З 31/2011



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

AUG 3 1 2011

Premjit Halarnkar, Ph.D. Loveland Products P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286

Subject: Addition of Statement "Use Not Permitted in CA Unless Directed by Supplemental Labeling".

Dear Dr. Halarnkar:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated August 9, 2011 for:

EPA Reg. No. 34704-931

#### Wrangler Insecticide

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN-98-10. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, call me at 703 305-5409 or electronically at daniel.dani@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Dani Daniel Registration Division (7504P) Insecticide/Rodenticide Branch

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ase read instructions on rev	erse before completing for United	ates		orm Approved. O	No. 2070-0060	OPP Identifier Number	
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. Company/Product Nun	ber	Application for		duct Manager	AUG 312		
. company, rouder tan	34704-931			Venus Eagle		3. Proposed Classification	
. Company/Product (Na	me)		PM#			✓ None	
W	RANGLER INSECTICIDE			1	Section of the		
5. Name and Address of	Applicant (Include ZIP Co	ode)				A Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my	
Loveland Products Inc					I in composition a	nd labeling to:	
P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286			EPA Reg. No.				
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		Se	ction - II				
Amendment - Explain	below.		F	inal printed labels			
Resubmission in resp	onse to Agency letter da	ted		Me Too" Applicat	ion. Agency le	etter dated	
Notification - Explain	below.			ther - Explain bel	low.		
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Premjit Hala	rnkar, Ph.D., MPA nkar@cpsagu.com		Manager of F	Registrations		(972) 685-3579	
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I certify that the stateme		orm and all attachmer					
-	owingly false or mislead	ing statements may be	e punishable b	by fine or impriso	nment or both	(Stamped)	
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4. Typed Name		5. Date					
Premjit I	lalarnkar, Ph.D., MPA			8/9/2011			
promiit b	alarnkar@cpsagu.com						

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.



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August 9, 2011

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Venus Eagle (PM 1) Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch/Registration Division Document Processing Desk Office of Pesticide Programs (7504C) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Room S4900, One Potomac Yard 2777 S Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

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#### Subject: Wrangler Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 34704-931) Submission of Label – Minor Change

Dear Ms. Eagle:

Loveland Products is submitting a revised Wrangler Insecticide (EPA Reg. No. 34704-931) label as a notification. In the Soybean section, a sentence "Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling" was added.

Enclosed, please find the following documents:

- 1. Form 8570-1 Application for Registration
- $\sim$  2. Two (**t**) copies of the label
  - 3. One (1) copy of the red lined label\*

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (970) 685-3579 or by email: <u>premjit.halarnkar@cpsagu.com</u>

Thank you, Sincerely,

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Premjit Halarnkar, Ph.D., MPA Registration Manager Loveland Products

PO Box 1286, Greeley, CO 80632-1286 • Phone: (970) 685-3300 • Fax: (970) 685-3911

	NOTIFICATION	Vrai	rale	40f35
	AUG 3 1 2011	NOTIFICATION	INSECTION	CIDE
		AUG 3 1 2011		
ACTIVE ING Imidaclopri OTHER ING	d: 1-[(6-Chloro-3-pyri	dinyl)methyl]- <i>N</i> -nitro-2-imida	zolidinimine	

Contains 4 pounds of Imidacloprid per gallon.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

## SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

	FIRST AID
If swallowed:	
	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
lf on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.
or clothing:	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration.
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If in eyes:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have a product	t container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for
treatment.	
	AL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.
	ian: No specific antidote is available. Treat the patient symptomatically.

## EPA REG. NO. 34704-931

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-001

NET CONTENTS 1 GAL. (3.78 L)

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#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

## **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):**

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. More options can be obtained by following the instructions for Category C on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, barrier laminate, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton,
- Shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170-.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### Users should:

## **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove Personal Protective Equipment immediately after handling this product.
- Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. This product is toxic to wildlife and highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shall low, may result in ground water contamination.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN MIXING AND APPLYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIO AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

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It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift.

Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours following application.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

Coveralls.

Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber,

neoprene rubber, barrier laminate, polvethylene, polvvinyl chloride (PVC) or viton, and

· Shoes plus socks.

## Spray Drift Management

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

#### Mixing and Loading

To avoid potential contamination of groundwater, the use of a properly designed and maintained containment pad for mixing and loading of any pesticide into application equipment is recommended. If containment pad is not used, maintain a minimum distance of 25 feet between mixing and loading areas and potential surface to groundwater conduits such as field sumps, uncased well head, sinkholes or field drains.

#### For Aerial Applications

Mount the spray boom on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. Use the minimum practical boom length, do not exceed 75% of the wing span or rotor diameter.

Release spray at the lowest possible height consistent with good pest control and flight safety. Do not make applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy.

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#### Importance of Droplet Size

An important factor influencing drift is droplet size. Small droplets (<150-200 microns) drift to a greater extent than large droplets. Within typical equipment specifications, make applications to deliver the largest droplet spectrum that provides sufficient control and coverage. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by: appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure. ι ι ιιιιι

## Wind Speed Restrictions

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Do not apply when winds are greater than 15 mph and avoid gusty and windless conditions. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

#### **Restrictions During Temperature Inversions**

Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Drift potential is high during temperature inversions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by movement of smoke from a ground source. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical mixing.

#### **No-Spray Zone Requirements for Foliar Applications**

Do not apply by ground within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds.

#### Airblast (Air Assist) Specific Applications for Tree Crops and Vineyards

Airblast sprayer carry droplets into the canopy of trees/vineyards via a radially, or laterally directed air stream. The following specific drift management practices should be followed:

- Adjust deflectors and aiming devices so that spray is only directed into the canopy.
- Block off upward pointed nozzles when there is no overhanging canopy.
- Use only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage.
- Do not allow the spray to go beyond the edge of the cultivated area (i.e., turn off sprayer when turning at end rows).
- Only spray inward, toward the orchard or vineyard, for application to the outside rows.

#### **Runoff Management**

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic areas to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.

When used on erodible soils, use best management practices for minimizing runoff. Consult your local Natural Resources Conservation Service for recommendations in your use area.

#### **Endangered Species Notice**

Under the Endangered Species Act, it is a Federal Offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. Consult your local county bulletin, County Extension Agent or Pesticide State Lead Agency for information concerning endangered species in your area.

#### **Resistance Management**

Some insects are known to develop resistance to insecticides after repeated use. As with any insecticide, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area.

Wrangler® Insecticide contains a Group 4A insecticide called imidacloprid. Insect biotypes with acquired or inherent tolerance to Group 4A products may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 4A products are used repeatedly as the predominant method of control for targeted species. This may eventually result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Wrangler Insecticide and to other Group 4A products.

The active ingredient in Wrangler Insecticide is a member of neonicotinoid chemical group. Avoid using a block of more than three consecutive applications of Wrangler Insecticide and/or other Group 4A products having the same or similar mode of action. Following a neonicotinoid block of treatments, Loveland Products, Inc. strong ly encourages the rotation to a block of applications with effective products from a different mode of action before using additional applications of neonicotinoid products. Using a block of rotation or windowed approach, along with other IPM practices, is considered an effective use strategy for preventing or delaying an insect pest's ability to develop resistance to this class of chemistry.

Do not make foliar applications of Wrangler Insecticide or other Group 4A products on crops previously treated with a long-residual, soil-applied product from the neonicotinoid chemical class.

