

100%

Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide For control of certain insect pests on field, vegetable, tree and vine crops.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Cyfluthrin

Cyano(4-fluoro-3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-

TOTAL

Contains 2 lb Cyfluthrin per gallon.

(This product contains aromatic petroleum distillates.)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER-PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue ringing our
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	 Do not give any liquid to the person.
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
lf on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.
or clothing:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
-	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
ļ	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give
	artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
ľ	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-800-301-7976.

Note to Physician: ANTIDOTE – No specific antidote is available. Treat symptomatically. Published data indicate vitamin E acetate can prevent and/or mitigate symptoms of paresthesia caused by synthetic pyrethroids. Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-912

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-1

NET CONTENTS 1 GAL. (3.78 L)

073106 V4 04O07

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles or face shield). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic skin reactions in some individuals.

Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of children.

Personal Protective Equipment: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or viton, shoes plus socks, and protective evewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this products concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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Engineering Controls Statements

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modlifed as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

User should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are visiting the treatment area. Additional information may be obtained by consulting your Cooperative Extension Service.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restricted Use Pesticide It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to you State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exemptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPÈ required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is: Coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or viton, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry place and away from open flame and extreme heat. Store in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If container is leaking, invert container to prevent leakage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully dam up spilled material to prevent runoff. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Absorb spilled material with absorbing type compounds and dispose of as directed for pesticides below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL – NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINER: Triple rinse (or

CONTAINER DISPOSAL – NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINER: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL - RETURNABLE/REFILLABLE SEALED CONTAINER: Do not rinse container. Do not break seals. Replace the dust cover/cap and return container, intact to point of purchase.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

Cyflu may be used for control of a broad spectrum of insect pests by contact action. Because of this contact activity, good spray coverage of the crop is needed for the highest level of control.

Insect Resistance Statement

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area Consult your local or State agricultural authorities for details. If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product alone may not continue to provide adequate control of resistant pests. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application, extreme weather conditions, etc., a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor/state Extension agent for the best alternative method of control in your area. Consult your state Cooperative Extension Service agent or agricultural advisor for insect resistance management strategies and recommended insect control methods in your area.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

For all insects, timing of application should be based on careful scouting and local economic thresholds.

Foliar Spray Application

Foliar applications may be made using property calibrated ground sprayers, fixed- or rotary-winged aircraft or through property designed, sprinkler-type, chemigation equipment (See Chemigation Application directions below). Thorough and uniform coverage of plants, with direct contact of the spray mixture to the target pests, is required for satisfactory control.

Avoid application procedures where thorough coverage of plant is not possible. Applications made with less than thorough coverage may result in slower activity and/or less overall control from a single application than an application made with higher gallonages. See general, Spray Drift Reduction Management, section below for application guidelines on minimizing drift from all application methods.

Ground applications should be made in a minimum of 10 gallons/A.

Aerial applications should be made in a minimum of 2 gallons/A, however 5 gallons/A are recommended. See crop specific gallonage requirements. Aerial applications made to dense canopies may not provide sufficient coverage of lower leaves to provide pest control. Higher labeled rates of Cyflu may be necessary for aerial applications.

Chemigation applications (See Chemigation Application directions below) should be made as concentrated as possible. For best results apply at 100% input/travel speed, for center pivots or 0.10 inch (2,716 gallons) up to 0.15 inch (4,073 gallons) of water/A, for other systems. Higher labeled rates of Cyflu may be necessary for chemigation applications.

Chemigation Application

Types of Irrigation Systems: Cyflu may be applied through sprinkler type irrigation systerns, only. These types include; center pivot, lateral move, or solid set irrigation systems. Do not apply Cyflu through any other type of irrigation system.

Injection for Chemigation: Inject the specified dosage of Cyflu into the irrigation main, water stream: (1) through a constant flow, metering device; (2) into the center of the main line flow via a pitot tube or equivalent; (3) at a point ahead of at least one, right-angle turn in main stream flow such that thorough mixing with the irrigation water is ensured.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration: The irrigation system must pro-

Chemigation Monitoring: A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Required Injection and Sprinkler System Safety Devices: The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain, appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor/engine stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Injection systems must use a metering pump or equivalent, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump, venturi injection) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Public Water Systems: DO NOT APPLY CYFLU THROUGH ANY IRRIGATION SYS-TEM <u>PHYSICALLY CONNECTED</u> TO A PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Cyflu may be applied through any of the recommended types of irrigation systems that may be supplied by a public water system only if the water from the public water system is discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. Before beginning chemigation, always make sure that the air gap exists and that there is no blockage of the overflow of the reservoir tank. Any irrigation system using water supplied from a public water system must also meet the same safety requirements as for any other type of water supply and include the same safety devices.

