704-968	11 50 200	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>
UNITED STATES - 2019 SAUNANIE	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505C) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	EPA Reg. Number: 34704-968	NOV 3 0 200
NO	TICE OF PESTICIDE: <u>X</u> Registration Reregistration	Term of Issuance: Conditional	
	(under FIFRA, as amended)	Name of Pesticide Proc LPI Iprodione F	
Name and Address of Registric Loveland Products, In P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, Colorado 80 Note: Changes in labeling diffe	nc.	registration must be submitted to an	nd accepted by the
On the basis of information furr and Rodenticide Act.	nished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby	registered/reregistered under the Fo	ederal Insecticide, Fungicic
and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be c environment, the Administrator	construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this prod , on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the regist the registration of a product under this Act is not to be const	luct by the Agency. In order to prot tration of a pesticide in accordance	ect health and the with the Act. The acceptar
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- 3. On the final printed label, ensure that the "User Safety Recommendations" box remains intact on a single page.
- 4. Submit one copy of the final printed label before the product is released for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA Sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, contact Tamue L. Gibson on my team at (703) 305-9096 or at tamue@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Mary J. Weller

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Mary L. Waller Product Manager (21) Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure: Label stamped "Accepted with Comments"

### **LPI Iprodione Fungicide**

A broad-spectrum fungicide for non-residential use on turf and ornamentals

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Iprodione: 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)-2,4-dioxo-1-	
imidazolidinecarboxamide*	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>76.7%</u>
TOTAL:	100.0%

This product contains petroleum distillate. \*Contains 2 lbs. Iprodione per gallon.

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

	FIRST AID
If	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
swallowed:	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or
	doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing
	eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-800-301-7976.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

#### See inside label booklet for additional PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Reg. No. 34704-

EPA Est. No.

Net Contents:

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated NOV 3 0 2006

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Redesticide Ast as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 3H 704-968

Manufactured for:



P.O. Box 1286

Greeley, CO 80632

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

### Mixers, loaders, others exposed to the concentrate, cleaners/repairers of equipment and applicators applying as a dip treatment must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton
- Chemical-resistant apron
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks

#### Applicators using hand held equipment must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Dust/mist filtering respirator (NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P or HE filter)

### Applicators using aircraft or mechanical ground equipment (groundboom, airblast, etc.) and flaggers for aerial applications must wear:

- Long-sleeve shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

# Applicators using truck-mounted equipment with a handgun at the end of a hose (i.e., for commercial turfgrass or ornamental applications) and all other handlers not specified above must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on

clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This chemical can contaminate surface water through aerial and ground spray applications. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with infield canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

This pesticide is toxic to invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff from treated areas is hazardous to aquatic invertebrates in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label before using this product. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or indirectly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours for ornamental uses. The restricted entry interval for all other WPS uses is 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes and socks

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to ornamental and turf uses (golf courses, landscape and institutional areas) of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

LPI Iprodione Fungicide is a broad-spectrum fungicide that may be applied as either a foliar spray, drench or dip and controls turfgrass diseases in non-residential sites such as golf courses, sod farms, and institutional areas where fine turf is grown, as well as a wide range of ornamental flowering and foliage plants in field, landscape and conifer nursery sites. LPI Iprodione Fungicide is effective in controlling the following diseases:

#### Spring, Summer and Fall Turf Diseases:

- Dollar Spot
- Brown Patch
- Large Patch
- Fusarium Blight
  Necrotic Ring Spot
  Corticum Red Thread
  Leaf Spots like Helminthosporium Leaf Spot caused by *Dreschlera* spp. Pathogens

#### Winter Turf Diseases:

• Fusarium Patch (Pink Snow Mold)

#### **Ornamental and Nursery Diseases:**

- Aerial Web Blight
- Alternaria Leaf Spot
- Fusarium Leaf Spot
- Rhizoctonia stem and root rot
- Tulip Fire
- Ray Blight
- Daffodil Leaf Scorch
- Botrytis Storage Rot

- Gray Snow Mold
- Alternaria Leaf Blight
- Botrytis Blight
- Helminthosporium Leaf Spot
- Ink Spot
- Alternaria Leaf Blight
- Fusarium Corm rot
- Blossom Blight
- Cylindrocladium Blight and Wilt

#### LPI IPRODIONE FUNGICIDE USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

For best results, be sure to follow all the precautions, limitations and recommendations in this label.

