

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

December 21, 2022

Marcia Trostle Senior Advisor – Chemistry Registration Loveland Products Inc. P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286

Subject: Registration Review Label Amendments Incorporating Mitigation Measures from the Interim Decisions for Bromoxynil and MCPA and the National Marine Fisheries Services' (NMFS) Biological Opinion on the Effects of Bromoxynil on Pacific Salmonids *Product Name*: BROMAC ADVANCED *EPA Registration Number*: 34704-1052 *Application Dates*: 3/23/2020, 12/3/2020, and 9/2/2021 *Decision Numbers*: 560956, 568640, and 588755

Dear Marcia Trostle:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Bromoxynil and MCPA Interim Decisions. The Agency has concluded that your submission is acceptable.

This letter also addresses the label mitigation resulting from the NMFS' Biological Opinion on the effects of Bromoxynil on Pacific salmonids. The Agency has concluded that your submission is also acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

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A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Quinn Gavin at <u>gavin.quinn@epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

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Linda Arrington, Branch Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4 Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

Bromoxynil	GROUP	6	HERBICIDE
МСРА	GROUP	4	HERBICIDE



SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

FOR THE CONTROL OF CERTAIN BROADLEAF WEEDS IN WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE, GRASSES **GROWN FOR SEED AND SOD PRODUCTION, AND FLAX**

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Octanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile)	
Heptanoic acid ester of bromoxynil* (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile)	
2-ethylhexyl ester of MCPA**	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL	

Contains petroleum distillates.

* Equivalent to or not less than 2.5 pounds bromoxynil per gallon.

** Equivalent to or not less than 2.5 pounds MCPA acid per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For Additional Precautionary Statements, Complete First Aid, Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and Other Use Information, See Inside This Label Booklet.

	FIRST AID						
lf	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.						
swallowed:							
	 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. 						
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 						
If on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.						
or clothing:							
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.						
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.						
_	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.						
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.						
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.						
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth- to- mouth, if possible. 						
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.						

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center, or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL 1-866-944-8565. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

ACCEPTED
Dec 21, 2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 34704-1052

EPA REG. NO. 34704-1052 EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-001 NET CONTENTS 1.0 GAL (3.78 L)

202003 RR

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or chewing tobacco. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Shoes plus socks, and
- Waterproof gloves

In addition to the above, mixers, loaders and cleaners must wear:

• A chemical resistant apron.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements: If you will handle a total of 48.0 gallons or more of this product per day, you must use a mechanical transfer system for all mixing and loading operations. If this product is packaged in a 30.0 gallon or larger container, you must use a mechanical transfer system which terminates in a drip-free hard coupling which may be used only with a spray or mix tank which has been fitted with a compatible coupling. If you do not presently own or have access to a mechanical transfer system with this type of coupling, contact your dealer for information on how to obtain such a system or to modify your present system. When using a mechanical transfer system, do not remove or disconnect the pump or probe from the container until the container has been emptied and rinsed. The pump or probe system must be used to rinse the empty container and to transfer the rinsate directly to the mixing or spray tank.

Application from a tractor with a completely enclosed cab or aerial application is required whenever this product is applied to 360 or more acres in a day. The closed systems and enclosed cabs must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Enclosed Cockpits Engineering Controls: Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 1 70.240(d)(6)].

Handlers must use closed mixing loading systems during mixing/loading liquids for aerial applications to fallow land and high-acreage field crops.

To reduce exposure to residues, wash the spray rig, tractor, and all other equipment used to handle or apply this product with water daily or before using the equipment for any other purpose.

APPLICATION BY CHEMIGATION must be done by fixed pipe, overhead sprinkler systems or hand moved pipe. If hand moved pipe is used for chemigation, the pipe must not be handled in any way until 24 hours after chemigation has been completed and residues have been flushed from the system. When applying by chemigation, no person may enter the application site unless in an enclosed vehicle.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Aerial application is prohibited within 300 feet of residential areas (e.g., homes, schools, playgrounds, shopping areas, hospitals, etc.).