Other Group 4A neonicotinoid products used as foliar treatments include: Actara<sup>®</sup>, Assail<sup>®</sup>, CALYPSO<sup>®</sup>, Centric<sup>®</sup>, Intruder<sup>®</sup>, LEVERAGE<sup>®</sup> and PROVADO<sup>®</sup>. Other 4A Group neonicotinoid products used as soil treatment include: ADMIRE<sup>®</sup> and Platinum<sup>®</sup>.

Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor and/or product manufacturer for additional insect resistance management recommendations. Also, for more information on Insect Resistance Management (IRM), visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at <u>http://irac-online.org/</u>.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Minimum spray volumes are 10 gallons per acre by ground application and 5 gallons per acre through aerial equipment. To prepare the application mixture, add half of the required amount of water to the spray tank and with agitation add Wrangler Insecticide. Complete filling tank with balance of water needed. Maintain sufficient agitation during both mixing and application. Wrangler Insecticide may also be used with other pesticides and/or fertilizer solutions. Please see Compatibility Note below. When tank mixtures of Wrangler Insecticide and other pesticides are involved, prepare the tank mixture as instructed above and follow Mixing Order below.

#### Mixing Order

When pesticide mixtures are needed, add wettable powders first, Wrangler Insecticide or other flowables second, and emulsifiable concentrates last. Ensure good agitation as each component is added. Do not add an additional component until the previous is thoroughly mixed. If a fertilizer solution is added, a fertilizer-pesticide compatibility agent may be needed. Maintain constant agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

#### **Compatibility Note**

Test compatibility of the intended tank mixture before adding Wrangler Insecticide to the spray or mix tank. Add proportionate amounts of each ingredient in the appropriate order, to a pint or quart jar, cap, shake for 5 minutes, and let set for 5 minutes. Do not use if poor mixing or formation of precipitates that do not readily re-disperse. This indicates an incompatible mixture. For further information, contact your local Loveland Products, Inc. representative.

#### CHEMIGATION

**Types of Irrigation Systems:** Foliar chemigation applications of Wrangler Insecticide may be made to crops through overhead sprinkler systems if specified in crop-specific application sections. Soil chemigation application of Wrangler Insecticide may only be made to crops through chemigation as specified in crop-specified application sections and only through low-pressure systems specifically for a given crop. Do not apply Wrangler Insecticide through any other type of irrigation system.

Make foliar chemigation applications of Wrangler Insecticide as concentrated as possible. Retention of Wrangler Insecticide on target site of insect infestation is necessary for optimum activity. Do not use chemigation of Wrangler Insecticide in water volumes exceeding 0.10 inches per acre.

**Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration:** The irrigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from the con-uniform distribution of treated water. The system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the gates specified. If you have any questions about calibration, contact Cooperative Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

**Chemigation Monitoring:** A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

**Drift:** Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

**Required System Safety Devices:** The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Using Water from Public Water Systems: Public water systems means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, back flow preventer (RPZ), or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and to top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shuts down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

## **ROTATIONAL CROPS\***

Treated areas may be replanted with any crop specified on an imidacloprid label, or any crop for which a tolerance exists for the active ingredient, as soon as practical following the last application. For  $\xi r \delta b s$  not listed on an imidacloprid label, or for crops for which no tolerances for the active ingredient have been established, a 12-month plant-back interval must be observed.

#### IMMEDIATE PLANT-BACK:

All crops on this label plus the following crops not on this label: barley, canola, Christmas tiees, corn (rield, sweet and pop), cranberry, Globe artichoke, grape, mustard seed, okra, potato, rapeseed, strawberry, sorghum, sunflower, tobacco, watercress, wheat and all crops from the following Crop Groups as recognized and defined by EPA. Crops contained within a particular crop group are subject to change. For information related to specific crops, please contact your Loveland Products, Inc. representative or refer to EPA website (www.epa.gov) for latest crop groups.

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**ROOT VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 1** LEAFY GREEN VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 4 HEAD and STEM BRASSICA VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 5 LEGUME VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 6 including: Edible Podded plus Dried plus Succulent Shelled. Peas and Beans FRUITING VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 8 **CUCURBIT VEGETABLES - Crops of Crop Group 9** CITRUS - Crops of Crop Group 10 POME FRUIT - Crops of Crop Group 11 STONE FRUIT - Crops of Crop Group 12 BUSHBERRY and CANEBERRY - Crops of Crop Group 13-07 HERBS - Crops of Crop Group 19A TROPICAL FRUIT - Including: Acerola, Atemova, Avocado, Birida, Black sapote, Canistel, Cherimova, Custard apple, Feijoa, Llama, Jaboticaba, Guava, Longan, Lychee, Mamey sapote, Mango, Papaya, Passion fruit, Persimmon, Pulasan, Rambuten, Sapodilla, Soursop, Spanish lime, Star apple, Starfruit, Sugar apple, Wax iambu **30-DAY PLANT-BACK:** Cereals (including buckwheat, millet, oats, rice, rve, and triticale), sovbeans and safflower **10-MONTH PLANT-BACK:** Onion and bulb vegetables **12-MONTH PLANT-BACK:** All Other Crops

\*Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted any time; but do not graze or harvest for food or feed.

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION --- WRANGLER INSECTICIDE**

Apply Wrangler Insecticide with properly calibrated ground or aerial application equipment. Apply specified rate per acre as a directed or broadcast spray to infested area at earliest threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop. Thorough uniform coverage of all plant parts is required to achieve optimum control. Scout fields and retreat if needed.

The lower rates can be used early season when pest pressures are low or when tank-mixing with other effective products registered for target insect control. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part, by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those pests. Wrangler Insecticide provides optimal performance against early instar and early nymphal stages of insects as well as bollworm/budworm eggs. Applications made with less than 5 gallons per acre may result in slower activity and/or less overall control from a single application than an application made with higher gallonages. Use an organosilicone-based spray adjuvant for applications targeting aphids and whiteflies.

Regardless of formulation or method of application, apply no more than 0.5 pound active ingredient of imidacloprid per acre per season, including seed treatment, soil and foliar uses.

# 110f35

## WRANGLER® INSECTICIDE EPA REG. NO. 34704-931

# GLOBE ARTICHOKE\*

Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Aphids	8.0 to16.0

#### Leafhoppers Restrictions:

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide amount allowed/season: 16.0 fl ozs/A (0.50 lb Al/A)

## **Applications**

Apply specified dosage in the following method:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
- 2. In-furrow spray at planting directed on or below seed.

\*Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

#### HERBS

Angelica, Balm (lemon balm), Basil (fresh and dried), Borage, Bumet, Camomile, Catnip, Chervil (dried), Chinese chive, Chive, Clary, Coriander (cilantro or Chinese parsley leaves), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Curry (leaf), Dillweed, Horehound, Hyssop, Lavender, Lemongrass, Lovage (leaf), Marigold, Marjoram, Nasturtium, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Rosemary, Rue, Sage, Savory (summer and winter), Sweet bay (bay leaf), Tansy, Tarragon, Thyme, Wintergreen, Woodruff, Wormwood.

