

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

February 26, 2015

Robert Avalos, Manager of Registrations Loveland Products Inc. P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286

Subject:

Label Amendment – Adding multiple crops and some minor changes

Product Name: Intensity One Post Emergence Grass Herbicide

EPA Registration Number: 34704-976 Application Date: September 22, 2014

Decision Number: 497126

Dear Mr. Avalos:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Aswathy Balan by phone at 703-347-0510, or via email at balan.aswathy@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Shaja B. Joyner, Product Manager 20

Fungicide - Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure



# INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE®

02/26/2015

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 34704–976

GROUP 1 HERBICIDE

Contains Petroleum Distillates

\*(E)-2[1-[[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one Contains 0.97 pound clethodim per gallon

# CAUTION

	FIRST AID
If in eyes:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on skin or clothing:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If swallowed:	<ul> <li>Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give any liquid to the person.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
If inhaled:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, it possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIANS:** Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See inside booklet for additional precautionary statements

EPA REG. NO. 34704-976

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-001

NET CONTENTS 2.5 GAL (9.46 L)

EXP 08/14 CROPS

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Harmful if swallowed.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or viton ≥ 14 mils,
- · Shoes plus socks,
- · Protective eyewear, goggles, face shield or safety glasses.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano grass and wild rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass: Solano County, Čalifornia: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL AND PAMPHLET. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

· Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,

Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or viton ≥ 14 mils,

· Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,

Protective eyewear, goggles, face shield or safety glasses,

· Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

### TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or applicator advisor.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

#### ITHE FOLLOWING STATEMENT ON CHEMIGATION WILL BE USED ONLY IF SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL IS CREATED.]

### CHEMIGATION

[Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed. Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, "Application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide Onions (dry bulbs and green) and Garlic by Chemigation", for use directions for chemigation.]

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

### **CROP INFORMATION**

FOR USE ON: Alfalfa; Artichoke (globe); Asparagus; Bean (dry) and Pea (shelled)¹; Bean and Pea (succulent shelled)²; Broccoli; Bushberry³; Cabbage; Canola\*; Caneberry⁴; Carrot; Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)⁵; Celery; Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only); Conifers; Cotton; Cranberry; Cucumber; Eggplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables)⁶; Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas); Field corn¹; Flax\*; Garden beet; Garlic; Herbs³; Hops; Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶; Legume Vegetables (edible podded)¹⁰; Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other Leafy Greens)¹¹; Melons (including Cantaloupe and Watermelon)¹²; Mint; Mustard greens (and other Leafy Brassica Greens)¹³ Mustard seed\*; Non-Bearing Food Crops; Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas; Onions (dry bulb and green); Ornamentals; Peanut (including perennial); Peppers (bell and non-bell); Potato; Radish; Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹⁴; Safflower; Sesame; Shallot (dry bulb); Squash (including Pumpkin)¹⁰; Soybean; Strawberry; Sugar beet; Sunflower; Sweet potato; Turnip greens; Tomato and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹⁵.

#### \*Not for use in California

Other Bean (dry) and Pea (shelled) crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Bean (*Lupinus* spp.), Grain lupin, Sweet lupin, White lupin and White sweet lupin; Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), Field, Kidney, Lima (dry), Navy, Pinto and Tepary; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), Adzuki bean, Black-eyed pea, Catjang, Cowpea, Crowder pea, Moth bean, Mung bean, Rice bean, Southern pea, Urd bean, Broad (dry), Chickpea (Garbanzo), Guar, Lablab bean and Lentil; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), Field and Pigeon.

Other Bean and Pea (succulent shelled) crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Bean (*Phaseolus* spp.), Broad bean (succulent), Lima bean (Green); Bean (*Vigna* spp.), Black-eyed pea, Cowpea, Southern pea; Pea

(Pisum spp.), English pea, Garden pea, Green pea and Pigeon pea.

Other Bushberry crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Aronia berry, Blueberry (highbush), Black currant, Buffalo currant, Chilean guava, Cranberry (highbush), Elderberry, European barberry, Gooseberry, Honeysuckle (edible), Huckleberry (edible), Jostaberry, Juneberry (Saskatoon berry), Native currant, Salal, Sea buckthorn, Red currant; cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

Other Caneberry crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Blackberry, Loganberry,

Raspberry (Black and Red), Wild raspberry, cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these.

Other Head and Stem brassica vegetables approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Chinese broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, Cavalo broccolo and Kohlrabi.

Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass include: Eggplant,

Groundcherry, Pepino, Peppers (all) and Tomatillo.

7 For burndown of existing stand of Roundup Ready® field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting Field corn.

Other Herb crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Angelica, Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Catnip, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chinese chive, Clary, Coriander (leaf), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Horehound, Hyssop, Lavender, Lovage (leaf), Marigold, Marjoram (*Origanum* spp.), Nasturtium, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Rosemary, Rue, Sage and Savory, Summer and Winter.

Other Root Vegetables approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Burdock, Edible; Celeriac; Chervil, Turnip-rooted; Chicory; Ginseng; Parsley, Turnip-rooted; Parsnip; Radish, Oriental; Rutabaga; Salsify; Salsify, Black; Salsify,

Spanish; Skirret and Turnip.

Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Bean (*Phaseoulus* spp.), Runner, Snap and Wax; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), Asparagus, Chinese longbean, Moth, Yardlong, Jackbean; Pea (*Pisum* 

spp.), Dwarf, Edible-podded, Snow, Sugar snap, Pigeon and Sword bean.

11 Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Amaranth (Chinese spinach, Leafy amaranth and Tampala), Arugula (Roquette), Chervil, Chrysanthemum (Edible-leaved and Garland), Corn salad, Cress (Garden, Yellow rock and Winter), Dandelion, dock (Sorrel), Endive (Escarole), Lettuce (Head and Leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (Garden and Winter), Radicchio (Red chicory), Spinach, Spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and Malabar)).

12 Other Cucurbit Crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Chayote (Fruit), Chinese wax

gourd, Citron melon, Edible gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew melon.

Other Leafy Brassica Greens approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Broccoli raab, Chinese (Bok choy) cabbage, Collards, Kale, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens.

4 Other Leaf Petiole Crops approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Cardoon, Celtuce, Chinese

celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.

Other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Arracacha, Arrow root, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, Edible canna, Bitter and Sweet cassava, Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (Taro), Ginger, Leren, Tanier, Turmeric; Yam, Bean and Yam, True.

Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is a postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

**Control Symptoms** 

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days after application, depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide postemergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture, hot or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide should be applied as soon as possible, after an irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make a second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may reduce weed control.

**Ground Application** 

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5.0 gallons and a maximum of 40.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10.0 GPA is required: ultra narrow row cotton, narrow row sovbeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure

or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10.0 GPA under these conditions can result in poor coverage and the reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulb and green), garlic or shallots (dry bulbs and green) should be made in a minimum of 20.0 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3.0 gallons of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10.0 gallons as grass or crop foliage becomes dense. For onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic or shallots (dry bulbs and green): When applying by air do not exceed 17.0 fluid ounces per acre in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20.0 gallons of spray solution per acre. In states other than California, air application to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10.0 gallons of spray solution.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied to onions, garlic or shallots with aerial

equipment.

**Spot Treatment** 

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix 1/3 to 2/3% (0.44 to 0.85 fluid ounce per gallon) Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 fluid ounces per gallon) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% (0.33 fluid ounce per gallon) by volume.

NOTE: If Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment care should be taken to not exceed the maximum

rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

### CHEMIGATION - ONION (Dry Bulbs and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

\*Do not apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington. Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide at the high rate recommendation for annual grasses (32.0 fluid ounces per acre) when the grass height is at the high end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1.0 quart per acre of non-ionic surfactant with at least 80% active ingredient at 0.25% v/v of total spray solution.

Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide in 0.1 to 0.2 acre inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

### **Use Precautions**

1. Apply this product only through irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

- 3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact your State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

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- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
   The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, pormally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application, as control may be unsatisfactory.
- Do not plant rotational crops until 30 days after application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide unless crop is listed on Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.
- Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within 1 day following application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide or reduced grass control may result.
- Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide under conditions that do not
  promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in
  temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these
  kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide effectively, and will be
  less susceptible to herbicide activity.

### APPLICATION ON LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK IS RESTRICTED TO NO MORE THAN 32.0 FLUID OUNCES OF INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE (0.25 POUND ACTIVE INGREDIENT) PER ACRE, PER SEASON.

Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, results in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than 2 Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.

Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that before applying Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restriction and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

Tank mixes of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may be necessary.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

- Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything
  possible to reduce spray drift, including:
- Do not apply when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought and low relative humidity), especially when sensitive plants are located nearby.
- Do not spray if wind speed is 10 mph or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all
  conditions.
- . Do not spray if winds are gusty.
- Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before
  making an application.
- Do not allow Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide to come in contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed.

Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:

- 1. Use large drop droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
- Orienting nozzles straight back with the windstream, using straight stream orificies for aerial applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3.0 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.

3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example a minimum of 10.0 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.

4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is a Group 1 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide and other Group 1 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 1 may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 1 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide or other Group 1 herbicides. Repeated use of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide (or similar post-emergence grass herbicide with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.

If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotations, mechanical removal and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

To delay herbicide resistance consider:

Avoiding Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide or other target site of action Group 1 herbicides that have similar target site
of action on the same weed species.

