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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

# OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

AUG 14 2008

Ms. Kristie Raymond Loveland Products Inc. P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, Colorado 80632-1286

Dear Ms. Raymond:

Subject:

Mad Dog Plus

Label Amendment – PR 2007-4 EPA Registration No. 34704-890 Submission Dated: April 23, 2008

The labeling referred to above, submitted in accordance with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide act, as amended is acceptable.

Submit 1 (one) copy of your final printed labeling before you release your product. A stamped copy of your label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

Vuhick Wallers for Jim Tompkins Product Manager (25)

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)



## ACCEPTED

AUG 1 4 2008

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 37707-890

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT**

\*Glyphosate, N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine, in the form

pounds per U.S. gallon of the acid, glyphosate.

 of its isopropylamine salt
 41.0%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 59.0%

 TOTAL
 100.0%

\*Contains 480 grams per liter or 4 pounds per U.S. gallon of the active ingredient, glyphosate, in the form of its isopropylamine salt. Equivalent to 356 grams per liter or 3

Licensed for Roundup Ready® soybeans, cotton, corn, and canola.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

#### **FIRST AID**

If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.     Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-800-301-7976.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-890

EPA EST. NO. 34704-MS-1

NET CONTENTS 1 GAL. (3.78 L)

110106 V5D 04O08

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful If absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary, gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist more than 24 hours.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

DO NOT MIX, STORE, OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SOLUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS. This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. Read the "CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" statement at the end of the label before buying or using. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

#### **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow working entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: Coveralls, chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, shoes plus socks.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on tarms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Product Description: This product is a postemergent, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water-soluble liquid. No additional surfactants, additives containing surfactant, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents are needed or recommended. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and through mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to this product. Ammonium sulfate may be used. See the MIXING section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: This product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant which advances to complete browning of aboveground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the annual, perennial, woody brush and trees rate tables for recommendations for specific weeds.

Always use the higher rate of this product per acre within the recommended range when weed growth is heavy or dense or weeds are growing in an undisturbed (noncultivated)

Do not treat weeds under poor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or insect damage, as reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the recommended stage for treatment.

#### INFORMATION ON WEED RESISTANCE

Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 9 herbicide. Target site resistance to Group 9 herbicides is rare. Although rare in occurrence, any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 9 herbicides. Weed species resistant to Group 9 herbicides may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide from a different Group or using other cultural practices.

Weed resistance management recommendations for Group 9 herbicides are:

- Ensure optimum weed control by making applications at the right time (correct weed size) and utilizing the recommended label rate for the most difficult to control weed in
- Base decisions on local needs and use the tool(s) necessary to obtain optimum weed control and minimize weeds escapes.
- · Avoid tank-mixtures that reduce this product's efficacy (through antagonism) or which encourage rates of this product below the label recommendations.
- Scout treated weed populations for escapes 2-4 weeks after application.
- Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product on a particular weed to the local retailer, county extension agent, or Loveland Products, Inc.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash this product off of the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme found only in plants that is essential to formation of specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or root stocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Tank Mixing: This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program. Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each prod-

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly recommended in this label. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not recommended on this label may result in reduced performance.

Annual Maximum Use Hate: Except as otherwise specified in a crop sect label, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 8 quarts of this product p acre per vear.

For noncrop uses, the combined total of all treatments must not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

#### **ATTENTION**

AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, BECAUSE SEVERE INJURY OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants, or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteoincleases, when write direction is constantly critically or when there are one interest relogical conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

#### MIXING

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with

NOTE: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED. SUCH AS VISIBLY MUDDY WATER OR WATER FROM PONDS AND DITCHES THAT IS NOT CLEAR.

#### Mixing with Water

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows: Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well. Use caution to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

#### Tank Mixture Procedure

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

Mix labeled tank mixtures of this product with water as follows:

- 1. Place a 20 to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.

  If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier, and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.

  If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add
- diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 5. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 6. Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 7. Add individual formulations to the spray tank as follows: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance.

Refer to the "Tank Mixing" section of "GENERAL INFORMATION" for additional precautions.

#### Mixing for Hand-held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Desired			Amount of !	Vlad Dog® P	lus	
Volume	1/2%	1	11/2%	2%	5%	10%
1 Gal	2/3 OZ	11/3 OZ	2 oz	2 <sup>2</sup> /3 OZ	6½ oz	13 oz
25 Gal	1 pt	1qt	1½ qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 qt
100 Gal_	2 qt	1 gal	1½ gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gai

2 tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

## MAD DOG PLUS

For use in knapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

#### **Ammonium Sulfate**

The addition of 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

NOTE: When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates recommended in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

#### Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### **Drift Control Additives**

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and CDA equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and other information appearing on the additive label

#### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment:

Aerial - Fixed Wing and Helicopter

**Ground Broadcast Spray** – Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held and High-Volume Spray Equipment – Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers\*, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage.

\*This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment – Recirculating sprayers, shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems - Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) – Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators which produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES.

#### **AERIAL SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT**

Spray Drift Management

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed % the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the <u>Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory</u>.

#### **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory**

(This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements)

#### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

#### Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume
- Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designated for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

#### Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than % of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **Application Height**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### **Swath Adjustment**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

#### Aerial Equipment

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIPMENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL. This product plus Banver® or 2,4-D tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not exceed 1 quart per acre. Aerial applications of this product may be made in annual cropping conventional tillage systems. Fallow and reduced tillage systems and preharvest applications. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes and application rates.

Avoid direct application to any body of water.

AVOID DRIFT - DO NOT APPLY DURING LOW-LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SURFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FAILURE OF THE PART. LANDING GEAR ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

#### Arkansas Only:

AVOID DRIFT. DO NOT APPLY INTO STILL AIR WHERE THERE IS A TEMPERATURE INVERSION LAYER LOW ENOUGH FOR FINE SPRAY PARTICLES TO BECOME SUSPENDED AND MOVE OUTSIDE THE TARGET AREA WHEN THE INVERSION LAYER MOVES. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION THAT FAVORS DRIFT. DRIFT IS LIKELY TO CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION. APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

Use the recommended rate of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre. Use sufficient carrier volume and appropriate equipment set-up to form droplets large enough to avoid drift potential. Coarse droplets in the 300 to 500 (VMD) micron range are recommended.

Applications should typically be made with the nozzle release point at 8 to 15 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75% of the length of the wingspan or rotor. In many cases, reducing the distance to 65% of the length of the wingspan or rotor will improve drift control without affecting the swath width.

Nozzles must always discharge backward parallel with the air stream and never discharge downwards more than 45 degrees on fixed wing aircraft or forward of the prevailing airflow on rotary winged aircraft. Avoid the use of nozzles with wide-angle discharge.

Do not apply this product when wind speeds are in excess of 10 miles per hour.

Do not apply this product when there is a low-level inversion where fine spray particles could be suspended in still air and move outside the target area when the inversion layer moves. These conditions may occur when wind speeds are less than 2 mph.

Use the following guidelines when applications are made near crops or other desirable vegetation:

- 1. Do not apply within 100 feet of any desirable vegetation or crops.
- 2. If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crops, do not apply within 500 feed upwind of the desirable vegetation or crops.
- 3. Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crops will likely require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.

#### Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and Tennessee Only:

This product controls annual and perennial weeds listed on this label prior to planting or emergence of corn, cotton, rice, sorghum and soybeans; prior to the harvest of cotton and soybeans; and following the harvest of any crop in the fall via aerial applications in these locations.

Aerial applications of this product may be made in fallow systems and conventional, reduced and zero tiliage systems. For applications via aerial equipment, use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Do not exceed a rate of 3 quarts per acre.

The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser velocities, will allow spray drift to occur.

#### **Ground Broadcast Equipment**

Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

#### Hand-Heid and High-Volume Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray-to-wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only.

For control of weeds listed in the annual weeds rate tables, apply a 0.5 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seed-head formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds. For annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or unless otherwise specified, use a 1 percent solution.

For best results, use a 2 percent solution on harder-to-control perennials, such as bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

When using application methods which result in less than complete coverage, use a 5 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 5 to 10 percent solution for woody brush and trees.

#### Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating spray systems, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars after dilution and thorough mixing with water to listed weeds growing in any noncrop site specified on this label and only when specifically recommended in cropping systems.

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above desirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse.

A shielded or hooded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide.

A wiper or sponge applicator applies the herbicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weed with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution.

#### AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION

Contact of the herbicide with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desirable vegetation should be adjusted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. In these instances, repeat treatment may be necessary.

#### Shielded and hooded applicators

Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISE TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

#### Wiper applicators and sponge bars

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed.

Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at ground speeds no greater than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if 2 applications are made in opposite directions.

Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds: Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1 - day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution.

For Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators – Mix 1 gallon of this product in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33 percent solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this section.

For Porous-Plastic Applicators – Solutions ranging from 33 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used in porous-plastic wiper applicators.

When applied as recommended, this product CONTROLS the following weeds:

Corn, volunteer Sicklepod
Panicum, Texas Spanishneedles
Rye, common Starbur, bristly

Shattercane

When applied as recommended, this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

When applied as recommended, this product SUPI
Beggarweed, Florida Ragweed, common
Bermudagrass Ragweed, giant
Dogbane, hemp Smutgrass
Dogfennel Sunflower
Guineagrass Thistle, musk
Milkweed Vaseygrass
Nightshade, silverleaf Velvetleaf

Pigweed, redroot

#### Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

#### **CDA Equipment**

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA Equipment must not be less than the amount recommended in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (1 quart per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 40 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 4 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern which is not easily visible. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

### **CROPS** (Alphabetical)

This section is organized alphabetically by crop category. There may be several labeled crops listed in a crop category.

Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Also refer to the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section.

For any crop not listed in this "CROPS" section, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting.

For broadcast postemergent treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application, unless otherwise specified.

When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, residues may be removed from the plastic by 0.5 inches of water via sprinkler irrigation or natural rainfall.

The maximum use rates stated throughout this product's labeling apply to this product combined with the use of all other herbicides containing glyphosate or sulfosate as the active ingredients, whether applied as mixtures or separately. Calculate application rates and ensure that the **total use** of this and other glyphosate or sulfosate containing products does not exceed stated maximum use rate.

