



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511C) 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, DC 20460

EPA Reg. Number: 34704-1039

Date of Issuance:

OCT 08 2009

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

First Choice Phortress Fungicide

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Loveland Products, Inc.

P.O. Box 1286

Greeley, Co 80632-1286

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This registration does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of the pesticide. If EPA determines at any time, that additional data are required to maintain in effect an existing registration, the Agency will require submission of such data under section 3(c)(2)(B) of FIFRA. This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA Sec. 3(c)(5) provided you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 34704-1039.
- 3. Submit within 1 year after the Date of Registration acceptable data packages for Guideline Studies: Storage Stability study (OPTS GLN: 830.6317) and Corrosion Characteristics study (OPTS GLN: 830.6320) for this product.
- 4. Submit two (2) copies of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the A-79 enclosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Signature of Approving Official:

10-8-09

Michael McDavit, Associate Director,

Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division

EPA Form 8570-6

ACCEPTED

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 34704-1039



pHortress FUNGICIDE

A Systemic Fungicide for Control and Suppression of Downy Mildew, Phytophthora, Pythium and Other Diseases on Tree and Vine Crops, Vegetable Crops, Field Crops and Ornamentals and Turfgrass

READ ENTIRE CONTAINER LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

- ** Contains 5.4 lbs mono potassium phosphate per gallon.
- * Contains 3.9 lbs mono potassium phosphite per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

First Aid

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferable mouth to mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

For Emergency Medical Response and Hazard communications Only, Call the National Poison Control Center at (800) 222-1222.

EPA REG. NO. **34704-RNGO**

EPA EST. NO. 11656-CA-XX

Manufactured by: Loveland Products, Inc. P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286 1-888-574-2878

Net Contents: 2.5 Gallons

Net Weight: 13.8 lbs/gallon

Batch code:

First Choice® is a registered TM of Western Farm Service, Inc.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye and skin irritation. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wear chemical resistant gloves and protective eyewear.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective evewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and was PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements: When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from the areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not use in a manner or at a time other than in accordance with label directions because animal, plant or crop injury, or other undesirable results may occur.

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

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Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for the early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- 1. Coveralls
- 2. Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- 3. Shoes plus socks
- 4. Protective eyewear

CHEMIGATION

Apply this product only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, end tow, traveler, big gun, plastic solid set, drip, microjet, or plastic hand move sprinkler irrigations systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS:

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water system must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone (RPZ) backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and

connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or, in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

For fixed position irrigation systems, apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. Apply the pesticide continuously through irrigation systems that move and do not irrigate the same or fixed area during the irrigation cycle. Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

SPRINKLER AND DRIP CHEMIGATION: The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Use a pesticide supply tank that is equipped with a means for continuous agitation either by recirculation or a mechanical agitator. Charge the supply tank with the appropriate amount of water and add the pesticide slowly followed by any sticker-spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. Observe all directions, cautions and limitations on the label of the product(s) being mixed.

Apply the pesticide towards the end of the irrigation period. Exact timing will depend on the desired pesticide application rate and calibration of the system. Complete the pesticide injection in sufficient time to allow the pesticide to be completely flushed out of the irrigation system before the system is shut down.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

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General: FIRST CHOICE pHortress is a systemic product which contains phophorus acid and is applied by sprinkler/drip irrigation or as a foliar spray (aerial and ground) for control and suppression of downy mildew, *Phytophthora* spp., *Phythium* spp. and other diseases. Phosphorus acid is effective in prevention and control of diseases by activation of the plants' natural resistance mechanism. FIRST CHOICE pHortress is intented for use as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) program. In order to achieve maximum results with FIRST CHOICE pHortress, apply before the appearance of the disease or when disease is first observed. Applications are to be initiated when environmental conditions are favorable for disease development. The preharvest interval is 0 days for this product.