Using tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action groups as long as the involved products are all
registered for the same use, have different sites of action, and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of
concern.

· Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive IPM program.

Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.

 Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors, and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

Table 1. CROP SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE

HEKRICIDE		The Market State		A THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF	11. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12.
Crop 1	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
Alfalfa, Seedling	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v See tank mix label for specific adjuvant recommendations.	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Alfalfa Established: Sainfoin Holy clover Birdsfoot trefoil	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	12.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v See tank mix label for specific adjuvant recommendations.	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Artichoke (Globe)	5 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
Asparagus	1 day	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.

Table 1. cont'd .:	Marianan an terra	SECTIONS DON	tion and Affilia differ for an	architecturi de <b>efectivado</b> medi	terrelican causa in securior will inquienteral
	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate /A <sup>2</sup>	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
	30 days	9.0 to	NIS at 0.25% v/v	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/
	30 days	32.0 fl oz 5	1VIS at 0.25% V/V	2.5 to 4.0 ID/A	application Do not apply more than
Including:		32.0 11 02 0			application. Do not apply more than
Bean					64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
(Lupinus spp.)					For repeat applications make on a
(includes					minimum of 14-day interval.
Grain lupin					Refer to appropriate Table for reduced
Sweet lupin					rate recommendations of the control of
White lupin					small annual grasses.
White sweet					morting and an experience of the contraction of the second
lupin);					through our distribution of the same
(Phaseolus spp.)					
(includes					
Field bean					
Kidney bean					
Lima bean					
(Dry)					
Navy bean					Complete sensite the object of the complete the complete of th
Pinto bean				ortic has absorbed as a paint	
Tepary bean);					
(Vigna spp.)					the state of the s
Bean (includes					that was apprinted to reactive set the factors
Adzuki bean					
Blackeyed pea					
Catjang					
Cowpea					
Crowder pea					since Manny their Walter record heaters her her her had a
Moth bean					
Mung bean					
Rice bean					
Southern pea					<b>基本的</b>
Urd bean);	PROPERTY NAMED IN				toral montalização mass
Broad bean (Dry)	Siplicity and				
Chickpea;					diff a blad own at the
Guar;					first political constant problem
Lablab bean;					
Lentil					with translations.
	21 days	9.0 to	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced
Succulent		16.0 fl oz 5			rate recommendations for the control of
Shelled		10.0 11 02			small annual grasses on the container
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY					
					label.
Bean					Do not apply more than 1
(Phaseolus spp.)					application/A/season.
Broad bean					net century through no
(succulent)					
Lima bean					
(green);					
					A CONTRACTOR OF STREET
Bean ( <i>Vigna</i> spp.)	Man the state of t				
Black-eyed pea					
Cowpea					
Southern pea	The second of the second	CA ESCAL			
	30 days	9.0 to	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A
	The state of the s	16.0 fl oz			in a single application. Do not apply
		10.0 11 02			more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb
	HELL HAD IN THE DE				AI/A)/season.
					MITALICE RELIEF
					For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

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Table 1. cont'd .:

Crop 1	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
Brassica Vegetables, Head and Stem <sup>6</sup> including: Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower	30 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of 14-day interval.
Bushberry including: Aronia berry Blueberry, Highbush Chilean guava Cranberry, Highbush Currant, Black Currant, Native Currant, Red Elderberry European barberry Gooseberry Honeysucke, Edible Huckleberry Juneberry Saskatoon	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.9 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to Use DIRECTIONS FOR BUSHBERRY, CANEBERRY AND PEACH
berry Salal Sea buckthorn Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these					
Caneberry including: Blackberry Loganberry, Raspberry, Black Raspberry, Wild Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these	7 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to USE DIRECTIONS FOR BUSHBERRY, CANEBERRY AND PEACH
	70 days	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied during the bloom period.  Do not apply more than 12.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 12.0 fl oz/A (0.09 lb Al/A)/season.

	Minimum Time from Application	Use Rate	Adjuvant	Ammonium Sulfate	Special Use Instructions
Crop 1 Carrot	to Harvest (PHI) 30 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	Recommendation <sup>3</sup> NIS at 0.25% v/v	None 4	and Restrictions  Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application.  Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.  For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	For use on clover grown in the states of ID, OR and WA only. Do not exceed 32.0 fl oz (0.25 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on minimum of a 14-day interval.
Corn, Field <sup>7</sup>	90 days	6.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus AMS. Do not use COC or MSO in this use pattern.	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not make more than 1 application/ season. To control existing stand, replant no sooner than 6 days after application.
Cotton	60 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v See tank mix label for specific adjuvant recommendations.	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of 14-day interval.
Cranberry	30 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. Do not apply between the "hook" stage and full fruit set. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Cucurbits including: Cantaloupes (all) Cucumber Gherkin Honeydew Melon Muskmelons (all Pumpkin Squash (all) Watermelon		9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Edamane (Immature soybean)	21 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 1 application /A/season.
Fallow Land Conifer Trees (and other non-producing agricultural areas) Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	N/A	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop. Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A per application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.

Oran 1	Minimum Time from Application	Use Rate	Adjuvant	Ammonium Sulfate	Special Use Instructions
Crop 1 Flax (Not for use in California)	to Harvest (PHI) 60 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	Recommendation <sup>3</sup> NIS at 0.25% v/v	None 4	and Restrictions  Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may occur when Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied during the bloom period.  Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A per application. Do not exceed 32.0 fl oz (0.25 lb Al/A)/season.  For repeat applications make on a
Fruiting Vegetable (Except Tomato) including: Eggplant Groundcherry Pepino Peppers (all)	20 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	minimum of 14-day interval.  Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application.  Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.  For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Tomatillo Herbs Angelica Balm Basil Borage Burnet Camomile Catnip Chervil (dried) chive Chinese chive Clary Coriander (leaf) Costmary Cilantro (leaf) Curry (leaf) Dill (Dillweed) Horehound Hyssop Lavender Lovage (leaf) Marigold Marjoram(Origa Nasturtium Parsley (dried) Pennyroyal Rosemary	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide has not been tested on all herbs, and herb varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field. Crop tolerance to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide should be verified on a small area of the herb crop, at the desired Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the herb field. If no crop response is evident 7 days after treatment, Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the tolerance test For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application.  Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
Rue Sage Savory (summe and winter) Sweet Bay Tansy Tarragon Thyme Wintergreen Woodruff Wormwood					more and an analysis of the control

Crop 1	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate /A <sup>2</sup>	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
Hops	21 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A
eafy Brassica Greens ncluding:	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	(0.5 lb Al/A)/season.  Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application.  Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A
Broccoli raab Cabbage, Chinese (Bok choy) Collards Kale Mizuna					(0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat application make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Mustard greens Mustard spinach Rape greens					
Furnip greens Leaf Lettuce	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Leaf Petioles Cardoon Celery Chinese celery Celtuce Fennel Florence (Finochio) Rhubarb Swiss chard	30 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
eafy Greens maranth (Chinese spinach	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
Leafy amaranth Tampala) Arugula (Roquett Cardoon Celery Celery Chinese Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum, Edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, garland, corn salad Cress, garden Cress, upland (Yellow rock and	re)				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Dock (sorrel) Endive (escarole) Fennel, Florence					Cont'd. next p

Cron 1	Minimum Time from Application	Use Rate /A <sup>2</sup>	Adjuvant	Ammonium Sulfate	
Crop 1 Leafy Greens cont'd.: Lettuce, Head and Leaf Orach Parsley Purslane Garden Radicchio (Red chicory) Winter Rhubarb	to Harvest (PHI) 14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	Recommendation <sup>3</sup> NIS at 0.25% v/v	Recommendation 4 None	and Restrictions  Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application.  Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.  For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Spinach Spinach New Zealand Vine (Indian ar Swiss chard	nd Malabar)				
Legume Vegetables, Edible Podded including: Bean (Phaseolus spp.	21 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz <sup>(5)</sup>	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in single application. Do not apply more than 1 application/A/season. For peas apply before bloom, but no later than 21 days before harvest.
Runner Snap Wax	n arabenden keam b b Allebenden Kool kerkeatenen di				
Bean ( <i>Vigna</i> spr Asparagus Chinese longb Moth Yardlong	ean				
Jackbean Edamame, Immature soybean Pea ( <i>Pisum</i> spp Dwarf Edible-pod Snow Sugar snap Pigeon Sword Bean	de sassantes en				
Mint	21 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Mustard seed (Not for use in California)	75 days	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied during the bloom period.  Do not apply more than 12.0 fl oz/A/ season.  For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

Crop 1	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
Onions (Dry bulbs only) 8, 9 Garlic 8, 9 Shallots (Dry bulbs only) 8, 9	45 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Minimum of 20.0 gal/A spray volume by ground in entire U.S. Minimum of 20.0 gal/A spray volume by air in CA. 8 In states other than CA, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10.0 gal/A. 8
Onions, Green <sup>8, 9</sup> including: Leeks	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
Scallions or Spring onions Japanese bunching onions Green shallots Green eschalots	resident stem verdie le resident que s fundi arres verme la la maissa d'arress la en fait virga men fulles avis d'arress suries	dans		ACCUSATE ON THE STATE OF	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.  Minimum of 20.0 gal/A spray volume by air in CA. 8 In states other than CA, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10.0 gal/A. 8
Ornamentals	N/A	9.0 to 32 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a
Non-Bearing Food Crops	N/A	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz			minimum of a 14-day interval. Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within 1 year of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide application.
Pea, Shelled ( <i>Pisum</i> spp.) Field pea Pigeon pea	30 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 1 application/A/season. Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. 10 Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses on the container label.
Garden pea Green pea Pigeon pea	21 days	. (c. 70) (c. 6) (c. 6)		None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 1 application/A/season. Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. 10 Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses on the container label.