Chemical Supply Tank Dilution and Agitation: For injection of Cyflu use a chemical supply tank for pre-mixing Cyflu with either, water or non-emulsifiable oil before injecting mixture into the irrigation line. Dilution ratio should be at least 4 parts of either water/or non-emulsifiable oil, to 1 part Cyflu. If necessary, constant mechanical or hydraulic agitation should be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of application. Determine the required amounts of Cyflu and either water or non-emulsifiable oil, to mix in the tank. The amount of Cyflu needed equals the number of fluid ounces of Cyflu to e applied per acre multiplied by the number of acres to be chemigated. The amount of emulsion needed equals the gallons of emulsion will take place. The amount of either water or non-emulsifiable oil needed equals the amount of emulsion needed minus the amount of Cyflu needed.

Posting Requirements: Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements: Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other location affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2-1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

This sign is in addition to any sign posted to comply with the Worker Protection Standard.

Cleaning the Chemical Injection System: In order to apply pesticides accurately, the chemical injection system must be kept clean; free from chemical or fertilizer residues and sediments. Refer to your owner's manual or ask your equipment supplier for the cleaning procedure for your injection system.

Flushing the Irrigation System: At the end of the application period, allow time for all lines to flush the pesticide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of pesticides, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

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Center-Pivot and Automatic-Move Linear Systems: Inject the specified dosage per acre continuously for one complete revolution (center pivot) or move of the system. The system should be run at maximum speed. It is recommended that nozzles in the immediate area of control panels, chemical supply tanks, pumps and system safety devices be plugged to prevent chemical contamination of these areas. The use of END GUNS is NOT recommended. End guns that provide uneven distribution of treated water can result in crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in or on the crop.

Solid Set and Manually Controlled Linear Systems: Injection should be during the last 30 to 60 minutes of a regular irrigation period or as a separate 30 to 60 minute application not associated with a regular irrigation.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

Spray Drift Reduction Management

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Buffer Zone Requirements

Ground, Foliar Applications: Do not apply by ground within 25 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when an ultra low volume (ULV) application is made.

Aerial Applications: Do not apply by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds. The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used, and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or rotor diameter.

Importance of Droplet Size: An important factor influencing drift is droplet size. Small droplets (<150 to 200 microns) drift to a greater extent than large droplets. Within typical equipment specifications, applications should be made to deliver the largest droplet spectrum that provides sufficient control and coverage. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure. Spray should be released at the lowest possible height consistent with good pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.

Wind Speed Restrictions: Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Do not apply when wind speeds are greater than 15 mph and avoid gusty and windless conditions. Avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area can reduce risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas.

Restrictions During Temperature Inversions: Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Drift potential is high during temperature inversions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog. However, if fog is not present, the movement of smoke from a ground source can also identify inversions. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical mixing.

Runoff Management

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic areas to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip. When used on erodible soils, best management practices for minimizing runoff should be employed. Consult your local Soil Conservation Service for recommendations in your use area. Do not apply if soil is saturated with water. Do not apply under conditions that favor drift from runoff. Do not apply in the rain.

FIELD CROPS

Recommended Applications – Cyflu

For all crops, apply specific dosage of Cyflu at early threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those pests.

Application timing should be based on local economic thresholds. Cyflu may be applied before, during, or after planting. Use the higher rates for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Lower rates are generally adequate for low to moderate insect pressure but require careful scouting and may require more frequent application.

Cyflu is an Emulsifiable Concentrate formulation and is active by contact and ingestion. Thorough coverage is necessary for optimum performance. See application recomme. Jns at the beginning of each section: FIELD CROPS; VEGETABLE CROPS; TREE and VINE CROPS.

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Alfalfa looper	0.8-1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Cutworms		
Green cloverworm		
Meadow spittlebug		
Potato leafhopper		
Alfalfa caterpillar	1.6-2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Alfalfa plant bug		
Alfalfa webworm		
Alfalfa weevil		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Aster leafhopper		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (aduit)	1	
Cucumber beetle (adult)		
Egyptian alfalfa weevil		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1	
Grape colaspis (adult)	1	
Japanese beetle (adult)		
June beetle (adult)		
Loopers	-	
Lygus bug	1	
Mexican bean beetle	1	
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and		
2nd instar)		
Blotch leafminer	2.0 - 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Grasshoppers		
Western yellowstriped armyworm		
(1st and 2nd instar)		
Pests Suppressed		
Blue pea aphid	2.8	0.044
Cowpea aphid		
Pea aphid		
Whitefly (adult)		

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) or Pre-grazing Interval: 7 days. Maximum Cyflu allowed per cutting: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs Al/Acre). Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid ounces/A (0.200 lbs Al/Acre) Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA – ground, 2.0 GPA – aerial application.

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A aerial application. Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to alfalfa grown for seed.

Do not apply to mixed stands with intentionally-grown forage grasses.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label.