FIRST CHOICE pHortress may be applied alone or in tank mixes containing other pesticides. However, when use of an unfamiliar mix is made, a compatibility test is always recommended. FIRST CHOICE pHortress can be applied by sprinkler/drip irrigation or foliar sprays. For foliar sprays, apply with sufficient water volumes to adequately cover the foliage based on crop and growth state. Foliage must be thoroughly covered with spray for best results. Dense leaf canopies can prevent adequate spray coverage. Do not exceed the use rates or apply more frequently than the specified interval, or phytotoxicity can occur.

Mixing Directions: Add approximately ½ water to tank before adding FIRST CHOICE pHortress. Agitate thoroughly while adding remaining water. Failure to maintain agitation will cause FIRST CHOICE pHortress to settle and may necessitate manual stirring to re-disperse. If used in combination with other pesticides, add the other pesticides to the tank last. Spray immediately after mixing. Do not store mixed solution. Note: FIRST CHOICE pHortress may be mixed with lower rates of low biuret urea, as indicated by the biuret urea use directions.

Application Information: Apply the rate of FIRST CHOICE pHortress listed in the tables when directed. When disease pressure is low, use low per acre rates early in the season. The per acre rate must be increased as disease pressure increases.

- 1. <u>Air Application Water Volume</u>: <u>Orchards</u> apply in no less than 10 gallons of water per acre; <u>All</u> other applications Apply in 5 to 20 gallons of water per acre.
- 2. <u>Ground Application (Concentrate) Water Volume</u>: <u>Orchards</u> Apply in 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre; <u>All other applications</u> Apply in no less than 5 gallons of water per acre.
- 3. <u>Ground Application (Dilute) Water Volume</u>: <u>Orchards</u> Apply in 50 to 800 gallons of water per acre; <u>All other applications</u> Apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre.

FIRST CHOICE pHortress has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a large variety of crops under various normal field conditions. However, testing all crop varieties, in all mixtures and combinations is not feasible. We recommend testing for phytotoxicity a small portion of the area to be treated, prior to treating the entire area.

<u>Compatibility</u>: FIRST CHOICE phortress is compatible with most pesticides and can applied in existing spray programs. When using a chemical mixture that has not been used before, always try a small sample rate before application, or check compatibility by doing a jar test. Adhere to pesticide manufacturer's product label directions regarding appropriate pH range. It is recommended that tank-mix combinations be used on a small number of plants before treating large areas, as crop sensitivity to these mixtures may vary.

Use Notes:

- Do not use FIRST CHOICE pHortress with copper sprays as phytotoxicity can occur. Wait at least 20 days before making an application to crops that received a copper spray unless instructed to do so by a crop consultant.
- 2. When using this product with combinations of other pesticide and surfactants, test mixture for phytotoxicity on a small portion of the fruiting crop.

- 3. Use minimum effective rates of stickers during ripening.
- 4. Do not use high analysis organo silicones or high analysis non-ionics during ripening.
- 5. Avoid application to fruit at elevated temperatures (>95°F).
- 6. Avoid applications to crops under environmental stress or pest pressure.
- 7. Maximum effectiveness will be obtained when applied early in the morning or after dusk.

