt/A. To avoid injury, do not use this product at rates greater than 2 5 pt/A on soils above pH 7 0.

by a second preemergence application after planting but before soybean emergence. A sequential application will decrease the need for tillage and/or burndown herbicides for the control of existing vegetation before planting, while providing residual control of weeds after planting.

#### **Application**

An early preplant application may be made 15 to 30 days before planting soybeans Follow this application with a preemergence overlay application of INTIMIDATOR after planting but before crop emergence. Follow directions on this label for sequential applications from 0 to 14 days before planting.

Where a rate range is recommended use the higher rates

- In fields with a history of severe weed pressure
- When the time between early preplant and preemergence overlay applications approaches the maximum 30 days
- When the organic matter content of the soil is over 3%
- When heavy crop residues are present on the soil surface

When weeds exceed 1 0 to 1 5 inches in height or diameter at application, use a burndown herbicide such as Mad Dog Makaze Gramoxone Inteon® or Whiteout 2 4-D

#### **Weeds Controlled**

In addition to weeds controlled by INTIMIDATOR alone the sequential application improves control of the following annual broadleaf weeds buffalobur, cocklebur common ragweed, velvetleaf, and sunflower

TABLE 8 INTIMIDATOR SEQUENTIAL USE RATES FOR REDUCED-TILL AND NO-TILL SYSTEMS (BROADCAST RATES)

Soil Texture <sup>1</sup>	Early Preplant Application INTIMIDATOR (pints per acre) <sup>2</sup>	-Followed By -	Preemergence Overlay Application INTIMIDATOR (pints per acre) <sup>2</sup>
COARSE <sup>1</sup> (Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam)	1 9 to 2 8	-followed by -	0 4 to 1 4
MEDIUM (Loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, silt, sandy clay)	2 4 to 3 2	-followed by -	0 9 to 1 9
FINE (Silty clay loam <sup>3</sup> clay loam, silty clay clay)	2 8 to 4 1	-followed by -	1 4 to 2 4

<sup>1</sup>On coarse-textured soils, do not use on sandy soils with less than 1% organic matter. However, on coarse-textured soils with a calcareous surface area or a pH of 7.5 or higher, do not use on sandy soils with less than 2% organic matter, or on loamy sand or sandy loam soils with less than 1% organic matter.

#### **CROP ROTATION INTERVALS**

Only rotational crops harvested at maturity may be used for feed or food Do not graze rotated small grain crops or harvest forage or straw for livestock

TABLE 9 CROP ROTATION INTERVALS

CROP	Crop	CROP	Crop
	Rotation Intervals		Rotation Intervals
Barley, Spring	8	Rice	10
Barley Winter	4 5	Rye	12
Cotton	12	Sorghum <sup>2</sup>	18
Field Corn	10	Soybeans	0
Field Corn (Seed)	10	Sweet corn <sup>1</sup>	10
Peas	10	Wheat Spring	8
Popcorn	12	Wheat , Winter	4 5
-	-	Other Crops not listed	18

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Use 18-month minimum rotation interval for sweet corn in the states of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts New Hampshire, New York Rhode Island and Vermont

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Total not to exceed 4 48 pints of INTIMIDATOR per acre per use season Follow regional use rate restrictions above In Regions 2, 3 and 4, apply INTIMIDATOR in alternate years only. In years when INTIMIDATOR cannot be applied, a product such as Matador may be used. The rotation restrictions in **Table 9** must be observed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Silty clay loam soils are transitional soils and may be classified as medium-textured soils in some regions of the U.S. When using INTIMIDATOR, treat this soil as "fine-textured"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Sorghum may be planted back after 12 Months in Region 1

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE Store in a cool dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers food, and feed Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area. Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Absorb spilled material with absorbing type compounds and dispose of as directed below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away. Maintaining a spill kit and fire extinguisher on hand and having emergency phone numbers posted will allow you to be prepared for emergencies.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility

CONTAINER HANDLING Nonrefillable container Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at 1-877-952-2272 or www acrecycle org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning If burned, stay out of smoke

For nonrefiliable containers up to 5 gallons Triple rinse as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap Shake for 10 seconds Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Repeat this procedure two more times Pressure rinse as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 18 PSI for at least 30 seconds Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip

For nonrefillable containers greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons. Triple rinse as follows. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows. Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container.

upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 18 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip

For nonrefiliable containers greater than 56 gallons. To clean the container before final disposal empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers from 55 to 330 gallons. Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Offer for recycling or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC – 1-800-424-9300

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