#### ALFALFA, CLOVER, AND OTHER FORAGE LEGUMES

Labeled Crops: Alfalfa, clover, kudzu, lespedeza, lupin, sainfoin, trefoil, velvet bean, vetch, crown vetch, milk vetch

Types of Applications: Dormant, preplant, preemergence, at-planting, spot treatment, wiper applicators, renovation, preharvest

#### Dormant (Alfalfa only)

Use Instructions: This product will control or suppress many weeds including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass in dormant alfalfa. Apply 8 to 12 ounces per acre of this product. Apply in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Applications should be made after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. Applications made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa will cause growth reduction and reduced crop yield.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with Mad Dog Plus. Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated. Do not make more than one application per year. Allow 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting. Slight discoloration of the alfalfa may occur, but the alfalfa will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off. Application of this product can cause crop injury. Any crop injury is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

### Preplant, Preemergence, and At-planting

Use Instructions: This product may be applied before, during or after planting alfalfa and clover. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### Preharvest (Alfalfa only)

Use Instructions: This product may be used in declining alfalfa stands or any stand of alfalfa where crop destruction is acceptable. This application will severely injure or destroy the stand of alfalfa. This product will control annual and perennial weeds including quackgrass, when applied prior to the harvest of alfalfa. The treated crop and weeds can be harvested and fed to livestock after 36 hours. Allow a minimum of 36 hours between application and harvest. Use up to 1 quart of this product per acre. Applications may be made at any time of the year. Make only one application to an existing stand of alfalfa per year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Treatments for quackgrass must be followed by deep tillage for complete control.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre as a preharvest treatment. Do not use for alfalfa grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

#### Spot treatment or Wiper applications (Alfalfa and Clover only)

Use Instructions: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in alfalfa or clover. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### Renovation

Use Instructions: This product may be applied as a broadcast spray to existing stands of alfalfa, clover, and other labeled forage legumes. Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area.

Precautions, Restrictions: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### **ASPARAGUS**

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, spot treatment, postharvest

#### Preplant, Preemergence

Use Instructions: This product may be applied prior to emergence of asparagus.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not apply within a week before the first spears emerge.

#### Spot Treatment

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. Do not harvest within 5 days of treatment.

#### Postharvest

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Delayed treatments should be applied as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears.

Precautions, Restrictions: Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury. Select and use recommended types of spray equipment for postemergence postharvest applications. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop.

#### **CEREAL CROPS**

Labeled Crops: Barley, Buckwheat, Millet (Pearl, Proso), Oats, Rice, Teosinte, Triticale, Wheat (All), Wild rice.

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, spot treatment (except rice), post-harvest, preharvest (wheat only), wiper applicators (wheat only)

Do not treat rice fields or levees when the field contains floodwater.

#### Preplant, Preemergence and At-planting

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied before, during, or after planting of cereal crops. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

#### Spot treatment (except rice)

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Postharvest

Use Instructions: This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures of 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop. Do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application.

#### Preharvest (wheat only)

**Use Instructions:** This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of wheat. Apply after the hard-dough stage of grain (30% or less grain moisture) and at least 7 days prior to harvest. Wheat stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

The product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre. Do not apply to wheat grown for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

#### Wiper applications (wheat only)

**Use Instructions:** Wiper applications may be used in wheat. To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth, when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat crop.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Allow at least 35 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators.

## For nonselective control of listed annual weeds in small grain cropping systems (South Dakota only)

Use Instructions: For ground applications, use 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, use 2 to 3 gallons of water per acre.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour or when other conditions, including lesser wind velocities, will allow spray drift to occur. Adjust boom height on ground equipment to prevent streaked, overlapped or uneven applications. Avoid

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spraying when weeds are subject to moisture stress, when dust is on foliage, or when straw canopy covers the weeds.

Red Rice Control Prior To Planting Rice (Texas only)

Use Instructions: Apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Make application when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may only be par-

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions, as reduced control may result. DO NOT TREAT RICE FIELDS OR LEVEES WHEN THE FIELDS CONTAIN FLOOD WATER. DO NOT RE-FLOOD TREATED FIELDS FOR 8 DAYS FOLLOWING APPLICATION.

#### **CHRISTMAS TREES**

Types of Applications: Post-directed, spot-treatment, site preparation

Post-directed. Spot treatment

Use Instructions: This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established Christmas trees.

Precautions, Restrictions: Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material. THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROAD-CAST SPRAY IN CHRISTMAS TREES. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees.

Use Instructions: This product may be used prior to planting Christmas trees.

Precautions, Restrictions: Precautions should be taken to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

#### **CITRUS CROPS**

Labeled Crops: Calamondin, Chironja, Citron, Citrus Hybrids, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (All), Pummelo, Tangelo, Tangor

Types of Applications: General weed control, middles (between rows of trees), strips (in row of trees), selective equipment,

NOTE: FOR GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS, SEE THE "TREE, NUT AND VINE (GEN-ERAL)" SECTION. THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS ARE SPECIFIC TO CITRUS

Florida and Texas only: For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 2 to 3 quarts o this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 2 quarts per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 3 quarts per acre when plants are greater than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is greater than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar® I or Karmex® may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

#### Perennial weeds:

S=Suppression B=Burndown PC=Partial Control C=Control

Weed Species	Mad Dog Plus Rate Per Acre			
•	1 QT	2 QŤ	3 QT	5 QT
Bermudagrass	В	•=	PC	Ç
Guineagrass				
Texas and Florida Ridge	В	С	С	С
Florida Flatwoods	-	В	С	С
Paragrass	В	С	С	С
Torpedograss	· s	-	PC	С

Precautions, Restrictions: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest.

#### **CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP)**

Types of Applications: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), site preparation, dormant,

Rotating out of CRP, Site preparation

Use Instructions: This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production.

Use Instructions: This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces of the product per acre in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

Precautions, Restrictions: Some stunting of CRP perennial grasse broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.

Types of Corn: Field corn, seed corn, sweet corn and popcorn

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, spot treatment, hooded sprayers, preharvest, post-harvest

Preplant, Preemergence and At-planting

Use Instructions: This product may be applied before, during or after planting corn. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

The following tank mixtures may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

Apply these tank mixtures in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre. For Southern states, do not apply in nitrogen solutions to tough-to-control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass and any perennial weeds. See the map in the Annual Weeds section of this label for areas included in this recommendation.

ATRAZINE	EXTRAZINE®	LOROX®
BANVEL®	FRONTIER®	MARKSMAN®
BICEP®	GUARDSMAN®	MICRO-TECH®
BICEP® II	HARNESS®	PARTNER®
BLADEX®/CYANAZINE	HARNESS® XTRA	PROWL®
BROADSTRIKE®	HARNESS® XTRA 5.6L	SIMAZINE
BULLET®	LARIAT®	SURPASS®
DUAL®	LASSO®/ALACHLOR	SURPASS® 100
DUAL® II	LINEX® .	TOPNOTCH®

For improved burndown, this product may be tank mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba.

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

Annual weeds - For difficult-to-control weeds such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1 to 1.5 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

Precautions, Restrictions: Applications of 2,4-D or dicamba must be made at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

The tank mix recommendations in this section are not registered in California

#### Spot treatment

Use Instructions: For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside of target area for the same reason.

Use Instructions: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn (all), including field corn, sweet corn and popcorn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used

A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator. The spray pattern is completely enclosed on the top and all 4 sides by a hood, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. This equipment must be set up and operated in a manner that avoids bouncing or raising the hoods off the ground in any way. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground. Tractor speed must be adjusted to avoid bouncing of the spray hoods. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

When applying to corn that is grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray solution. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in deep furrows.

Follow these requirements:

- The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground.
- Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre per application.
   Corn must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending leaves
- · Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches.
- Maximum tractor speed: 5 mph
- · Maximum wind speed: 10 mph
- Use low-drift nozzies.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution may contact the crop and cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Precautions, Restrictions: Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator. Do not graze or feed corn forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers. Do not apply more than 3 quarts of this product per acre per year for hooded sprayer applications.

Use Instructions: Make applications at least 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 3 quarts of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 1 quart of this product per acre.

Precautions, Restrictions: It is not recommended that corn grown for seed be treated because a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest.

#### Post-harvest

Use Instructions: This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application.

#### COTTON

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, hooded sprayer selective equipment, spot treatment, preharvest

#### Preplant, Preemergence, and At-planting

Use Instructions: This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

#### Hooded sprayer, Selective Equipment

Use Instructions: This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper application in cotton. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

Precautions, Restrictions: See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Use Instructions: For spot treatments apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Preharvest

Use Instructions: This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product per acre for cotton regrowth inhibition. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of cotton.

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

This product may be tank mixed with DEF® 6, Folex®, or Prep™ to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not feed or graze treated cotton forage or hay following preharvest applications. DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN 1 QUART OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE BY AIR. Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre by ground. Do not apply to cotton growth for seed, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

#### **FALLOW SYSTEMS**

Types of Applications: Chemical fallow, preplant fallow beds, aid-to-tillage.

Use Instructions: This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, application must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used.

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT APPLY BANVEL® OR 2.4-D TANK MIX-TURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and caution ments of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if Banvel® is applied within 45 days of planting.

#### Preplant fallow beds

Use Instructions: This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in annual, perennial and woody brush tables.

In addition, 12 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 oz of Goal® 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with maximum height or length indicated: 3" – common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6" – London rocket, sheperdspurse.

16 fluid ounces of this product plus 2 to 3 oz of Goal® 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6" - common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (Conyza canadensis), 12" - chickweed, London rocket, sheperd-

#### Ald-to-tillage

Use Instructions: This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or prepiant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least 1 day after application before tillage.

Precautions, Restrictions: Tank mixtures with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

#### **GRAIN SORGHUM (MILO)**

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, spot treatment, wiper applicators, preharvest and post-harvest

Preplant, Preemergence, At-planting Use Instructions: This product may be applied before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

#### Spot treatment and Wiper applications

Use Instructions: This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under "WIPER APPLICATORS" in the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" section of this label.

Precautions, Restrictions: For spot treatment, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside of target area for the same reason.

For wiper applicators, allow at least 40 days between application and harvest. Do not use roller applicators. Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder. Do not ensile treated vegetation.