Pests Controlled	Rate		
	FI Ozs/A		
Aphids	8.0 to12.0		
Flea beetles			
Leafhoppers			
Whiteflies			
Pests/Diseases Suppressed			
Thrips (foliage-feeding thrips only)	8.0 to12.0		
Restrictions:			
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>14 days</b>			
Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 1	2.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 lb Al/A)		

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage in one of the following methods:

- 1. In-furrow spray during planting directed on or below seed;
- 2. In-furrow spray or transplant-water drench during setting or transplanting;
- 3. Shanked-into or below eventual seed-line;
- 4. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.

Not all crops and/or varieties listed above have been tested for phytotoxic effects. Without specific knowledge about a particular crop and variety, Loveland Products, Inc. strongly recommends that only small areas or numbers of plants of each be treated and evaluated prior to commercial use.

#### FIELD CROPS Application Instructions – Wrangler Insecticide

Rate FI Oz/1000 Row-Ft	Rate FI Ozs/A
0.65	8.5 to 10.5
	(Depending on row-spacing)
	(

#### Restrictions

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 10.5 fl ozs/A (0.33 lb Al/A)

Regardless of formulation or method of application, apply no more than 0.5 lb Al of Wrangler Insecticide, Provado, Trimax® or Leverage/A/season, including seed treatment as Gaucho®, soil and foliar uses. Do not apply more than a total of 6 applications of the Al/season. Do not graze treated fields after any application of Wrangler Insecticide. Please see Resistance Management section of this label.

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. In-furrow spray during planting directed on or below seed;
- 2. In a narrow band directly below the eventual seed row in a bedding operation 7 or fewer days before planting;

Data

3. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip or trickle irrigation.

#### COTTON - Foliar Treatment Pests Controlled

Pests Controlled	FI Ozs/A	
Bandedwinged whitefly	1.0 to 2.0	1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Bollworm/Budworm (ovicidal effect)		
Cotton aphid		
Cotton fleahopper		
Green stink bug		
Plant bugs (excludes Lygus hesperus)		
Southern green stink bug		1.00
Pests Suppressed		
Lygus bug (Lygus hesperus)	1.5 to 2.0	
Whiteflies (other than bandedwinged whitefly)		
Restrictions		
Pre-Harvest (PHI): 14 days		
Minimum interval between applications: 7 days		
Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: 10.0 fl o		
Maximum number of Wrangler Insecticide applications/s	eason: 5	

Do not graze treated fields after any application of Wrangler Insecticide.

# 130835

## WRANGLER® INSECTICIDE EPA REG. NO. 34704-931

Tank Miz	c Information		
Pests Controlled (In addition to pests listed above)	Wrangler Insect Rate FI Ozs/A	licide	Bidrin® 8* Rate FI Ozs/A
For early season control of:			
Thrips	<u>1.0 to 1.5</u>		<u>1.6 to 3.2</u>
For mid to late season control of:			
Cotton leafperforator	1.0 to 1.5	4.0 to 8.0	
Grasshoppers			
Plant bugs			
Saltmarsh caterpillar			
Stink bugs (including Brown stink bug)			
Restrictions (in addition to Restrictions listed above	)		
*Refer to the Bidrin 8 product label for specific use	rates; follow all restri	ictions and pred	cautions that appear
on the label.	·	•	· ·

PEANUT*	
Pests Controlled	

Rate		
FI Ozs/A		
8.0 to 12.0		
8.0 to 12.0		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: 12.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 lb Al/A)

## Applications:

Apply specified dosage in one of the following methods:

1. In-furrow spray during planting directed on or below seed;

2. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.

#### Notes

Increases in Tomato spotted wilt virus (TSWV) incidence have been observed with applications of Wrangler Insecticide on multiple varieties of peanut. This may also be the case with other tospoviruses, or other viruses transmitted by various thrips species or perhaps, other pests. Prior to applying Wrangler Insecticide to peanuts, Loveland Products, Inc. recommends consultation with the State, Cooperative Extension Service, or Loveland Products, Inc. representative, for recommendations. Growers are advised to weigh insect control benefits against potential increase in viral disease levels. In areas where TSWV or other tospovirus are endemic, growers are encouraged to use virus resistant varieties and consult the University of Georgia, Tomato spotted wilt virus index, before applying Wrangler Insecticide.

\*Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Row-Ft	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids		
Colorado potato beetle		
Flea beetles	0.45 to 0.65	6.5 to 10.0
Leafhoppers		
Potato psyllid		
Pests/Diseases Suppr	ressed	
Symptoms of:		
Potato leaf roll virus	(PLRV)	
Potato yellows	0.45 to 0.65	6.5 to 10.0
Net necrosis (PLRV)		
Wireworms (with in-		
spray at-planting)		
Destrictions		

## Restrictions

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: **10.0 fl ozs/A** (0.31 lb Al/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. In-furrow spray during planting directed on seed pieces or seed potatoes;
- 2. Subsurface side-dress on both sides on the row covered with 3 or more inches of soil;
- 3. Narrow band spray at ground cracking directly over the row during hilling covered with 3 or more inches of soil;
- 4. Narrow band directly below the eventual seed row in a bedding operation 7 or fewer days before planting. For effective pest control or suppression, Wrangler Insecticide applications must be placed below soil-surface and in contact with seed piece or within root-zone. For potatoes grown on highly permeable soils with shallow water table, at-plant applications of Wrangler Insecticide may be made in a 2 to 4 inch band (width of planter shoe opening) and completely covered.

## POTATO

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/100 Lbs Seed	Rate FI Ozs/A**	
Aphids			
Colorado potato beetle			
Flea beetles	0.2 to 0.4	4.0 to 8.0	
Leafhoppers			
Potato psyllid			
Wireworms (seed-piece pr	otection)		
Pests/Diseases Suppress	ed		
Symptoms of:			
Net necrosis (PLRV)			
Potato leaf roll virus (PL	.RV) 0.4	8.0	
Potato vellows	•		
Restrictions			

#### Restrictions

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 10.0 fl ozs/A (0.31 lb Al/A)

Do not use treated seed-pieces for food, feed, or fodder. Do not apply any subsequent application of Wrangler Insecticide (in-furrow), Gaucho, Leverage or Provado following a Wrangler Insecticide seed-piece treatment.

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#### Potato <u>(Seed Piece Treatment) cont'd.:</u> Instructions

Instructions

Apply specified dosage as a diluted spray onto seed-pieces using a shielded spray system. Dilute with 3 parts water, or less, to 1 part Wrangler Insecticide. Agitate or stir spray solution as needed. Fungicidal or inert absorbent dusts may be applied after Wrangler Insecticide application. Apply only in areas with adequate ventilation or in areas that are equipped to remove spray mist or dust. Plant seed-pieces as soon as possible after treating avoiding prolonged exposure of Wrangler Insecticide treated seed-pieces to sunlight and in accordance with the directions of your local Extension specialist.

Consult your local Loveland Products, Inc. representative or crop protection product dealer for information relevant to your area.

\*\*Based on a seeding rate of 2000 lbs/A.

TOBACCO Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Plants (as seedling tray drench)	Rate Fl Oz/1000 Plants (in-furrow or transplant-water)
Aphids		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Flea beetles	0.5	0.7
Mole crickets		
Whiteflies	0.7 to 1.4	0.9 to 1.4
<u>Wireworms</u>		
<u>Pests/Diseases Supp</u>	pressed	
Cutworms		
Symptoms of:	0.7 to 1.4	0.9 to 1.4
Tomato spotted will	t virus (TSWV)	
Restrictions		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 16.0 fl ozs/A (0.50 lb Al/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- Uniform, broadcast foliar spray to seedlings in trays (tray drench) not more than 7 days prior to transplanting followed immediately by overhead irrigation to wash Wrangler Insecticide from foliage into potting media. Failure to wash Wrangler Insecticide from foliage may result in reduction in pest control. Transplants must be handled carefully during setting to avoid dislodging treated potted media from roots.
- 2. In-furrow spray or transplant-water drench during setting.
- 3. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro sprinkler or equivalent equipment.