TREE & VINE CROPS

| | IREE & VINE CROPS | | | |
|---|--|-----------|--|--|
| CROP | DISEASE | RATE/ACRE | TIMING OF APPLICATIONS | |
| Avocado | Phytophthora spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Up to four preventative foliar applications may be made per year at an interval of 4 to 8 weeks starting at the beginning of the growing season. Chemigation. Apply once in the spring, summer and fall. | |
| | Downy mildew | | Ground application. Apply when the disease is first observed and repeat applications at 2 to 3 week intervals. Apply to thoroughly wet foliage. Do not apply more than 4 times during a cropcycle. | |
| Citrus Fruits (Including, but not limited to Calamondin, Citron, Citrus Hybrids [Chironja, Tangelo, Tangor], Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Orange [Sour], Orange [Sweet], Pummelo and Satsuma Mandarin) | <i>Phytophthora</i> spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Make preventative foliar applications 3 to 4 times during the spring, summer and fall when conditions for disease development are favorable. Spray to thoroughly wet foliage. Chemigation. Apply with regular scheduled irrigations at the foliar application timings above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. | |
| | Suppression of Pre-harvest blue and green mold | | Ground application. Make one application 2 to 4 weeks prior to harvest. Fruit must be thoroughly covered with spray for best results. | |
| Pome Fruits (Including, but not limited to Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental Pear and | Phytophthora and Pythium spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin foliar applications after trees are established and from first leaf flush when conditions are favorable for disease development. | |
| Quince) | Suppression of fire blight, blister spot, blue and green mold | | Apply at 2 to 4 week intervals except when disease pressure is high and then apply at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not make more than 4 applications | |

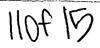
| | Downy mildew | | per crop cycle. <u>Chemigation</u> . Apply with scheduled irrigations on the same schedule as foliar applications above. Do not make more than 4 applications per crop cycle. |
|---|--|-----------|--|
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the first onset of disease development and repeat applications at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
| Grapes | Phytophthora and Pythium spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin applications in the Spring at the 4 to 6 inch shoot stage. Continue applications at 1 to 2 week intervals until flowering. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Begin applications at bud break with additional applications made throughout the season. Use higher rates and volumes based on disease severity and density of canopy. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
| Stone Fruits (Including, but not limited to Apricot, Cherry [Tart, Sweet], Nectarine, Peach, Plum [Chickasaw, Damson, Japanese], Plumcot and Prune) | Phytophthora and Pythium spp. Suppression of bacterial diseases including fire blight | 2 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin preventative foliar applications after trees are established and from first leaf flush when conditions are favorable for disease development. Apply at 2 to 4 week intervals except when disease pressure is high and then apply at 2 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not make more than 4 applications per crop cycle. Chemigation. Apply with scheduled irrigations on the same schedule as foliar applications above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply foliar sprays at the first onset of disease development and repeat applications at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
| Kiwi, Olives and Tree Nuts (Including, but not limited to Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, | Phytophthora and Pythium spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin applications after trees are established and from first leaf flush when conditions |

| Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory Nut, Macademia Nut, Pecan, Pistachio and Walnut) | | are favorable for disease development. Apply at 2 to 4 week intervals except when disease pressure is high and then apply at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not make more than 4 applications per crop cycle. Chemigation. Apply with scheduled irrigations on the same schedule as foliar applications above. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
|---|--------------|---|
| Ý | Downy mildew | Air and ground application. Apply at the first onset of disease development and repeat applications at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 4 times per crop cycle. |

VEGETABLE CROPS

| VEGETABLE CROPS | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| CROP | Disease | RATE/ACRE | TIMING OF APPLICATIONS | |
| Brassica (Cole) Leafy | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin | |
| Vegetables | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | | applications after plant establishment | |
| (Including, but not limited to | • | | and conditions favor disease | |
| Broccoli, Broccoli Raab [Rapini], | | | development. Apply at 1 to 3 week | |
| Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, | Suppression of | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray | |
| Chinese Broccoli [Gai Ion], | Bacterial | | coverage is required. Do not apply | |
| Chinese Cabbage [Bok Choy, | Diseases | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. | |
| Napa], Chinese Mustard Cabbage | | | <u>Chemigation</u> . Apply with normal | |
| [Gai Choy], Cauliflower, Cavalo | - | | irrigation schedule as stated above. Do | |
| Broccolo, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, | | | not apply more than 6 times per crop | |
| Mizunna, Mustard Greens, | | | cycle. | |
| Mustard Spinach and Rape | | | | |
| Greens) | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the | |
| | | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to | |
| | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray | |
| | | | coverage is required. Do not apply | |
| | | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. | |
| Bulb Vegetables | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin | |
| (Including, but not limited to | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | · | applications after plant establishment | |
| Garlic, Leek, Onion [Dry Bulb and | | • | and conditions favor disease | |
| Green], Onion [Welch] and | | | development. Apply at 1 to 2 week | |
| Shallot) | | | intervals as needed. Thorough coverage | |
| | Suppression of | | is required. Do not apply more than 6 | |
| ** | Bacterial | | applications per crop cycle. | |
| | Diseases | | <u>Chemigation</u> . Apply with normal | |
| | | | irrigation schedule as stated above. Do | |
| | | | not apply more than 6 times per crop | |
| | | | cycle. | |
| | | | | |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the | |
| | <u> </u> | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to | |

