

34704-1010

3/26/2013

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Chris Mason, Ph.D.
Loveland Products, Inc.
P.O. Box 1286
Greeley, CO 80632

MAR 26 2013

Subject: Notification; Per PR-Notice 98-10
Colt + Salvo
EPA Reg. No. 34704-1010
Date Submitted: February 22, 2013

Dear Dr. Mason:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated February 22, 2013 for the product referenced above. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (703) 306-0415 or davis.kable@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kable Bo Davis", written over a horizontal line.

Kable Bo Davis
Product Manager 25
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

EPA

Environmental Protection Agency

Washington, DC 20460

United States

Registration

Amendment

Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 34704-1010	2. EPA Product Manager Kathryn Montague	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) STARANE + SALVO	PM# 23	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Loveland Products Inc. P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____

Section - II

Amendment - Explain below. Final printed labels in response to _____
 Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ "Me Too" Application. Agency letter dated _____
 Notification - Explain below. Other - Explain below.

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)
Change of Primary Brand Name from 'Starane + Salvo' to 'Colt + Salvo'.

NOTIFICATION

MAR 26 2013

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:

Child Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____
* Certification must be submitted		If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt. No. per container
		N/A	N/A

3. Location of Net Contents Information
 Label Container

4. Size(s) Retail Container
2.5 GAL, 30 GAL, BULK

5. Location of Label Directions
 On Label
 On Label accompanying product

6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product
 Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled Other Self-Adhesive

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)

Name Chris Mason, Ph.D. chris.mason@cpsagu.com	Title Manager of Registrations	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (970) 685-5287
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Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

6. Date Application Received

(Stamped)

2. Signature 	3. Title Manager of Registrations
4. Typed Name Chris Mason, Ph.D. chris.mason@cpsagu.com	5. Date 2/22/2013

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February 22, 2013

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 S Crystal Drive
Arlington VA 22202

Subject: 34704-1010; Change of Primary Brand Name from 'Starane + Salvo' to 'Colt + Salvo'.

Dear Ms Montague;

This notification is to inform you of a change of Primary Brand Name from 'Starane + Salvo' to 'Colt + Salvo' for product EPA # 34704-1010.

As an FYI, when the Alternate Brand Name 'Colt + Salvo' was added in September 2008, the Spanish language "Si usted no entiende la etiqueta....." was inadvertently added to that version of the label. This is not required for the signal word 'CAUTION' and is not included on the last stamped accepted label from 4/14/2008 (EPA # was then 62719-306). It has been removed from the currently submitted version.

Please find the following items enclosed:

- 1. EPA Form 8570-1 Application for Pesticide Registration/Amendment
- 2. Revised label (p copies)
- 3. Certification with Respect to Label Integrity
- 4. CD containing an electronic copy of the label

NOTIFICATION

MAR 26 2013

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Please contact me at 970-685-3287 or by e-mail chris.mason@cpsagu.com) if there are any questions or comments concerning this submission.

Sincerely,

Chris Mason, Ph.D.
Manager of Registrations
chris.mason@cpsagu.com
Loveland Products, Inc.

Enclosures

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Colt® + Salvo® Herbicide

NOTIFICATION

MAR 26 2013

For selective postemergence control of annual and perennial broadleaf weeds and volunteer potatoes in small grains and fallow cropland, and for on-farm non-cropland applications.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S):

Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester: ((4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)oxy)acetic acid, 1-methylheptyl ester ¹	12.1%
2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester ²	50.8%
OTHER INGREDIENT(S)	37.1%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains xylene range aromatic solvent.