Aerial application to fallow land is prohibited within 25 feet of residential areas (e.g., homes, schools, playgrounds, shopping areas, hospitals, etc.).

Do not apply with backpack or hand-held application equipment.

Apply to non-residential turf only. Do not apply to residential, playground, or schoolyard turf.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- $\bullet Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.$
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and wildlife and may be toxic to aquatic invertebrates and aquatic plants. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water.

This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application.

A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of MCPA from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Non-target Organism advisory statement: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call **1-800-222-1222**.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

NOTICE: This product contains low volatile isooctyl ester of MCPA. At high air or ground surface temperatures, vapors from this product may cause injury to susceptible plants. This fact should be considered when applying this product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Endangered Species Protection Requirements: It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in an unauthorized "take" (e.g., kill or otherwise harm) of an endangered species and certain threatened species, under the Endangered Species Act section 9. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product. To obtain Bulletins, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/, call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov. You must use the Bulletin valid for the month in which you will apply the product.

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING. Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons and pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

RESTRICTIONS:

Handlers must use closed mixing loading systems during mixing/loading liquids for aerial applications to fallow land and highacreage field crops.

Aerial application to fallow land is prohibited within 25 feet of residential areas (e.g., homes, schools, playgrounds, shopping areas, hospitals, etc.).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated crops during the restricted entry interval (REI).

For all crops except grass, the REI is 24 hours.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 2 days for grass.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls,
- Shoes plus socks, and
- Waterproof gloves, and
- Protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box only apply to use of this product on non-residential turfgrass areas that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate of octanoic acid and heptanoic acid esters of bromoxynil containing the equivalent of 2.5 pounds of bromoxynil per gallon and 2.5 pounds per gallon of isooctyl ester of MCPA.

This product is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of important broadleaf weeds infesting wheat, barley, oats, rye, flax, and grass grown for sod. Optimum weed control is obtained when this product is applied to actively growing weed seedlings. This product is primarily a contact herbicide, therefore thorough coverage of the weed seedlings is essential for optimum control.

This product has little residual activity. Therefore, subsequent flushes of weeds will not be controlled by the initial treatment. Generally, crops that form a good canopy will help shade subsequent weed flushes.

Occasional transitory leaf burn may occur. The temporary leaf burn is similar to that seen with liquid fertilizer. Because the activity of this product is mainly contact, recovery of the crop is generally rapid with no lasting effect. Frequency and amount of leaf burn may be greater when crops are stressed by abrasive winds, cool to cold evening temperatures or mechanical injury, such as that caused by hail, sleet or insect feeding. To reduce the potential for temporary leaf burn, applications should be made to dry foliage in the listed spray volumes per acre when weather conditions are not extreme.

Restriction:

For crops on this label or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30-day PBI (Plantback Interval). For all other crops, there is a 60-day PBI.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

MODE OF ACTION (MOA)

Bromac Advanced herbicide is a mixture of the active ingredients bromoxynil and MCPA.

• Bromoxynil is a nitrile herbicide (Group 6 mode of action) inhibiting photosynthesis.

• MCPA is a synthetic auxin (Group 4 mode of action).

Contact your local extension agent, crop advisor, or sales representative to find out if suspected resistant weeds to these MOAs

have been found in your region. Do not assume that each listed weed is being controlled by multiple mechanisms of action. Coformulated active ingredients are intended to broaden the spectrum of weeds that are controlled. Some weeds may be controlled by only one of the active ingredients in this product.