**Important Note:** Proper tray drench applications of Wrangler Insecticide have been shown to be the most efficacious method of application. However, the specified rate of Wrangler Insecticide may be applied as a combination of the tray drench in the planthouse and/or transplant-water drench in field. Adverse growing conditions may cause a delay in uptake of Wrangler Insecticide into the plant and a delay in control.

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#### VEGETABLE and SMALL FRUIT CROPS Application Directions – Wrangler Insecticide

#### Restrictions

Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

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#### **CUCURBIT VEGETABLES**

Including: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cuban pumpkin, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible, includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, Chinese okra), *Momordica* spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber), Muskmelon (hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo* including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon, and Winter melon), Pumpkin, Squash (includes summer squash types such as: butternut squash, calabaza, crookneck squash, Hubbard squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow and zucchini, and winter squash types such as acorn squash and spaghetti squash), Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of *Citrullus lanatus*)

## Field application instructions. See details below for additional planthouse instructions.

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids	
Cucumber beetles	
Leafhoppers	8.0 to 12.0
Thrips (foliage-feeding thrips only)	
Whiteflies	
Pests/Diseases Suppressed	
Bacterial wilt (as vectored by various cucumber beetles)	
Leaf silvering resulting from whitefly feeding	8.0 to 12.0
Restrictions	
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>21 days</b>	×
Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/application: 12.0 fl ozs,	<b>/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A)
Instructions	
Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the fol	lowing methods:
1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle	e, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
2. In-furrow spray directed on or below seed;	
3. Narrow (2" or less) surface band spray over seed-line during	planting incorporated to a depth of
1 to 1-1/2" with sufficient irrigation within 24 hrs of applicat	on;
4. Narrow band spray directly below eventual seed row in bedd	ing operation 14 or fewer days before

- 4. Narrow band spray directly below eventual seed row in bedding operation 14 or fewer days before planting;
- 5. Post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench, or hill drench;
- 6. Subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. Wrangler Insecticide must be incorporated into root-zone.

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Plants
Aphids	
Whiteflies	0.05

Maximum amount of Wrangler Insecticide applied in the planthouse: **0.05 fl oz** (0.00156 lb AI)/**1000 plants.** Maximum number Wrangler Insecticide applications in planthouse: **1** 

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## Cucurbit Vegetables cont'd:

#### Instructions:

Apply specified dosage to seedlings in trays in the planthouse, targeting soil media (tray drench), not more than 7 days prior to transplanting, in one of the following manners:

- 1. Uniform, broadcast high-volume foliar spray, followed immediately by sufficient overhead irrigation to wash Wrangler Insecticide from foliage into potting media without loss of gravitational liquid from the bottom of the tray. Failure to wash Wrangler Insecticide from foliage may result in reduced pest control;
- 2. Injection into overhead irrigation system, using adequate volume to thoroughly saturate soil media without loss of gravitational solution from the bottom of the tray.

The application made in the planthouse will only provide short-term protection and is not intended as a substitution for a field application. An additional field application must be made within 2 wks following transplanting to provide continuous protection. Applications of higher rates or increased number of applications in planthouse may result in significant plant injury. Transplants must be handled carefully during setting to avoid dislodging treated potting media from roots.

Not all varieties of cucurbit vegetables have been tested for tolerance to Wrangler Insecticide applied to seedling flats. Therefore, treat a small number of plants and confirm tolerance for 7 days prior to treating entire planthouse.

\*Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

## **GREENHOUSE VEGETABLES\***

(Mature plants in production greenhouses) Cucumber, Tomato, only	
Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Plants
Aphids	
Whiteflies	0.7
Restrictions	

#### Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 days

Maximum number of Wrangler Insecticide applications/crop season: 1

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage in a minimum of 16 gals of water for tomatoes and 21 gals of water for cucumbers using soil drenches, micro-irrigation, drip irrigation, or hand-held or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment. Do not apply to immature plants since phytotoxicity may occur.

Apply when infestation pressure surpasses threshold and beneficials are not able to maintain pest populations below damage thresholds. Repellency of bumble bee pollinators and negative effects on some beneficials (*Orius* spp.) can occur when Wrangler Insecticide is applied.

Many varieties of vegetables have been tested for tolerance to Wrangler Insecticide and show good safety. However, certain varieties may show more sensitivity to Wrangler Insecticide. Therefore, treat a few plants before treating the whole greenhouse.

\*Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

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### FRUITING VEGETABLES<sup>1</sup>

Including: Eggplant, Ground cherry, Okra, Pepper (including bell, chili, cooking, pimento and sweet) Tomato, Pepinos, Tomatillo

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A	
Aphids		
Colorado potato beetle	Okra and Pepper	
Flea beetles	8.0 to 16.0	
Leafhoppers		
Thrips (foliage-feeding thrips, only)	Other Crops	
Whiteflies	8.0 to 12.0	
Pests/Diseases Suppressed		
Symptoms of:	Okra and Pepper	
Tomato mottle virus	8.0 to 16.0	
Tomato spotted wilt virus	Other Crops	
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	8.0 to 12.0	

#### Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed on pepper and okra crops/application: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A) Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed on other fruiting crops/application: **12.0 fl ozs/A** (0.38 lb Al/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
- 2. In-furrow spray directed on or below seed;
- 3. Narrow (2" or less) surface band spray over seed-line during planting incorporated to a depth of 1 to 1-1/2" with sufficient irrigation within 24 hours of application;
- 4. Narrow band spray directly below eventual seed row in bedding operation 14 or fewer days before planting;
- 5. Post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench, or hill drench;
- 6. Subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. Wrangler Insecticide must be incorporated into root-zone.

## Planthouse Application Instructions<sup>2</sup>

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Plants
Aphids	
Whiteflies	0.05

#### Restrictions

Maximum amount of Wrangler Insecticide applied in the planthouse: **0.05 fl oz** (0.00156 lb Al)/**1000 plants.** Maximum number Wrangler Insecticide applications in planthouse: **1** 

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage to seedlings in trays in the planthouse, targeting soil media (tray drench), not more than 7 days prior to transplanting, in one of the following manners:

1. Uniform, broadcast high-volume foliar spray, followed immediately by sufficient overhead irrigation to wash Wrangler Insecticide from foliage into potting media without loss of gravitational liquid from the bottom of the tray. Failure to wash Wrangler Insecticide from foliage may result in reduced pest control;

## Fruiting Vegetables<sup>1</sup> cont'd.:

2. Injection into overhead irrigation system, using adequate volume to thoroughly saturate soil media without loss of gravitational solution from the bottom of the tray.

The application made in the planthouse will only provide short-term protection and is not intended as a substitution for a field application. An additional field application must be made within 2 wks following transplanting to provide continuous protection.

Applications of higher rates or increased number of applications in planthouse may result in significant plant injury. Transplants must be handled carefully during setting to avoid dislodging treated potted media from roots.