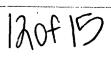
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| | | | 3 week intervals as needed. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Cucurbit Vegetables (Including, but not limited to Chayote [Fruit], Chinese | Phytophthora and Pythium spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin applications after plant establishment and conditions favor disease |
| Waxgourd, Citron Melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd | | | development. Apply at 1 to 3 week intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| [Edible, including Hyotan, Cucuzza, Hechima, Chinese Okra], Momordica spp. [Balsam Apple, Balsam Pear, Bitter Melon, | | · | coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. Chemigation. Apply with normal irrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| Chinese Cucumber], Muskmelon [includes Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw Melon, Golden Pershaw | | | not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle. |
| Melon, Honeydew Melon, HoneyBalls, Mango Melon, Persian Melon, Pineapple Melon, Santa Claus Melon, Snake Melon], Pumpkin, Summer and Winter Squash, Watermelon) | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Fruiting Vegetables (Including, but not limited to | Phytophthora and Pythium spp. | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin applications after plant establishment |
| Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper [Bell, Chili, Cooking, Pimento, Sweet], Tomatillo and | | | and conditions favor disease development. Apply at 1 to 3 week intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Tomato) | Suppression of Bacterial Diseases | | coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. Chemigation. Apply with normal irrigation schedule as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle. |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Leafy Vegetables | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Including, but not limited to Amaranth, Arugala [Roquette], Cardoon, Celery, Celery | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | | applications after plant establishment and conditions favor disease development. Apply at 1 to 3 week |
| [Chinese], Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum ([Edible leaved, Garland], Corn Salad, Cress | | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| [Garden, Upland], Dandelion, Dock [Sorrel], Endive [Escarole], Fennel [Florence], Lettuce [Head and Leaf], Orach, Parsley, | | | Chemigation. Apply with normal irrigation schedule as stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle. |
| Purslane [Garden, Winter], | | | |
| Radicchio [Red Chicory], Rhubarb, Spinach, Spinach [New | Downy mildew | ***** | Air and ground application. Apply at the first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |



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| Zealand and Vine], Swiss Chard) | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| | | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Legume Vegetables | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Succulent or Dried) | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | | applications after plant establishment |
| (Including, but not limited to | | | and conditions favor disease |
| Beans [Lupins, All Types], Beans | | | development. Apply at 1 to 3 week |
| [Field, Kidney, Lima, Navy, Pinto, | Suppression of | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Runner, Snap, Tepary, Wax], | Fusarium and | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| Beans [Adzuki, Asparagus, | Rhizoctonia | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Blackeyed Pea, Catjang, Chinese | | | Chemigation. Apply with normal |
| Longbean, Cowpea, Crowder Pea, | | | irrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| Moth, Mung, Rice, Southern Pea, | | | not apply more than 6 times per crop |
| Urd, Yardlong], Broad Bean | | | cycle. |
| [Fava], Chickpea [Garbanzo], | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | | |
| Guar, Jackbean, Lablab Bean | Downy mildew | • | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| [Hyacinth Bean], Lentil, Pea | | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| [Dwarf, Edible-Pod, English, Field, | , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| Garden, Green, Snow, Sugar, | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| Snap], Pigeon Pea, Soybean and | | . , | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Sword Bean). | | | |
| Root and Tuber Vegetables | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Including, but not limited to | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | | applications after plant establishment |
| Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke | • | | and conditions favor disease |
| [All Types], Beet [All Types], | | | development. Apply at 2 to 3 week |
| Burdock, Canna [Edible], Carrot, | · | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Cassava [Bitter, Sweet], Celeriac | Suppression of | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| [Celery Root], Chayote [Root], | foliar and | , | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Chervil [Turnip-Rooted], Chicory, | bacterial | | Chemigation. Apply with normal |
| Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, | diseases | | irrigation schedule as stated above |
| Horeseradish, Leren, Parsley | | | beginning at the 4 to 6 true leaf stage. |
| [Turnip-Rooted], Parsnip, Potato, | * | | Do not apply more than 6 times per |
| Radish [All Types], Rutabaga, | : | | crop cycle. |
| Salify [All Types], Skirret, Sweet | | | |
| Potato, Tanier, Turmeric, Turnip, | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| Yam [All Types]. | | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| . <u></u> | | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |

FIELD CROPS

| CROP | Disease | RATE/ACRE | TIMING OF APPLICATIONS |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|---|
| Berries | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Including, but not limited to | and Pythium spp. | | applications in the spring after bud- |
| Blackberry [includes Bingleberry, | | | break (1 to 3 inches of new growth) and |
| Black Satin Berry, Boysenberry, | | | when conditions favor disease |
| Cherokee Blackberry, | | • | development. Apply at 2 to 4 week |
| Chesterberry, Cheyenne | Suppression of | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Blackberry, Coryberry, | Septoria and | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| Darrowberry, Dewberry, Dirksen | Anthracnose | | more than 4 times per crop cycle. |
| Thornless Berry, Himalayaberry, | Disease | | Chemigation. Apply with normal |
| Hulberry, Lavacaberry, Lowberry, | Complexes | | irrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| Lucretiaberry, Mammoth | · | | not apply more than 4 times per crop |



| Blackberry, Marionberry, | | • | cycle. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| Nectarberry, Olallieberry, Oregon | | | |
| Evergreen Berry, | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| Phenomenalberry, Rangeberry, | | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| Ravenberry, Rossberry, Shawnee | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| Blackberry, Youngberry], | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| Blueberry, Currant, Elderberry, | , | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Gooseberry, Huckleberry, | | | |
| Loganberry and Raspberry). | | | |
| Cereal Grains | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Including, but not limited to | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | ε , μω | applications after plant establishment |
| Barley, Buckwheat, Corn, Millet | ana, yamom oppi | | and conditions favor disease |
| [All Types], Oats, Popcorn, Rice, | | | development. Apply at 2 to 3 week |
| Rye, Sorghum [Milo], Teosinte, | • | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Triticale, Wheat and Wild Rice) | Suppression of | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| microie, wheat and wild Rice) | Fusarium, | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| | Rhizoctonia and | | !=- |
| | Head Diseases | | Chemigation Apply with normal rrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| | ricad Discases | | not apply more than 6 times per crop |
| | | | cycle. |
| | | • | cycle. |
| ' | Danas asidam | | Air and annual andiontion Annual 11 |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| · | | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| · . | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| | 5/ / /// | 2 4 1 | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Herbs and Spices | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Including, but not limited to | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | | applications after plant establishment |
| Allspice, Angelica, Anise [All | | | and conditions favor disease |
| Types], Annato, Balm, Basil, | , | | development. Apply at 2 to 4 week |
| Borage, Burnet, Camomile, Caper | | | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Buds, Caraway [All Types], | Suppression of | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| Cardamom, Cassia [Bark and | Fusarium and | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Buds], Catnip, Celery Seed, | Rhizoctonia | , | Chemigation. Apply with normal |
| Chervil, Chive [All Types], | ' | | irrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| Cinnamon, Clary, Clove, Coriander | | | not apply more than 6 times per crop |
| [All Types], Costmary, Cilantro | | | cycle. |
| [All Types], Cumin, Curry, Dill, | | | |
| Fennel [All Types], Fenugreek, | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| Grains of Paradise, Horehound, | | | first onset of the disease. Apply at 2 to |
| Hyssop, Juniper Berry, Lavender, | | | 4 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| Lemongrass, Lovage [All Types], | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| Mace, Marigold, Marjoram, | | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Mustard, Nasturium, Nutmeg, | | - | |
| Parsley, Pennyroyal, Pepper | | | |
| [Black, White], Poppy Seed, | | | |
| Rosemary, Rue, Saffron, Sage, | | | |
| Savory [Summer, Winter], Sweet | | | |
| Bay, Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, | | | |
| Vanilla, Wintergreen, Woodruff | | , | |
| and Wormwood). | | | |
| Hops | Downy mildew | 2 – 4 ats | Air and ground application. Make |
| | | | applications during condition favorable |
| | | <u> </u> | personal sering consists, raterable |