CORN

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Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn (see Sweet Corn recommendations in Vegetable Crops Section)

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Black cutworm	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Flea beetles		
Granulate cutworm		
Sandlhill cutworm		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1.6 - 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Bean leaf beetle		
Cereal leaf beetle		
Chinch bug		
Click beetle (adult)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
European corn borer*		
Grape colapsis (adult)		
Japanese beetle (adult)		
June beetle (adult)		
Leafhoppers		
Masked chafer (adult)		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Southern corn leaf beetle		
Southwestern corn borer*		
Stalk borer	1]
Stink bugs		
Webworm		
Western bean cutworm		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and		
2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers	2.1 - 2.8	0.033 - 0.044
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.8	0.044

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): For grain or fodder 21 days; Green forage may be fed 0 days after last application.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid ounces/A (0.175 lbs Al/Acre).

Corn cont'd.:

Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn (see Sweet Corn recommendations in Vegetable Crops Section)

Maximum number of application per season: 4. Three applications may be applied up to early dent stage. One application may be made between early dent and 21 days before harvest.

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground, 2.0 GPA - aerial application. Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A – aerial application.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. *Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

CORN soil pests

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/1000 row ft	Rate fluid ounces/acre (based on 30 inch row spacing)
Seedcorn maggot Wireworm	0.12-0.16	2.0-2.8
Pest Suppressed		
White grub	0.14-0.16	2.5-2.8

est Interval (PHI): For grain or fodder 21 days; Green forage may be fed 0 days after last application.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7 day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs. Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid ounces/A (0.175 lbs Al/Acre).

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:

Carrier; Cyflu may be applied in water or in liquid pop-up fertilizer at planting. Apply in a minimum of 2 GPA of total mix volume when applied in water. Good agitation must be maintained at all times during application.

Instruction for liquid pop-up fertilizer application: Perform a compatibility test prior to mixing the entire tank to ensure that Cyflu will remain in solution while applying. Take a known amount of the fertilizer to be used as a carrier and place in a glass jar. Add the appropriate amount of Cyflu based on the labeled use rate. Add other components to be tank mixed. Gently agitate the solution. Examine the solution for signs of incompatibility such as flocculation, precipitation, separation, etc. If incompatibility occurs contact your local Loveland Products Inc. representative for additional information.

Fertilizers containing zinc have been shown to be incompatible with Cyflu and should not be mixed with Cyflu.

Placement: Total mix volume should be applied in the open furrow ahead of the closing wheels for optimum coverage.

Row width adjustment: The above rate calculations are based on a standard 30 inch row spacing. For row spacing of less than 30 inches, adjust the rate of Cyflu not to exceed 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre). Diminished control may occur when rates are decreased below the recommended minimum rates per 1000 row feet.

COTTON

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Cotton leafperforator	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Cotton leafworm		
Cutworms		
Thrips		
Boll weevil	1.6 - 2.6	0.025 - 0.041
Cabbage looper		{
Cotton aphid		
Cotton bollworm*		
Cotton fleahopper		
Cucumber beetle		
European corn borer		
Flea beetles		1
Garden webworm		
Lygus bug*		
Pink bollworm		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Southern garden leafhopper		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		,
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Tobacco budworm*		
Ovicidal Control:		
Cotton bollworm and tobacco		
budworm		
Grasshopper	2.0 - 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	3.2	0.050
Cotton leafminer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Soybean looper	1	
Yellowstriped armyworm		•
Pest Suppressed		
Whitefly (adult)	3.2	0.050
Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 d	ay.	

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 3-day interval: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces/A (0.500 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 10

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground, 2.0 GPA - aerial application.

Cotton cont'd .:

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 gt aerial application.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label. Do not graze treated fields.

Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season.

GRASSES**

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre	
Armyworms	1.6-1.9	0.025-0.03	
lotes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) for hay: 7 days.			

Pre-grazing Interval for forage: 0 days

Maximum Cyflu allowed per hay cutting: 1.9 fluid ounces/A (0.030 lbs Al/Acre). Maximum Cyflu allowed per 28 days for forage: 1.9 fluid ounces/A (0.030 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications per year: 1 Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground, 2.0 GPA - aerial application. See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. **Use permitted in CA, ID, OR, and WA only.

PEANUI		
Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Cutworms	1.0-1.8	0.016-0.028
Green cloverworm		
Potato leafhopper		
Rednecked peanutworm		
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1.8-2.4	0.028-0.038
Bean leaf beetle		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Grasshoppers		
Japanese beetle (adult)	•	
June beetle (adult)		
Stink bugs		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Vegetable weevil		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.4-2.8	0.038-0.044
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	·	
Whitefringed beetle (adult)		
Pests Suppressed		
Soybean looper	2.8	0.044
Thrips		
Whitefly (adult)		

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days (minimum time between final application and threshing for seed).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 10 day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 8.4 fluid ounces/A (0.131 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 3

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 - aerial application. Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A aerial application.

See CHEMIGATION statement elsewhere on this label.