¹ Acid Equivalent: fluroxypyr: ((4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)oxy)acetic acid - 8.4% - 0.75 lb/gal

² Acid Equivalent: 2,4-D: 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid - 33.6% - 3.00 lb/gal

Isomer specific by AOAC Method 978.05 15th Ed.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION—PRECAUCION

FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a <u>poison control center</u> or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a <u>poison control center</u> or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a <u>poison control center</u> or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a <u>poison control center</u> or doctor, or going for treatment. Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillate. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.</p>	

EPA REG. NO. 34704-1010

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MT-001

NET CONTENTS 2½ GALS. (9.46 L)

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C C C C C
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EXP 02/13 PBN

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**COLT®+SALVO® HERBICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1010**

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION**

Causes Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed • Prolonged or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions in Some Individuals
Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, and viton ≥ 14 mils. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber, or Viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- **Note: For containers of over 1.0 gallon, but less than 5.0 gallons:** Mixers and loaders who do not use a mechanical system (probe and pump) to transfer the contents of this container must wear coveralls or chemical-resistant apron in addition to other required PPE.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it as been cleaned.

Engineering Controls Statements

For containers of 5 gallons or more: Do not open pour product from this container. A closed mechanical system (probe and pump) must be used for transferring the contents of this container. If the contents of a non-refillable pesticide container are emptied, the probe must be rinsed before removal. The mechanical system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4)]. The handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers use enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms and non-target plants. When cleaning equipment, do not pour washwater on the ground; spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other water sources. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Groundwater Contamination: Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing and transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

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COLT®+SALVO® HERBICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1010

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms or nurseries: **When this product is applied to non-cropland areas, keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.**

GENERAL INFORMATION

Colt®+Salvo® Herbicide is a selective postemergence product for control of annual and perennial broadleaf weeds and volunteer potatoes in wheat or barley not under seeded with a legume and fallow cropland, and for on-farm non-cropland uses such as fence rows, building perimeters, around irrigation equipment and roadways.

Application Precautions and Restrictions

- Do not apply this product directly to, or otherwise permit it to come in direct contact with, susceptible crops or broadleaf plants including alfalfa, cotton, lettuce, edible beans, lentils, peas, potatoes, radishes, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, tomatoes, tobacco, grapes, legumes, fruit trees, canola, tame mustard, other vegetables or ornamentals. Vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity.
- Avoid applications where proximity of susceptible crops or other susceptible broadleaf plants is likely to result in exposure to spray or spray drift.
- Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes.
- Do not apply in greenhouses.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not apply more than 2 2/3 pints of Colt+Salvo Herbicide (4.0 ounces of fluroxypyr acid equivalent) per acre per growing season.
- **Plant-back Restriction:** Plant only those crops listed on this label or Federally approved supplemental labeling for Colt+Salvo Herbicide within 120 days following application.
- **Chemigation:** Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Management of Kochia Biotypes: Research has suggested that many biotypes of kochia can occur within a single field. While kochia biotypes can vary in their susceptibility to Colt+Salvo Herbicide, all will be suppressed or controlled by the 1 1/3 pint labeled rate. Application of Colt+Salvo Herbicide at rates below the 1 1/3 pint per acre rate can result in a shift to more tolerant biotypes within a field.

Best Resistance Management Practice: Extensive populations of dicamba tolerant kochia have been identified in certain small grain and corn production regions (such as Chouteau, Fergus, Liberty, Toole, and Treasure counties in the state of Montana). In these areas, Colt+Salvo Herbicide is recommended at a minimum rate of 1 1/3 pints per acre for optimal control of dicamba tolerant kochia. In addition, Colt+Salvo Herbicide should be rotated with products that do not contain dicamba to minimize selection pressure. Use of these practices will preserve the utility of Colt+Salvo Herbicide for control of dicamba tolerant kochia biotypes.

Precautions for Avoiding Spray Drift

Spray drift, even very small quantities of the spray that may not be visible, may severely injure susceptible crops whether dormant or actively growing. Under adverse weather conditions, fine spray droplets that do not settle rapidly onto target vegetation may be carried a considerable distance from the treatment area. A drift control or spray thickening agent may be used with this product to improve spray deposition and minimize the potential for spray drift. If used, follow all use recommendations and precautions on the product label.