Crop 1	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
Peach	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Refer to Use DIRECTIONS FOR BUSHBERRY, CANEBERRY AND PEACH
Peanut (Including Perennial)	40 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Potato	30 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of 14-day interval.
Radish	15 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz (0.25 lb Al)/A/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of 14-day interval.
Root Vegetables (except Radish) 11	30 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Safflower	70 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
Sesame	14 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply during flowering. Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season.
	60 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v See tank mix label for specific adjuvant recommendations	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.

Crop 1	Minimum Time from Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rate /A <sup>2</sup>	Adjuvant Recommendation <sup>3</sup>	Ammonium Sulfate Recommendation <sup>4</sup>	Special Use Instructions and Restrictions
Strawberry	4 days	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 16.0 fl oz/A in a single application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Sugar Beet	40 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v See tank mix label for specific adjuvant recommendations.	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of 14-day interval. Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
Sunflower	70 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC/MSO at 1.0 qt/A or 1.0% v/v See tank mix label for specific adjuvant recommendations	2.5 to 4.0 lb/A	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Sweet Potato, Yam and other tuberous and corm vegetables (except potato)	30 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/ application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Tomato	20 days	9.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	None	Do not apply more than 32.0 fl oz/A/application. Do not apply more than 64.0 fl oz/A (0.5 lb Al/A)/season. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

### N/A = Not Applicable

1 Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

See annual and perennial grass control tables for specific use rate recommendations.

- NIS (non-ionic surfactant) in this case refers to an adjuvant containing at least 80% non-ionic surfactant. Crop oil concentrate in this case refers to both crop oil concentrate and crop oil concentrate blends. Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those that contain a minimum of 80% oils and 25 to 40% surfactants and emulsifiers. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.
- Use spray grade ammonium sulfate. The use of ammonium sulfate does not take the place of the required adjuvant.

See the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE USE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

- Other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables approved include: Chinese broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Chinese (Napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard. Cavolo broccoli and kohlrabi.
- For burndown of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting field corn. See RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE IN ROUNDUP READY FIELD CORN (BURNDOWN) table.

If Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment to garlic, onion, shallot or non-bearing food crops

care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a per acre basis or crop injury may occur.

In California, do not apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide to garlic, onion or shallot until crop has at least 2 full leaves. In California, 14-day spray intervals are recommended between the application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.

10 Applications of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide to Peas during bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity.

Other Root Vegetables approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Burdock, Edible; Celeriac; Chervil, Turnip-rooted; Parsnip; Radish, Oriental; Rutabaga; Salsify; Salsify, Black; Salsify, Spanish; Skirret and Turnip.

<sup>2</sup> See Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide Tank Mix with Broadleaf Herbicides for the Control of Volunteer Corn (including

Roundup Ready) in Soybean.

Other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables approved for use with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide include: Arracacha; Arrowroot; Chinese artichoke; Jerusalem artichoke; Edible burdock; Edible canna; Cassava, Bitter and Sweet; Chayote (Root); Chufa; Dasheen (Taro); Ginger, Leren; Tanier; Turmeric and Bean yam.

LIBERATE® should be used as the Non-lonic Surfactant and MSO® with Leci-Tech® should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

# USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (ALL CROPS)

· Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

· Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

 Do not exceed the maximum per application rate listed in Table 1 CROP SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS, RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height*	Application Rates		
The service is	archening amonomicanting amount	(Inches)	Minimum Rate Maximum Rate 1		
analteidin saadt na oo	America America de casterna constitadamente		FI Oz/A	FI Oz/A	
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	9.0	16.0	
Broadleaf signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Brome	he decraft areased become assess	at the profession of the state	manufic services of course	Carlotte and sales at -	
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	9.0	16.0	
Crabgrass	In the teacher and entire securities that the colores	and the second second second second	The ball has the same	de three to delicate the	
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	9.0	16.0	
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	9.0	16.0	
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	9.0	16.0	
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	9.0	16.0	
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	9.0	16.0	
Fall panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	9.0	16.0	
Field sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Foxtail		The state of the s	CANAL CARLES AND A STREET OF THE STREET		
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	9.0	16.0	
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	9.0	16.0	
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	9.0	16.0	
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	9.0	16.0	
Itchgrass	Rottboellia cochinchinensis	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	9.0	16.0	
Red rice	Oryza sativa	1 to 3	9.0	16.0	
Ryegrass			THE PERSON OF TH	CONTROL CONTROL OF STREET	
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	9.0	16.0	
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	9.0	16.0	
Southwestern cupgrass	Eriochola gracillis	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Sprangletop	Star Shall residue agreement and a shall		THE POST OF THE PARTY OF	Design ture Design appearable interior	
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	
Texas panicum	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	9.0	16.0	

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height*	Application	Rates
ar Sugar Salah da Kabulara Anggar Salah da Kabulara d		(Inches)	Minimum Rate FI Oz/A	Maximum Rate <sup>1</sup> FI Oz/A
Volunteer cereals 3				Pendeda Pantana antono
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	9.0	16.0
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	9.0	16.0
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	9.0	16.0
Wheat <sup>2</sup>	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	9.0 2	16.0
Volunteer corn 2,3	Zea mays	Up to 12	6.0	12.0
Volunteer corn <sup>3</sup>	Zea mays	Up to 24	9.0	14.0
Volunteer corn <sup>2,3</sup>	Zea mays	Up to 36	12.0	16.0
Volunteer grain Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	9.0	16.0
Wild oats	Avena fatua	2 to 6	9.0	16.0
Wild proso millet	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	9.0	16.0
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	9.0	16.0
Woolly cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	9.0	16.0

<sup>\*</sup>Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

\*\*Length of lateral growth.

When a Cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide use rate for control is 12.0 fluid ounces per acre.

3 Includes Roundup Ready, LibertyLink® and IMI-CORN Volunteer corn; however not sethoxydim-resistant volunteer corn.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE

	Application Rates				
Grass Species	Weed Species and Size	Min Rate Fl Oz/A	Max Rate FI Oz/A		
Annual and Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	12.0	32.0	Argie	

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may require repeated applications of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Aerial Application: Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide in a minimum of 10.0 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendations for Annual Grasses table and rates indicated. If a grass has been cut, apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfal-fa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may vary from region to region. Also some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule spray spring and summer germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Rates higher than 16.0 fluid ounces per acre may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 16.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces per acre may be applied. Do not apply more than 16.0 fluid ounces per acre of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide per application to the following crops: broccoli, cabbage, carrot, cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables), Celery, Cranberry, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting vegetables (except Tomato), Garden beets, Green onion, Leaf lettuce, Radish (and other Root vegetables), Rhubarb (and other Leaf petioles), Strawberry and non-bearing food crops. Do not apply more than 12.0 fluid ounces per acre of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide per application to Canola or Mustard seed.

Perennial Grass Control: Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide effectively controls perennial grasses such as Bermudagrass. Foxtail barley, Johnsongrass, Orchardgrass, Quackgrass, Tall fescue, and Wirestern muhly. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

### USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE (ALL CROPS)

Cross Cassiss	Wood Ctogo	Doto FLOTA		
Grass Species	Weed Stage	Rate - Fl Oz/A	High Rate - Fl Oz/A	LEMEN DELLA TERCH
Annual bluegrass				
(Poa annua)	up to 4-leaf	12.0*	32.0	mining content in forms

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when Annual bluegrass is more mature.

See Table 1 for specific adjuvant recommendations.

\*Use a minimum of 17.0 fluid ounces per acre to control Annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint. LIBERATE should be used as the Non-lonic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

### DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE USE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES, CANOLA, FLAX, LEGUME VEGETABLES (DRY AND SUCCULENT), MUSTARD SEED, SOYBEAN, SUGAR BEET AND SUNFLOWER (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

· Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

· Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low or high temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed Height (Inches)	Rate FI Oz/A 1
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	6.0
Broadleaf signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	1 to 4	8.0
Crabgrass			epeal Applications leader
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 3*	6.0
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	8.0
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 3*	6.0 Alternation and publishing
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	8.0 PAGEMENTER FOR PROPERTY
Southern	Digitaria cilaris	1 to 4*	8.0 — noiteoligu A tai
Fall panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	6.0
Foxtail	the first own to return the first the second constraints of	and the second s	
Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	6.0 (493 z templa) (sempla)
Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	6.0 and and and and are
Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 4	8.0 (2)500500000 1600
Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	6.0
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	1 to 6	8.0
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	6.0
Texas panicum	Panicum texanum	1 to 4	8.0
Volunteer cereals			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	1 to 4	8.0 \$1 m all manufactures
Oats	Avena sativa	1 to 4	8.0
Wheat	Triticum asetivum	1 to 4	chariff appropriate 8.0 made and leaves in lorders in
Volunteer corn**	Zea mays	4 to 12	sold attend the 6.0 state of period ad taken over
Wild proso millet	Panicum milaceum	1 to 6	ad istribute suff 6.0 in a next renew on tentral
Wild oats	Avena fatua	1 to 4	8.0 September 1997 1997 1997
*Length of lateral growth			the first and and this fact to fitte a and to a