SORGHUM

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Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Cutworms	1.0 - 1.3	0.016 - 0.020
Sorghum midge		
Armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1.3 - 2.8	0.020 - 0.044
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Black wooly bear -		
European corn borer*		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
False chinch bug		
Flea beetle		
Sorghum headworm (corn earworm)		
Sorghum webworm		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Southwestern corn borer*		
Stalk borer*		
Stink bugs		
Webworms		
Yellowstriped armyworm (1st and 2nd		
instar)		l
Chinch bug	2.0 - 2.8	0.038 - 0.044
Grasshoppers		1

Sugarcane rootstock weevil Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days.

If more than 5.6 fluid ounces/Acre is applied, allow at least 14 days between last application and grazing

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 10-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 8.4 fluid ounces/A (0.131 lbs Al/Acre). Maximum number of applications: 6

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 - aerial application.

Sorghum cont'd .:

Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0qt/A aerial application.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. *Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

SOYBEAN

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.8-1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Potato leafhopper		
Thrips		
Green cloverworm	·	
Armyworm	1.6 - 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Bean leaf beetle		
Bean leaf webber	}	
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Blister beetle		
Cabbage looper		
Click beetle (adult)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)	-	
Cucumber beetle		
European corn borer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Japanese beetle (adult)		
June beetle (adult)		
Lygus bug		
Masked chafer (adult)		
Mexican bean beetle	1	
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Silverspotted skipper		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Tobacco budworm*		
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Webworm		
Woolybear caterpillar		
Yellowstriped armyworm		
Grasshoppers	2.0 - 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Soybean aphid	L	
Pests Suppressed		
Lesser cornstalk borer	2.8	0.044
Sovhean Jooper*	[

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) or feeding of dry vines: 45 days. Green forage may be fed 15 days after last application.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid ounces/A (0.175 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications per season: 4 Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground, 2.0 GPA - aerial application. Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A aerial application.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

SUGARCANE	<u> </u>	
Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Sugarcane borer*	2.1	0.033
Rice stalk borer*	2.8	0.044
Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1	5 days	

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs

Al/Acre). Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 16.8 fluid ounces/A (0.263 lbs

Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 6. Minimum application volume (water): 20.0 GPA – ground; 2.0 - GPA aerial application. Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 gt/A aerial application.

Do not apply if soil is saturated with water.

Do not apply when under conditions that favor runoff.

Do not apply in the rain.

Application must be made prior to the larva boring into the plant.

SUNFLO	NER	
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SUNFLOWER		
Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Sunflower beetle		
Sunflower stern weevil (adult)	1.6 - 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Banded sunflower moth	2.0 - 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Grasshoppers		
Stink bugs		
Sunflower bud moth		
Sunflower headclipping weevil		
Sunflower midge		
Sunflower moth		•
Sunflower seed weevil		

Sunflower cont'd. Pests Controlled Rate fluid ounces/Acre Rate lbs A Palestripped flea beetle 2.8 0.044

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) and Pre-grazing or Foraging interval: 30 days. Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 8.4 fluid ounces/A (0.131 lbs. Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 6

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 - aerial application (DO NOT apply ULV).

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label.

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Army cutworm	1.0-1.8	0.016-0.028
Cereal leaf beetle		
Cutworms		
Armyworm	1.8-2.4	0.028-0.038
Bird cherry-oat aphid*		
English grain aphid*		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Flea beetles	•	
Grasshoppers		
Grass sawfly		
Pale western cutworm		
Russian wheat aphid*		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		
Yellowstriped armyworm		
Chinch bug	2.4	0.038

Notes: Pre-grazing or Foraging Interval: 7 days. Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days. Maximum Cyflu allowed per 3-day interval: 2.4 fluid ounces/A (0.038 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 4.8 fluid ounces/A (0.076 lbs Al/Acre) Maximum number of applications: 2

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 GPA - aerial application. Minimum ULV application volume (cotton seed/vegetable oil); 1.0 qt/A -

aerial application. See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label.

For best control, applications must be made prior to insects damaging the plants. Use the higher rate range and increased water volume for applications occurring after plant damage has taken place or following booting in order to receive better coverage. Once damage occurs or plant growth stage reaches booting, control may be limited to suppression only.

VEGETABLE CROPS

Recommended Applications - Cyflu

For all crops, apply specific dosage of Cyflu at early threshold for target pest, as population begins to develop. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those nests

Application timing should be based on local economic thresholds. Cyflu may be applied before, during, or after planting. Use the higher rates for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Lower rates are generally adequate for low to moderate insect pressure but require careful scouting and may require more frequent application.

Cyflu is an Emulsifiable Concentrate formulation and is active by contact and ingestion. Thorough coverage is necessary for optimum performance.

See application recommendations at the beginning of each section: FIELD CROPS, VEGETABLE CROPS; TREE AND VINE CROPS.