#### Preharvest

Use Instructions: Make applications at 30% grain moisture or less.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not apply more than 2 quarts of this product per acre. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of sorghum. It is not recommended that sorghum grown for seed be treated, as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur. The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (milo) is not registered in California.

Use Instructions: This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds which were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (mile) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 1 quart of this product per acre for control, or 1.5 pints of this product per acre for suppression.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application.

#### **GRASS SEED PRODUCTION**

Types of Applications: Preplant, renovation, site preparation, shielded sprayer

#### Preplant, renovation, site preparation

Use Instructions: Applications may be made prior to planting or renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment. Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after applications to allow proper translocation into underground

Do not feed or graze treated areas for 8 weeks following application.

Shielded Sprayer (Idaho, Oregon, and Washing Only)

Use Instructions: When applied using shielded applicator equipment designed to prevent direct contact, movement of spray droplets, or mist onto desirable grasses grown for seed production, this product may be used to control labeled weeds. Use of low spray pressure through low pressure nozzles will minimize the potential of spray drift. Apply 1 to 3 quarts of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of total spray volume per acre. Uniform planting in straight rows aid in shielding sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

Precautions, Restrictions: Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

#### **HERBS**

Types of Herbs: Peppermint, spearmint

Use Instructions: This product may be used as a spot treatment in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spray-to-wet with hand-held equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray solution on to a limited area.

Precautions, Restrictions: Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest. Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals. No more than one-tenth of any acre should be treated at one time. The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason.

#### **PASTURES**

Types of Pastures: Bahiagrass, bermudagrass, bluegrass, brome, fescue, orchardgrass, ryegrass, timothy, wheatgrass, alfalfa and clover. In Hawaii, pastures include kikuyu grass, pangola grass, and guineagrass.

**Types of Applications:** Spot treatment, wiper applications, preplant, preemergence, pasture renovation.

Spot treatment and Wiper Application

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment or with wiper applicators in pastures. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

Precautions, Restrictions: For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled. No more than one-tenth of any acre should be treated at one time. Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 14 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Preplant, Preemergence and Pasture renovation

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses and legumes. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to re-planting.

Precautions, Restrictions: Remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.

#### **PEANUTS**

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting peanuts. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop.

#### SMALL FRUITS AND BERRIES

Labeled Crops: Blackberry, Blueberry, Boysenberry, Cranberry, Currant, Dewberry, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Loganberry, Olallieberry, Raspberry (Black, Red), Youngberry

**Types of Applications:** Preplant, preemergence, directed spray (except cranberry), wiper application

Use Instructions: This product may be applied as a preplant or preemergence broadcast application or as a wiper application for crops listed in this section. Directed sprays may be applied to any crop except cranberries. For wick or wiper applicators, mix 1 gallon of this product in 4 gallons of water to prepare a 20 percent solution. In severe infestations, reduce equipment ground speed to ensure that adequate amounts of this product are wiped on the weeds. A second treatment in the opposite direction may be beneficial.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not permit heroicide solution to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes or foliage. Allow a minimum of 30 days between last application and harvest of cranberries. For other small fruits and berries, allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.

#### SOYBEANS

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, spot treatment, preharvest, selective equipment, hooded sprayers

Preplant, Preemergence and At-planting

Use Instructions: This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop.

The following tank mixtures may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue.

CANOPY®
COMMAND®
DUAL®
DUAL® II
FRONTIER®
FUSION®
GEMINI®

LASSO®VALACHLOR LINEX® LOROX®LINURON LOROX® PLUS MICRO-TECH® PARTNER® PREVIEW® PROWL®
PURSUIT®
PURSUIT® PLUS
SCEPTER®
SENCOR®/LEXONE®
SQUADRON®
TURBO®

For improved burndown, this product may be tank-mixed with 2,4-D or 2,4-DB. See the 2,4-D label for intervals between application and planting.

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

Annual weeds: For difficult-to-control weeds such as fall panicum, barryardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 2 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 1 to 1.5 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 2 to 3 pints when weeds are over 6 inches tall.

Precautions, Restrictions: The tank mix recommendations in this section are not registered in California.

#### Spot treatment

**Use Instructions:** For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested. The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

#### Preharvest

**Use Instructions:** This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. This product may be applied using either aerial or spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Apply after pods have set and lost all green color. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest of soybeans. Care should be taken to avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not graze or harvest treated crop for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application. DO NOT APPLY MORETHAN 6 QUARTS PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR PREHARVEST APPLICATIONS. DO NOT APPLY MORETHAN 1 QUART PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT BY AIR. Do not apply to soybeans grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

#### Selective equipment

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans. Allow at least 7 days between application and harvest.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** See the "SELECTIVE EQUIPMENT" part of the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

#### **SUGARCANE**

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, spot treatment, fallow, hooded sprayers

#### Preplant, Preemergence

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

#### Spot Treatment

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray to wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

Precautions, Restrictions: Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result. Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

#### **FALLOW TREATMENTS**

**Use Instructions:** This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ratoon cane. For removal of last stubble of ratoon cane, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

#### Hooded sprayers

Use Instructions: This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator. The spray pattern is completely enclosed on the top and all 4 sides by a hood, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution.

Minimize the potential for spray particles to escape from under the hood by operating the sprayer at appropriate ground speeds, nozzle pressures and wind speeds. Operation on rough or sloping ground may result in spray particles escaping from the hood.

When applying to sugarcane that is grown on raised beds, ensure that the hood is designed to completely enclose the spray. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hoods to reach the ground in furrows between the rows.

Equipment must be designed, maintained, and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting the crop. Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

#### **SUNFLOWERS**

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied before, during or after planting sunflowers. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Do not apply more than 1 quart of this product per acre for sunflowers. Make only one preplant or preemergent application per year. Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

The use of this product for sunflowers is not registered in California.

#### TREE, NUT AND VINE (GENERAL)

Types of Applications: General weed control, middles (between rows of trees), strips (in row of trees), selective equipment (except kiwi), perennial grass suppression.

NOTE: THIS SECTION GIVES GENERAL DIRECTIONS THAT APPLY TO ALL CITRUS CROPS, TREE FRUITS, TREE NUTS AND VINE CROPS. SEE THE INDIVIDUAL CROP SECTIONS FOR INSTRUCTIONS, PREHARVEST INTERVALS, PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS FOR SPECIFIC CROPS.

This product may be applied in middles, strips and for general weed control in established citrus groves, tree fruit and tree nut orchards, and vineyards. Apply at 1 pint to 5 quarts per acre. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 10.6 quarts per acre per year. This product may also be used for site preparation prior to transplanting these crops. Allow a minimum of 3 days between application and transplanting. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high-volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

#### Middles (between rows)

Use Instructions: This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and ground covers growing between rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been mowed prior to application.

A tank mixture of this product plus Goal® 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. This mixture is recommended when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. 16 to 32 oz/A of this product plus 3 to 12 oz/A of Goal® 2XL will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, hairy fleabane (Conyza bonariensis), common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, sheperdspurse, annual sowthistle, common cheeseweed (malva), filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail (Conyza canadensis), stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). 12 to 32 oz/A of this product plus 3 to 12 oz/A of Goal® 2XL will control common cheeseweed (malva) with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

#### Strips (in rows)

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops and may also be tank mixed with the following products.

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

DEVRINOL® 50 DF SIMAZINE 4L
DIREX® 4L SIMAZINE 90
GOAL® 2XL SIM-TROL™ 4L
KARMEX® DF SOLICAM® DF
KROVAR® I SULFLAN® AS
PROWL®

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico

Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Apply 1 pint to 5 quarts of this product per acre in these tank mixtures. Use rates at the higher end of the recommended rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are greater than 12 inches tall.

#### Perennial grass suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass and quackgrass that are grown as ground covers in trees and vine crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchard and quackgrass, apply 8 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product p acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season grass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product 3 to 4 days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. The application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

For burndown of bermudagrass, apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of bermudagrass, apply 6 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre, no sooner than 1 to 2 weeks after full green-up. If the bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, rates of 6 to 10 fluid ounces per acre should be used in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

#### Selective equipment

Shielded and wiper applicators may be used in tree crops and grapes. Refer to the individual crop sections for time interval between application and harvest.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS/RESTRICTIONS: For all uses in this section.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE SOLUTION, SPRAY, DRIFT OR MIST WITH FOLIAGE OR GREEN BARK OF TRUNK, BRANCHES, SUCKERS, FRUIT OR OTHER PARTS OF TREES AND VINES, CONTACT OF THIS PRODUCT WITH OTHER THAN MATURED BROWN BARK CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS CROP DAMAGE.

AVOID PAINTING CUT STUMPS WITH THIS PRODUCT AS INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT TREES.

#### TREE FRUITS

Labeled Crops: Apple, Apricot, Cherry (Sweet, Sour), Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Plum/Prune (All), Quince

Types of Applications: General weed control, middles (between rows of trees), strips (in row of trees), selective equipment.

NOTE: FOR GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS, SEE THE "TREE, NUT AND VINE (GENERAL)" SECTION. THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS ARE SPECIFIC TO TREE FRUITS.

#### Restrictions on application equipment

For cherries, any application equipment listed in this section may be used in all states.

For citron and olives, apply as post-directed spray only.

Any application equipment listed in this section may be used in apricots, nectarines, peaches and plums/prunes growing in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Washington, except for peaches grown in the states specified in the following paragraph. In all other states use wiper equipment only.

For PEACHES grown in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee only, apply with a shielded boom sprayer or shielded wiper applicator, which prevents any contact of this product with the foliage or bark of trees. Apply no less than 90 days after first bloom. Applications made after this time may result in severe damage. Remove suckers and low-hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees which have been planted in the orchard for 2 or more years. EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE NO PART OF THE PEACH TREE IS CONTACTED.

Precautions, Restrictions: Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest for apple, crabapple, loquat, mayhaw, pear, quince.

Allow a minimum of 17 days between last application and harvest for apricot, cherry, nectarine, olive, peach, plum/prune.

#### TREE NUTS

Labeled Crops: Almond, Beechnut, Brazil nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (Hazelnut), Hickory nut, Macadamia, Pecan, Pistachio, Walnut (Black, English)

Types of Applications: General weed control, middles (between rows of trees), strips (in row of trees), selective equipment.