Not S.R. Corn

Always add a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v total spray volume unless crop specific restrictions and limitations advise otherwise. LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

# USE DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES (ALL CROPS)

· Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

· Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

***	free additional reading to the article appearing the	Application	Rate
HTUN USO	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	Min Rate	Max Rate
Grass Species	Weed Height (Inches)	FI Oz/A	FI Oz/A
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)	2 (07 117 to 6" 717 7270)	10.0	20.0
First Application Repeat Application(s)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	12.0	32.0
(if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	12.0	32.0
Fescue, Tall (Festuca arundicnacea)	5 (or up to o Turmers)	12.0	32.0
First Application	4 to 8	12.0	32.0
Repeat Application(s)	militaries with an order a written and	e of the hear position will have some	telebra Basa photoscopy some some
(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0
Foxtail barley (Hordeum jubatum)	wit from the bulletone ad rest factor	NAMED IN THE PARTY OF THE	in herestern paute burnerte vizio
First Application	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Repeat Application(s)			insignities discount to: 7 ents? no
(if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata)	one to the first that lead they first to	a hadipat tulk alega-endi a	off as then od havens 317.838
First Application	4 to 8	12.0	32.0
Repeat Application(s)			
(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0
Quackgrass* (Elytrigia repens)			THE PARTY OF
First Application	4 to 12	12.0	32.0
Repeat Application(s)	Medicant has an bo	Carrier of the first and the	emplessy participates allocations of titles carried
(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	12.0	32.0
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepen		nown at my to thought the	with the production and the second
First Application	12 to 24	12.0	32.0
Repeat Application(s)	04-10	0.0	04.0
(if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	9.0	24.0
Wirestem muhly ( <i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i> )	4 to 8	12.0	32.0
First Application Repeat Application(s)	4 10 0	12.0	32.0
(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0
Perennial bluegrass*	4 10 0	12.0	32.0
Roughstalk ( <i>Poa trivialis</i> )			
Kentucky ( <i>Poa prantensis</i> )			
First Application	2 to 4	12.0	32.0
Repeat Application(s)	2 10 4	12.0	oz.v
(if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	12.0	32.0
Bentgrass* ( <i>Agrostis</i> spp.)	2 10 4	12.0	UZ.U
First Application	2 to 4	tradel sector	32.0
Repeat Application(s)	2 10 1		
(if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	GANGE SALES	32.0

	USE DIRECTIONS	FOR USE IN ROUNDUP READY FIELD CORN (BURNDOWN)
Grass	Weed Height	Application Rate
Species	(Inches)	Rate When Applied Alone Or With Glyphosate - FI Oz/A
Field corn	Up to 12	6

For control of existing stand of Roundup Ready field corn or volunteer Roundup Ready field corn prior to replanting field corn. Care must be taken to avoid in field boom (spray) overlaps or excessive crop injury may occur.

Replant no sooner than 6 days after application.

Adjuvant recommendations: NIS at 0.25% v/v plus AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 pounds per acre.

Do not use a COC or MSO with this use pattern.

### TANK MIXES LABEL INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label in certain considerations.

Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- Geographic restrictions all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another:
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (e.g. protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g. pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per season;
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- 8. Application timing (e.g. pre-harvest interval).
- 9. Do not exceed the total season rates.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

### TANK MIX APPLICATION OF INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height for growth stage for treatment.
- · Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- 2. While agitating, add the correct amount of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 3. If tank mixing Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
- 5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until all spray solution has been applied.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

### INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

Table 2. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA (Refer to the use directions tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

	Applicat	ion Rates/A <sup>2</sup>	Ground Applica	ation	Spray Additives Air Application	ny maka ta asamana Hisidashi akatê sanag
Product 1	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Adjuvant Recommendation	AMS	Adjuvant Recommendation	AMS
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 32.0 fl oz	16.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25 % v/v	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25 % v/v	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
<sup>+</sup> 2,4-DB <sup>3</sup>	+ Refer to 2,4-DB label	+ Refer to 2,4-DB label		1123,882	alto iri, gai zidina ec madepiloga lo calci	ha usi ba te ayi li un dagare da ma
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 32.0 fl oz		NIS at 0.25 % v/v	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25 % v/v	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
+ PURSUIT® DG <sup>4</sup>	+ 1.08 to 2.16	GAWGLINE FOR			CHE WA TO BUILDING	
or PURSUIT 4	oz or 3.0 to 6.0 fl oz	BLANG BOXUM CADAB GMA 2 Or grown and	ATAN TO SELECT TO SOME TO SOME Sound Monte and Compa	7 (142)55 (1 400 月(7 4 (145) 18	APPLICATIÔN OF 18 N. EAF HERBHOUDES WAS GONN ON DINNESS	XINA WAAT NACHE Ng Yawkida in gino ya
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 32.0 fl oz	en de de la seven	NIS at 0.25 % v/v	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25 % v/v	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
+ BUCTRIL® 2L <sup>5</sup> or BUCTRIL GEL <sup>5, 6</sup>	+ 1.0 to 1.5 pt or 0.5 to 0.75 pt	rysto i en las jaja Pol brancon ringo			our reers in rounded to a Summer best in consensition units and or tropulate the	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 32.0 fl oz	ara in compression of About a contra se	NIS at 0.25% v/v	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
+ RAPTOR®	+ 4.0 to 6.0 fl oz			Maring Tebels	a sadestata and and a setting	manelir and talef ion Signerator als

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

Before using this tank mix, read and understand the Pursuit OR Pursuit DG labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. Do not feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for

30 days following an application of Pursuit to alfalfa.

In the states of Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and the western halves of Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota: The Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide plus Buctril or Buctril GEL tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliates. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2-trifoliate leaf stage. Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide plus Buctril or Buctril GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80 °F at and 3 days following application can result in unacceptable crop injury. In the states not listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliate leaves. When alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leafburn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage of growth. Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide plus Buctril or Buctril GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70 °F at and 3 days following application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide plus Buctril GEL application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.

Do not apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover

or application.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR BUSHBERRY, CANEBERRY AND PEACH

Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide postemergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Crop injury to bushberry, caneberry and peach can occur if Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is improperly applied. Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Do not apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide to bushberry, caneberry or peach grown for root stock.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least 1 year following an Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide application.

#### CANOLA

Table 3. REDUCED RATE INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR

CANOLA (Refer to the use directions tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

Carlotte Are	Application Rates/A	Adjuvant	Ammonium S	Sulfate
Product	Annual Grasses 1	Recommendations	Ground	Air
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE <sup>2</sup>		NIS at 0.25% v/v		
+	eti nigori norregiano i des 9 esti que			
LIBERTY® 3	28.0 to 34.0 fl oz			
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE	8.0 to 10.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	3.0 lb/A	3.0 lb/A
GRASS HERBICIDE 2				
+ STINGER® <sup>4</sup>	+ 0.33 pt/A	E tourne of the same	ard Europe Mil Reconsta	in Index

Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE USE IN DRY BEAN, CANOLA, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SOYBEAN, AND SUGAR BEET RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

<sup>2</sup> Do not apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury will occur.

3 For use only on LibertyLink canola.

4 See Stinger label for weeds controlled.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

#### COTTON

### Table 4. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

TO COTTON	Application Ra	tes/A <sup>2</sup>	Crop Oil	
Product 1	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Concentrate <sup>3</sup> V/V Ground	Comments
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE 4	12.0 to 16.0 fl oz	16.0 to 32.0 fl oz for rates to control	1.0% broadleaf weeds and	Reduced broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.
COBRA + MSMA (4.0 lb/gal)	Refer to the Intellabel for weed h	ensity One Post-Eme eight and species co I for rates to control		
or MSMA (6.6 lb/gal)	Refer to the Inte		ergence Grass Herbicide ontrolled.	

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

<sup>2</sup> If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

3 Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1.0 pint per acre) in the finished spray volume.

4 If, at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may be necessary.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

Table 5. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

	Application F	ate/A 1	Adjuvar	nte libre de la la completa en a una c	button bette band and and
Product	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Glyphosate formulation with built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built in adjuvant	COMMENTS
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE		12.0 to 32.0 fl oz	Ammonium sulfate at 8.5 to 17.0 lb/100 gal of carrier plus glyphosate	Ammonium sulfate at 8.5 to 17.0 lb/100 gal of carrier plus NIS at 0.25%	
+ GLYPHOSATE	R Institution		label adjuvant recommendation	V/V Assurant accraoting	10.0 gal of spray solution/A.