COLE CROPS

includes all members of Crop Subgroup 5A such as, but not limited to: Broccoli, Chinese (gai lon) broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard (gai choy) cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccoli, Kohlrabi, Mustard greens and Turnip greens

	<u> </u>
Cutworms 0.8 - 1.6 0.013 - 0.025	
Potato leafhopper	
Thrips	
Alfalfa looper 1.6 - 2.4 0.025 - 0.038	
Cabbage looper	
Cabbage webworm	
Imported cabbageworm	
Southern cabbageworm	
Armyworm 2.4 - 3.2 0.038 - 0.050	
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	
Cabbage flea beetle	
Corn earworm	
Diamondback moth (larvae)*	
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	
Grasshoppers	
Japanese beetle (adult)	
Lygus bug	
Meadow spittlebug	
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd	
Ctink hugo	
Sunk buys	

Cole Crops cont'd.:

Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 5A such as, but not limited to: Broccoli, Chinese (gai Ion) broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard (gal choy) cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccoli, Kohirabi, Mustard greens and Turnip Greens.

Pests Suppressed	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Vegetable weevil (adult)	2.4 - 3.2	0.038 - 0.050
Yellowstriped armyworm		
Whitefly (adult)	3.2	0.050

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day. Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs

Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid ounces/A (0.200 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 4.

Minimum application volume (water): 10 GPA - ground, 5 GPA - aerial application. Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to cole crops grown for seed

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

CUCURBITS (except crops grown for seed) Includes all members of Crop Group 9 such as, but not limited to: Balsam apple, Balsam pear, Bitter melon, Chayote, Chinese ucumber, Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourd (includes: hvotan, cucuzza, henchmia and Chinese okra), Muskmelon (includes: cantaloupe, true cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, and snake melon), Pumpkin, Summer squash (includes: crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, and zucchini) Watermelon, Winter squash (includes: butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acorn squash and spaghetti squash)

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.8-1.6	0.013-0.025
Potato leafhopper		
Armyworm	1.6-2.4	0.025-0.038
Cabbage looper		
Corn earworm		
Grasshoppers		
Melonworm		
Pickleworm		
Rindworm		•
Stink bugs		
Cucumber beetle	2.4-2.8	0.038-0.044
Lygus bug		
Stripped cucumber beetle		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Tobacco budworm		
Pest Suppressed		
Whitefly (adult)	2.8	0.044

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs. Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 11.2 fluid ounces/A (0.175 lbs. Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 4

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 GPA - aerial application. See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. *See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere in this label.

FRUITING VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Group 8 such as, but not limited to: Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper (includes: bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, and Tomato

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Celery leaftier	1.6 - 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Colorado potato beetle*		1
European corn borer		
Garden webworm		
Potato aphid-		
Potato leafhopper		
Stink bugs		1
Tomato fruitworm (corn earworm)		
Tomato hornworm		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.1-2.8	0.033-0.044
Cabbage looper		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Thrips (except Thrips palmi)		
Tomato pinworm		
Variegated cutworm		0
Western yellowstriped armyworm		
(1st and 2nd instar)		
Flea beetles	2.8	0.044
Pests Suppressed		
Leafminers	2.8	0.044
Pepper weevil	1	
Whitefly (adult)		

Fruiting Vegetables con

Includes all members of Crop Group 8 such as, but not limited to: Eggplant Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper (includes: bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pep per, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, and Tomato Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) for tomato: 0 days. PHI for all other fruiting vegeta-

bles included in this section: 7 days.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs. Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 16.8 fluid ounces/A (0:263 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 6.

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 GPA - aerial application. See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label. *See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

LEAFY VEGETABLES

Includes all members of Crop Group 4 such as, but not limited to: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), Arugula (roquette), Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celtuce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), Corn salad, Cress (garden Chervil, Chrysammenum (edibe-leaved and garland), corrigination, cross (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Florence fennel, Lettuce (head and leaf), New Zealand spinach, Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and win-ter), Radicchio (red chicory), Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss chard, Vine spinach Peete Controlled Rate fluid ounces/Acre | Rate lbs Al/Acre

	Thate thate carlocorriere	TIGLE ING HENOID
Cutworms	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Potato leafhopper		
Thrips		
Alfalfa looper	1.6 - 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Cabbage looper		
Green cloverworm		
Imported cabbageworm		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	2.4 - 3.2	0.038 - 0.050
Corn earworm		
Diamondback moth (larvae)*		
European corn borer		
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Flea beetles	1	
Grasshoppers		
Japanese beetle (adult)	1	
Lygus bug		
Meadow spittlebug		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Stink bugs		·
Tarnished plant bug*		
Vegetable weevil (adult)		
Yellowstriped armyworm		<u>.</u>
Pest Suppressed		

Whitefuly (adult)

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day. Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs Al/Acre).

3.2

0.050

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid ounces/A (0.200 lbs AVAcre).

Maximum number of applications: 4

Minimum application volume (water): 10 GPA - ground, 5 GPA - aerial application. Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to lettuce grown for seed. See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

BEAN AND PEA. DRY

Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 6C such as, but not limited to: Adzuke bean, Blackeyed pea, Broad bean, Catjang, Chickpea, Cowpea. Crowder pea, Field bean, Field pea, Garbonzo bean, Guar, Kidney bean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Lima bean, Lupin (grain, sweet, white and white sweet), Moth bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Pigeon pea, Pinto bean, Rice bean, Tepary bean, Urd bean

(Southern pea included in separate section.)