NOTE: FOR GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS, SEE THE "TREE, NUT AND VINE (GENERAL)" SECTION. THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS ARE SPECIFIC TO TREE NUTS.

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Precautions, Restrictions: Allow a minimum of 3 days between last application and harvest of tree nuts.

#### TROPICAL CROPS

Labeled Crops: Atemoya, Avocado, Banana, Barbados Cherry (acerola), Breadfruit, Canistel, Carambola, Cherimoya, Cocoa beans, Coconuts, Coffee, Dates, Figs, Guava, Jaboticaba, Jackfruit, Longan, Lychee, Mango, Marmaladebox (genip), Papaya, Passion fruit, Persimmon, Pineapple, Plantain, Pomegranate, Sapodilla, Sapote (black, mamey, white), Soursop, Sugar apple, Tamarind, Tea.

**Use Instructions:** This product may be applied for general weed control or for site preparation prior to transplanting crops listed in this section. In coffee and banana, delay applications 3 months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established

Precautions, Restrictions: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest of acerola, atemoya, avocado, breadfruit, canistel, carambola, cherimoya, cocoa beans, coconuts, dates, figs, genip, jaboticaba, jackfruit, longan, lychee, mango, mayhaw, passion fruit, persimmon, pomegranate, sapodilla, sapote, soursop, sugar apple,

Allow a minimum of 28 days between last application and harvest of plantain and coffee.

Allow a minimum of 1 day between last application and harvest of banana, guava, and papaya.

For direct application to bananas (bananacide), remove fruit prior to treatment.

Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

#### **VEGETABLE CROPS**

Labeled Crops: Amaranth, Arrugula, Artichoke (Jerusalem), Beans (All), Beet greens, Garden beets, Broccoli (All), Cabbage (Chinese), Cantaloupe, Cardoon, Cavalo Broccolo, Carrot, Cauliflower, Casaba melon, Celery, Celery (Chinese), Celeriac, Celtuce, Chard (Swiss), Chayote, Chervil, Chick peas, Chicory, Chrysanthemum, Collards, Corn salad, Crenshaw melon, Cress, Cucumber, Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Eggplant, Endive, Fennel (Florence), Garlic, Gherkin, Ginseng, Gourds, Ground cherry, Guar, Honeydew melon, Honey ball melon, Horseradish, Kale, Kohlrabi, Leek, Lentils, Lettuce, Mango melon, Melons (All), Mizuna, Muskmelon, Mustard greens, Okra, Onion, Oriental radish, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas (All), Pepinos, Pepper (All), Persian Melon, Potato (Irish), Pumpkin, Purslane, Radish, Rape greens, Rhubarb, Rutabaga, Salsify, Shallot, Spinach, Squash (Summer, Winter), Sugar beets, Sweet potato, Tomatillo, Tomato, Turnip, Watercress, Watermelon, Yams.

Use Instructions: This product may be applied prior to the emergence of direct seeded vegetables or prior to transplanting vegetables.

Precautions, Restrictions: When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by 0.5 inch natural rainfall or by applying water via sprinkler system.

For the following crops only, apply prior to planting. Allow at least 3 days between application and planting of cantaloupe, casaba melon, crenshaw melon, cucumber, eggplant, garlic, gherkin, gourds, ground cherry, honeydew melon, honey ball melon, mango melon, melons (all), muskmelon, pepper (all), persian melon, pumpkin, squash (summer, winter), tomatillo, tomato, watercress, and watermelon.

Nonbearing Ginseng: This product may be used for general weed control in established nonbearing ginseng. Direct applications so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and high volume wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper application equipment. Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest. Extreme care must be exercised to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of desirable plants. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop

Wiper applicators may be used in rutabagas. Allow at least 14 days between application and harvest.

#### **VINE CROPS**

Labeled Crops: Grapes (raisin, table, wine), Kiwi fruit

Types of Applications: General weed control, middles (between rows), strips (in row), selective equipment.

NOTE: FOR GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS, SEE THE "TREE, NUT AND VINE (GEN-ERAL)" SECTION. THE FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS ARE SPECIFIC TO VINE

Applications should not be made when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray

In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, applications must be made prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make application with shielded sprayers or wiper

Precautions, Restrictions: Allow a minimum of 14 days between last application and harvest.

#### **ROUNDUP READY® CROPS**

NOTE: USE OF THIS PRODUCT OVER "ROUNDUP READY" OR OTHER GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS MAY SUBJECT YOU TO THE RISK OF LOSS OF LICENSE RIGHTS TO PATENTED GLYPHOSATE TOLERANCE TECHNOLOGIES AND/OR LEGAL ACTION FOR INFRINGEMENT OF PATENTS TO GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT TECHNOLOGIES. IF YOU ARE A LICENSED GROWER UNDER AN AGREEMENT WITH A GLYPHOSATE-TOLERANT SEED MANUFACTURER, PLEASE REFER TO YOUR LICENSE AGREEMENT TO DETERMINE WHETHER YOU MAY USE THIS PRODUCT WITHOUT RISK OF LOSING YOUR LICENSE OR OF LEGAL ACTION AGAINST YOU.

Soybeans with the Roundup Ready® Gene LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON SOYBEAN VARIETIES DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE.

- Applying this product to soybean varieties which are not designated as Roundup Ready® will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants which do not contain the Roundup Ready® gene, since severe injury or destruction will result.
- Roundup Ready® varieties must be purchased from an authorized seed supplier. Crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Loveland Products, Inc. when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" soybean seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.
- The Roundup Ready® designation indicates that the soybean contains a patented gene which provides tolerance to Loveland Products, Inc.'s Glyphosate brand herbicides. Information on Roundup Ready® soybeans may be obtained by your seed supplier.

NOTE: The use of this product for in-crop applications over Roundup Ready® soybean is not registered in California.

#### **Application Instructions**

This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready® soybeans from the cracking stage throughout flowering.

Allow a minimum of 14 days between applications and harvest of soybeans.

#### Maximum Allowable Yearly Rates

Preplant: Maximum amount of this product which can be applied prior to crop emergence is 5 guarts/A.

In-crop: Maximum combined total of multiple in-crop applications from cracking throughout flowering is 3 quarts/A. The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 2 quarts/A. The maximum combined total of this product which can be applied during flowering is 2 quarts/A.

Preharvest: Maximum amount of this product that can be applied after loss of green color in soybean pods until 14 days before harvest is 1 quart/A. The combined total of in-crop and preharvest Mad Dog Plus applications may not exceed 3 quarts/A.

Cropping Season: Combined total per year for all applications may not exceed 8

When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready® soybeans. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. There are no rotational crop restrictions following application of this product.

For ground applications: Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use nozzles which provide a flat fan pattern. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications: Use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre. Do not exceed 1 quart of this product per acre. DO NOT APPLY DURING LOW LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITIONS WHICH FAVOR DRIFT. DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. MAINTAIN APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEGETATION.

AERIAL APPLICATIONS ON ROUNDUP READY® SOYBEANS MAY BE MADE ONLY IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, ARKANSAS, FLORIDA, KANSAS, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, MISSOURI (BOOT-HEEL) ONLY, NORTH CAROLINA, OKLAHOMA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE AND TEXAS.

#### **Annual Weed Rate Tables**

The following rate recommendations will provide control of labeled grasses and broadleaf weeds in conventional and no-till soybean production systems. Refer to the "ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES" on this label for rate recommendations for specific annual weeds.

Loveland Products, Inc. will not warrant crop safety or weed control when Roundup Ready® soybeans are treated with herbicides not specified on this label. Because of the potential for: 1) crop injury, 2) poor weed control from antagonism, and/or 3) rotational crop restrictions, herbicides not specified on this label should not be used, whether applied preemergence or applied postemergence as a tank mixture with Mad Dog Plus.

This product may be used up to 64 fluid ounces per acre in any single application for control of annual weeds, where heavy weed densities exist. The maximum combined total of this product which can be applied during flowering is 64 fluid ounces per acre.

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NOTE: The following recommendations are based on a clean start at planting by using a burn down application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burn-down treatment of 16-64 fluid ounces per acre of this product can be used to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence.

#### Midwest/Mid-Atlantic Recommendations

Narrow row or drilled soybeans: A single in-crop application of this product will provide effective control of labeled weeds. For best results, an initial application of 32 fluid ounces per acre (fl oz/A) on 4-8" weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 4-8" tall to 3-5 weeks after planting. If the initial application is delayed and weeds are 8-18" tall, use 48 fl oz/A for best results.

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product at 16-32 fluid ounces per acre may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds. The combined total application in-crop must not exceed 64 fluid ounces per acre.

Wide row soybeans: An in-crop application of this product will provide effective control of the initial stand of labeled weeds. For best results, an initial application of 32 fluid ounces per acre (fl oz/A) on 4-8" weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 4-8" tall 3 to 5 weeks after planting. If new flushes of weeds occur, they can be controlled by sequential applications of this product.

#### **Initial Treatment**

Weed Height	Rate
(inches)	(fluid oz/A)
8	32
18	48

#### Sequential Application (if needed)\*

Weed Height	Rate
(inches)	(fluid oz/A)
1-3	16
3-6	24
6-12	32

<sup>\*</sup>Combined total application in-crop not to exceed 96 fluid ounces per acre.

Giant ragweed: Apply 32 fluid oz/A when the weed is 8-12" tall to avoid the need for sequential application.

Groundcherry, ladysthumb, Pennsylvania smartweed and morningglory: Apply 32 fl oz/A to weeds 3-6" tall.

Some weeds, such as black nightshade, wooly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed, with multiple germination times may require a sequential application of this product. Suppressed or stunted weeds may also require sequential applications. Sequential applications should be made after some regrowth has occurred. Use a minimum of 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sequential applications. The combined total of all in-crop postemergence treatments must not exceed 96 fluid ounces per acre.

#### Southeast Recommendations

Narrow row, drilled, or wide-row soybeans: An in-crop application of this product will provide effective control of the initial and stand of labeled weeds. For best results, an initial application of 32 fluid ounces per acre (fl oz/A) on 3-6" weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 3-6' tall 2 to 3 weeks after planting.

