

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Mr. Chris Mason Loveland Products, Inc P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286

DEC 221 2012

Subject:

Label amendment to change adjuvant statement

Product Name: Whiteout 2,4-D EPA Reg. No: 34704-1032 Decision Number: 471353

Dear Mr. Mason:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), is acceptable, as amended

One copy of labeling for these products, stamped "Accepted," is enclosed for your records. Products released for shipment after 18 months from the date on this notice or the next printing of the label, whichever occurs first, must bear the new revised label. Amended labeling will supersede all previously accepted ones.

Per 40 CFR 156.10(6), submit one copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. If you have questions or concerns regarding this letter, please contact Beth Benbow at (703) 347-8072 or email at benbow.bethany@epa.gov.

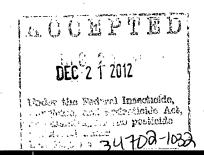
Sincerely

Kathryn V. Montague Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)



WHITEOUT 2,4-D



LOW VOLATILE ESTER HERBICIDE CONTAINS NO SOLVENT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	•		
2-ethylhexyl ester of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid*			60.80%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:			39.20%
		TOTAL	

*2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 40.32% or 3.7 lbs per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

	FIRST AID
If Swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
If on Skin	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Take off contaminated clothing.
or Clothing:	 Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in Eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-866-944-8565 for emergency medical treatment information.

See inside booklet for additional Precautionary Statements.

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE, CALL CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-1032

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MT-001

NET CONTENTS 2.5 GALS (9.46 L)

EXP 10/12 ADJUVANT

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed

Causes eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT/PPE:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene or nitrile rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical- resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- · Shoes and socks.
- Chemical resistant gloves when applying with any handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate,
- Chemical resistant apron when applying with any handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

If this container contains over 1 gallon and less than 5 gallons, mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (probe and pump) to transfer the contents of this container must wear coveralls or a chemical-resistant apron in addition to the other required PPE.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gioves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash-waters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Apply this product only as directed on label. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls.
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, or nurseries. Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Performance of WHITEOUT® 2,4-D may be affected by local conditions, crop varieties, and application method. User should consult local extension service, agricultural experiment or university weed specialists, and state regulatory agencies for recommendations in your area.

Best results are obtained when product is applied to young succulent weeds that are actively growing. Application rates lower than specified will be satisfactory on susceptible annual weeds. For perennial weeds and conditions such as the very dry areas of the western states, where control is difficult, use the higher specified rates. When WHITEOUT 2,4-D is used for weed control in crops, the growth stage of the crop must be considered.

Some plants and weeds, especially woody varieties, are difficult to control and may require repeat applications. Application rates should be 2 to 5 gallons of total spray by air or 5 to 25 gallons by ground equipment unless otherwise directed. In either case, use the same amount of WHITEOUT 2,4-D specified per acre. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Loveland Products, Inc. recommends using LI 700®. Aerial application must be used only when there is no danger of drift to susceptible crops. Many states have regulations concerning aerial application of 2,4-D formulations. Consult local regulatory authorities before making applications. Although WHITEOUT 2,4-D is a low volatile formulation, at temperatures above 90°F vapors may damage susceptible plants nearby.

Product must not be used in greenhouses. Excessive amounts of 2,4-D in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and all plant growth.

Spray equipment used to apply 2,4-D should not be used for any other purpose until thoroughly cleaned with a suitable chemical cleaner.

Spray Preparation: Add the specified amount of product to approximately one-half the volume of water to be used for spraying. Agitate well, and then add the remainder of the water. Continue agitation during application until spray tank is empty.

USE IN LIQUID NITROGEN FERTILIZER: WHITEOUT 2,4-D is specially formulated to be combined with liquid nitrogen fertilizer suitable for foliar application on corn, grass, pastures, or small grains in one operation. Use WHITEOUT 2,4-D according to directions on this label for those crops. Use liquid fertilizer at rates recommended by supplier or extension service specialist. Mix WHITEOUT 2,4-D and fertilizer according to the following instructions:

Add half the recommended amount of liquid fertilizer to the spray tank. Add WHITEOUT 2,4-D while agitating the tank. Add the remainder of the liquid fertilizer while continuing to agitate. Application should be made immediately, maintaining agitation until tank is empty. DO NOT APPLY DURING COLD (NEAR FREEZING) WEATHER. Spray mixture may not be stored.