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Potato leafhopper		
Cowpea curculio*	1.6 - 2.4	0.025 - 0.038
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Bean leaf beetle	2.4 - 3.2	0.038 - 0.050
Bean leaf webber		
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Blister Beetle		
Cabbage looper		
Corn earworm		1
Cucumber beetle		
European corn borer	1 :	1
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Grasshoppers		
Green cloverworm		
Japanese beetle (adult)		

Bean and Pea, Dry cont'd .:

Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 6C such as, but not limited to: Adzuke bean, Blackeyed pea, Broad bean, Catjang, Chickpea, Cowpea. Crowder pea, Field bean, Field pea, Garbonzo bean, Guar, Kldney bean, Lablab bean, Lentil, Lima bean, Lupin (grain, sweet, white and white sweet), Moth bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Pigeon pea, Pinto bean, Rice bean, Tepary bean, Urd bean

(Southern pea included in separate section.)

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Lygus bug	2.4 - 3.2	0.038 - 0.050
Mexican bean beetle		
Pea leaf weevil		•
Pea weevil		
Saltmarsh caterpillar		
Silverspotted skipper		
Soybean looper*		
Threecornered alfalfa hopper		
Tobacco budworm*	-	
Velvetbean caterpillar		
Webworm		
Woolybear caterpillar		
Yellowstriped armyworm		
Pest Suppressed		
Pea aphid	3.2	0.050

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days (minimum time between final application and threshing for seed).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 14-day interval: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 6.4 fluid ounces/A (0.100 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 4

Minimum application volume (water): **10.0 GPA – ground, 5.0 GPA – aerial application.** See CHEMIGATION statement in *Application Guidelines* section of this label.

Do not feed treated vines or hay to livestock.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

PEA, SOUTHERN		
Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Beet armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)	1.6 - 2.1	0.025 - 0.033
Fall armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		· ·
Corn earworm		
Cowpea curculio		
Grasshoppers		
Lygus bug		
Stink bugs		
Southern armyworm (1st and 2nd instar)		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Thrips	· ·	
Yellowstriped armyworm		·
Cutworms	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Potato leafhonner		

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 day.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 5-day interval: 2.1 fluid ounces/A (0.033 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 10.5 fluid ounces/A (0.165 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 5.

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA – ground, 2.0 GPA – aerial application. Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to southern peas grown for seed. See CHEMIGATION statement in *Application Guidelines* section of this label.

Do not feed treated vines or hay to livestock. Do not apply to cowpea or southern pea varieties grown for livestock feed.

*See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label.

POTATO, SWEET POTATO and other tuberous and corm vegetables: Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 1C such as, but not limited to: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Edible canna, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote root, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet potato, Tanier, True yam, Turmeric, Yam bean

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Cutworms	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Potato leafhopper		
Cabbage looper	1.6 - 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Colorado potato beetle*		
Eggplant flea beetle -		1 - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A -
European corn borer		
Potato flea beetle		
Potato psyllid		
Potato tuberworm		
Tarnished plant bug*		
Pest Suppressed		
Aphide	28	0.044

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day

POTATO, SWEET POTA ______. nd other tuberous and corm vegetables cont'd.: Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 1C such as, but not limited to: Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Edible canna, Cassava (bitter and sweet), Chayote root, Chufa, Dasheen, Ginger, Leren, Potato, Sweet potato, Tanier, True yam, Turmeric, Yam bean

If more than 5.6 fluid ounces/Acre is applied, allow at least 14 days between last application and grazing.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 5-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 16.8 fluid ounces/A (0.263 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 6.

Minimum application volume (water): **10.0 GPA – ground, 2.0 GPA – aerial application.** See CHEMIGATION statement in *Application Guidelines* section of this label *See INSECT RESISTANCE statement elsewhere on this label,

ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugarbeet)

Includes all members of Crop Subgroup 1B such as, but not limited to: Garden beet, Edible burdock, Carrot, Celeriac, Turnip-rooted chervil, Chicory, Ginseng, Horseradish, Turnip-rooted parsley, Parsnip, Radish, Oriental radish, Rutabaga, Salsify (black, Spanish and oyster plant), Skirret, Turnip

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Aster leafhopper	1.6-2.8	0.025-0.044
Cutworms		
Flea Beetle		
Potato leafhopper		
Carrot weevil	2.8	0.044

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 14.0 fluid ounces/A (0.220 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 5

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 GPA - aerial application Do not harvest radish tops (leaves) for human consumption.

Due to potential injury to bees, do not apply to any of the crops listed in this section grown for seed.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label.