Weed Height	Rate
(Inches)	(fluid oz/A)
3-6	32
6-12	48

Under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or a poor soybean stand that slows or delays canopy closure, a sequential application of this product at 16 to 32 fluid ounces per acre may be necessary to control late flushes of weeds.

#### Sequential Application (if needed)\*

Weed Height		Rate
(inches)	9	fluid oz/A)
2-3		16
3-6		24
6-12		32

<sup>\*</sup>Combined total application in-crop not to exceed 96 fluid ounces per acre.

Florida pusley, hemp sesbania and spurred anoda: Apply 32 fl oz/A to weeds 2-4" for the initial application. Apply 32 fl oz/A when these weeds are 3-6" tall if a sequential application is necessary.

Morningglory, black nightshade, groundcherry, and Pennsylvania smartweed: Apply 24 fl oz/A on 1-3" weeds, 32 fl oz/A on 3-6" weeds, or 48 fl oz/A on 6-12" weeds

Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, Texas panicum, burcucumber, and sicklepod, with multiple germination times may require a sequential application of this product. Suppressed or stunted weeds may also require sequential applications. Sequential applications should be made after some regrowth has occurred. Use a minimum of 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sequential applic combined total of all in-crop postemergence treatments must not exceed 96 fluid ounces

#### **Delta/Mid-South Recommendations**

Narrow row, drilled, or wide row soybeans: An in-crop application of this product will provide effective control of the initial stand of labeled weeds. A sequential application will be required to control new flushes of weeds. For best results, an initial application of 32 fluid ounces per acre (fl oz/A) on 2-4" weeds is recommended. Weeds will generally be 2-4" tall 2 to 3 weeks after planting.

Initial Treatment	
Weed Height	Rate
(inches)	(fluid oz/A)
2-4	32
r +0	40

Sequential Application*	
Weed Height	Rate
<u> </u>	(fluid oz/A)
2-3	16
- 3 <b>-6</b>	24
6-12	32

<sup>\*</sup>Combined total application in-crop not to exceed 96 fluid ounces per acre.

Hemp sesbania and spurred anoda: Apply a sequential treatment of 32 fl oz/A at 3-6" tall weeds if necessary.

Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, Texas panicum, burcucumber, and sicklepod, with multiple germination times may require a sequential application of this product. Suppressed or stunted weeds may also require sequential applications. Sequential applications should be made after some regrowth has occurred. Use a minimum of 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre for sequential applications. The combined total of all in-crop postemergence treatments must not exceed 96 fluid ounces per acre.

#### Perennial Weeds Rate Recommendations

A 32 to 64 fluid ounces per acre rate (single or multiple applications) of this product will control or suppress perennial weeds such as: bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed, and wirestern muhly.

For best results, allow perennial weed species to achieve at least 6" of growth before spraying with Mad Dog Plus. For additional information on perennial weeds, see the "PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES" on this label. For some perennial species, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season.

Cotton with the Roundup Ready® Gene - In Crop Applications
WARNING: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. RECOMMENDS THIS PRODUCT FOR
USE ONLY OVER-THE-TOP OF OR DIRECTED ONTO IMPROVED COTTON VARI-ETIES THAT ARE DESIGNATED AS COTTON WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH OF COTTON WILL RESULT IF ANY COTTON VARIETIES NOT PROPERLY DESIGNATED AS HAVING THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT. AVOID CONTACT OF HERBICIDE WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, OR FRUIT OF CROPS, OR ANY DESIRABLE PLANTS AND TREES, OTHER THAN CROPS WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE, SINCE SEVERÉ INJURY OR DESTRUCTION WILL RESULT.

ROUNDUP READY® COTTON VARIETIES MUST BE PURCHASED FROM AN AUTHORIZED LICENSED SEED SUPPLIER. THE DESIGNATION "ROUNDUP READY", INDICATES THE COTTON VARIETY CONTAINS A PATENTED PROPRI-ETARY TRAIT, IT IS UNLAWFUL TO SELL OR PLANT SAVED SEED.

COTTON WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE MAY ONLY BE USED FOR PLANT-ING A COMMERCIAL CROP IN A SINGLE SEASON. SEED MAY NOT BE SAVED FOR REPLANTING AND SAVED SEED MAY NOT BE SUPPLIED TO OTHERS FOR REPLANTING. LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. DOES NOT WARRANT THE SAFETY OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN USED ON "BROWN BAG" OR FARMER-SAVED SEED.

#### Application Instructions

This product will control many troublesome weeds with over-the-top, post-directed, hooded sprayer, or preharvest applications in Roundup Ready® cotton.

#### Maximum Allowable Yearly Rates

Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts/A
Preplant, Preemergence applications	5 quarts/A
Total in-crop applications from cracking to layby	4 quarts/A
Maximum preharvest application rate	2 quarts/A

For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 1 QUART PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR. AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE

USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE. Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or any other conditions which favor drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product to Roundup Ready® cotton. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. Cotton is very sensitive to many herbicides at extremely low concentrations and care should be taken to thoroughly clean all equipment prior to use.

in addition to uses listed on this label, the following applications can be made: Over-the-top application: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment postemergence to Roundup Ready® cotton from the ground cracking stage until the four leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter). Over-the-top applications made after the fourth leaf (node) stage of development may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss. Any single over-the-top broadcast application should not exceed 1 quart per acre. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the four leaf (node) stage of development. Sequential over-the-top applications of this product must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.

NOTE: Always plant into a weed free seedbed. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, always burn down existing weeds before cotton emerges. Apply a preplant burndown treatment of 16-48 fluid ounces per acre of this product.

Post-directed or hooded applications: This product may be applied using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers to Roundup Ready® cotton through layby. Be especially careful to minimize contact of the spray with cotton leaves. At this stage, post-directed equipment should be used which directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. Place nozzles in a low position directing a horizontal spray pattern under the cotton leaves to contact weeds in the row. For best results, make applications while weeds are small (less than 3 inches). Minimize spray drift onto the leaves of the cotton plants by maintaining low spray pressure (less than 30 PSI). Applications that contact the cotton leaves may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss. Any single post-directed application should not exceed 1 quart per acre of this product. No more than two applications should be made from the fifth leaf through layby. Sequential in-crop applications of this product must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.

Salvage Treatment: This treatment may be used after the four leaf stage of development and should only be used where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. One quart per acre may be applied either as an over-the-top application or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. NOTE: SALVAGE TREATMENTS WILL RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT BOLL LOSS, DELAYED MATURITY AND/OR YIELD LOSS, NO MORE THAN ONE SALVAGE TREATMENT SHOULD BE USED PER GROWING SEASON.

Weeds controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "ANNUAL and PERENNIAL" Weed Rate Tables of this label. Mad Dog Plus applied at 1 quart per acre will burndown or suppress the growth of the following perennial weeds and reduce crop competition: yellow and purple nutsedge, rhizome johnsongrass, common bermudagrass, silverleaf nightshade, trumpet creeper, and Redvine. Fall preharvest applications may be required for control of these perennial weeds.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are not recommended for over-the-top applications of this product.

Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require sequential applications of this product for control.

Preharvest applications: This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast treatment to Roundup Ready® cotton after 20% boll crack. Allow a minimum of 7 days between application and harvest. For specific recommendations refer to the "COTTON" section on this label.

NOTE: Mad Dog Plus will not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready® cotton, DO NOT APPLY MAD DOG PLUS TO CROPS GROWN FOR SEED.

#### Seed Production of Canola with the Roundup Ready® Gene

THIS PRODUCT MAY BE USED FOR CONTROL OF NON-GLYPHOSATE TOLER-ANT CANOLA. IN PRODUCTION FIELDS OF CANOLA CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE. SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH WILL RESULT IF CANOLA VARIETIES WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE ARE SPRAYED WITH THIS PRODUCT.

ROUNDUP READY® CANOLA VARIETIES MUST BE PURCHASED FROM AN AUTHORIZED LICENSED SEED SUPPLIER. THE DESIGNATION, "ROUNDUP READY®", INDICATES THE CANOLA VARIETY CONTAINS A PATENTED PROPRIETARY TRAIT. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO SELL OR PLANT SAVED SEED.

CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE MAY ONLY BE USED FOR PLANTING A COMMERCIAL CROP IN A SINGLE SEASON, SEED MAY NOT BE SAVED

FOR REPLANTING AND SAVED SEED MAY NOT BE SUPPLIED TO OTHERS FOR REPLANTING. LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. DOES NOT WARRANT THE SAFETY OR PERFORMANCE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN USED ON "BROWN BAG" OR FARMER-SAVED SEED.

#### **Use Recommendations**

This product will control non-glyphosate tolerant canola in seed production fields of canola containing the Roundup Ready® gene. This product may be applied using ground spray equipment only. Apply 1 pint of this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. A second application of 1 pint per acre may be applied, if needed to control non-glyphosate tolerant canola plants.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 1 QUART OF THIS PRODUCT PER ACRE PER SEASON.

Application timing - This product can be applied to Roundup Ready® canola from emergence to the pre-flower (early bolting) stage.

Treated canola may not be used for food or feed. Do not feed or graze treated canola. Do not process treated canola for food or feed.

#### PREPLANT, POSTEMERGENT AND/OR OVER-THE-TOP APPLICATIONS TO CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE

#### General Information

LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. RECOMMENDS THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT ONLY ON CANOLA WHICH CONTAINS THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE.

DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT ON CANOLA WITH THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE PLANTED IN THE FOLLOWING STATES: ALABAMA, DELAWARE, FLORIDA, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NORTH CAROLINA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA AND WEST VIRGINIA.

- Applying this product to canola which is not designated as Roundup Ready® will
  result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or
  fruit of crops, or any desirable plants which do not contain the Roundup Ready®
  gene, since severe crop injury or destruction will result.
- gene, since severe crop injury or destruction will result.

  The Roundup Ready® designation indicates the canola contains a patented gene which provides tolerance to this herbicide. Information on Roundup Ready® canola may be obtained from your seed supplier or Loveland Products, Inc. representative.

#### Use Recommendations

This product will control many troublesome emerged weeds when applied preplant, preemergent and/or with over-the-top application in Roundup Ready® canola. Allow a minimum of 60 days between last application and canola harvest.