SPRAY DRIFT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g. wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g. ground, aerial, airblast) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

2,4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures.

Droplet Size

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D as the sole active ingredient, or when applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with active ingredients that require a coarse or coarser spray, apply only as a coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 385 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a medium or more fine spray, apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for non-target species, non-target crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

2,4-D esters may volatize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply

during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial equipment and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

For aerial equipment, the boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way applications.

When applications are made in a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

For ground boom application, do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Spray volume: Apply with calibrated air or ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to provide adequate coverage of target weeds or as otherwise directed in specific use directions. For broadcast application, apply the specified rate of this product in a spray volume of 2 or more gallons per acre by air and 10 or more gallons per acre for ground equipment. Use low pressure sprays to minimize drift. Where states have regulations, that specify minimum spray volumes, they should be observed. In general, spray volume should be increased as crop canopy, neight and weed density increase in order to obtain adequate spray coverage.

Application Rates: Generally, lower rates in specified rate ranges will be satisfactory for more sensitive weeds species, when weeds are small, and when environmental conditions are favorable for rapid growth. Use higher rates in the specified rate range for less sensitive species and under less favorable growing conditions. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and field bindweed and many woody plants usually require repeated applications for effective control.

Spot Treatments

To prevent misapplication apply spot treatments with a calibrated boom or with hand sprayers using a fixed spray volume per 1,000 sq ft as indicated below.

Hand-Held Sprayers: Hand-held sprayers may be used for spot applications of WHITEOUT 2,4-D. Care should be taken to apply the spray uniformly and at a rate equivalent to a broadcast application. Application rates in the table are based on the application rate for an area of 1,000 sq ft. Mix the amount of WHITEOUT 2,4-D (fl oz or ml) corresponding to the desired broadcast rate in 1 to 3 gallons of spray. To calculate the amount of WHITEOUT 2,4-D required for larger areas, multiply the table value (fl oz or ml) by the thousands of sq ft to be treated: An area of 1,000 sq ft is approximately 10.5 x 10.5 yards (strides) in size.

Rate Conversion Table for Spot Treatment:

• • •	Label Broadcast Rate (pt/acre)						
1/2	2/3	3/4	1	2	3	4	8
	[guivalent A	mount of W	HITEOUT 2,	4-D per 1,0	000 sq ft	
1/5 fl oz	1/4 fl oz	1/3 fl oz	3/8 fl oz	3/4 fl oz	1 fl oz	1-1/2 fl oz	3 fl oz
(5.5 ml)	(7 [°] .3 ml)	(8.3 ml)	(11 ml)	(22 ml)	(33 ml)	(44 ml)	(88 ml)

Conversion factors: 1 pt =16 fl oz; 1 fl oz = 29.6 ml

Band Application: WHITEOUT 2,4-D may be applied as a band treatment. Use the formulas below to determine the appropriate rate and volume per treated acre.

Band rate per treated acre =	Band width in inches	V	Due a de cata unto mon com-	
	Row width in inches	^	Broadcast rate per acre	
Band volume per treated acre =	Band width in inches Row width in inches	X	Broadcast volume per acre	

WHERE TO USE

WHITEOUT 2,4-D is used to control broad-leaved weeds in cereal crops, corn, sorghum, weeds and brush in rangeland, pastures, rights-of-way, ornamental turf, grass seed crops, fallow land, forest management and similar non-crop uses.

Annual or Biennial Weeds

beggarticks

bittercress, smallflowered (2)

bitterweed

broomweed, common (1)

burdock, common

buttercup, smallflowered (1) (2)

carpetweed

cinquèfoil, common (2) cinquèfoil, rough (2) cocklebur, common

coffeeweed

copperleaf, Virginia

croton, Texas croton, wooly flixweed galinsoga

geranium, Carolina (2)

hemp, wild

horseweed (marestail) (2)

jewelweed jimsonweed knotweed (1)

kochia

lambsquarters, common lettuce, prickly (1) (2)

lettuce, wild lupines mallow, little mallow, Venice (1) marshelder morningglory, annual morningglory, ivy