SWEET CORN - Foliar Applications

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Black cutworm	0.8 - 1.6	0.013 - 0.025
Flea beetles		
Granulate cutworm		
Sandhill cutworm		
Armyworm	1,6 - 2.8	0.025 - 0.044
Bean leaf beetle		
Cereal leaf beetle		
Chinch bug		
Click beetle (adult)		
Corn earworm		
Corn rootworms (adult)		
Corn silk fly		
. European corn borer		1
Grape colaspis (adult)		
Japanese beetle (adult)		· ·
Leafhoppers		
Masked chafer (adult)	-	
Southern armyworm (1st and		
2nd instar)		•
Southern corn leaf beetle		
Southwestern corn borer		
Stalk borer]	
Stink bugs		
Webworm	1	
Western bean cutworm		
Yellowstriped armyworm		
(1st and 2nd instar)	· · ·	
Grasshoppers	2.0 - 2.8	0.031 - 0.044
Fail armworm (1st and 2nd instar)	28	0.044

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 2-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044) lbs Al/Acre). Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 28.0 fluid ounces/A (0.440 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 10.

Minimum application volume (water): 10.0 GPA - ground; 2.0 - aerial application. Minimum ULV application volume (once refined cotton seed/vegetable oil): 1.0 qt/A - aerial application.

See CHEMIGATION statement in Application Guidelines section of this label.

TREE and VINE CROPS

Recommended Applications - Cyflu

For tree and vine crops, application rates should be based on the Tree or Vine, Row-Volume/Density concept for either dilute or concentrate applications. For determining product required in concentrate applications, first determine amount of spray volume per acre necessary to spray-to-drip in a dilute application in a grove, yard, vineyard, or orchard. Based on this volume, calculate required formulation quantities per acre. Apply equivalent amount per acre for concentrated sprays. For orchard/vineyard airblast applications, do not spray above trees/vines and turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows.

Cvflu is an Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC) formulation and is active by contact and ingestion. Thorough coverage of foliage and fruit is necessary for optimum performance.

For all crops, apply specific dosage of Cyflu at early threshold for target pests, as population begins to develop. Degree of control or suppression of additional labeled pests will be determined, in part by the stage of pest development at application and infestation level of those pests.

Application timing should be based on local economic thresholds. Use the higher rates for moderate to heavy insect pressure. Lower rates are generally adequate for low to moderate insect pressure but require careful scouting and may require more frequent application.

See application recommendations at the beginning of each section: FIELD CROPS; VEGETABLE CROPS; TREE and VINE CROPS.

CITRUS (California and Arizona, Only)

Includes all members of Crop Group 10 such as, but not limited to:

Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chiron)a, tangelo, and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat. Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sweet and sour), Pummelo, Satsuma mandarin, Tangelo, White sapote, and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

Pests Controlled	fluid ounce/Acre	Rate lbs. Al/Acre
Glassywinged sharpshooter	1.6 - 3.2	0.025-0.050
Foliar feeding cutworms	2.4 - 3.2	0.038-0.050
Fuller rose beetle (larvae and adults on foliage)	,	
Grasshoppers	,	
Root-weevil complex (larvae and adults on foliage)		
Citrus thrips	6.4	0.10
Katydid	· ·	

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 day.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 7-day interval: 6.4 fluid ounces/A (0.10 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 6.4 fluid ounces/A (0.10 lbs Al/Acre).

Maximum number of applications: 4 (at low rate)

Minimum application volume (water): 25 GPA - ground, 25 GPA - aerial application. Maximum use rate is based on canopy size requiring 250 gallons per acre, if sprayed to drip.

GRAPE

Includes: Table grape, Raisin, Wine and Muscadine grape

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Glassywinged sharpshooter	1.6 - 3.2	0.025-0.050
Grape leaf skeletonizer		
Western grape skeletonizer		
Climbing cutworm	2.4-3.2	0.038-0.050
Grape berry moth		
Grape bud beetle		
Grape cane galimaker (adult)		
Grape flea beetle		
Grape leaffolder		
Grape leafhopper		
Grape leafroller		
Grape mealybug (crawlers)		
Omnivorous leafroller		
Orange tortrix		
Thrips		
Variegated leafhopper	-	
Netes Dro Henroet Intoniol (DUI) 2 de		

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 14-day interval: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 12.8 fluid ounces/A (0.200 lbs. Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 4

Minimum application volume (water): 50 GPA - ground; 25 GPA - aerial application. Maximum use rate is based on canopy size requiring 250 gallons per acre, if sprayed to drip.

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Hop aphid	3.2	0.050
Hop flea beetle		
Hop looper		1
Hop plant bug	•	
ALL LOC DULL and and later of (DULL), W	مد ده اه	

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days Maximum Cyflu allowed per 14-day interval: 3.2 fluid ounces/A (0.050 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 16.0 fluid ounces/A (0.250 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 5

Minimum application volume (water): 25 GPA - ground; 25 GPA - aerial application.