Not all varieties of fruiting vegetables have been tested for tolerance to Wrangler Insecticide applied to seedling flats. Therefore treat a small number of plants and confirm tolerance for 7 days prior to treating entire planthouse.

<sup>1</sup> Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling. <sup>2</sup> Use not permitted in CA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

#### **HEAD and STEM BRASSICA VEGETABLES**

Including: Broccoli, Broccoli raab (*rapini*), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccoli, Chinese (*gai lon*) broccoli, Chinese (*bok choy*) cabbage, Chinese (*napa*) cabbage, Chinese mustard (*gai choy*) cabbage, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, Turnip tops (leaves) **AND** 

## **LEAFY VEGETABLES**

Including: Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula (Roquette), Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible leaved and garland), Cilantro, Corn salad, Cress (garden), Cress (upland, yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Raddicchio (red chicory), Spinach (including New Zealand and vine (Malabar spinach, Indian Spinach)), Watercress (commercial production only, applications must not be made to native cress growing in streams or other bodies of water), Watercress (upland)

## **Pests Controlled**

Pests Controlled	FI Ozs/A (on 36 inch rows)	
Aphids Leafhoppers Thrips (foliage feeding thrips only) Whiteflies	5.0 to 12.0	
Restrictions		

#### Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/application: 12.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 lb Al/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
- 2. In-furrow spray directed on or below seed;
- 3. Narrow (2" or less) surface band spray over seed-line during planting incorporated to a depth of 1 to 1-1/2" with sufficient irrigation within 24 hrs of application;
- 4. Narrow band spray directly below eventual seed row in bedding operation 14 or fewer days before planting;
- 5. Post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench, or hill drench;
- 6. Subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. Wrangler Insecticide must be incorporated into root-zone.
- 7. Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

## LEAFY PETIOLE VEGETABLES

Including: Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chinese celery (fresh leaves and stalk only), Florence fennel (including sweet anise, sweet fennel, Finocchio), Rhubarb, Swiss chard

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids Leafhoppers Thrips (foliage feeding thrips only) Whiteflies	5.0 to 12.0
Restrictions	

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/application: 12.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 lb Al/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
- 2. In-furrow spray directed on or below seed;
- 3. Narrow (2" or less) surface band spray over seed-line during planting incorporated to a depth of 1 to 1-1/2" with sufficient irrigation within 24 hours of application;
- 4. Narrow band spray directly below eventual seed row in bedding operation 14 or fewer days before planting;
- 5. Post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench, or hill drench;
- 6. Subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. Wrangler Insecticide must be incorporated into root zone.
- 7. Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

#### LEGUME VEGETABLES except soybean, dry

#### Edible Podded and Succulent Shelled Pea and Bean and Dried Shelled Pea and Bean

Bean (Lupinus spp., includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin)

- Bean (*Phaseolus* spp., includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean)
- **Bean** (*Vigna* spp., includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean)
- Pea (*Pisum* spp., includes dwarf pea, edible-pod pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snow pea, sugar snap pea)
- Other Beans and Peas (Broad bean (fava), Chickpea (garbanzo bean), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean (hyacinth bean), Lentil, Pigeon pea, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean)

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids	11 020/A
Leafhoppers	
Thrips (foliage feeding thrips, only)	8.0 to 12.0
Whiteflies	
Pests/Diseases Suppressed	
Symptoms of:	
Bean common mosaic virus (BCMV)	
Bean golden mosaic virus (BGMV)	8.0 to 12.0
Beet curly top hybrigeminivirus (BCTV)	
Restrictions	
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days	

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 12.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 AI/A)

## Legume Vegetables except soybean, dry cont'd.:

### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
- 2. In-furrow spray at planting directed on or below seed;
- 3. In a narrow (2" or less) surface band over seed-line during planting incorporated to a depth of 1 to 1-1/2" with sufficient irrigation within 24 hrs following application;
- 4. In a narrow band directly below the eventual seed row in a bedding operation 7 or fewer days before planting;
- 5. As a post-seeding drench, transplant drench, or hill drench.
- 6. Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

## **ROOT VEGETABLES\***

Including: Beet (garden) <sup>1</sup>/, Burdock (edible) <sup>1</sup>/, Carrot <sup>1</sup>/, Celeriac <sup>1</sup>/, Chervil (turnip-rooted) <sup>1</sup>/, Chicory <sup>1</sup>/, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip <sup>1</sup>/, Radish <sup>1</sup>/, Oriental radish (diakon) <sup>1</sup>/, Rutabaga <sup>1</sup>/, Salsify (oyster plant), Salsify (black) <sup>1</sup>/, Salsify (Spanish), Skirret and Turnip <sup>1</sup>/.

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Row-Ft	Rate FI Ozs/A	
Aphids Flea beetles Leafhoppers Whiteflies	0.35 to 0.85	5.0 to 12.0	
Restrictions			

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: **12.0 fl ozs/ A** (0.38 lb Al/A) Maximum Wrangler Insecticide applications/crop season: **1** 

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
- 2. In-furrow spray (rate specified/1000 row-ft) or, shanked-in 1 to 2 inches below seed depth during planting;
- 3. In a narrow (2 inches or less) band directly (1 to 2 inches) below the eventual seed row in a bedding operation 14 or fewer days before planting.

**Important Note:** The rate applied affects the length of control. Use higher rates where infestations occur later in crop development, or where pest pressure is continuous. Wrangler Insecticide rates less than 0.7 fl ozs/1000 row-ft will not provide adequate residual pest control. Wrangler Insecticide treated crops grown on very high organic matter soils (muck) may also require additional pest management control.

<sup>1</sup>/ Tops or greens from these crops may be utilized for food or feed. <u>\*Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.</u>

#### **TUBEROUS and CORM VEGETABLES\***

Including: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna (edible, Queensland arrowroot), Cassava (bitter & sweet) <sup>1</sup>/, Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (taro) <sup>1</sup>/, Ginger, Leren, Sweetpotato, Tanier (cocoyam) <sup>1</sup>/, Turmeric, Yam bean (jicama, manoic pea), Yam (true) <sup>1</sup>/ (For application instructions on potato, see Field Crops section)

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/1000 Row-Ft	Rate FI Ozs/A	
Aphids			
Flea beetles	0.35 to 0.85	5.0 to 12.0	
Leafhoppers			
Thrips (foliage feeding	thrips only)		
Whiteflies			
Restrictions			
Pre-Harvest Interval (F	PHI) from planting application: 3 days	(leaves); 125 days (corms)	

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: **12.0 fl ozs/A** (0.38 lb Al/A) Maximum Wrangler Insecticide applications/crop season: **1** 

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. In-furrow spray (rate specified/1000 row-ft) over planting material (hulis) or shanked-in 1 to 2 inches below hulis depth at planting;
- 2. Side-dress not more than 0.3 fl oz/1000 row-ft no later than 45 days after planting. Observe same PHI as above.

**Important Note:** The rate applied affects the length of control. Use higher rates where infestations occur later in crop development, or where pest pressure is continuous. Wrangler Insecticide rates less than 0.35 fl oz/1000 row-ft may not provide adequate residual pest control. Wrangler Insecticide treated crops grown on very high organic matter soils (muck) may also require additional pest management control.

<sup>1</sup>/Tops or greens from these crops may be utilized for food or feed.