A given weed population may contain or develop resistance to an herbicide or herbicide MOA after repeated use. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed to mitigate or delay resistance. If levels of control provided by applications of this product is reduced, and cannot be accounted for by factors such as misapplication, abnormal levels of target species or extremes of weather, it may be the case that target species have developed a strain resistant to applications of this product. Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
- A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

If resistance develops, this product may not provide sufficient control of target species. Where you suspect target species are developing resistance, contact State/local agricultural advisors. Integrated weed management guidelines promote an economically viable, environmentally sustainable, and socially acceptable weed control program regardless of the herbicide(s) used. The highlights of successful integrated weed management include:

- 1. Correctly identify weeds and look for trouble areas within field to identify resistance indicators.
- 2. Rotate crops.
- 3. Start the growing season with clean fields.
- 4. Rotate herbicide modes of action by using multiple modes of action during the growing season and apply no more than 2 applications of a single herbicide mode of action to the same field in a 2-year period. One method to accomplish this is to rotate herbicide tolerant trait systems.
- 5. Apply listed rates of herbicides to actively growing weeds at the correct time with the right application techniques.
- 6. Control any weeds that may have escaped the herbicide application.
- 7. Thoroughly clean field equipment between fields.
- 8. Scout before and after application.

Contact your local agronomic advisor for more specific information on integrated weed management for your area. Users should report lack of performance to registrant or their representative. For mixtures including this herbicide note that each listed weed may not be controlled by multiple mechanisms of action. Refer to crop specific directions (below) for maximum application rates and number of applications.

MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

2.5 Gallon Containers

Take special care in mixing and loading this product. Hands should be placed on the container in such a way as to avoid possible drip or splash.

Bulk Containers

If you will handle a total of 48.0 gallons or more of this product per day, you must use a mechanical transfer system for all mixing and loading operations. If this product is packaged in a 30.0 gallons or larger container, you must use a mechanical transfer system which terminates in a drip-free hard coupling which may be used only with a spray or mix tank which has been fitted with a compatible coupling. If you do not presently own or have access to a mechanical transfer system with this type of coupling, contact your dealer for information on how to obtain such a system or to modify your present system. When using a mechanical transfer system, do not remove or disconnect the pump or probe from the container until the container has been emptied and rinsed. The pump or probe system must be used to rinse the empty container and to transfer the rinsate directly to the mixing or spray tank.

THIS PRODUCT ALONE: Fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water. Begin agitation and add the specified amount of this product. Add water to the spray tank to the desired level. Maintain sufficient agitation to ensure a uniform spray mixture during application.

TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank-mixed with other pesticide products provided that these other products are registered for use on the crop/use site to be treated. The tank mix must be used in accordance with the more restrictive pesticide label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates may be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any

product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

This product can be applied in tank mixture with many other herbicides and insecticides registered for use on approved crops. Refer to the specific crop section for rate recommendations and other restrictions. To apply this product in mixture with another product, fill the spray tank 1/2 to 3/4 full of clean water and begin agitation. If tank mixing with wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable or dry flowable products, add the powder or flowable product first. After the other herbicide is thoroughly mixed with water add the specified amount of this product and add water to the spray tank to the desired level. If tank mixing with other product types, add this product first before adding the other product. Always mix one product in water thoroughly before adding another product or compatibility problems may occur.

Maintain sufficient agitation while mixing and during application to ensure a uniform spray mixture. If spray mixture is allowed to remain without agitation for short periods of time, be sure to agitate until uniformly mixed before application.

If tank mixing with products other than those listed within each crop section, a compatibility test is recommended to ensure satisfactory spray preparation. To test for compatibility, use a small container and mix a small amount (0.5 to 1.0 quart) of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. To ensure maximum crop safety and weed control follow the most restrictive of the labeling limitations and precautions of all products used in the tank mixture.

SPRAYABLE LIQUID FERTILIZERS AND SPRAY ADDITIVES

This product can be applied in combination with sprayable liquid fertilizer or spray additives such as surfactants or crop oil concentrate. When tank mixing with liquid fertilizer always adds the fertilizer to the spray tank first and agitate thoroughly before adding this product. Always predetermine the compatibility with liquid fertilizer by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. Agitation must be maintained during filling and application operations to ensure that this product is evenly mixed with the fertilizer. Leaf burn may occur when this product is applied with liquid fertilizer, but new leaves are not adversely affected.