Perennial Weeds

morningalory, woolly

alfalfa (1)

artichoké, Jerusalem (1) aster, many-flower (1) Austrian fieldcress

bindweed (hedge, field and European) (1) (2)

blue lettuce blueweed, Texas broomweed bullnettle (1) (2) carrot, wild

catnip chicory clover, red (1) (2)

coffeeweed cress, hoary (1)

dandelion docks (1)

mousetail (2)

mustards (except blue mustard)

parsnip, wild

pennycress (fanweed)

pepperweeds (Lepidium spp.) (1) (2)

pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.)

poorjoe

primrose, common purslane, common (2)

pusley, Florida radish, wild ragweed, common ragweed, giant rape, wild rocket, yellow

salsify, common salsify, western (1) shepherdspurse

sicklepod

smartweed (annual species) (1) (2)

sneezeweed, bitter sowthistle, annual sowthistle, spiny spanishneedles sunflower sweetclover tansymustard

thistle, bull thistle, musk

thistle, Russian (tumbleweed)

velvetleaf vetches

dogbanes (1)

eveningprimrose, cutleaf (2)

garlic, wild goldenrod

hawkweed, orange

healall

ironweed, western (2)

ivy, ground (1)

nettles (including stinging) (1)

onion, wild (1) pennywort plantains ragwort, tansy sowthistle, per

sowthistle, perennial thistle, Canada (1) (2)

vervains (1) wormwood

- (1) Difficult-to-Control Weeds: These weeds are only partially controlled and may require repeat applications and/or use of the higher listed rate of this product even under ideal conditions of application.
- (2) This product may not be used to control this weed species in the state of California.

CROPS
CEREAL GRAINS (Wheat, Barley, Millet, Oats, Rye)
(Not under seeded with Legumes)

Crop/Application Timing	WHITEOUT 2,4-D	Specific Use Directions
	(pt/acre)	<u> </u>
Wheat, Barley, Millet, Rye Annual and biennial broadleaf weeds	1/2 to 2 [†]	Apply after crop is fully tillered, but before boot stage of growth (usually 4 to 8 inches tall) and weeds are small. Do not apply
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1 to 2 [†]	before tillering or from early boot through the milk stage of growth.
Oats (Spring Seeded) (Fall Seeded Southern)	1/2 3/4 to 1 1/4 [†]	Apply after crop is fully tillered, but before boot stage of growth (usually 4 to 8 inches tall) and weeds are small. Do not apply before tillering or from early boot through the milk stage of growth. Do not apply during or immediately following cold weather.
Preharvest application (All cereals)	1	Apply using air or ground equipment to control weeds that could interfere with harvest, or to suppress perennial weeds. Apply when grain is in dough stage. Do not apply from early boot through the milk stage of growth.

[†] Use the lower rate in the rate range if small annual or biennial weeds are the major problem; use the higher rate if perennial weeds or biennial weeds are present that are considered to be hard-to-kill as determined by local experience. Higher rates increase the risk of crop injury and should be used only where weed control justifies such risk. Do not apply WHITEOUT 2,4-D at the crop seedling stage of growth. Consult state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialists for recommendations or suggestions to fit local conditions.

CEREAL GRAIN RESTRICTIONS:

Postemergence:

- Make no more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 2-2/3 pints per acre per application.

Preharvest:

- Make no more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint per acre per application.
- Pre-Harvest Interval is 14 days.
- Do not graze lactating dairy cattle in treated areas for 14 days after application. Remove meat animals from freshly treated areas 7 days before slaughter.
- Do not harvest hay from treated grain fields.
 WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 1.75 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

CORN (Field Corn, Popcorn and Sweet Corn)