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

#### DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS

Table 6. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULIENT BEANS (Refer to the use directions tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

	Application Rates/A <sup>2</sup>		Adjuvant	
Product 1	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	COC at 1.0% v/v	COC at 1.0% v/v
+ BASAGRAN® <sup>3</sup>	+ 1.0 to 2.0 pt	+ 1.0 to 2.0 pt	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A	+ AMS at 17.0 lb/100 gal
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	nederland, spiral	NIS at 0.25% v/v	NIS at 0.25% v/v
+ RAPTOR <sup>3</sup>	+ 4.0 fl oz		+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A	+ AMS at 17.0 lb/100 gal

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

2 If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

3 Always read and follow label directions for all tank mix products before using. The most restrictive labeling of any tank mix product must be followed.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

FLAX
Table 7. REDUCED RATE INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR
FLAX (Refer to the use directions tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

	Application Rates/A <sup>2</sup>	Adjuvant	S Charles
Product 1	Annual Grasses	Ground	Air
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	6.0 to 9.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.4 to 4.0 lb/A	AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lb/A
+ BROMAC® ADVANCED 2,3	† 11.4 fl oz	NIS at 1.25% v/v	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	6.0 to 9.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.4 to 4.0 lb/A	AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lb/A
+	4000	+	
BRONATE® 2,3	0.9 pt	NIS at 1.25% v/v	HATCHELL CHIE
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	6.0 to 9.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.4 to 4.0 lb/A	AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lb/A
+	4000	4	
BUCTRIL 2,3	0.125 lb Al/A	NIS at 1.25% v/v	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	8.0 to 10.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.4 to 4.0 lb/A	AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lb/A
+	tion of the same of the same	kingska # si sastantik, labihkhed al	
MCPA 2,3	0.25 to 0.5 pt	NIS at 1.25% v/v	Skick and as been at plants TIASTRIT
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	6.0 to 9.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.4 to 4.0 lb/A	AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lb/A
+ CURTAIL® M <sup>2,3</sup>	+ 1.33 to 1.75 pt/A	+ NIS at 1.25% v/v	

Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE USE IN DRY BEAN, CANOLA, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SOYBEAN, AND SUGAR BEET RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

Do not apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.

<sup>3</sup> Do not apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85 °F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur. LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

**PEANUT** 

Table 8. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (Refer to

the use directions tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

	Application Rates/A <sup>2</sup>				
Product 1	Annual Grasses	Ground	Air		
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	COC at 1.0% v/v	COC at 1.0% v/v		
+	+	+	+		
BASAGRAN	1.0 to 2.0 pt	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS at 17.0 lb/100 gal		
INTENSITY ONE	9.0 to 16.0 fl oz	COC at 1.0% v/v	COC at 1.0% v/v		
POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE			THE PROPERTY ONE SHOULD BE		
+	+	+	+ 3000000000000000000000000000000000000		
BLAZER®	0.5 to 1.5 pt	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS at 17.0 lb/100 gal		
INTENSITY ONE	9 to 16.0 fl oz	COC at 1.0% v/v	COC at 1.0% v/v		
POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE			THE PLAN OF THE STATE OF THE ST		
+	+	+	+ 26600000000000000000000000000000000000		
STORM®	1.5 pt	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS at 17.0 lb/100 gal		

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

## USE DIRECTIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUT WITH INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE

		Application Rates			
Grass Species	Weed Stage	Min Rate FI Oz/A	Max Rate FI Oz/A		
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES" and "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES"	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	32.0	64.0		

• Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide for grass suppression.

• Add a crop oil concentrate at 1.0 quart per acre by ground to the finished spray volume.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

SOYBEAN

Table 9. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIX WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR THE CONTROL OF VOLUNTEER CORN (INCLUDING ROUNDUP READY) IN SOYBEAN

(Helet to use direction	Weed Size		corn sizes and use rates)	A SHOP A POLICY TO A SHOPP A
	Application		Spray Additives	
Product	Volunteer Corn Height (Inches)	Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide Rates/A	Ground Application	Air Application
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE +	Up to 12	6.0 fl oz	NIS: Adjuvant Loaded Glyphosate: None required Adjuvant Unloaded Glyphosate: NIS at 0.25 % v/v	NIS: Adjuvant Loaded Glyphosate: None required Adjuvant Unloaded Glyphosate: NIS at 0.25 % v/v
GLYPHOSATE 1, 2, 3 1.0 to 3.0 lb Al/A (Roundup Ready soybeans only)	Up to 24 Up to 36	9.0 fl oz 12.0 fl oz	AMS: 8.5 to 17.0 lb/100 gal spray solution	AMS: 8.5 to 17.0 lb/100 gal spray solution
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE	Up to 12 Up to 24	6.0 fl oz 9.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	NIS at 0.25% v/v
GRASS HERBICIDE + FIRSTRATE®	Up to 36	12.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS: 17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
0.3 oz/A INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE	Up to 12 Up to 24	6.0 fl oz 9.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	NIS at 0.25% v/v
GRASS HERBICIDE + PURSUIT 70 DG	Up to 36	12.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS: 17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
1.44 oz/A INTENSITY ONE	Up to 12	6.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	NIS at 0.25% v/v
POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	Up to 24 Up to 36	9.0 fl oz 12.0 fl oz	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS: 17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
RAPTOR 4.0 to 5.0 fl oz/A	9 (1 ) (4 ) (a)(gr   190) (4 )	May the and I was	Fig. 1. Avg. Sett. 0 is 3 is 3 is 4 is 3 is 3 is 3 is 3 is 3	HE WELL SAME TO BE SECTION OF THE SE

<sup>1</sup> This tank mix may be applied postemergence to RoundUp Ready Soybeans up through the full flowering stage. Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.

<sup>2</sup> Avoid contact with foliage, green stems or fruit crops or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybeans with the Roundup

Ready gene as severe plant injury or death will result.

are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Do not allow the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide plus glyphosate to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction of the crops, plants or other areas on which treatement was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur, such as combinations of spray pressure and nozzle types that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants

Table 10. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to use direction tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

	Application	发生的现在 网络色色 自然对自己			
	Rates/A <sup>2</sup>	Ground Application		Recommendations Air Application	
Product 1	Annual Grasses 3	COC/NIS 4	AMS	COC/NIS 4	AMS
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 ptA	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
COBRA	6.0 to 12.0 fl oz			not less than 1.0 pvA)	
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
	+			10 24 9 0 0 0 cc	
IRSTRATE 5	0.3 oz	an panal a track a con-	the same of the		A348
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
LEXSTAR® HL <sup>5</sup>	+ Refer to the FLEXSTAR HL label for specific application rates			not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
RONTROW 5	Refer to FRONTROW label for use rates			98 N-10 ST 1 - 38 M	
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
HOENIXTM	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz			not loss than 1.5 party	
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
PURSUIT 70 DG 5	1.44 oz			led posternation bell	
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25 v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
APTOR (1 AS) 5	+ 4.0 to 5.0 fl oz			AND ANY MANY MAY TO EMPLOY	
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A	tion massi teban newi n n hasa dan tadi wan masa ntanana Samana dan mara	als had safid s to sense San Dan salanda yoʻrli salan maddi ta mads
RESOURCE®	+ 4.0 to 12.0 fl oz	COC at 2.5% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A			
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
COBRA	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz			not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
FIRSTRATE 5	+ 0.3 oz				

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Table 10. cont'd.:	Application	Spray	Additive R	Recommendations	
	Rates/A <sup>2</sup>	Ground Application		Air Application	
Product 1	Annual Grasses 3	COC/NIS 4	AMS	COC/NIS <sup>4</sup>	AMS
INTENSITY ONE	16.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	17.0 lb/100 gal of
POST-EMERGENCE	Paris I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	COC at 0.25% v/v or		COC at 0.25% v/v or	spray solution
GRASS HERBICIDE	THE PART OF STREET	COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A		COC at 1.0% v/v (but	
+	+			not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
COBRA	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz				
PURSUIT 70 DG 5	+ 1.44 oz				
INTENSITY ONE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	17.0 lb/100 gal of
POST-EMERGENCE		COC at 0.25% v/v or		COC at 0.25% v/v or	spray solution
GRASS HERBICIDE	THE PARTY OF	COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A		COC at 1.0% v/v (but	
+	+ 1403.9 110.00			not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
COBRA	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz				
RAPTOR (1 AS) 5	4.0 to 5.0 fl oz				
INTENSITY ONE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A		
POST-EMERGENCE		COC at 0.25% v/v or			
GRASS HERBICIDE		COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A			
+ COBRA	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz				
LUDNA +	+				
RESOURCE	4.0 to 6.0 fl oz			50	AAT - CAOM RUSEU
INTENSITY ONE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	17.0 lb/100 gal of
POST-EMERGENCE	Austral   1848 As 2.0° t	COC at 0.25% or		COC at 0.25% v/v or	spray solution
GRASS HERBICIDE	A Line 多子和數	Equivalent blended		COC at 1.0% v/v (but	RASS HERBICKERS SEAR
+	+	product or COC at		not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
FIRSTRATE	0.3 oz	1.0 to 2.0 pt/A			SER BYROAHUAY
+ FLEXSTAR HL <sup>5</sup>	+ Refer to the				
LLEYSTAK HT	FLEXSTAR HL				
	label for specific				
	application rates				
INTENSITY ONE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.125 to	2.5 lb/A	_	THE RESERVE OF A PROPERTY OF A
POST-EMERGENCE		0.25% v/v			
GRASS HERBICIDE					
+	+				
HARMONY® 5	0.042 to 0.083 oz			W.	
+	+				
HARMONY XP 5	0.042 to 0.083 oz	110 10050 / 1	0.5.11.74	1110 10050/ / 1	A STANDARD OF A
INTENSITY ONE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	17.0 lb/100 gal of
POST-EMERGENCE		COC at 0.125 to 0.25%		COC at 0.25% v/v or	spray solution
GRASS HERBICIDE		v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A		COC at 1.0% v/v (but	
+ PHOENIX	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz			not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
FILLENIX	+				
FIRSTRATE 5	0.3 oz				
INTENSITY ONE	16.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus	17.0 lb/100 gal of
POST-EMERGENCE	10.0 10 20.0 11 02	COC at 0.125 to	2.0 10//1	COC at 0.25% v/v or	spray solution
GRASS HERBICIDE		0.25% v/v or COC		COC at 1.0% v/v (but	MO 9 CONVENTAGE
+	+	at 1.0 pt/A		not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
PHOENIX	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz				
+	+				
PURSUIT 70 DG 5	1.44 oz				