#### Maximum Allowable Combined Application Quantities Per Season

1. Preplant and preemergence application

2 quarts/A 1 quarts/A

Total in-crop application from emergence to 6-leaf
 1 q

For ground applications with broadcast equipment, apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Carefully select proper nozzle and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

DO NOT EXCEED A MAXIMUM RATE OF 16 OUNCES PER ACRE OF THIS PRODUCT WHEN MAKING APPLICATIONS BY AIR. AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE. Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions, when winds are gusty or under any other conditions which favor drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas in which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR PRESSURE.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations which dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure.

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

Sprayer Preparation: It is important that sprayer and mixing equipment be clean and free of pesticide residue before making applications of this product to Roundup Ready® canola. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label of the product(s) previously used. Canola is very sensitive to many herbicides at extremely low concentrations and care should be taken to thoroughly clean all equipment prior to use.

**Preplant or Preemergent Applications:** This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment prior to planting or emergence of canola. The maximum combined application rate from all preplant and preemergent applications should not exceed 2 quarts per acre per season.

NOTE: In no-till and stale seedbed systems, always use a burndown treatment to control existing weeds before canola emerges. Apply a preplant burndown treatment of 16-32 fluid ounces per acre of this product.

Over-the-top applications: This product may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment postemergence to Roundup Ready® canola from emergence through the six-leaf stage of development. To maximize yield potential spray canola early to eliminate competing weeds. Any single over-the-top broadcast application should not exceed 16 ounces per acre. No more than two over-the-top broadcast applications may be made from crop emergence through the six-leaf stage of development. Sequential over-the-top applications of this product must be at least 10 days apart.

Weeds controlled: For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "ANNUAL" Weed Rate Table of this label.

Tank mixtures with other herbicides, insecticides, or fungicides may result in reduced weed control or crop injury and are not recommended for over-the-top applications of

Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require sequential applications of this product for control. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

This product will control or suppress most perennial weeds. For some perennial weeds, repeat applications may be required to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season

For over-the-top uses on Roundup Ready® crop varieties, crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Loveland Products, Inc. when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.

Postemergence Applications to Corn with the Roundup Ready® Gene LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT ONLY ON CORN SEED DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE.

- Applying this product to corn varieties which are not designated as Roundup Ready® will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants which do not contain the Roundup Ready® gene since severe injury or destruction will result.
- Roundup Ready® varieties must be purchased from an authorized seed supplier. Crop safety and weed control performance are not warranted by Loveland Products, Inc. when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or "bin run" corn seed saved from previous year's production and replanted.
- The Roundup Ready® designation indicates that the corn contains a patented gene which provides tolerance to Loveland Products, Inc.'s Glyphosate brand herbicides. Information on Roundup Ready® corn may be obtained from your seed supplier.

#### **Application Instructions**

This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready® corn during the period beginning at corn emergence and continuing through the 12-leaf stage or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first. Single in-crop applications of this product are not to exceed 1 quart per acre. Sequential in-crop applications of this product should not exceed 2 quarts per acre per growing season. Total Mad Dog Plus use should not exceed 8 quarts per acre per year.

Allow a minimum of 50 days between application of this product and harvest of corn forage and 7 days between application and harvest of corn grain. Allow a minimum of 14 days between in-crop applications of this product. THE USE OF ADDITIVES FOR INCROP APPLICATIONS TO ROUNDUP READY® CORN IS PROHIBITED.

•	Maximum Yearly Rates Allowed
Preplant/Preemergence (Maximum)	5 quarts/A
Total in-crop applications from emergence to	
12-leaf stage or 30 inches	. 2 quarts/A
Maximum preharvest rate	1 guart/A
Combined total per year for all applications	8 quarts/A

When applied as directed, this product controls annual grass and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready® corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product. Applications should be made to actively growing weeds before they reach the maximum size listed in the "ANNUAL" and "PERENNIAL" Weed Rate Tables on this label. Refer to the "MIXING" section of this label for proper use instructions.

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

ATTENTION: AVOID DRIFT. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT INJURY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND CROPS.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto other desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to crop plants in non-target areas. The likelihood of plant injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions which allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. AVOID APPLYING AT EXCESSIVE SPEED OR SPRAY PRESSURE.

For ground applications: Use the recommended rates of this product in 5 to lons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray. See "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section below for specific recommended rates. Carefully select proper nozzles and spray pressure to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

For aerial applications: use the recommended rates of this product in 3 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre. Do not exceed 1 quart per acre. See "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section below. AVOID DRIFT – DO NOT APPLY DURING INVERSION CONDITIONS, WHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITIONS WHICH FAVOR DRIFT, DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED. TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT VEGETA-TION, APPROPRIATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED.

#### Weeds controlled

For specific rates of applications and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, refer to the "ANNUAL" and "PERENNIAL" Weed Rate Tables on this label. Mad Dog Plus at up to 1 quart per acre will burndown or suppress the growth of the following perennial weeds and reduce crop competition: nutsedge, rhizome johnsongrass, quackgrass, Canada thistle, wirestern muhly.

Sequential Applications: Some weeds with multiple germination times or suppressed (stunted) weeds may require a second application of this product. The second application should be made after some regrowth has occurred.

#### Tank mixtures

A tank mixture of Mad Dog Plus plus Micro-Tech® or Partner® may be used for postemergence and residual control of annual weeds in corn. These tank mixtures may be made during the period beginning at corn emergence and continuing until corn height

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

An Mad Dog Plus tank mixture with atrazine, Banvel®, Clarity®, Permit®, 2,4-D may be used for postemergence control of additional annual weeds in corn. An Mad Dog Plus tank mixture with atrazine may be made during the period beginning at corn emergence and continuing until corn height reaches 12 inches. An Mad Dog Plus tank mixture with Banvel® or Clarity® at 0.125 to 0.25 lb per acre may be made during the period beginning at corn emergence and continuing until corn height reaches 30 inches. An Mad Dog Plus tank mixture with Permit® may be made during the period beginning at corn emergence and continuing until corn is at the five leaf stage or corn height reaches 30 inches. An Mad Dog Plus mixture with 2,4-D at 0.125 to 0.25 lb per acre may be made during the period beginning at corn emergence and continuing until corn is at the five leaf stage or corn height reaches 8 inches, whichever comes first.

Refer to the specific product label and observe all precautions, mixing and application instructions for all products used in tank mixtures.

#### FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS WITH DROP NOZZLES TO CORN UP TO 48" TALL WITH THE **ROUNDUP READY® GENE**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. RECOMMENDS USE OF THIS PRODUCT FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION ONLY ON CORN HYBRIDS DESIGNATED AS CONTAINING THE ROUNDUP READY® GENE.

- Applying this product to corn hybrids which are not designated as Roundup Ready® will result in severe crop injury and yield loss.

  • The Roundup Ready® designation indicates that the corn contains a patented gene
- which provides tolerance to Loveland Products, Inc.'s Glyphosate brand herbicides. Information on Roundup Ready® corn may be obtained from your seed supplier

#### **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

The instructions provided in this section allow application to Roundup Ready corn using drop nozzles through 48 inches. The instructions printed in the "Corn with the Roundup Ready Gene" section of the label booklet for Mad Dog Plus along with those included in this section are all applications which can be made onto Roundup Ready corn during the complete cropping season. See the general "Roundup Ready Crops" section of the Mad Dog Plus label booklet for additional information.

When applied as directed, this product will control labeled annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in Roundup Ready® corn. Many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds will be controlled or suppressed with one or more applications of this product

There are no rotational crop restrictions following applications of this product.

#### POSTEMERGENCE WITH DROP NOZZLES

USE INSTRUCTIONS: For Roundup Ready corn from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches, whichever comes first, this product may be applied over-the-top broadcast or with drop nozzles. When corn height is 24 to 30 inches (free standing), for optimum spray coverage and weed control drop nozzles are recommended. For corn heights 30 to 48 inches (free standing), apply this product only using ground application equipment with drop nozzles adjusted to avoid spraying into the whorls of the corn plants.

Single in-crop applications of this product should not exceed 32 fluid ounces per acre. The maximum combined total of multiple in-crop applications from emergence through the 48-inch stage is 64 fluid ounces per acre.

#### **FARMSTEADS**

Types of Applications: General nonselective weed control, trim-and-edge, chemical mowing, cut stumps, habitat management, rangelands.

General nonselective weed control, Trim-and-edge

Use Instructions: This product may be used to control annual weeds, perennial weeds and woody brush which are found in any part of the farmstead, including building foundations, along and in fences, in dry ditches and canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, prior to landscape plantings and equipment storage areas.

This product may be tank mixed with the following products. Refer to these product labels for approved farmstead sites and application rates. For annual weeds, use 1 quart per acre of this product when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre when weeds are greater than 6 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 2 to 5 quarts per acre in these tank mixes. For tank mixtures with these products through backpack sprayers, handguns or other high-volume spray-to-wet applications, see the "HAND-HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section of this label for recommended rates.

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

Banvel® Diuron Simazine 90 Surflan® AS

Simazine

2,4-D

Simazine 4L

Banvel® and 2,4-D mixtures may not be applied by air in California

#### **Chemical Mowing**

Use Instructions: This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Apply this product at a rate of 6 to 8 fluid ounces per acre. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

**Precautions, Restrictions:** Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

#### **Cut Stumps**

Types of Application: Treating cut stumps in any noncrop site listed on this label.

Use Instructions: This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Alder Oak Sweetgum Eucalyptus Reed, giant Tan oak Madrone Salt-cedar Willow

PRECAUTIONS, RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT MAKE CUT STUMP APPLICATIONS WHEN THE ROOTS OF DESIRABLE WOODY BRUSH OR TREES MAY BE GRAFTED TO THE ROOTS OF THE CUT STUMP. INJURY RESULTING FROM ROOT GRAFTING MAY OCCUR IN ADJACENT WOODY BRUSH OR TREES.

#### Habitat Management

Types of Uses: Habitat restoration and maintenance, wildlife food plots

#### Habitat restoration and maintenance:

Use Instructions: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad-spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. The tank mixtures listed in this section of the label may be used for habitat restoration and maintenance.

#### Wildlife food plots:

Use Instructions: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

#### Rangelands

Types of Application: Dormant

Use Instructions: This product will control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheat grass, cereal rye, medusahead rye and jointed goatgrass in dormant rangeland. Apply 8 to 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre in the early spring when weeds have greened up, but desirable grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, are still truly dormant. Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Precautions, Restrictions: Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant rangeland grasses with this product. Do not make more than one application per year.

## ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLES ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES

Water carrier volumes of 3 to 10 gallons per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons per acre for aerial applications are recommended.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds

Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.

For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.

For those rates less than 48 fluid ounces per acre, this product may be used up to 48 fluid ounces per acre where heavy weed densities exist.

Refer to this map for location of the regions listed in the annual weed tables below.



#### ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE, NORTH AND SOUTH REGIONS

WEED REGION			RA	TE		
SPECIES		(FLUID		S PER A	(CRE)	
	12	16	24	32	40	48
		MAXI	MUM HE	IGHT/LE	NGTH	
Amoda, spurred	T -	1"	2"	3"	5"	8"
Barley	1 -	18"	18"+	-		-
Barnyardgrass South	1 -	3"	5"	7"	9"	12"
North		-	6"	12"		-
Bassia, fivehook	1			6"		
Bittercress	1 -	12"	20"		-	-
Bluegrass, annual	† -	10"				
Brome, downy	6"	-	-			-
Brome, Japanese	<del>  -</del>	6"	<del></del>	24"		<del></del>
Browntop panicum	<del> </del>	6"	8"	12"		24"
burcucumber	<del> </del>	-	6"	12"		
Buttercup	1 -	12"	20"	. 12	<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>
Carolina foxtail	<del>  -</del>	20"	-			<del></del>
Carolina geranium	<del> </del>	-20		4"		9"
Carpetweed	<del>  -</del>	<del>-</del> -	6"	12"		
		6"		12		<del>-</del>
Cheat	<del> </del>	20"	20"			
Chervil	-			-		
Chickweed	-	12"	18"	-		-
Cocklebur	<u> </u>	12"	18"	24"		<u> </u>
Copperleaf,	-	1"	2"	3"	4"	6"
hophornbeam						
Copperleaf, Virginia	<u> </u>	1"	2"	3"	4"	6"
Corn	-	12"	20"	-		<u> </u>
Corn speedwell	<u> </u>	12"	-	-	-	-
Crabgrass	-	12"	· 18"	- "	-	<u> </u>
Cutleaf evening primrose	L -			3"		6"
<u>Dwarfdandelion</u>	-	20"		-	-	
Eastern mannagrass	-	8"	12"		-	-
Eclipta	-	4"	8"	· 12"	•	-
Fall panicum South	-	4"	6"	8"	12"	24"
North		6"	12"	18"	-	-
Falsedandelion	- :	20"				-
Falseflax, smallseed	-	12"	-			-
Fiddleneck	<del> </del>		-	6"		12"
Field pennycress	<del></del>	6"	12"	<u> </u>		<del>- '-</del>
Filaree	<del> </del>	-				12"
Fleabane, annual	<del>                                     </del>	6"	20"	-		- '-
Fleabane, hairy	+ -	6"	-20			
	1	"			_	1 -
(Conyza bonariensis)	<del> </del>	3"	6"	12"	<del></del> -	-
Fleabane, rough	<del></del>	_	ь			
Florida pusley	<del> </del>	0"	107	12"		
Foxtail South	1 -	8"	12"	20"	-	-
North	18"	18"+				<u> </u>
Goatgrass, jointed	1	6"		-		-
Goosegrass		3"	5"	8"		18"
Grain sorghum (milo)	<u> </u>	6"	12"	20"	-	-
Groundsel, common	-	6"	- '		-	
Hemp sesbania	-		2"	4"	6"	8"
Henbit	-			6"	-	20"
Horseweed/Marestail South	-	-	12"	30"	-	l -
(Convza canadensis) North		6"	12"	18"	_	-
Itchgrass	<del>  -</del>	6"	12"	18"		-
Jimsonweed	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	6"		12"	-
						<u> </u>

WEED SPECIES			RATE (FLUID OUNCES PER ACRE)					
SPECIES		12	16	24	32	4Ó	48	
		·	MAXI	MUM HE	GHT/LE	NGTH		
Johnsongrass,	South	1.	-	18"		-		
seedling	North	-	12" Ì	18"		-	i -	
Junglerice		-	3"	5"	7"	9"	12"	
Knotweed		1. 1	3"	8"	12"	-	20"	
Kochia <sup>1</sup>		1-	3 to 6'	12"	-	-	-	
Lambsquarters		-	-6"	8"	12"	-	20"	
Little barley		1.	20"	<del>.</del>	-	-	-	
London rocket		1-	6"	•	-	-	-	
Mayweed		1		2"	6"	12"	18"	
Morningglory		1.		2"	4"	-	6"	
(Lpomoea spp.)		İ	1	_	-		1	
Mustard, blue		6"			-	-	-	
Mustard, tansy		6"	12"	20"	-	-	-	
Mustard, tumble		6"	<del>- `-</del>				-	
Mustard, wild		6"	12"	18"	<del>-                                    </del>	-	<del></del> -	
Nightshade, black		-	6"	12"	-	-	-	
Oats		+=-+	<del></del>	6"	20"	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	
Pigweed		1	12"	18"	24"	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	
Plains/Tickseed		++	5"	12"	18"	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	
Coreopsis		1	ا	12	١,٥	1	l -	
Prickly lettuce		1-1	6"	12"	20"	-	-	
Purslane		<del>                                     </del>		- 12	6"	<del>-</del> -	12"	
Ragweed, commor	South	+ <del>:</del> +	4"	6"	8"	<u> </u>	12"	
nagweed, commor	North	-	6"	12"	18"	-	12	
Downood signs	NOITH	+ +		4"		<del></del>	11"	
Ragweed, giant		+=-			6" 4"	<u> </u>		
Red rice		1-1	- 1		6"	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	
Russian thistle	South	+	6"	20"	60"	<del> </del>	<del></del> -	
Rye		-		20 18"+ ∶	60	-	-	
2	North	+	18"	18+	- 0"	· .	7"+	
Ryegrass Sandbur, field		12"	-		6"		/+	
		_	12"	18"	<del>-</del> -	<u> </u>	-	
Shattercane		+:	6"	12"	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	
Sheperdspurse				2"	4"	<del></del>	8"	
Sicklepod			- 011	5"	7'	9"	12"	
Signalgrass, broad			3"					
Smartweed, ladystl		<del>  -  </del>	4"	6"	8"	<u> </u>	12"	
Smartweed, Penns	yıvanıa	11	4"	6"	8"	-	12"	
Sowthistle, annual		Ŀ			6"	<u> </u>		
Spanishneedles		<b>↓</b> -			8"	<u> </u>	18"	
Speedwell, purslan	e	1-	12"	-			<u> </u>	
Sprangletop		<del>  </del>	6"	12"	20"	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Spurge, prostrate			6"	12"	20"	<u> </u>	-	
Spurge, spotted		1: 1	6"	12"	20"		<u> </u>	
Spurry, umbrella		6"		-	L: <u>-</u>	•		
Stinkgrass		12"	- 1			-		
Sunflower		اختا	12"	18"	-	<u> </u>		
Teasweed/Prickly s	da	┵	1"	2"	3"	4"	6"	
Texas panicum		11	6"	8"	12"		24"	
Velvetleaf	South	-	2"	3"	4"	5"	8"	
	North	<del>  -  </del>	3"	6"	12"	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Virginia pepperweed	1	<u>  </u>	18"				<u> </u>	
<i>Waterhemp</i>		<u> </u>		6"	12"	<u> </u>	-	
Wheat	South	T- [	6"	30"	-	-		
	North	<u> </u>	18"	18"+		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Wheat (overwintered	d) .	Ţ <u>-</u>	6"	18"			-	
Viid oats			12"	-	-			
Vitchgrass		T	12"		•			
				12"		-		
Vooly cupgrass Yellowrocket		11	6"	12"	20"			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Do not treat kochia in the button stage

#### ANNUAL WEEDS RATE TABLE, WEST REGION

WEED SPECIES		(FLUII	R/ D OUNC	TE ES PER	ACRE)
	12	16 MAX	24 IMUM HE	32 EIGHT/LE	48 ENGTH
Barley	12"	-	-	1	-
Barnyardgrass	6"	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, annual	6"	-	-	-	-
Bluegrass, bulbous	-	6"	-		-
Brome, downy <sup>1</sup>	6"	-	-		
Buttercup	-	12"	-	T -	T -
Cheat	-	6"	-		-
Chickweed	-	6"	-	1 -	-
Cocklebur	-	12"	-	1 - 1	T -
Corn	-	6"	•	· -	
Crabgrass	-	12"	-	-	] -
Dwarfdandelion		12"	-		-
all panicum	T -	12"	-	-	
alseflax, smallseed		12"	-	J :	
Field pennycress	-	6''	-	I -	T -

WEED RATE (FLUID OUNCES PER ACRE) **SPECIES** 12 32 48 MAXIMUM HEIGHT/LENGTH Filaree 12 Fleabane, hairy 6 (Conyza bonariensis) Florida pusley 8 fl. oz. for up to 12 Foxtail Goatgrass, jointed 6 Groundsel, common Henbit 6 Horseweed/Marestail (Conyza canadensis) Johnsongrass, seedling Lambsquarters London rocket Morningglory (Lpomoea spp.) Mustard, blue 6 Mustard, tansy 6 6 Mustard, tumble Mustard, wild 6 Pigweed 12 Rye Ryegrass, Italian Sandbur, field 12 Shattercane 12 Sheperdspurse Sowthistle, annual Spurge, annual 6 12 Stinkgrass Texas panicum 12 18 Wheat 12 Wild oats

<sup>1</sup>For control of Downy brome in no-till systems, use 16 fluid ounces per acre.

Witchgrass

Annual Weeds – Water Carrier Volumes of 10 to 40 Gallons Per Acre
Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre. Use 1 quart per acre if weeds are less than
6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches tall.

12

These rates will provide control of weeds listed in the annual weed control tables when water carrier volumes are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications.

#### Annual Weeds - Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D or Banvel®

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed providing the product tankmixed is registered for use on this site.

12 to 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 pounds a.i. of Banvel® or 0.5 pounds a.i. of 2,4-D per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6" – prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed (Conyza canadensis), morningglory (Ipomoea spp.), kochia (Banvel® only); 12" – cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle.