\*Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

STRAWBERRY <sup>1</sup> / Annual And Perennial Crops	
Pests Controlled	Rate FI Oz/A
Aphids	
Whiteflies	12.0 to 16.0
Destrictions	

#### Restrictions

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 16.0 fl ozs/A (0.50 lb Al/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment after plants are established or on perennial crops in early spring prior to bud opening;
- 2. As a plant material or plant hole treatment just prior to, or during transplanting.

The rate applied affects the length of control. Use higher rates where infestations may occur later in crop development or where pest exposure is continuous.

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

STRAWBERRY<sup>1</sup>/ cont'd.:

#### Post-harvest Use on Perennial Crops **Pests Controlled**

White grub complex

Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0

(grubs of Asiatic garden beetle, European and Masked chafer, Japanese beetle, Oriental beetle)

## **Restrictions**

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: 12.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 lb AI/A)

## Instructions

Apply a single application post harvest to coincide with renovation of strawberry fields and during active egglaving period of beetles. Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods: 1. As a ground spray via boom or backpack sprayer in a minimum of 20 gals of water/A;

- 2. As a row-band spray using an adjusted amount of product based on the treated row band area in proportion to the amount required/full A. The bandwidth should be equivalent to the width of the anticipated fruiting bed:
- 3. As a chemigation application with 600 to 1000 gals of water followed by 0.10 to 0.25 inches irrigation.

**Important:** All soil-surface applications must be followed by 0.25 inches of rainfall or overhead irrigation water per acre within 2 hrs of application. Failure to adequately incorporate Wrangler Insecticide into egg-deposition zone may result in decreased activity of beetle grubs.

<sup>1</sup>/Do not use both application methods on the same crop in the same season.

## SUGAR BEET\*

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A	
Aphids		
Flea beetles	3.0 to 6.0	
Leafhoppers		
Whiteflies		
Pests/Diseases Suppressed		
Symptoms of:		
Western yellows/Beet curly top hybrigeminivirus (BCTV)	3.0 to 6.0	

## Restrictions

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 6.0 fl ozs/A (0.18 lb Al/A) Maximum imidacloprid allowed/season: 0.18 lb Al/A (from any formulation) on any row spacing

## Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in the following method:

1. Apply specified dosage in sufficient carrier volume to insure uniform application. Apply directly below each seed furrow either during the bedding operation immediately prior to planting or at the time of planting.

The low rate may be applied to aid establishment of stands in whitefly areas, or for early season control of the other pests listed.

\*Not for use on crops grown for seed unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling.

Wrangler Insecticide Conversion Chart for Linear Application

RATE: FI Ozs/A	Rate: FI Ozs/1000 row-ft Based on average row spacing (in inches)							
	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
5	0.0475	0.07125	0.095	0.11875	0.1425	0.16625	0.19	0.21375
6	0.057	0.0855	0.114	0.1425	0.171	0.1995	0.228	0.2565
7	0.0665	0.09975	0.133	0.16625	0.1995	0.23275	0.266	0.29925
8	0.076	0.114	0.152	0.19	0.228	0.266	0.304	0.342
9	0.0855	0.12825	0.171	0.21375	0.2565	0.29925	0.342	0.38475
10	0.095	0.145	0.19	0.24	0.285	0.335	0.38	0.43
12	0.115	0.17	0.23	0.285	0.345	0.4	0.46	0.515
14	0.135	0.02	0.27	0.335	0.4	0.47	0.535	0.605
16	0.155	0.23	0.305	0.385	0.46	0.535	0.61	0.69
18	0.17	0.26	0.345	0.43	0.515	0.605	0.69	0.775
20	0.19	0.285	0.38	0.48	0.575	0.67	0.765	0.86
22	0.21	0.315	0.42	0.525	0.63	0.735	0.84	0.945
24	0.23	0.345	0.46	0.575	0.69	0.805	0.92	1.035
26	0.25	0.375	0.495	0.62	0.745	0.87	0.995	1.12
28	0.27	0.4	0.535	0.67	0.805	0.935	1.07	1.205
30	0.285	0.43	0.575	0.715	0.86	1.005	1.145	1.29
32	0.305	0.46	0.61	0.76	0.92	1.07	1.225	1.375

**Important Note:** The Wrangler Insecticide rate applied affects the length of control and to a considerable extent, the degree of control or effect. Row-spacing X Wrangler Insecticide rate combinations in italics may not provide adequate residual pest control and are not suitable for long-term, residual control. Use higher labeled rates where infestations may occur later in crop development or where pest pressure is continuous. Loveland Products, Inc. offers no warranty for use of Wrangler Insecticide at rates below 0.35 fl oz/1000 row-ft.

#### SOYBEAN\* Pests Controlled

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids	1.5
Bean leaf beetle	
Cucumber beetles/Rootworm adults	
Japanese beetle (adults)	
Leafhoppers	
Whiteflies	

#### **Restrictions:**

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **7 days** Minimum interval between applications: **7 days** Maximum Wrangler Insecticide amount allowed/crop season: **4.5 fl ozs/A** (0.14 lb AI/A)

\*Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

#### **TREE, BUSH and VINE CROPS**

Application Directions – Wrangler Insecticide

### **BANANA AND PLANTAIN**

Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Aphids	8.0 to 16.0
Leafhoppers	
Pests/Diseases Suppressed	
Scales	8.0 to 16.0
Restrictions	
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>0 day</b>	
Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 16.0 fl	<b>dzs/A</b> (0.50 lb Al/A)
Instructions	
Instructions	
Apply specified dosage of this product in the following metho	
1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, tric	kle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
BUSHBERRY	
Including: Blueberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Hucklel	
Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Japanese beetle	
(adults, feeding on foliage)	0.01 40.0
White grub complex	8.0 to 16.0
(grubs of Asiatic garden beetle, European and	
Masked chafer, Japanese beetle and Oriental beetle)	
Restrictions	

#### Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **7 days** Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb AI/A)

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;

2. 18-inch band on each side of the row followed with 0.25 inches of irrigation immediately after application.

For optimal grub control, apply Wrangler Insecticide to control 1st or 2nd instar larvae. Application may be made post-bloom up to 7 days prior to harvest, or post-harvest until October 1st. For optimum control of Japanese beetle larvae, make applications from June 1 to July 15. Do not apply during bloom.

Application to grass covered rows, row middles, drive lanes, headlands, and other grassy areas in and around the berry field will control resident grub populations. Applications directed to the root-zone will help protect berry plant roots from grub feeding.

Apply Wrangler Insecticide to moist soil. If necessary, apply one hour of irrigation water immediately before application of Wrangler Insecticide. To facilitate movement of Wrangler Insecticide into the soil and root-zone, 1/2 to 1 inch of irrigation water or rainfall must be applied or received within 24 hrs of application.

#### Including

Blackberry (*Rubus eubatus*, including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, Chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, Lavacaberry, Loganberry, lowberry, Lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackber-ry, youngberry, and varieties and/or hybrids of these), Raspberry (black and red, *Rubus occidentalis, Rubus striaosus, Rubus idaeus*)

Rate

Pests	Co	ntro	ed

	FI Ozs/A		
Aphids			
Leafhoppers			
Whiteflies	8.0 to 16.0		
Rednecked cane borer	12.0 to 16.0		
Pest Suppressed			
Thrips (foliage feeding thrips only)	8.0 to 16.0		

#### **Restrictions:**

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **7 days** Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A) Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are actively foraging.