POME FRUIT

Includes all members of Crop Group 11 such as, but not limited to: Apr Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear, Oriental pear, Quince

Pests Controlled	Hate fluid ounces/Acre	Hate IDS AVACIE
Green fruitworm	1.4-2.0	0.022-0.031
Potato leafhopper		
White apple leafhopper		
Codling moth	2.0-2.4	0.031-0.038
Oriental fruit moth		
Spotted tentiform leafminer		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug		
Western tentiform leafminer		
Apple leafroller	2.4-2.8	0.038-0.044
Apple maggot		
Ermine moth		:
European apple sawfly		
Lesser appleworm		
Obliquebanded leafroller		
Pandemis leafroller		
Pear sawfly (larvae = pear slug)		
Periodical cicada		
Plum curculio		
Redbanded leafroller		
San Jose scale (crawlers)		
Tufted apple bud moth		
Manhamatan Instrallar		I

Variegated leafroller Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 14-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs. Al/Acre)

Maximum number of applications: 2 (at low rate)

Minimum application volume (water): 100 GPA - ground application; 25 GPA - aerial application.

Maximum use rate is based on canopy size requiring 400 gallons per acre, if sprayed to drip.

STONE FRUIT

Includes all members of Crop Group 12 such as, but not limited to: Apricot, Cherry (sweet and tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (includes Chickasaw plum, Damson plum, and Japanese plum), Plumcot, Prune

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Green fruitworm	1.4-2.0	0.022-0.031
Lesser peach tree borer		
White apple leafhopper	<u>.</u>	
Codling moth	2.0-2.4	0.031-0.038
Lygus bug		
Oriental fruit moth		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug	· .	
American plum borer	2.4-2.8	0.038-0.044
Black cherry aphid		
Cherry fruit fly		
Obliquebanded leafroller		
Omnivorous leafroller	,	
Peach twig borer		
Periodical cicada		
Plum curcutio	1	•
Redbanded leafroller		
Western cherry fruit fly		

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days.

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 14-day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 5.6 fluid ounces/A (0.088 lbs

Maximum number of applications: 4 (at low rate)

Minimum application volume (water): 50 GPA - ground application; 25 GPA - aerial application

Maximum use rate is based on carropy size requiring 250 gallons per acre, if sprayed to drip.

TREE NUT CROPS

Includes all members of Crop Group 14 such as, but not limited to: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black and English)

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate Ibs Al/Acre
Potato leafhopper	1.4-2.0	0.022-0.031
White apple leafhopper		·
Ants (on foliage)	2.0-2.4	0.031-0.038
Codling moth		
Common earwig		1
Filbertworm		
Leaffooted bug		
Navel orangeworm		
Pecan nut casebearer		
Pecan weevil		
Stink bugs		
Tarnished plant bug	•	· ·
Twolined spittlebug		

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Al/Acre)

TREE NUT CROPS cont'd.:

Includes all members of Crop Group 14 such as, but not limited to: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert, Hickory nut, Macadamia nut, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (black and English)

Pests Controlled	Rate fluid ounces/Acre	Rate lbs Al/Acre
Hickory shuckworm	2.4-2.8	0.038-0.044
Obliquebanded leafroller		•
Peach twig borer		
Walnut husk fly	•	
Meteor Dro Honwoot Internet (DUII), 4/	Idaya	

Notes: Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days

Maximum Cyflu allowed per 14 day interval: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

Maximum Cyflu allowed per crop season: 2.8 fluid ounces/A (0.044 lbs Al/Acre)

AVACTO)

Maximum number of applications: 2 (at low rate)

Minimum application volume (water): 100 GPA - ground application; 25 GPA - aerial application.

Maximum use rate is based on canopy size requiring 500 gallons per acre, if sprayed to drip.

RATE CONVERSION CHART

FLUID OUNCES PER ACRE	LBS AI PER ACRE	ACRE PER GALLON
0.8	0.013	160
1.0	0.016	128
1.2	0.019	107
1.4	0.022	91
1.6	0.025	80
1.8	0.028	71
2.0	0.031	64
2.2	0.034	56
2.4	0.038	53
2.6	0.041	49
2.8	0.044	46
3.0	0.047	43
3.2	0.050	40
64	0.100	00

RATE CONVERSION CHART FOR TREE AND VINE APPLICATIONS FLUID FLUID OUNCES PER 100 GAL OF WATER

UUNCES							
PER ACRE	25 GPA	50 GPA	100 GPA	150 GPA	200 GPA	250 GPA	500 GPA
1.4	5.6	2.8	1.4	0.9	0.7	0.56	0.28
1.6	6.4	3.2	1.6	1.1	0.8	0.64	0.32
2.0	8.0	4.0	2.0	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.4
2.4	9.6	4.8	2.4	1.6	1.2	1.0	0.5
2.8	11.2	5.6	2.8	1.9	1.4	1.1	0.6
3.2	12.8	6.4	3.2	2.1	1.6	1.3	0.65
6.4	25.6	12.8	6.4	4.3	3.2	2.6	1.3

CROP ROTATION STATEMENT

Treated areas may be replanted with any crop as soon as practical after last application.

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