Use of this product at residential sites is prohibited.

Except for use on golf courses, if applying this product adjacent to a water body such as a lake, reservoir, river, permanent stream, marsh or natural pond, estuary, or commercial fish pond, there must be at least a 25-foot vegetative buffer strip between the water body and the point of application.

For golf courses only, do not apply to turf cut higher than 1" on golf holes where water bodies are present.

Do not apply this product when the wind direction is toward aquatic areas.

#### **GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES**

Apply the recommended rates as indicated in the following sections of the label in 0.5 - 10 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.

Do not drench the foliage to the point of runoff.

Product breakdown may occur if the spray mixture is allowed to stand for more than 12 hours.

Maintain agitation during spray operations.

Always apply using a properly calibrated sprayer.

#### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR TURF:**

Unless otherwise noted, make applications when the disease first appears or when conditions favor disease development.

Under severe conditions, the higher rate and/or shorter interval of applications are recommended for all diseases. When disease pressure is light to moderate, the lower rates and longer intervals are recommended.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS:**

DO NOT apply more than 35 fl. oz. of LPI Iprodione Fungicide per 1000 square feet per year (24 lbs. a.i. per acre).

DO NOT make more than 6 applications to a single site per year.

DO NOT mix with any sticker, extender, or wetting agent.

DO NOT mow or irrigate treated areas until the foliage is completely dry. A 24-hour waiting period following treatment is recommended.

DO NOT graze animals on treated turf, and do not feed clippings from treated turf to livestock or poultry.

TARGET PEST	RATE (fl. oz. / 1000 sq. ft.)	APPLICATION INTERVAL
Dollar Spot (Lanzia spp. and Moellerodiscus spp.)	3-4	Greens and Tees: Repeat at 30 day intervals as long as required.
Brown Patch (Rhizoctonia solanii) Leaf Spot (Drechslera spp.)	For Dollar Spot control on fairways use 2 – 4	Fairways and Other Turf Areas: Repeat at 30 day intervals as long as required.
Large Patch <sup>†</sup> (Rhizoctonia solanii)	4	Make first application in fall when conditions are favorable for disease development but no symptoms are visible. Repeat applications every 30 days in spring as needed.
Fusarium Blight (Fusarium spp.) Necrotic Ring Spot <sup>†</sup> (Leptosphaeria korrae)	8	Use only preventative foliar applications when conditions first become favorable for disease development. Make additional applications at 30 day intervals as necessary.
Fusarium Patch (Microdochium nivalis) [Pacific Northwest Only – West of the Cascade Mountains]	4 - 8	Repeat at 30 day intervals as long as required.
Gray Snow Mold (Typhula spp.) Pink Snow Mold (Fusarium nivale)	4-8 (See Tank Mixes for additional information)	Make one application before first permanent snow cover and a second during a mind-winter thaw.
Corticum Red Thread (Laetisaria fuciformis)	4	Apply every 30 days as required for prevention.
Curvularia (Curvularia spp.) on Bermudagrass only	4	Apply every 30 days as required for prevention.
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum) NOTE: suppression only	4 - 8	Combine LPI Iprodione Fungicide with appropriately labeled and registered trifloxystrobin or fosetyl-al products or other anthracnose control fungicides.
Pythium Blight	See Tank Mixes below	

<sup>+</sup>Not registered for use in California

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR TURF APPLICATIONS

To expand the spectrum of pests controlled, LPI Iprodione Fungicide may be tank mixed with most commonly used fungicides containing flutolanil, trifloxystrobin, and azoxystrobin. When tank mixing products, be sure to follow the most restrictive instructions.