NOTICE: Fertilizers and spray additives can increase foliage leaf burn when applied with this product. Do not apply fertilizers or spray additives with this product if leaf burn is a major concern due to environmental conditions, crop or variety sensitivity to this product. If this product is mixed with liquid fertilizer, the fertilizer should compose no more than 1/2 the total spray mix.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

This product can be applied to registered use areas by ground, aerial and sprinkler irrigation equipment.

GROUND APPLICATION

Select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure thorough and uniform spray coverage. For optimum spray distribution and thorough coverage use of flat fan nozzles spaced no more than 20 inches on the boom with a spray pressure of 40 to 50 psi. Nozzle types, nozzle spacings and lower spray pressures that produces coarse spray droplets may not provide adequate coverage of the weeds to ensure optimum control. Raindrop® nozzles and flood nozzles are not recommended as weed control with this product may be reduced. A spray volume of 10.0 to 20.0 gallons per acre (GPA) is required for optimum spray coverage. A maximum ground speed of 10 mph is suggested. Ground applications made when dry, dusty field conditions exist may provide reduced weed control in wheel track areas. Applications using less than 10.0 gallons per acre may result in reduced weed control.

When weed infestations are heavy, use of higher spray volumes will be helpful in obtaining uniform weed coverage. If you are unsure of the infestation level or size of crop, consult your local agronomist or extension service.

Use orifice discs, cores and nozzle types and arrangements that will provide for optimum spray distribution and maximum coverage. A minimum spray volume of 5 GPA and a maximum pressure of 40 psi. A minimum spray volume of 3.0 gallons per acre may be used if crop canopy and weed density allow adequate spray coverage. Aerial applications using less than 5.0 gallons of spray volume per acre may result in reduced weed control.

SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

This product can be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems to wheat, barley, oats, rye and grasses grown for sod. Apply this product through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, side (wheel) roll, solid set or hand move irrigation systems only. If hand moved pipe is used for chemigation, the pipe must not be handled in any way until 24 hours after chemigation has been completed and residues have been flushed from the system. When applying by chemigation, no person may enter the application site unless in an enclosed vehicle. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION THROUGH AUTOMATED SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEM

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Agitation is required in the pesticide supply tank when applying this product.
- 9. This product should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application with center pivot and continuous lateral move systems. Application of this product should be made during the last 30 to 45 minutes of the irrigation set with other overhead sprinkler systems.
- 10. For best performance, set the sprinkler system to deliver approximately 0.5 inch or less of water per acre.
- 11. Remove scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from the supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.
- 12. If this product is diluted in the supply tank, fill the tank with half of the water amount desired, add this product and then add remaining water amount with agitation. Always dilute with at least 4 parts water to 1 part this product.
- 13. Start the sprinklers and then inject this product into the irrigation line. This product should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line at least 8 feet ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. Refer to the section on APPLICATION RATES and timings in this label.

CHEMIGATION USE RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

Application of more than 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water may result in decreased product performance on certain soils. Do not apply when conditions favor drift, when system connections or fittings leak, or when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all the lines and nozzles before turning off irrigation water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operations, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

MANDATORYSPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Aerial Applications:

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572 and S641).
- The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75% of the length of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor diameter
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications:

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to select the nozzle and pressure that deliver a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572)
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

GENERAL WEED LIST

Postemergence application of this product will control the following weeds when sprayed in the seedling stage. Maximum weed stage of growth is listed. Weeds Germinating after spraying will not be controlled.

MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES

Annual sowthistle (Sonchus oleraceus) Black mustard (Brassica nigra) Black nightshade (Solanum nigrum) Common cocklebur (Xanthium strumarium) Common lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Common tarweed (Hemizonia congesta) Cow cockle (Saponaria vaccaria)

Cutleaf nightshade (Solanum triflorum) Eastern black nightshade (Solanum ptvcanthum) Coast fiddleneck (Amsinckia intermedia) Field pennycress (*Thlaspi arvense*) Green smartweed (*Polygonum scabrum*) Hairy nightshade (Solanum sarachoides) Horned poppy (*Glaucium corniculatum*) Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium) Ladysthumb (Polygonum persicaria) Lanceleaf sage (Salvia reflexa) London rocket (Sisymbrium irio) Marshelder (Iva xanthifolia) Pennsylvania smartweed (*Polygonumstrumarium*) Pepperweed spp. (*Lepidium* spp.) Redroot pigweed (*Amaranthus retroflexus*) Russian thistle (Salsola kali) Shepherdspurse (Capsella bursa-pastoris) Silverleaf nightshade (Solanum elaeagnifolium) Sunflower¹ (*Helianthus annuus*) Tall waterhemp (Amaranthus tuberculatus) Tartary buckwheat (*Fagopyrum tataricum*) Tumble mustard (Sisymbrium altissimum) Wild buckwheat (*Polygonum convolvulus*) Wild mustard (*Sinapis arvensis*) Yellow rocket (Barbarea vulgaris)

¹For control of sunflower, delay application until first sunflower seedlings emerging are 4 inches in height.

WEED SUPRESSION

Canada thistle (*Cirsuim arvense*) This product applied at 1-1/2 pints per acre provides burn down of top growth. Regrowth may occur. Make applications when Canada thistle is 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Refer to the tank mix instructions on this label for optimum suppression options.

SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES

Blue (purple) mustard (*Chlorispora tenella*) Common groundsel (Senecio vulgaris) Common ragweed (Ambrosia artemisiifolia) Corn chamomile (Anthemis arvensis) Corn gromwell (*Lithospermum arvense*) Fumitory (Fumaria officinalis) Giant ragweed (Ambrosia trifida) Hemp sesbania (Sesbania exaltata) Henbit (*Lamium amplexicaule*) Ivyleaf morningglory (*Ipomoea hederacea*) Knawel (Scleranthus annuus) Kochia (Kochia scoparia) Mayweed (Anthemis cotula) Prostrate knotweed (*Polygonum aviculare*) Puncture vine (*Tribulus terrestris*) Redroot pigweed (Amaranthus retroflexus) Smooth pigweed (*Amaranthus hybridus*) Spiny pigweed (*Amaranthus spinosus*) Tall morningglory (*Ipomoea purpurea*) Tall waterhemp (Amaranthus tuberculatus) Tansy mustard (Descurainia pinnata) Tarweed (Hemizonia spp.) Velvetleaf (Abution theophrasti) Wild radish (Raphanus raphanistrum)

Weeds germinating after spraying will not be controlled.

	WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE			
APPLICATIO		Coverage	APPLICATION TIMING A	ND SPECIFIC COMMENTS
Pts/A	FI Ozs/A	A/Gal	Сгор	Weeds
0.8	12.8	10.0	Fall seeded wheat, barley, oats	MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF
			and rye throughout the United	WEEDS: Apply to weeds up to the 8-
			States and spring seeded wheat,	leaf stage or 4 inches in height,
			barley, oats and ryeinID, OR, WA,	whichever comes first. If weed forms
			CO, WY and MT. Apply to wheat,	rosette, apply before weeds exceed
			barley, oats and rye from the 3-leaf	2 inches in diameter.
			stage but before the crop reaches	
1.2 to 1.6	19.2 to 25.6	6.7 to 5.0	the boot stage.	SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS:
				Applytoweedsuptothe4-leafstageor
				2 inches in height, whichever comes
			-	first. If weed forms rosette, apply
1.6	25.6	5.0		Apply to henbit, knawel and mayweed
				up to the 4-leaf stage or 2 inches in
				height, whichever comes first. Apply
				to kochia and tansy mustard for
				improved control when these weeds
				exceed the above listed stage of
0.8 to 1.2	10.0 to 10.0	10.0 40.0 7		arowth or are arowing under cool. drv
0.8 to 1.2	12.8 to 19.2	10.0 to 6.7	Spring seeded wheat and barley	MOST SUSCEPTIBLE AND SUSCEPTIBLE
			except ID, OR, WA, CO, MT and WY.	BROADLEAF WEEDS: Apply to
			Apply to wheat, barley, oats and rye	weeds that do not exceed the 8-leaf
			from the 3-leaf stage but before	stage or 4 inches in height, whichever
			the crop reaches the bootstage.	comes first.
			the drop reddied the bootstage.	If weed forms rosette, apply before
1.2 to	19.2 to 25.6	C Z to E O		
1.2 to 1.6	19.2 to 25.6	6.7 10 5.0	Spring seeded wheat and barley except ID, OR, WA, CO, MT and WY.	Apply to kochia that is 2 to 4 inches in height.
			Apply	
			to wheat, barley, oats and rye	
	05.0	5.0	from the 3-leaf stage but before	
Chemigation	25.0	5.0	Apply to wheat, barley, oats and	Apply to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and
Only 1.6			rye from the 3-leaf stage but before	SUSCEPTIBLE broadleaf weeds up
0.1			the boot stage. Apply through	to the 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter, whichever
			automated sprinkler irrigation systems with mechanical transfer	comes first.
			loading system only. See MIXING	
			LOADING AND HANDLING	
			INSTRUCTIONS section	
			for complete details.	
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WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE

				-
Post- harvest 0.6 to 1.6	9.6 to 25.6	13.3 to 5.0	Make applications following harvest of wheat, barley, oats and rye in the states of ND, SD, MN and MT. For crops on this label or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30-day PBI. For all other crops there is a 60-day PBI.	Apply 0.6 to 0.8 pt/A to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS up to the 8-leaf stage or 4 inches in height, whichever comes first. Apply 1.2 to 1.6 pts/A to SUSCEPTIBLE BROADLEAF WEEDS up to the 4-leaf stage or 2 inches in height, whichever comes first. For control of both grasses and broadleaf weeds, tank mix this product with labeled brands of glyphosate and 2,4-D.

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND RYE TANK MIXTURE INSTRUCTIONS

APPLICATIO	N RATES	Coverage	e APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS	
Product	Pts/A	FI Ozs/A	Crop	Weeds
Bromac® Advanced + MCPA ester	0.6 to 1.6 + Refer to label	9.6 to 25.6	Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 3-leaf stage, but before boot stage.	For control of MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE weeds and improved control of redroot pigweed and kochia. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and redroot pigweed up to 2 inches in height or diameter.
Bromac Advanced + Starane®	0.6 to 1.6 + Refer to label	9.6 to 25.6	Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley, oats and rye from the 2-leaf stage up to and including flag leaf emergence.	Enhances the control of kochia up to 4" (including ALS resistant). Apply to kochia up to 4 inches in height or diameter.
Bromac Advanced + 2,4-D ester	0.6 to 1.6 + Refer to label	9.6 to 25.6	Apply to spring seeded wheat, barley and rye after grain is fully tillered (usually about 4 to 8 inches high) but before it is forming joints in the stem. Do not apply to grain in boot to dough stage.	For control of MOST SUSCEPTIBLE and SUSCEPTIBLE weeds and improved control of redroot pigweed, wild buckwheat and kochia (including ALS- resistant weeds.). Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia and redroot pigweed up to 2 inches in height or diameter.