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**COLT®+SALVO® HERBICIDE
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Ground Applications: To minimize spray drift, apply Colt+Salvo Herbicide in a total spray volume of 8.0 or more gallons per acre using spray equipment designed to produce large-droplet, low pressure sprays. Refer to the spray equipment manufacturer's recommendations for detailed information on nozzle types, arrangement, spacing and operating height and pressure. Spot treatments should be applied only with a calibrated boom to prevent over application. Operate equipment at spray pressures no greater than is necessary to produce a uniform spray pattern. Operate the spray boom no higher than is necessary to produce a uniformly overlapping pattern between spray nozzles. Do not apply with hollow cone-type insecticide nozzles or other nozzles that produce a fine-droplet spray. (See Application Directions.)

Aerial Application: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Spray drift from aerial application can be minimized by applying a coarse spray at spray boom pressure no greater than 30 psi; by using straight-stream nozzles directed straight back; and by using a spray boom no longer than 3/4 the wing span of the aircraft. Spray pattern and droplet size distribution can be evaluated by applying sprays containing a water-soluble dye marker or appropriate drift control agents over a paper tape (adding machine tape). Mechanical flagging devices, such as Automatic Flagman, may also be used. (See Application Directions.)

Do not apply under conditions of a low level air temperature inversion. A temperature inversion is characterized by little or no wind and lower air temperature near the ground than at higher levels. The behavior of smoke generated by an aircraft mounted device or continuous smoke column released at or near site of application will indicate the direction and velocity of air movement. A temperature inversion is indicated by layering of smoke at some level above the ground and little or no lateral movement.

Spray Drift Management

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the following **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information:**

Importance of Droplet Size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion section of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size:

Volume-Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows product larger droplets.

Pressure-Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of nozzles-Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation-Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type-Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

Boom Length-For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application-Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

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**COLT®+SALVO® HERBICIDE
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Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Sprayer Cleanup

To avoid injury to or exposure of nontarget crops, thoroughly clean and drain spray equipment used to apply Colt+Salvo Herbicide after use. Cleaning should occur as soon as possible after application of Colt+Salvo Herbicide. Spray equipment should be cleaned after use with Colt by the following procedure:

1. Drain any remaining Colt+Salvo Herbicide from the spray tank and dispose of according to label disposal instructions.
2. Hose down the interior surfaces of the tank. Flush tank, hoses, boom, and nozzles with clean water for 10 minutes. Fill the tank with water and recirculate for 15 minutes. Spray part of the mixture through the hoses, boom, and nozzles and drain the tank. All rinse water must be disposed of in compliance with local, state, and federal guidelines.
3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately.
4. If the spray equipment will be used on crops other than those labeled for Colt+Salvo Herbicide, repeat steps 1 and 2 and thoroughly wash the outside of spray tank and the boom.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Colt+Salvo Herbicide

Fill the spray tank approximately 1/2 to 3/4 full with water. Add the required amount of Colt+Salvo Herbicide, then finish filling the spray tank. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

Tank Mixing

Colt+Salvo Herbicide may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of other herbicides provided (1) the tank mix product is labeled for the use site (timing and method of application is the same as Colt+Salvo Herbicide); and (2) tank mixing with Colt+Salvo Herbicide is not prohibited by the label of the tank mix product.

Tank Mixing Precautions:

- Read carefully and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels.
- Do not exceed recommended application rates. If products containing the same active ingredient are tank mixed, do not exceed the maximum allowable active ingredient use rates.
- For products packaged in water soluble packaging, do not tank mix with products containing boron or mix in equipment previously used to apply a product mixture containing boron unless the tank and spray equipment has been adequately cleaned.
- Always perform a (jar) test to ensure the compatibility of products to be used in tank mixture.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of Colt+Salvo Herbicide and other pesticides, fertilizers, or carriers. Use a clear glass jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, gels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Tank Mixing Instructions:

Fill the spray tank to approximately 1/4 to 1/3 of the total spray volume required. Start agitation. Add different formulation types in the order indicated, allowing time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each.

1. Add dry flowables; wettable powders; aqueous suspensions, flowables or liquids.

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COLT®+SALVO® HERBICIDE
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2. Maintain agitation and fill spray tank to 3/4 of total spray volume and then add Colt+Salvo Herbicide and other emulsifiable concentrates and any solutions.

Finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. Settled material may be more difficult to resuspend than when originally mixed.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Application Timing: Apply to actively growing weeds. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperatures prior to, at and following time of application may reduce weed control and increase the risk of crop injury at all stages of growth. **Only weeds that are emerged at the time of application will be affected.** Foliage that is wet at the time of application may decrease control.

Colt+Salvo Herbicide applications are rain-fast within 1 hour after application.

Application Rates: Generally, application rates at the lower end of the recommended rate range will be satisfactory for young, succulent growth of sensitive weed species. For less sensitive species, perennials, and under conditions where control is more difficult (plant stress conditions such as drought or extreme temperatures, dense weed stands and/or larger weeds) the higher rates within the rate range will be needed. Weeds growing in the absence of crop competition generally require higher rates to obtain satisfactory control or suppression.

Effect of Temperature on Herbicidal Activity: Herbicidal activity of Colt+Salvo Herbicide is influenced by weather conditions. Optimum activity requires active crop and weed growth. The temperature range for optimum herbicidal activity is 55 °F to 75 °F. Reduced activity will occur when temperatures are below 45 °F or above 85 °F. Frost before application (3 days) or shortly after (3 days) may reduce weed control and crop tolerance.

Coverage: For best results, apply in 3.0 or more gallons per acre by air or 8.0 or more gallons per acre by ground equipment. Do not exceed 40.0 gallons per acre total spray volume. Use sufficient spray volume to provide thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Inadequate spray volume and coverage may result in decreased weed control. As crop canopy and weed density increase, spray volume should be increased to obtain equivalent weed control. Use larger nozzle tips or decrease spraying speed to increase spray volume rather than increasing boom pressure. Refer to manufacturer's recommendations for information on relationships between spray volume, and nozzle size and arrangement.

Adjuvants: Use of a high quality adjuvant labeled for use on growing crops is recommended for improved weed control. Adjuvants are especially beneficial when applications are made (a) at lower carrier volumes, (b) under conditions of cool temperature, low relative humidity or drought, or (c) to small, heavily pubescent kochia.

Spot Treatments: To prevent misapplication, spot treatments should be applied with a calibrated boom or with hand sprayers according to directions provided below.

Hand-Held Sprayers: Hand-held or backpack sprayers may be used for spot applications of Colt+Salvo Herbicide if care is taken to apply the spray uniformly and at a rate equivalent to a broadcast application. Application rates in the table are based on an area of 1000 square feet. Mix the amount of Colt+Salvo Herbicide (fluid ounce or milliliter) corresponding to the desired broadcast rate in one or more gallons of spray. To calculate the amount of product required for larger areas, multiply the table value (fluid ounce or milliliter) by the area to be treated in "thousands" of square feet, e.g., if the area to be treated is 3500 square feet, multiply the table value by 3.5 (calc. 3,500 ÷ 1000 = 3.5). An area of 1000 square feet is approximately 10.5 X 10.5 yards (strides) in size.

Amount of Colt+Salvo Herbicide to Equal Specified Broadcast Rate
(Mix with 1.0 Gallon or More of Water and Apply to 1000 Square Feet)

1 1/3 pts/acre	2.0 pts/acre	2 1/3 pts/acre
0.5 fl oz	0.75 fl oz	1.0 fl oz
(15 ml)	(22 ml)	(29 ml)

1 fl oz = 29.6 (30) ml

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COLT®+SALVO® HERBICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 34704-1010

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED

(Numbers in parentheses (-) in weeds list refer to footnotes below.)