Table 10 cont'd:

Table 10. cont'd.:	Anallastina	0	. Addition D	) d-tl	The state of the state of
	Application Rates/A <sup>2</sup>	Ground Application	Air Applic	Recommendations	
Product 1	Annual Grasses 3	COC/NIS 4	AMS	COC/NIS 4	AMS
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE + PHOENIX	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.125 to 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
+	+			70 0 0.25	
RAPTOR (1 AS) 5 INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE +	4.0 to 5.0 fl oz 9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.125 to 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
PHOENIX	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz	αι το μυλ		not less than 1.0 pt/A)	
RESOURCE	4.0 to 6.0 fl oz			0.041	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	16.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	92-52 50 ft 0.09 4 000 2 000	eranik Bro Vitrandija Bondarska bitarija Bondarska Banarija
RESOURCE +	4.0 fl oz			12.5.8 uz	
PURSUIT 70 DG 5	1.44 oz			14.15.01.4	and a security
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 02.5% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
+ SYNCHRONY® STS® <sup>5</sup> or SYNCHRONY XP (mp) <sup>5</sup>	0.25 oz or 0.375 oz			MD010 or 0 r	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution
SYNCHRONY STS 5 or	+ 0.5 oz +				
SYNCHRONY XP (mp) <sup>5</sup>	0.75 oz				SEC OF HOSERA
(STS Soybeans only)				10 CO3 DC	SAZO STANDARA
INTÉNSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.125% v/v	2.5 lb/A		OSTEMEROBICE AND AND A STREET OF A STREET
COBRA	6.0 to 8.0 fl oz			12.6 flor	M 0.3 XIM IO 10
+ HARMONY or HARMONY XP <sup>5</sup>	+ 0.042 oz or 0.042 oz			K 2id 50 ft 9 92 c k 200 k 200 k ac 6	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	12.5 Per	
COBRA	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz				TAKE SENSE DEBUT
RESOURCE	4.0 to 6.0 fl oz				
FIRSTRATE 5	0.3 oz				

Table 10. cont'd.:	Application Spray Additive Recommendations						
	Rates/A <sup>2</sup>	Ground Application	Air Applic		KS Assorbed Liston Delence		
Product 1	Annual Grasses 3	COC/NIS 4	AMS	COC/NIS <sup>4</sup>	AMS		
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution		
COBRA	6.0 to 12.0 fl oz			STAND SERVICES AND THE			
SYNCHRONY STS 5 or	0.25 oz						
SYNCHRONY XP (mp) <sup>5</sup>	or 0.375 oz				TRUTTANIA CASS REBRIGGE CASS REBRIGGE		
INTÉNSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0 to 2.0 pt/A	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1.0 pt/A)	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution		
COBRA	6.0 to 12.0 fl oz			not loss than 1.0 pt/A)			
SYNCHRONY STS <sup>5</sup> or SYNCHRONY XP (mp) <sup>5</sup>	+ 0.5 oz or 0.75 oz						
(STS Soybeans only)				SECOND H. XIMATIAN XI			
INTÉNSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.125 to 0.25% v/v or COC	2.5 lb/A	SEAR SOME MINES TECHNOLOGIC	THE STEWSTRY ONE FOR ANNUA		
+ PHOENIX	6.0 to 12.5 fl oz	at 1.0 pt/A					
RESOURCE	4.0 to 6.0 fl oz			10 h C d of D.			
FIRSTRATE 5	0.3 oz						
NTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.125 to 0.25% v/v or COC	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution		
+ PHOENIX	6.0 to 12.0 fl oz	at 1.0 pt/A		not less than 1.0 pt/A)			
+ SYNCHRONY STS <sup>5</sup> or	0.25 oz or				1 A3041		
SYNCHRONY XP (mp) <sup>5</sup>	0.375 oz						
NTÉNSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 20.0 fl oz	NIS a 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.125 to 0.25% v/v or COC	2.5 lb/A	NIS at 0.25% v/v plus COC at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0% v/v (but	17.0 lb/100 gal of spray solution		
PHOENIX	6.0 to 12.0 fl oz	at 1.0 pt/A		not less than 1.0 pt/A)			
SYNCHRONY STS <sup>5</sup> or SYNCHRONY XP mp) <sup>5</sup> STS Soybeans	+ 0.5 oz or 0.75 oz						

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
 If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

3 Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES table.

4 Contact local Loveland Products, Inc. representative for proper adjuvant selection.

<sup>5</sup> Refer to FIRSTRATE, FLEXSTAR HL, FRONTROW, HARMONY, HARMONY GT, PURSUIT DG, RAPTOR, SYNCHRONY STS and SYNCHRONY XP (mp) labels for geographic and rotational restrictions.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

SUGAR REFT

Table 11. INTENSITY O	NE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERI	BICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BRO	ADLEAF SUGAR BEET I	HERBICIDES
Products	Application Rates/A	Adjuvant Information		Value and the
INTENSITY ONE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	10	16 4 17 2
POST-EMERGENCE				
GRASS HERBICIDE				
+ to lea danul a	171 美國國際國際國際		was out of the	
BETAMIX®	See label for rate information	None required		
or	tod ve sta 1 逐發起	\$ 490 000 at 0 10 000		
BETANEX®	See label for rate information	None required		
or				
PROGRESS®	See label for rate information	None required		
and/or			50.5 00	
STINGER	See label for rate information	See below		
and/or			30 ET 0	
UPBEET®	See label for rate information	See below		Action Action

NIS at 0.25% unless BETAMIX, BETANEX or PROGRESS is in the tank, then use no adjuvant.

Table 12. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE PLUS BETANEX OR BETAMIX TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO RATE APPLICATION)

Product	Application Rates/A <sup>1</sup> Annual Grasses	Grasses Controlled (Inches)	Methylated Seed Oil 2 Ground Air	XHI3OH
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	3.0 to 6.0 fl oz	Green foxtail (1 to 2) Yellow foxtail (1 to 2) Barnyardgrass (1 to 2)	1.5% v/v 1.5%	V/V RIMIDERS
+ BETANEX or	Refer to label	Wild oat (1 to 2) Volunteer cereals (1 to 2)	50 P # 05 of 0.51	
BETAMIX or PROGRESS	Refer to label			
or STINGER	Refer to label		0.25 0	
or UPBEET	Refer to label		50 015,0	TX VALIDATIONS

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

<sup>2</sup> Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1.0 pint per acre) in the finished spray volume.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beet

Multiple micro-rate applications of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide in tank mixtures with reduced rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to Sugar beet to control early germinating annual grass-es listed above. All use precautions and restrictions on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master labels must be followed.

Table 13. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSWEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

	Application Rat	es/A <sup>2</sup>	The first of the same of the s	
Product 1	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Adjuvant	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	Franksport
+		+	+ AMS 8.5 a 3MA	
<b>EMINENT®</b>	Refer to label	Refer to label	Liver de la companya	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	DOMESTICAL PROPERTY.
GRASS HERBICIDE	AND L'S IN PARTY.			
+ HEADLINE®	Refer to label	+ Refer to label	+ 1010210108	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	CEMBRAH SAAR
UNASS HENDICIDE				
GEM®		Refer to label	Refer to label	01023847-123-

Refer to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

Table 14. TANK MIX APPLICATION ON INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER

PROPERTY OF STREET	general visitation in the first that a book	The House of the Company of the Comp	and the stands testings had not be		Crops					
Product 1	Application Rates/A <sup>2</sup> Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Adjuvant Recommendation	Alfalfa 3	Cotton	Mint 3,4	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	60 2 10 10 26	X	X	X	X	eded aydd diese	
ORTHENE® 75 S or ORTHENE 97	+ 0.33 to 1.33 lb or 0.25 to 1.0 lb	+ 0.33 to 1.33 lb 0.25 to 1.0 lb	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	41 08 11 1083	84 858		Hace Photo	fe d	MARGOL Deservice Transport	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	icategr	X	X	X	X	HT. Laptic This tells SUGNETS	
+ ORTHENE 90 S	+ 0.25 to 1.0 lb	+ 0.25 to 1.0 lb	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A	isus Bislas	eric eric			8 78 800	one the ta	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	sans n H cas	X	red Line	X	893. 813	Add Mor Soft saf	
+ DANITOL® 2.4 EC	+ 10.66 to 16.0 fl oz	+ 10.66 to 16 fl oz	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A	files se			AQ!	2 4		
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	19 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1937 171 2 100			X	X	
+ ASANA® XL	+ Refer to ASANA XL label	+ Refer to ASANA XL label	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A	62 kb 24 tod. beti	O B	d yd mae		erek Mark	spilitigs on and a	
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v					X	X	
+ WARRIOR®	+ Refer to WARRIOR label	+ Refer to WARRIOR label	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A		107				lon Ign ng	

If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide alone (without a tank mix fungicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants

Table 14. cont'd.:

						Cro	ps	1	MODEL A
Product <sup>1</sup>	Application Rates/A <sup>2</sup> Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Adjuvant Recommendation	Alfalfa 3	Cotton	Mint 3,4	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	X				X	I man ay
+ BAYTHROID®	+ Refer to BAYTHROID label	+ Refer to BAYTHROID label	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A						M 120
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	X		dienos (		X	
+ DIMETHOATE	+ Refer to DIMETHOATE label	+ Refer to DIMETHOATE label	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A						MF 100
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	X					5,000
+ WARHAWK®	+ Refer to WARHAWK label	+ Refer to WARHAWK label	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A		ge,1		901	ni d	15/19/4
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	9.0 to 12.0 fl oz	12.0 to 24.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v	X				19) 13 1611	PERMIT
+ PERMETHRIN	+ Refer to PERMETHRIN label	+ Refer to PERMETHRIN label	+ AMS at 2.5 lb/A				L	la:	A.F. sales Y

Refer to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide and insecticide label for rates and weeds and insects controlled.