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---|
| | | | for disease development (1) when |
| | | | shoots are 6 to 12 inches high, (2) after |
| | | • | training when vines are 5 to 6 feed tall, |
| | | • | (3) about 3 weeks after the second |
| | | | application, and (4) during bloom. |
| | | | Thorough spray coverage is required. |
| Nongrass Animal Feeds | Phytophthora | 2 - 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| (Including, but not limited to | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | | applications after plant establishment |
| Alfalfa, Bean [Velvet], Clover [All | | | and conditions favor disease |
| Types], Kudzu, Lespedeza, Lupin, | Suppression of | | development. Apply at 2 to 3 week |
| Sainfoin, Trefoil, Vetch [All | Fusarium, | 4 | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| Types]. | Rhizoctonia and | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| | Head Diseases | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| | | | Chemigation. Apply with normal |
| | | | irrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| | | | not apply more than 6 times per crop |
| | | | cycle. |
| | | | |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| | | • | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| | | | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| | | | more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |
| Potatoes | Suppression of | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| · | late blight | | applications after plant establishment |
| | | | and conditions favor disease |
| | | | development. Apply at 2 to 4 week |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | • | intervals as needed. Thorough spray |
| : | | • | coverage is required. Do not apply |
| | · | • | more than 4 applications per crop cycle. |
| | · | | Chemigation. Apply with normal |
| | | | rrigation schedule as stated above. Do |
| | | | not apply more than 4 times per crop |
| | | | cycle. |
| | Danier halland | | Air and exercise application. Application |
| | Downy mildew | | Air and ground application. Apply at the |
| | | , | first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to |
| | | | 3 week intervals. Thorough spray |
| | | | coverage is required. Do not apply more than 4 applications per crop cycle. |
| Strong borne | Phytophthora | 2 – 4 qts | Air and ground application. Begin |
| Strawberry | and Pythium spp. | 2 - 4 YUS | applications 2 to 3 weeks after planting |
| | and Fyaniani spp. | ٠. | and repeat on a 30 to 60 day interval |
| | | | when conditions favor disease |
| · | · . | | development. On perennial plantings, |
| | | | start applications in the spring when the |
| | | | plants start active growth. Repeat |
| | | | applications at 30 to 60 days intervals if |
| | | | disease conditions persist or reoccur. If |
| | | ! | using Red Stele susceptible varieties or |
| | | • | if disease pressure is severe, use higher |
| | | | rates, shortest application time and |
| - | İ | | maximum number of applications. |
| | | | and an indirect of applications. |

| | Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle. Chemigation. Apply with normal irrigation schedule corresponding to the timings stated above. Do not apply more than 6 times per crop cycle. |
|--------------|---|
| Downy mildew | Air and ground application. Apply at the first onset of the disease. Apply at 1 to 3 week intervals. Thorough spray coverage is required. Do not apply more than 6 applications per crop cycle. |