Bromac Advanced + Dicamba	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	FOR USE ON WHEAT ONLY. DO NOT TREAT BARLEY, OATS OR RYE. Fall seeded wheat from the 3-leaf stage but before jointing. Spring seeded wheat from the 3 to 5-leaf stage of growth.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaves such as prostrate knotweed and kochia (including ALS- resistant weeds). Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 3 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first. Apply to kochia up to 2 inches in height or diameter.
Bromac Advanced + Glean® (Refer to Glean label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3- leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Glean label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
Bromac Advanced + Finesse® (Refer to Finesse label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3- leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Finesse label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
Bromac Advanced + Ally® (Refer to Ally label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3- leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Ally label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
Bromac Advanced+ Peak® (Refer to Peak label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3- leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to Peak label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, tansy mustard and chickweed (including ALS- resistant weeds). Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
Bromac Advanced + Harmony® or Harmony GT (Refer to Harmony or Harmony GT label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Winter wheat. Apply from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to the Harmony or GT label for crop rotation and other restrictions. Spring wheat and barley. Apply from the 3-leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Spring oats. From the third leaf stage of crop, but before jointing. Refer to the Harmony or GT label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, chickweed and redroot pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or across, whichever comes first.

Bromac Advanced + Amber® (Refer to Amber label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3- leaf stage, but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to the Amber label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, tansy mustard, and pigweed. Apply to weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter, whichever comes first.
Bromac Advanced + Express® (Refer to the Express label for adjuvant instructions.)	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Wheat and barley. Apply from the 3- leaf stage but before the crop reaches the boot stage. Refer to the Express label for crop rotation and other restrictions.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as kochia, henbit, chickweed, redroot pigweed and suppression of Canada thistle. Apply to annual weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or across, whichever comes first and to Canada thistle 4 to 8 inches tall with 2 to 6 inches of new growth.
Bromac Advanced + Curtail® or Curtail M	0.6 to 1.2 + Refer to label Refer to label	9.6 to 19.2	Apply to wheat and barley after the crop begins to tiller up to the 1st node detectable.	This tank mix improves suppression of Canada thistle. Apply to annual broadleaf weeds up to the 8-leaf stage, 4 inches in height or 2 inches in diameter and to Canada thistle in the rosette to prebud stage.
Bromac Advanced + Metribuzin	0.8 + Refer to label	12.8	Winter wheat in ID, OR and WA. Apply in spring after growth has started and secondary roots with a minimum of 3 to 4 tillers have been established, but before the forming of joints in the stem. Avoid application when crop has experienced winter kill, frost damage, disease or drought.	This tank mix improves control of broadleaf weeds such as chickweed, filaree, henbit. Apply to weeds up to the 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or diameter, whichever comes first. A recognized authority should be consulted concerning the use of this mixture in your area.
Bromac Advanced + Puma®	0.8 + Refer to label 1.2 +	12.8	Apply to wheat and barley from the 3- leaf stage, but before boot stage. No closer than 60 days prior to harvest in MN, MT, ND nd SD, and no closer to a harvest than 70 days in all other states. Do not use this tankmix on two-row malting barley. For use on winter wheat only in the states of WA, OR, and Northern ID.	This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds, green foxtail and foxtail millet. If the higher Puma rate is used, additional grasses controlled include wild oats and barnyard grass. Yellow foxtail will be suppressed.
Bromac Advanced + Discover®	Refer to label 0.6 to 1.6 + Refer to label	9.6 to 25.6	Refer to the Discover label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information.	Increase the rate of Bromac Advanced as the broadleaf weed size increases. Use minimum spray volume of 10.0 GPA by ground and 5.0 GPA by air.
Bromac Advanced + Everest®	0.8 + Refer to label	12.8	Refer to the Everest label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information.	This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds, green foxtail and foxtail millet.

Bromac Advanced + Maverick®	0.8 to 1.6 + Refer to label	12.8 to 25.6	Refer to the Maverick label for proper rates, crops, adjuvants, rotation restrictions and application timing information.	This tank mix will control broadleaf weeds plus grasses as listed on the Maverick label
+	+ Refer to label		rotation restrictions and	

RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

RESTRICTIONS: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Rye

- Do not spray grain in the boot to dough stage.
- Do not graze treated fields within 45 days after application.
- Do not apply more than 1.6 pints (0.5 lb bromoxynil, 0.5 lb MCPA) of this product per acre per year.
- For crops on this label or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30-day PBI. For all other crops, there is a 60-day PBI.