Application Timing/Stage	WHITEOUT 2,4-D	Specific Use Directions
of Growth	(pt/acre)	
Preplant (Burndown)	1 to 2	General: For best results, growth
Preemergence		conditions should be favorable for active
(Field corn, popcorn, and		weed growth. Use high rate in rate range
sweetcorn)		for less susceptible weeds, cover crops
1	* **	such as alfalfa, weeds in advanced stages
		of development, or under less favorable
	i i	growth conditions.
		Preplant: Apply 7 to 14 days before
		planting corn to control emerged broadleaf
		weed seedlings or existing cover crops.
		Preemergence: Apply any time after
		planting, but before corn emergence to
		control broadleaf weed seedlings or
		existing cover crops. Do not use on light
·		sandy soils.
Postemergence		Apply when weeds are small and corn is
(Field corn, popcorn, and		less than 8 inches tall (to top of canopy). If
sweet corn)	,	corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop
Annual broadleaf weeds		nozzles to keep spray off foliage. Treat
Crop up to 8 inches tall	1/2 to 1	perennial weeds when they are in bud to
Crop 8 inches tall to tasseling	1 1	bloom stage.
(directed spray only)		Do not harvest sweet corn before 45 days
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1	following application.
		Do not apply from tasseling to hard dough
		stage. Note: Corn treated with 2,4-D may
	,	become temporarily brittle. Wind or
		cultivation may cause stem breakage during
		the period of time that corn is brittle. Sweet
		corn: To minimize potential for crop injury,
		use only lowest rate in rate range.
Preharvest	Up to 3	Apply after corn is in hard dough (or
(Field corn and popcorn only)		denting) stage. Do not make preharvest
		applications to sweet corn.

CORN RESTRICTIONS:

• Do not forage or feed corn fodder to livestock for 7 days following application.

Preplant or Preemergence:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 2 pints per acre per application.

Postemergence:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint per acre per application.

Preharvest (field and popcorn ONLY):

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 3 pints per acre per application.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.
- Pre-Harvest interval is 7 days.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 3.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

SORGHUM (Grain Sorghum (Milo) and Forage Sorghum)

Application Timing/Stage of Growth	WHITEOUT 2,4-D (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Postemergence† Crop 6 - 8 inches tall Crop 8 - 15 inches tall (directed spray only)	1/2 to 1 [†] 3/4 to 1	Apply when sorghum is 6 to 15 inches tall. If sorghum is more than 8 inches tall (top of canopy), use drop nozzles to keep spray off of foliage. Do not use with oil or other adjuvants. Do not treat during boot, flowering or dough stage.

†Temporary crop injury can be expected under conditions of high soil moisture and high air temperatures. If it is necessary to apply WHITEOUT 2,4-D under these conditions, use no more than 2/3 pint per acre.

SORGHUM RESTRICTIONS:

Postemergence:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle
- Do not apply more than 1 pint per acre per application.
- Do not permit meat or diary animals to consume treated crop as fodder or forage for 30 days following application.
- Preharvest Interval is 30 days.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 0.5 pounds of a.e. derived from ester forms of 2,4-D per acre per year.

SOYBEANS — For Use in Crop Residue Management Systems

(Pre-plant Burndown Application Only)

Application Timing/Stage of Growth	WHITEOUT 2,4-D (pt/acre)	Number of Applications	Specific Use Directions
Preplant (Burndown) (OPTION 1)	3/4 to 1	Limited to 2 preplant applications per crop cycle	Apply not less than 7 days before planting soybeans. See Use Precautions and Restrictions below.
Preplant (Burndown) (OPTION 2)	1 to 2	Limited to 1 preplant application per crop cycle	Apply not less than 15 days before planting soybeans. See Use Precautions and Restrictions below.

Use Directions: Use WHITEOUT 2,4-D to control emerged broadleaf weeds or existing cover crops. For best results, apply when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the respective rate range for larger weeds and when perennials are present. Compatible crop oil concentrates, agricultural surfactants and fluid fertilizers approved for use on growing crops may be added to spray mixtures to increase the herbicidal effectiveness on certain weeds. Read and follow all directions and precautions on this label and on the label of each product added to the spray mixture.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS

- Choose either Option 1 OR Option 2. These two options may not be used together in the same crop cycle, as the maximum application rate would be exceeded.
- Do not apply this product prior to planting soybeans if you are not prepared to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.
- Do not use on low organic sandy soils (less than 1.0%).
- Do not apply this product when weather conditions such as temperature, air inversions, or wind favor drift from treated areas to susceptible plants.

• Do not mow or cultivate weeds prior to treating with this product as poor control may result.

• Do not feed treated hay, forage, or fodder or graze treated soybeans to livestock. Do not feed or graze treated cover crops to livestock.