#### **Applications:**

Apply specified dosage in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
- 2. Basal, soil drench in a minimum of 500 gals solution/A.

#### **CITRUS (Containerized) – Soil Treatment**

Including: Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, and tagor). Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Pummelo, Orange (sweet and sour), Tangelo, Satsuma mandarin, White sapote (*Casimiroa* spp.), and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Pests Controlled	Rate mL/ft <sup>3</sup> Container Media
Aphids	
Asian citrus psyllid	
Black fly	
Citrus leafminer	0.375
Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters	
Mealybugs	
Scales	
Whiteflies	
Citrus root weevil (larval complex)	0.625 to 1.25
Pests/Diseases Suppressed	
Citrus thrips (foliage feeding thrips only)	1.25

#### Instructions

Determine volume of container and calculate dosage necessary to treat container. Apply calculated dosage of Wrangler Insecticide per container as a soil drench or through low-pressure drip or trickle irrigation water. Use sufficient carrier volume to ensure thorough uniform distribution throughout the media without loss of gravitational water from the container. For optimal results, treatment should be made at planting prior to insect infestation. Retreat if necessary. For control of larvae of the citrus root weevil complex, application should be made prior to neonate larvae entering potting media. Utilize higher dosage for heavy infestations.

#### CITRUS (Field)

Including: Calamondin, Citrus, Citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Pummelo, Orange (sweet and sour), Tangelo, Satsuma mandarin. White sapote (*Casimiroa* spp.), and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A	
Aphids		
Asian citrus psyllid		
Black fly		
Citrus leafminer	8.0 to 16.0	
Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters		
Mealybugs		
Scales		
Termites (FL only)		
Whiteflies		
Pests/Diseases Suppressed		
Citrus nematode		
Symptoms of:		
Citrus tristeza virus CTV through vector control		
Citrus yellows	16.0	
Thrips (foliage feeding thrips only)		
Restrictions		
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>0 day</b>		
Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season 16.0 fl ozs/A (	0.50 lb Al/A)	

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment. For optimum results, apply to newly planted trees or those previously trained to drip, trickle or microsprinkler irrigation. To break soil surface tension, lightly pre-wet soil prior to applications of Wrangler Insecticide. Chemigation application can be made separate to normal irrigation but followed by 10 to 20 mins of additional watering to move Wrangler Insecticide into root-zone. Allow 24 hrs before initiating subsequent irrigations;
- Soil surface band spray on both sides of the tree. Overlap bands at the base of the tree to create a continuous band within the drip-line area of the tree, to be followed immediately with light sprinkler irrigation sufficient to move the product into the upper portion of the root-zone. This method is suitable for very coarse soils with 0.75% organic matter or less;
- 3. Drench to base of tree not exceeding one-qt total solution/tree immediately around trunk of tree and extending outward covering the entire fibrous root system of the tree. Only suitable for trees up to 8 ft tall;
- 4. For control of existing termite infestations, apply specified dosage in 1 to 4 qts of total solution volume, depending on size of tree, as a drench application to the basal portion of the tree trunk and surrounding soil in the immediate vicinity of the tree trunk.
- 5. For suppression of citrus nematode, apply specified dosage through low-pressure chemigation or soil surface band spray only, ensuring complete coverage of the root system and utilizing application directions stated above for the respective application method. Repeated and regular use of Wrangler Insecticide over several consecutive growing seasons provides the greatest degree of nematode suppression and vields the greatest plant response.

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## <u>COFFEE</u>

Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 16.0		
8.0 to 16.0		
-		

## Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A) Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are actively foraging.

## Instructions

Apply specified dosage in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
- 2. Subsurface side-dress shanked into the root-zone on both sides of the plants followed by irrigation;
- 3. Basal, soil drench in sufficient water to insure incorporation into the root-zone followed by irrigation.

## CRANBERRY

Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Rootgrubs (Scarabaeidae)	
Rootworms (Chrysomelidae)	8.0 to 16.0
Restrictions	

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): **30 days** Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb AI/A) Do not apply during bloom.

## Instructions

Apply Wrangler Insecticide to moist soil. Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. As a soil spray (ground application) directed to the root and crown area using a minimum of 20 gals of water/A;
- 2. As a chemigation application with 600 to 1000 gals water.

Immediately upon application, Wrangler Insecticide must be incorporated into root-zone by 0.1 to 0.3 inches water/A, either with the chemigation application or through irrigation/rainfall if not applied through chemigation. Inadequate incorporation within 24 hrs of application may result in reduced control.

#### **Rootgrubs and Rootworms**

Best control may be achieved when application is made post-bloom immediately after bees are removed. Applications should target early instar larvae.

Wrangler Insecticide has not been tested for crop response in tank mixes with other registered fungicides or insecticides. If tank mixing is desired, premix a sample of the Wrangler Insecticide and the desired fungicide or insecticide partner at labeled rates and apply to a small area. Evaluate crop response within 48 hrs and for at least two wks prior to utilizing the tank mix on larger acreage. If crop injury results from the premix test, do not apply the tank mix to larger acreage.

#### GRAPE

Including: American bunch grape, Muscadine grape and Vinifera grape		
Pests Controlled	Rate	
	FI Ozs/A	

	11 UL3/N
European fruit lecanium	
Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters	
Mealybugs	8.0 to 16.0
Phylloxera* spp.	
Pests/Diseases Suppressed	
Grapeleaf skeletonizer	
Nematodes	
Pierce's disease	12.0 to 16.0
Restrictions	

Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A)

## Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
- 2. Subsurface side-dress shanked into the root-zone on both sides of the plants followed by irrigation;
- 3. Hill drench in sufficient water to insure incorporation into the root-zone followed by irrigation.
- 4. For suppression of nematodes, apply 14 fl ozs in a single application or two 7 fl oz applications on a 30 to 45 day interval. Apply only by 1) chemigation into root-zone through above ground low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler, or equivalent equipment; or 2) French plow technique, followed immediately by sufficient irrigation to move the product into the entire root-zone of the plant. Repeated and regular use of Wrangler Insecticide over several consecutive growing seasons provides the greatest degree of nematode suppression and yields the greatest plant response.

For optimal results, make application(s) between bud-break and the pea-berry stage. A total of 14 fl ozs/A is recommended under any of the following conditions:

- 1. Where vigorous vine growth is expected;
- 2. In warmer growing areas;
- 3. Where mealybug and European fruit lecanium populations are expected to be heavy;
- 4. Where vine populations exceed 600/A, or;
- 5. For suppression of nematodes.

\*Repeated and regular use of Wrangler Insecticide over several, consecutive growing seasons controls existing *Phylloxera* infestations over time or prevents *Phylloxera* from becoming established.

## HOP

Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Aphids	9.6

## Restrictions

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 60 days

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season: 9.6 fl ozs/A (0.3 lb Al/A)

Use not permitted in California unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling.

## Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in one of the following methods:

- 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drop, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;
- 2. Subsurface side-dress shanked into the root-zone on both sides of the plants followed by irrigation;
- 3. Hill drench in sufficient water to insure incorporation into the root-zone followed by irrigation.