Weeds Controlled

bedstraw (cleavers)	figwort	marestail	Russian thistle
bindweed, hedge	flax, volunteer	marshelder	shepherdspurse
bittercress	flixweed	milk vetch	sicklepod
buckwheat, wild	four o'clock	morningglory, annual	smallseeded falseflax
bull nettle	geranium, Carolina	mousetail	sneezeweed, bitter
burdock, common	goatsbeard	mustards (except blue) (2)	sowthistle (annual, spiny)
burhead	healall	nightshade species	Spanishneedles
buttercup	hemp dogbane	pennycress, field	speedwell
canola, volunteer	hemp, wild	pepperweeds (annual)	stinkweed
carpetweed	horseweed	pigweed	sunflower
catnip	ironweed	plantains	sweetclover
chickweed	Jacob's ladder	poorjoe	tansymustard
chicory	Jerusalem artichoke	prickly lettuce	velvetleaf
cinquefoil	jimsonweed	primrose, evening	vetches
cocklebur	klamathweed	puncturevine	yellow rocket
coffeeweed	kochia (1)	purslane, common	yellow starthistle
copperleaf, Virginia	lambsquarters, common	quickweed	
cornflower	lettuce, wild	radish, wild	
dock, curly	mallow, common	ragweed (common, giant)	
fanweed	mallow, Venice	rough fleabane	

1. Includes herbicide tolerant biotypes.
2. Apply prior to bolting.

Weeds Suppressed (1)

alfalfa	fiddleneck	knotweed	tansyragwort
aster, many flowered	garlic, wild	nettles	thistle, bull
beggarticks	goldenrod	onion, wild	thistle, Canada
bindweed, field	ground ivy	peppergrass	thistle, musk
carrot, wild	hawkweed	potato, volunteer	
clover, red	henbit	redstem filaree	
dandelion	hoarycress	smartweed	

1. **Suppression** is expressed as a reduction in weed competition (reduction population or vigor) as compared to untreated areas. The degree of weed control and duration of effect may vary with weed size, density, application rate, coverage, and growing conditions before, during and after treatment.

APPLICATION SITES

Crop Uses

Wheat (Including Durum) and Barley

Apply as a broadcast postemergence treatment to actively growing wheat (including durum) or barley, from the 4-leaf crop growth stage up to flag leaf emergence (Zadoks scale 36) for control of broadleaf weeds. Apply when weeds are actively growing, but before weeds are 8 inches tall or vining. For control of volunteer potatoes, apply before potato plants are 8 inches tall. Only weeds emerged at the time of treatment will be controlled. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperatures prior to, at and following time of application may reduce weed control and increase the risk of crop injury at all stages of growth. **Do not use if cereal crop is underseeded with a legume.**

Spot Application: Spot applications may be made, however, to prevent over-application spot treatments should be applied at rates and spray volumes equivalent to broadcast application. See instructions for "Spot Application" in "Application Directions" section.

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Broadcast Application Rates:

(Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to footnotes following table.)

Size or Species (1)	Application Rate (pint/acre)
Susceptible broadleaf weed seedlings less than 4 inches tall (2)	1.0
Susceptible broadleaf weed seedlings less than 8 inches tall or vining	1 1/3
Volunteer potatoes	1 1/3 to 2 2/3 (3)

1. See "Weeds Controlled or Suppressed" section for a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed.
2. The 1.0 pint per acre rate will generally provide satisfactory control of kochia seedlings less than 4 inches tall (including ALS resistant biotypes). However, when conditions for control are less favorable, such as under drought or cool temperatures, the 1 1/3 pint per acre rate will provide more consistent control of kochia seedlings 1 to 4 inches tall. Control of small kochia with reduced rates will be more consistent if kochia is at least 1 inch tall. The 1 1/3 pint per acre rate should be used for optimal control of dicamba tolerant kochia populations (see "Management of Kochia Biotypes" in the General Information section of this label).
3. Crop injury may occur at rates higher than 1 1/3 pint per acre.

Restrictions:

- Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas or harvest treated forage within 14 days of application.
- **Postemergence:** Do not make more than one postemergence application per crop cycle.
- **Preharvest:** Do not apply closer than 14 days before cutting of hay or 40 days before harvesting of grain and straw. Do not make more than one Preharvest application per crop cycle. Do not apply more than 0.5 pounds acid equivalent per acre per application.

Fallow Cropland

For best results, apply as a single broadcast treatment by ground or aerial equipment to control susceptible broadleaf weeds. Apply when weeds are actively growing, but before kochia is 8 inches tall and before wild buckwheat is vining. Colt+Salvo Herbicide may be applied alone or in tank-mix combination with other herbicides (See tank mixing precautions in "Mixing Instructions" section.)