• Do not replant fields treated with this product in the same growing season with crops other than

those labeled for 2,4-D use.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 1.0 pound of a.e. per acre per year.

ORNAMENTAL TURF (Excluding Grasses Grown For Seed or Sod Farms)
(Includes lawns, golf courses, cemeteries and parks)

Use Requirements for Ornamental Turf Areas: When this product is applied to ornamental turf areas, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Non-agricultural Use Requirements" section of

this label.

Treatment Site Application Timing	WHITEOUT 2,4-D (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Ornamental Turf (Postemergence)	0/11	Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. For best results, apply when soil
Seedling grass (five-leaf stage or later)	3/4 to 1	moisture is adequate for active weed growth. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as
Well-established grasses	2 to 3	bindweed and Canada thistle may require repeat applications.
Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds	3	Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established (five-leaf stage or later) and then use a maximum of 1 pt/acre. Cool season grasses are tolerant of higher rates.

ORNAMENTAL TURF RESTRICTIONS:

• Do not apply more than 3 pints per acre per application.

• Do not make more than 2 broadcast applications per treatment site per year.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 3.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year excluding spot treatments.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED or SOD FARMS

Agricultural Use Requirements: When used in grass grown for seed or sod farms, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

Treatment Site	WHITEOUT 2,4-D	
Application Timing	(pt/acre)	
Grasses Grown for Seed		Apply when weeds are small and actively
(Postemergence Use)	•	growing. For best results, apply when soil
Seedling grass	3/4 to 1	moisture is adequate for active weed
(five-leaf stage or later)		growth.
Wall actablished areas	4 40 4	Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until
Well-established grasses	1 to 4	well established (five-leaf stage or later)
Sod Farms	2 to 4	and then use a maximum of 1 pt/acre.
(Postemergence)		Cool season grasses are tolerant of higher rates.
	,	Do not apply to grass in the early boot
· ·		through milk stage if seed production is
		desired.
•	. •	When grass is well established, higher
		rates of up to 4 pints/acre may be applied
		for control of hard-to-kill annual or
•		perennial weeds.
		Deep-rooted perennials such as bindweed
		and Canada thistle may require repeat
	,	applications.
	,	Avoid mowing sod farms for 1 to 2 days
•		before or after application.
		Delay irrigation until the day following
		application.

GRASS SEED CROP RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not graze dairy cattle within 7 days of application. Do not apply this product within 30 days of cutting grass for hay. Remove meat animals from treated areas 7 days prior to slaughter.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 21 days.
- Do not apply more than 8 pints per acre per year.
- If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

FALLOWLAND and CROP STUBBLE

Fallowland is considered to be idle cropland, postharvest to crops or between crops. WHITEOUT 2,4-D | Specific Use Directions Type of weeds (pt/acre) Annual broadleaf weeds 1 to 2 Use a lower rate in the rate range when weeds are small (2 to 3 inches tall) and actively growing. Use a higher rate in the rate range when weeds are larger and under less favorable growth conditions. Biennial broadleaf weeds Apply when musk thistles or other biennial 2 to 4 species are in the seedling to rosette stage and before development of flower stalks. The lower rate can be used in the spring during the rosette stage. Use the highest rate in the fall or after flower stalks have developed. Perennial broadleaf weeds Apply when perennial weeds are in bud to 2 to 4 early bloom stage or while in good vegetative growth. Apply to new regrowth of wild garlic or onion

FALLOW LAND RESTRICTIONS:

Wild garlic and onion in

crop stubble

- Plant only labeled crops within 29 days following last application.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2.4-D. do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

that occurs in the fall after harvest of other

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RANGELAND, ESTABLISHED GRASS PASTURES
(Including Perennial Grasslands Not In Agricultural Production