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POME FRUIT	Г
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Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Aphids (including woolly apple aphid)	8.0 to 10.0
eafhoppers	8.0 to 12.0
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days	
Aaximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season	: 12.0 fl ozs/A (0.38 lb Al/A)
Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh	en bees are actively foraging.
nstructions	
Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide	in the following method:
. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pres	ssure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
	and the second
POMEGRANATE Pests Controlled	Rate
	FI Ozs/A
Aphids	8.0 to 16.0
_eafhoppers/Sharpshooters	
Whiteflies	
Restrictions	
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>0 day</b>	16 0 11 070/A (0 E0 16 A1/A)
Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop se Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh	
STONE FRUIT	ssure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried	
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried In-field, Soil Application	
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application	i) Rate
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled	1)
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers	i) Rate
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) _eafhoppers Restrictions	Rate FI Ozs/A
And Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) eafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days	(j) Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0
And Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A)
And Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried n-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) _eafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A)
And Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried In-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>21 days</b> Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A)
And Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried In-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A) en bees are actively foraging.
Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) <u>eafhoppers</u> <b>Restrictions</b> Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>21 days</b> Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh Instructions Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A) en bees are actively foraging.
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried In-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>21 days</b> Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh Instructions Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pres	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A) en bees are actively foraging. in the following method:
And Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried In-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>21 days</b> Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh Instructions Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide 1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pres Pre-plant, Root Dip Application	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A) en bees are actively foraging. in the following method:
and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried In-field, Soil Application Pests Controlled Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers Restrictions Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/season Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or wh Instructions Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide	Rate FI Ozs/A 8.0 to 12.0 : <b>12.0 fl ozs/A</b> (0.38 lb Al/A) en bees are actively foraging. in the following method: ssure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.

Black peach aphid (infesting roots) Mix Wrangler Insecticide at **1.0** fl ozs/10 gals of water. Thoroughly wet bare-root transplant to slightly above the graft union by soaking roots in the Wrangler Insecticide solution for up to 5 mins. Allow solution to dry on roots and transplant trees as soon as possible following treatment.

## **TROPICAL FRUIT**

Including: Acerola, Atemoya, Avocado, Birida, Black sapote, Canistel, Cherimoya, Custard apple, Feijoa, Guava, Jaboticaba, Llama, Longan, Lychee, Marney sapote, Mango, Papaya, Passionfruit, Persimmon, Pulasan, <u>Rambutan, Sapodilla, Soursap, Spanish line, Star apple, Starfruit, Sugar apple, Wax jambu</u> **Pests Controlled Rate** 

	FI Ozs/A	
Aphids		
Leafhoppers	12.0 to 16.0	
Whiteflies		
Pests/Diseases Suppressed		
Scales	16.0	
Restrictions		
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 6 days		

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/application: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A) Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are actively foraging.

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in the following method: <u>1. Chemigation through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment.</u>

#### **TREE NUTS - Soil Treatment**

Including: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black and English)

Pests Controlled	Rate	
	FI Ozs/A	
Aphids	8.0 to 16.0	
Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters		
Mealybugs		
Spittlebugs		
Termites		
Whiteflies		
Pests/Diseases Suppressed		
Pecan scab (from reduction in honeydew deposition)	12.0 to 16.0	
Thrips (foliage-feeding thrips only)	16.0	
Restrictions		
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): <b>7 davs</b>		

Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): / days Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A) Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are actively foraging.

#### Instructions

Apply specified dosage prior to or at onset of pest infestation in one of the following methods:

- Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment. Pre-wet soil prior to applications of this product and allow soil to dry following application and prior to subsequent irrigation;
- 2. Emitter or spot application in a minimum of 4 fl ozs of mixture/emitter site;
- 3. Shank or subsurface side-dress, injected to a depth just above or just within the root zone and between the trunk and drip line of the tree canopy. Product should be applied in a minimum of 10 gals/A using multiple shanks on both sides of trees. Ensure product placement is below sod or orchard floor debris. Irrigation covering entire treated area should follow within 48 hrs to promote uptake by root system.

## Tree Nuts - Soil Treatment cont'd.:

4. For control of termites, apply specified dosage to slightly moist soil as a high-volume drench to the basal portion of the tree trunk and surrounding soil in the immediate vicinity of the tree trunk. Utilize sufficient carrier volume to penetrate the soil to a depth of 18 to 24 inches to obtain optimum control. Allow soil to dry following treatment and prior to applying any irrigation.

Use the higher rates when applied by shank or subsurface side-dress, used on larger trees, soils are high in clay content, high plant populations exist, and/or where extended control is desired. Under some conditions, control may not occur for 14 or more days or until two (2) irrigations have been made. Applications made later in the season may result in reduced efficacy.

#### **TREE NUTS - Foliar Treatment**

Including: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black and English)

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids (except black pecan aphid)	1.5 to 3.0
Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters	
Phylloxera spp. (leaf infestations)	
Spittlebugs	
Whiteflies	
Black pecan aphid	3.0
Mealybugs	
San Jose scale	
Restrictions:	
Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days	
Minimum interval between applications: 6 days	
Maximum WRANGLER Insecticide allowed/season:	
Minimum application volume (water); 50 GPA – gro	ound application, 25 GPA – aerial application.
Do not apply within 10 days prior to bloom or durin	ng bloom or when bees are actively foraging.
Applications:	

Applications for control of San Jose scale should be timed according to crawler stage, treating each successive generation. Two applications on a 10 to 14-day interval may be required to achieve control.

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
White arub complex	8.0 to 16.0
White grub complex	0.0 10 10.0
(damage from grubs of Asiatic garden beetle,	
European and Masked chafer, Japanese beetle	
and Oriental beetle)	
Restrictions	

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed/crop season: 16.0 fl ozs/A (0.50 lb AI/A)

#### Instructions

Soil incorporation and movement of this product to the root-zone is required for activity. This product can be incorporated most readily when applied to moist soil. Apply specified dosage in one of the following methods:

1. Chemigation into root-zone through low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment;

2. 18-inch band on each side of the row (small trees) to full broadcast application (large trees) followed by rainfall or 0.25 to 1 inch of irrigation within 12 hrs after application.

## Christmas Tree cont'd.:

For optimal grub control, apply this product during adult flight activity, or up to mid-July, when first instar larvae are present.

## POPLAR/COTTONWOOD

Pests Controlled	Rate FI Ozs/A
Aphids	
Cottonwood leaf beetle	8.0 to 16.0
Pests/Diseases Suppressed	
Phylloxerina popularia	8.0 to 16.0
Destrictions	

#### Restrictions

Maximum Wrangler Insecticide allowed at-plant/crop season: **16.0 fl ozs/A** (0.50 lb Al/A)

Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are actively foraging. **Instructions** 

Apply specified dosage of Wrangler Insecticide in the following method:

- 1. Chemigation through low-pressure drip irrigation.
- For Cottonwood leaf beetle, protection against damage will occur when application is made early, when the beetles first begin feeding. Larger trees may require earlier treatment as a result of slower uptake.
- 2. For narrow-row, cutting orchards/nurseries used for plant propagation, shank into root-zone followed by adequate irrigation to promote uptake. (Adequate irrigation depends on soil moisture level at application. Under dry conditions, use 0.25 inches/A).

For *Phylloxerina*, apply early in the year, from break of dormancy through May.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking, invert to prevent leakage. If container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Absorb spilled material with absorbing type compounds and dispose of as directed for pesticides below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container.** Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecy-cle.org. If not recycled, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

## Storage & Disposal cont'd.:

**Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**For refillable containers:** Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC – 1-800-424-9300.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT**, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. The buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

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