<sup>2</sup> If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide brand herbicide alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

3 Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

<sup>4</sup> The Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide rate should be 9.0 to 12.0 fluid ounces per acre for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 12.0 fluid ounces per acre for annual grass control in established mint and 16.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces per acre for perennial grass control.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

### **FALLOW LAND**

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide at 12.0 to 16.0 fluid ounces per acre for annual grasses and 16.0 to 32.0 fluid ounces per acre for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide may be tank mixed with 2,4-D Ester or BANVEL® SGF for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 16.0 fluid ounces per acre Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide rate.

#### **USE DIRECTIONS**

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5.0 GPA for aerial applications and 15.0 GPA for ground applications. Apply only to actively growing
  grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height as specified by the Recommendations for Annual and Perennial
  Grasses section of this label.
- Annual grasses that emerge after the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide application will not be controlled, and a second
  application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than 1 application in non-tilled areas.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to drought stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for 2 weeks prior to or after the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide application.

Table 15. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

	Application R	lates/A 1	Adjuvant Recommendation	
Product	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air
INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE	12.0 to 16.0 fl oz	16.0 to 32.0 fl oz	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0%	NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1.0%
1	E torΩ eximusous sites in	ton of archite malness or	to 4.6 pounds dot 2018.	I.S is status mulancima eas
2,4-D Ester	0.5 lb/A	0.5 lb/A	AMS at 2.5 lb/A	AMS at 17.0 lb/100 gal
or	or	or		
BANVEL SGF	See BANVEL SGF label for rates	See BANVEL SGF label for rates		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label for weed height and species control. Review BANVEL SGF and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE

		Apr	olication Rates
Grass Species	Weed Stage	Min Rate FI Oz/A	Max Rate FI Oz/A
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height chart above.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage	24.0	Do not grow treated felds a 32.0 a select that each first selection is neglectered for uses in that cross connection.

Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide for grass suppression. Add a crop oil concentrate at 1.0 quart per acre by ground to the finished spray volume.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

Table 16. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

Grass Weeds Controlled/Suppressed						
Product	Product Rate	Common Name	Scientific Name	Weed Stage		
INTENSITY ONE	12.0 to 16.0 fl oz/A	Tall fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 inches tall		
POST-EMERGENCE				(40 to 60% green-up)		
GRASS HERBICIDE						

Adjuvant: Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide must be applied with non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4.0 pounds per acre.

Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide, then add non-ionic surfactant.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

### SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide application.

Apply in a minimum of 15.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood jet nozzles.

Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for 2 years. Applications of Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47 °F.

Table 17. INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-DOODLICING ACDICILITUDAL ADEAS

Product	Product Rate	Suppression	Application Timing
INTENSITY ONE	3.0 to 4.0 fl oz/A	Tall fescue seed-heads	(50 to 90% Tall fescue green-up) or 3 weeks prior to
POST-EMERGENCE		(Festuca arundinacea)	dormancy in the fall.
GRASS HERRICIDE		(, cordea aranamacea)	Section of the contract of the

ADJUVANT: Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1.0 quart per acre, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4.0 pounds per acre.

Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.

Note: Use crop oil concentrate at 2.0 pints per acre with fall applications.

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

### SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Apply at 50 to 90% Tall fescue green-up.

Use the higher Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide rate if less Tall fescue green matter is present.

Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide application.

- Apply in a minimum of 15.0 to 20.0 gallons of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.
- 2,4-D ester, TORDON® 22K, GRAZON® P+D OR CROSSBOW® may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled).
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hav to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

### DIRECTION FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

### **IMPORTANT**

Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to Intensity One at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Intensity One have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide applications:

#### **ORNAMENTAL TREES**

### **COMMON NAME** ALDER, RED ASH BASSWOOD BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH, RIVER BIRCH, WHITE CRABAPPLE, FLOWERING DOGWOOD, FLOWERING **GOLDON CHAIN TREE** MAPLES MULBERRY, WHITE OAKS OLIVE, WILD REDBUD, EASTERN SWEETGUM, AMERICAN

SCIENTIFIC NAME Alnus rubra Fraxinus spp. Tillia spp. Betula pendula Betula nigra Betula papyrifera Malus halliana Cornus florida Labumum anagyroides Acer spp. Morus alba Quercus spp. Elaeagnus angustifolia Cercis canadensis Liquidambar styraciflua

finetouries and con-come surfactories

#### **GROUND COVERS**

**COMMON NAME** BUGLEWEED, CARPET IVY. ENGLISH JAPANESE SPURGE LILYTURF MONEYWORT MONDO GRASS, WHITE MONDO GRASS, DWARF

PERIWINKLE, LESSER

**COMMON NAME AGERATUM** ALYSSUM\*, SWEET ASPARAGUS FERN **BLEEDING HEART** CAST IRON PLANT CHRYSANTHEMUM CINQUEFOIL COLEUS CORALBELLS CRANESBILL DAHLIA DAISY, TRAILING AFRICAN DAYLILY DUSTY MILLER **EUONYMUS** GAZANIA GERANIUM, HOUSE HEATHER, FALSE HOSTA IRIS JASMINE TOBACCO LOOSESTRIFE MARIGOLD **PARTRIDGEBERRY** PETUNIA\* PHI OX PINKS **PORTULACA** 

SALVIA

SEDUM SELLOUM

SAXIFRAGE

SNAPDRAGON\*

YARROW, COMMON

SWEET FLAG

TICKSEED TOUCH-ME-NOT

**VERBENA** 

VIOLET

ZINNIA

SCIENTIFIC NAME Ajuga reptans Hedera helix

Pachysandra terminalis Liriope muscari Lysimachia nummularia Ophiopogon iaburan Ophiopogon japonicus Vinca minor

### **GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS**

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Ageratum spp. Lobularia maritima Asparagus setaceus Dicentra spectabilis Aspidistra elatior Chrysanthemum spp. Potentilla spp. Coleus spp. Heuchera sanguinea Geranium spp. Dahlia spp. Osteospermum fruticosum Hemerocallis spp. Senecio cineraria Euonymus spp. Gazania spp. Pelargonium hortorum

Cuphea hyssopifolia Hosta fortunei Iris spp. Nicotiana alata Lythrum salicaria Tagetes spp. Mitchella repens Petunia hybrida Phlox spp. Dianthus spp. Portulaca grandiflora

Salvia spp. Saxifraga spp. Sedum spp. Philodendron selloum Antirrhinum majus Lacorus gramineus Coreopsis grandiflora Impatiens spp. Verbena spp. Viola spp. Achillea millefolium Zinnia elegans

<sup>\*</sup>Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

### SHRUBS

**COMMON NAME ABELIA** ANISE, PURPLE AUCUBA AZALEA\* **BAMBOO** BARBERRY, JAPANESE BARBERRY, MAGELLAN BAYBERRY BOTTLEBRUSH BOXWOOD, COMMON CAMELLIA, COMMON CANDYTUFT **CLEYERA** CORALBERRY CRAPE MYRTLE COYOTE BRUSH FIG. CREEPING **GARDENIA** HOLLY HONEYSUCKLE INDIAN HAWTHORN **JASMINE** JASMINE, ASIATIC JASMINE, STAR JUNIPER LANTANA NANDINA\* BAMBOO, HEAVENLY OLEANDER, COMMON **OREGON GRAPE PHOTINIA PITTOSPORUM PODOCARPUS** PRIVET **PYRACANTHA** RHODODENDRON ROSE SPIREA SWEET OLIVE **VIBURNUM** WISTERIA YELLOW SAGE/SHRUB VERBENA SCIENTIFIC NAME Abelia spp. Illicium floridanum Aucuba spp. Rhododendron spp. Bambusa spp. Berberis thunbergii Berberis buxifolia Myrica pensylvanica Callistemon citrinus Buxus sempervirens Camellia japonica Iberis sempervirens Cleyera japonica Ardisia crenata Lagerstroemia indica Baccharis pilularis Ficus pumila Gardenia spp. llex spp. Lonicera spp. Raphiolepis indica Jasminum spp. Trachelospermum asiaticum Trachelospermum jasminoides Juniperus spp. Lantana spp. Nandinia domestica Nerium oleander Mahonia aquifolium Photinia spp. Pittosporum spp. Podocarpus spp. Ligustrum spp. Pyracantha spp. Rhododendron spp. Rosa spp. Spiraea bumalda Osmanthus fragrans Viburnum tinus Wisteria spp.