Such As Conservation Reserve Program Acres) WHITEOUT 2,4-D | Specific Use Directions **Target Weeds or Woody Plants** (pt/acre) For best results, apply when weeds are Annual broadleaf weeds 2 Biennial and perennial 2 to 4 small and growing actively before the bud broadleaf weeds stage. Apply when musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage and before flower stalks appear. Refer to the "Weeds Controlled" section for a listing of susceptible weed species and weeds that may be only partially controlled and require repeat applications and/or use of higher listed rates, even under ideal conditions of application. See Instructions for Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small Spot Treatment to control broadleaf weeds "Spot Treatment" areas with a hand sprayer, use an under "Application application rate equivalent to the listed Instructions" broadcast rate and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. See rate conversion table and instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of hand-held sprayers under "Application Instructions." Tree Injection Application See instructions for tree injection application in "Forestry Uses" section. Wild garlic and wild onion Make three applications (fall-spring-fall or spring-fall-spring) starting in late fall or early spring. Broadleaf weed control in newly 2 to 4 Applications may be made either preemergence or postemergence, Follow sprigged coastal bermudagrass "Specific Use Directions" for annual. biennial and perennial broadleaf weed control, above. Southern wild rose **Broadcast:** Apply in spray volume of 5 or broadcast application up to 4 more gallons per acre by aircraft or 10 or more gallons per acre by ground Spot treatment 8 pints/100 gal equipment. Spot treatment: Apoly when foliage is well of spray developed. Thorough coverage is required. Use 8 pints of WHITEOUT 2,4-D plus 4 to 8 fluid ounces of an agricultural surfactant per 100 gallons of water. Two or more treatments may be required. Do no exceed 4 pt per acre per application. **CRP Acres** For program lands such as CRP, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or this label must be followed.

PASTURE & RANGELAND RESTRICTIONS:

• Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application.

- Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application for spot treatments.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.
- Pre-Harvest Interval for cut forage for hay is 7 days.
- If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

NON-CROPLAND AREAS

Such as fencerows, hedgerows, roadsides, drainage ditches, rights-of-way, utility power lines, railroads, airports, and other non-crop areas

Treatment Site	WHITEOUT 2,4-D	Specific Use Directions
Method of Application	(pt/acre)	
Annual broadleaf weeds	2 to 4	Apply when annual weeds are small and
		growing actively before the bud stage.
Biennial and perennial	4 to 8	Biennial and perennial weeds should be
broadleaf weeds and	·	rosette to bud stage, but not flowering at
susceptible woody plants	:	the time of application. For difficult to
		control perennial broadleaf weeds and
•		woody species, tank mix up to 4 qts of
:		WHITEOUT 2,4-D plus 1 to 8 pints of
		3 lb/gal Triclopyr herbicide per acre.
•		For ground application: (High volume)
·	•	apply a total spray volume of 100 to 400
,		gallons per acre; (low volume) apply a total
		spray volume of 10 to 100 gallons per acre.
·		For helicopter: Apply a total spray volume
		of 5 to 30 gallons per acre.
Spot Treatment to control	See Instructions for	Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small
broadleaf weeds	"Spot Treatment"	areas with a hand sprayer, use an
	under "Application	application rate equivalent to the listed
·	Instructions"	broadcast rate and spray to thoroughly wet
		all foliage. See rate conversion table and
		instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of
•		hand-held sprayer under "Application
		Instructions."
Tree injection application	See instructions for	tree injection application in "Forestry Uses"
	section.	
Southern wild rose	up to 4	Broadcast: Apply in a spray volume of 5 or
broadcast application		more gallons per acre by aircraft or 10 or
		more gallons per acre by ground
Spot treatment	8 pints/100 gal	equipment.
	of spray	Apply when foliage is well developed.
,		Thorough coverage is required. Use 8 pints
		of WHITEOUT 2,4-D plus 4 to 8 fluid
	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ounces of an agricultural surfactant per
		100 gallons of water. Two or more
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		treatments may be required.

WEED CONTROL RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN NON-CROP AREAS: Postemergence (annual & perennial weeds):

• Do not make more than 2 applications per year.

- Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre per application.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.

Postemergence (woody plants):

• Do not make more than 1 application per year.

Do not apply more than 8 pints per acre per application.

• Applications to non-cropland areas are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D contains 0.46 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

FORESTRY USES

Forest site preparation, forest roadsides, brush control, established conifer release, including Christmas trees and reforestation areas.