Broadcast Application Rates:

Size or Species †	Application Rate (pint/acre)
Susceptible broadleaf weed seedlings less than 8 inches tall or vining	1 1/3 to 2 2/3
Volunteer potatoes	1 1/3 to 2 2/3

† See "Weeds Controlled or Suppressed" section for a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed.

Restrictions:

- **Maximum seasonal rate:** Apply no more than 2 2/3 pints (0.25 pound acid equivalent fluroxypyr per acre + 1.0 pound acid equivalent 2,4-D per acre) per use season. Apply no more than two applications and no more than 4.0 pounds acid equivalent per acre of 2,4-D containing products per fallow cycle in cumulative applications.
- **Maximum application rate:** Apply no more than 2 2/3 pints (0.25 pound acid equivalent fluroxypyr per acre + 1.0 pound acid equivalent 2,4-D per acre) per application. If Colt+Salvo Herbicide is tank mixed with additional 2,4-D, apply no more than a cumulative total of 2.0 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application.
- **Recropping interval:** Plant only labeled crops within 29 days following application.

On-Farm Non-Cropland

For best results, apply as a single broadcast treatment or spot treatment to control susceptible broadleaf weeds in on-farm non-cropland areas such as fence rows, building perimeters, around irrigation equipment and on-farm private roadways. Apply at the rate of 1 1/3 to 2 2/3 pints per acre when weeds are small and actively growing, but before weeds are 8 inches tall or vining. Spot treatments should be applied at rates and spray volumes equivalent to broadcast application. See instructions for "Spot Application" in "Application Directions" section. See "Weeds Controlled or Suppressed" section for a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed.

Restrictions:

Postemergence (annual and perennial weeds):

- **Maximum seasonal rate:** Make no more than one application of Colt+Salvo Herbicide per season. Do not make more than two applications of 2,4-D containing products per year.
- **Maximum application rate:** Apply no more than 2 2/3 pints (0.25 pound acid equivalent fluroxypyr per acre + 1.0 pound acid equivalent 2,4-D) per application. If Colt+Salvo Herbicide is tank mixed with additional 2,4-D, apply no more than a cumulative total of 2.0 pounds 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre per application.

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- **Reapplication interval:** When multiple applications of 2,4-D are utilized, do not make a repeat application within 30 days of a previous application of 2,4-D.
- Use two or more gallons of spray solution per acre.

Applications to non-cropland areas are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

CRP Acres

Do not use on CRP acres that are underseeded with desirable legumes, clovers, or other sensitive broadleaf plants.

Colt+Salvo Herbicide may be applied to Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres. For best results, apply as a single broadcast treatment by ground or aerial equipment to control susceptible broadleaf weeds. Apply at the rate of 1 1/3 to 2 2/3 pints per acre when weeds are small and actively growing, but before weeds are 8 inches tall or vining. Spot treatments should be applied at rates and spray volumes equivalent to broadcast application. See instructions for "Spot Application" in "Application Directions" section. See "Weeds Controlled or Suppressed" section for a complete listing of weeds controlled or suppressed.

Restrictions:

- Grazing or haying of treated CRP acres is prohibited.
- **Maximum seasonal rate:** Apply no more than 2 2/3 pints (0.25 pound acid equivalent fluroxypyr per acre + 1.0 pound acid equivalent 2,4-D) per acre per use season. Apply only once per use season.
- Use 2.0 or more gallons of spray solution per acre.
- Do not make more than two applications of products containing 2,4-D per year to CRP.
- Do not apply within 30 days of a previous application of 2,4-D.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, feed or fertilizer by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store above 10 °F or warm and agitate before use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

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Storage & Disposal cont'd.:

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

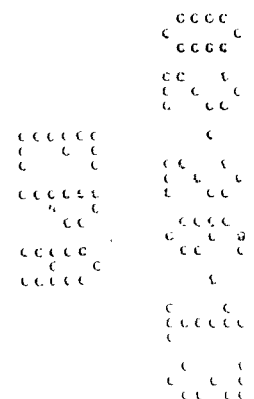
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