Lantana camara

<sup>\*</sup> Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

# USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS • Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Grass Species	Scientific Name	Weed* Height (Inches)	Rate FI Oz/A 1	High Rate FI Oz/A <sup>2</sup>
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	12.0	32.0
Broadleaf signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Brome	THE RESERVE OF THE RE	100	Property Assista	
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	12.0	32.0
Crabgrass	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	12.0	32.0
Hairy (Large)	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	12.0	32.0
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	12.0	32.0
Southern		2 to 6**	12.0	
	Digitaria cilaris	2 to 6**	12.0	32.0 32.0
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2106		
Fall panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	12.0	32.0
Field sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Foxtail	A Land of the Land of the Control of	0.40	The same and the same are	and the first of the state of the sail
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	12.0	32.0
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	12.0	32.0
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	12.0	32.0
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	12.0	32.0
Itchgrass	Rottboellia cochin	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	12.0	32.0
Red rice	Oryza sativa	1 to 3	12.0	32.0
Rygrass	A As			CONTRACTOR STREET
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	12.0	32.0
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	12.0	32.0
Southwestern cupgrass	Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Sprangletop	Eriocinoa gracins	2100	12.0	EMBARARGIA ART
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Mexican		2 to 6	12.0	32.0
	Leptochloa uninervia		12.0	32.0
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6		
Texas panicum	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Volunteer cereals		0.1.0	10.0	00.0
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Volunteer corn	Zea mays	4 to 12	12.0	32.0
Volunteer corn	Zea mays	12 to 24	12.0	32.0
Volunteer grain				
Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	12.0	32.0
Wild oats	Avena fatua	2 to 6	12.0	32.0
Wild proso millet	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	12.0	32.0
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	12.0	32.0
Woolly cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	12.0	32.0

<sup>\*</sup> Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

\*\* Length of lateral growth.

<sup>1 16.0</sup> fluid ounces per acre = approximately 0.4 fluid ounce per 1000 square feet 2 32.0 fluid ounces per acre = approximately 0.8 fluid ounce per 1000 square feet

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1.0 pint per 50.0 gallons (0.25% v/v). **LIBERATE** should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and **MSO** with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS
HERRICIDE IN ORNAMENTALS

Application Rates					
Grass Species	Weed Stage	Min Rate Fl Oz/A	Max Rate FI Oz/A	aci acidente de la companya della companya de la companya della co	
Annual Bluegrass				annemma salkum	
(Poa annua)	to 4-leaf	12.0	32.0	March March	

- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).
- · Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1.0 pint per 50.0 gallons (0.25% v/v).

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

### USE DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

· Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

• Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Grass Species	Weed Height (Inches)	Rate- FI Oz/A 1	High Rate - Fl Oz/A 2	STATE OF THE STATE
Bermudagrass				
(Cynodon dactylon) First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	12.0	32.0	
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	12.0	32.0	
Foxtail barley				
(Hordeum jubatum) First Application Repeat Application(s)	2 to 6	12.0	32.0	
(if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	12.0	32.0	
Quackgrass (Elytigia repens)	arana da santa da sa Santa da santa da sa			MARKETTANIAN CHARLES
First Application Repeat Application(s)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0	
(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0	
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)	es .	eran enan SES elvi	and the state of t	(数数2000年) 在500推用机
First Application Repeat Application(s)	12 to 24	12.0	32.0	
(if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	9.0	16.0	
Wirestem muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa)	9.51	9.5	RESERVE STREET	中國場合 計略C/
First Application Repeat Application(s)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0	
(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	12.0	32.0	And resignation

<sup>1 16.0</sup> fluid ounces per acre = approximately 0.4 fluid ounce per 1000 square feet 2 32.0 fluid ounces per acre = approximately 0.8 fluid ounce per 1000 square feet

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1.0 pint per 50.0 gallons (0.25% v/v).

LIBERATE should be used as the Non-Ionic Surfactant and MSO with Leci-Tech should be used where COC/MSO tank mix adjuvants are recommended. Use rate recommendations are listed throughout the Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide label.

### **IMPORTANT**

Plant tolerance to Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of this Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed

### NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

INTENSITY ONE POST-EMERGENCE GRASS HERBICIDE SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide is improperly applied. INTEN-STY ONE should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following Intensity One Post-Emergence

Grass Herbicide application.

**COMMON NAME** 

**Apples** Berries

Cherry, Sweet Citrus Fruits

Grapes Peach Olives

Pears Prunes

Stone Fruits Strawberries

Tree Nuts Almond

Filbert Pecan

Pistachio Walnut

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Malus spp. Vaccinium spp.

Rubus spp. Prunus avium

Citrus spp. Vitis spp.

Olea spp. Prunus persica

Pyrus communis Prunus spp.

Prunus spp. Fragaria spp.

Prunus triloba Corylus maxima Carya illinoinensis thing notestions aim electro game in rack Pistacia vera Juglans spp.

### **CONIFER TREES**

Intensity One Post-Emergence Grass Herbicide can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

**COMMON NAME** 

Arborvitae, American

Cypress - Cypres Fir, Douglas Firs

Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern Hemlock, Western

Pines Spruces SCIENTIFIC NAME

Thuja occidentalis Cedrus spp. Taxodium spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Abies spp.

Tsuga canadensis Tsuga heterophylla

Pinus spp. Picea spp. Yew Taxus spp.

### NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas:

Rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest croplands. Also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

#### **PROHIBITIONS**

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal

facility.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain

for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT**, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. The buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

Subject to the foregoing inherent risks, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use when the product is used in strict accordance with such Directions for Use under normal conditions of use. EXCEPT AS WARRANTED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THIS PRODUCT IS SOLD "AS IS," AND LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE.

IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THAT BUYER OR USER BELIEVES THAT LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. HAS BREACHED A WARRANTY CONTAINED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER OR USER MUST SEND WRITTEN NOTICE OF ITS CLAIM TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC., ATTENTION: LAW DEPARTMENT, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, CO 80632-1286.

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THE ELECTION OF LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. OR THE SELLER: DIRECT DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. AND THE SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO THE BUYER OR USER OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES, OR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF A PENALTY.

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#### THE LOVELAND RETURNABLE KEG

Description: This keg is a closed-system, refillable container designed for easy handling and convenient dispensing of product with no container disposal.

Construction: The keg is made is made of all stainless steel. Both the gaskets and seals are Viton and are compatible with the Loveland

product.

**Pump System:** With the versatility of the keg, either a mechanical pump or an air pressure system may be used to dispense the product. **Coupler:** A specific dry-disconnect coupler is required for dispensing product from the keg. This coupler is available through local agricultural equipment suppliers.

Container Capacity: 15.0 gallons or 56.7 liters (by weight)

#### ATTENTION!

This is a closed-system container. Do not try to remove the valve from the keg. The coupler required for removal of product is available from local agricultural equipment suppliers. The keg contains tamper evident seals that, if broken, will incur a fee for the user of the keg. Both the coupler and the valve are designed for one-way operation only. Never try to pump any type of material back into the keg.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

The proper coupler must be attached and engaged before removing any product from the keg. Either a mechanical pump or an air pressure system may be used and connected to the 1-inch NPT thread on the top of the coupler.

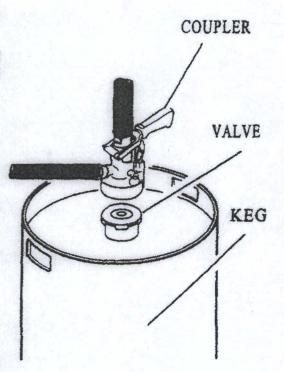
**IMPORTANT!** Attach a hose or pump to the coupler before engaging coupler. This will prevent the user from being splashed in the event that pressure build-up in the keg forces liquid up through the coupler.

To attach and engage the coupler:

- Pull top of black dust cover back to expose head of valve. The bottom ring of the black dust cover will still be attached to the neck of the valve. Save the dust cover for reuse when returning keg.
- 2. Before engaging the coupler, securely attach a hose or pump to the threaded connection.
- 3. Twist coupler onto valve on keg and engage coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then pushing handle down into lower position to open interval valve. Handle will automatically lock in place.
- 4. Secure and engage coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then pushing handle down into lower position to open internal valve. Handle will automatically lock in place.
- 5. You are now ready to begin the pumping operation.

### To remove coupler from container:

- 1. Release coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then lifting handle into upper position. Handle will automatically lock in place.
- 2. Lift coupler from keg. As coupler clears top of valve, pull coupler sideways and lift it off the valve.
- 3. Wipe valve off and replace dust cover.
- 4. Flush coupler with water.
- 5. Wipe coupler and store in a clean place.



6. Properly dispose of cleaning towels and rinsate.

#### **RETURNABLE KEGS**

Clean the outside of the keg with water or soap before retuning the keg to the distributor. Leave all Loveland product labels and stickers securely attached. All Loveland Product labels, stickers and other information must remain on the keg in order to comply with both State and Federal regulation.

All Loveland kegs are tracked using the individual keg serial number stamped in the top of the keg. Distributors are responsible for these kegs that have been assigned to them. Return this keg to the distributor from which it was purchased. Notify the distributor if the keg cannot be returned by the specific time.

FORMULATED FOR LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286

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