PRECAUTIONS: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Rye

- Reduced weed control may occur when weeds are stressed from lack of moisture or cold temperatures.
- Refer to labels of products used in tank mixture for additional restrictions and precautions.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED OR SOD PRODUCTION BROMAC ADVANCED INSTRUCTIONS

APPLICATION RATES		APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC	COMMENTS
Pts/A	Per 1000 Sq Ft	Crop	Weeds
0.8 to 1.6	0.3 to 0.6 fl oz	Apply to established and newly seeded grasses grown for sod production before the boot stage. Established grasses tolerant to this product include bentgrasses, Kentucky bluegrass, fescues, ryegrass, Bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass and zoysiagrass. This product may also be used on seedling grasses such as Merion, Park, Delta or common Kentucky bluegrasses, Pennlawn, Chewings, Illahee or Alta fescues, Orchard grass, Highland, Seaside or Astoria bentgrasses, perennial ryegrasses, bahiagrass and zoysiagrass.	Refer to the GENERAL WEEDLIST for a listing of susceptible broadleaf weeds. Optimal control will be attained when weeds are treated in the seedling stage (less than 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter).
Chemigation only 1.6	0.6 fl oz	Apply to established and newly seeded grasses grown for sod production before the boot stage. Apply through automated sprinkler irrigation systems with mechanical transfer loading system only. See MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS section for complete details. Refer to the list of established grasses that are tolerant to this product.	

RESTRICTIONS: Grasses grown for seed or sod production

- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or feed treated grasses to livestock.
- Do not apply this product to grasses grown for seed or sod production with backpack or hand-held application equipment.
- For crops on this label or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30-day PBI. For all other crops, there is a 60-day PBI.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pounds active ingredient per acre per year of MCPA from all combined sources.
- Do not apply more than 2 applications per year with a minimum retreatment interval of 21 days.
- Do not exceed 1.6 pints (0.5 lb bromoxynil, 0.5 lb MCPA) of this product per acre per growing season.
- Do not apply this product to golf course turf.

FLAX (Linum usitatissimum only) BROMAC ADVANCED INSTRUCTIONS

APPLICATION RATES		ATES	APPLICATION TIMING AND SPECIFIC COMMENTS	
Pints/A	FI Ozs/A	Acres/Gal	Crop	Weeds
0.7	11.0	11.0	Apply to flax that is 2 to 8 inches in height. Do not apply this product to flax during or after the bud stage.	Apply to MOST SUSCEPTIBLE weeds that do not exceed the 4-leaf stage, 2 inches in height or 1 inch in diameter, whichever comes first.

• HIGHER SPRAY VOLUMES OF 15.0 TO 20.0 GALLONS PER ACRE WILL DECREASE POTENTIAL FOR FLAX INJURY.

RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS RESTRICTIONS: Flax (*Linum usitatissium* only)

• Do not use on ornamental flax.

• For crops on this label or crops with an established MCPA tolerance, there is a 30-day PBI. For all other crops, there is a 60-day PBI.

• Do not apply more than 0.72 pint of this product (0.25 lb MCPA and 0.25 lb Bromoxynil) per acre per year **PRECAUTIONS: Flax (***Linum usitatissium* only)

• Do not apply if temperatures are expected to exceed 85 °F at or 3 days following application or crop injury may occur.

• Unacceptable crop injury may occur following product application to flax grown on high organic, peat type soils.

• Application under high humidity conditions can injure flax.

• Unless otherwise instructed, do not apply this product to flax with crop oil concentrate, surfactants or nitrogen solutions.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store at temperatures below 100 °F. If allowed to freeze, remix before using.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if

allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 50 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 50 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system

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