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#### Broad Spectrum Disease Control and Resistance Management:

Tank mixing LPI Iprodione Fungicide with an appropriately labeled and registered thiophanatemethyl product provides effective, broad spectrum turf disease control and also serves as a useful tank mixture in the resistance management program required for other resistance sensitive fungicides.

Disease Pressure	LPI Iprodione Fungicide	Thiophanate-methyl
Low to Medium	3 fl. oz./1000 ft. <sup>2</sup>	1.0 fl. oz./1000 ft. <sup>2</sup>
High	3 fl. oz./1000 ft. <sup>2</sup>	2.0 fl. oz./1000 ft. <sup>2</sup>

#### Summer Stress Complex/Summer Decline:

Mix 2-4 oz. of LPI Iprodione Fungicide with 4-8 oz. of an appropriately labeled and registered fosetyl-al containing product per 1000 square feet.

#### **Pythium Blight:**

Pythium blight will be controlled by the tank mixing of fosetyl-al, or propamocarb hydrochloride with LPI Iprodione Fungicide. If using a tank mixture, follow label directions for the use of that product and apply at the rate recommended for control of the target disease organism.

#### Gray Snow Mold:

In areas where continuous snow cover occurs, use 4-8 fl. oz. LPI Iprodione Fungicide per 1000 sq. ft. tank mixed with an appropriately labeled and registered chlorothalonil or pentachloronitrobenzene (PCNB) product at the labeled rate.

Make applications in the fall before snow cover occurs and use the higher rates listed if the turf remains frozen prior to snow cover. Apply with 1-5 gallons of spray solution per 1000 square feet. For best results, reapply if loss of snow cover occurs during a winter thaw.

#### **ORNAMENTALS**

### FOR USE BY COMMERCIAL NURSERY AND LANDSCAPE PERSONNEL ONLY. NOT FOR RESIDENTIAL AREAS.

The ornamentals listed below have been tested and found to be tolerant to LPI Iprodione Fungicide. As it is not possible to test every species or variety of ornamental plant for tolerance, the user should test for phytotoxic responses in plants not listed in this label prior to widespread application.

LPI Iprodione Fungicide has been tested on the following ornamentals:

Ageratum	Ajuga	Almond (ornamental)	Alyssum
Andromeda	Aphelandra	Artemisia	Aster
Azalea	Boxwood	Cactus	Calendula
Carnation	Cherry (ornamental)	Chrysanthemum	Cineraria
Cistena Plum	Coleus	Columbine	Coral Bells (Heuchera)
Crape Myrtle	Crassula	Croton	Cyclamen
Daffodilis	Dahlia	Delphinium	Deutzia
Dianthus	Dieffenbachia	Dizygotheca	Dogwood
Dracena	English Ivy	Episcia	Euonymous
Ficus	Forsythia	Gazania	Geranium
Gladiolus	Gloxinia	Gypsophila	Hawthorn
Holly	Ноуа	Hydrangea	Impatiens
Iris	Juniper	Kalanchoe	Lillies
Lipstick vine	Marigold	Monarda (Bee Balm)	Pachysandra
Palm	Pansy	Peach (ornamental)	Peperomia
Periwinkle	Philodendron	Phlox	Pilea
Pine	Pitosporum	Plum (ornamental)	Poinsettia
Рорру	Pothos	Primrose	Privet
Protea	Pyracantha	Rhododendron	Rose
Rose Tree of China	Salvia	Schefflera	Snapdragon
Statice	Tree Ivy	Tulip	Viburnum
Violet	Zinnia	•	

NOTE: DO NOT apply LPI Iprodione Fungicide to Peace Lilly or White Anthurium (Spathiphyllum).