Treatment Site	WHITEOUT 2,4-D	Specific Use Directions
Method of Application	(pt/acre)	
Annual weeds	2 to 4 pt/acre	Apply when weeds are small and growing actively before the bud stage. Apply when,
Biennial and perennial	4 to 8 pt/acre	biennial and perennial species are in the
broadleaf weeds and	· •	seedling to rosette stage and before
susceptible woody plants		flower stalks appear. For difficult to control
		perennial broadleaf weeds and woody
,	·	species, use up to 4 qt of WHITEOUT
	4	2,4-D and 1 to 4 qts of 3 lb/gal Triclopyr
	·	herbicide per acre.
		For conifer release, make application in
·		early spring before budbreak of conifers
		when weeds are small and actively
Spot Treatment to control	See instructions for	growing. Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small
broadleaf weeds	"Spot Treatment"	areas with a hand sprayer, use an
bioadieai weeds	under "Application	
	Instructions"	broadcast rate and spray to thoroughly wet
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	all foliage. See rate conversion table and
t .		instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of
` :		hand-held sprayer under "Application
	·	Instructions."
Conifer Release; species such	3 to 6 pts/acre	To control competing hardwood species
as white pine, ponderosa pine,		such as alder, aspen, birch, hazel, and
jack pine, red pine, black		willow, apply from mid to late summer
spruce, white spruce, red		when growth of conifer trees has
spruce, and balsam fir		hardened off and woody plants are still
		actively growing. Apply with ground or air
		equipment, using sufficient spray volume to
	1	ensure complete coverage. Because this treatment may cause occasional conifer
		injury, do not apply if such injury cannot be
		tolerated.
	1	

Forestry Uses cont'd.:

Forest site preparation, forest roadsides, brush control, established conifer release, including Christmas trees and reforestation areas.

WHITEOUT 2,4-D Specific Use Directions **Treatment Site**

Method of Application	(pt/acre)	
Directed Spray; Conifer	8 pts/100 gal	Apply when brush or weeds are actively
Plantations including pine		growing by directing the spray so as to
		avoid contact with conifer foliage and
•	,	injurious amounts of spray. Apply in water
•		carrier in a spray volume of 10 to 100
		gallons per acre.
Surface of Cut Stumps	1.75 fl oz/gal	Apply as soon as possible after cutting
(May also be used in	of water	trees. Thoroughly soak the entire stump
rangeland, pastures, and	·	with 2,4-D mixture including cut surface,
noncropland)		bark and exposed roots.
Frill and Girdle (May also be		Cut frills (overlapping V-shaped notches
used in rangeland, patures,		cut downward through the bark in a
and noncropland)		continuous ring around the base of the
		tree) using an axe or other suitable tool.
		Saturate the freshly cut frills with the 2,4-D
		mixture.
Tree Injection Application	(1 to 2 ml per	To control and prevent resprouting of
(May also be used in rangeland,	injection site)	unwanted hardwood trees such as elm,
pastures, and noncropland)		hickory, oak, and sweetgum in forests and
•		other non-crop areas, apply by injecting at
		a rate of 1 ml of undiluted WHITEOUT
		2,4-D per inch of trunk diameter as
	,	measured at breast height (DBH),
	,	approximately 4 1/2 ft above the ground.
		Injection sites, however, should be as close
		to the root collar as possible and the
		injection bit must penetrate the inner bark.
		Applications may be made throughout the
		year, but for best results apply between
	,	May 15 and October 15. Maples should not
		be treated during the spring sap flow.
		For hard to control species such as ash,
•		maple, and dogwood use 2 ml of undiluted
		WHITEOUT 2,4-D per injection site or
		double the number of 1 roll injections.
		Note: No Worker Protection Standard
		worker entry restrictions or worker
		notification requirements apply when this
•		product is directly injected into agricultural
		plants.

FOREST MANAGEMENT RESTRICTIONS:

Broadcast Application:

- Do not make more than 1 application per year.
- Do not apply more than 8 pints per acre per application.

Injection Application:

- Do not make more than 1 application per year.
- Do not apply more than 2 ml per injection site.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Open dumping is prohibited. Do not store this product near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. Do not store near heat or open flame. Re-close all partially used containers by thoroughly tightening screw cap. Absorb any spill with suitable clay absorbent and dispose of as indicated under "Pesticide Disposal."

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC – 1-800-424-9300.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. The buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

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