ORNAMENTALS AND TUREGRASS

| · | ORNAMENTALS AND TURFGRASS | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| CROP | Disease | RATE/100 gallons | TIMING OF APPLICATIONS | |
| | C | | | |
| Ornamentals in landscapes, | Suppression of | 2 – 4 qts per | Foliar Spray. Make applications before | |
| nurseries, golf courses, parks | Bacterial blight | 100 gallons of | disease development and in conjunction | |
| and greenhouses (Apply to | (Xanthomonas | water | with good cultural management | |
| plants such as, but not limited to, | campestris) | • | practices. Apply spray to thoroughly | |
| Aglaonema, Anthurium, | | | wet all foliage. Repeat as necessary at | |
| Aphelandra, Arborvitae, Azaleas, | | | 7 to 14 day intervals. Do not apply to | |
| Bougainvillea, Boxwood, Cattelya | | · | plants that are heat or moisture | |
| skinneri, Ceanothus, Cotoneaster, | | | stressed. | |
| Cissus, Dieffenbachia, English Ivy, | | | | |
| Eucalyptus, Ficus, Hibiscus, | Downy mildew, | | Foliar Spray. Make applications before | |
| Japanese Andromeda, Japanese | Phytophthora | | disease development and in conjunction | |
| Holly, Leather leaf Fern, | and Pythium spp. | | with good cultural management | |
| Peperomia, Photinia, Pittosporum, | | | practices. Apply spray to thoroughly | |
| Philodendron, Pieris, Pothos, | | | wet all foliage. Repeat as necessary at | |
| Rhododendron, Roses (container, | | | 14 to 21 day intervals. Do not apply to | |
| field, landscape and mini | | | plants that are heat or moisture | |
| varieties), Schefflera, Sedum, | | | stressed. | |
| Sempervivum, Syngonium, | | | | |
| Spathiphyllum, Taxus media, and | | : | | |
| Zygocactus). | _ | | , | |
| Bedding Plants in landscapes, | Downy mildew, | 2 – 4 qts per | Foliar Spray. Make applications before | |
| nurseries, golf courses, parks | Phytophthora | 100 gallons of | disease development and in conjunction | |
| and greenhouses (Apply to | and <i>Pythium</i> spp. | water | with good cultural management | |
| plants such as, but not limited to, | | | practices. Apply spray to thoroughly | |
| Ageratum, Algerian Ivy, | | | wet all foliage. Repeat as necessary at | |
| Anthurium, Artemesia, Aster, | | | 14 to 21 day intervals. Do not apply to | |
| Begonia, Baby's Breath, Caladium, | | | plants that are heat or moisture | |
| Carnation, Chrysanthemum, | | | stressed. | |
| Columbine, Coleus, Daisy, | | | | |
| Delphinium, Easter Lily, Foxglove, | | | | |
| Gaillardia, Geranium, Gloxinia, | | · | | |
| Impatiens, Marigold, Petunia, | | | | |
| Pansy, Phlox, Pinks, Poinsettia, | | | • | |
| Primrose, Prostrate Rosemary, | | | | |
| Salvia, Snapdragon, Vinca, | | | | |
| Verbena, and Zinnia). | | | | |
| ACIDCITA' and Simila's | <u> </u> | <u>i. </u> | <u> </u> | |

MORM

| Turfgrass on golf courses, parks, commercial landscapes, commercial turf production and sod farms | <i>Pythium</i> spp. | 1000 sq ft. | Foliar Spray. Make applications when conditions favor disease. Make preventative applications and repeat at 14-21 day intervals. Apply in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. Do not irrigate or mow treated areas until spray has dried on the foliage. |
|---|---------------------|-------------|---|
|---|---------------------|-------------|---|

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool place where temperatures are between 41°F to 104°F. Avoid extreme variations in temperature. A reversible separation of ingredients may occur after prolonged storage. This separation has no effect on quality or effectiveness of product and agitation will resuspend mixture.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

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