Use the following table to determine the diseases controlled and the application method to use:

D:		Foliar		
Disease	Can Be Applied To	<u>Spray</u>	Drench	Drip
Aerial Web Blight	All	✓		
Alternaria Leaf Blight	All			
Alternaria Leaf Spot	All	4		
Botrytis Blight	All	~		
Fusarium Leaf Spot	All	✓		
Helminthosporium Leaf Spot	All	4	1	
Rhizoctonia Stem and Root Rot	All except Impatiens and Pothos		1	
Ink Spot	Iris	√		
Tulip Fire	Tulip			
Alternaria Leaf Blight	Zinnia	~		
Ray Blight	Chrysanthemum	~		
Fusarium Corm Rot	Gladiolus		1	~
Daffodil Leaf Scorch	Daffodilis	~		
Blossom Blight	Cistena Plum / Ornamental Plum			
Botrytis Storage Rot	Rose			1
Cylindrocladium Blight and Wilt	Azalea and Rhododendron			$\checkmark$

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#### FOLIAR SPRAY APPLICATIONS

Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development using the following instructions:

Application Rate:	<ul><li>1.0 – 2.5 quarts of product per acre</li><li>For severe pest pressure, use the highest recommended rates.</li><li>For light to moderate pest pressure, use the lower rates listed.</li></ul>
Application Interval:	<ul><li>7 – 14 days</li><li>For severe pest pressure, use the shortest application intervals.</li><li>For light to moderate pest pressure, use the longer application intervals.</li></ul>
Application Instructions:	Spray plants ensuring complete coverage.
Use Precautions:	DO NOT make more than 4 applications per crop per year.

#### **DRENCH APPLICATIONS**

To control Rhizoctonia, LPI Iprodione Fungicide may be applied as a drench at the seeding and/or transplanting stage using the following instructions:

Application Rate:	13 fl. oz. per 100 gallons.
Application Interval:	14 days
Application Instructions:	Apply using 1 – 2 pints of solution per square foot. For severe disease pressure use the higher rates. For light to moderate disease pressure use the lower rates.
Use Precautions:	DO NOT apply more than 35 fl. oz. / 1000 sq. ft. per year (24 lbs. a.i. per acre). DO NOT make more than 6 applications per year. DO NOT use LPI Iprodione Fungicide as a drench on Impatiens and Pothos.

#### **DIP APPLICATIONS**

Refer to the following table for use of LPI Iprodione Fungicide as a dip to control Botrytis Storage Rot, Cylindrocladium Blight and Fusarium Corn Rot in the following plants:

Plant Species	Application Rate (Quarts Product / 100 Gal Water)	Dip Duration	Instructions
Rose			Dip bare root roses prior to cold storage.
Azalea and Rhododendron	1.0	5 minutes	Dip cuttings prior to planting.
Gladiolus	2.0	1	Dip corms prior to storage.

#### TANK MIXTURES

In order to broaden the spectrum of control, LPI Iprodione Fungicide may be used with most commonly used fungicides. For control of diseases caused by *Pythium* and *Phytophthora* spp., a tank mix of LPI Iprodione Fungicide with fosetyl-al may be used.

Read the labels of all tank mix partners for recommended application rates for the target disease organism and be sure to follow the most restrictive instructions.

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#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

LPI Iprodione Fungicide may be applied using a center pivot irrigation system using the following instructions:

System Preparation:	Be sure all pesticide residues, scale and other foreign materials are cleaned from the chemical tank and injector system. Flush with clean water prior to use.
	Prepare a tank mix of LPI Iprodione Fungicide by filling the tank to <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> - <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> of the final volume with water and begin agitation. Add the recommended amount of LPI Iprodione Fungicide and the remaining water until the desired volume is reached.
Application Rate:	Use the recommended dosage per acre per $1 - 4$ gallons of water.
Application Instructions:	Set the sprinkler system to deliver $0.1 - 0.3$ inches of water per acre. Using a positive displacement pump, the LPI Iprodione Fungicide mixture should be injected into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing.
Use Precautions:	Application of this product using a sprinkler system is prohibited in the state of California. This product may only be applied using a center pivot irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. To prevent the LPI Iprodione Fungicide from being washed off the crop, do not irrigate the treated area for 24 hours after making the LPI Iprodione Fungicide application.

### GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.

#### SPRAY DRIFT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed  $\frac{3}{4}$  the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backwards parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information section below.

#### Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information:

(This section is advisory in nature and does not supercede the mandatory label requirements)

#### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

#### **Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **Application Height**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **Temperature Inversions**

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### **Sensitive Areas**

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container only.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material call day or night CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

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