16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pounds a.i. of 2,4-D per acre will control the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf.

12 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.25 pounds a.i. of Banvel® or 0.5 pounds a.i. of 2,4-D per acre will control foxtail up to 18".

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and cautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if Banvel® is applied within 45 days of planting.

DO NOT APPLY BANVEL® OR 2,4-D TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CALIFORNIA.

## PERENNIAL WEEDS RATE TABLE ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES Apply to actively growing perennial weeds.

**NOTE:** If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

For hand-held sprayers, prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Desired			Amo	ount of Mac	Dog Plus	3
Volume	1/2%	1%	11/2%	2%	5%	10%
1 Gal	2/3 OZ	1 1/3 OZ.	2oz	2 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>3</sub> oz	6½ oz	13 oz
25 Gal	1 pt	1 qt	11/2 qt	2 qt	5 qt	10 qt
100 Gal	2 qt	1 gal	1½ gal	2 gal	5 gal	10 gal

<sup>2</sup> tablespoons = 1 fluid ounce

		Era n	La. No.	34704-090
Weed	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume	Hand-Held % Solution	Comments
Species Alfalfa	1 1	3-10	2%	Make applications after the last hay cutting in
	1		i	the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6
				to 8 inches or more prior to retreatment.  Applications should be followed with deep
				tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but
Alligatorweed	4	3-20	1.5%	before soil freeze-up.     Partial control, Apply when most of the plants
,ga			1	are in bloom. Repeat applications will be
Anise (fennel)	ļ	<del>  </del>	1-2%	required to maintain control.  Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment. Optimum
,	Ì			results are obtained when plants are treated
Bahiagrass	3-5	3-20	2%	at the bud to full-bloom stage of growth.  Apply when most plants have reached the
				early head stage.
Bentgrass	1.5	10-20	2%	For suppression in grass seed production areas. For ground applications only. Ensure
	ļ			entire crown area has resumed growth prior
	ľ			to a fall application, Bentgrass should have at
				least 3 inches of growth. Tillage prior to treatment should be avoided. Tillage 7 to 10
	1			days after application is recommended for
Bermudagrass	3-5	3-20	2%	best results.  For control apply 5 quarts of this product per
	-	,		acre. For partial control, apply 3 quarts per
	1			acre. Treat when bermudagrass is actively growing and seedheads are present.
			1	Retreatment may be necessary to maintain
	1	1	100	control.
Bermudagrass, water	1-1.5	.5-10	2%	Apply 1.5 quarts of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply when water
(knotgrass)	}	1		bermudagrass is 12 to 18 inches in length.
	į	]		Allow 7 or more days before tilling, flushing or flooding the field.
	1	1		Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart of this
				product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to
				application. Apply prior to frost on water
	-			bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in
		ļ		length. This product is not registered in California for
	ļ <u>.</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	use on water bermudagrass.
Bindweed, field	0.5-5	3-20	2%	Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for
	ļ	ļ		active growth.
	]	1		For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this
				product per acre west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 quarts east of the
	-	1		Mississippi River, Apply when the weeds are
	}	1		at or beyond full bloom. For best results, apply in late summer or fall. Fall treatments
		į		must be applied before a killing frost. Also for
				control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 pounds a.i. of Banvel® in 10 to 20
				gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by
				air. For suppression on irrigated agricultural land,
	ŀ			apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 1
	ŀ			pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of
				water per acre with ground equipment only. Applications should be made following
				harvest or in fall fallow ground when the
		1		bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in
	}			length. The use of at least one irrigation will
	ļ	1		promote active bindweed growth.
	ļ			For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to
				10 gallons of water per acre for ground
		1		applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Apply by air in
	}		1	fallow and reduced tillage systems only.
				Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and
			ļ	when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in
			ŀ	length.
	1		1	In California only, apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for
	-			suppression or control will vary within this
				range depending on local conditions. For suppression on irrigated land where annual
	İ	1		tillage is performed apply 1 quart of this
	1	1	1	product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.
		[	1	Apply to bindweed that has reached a length of 12 inches or greater. Allow maximum
		1	1	weed emergence and runner growth. Allow 3
Bluegrass,	1-2	3-40	2%	or more days after application before tillage.  Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40
Kentucky	'-	1 ~~	-~	gallons of water per acre when most plants
				have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage
		1	]	of development. For partial control in pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts
		ļ	1	of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per
	1	1	1	acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.
	J	L	<u> </u>	Timost nave reached + to 12 inches in height.

		<u> </u>		1 1 1 1 1 1
Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume	Hand-Held	Comments
Blueweed,	3-5	3-40	% Solution 2%	Apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre
exas	l			west of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4
	l			quarts per acre east of the Mississippi River.
		]		Apply when plants are at or beyond full
. •	1	}		bloom. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results, apply in late
		Ì	Ì	summer or fall. Fall treatments must be
				applied before a killing frost.
rackenfern	3-4	3-40	1-1.5%	Apply to fully expanded fronds which are at
		<u> </u>	ļ <u> </u>	least 18 inches long.
romegrass, mooth	1-2	3-40	2%	Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40
HOOLI			1	gallons of water per acre when most plants have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage
			1	of development. For partial control in pasture
	l			or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts
	1	}	ì	of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per
			l .	acre. Apply to actively growing plants when
		3-20	2%	most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.
ursage, oolly-leaf	ľ	3-20	2%	For control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pint of Banvel® per acre. For partial
Johyhear	Į		Į.	control, apply 1 quart of this product plus 1
		l .		pint of Banvel® per acre. Apply when plants
	1.	i		are producing new active growth which has
	l .			been initiated by moisture for at least 2
	1			weeks and when plants are at or beyond
anan grass	2-3	2.40	2%	flowering.
anarygrass, eed	2-3	3-40	2%	For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of
		I	1	growth.
Cattail	3-5	3-40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
			l	early head stage.
lover; red,	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
hite logongrass	3-5	10-40	2%	early bud stage.  Apply when cogongrass is at least 18 inches
ogongrass	3-5	10-40	2%	tall in late summer or fall. Due to uneven
			1	stages of growth and the dense nature of
		Į	l	vegetation preventing good spray coverage,
	i	1	ļ	repeat treatments may be necessary to
			<u> </u>	maintain control.
allisgrass	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when post plants have reached the
andelion	3-5	3-40	2%	early head stage.  Apply when most plants have reached the
andellon	3-5	3~40	2%	early bud stage of growth.
	1	Ì	ŀ	Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this
	1		ļ	product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10
				gallons of water per acre.
lock, curty	3-5	3-40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
	1	1	1	early bud stage of growth.  Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this
			ŀ	product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10
				gallons of water per acre.
ogbane, hemp	4	3-40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
		(	Į.	late bud to flower stage of growth. Following
			į.	crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to
				regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment.  For best results, apply in late summer or fall.
		1	1	For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of
	]	1		this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. of 2,4-D in 3
		i		to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground
		I		applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per
		1		acre for aerial applications. Delay
	1	1	1	applications until maximum emergence of dogbane has occurred.
escue	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
except tall)	1	1		early head stage.
escue, tall	1-3	3-40	2%	Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre when
	1	1		most plants have reached boot-to-early
	ļ	1		seedhead stage of development.
			1	Fall applications only: Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 callons of water per acre.
	-			Apply to fescue in the fall when plants have
		I		6 to 12 inches of new growth. A sequential
	l	I	]	application of 1 pint per acre of this product
		J		will improve long-term control and control
	1	1	}	seedlings germinating after fall treatments or
	<del> </del>	0.40	10/	the following spring.
uineagrass	3	3-40	1%	Apply when most plants have reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth.
		I		Ensure thorough coverage when using
		l	1	hand-held equipment.
lorsenettie	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
	L	L		early bud stage.
lorseradish	4	3-40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
		I	1	late bud to flower stage of growth.
		L	L	For best results, apply in late summer or fall.
eplant	1-	) ·	1.5-2%	teplant should be at or beyond the early
	ł	1		stage of bud growth. Thorough coverage is
erusalem	3-5	3-20	2%	necessary for best control.  Apply when most plants are in the early
	155	J-20	<del>-</del> /0	1 Upply when those plants are in the early

Weed	Rate	Water	Hand-Held	Community
Species  Johnsongrass	(QT/A) 0.5-3	Volume 3-40	% Solution 2%	In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2
oomisong 200	0.00		2,0	quarts of this product per acre.
				Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10
	į.	-		gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons
			İ	of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas
				where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced,
			ł	apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.
		· ·		For best results, apply when most plants
	į			have reached the boot-to-head stage of
			l	growth or in the fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do
		}		not tank mix with residual herbicides when
				using the 1 quart per acre rate.
	}		1	For burndown of Johnsongrass, apply 1 pint
	İ	ļ		of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12
		[	l	inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days
		1 .	1	after treatment before tillage.
	1			Spot treatment (partial control or suppression) - Apply a 1 percent solution of
	1		•	this product when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18
	İ			inches in height. Coverage should be
IZII	2-3	3-40	2%	uniform and complete.  Spray when most Kikuyugrass is at least 8
Kikuyugrass	2-3	3-40	2%	inches in height (3 or 4-leaf stage of growth).
	1	1		Allow 3 or more days after application before
	1	10.00	00/	tillage.
Knapweed	4	3-40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth.
	l			For best results, apply in late summer or fall.
Lantana	-	ŀ	1.1.25%	Apply at or beyond the bloom stage of
	1 .	1	Ì	growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of
		i.	}	growth.
Lespedeza	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the
Milkweed,	3	3-40	2%	early bud stage.  Apply when most plants have reached the
common	] "	3-40	2 /0	late bud to flower stage of growth.
Muhly,	1-2	3-40	2%	Use 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10
wirestem				gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of
			l	this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre of in pasture, sod, or non
				crop areas.
÷	İ			Spray when the wirestern muhly is 8 inches
				or more in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in the fall or spring
	1	}	<u> </u>	prior to spring applications. Allow 3 or more
	L			days after application before tillage.
Mullein, common	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early bud stage.
Napiergrass	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early
B.P. 1-4-1	2	0.40	2%	head stage.
Nightshade, silverleaf	2	3-10	270	Applications should be made when at least 60 percent of the plants have berries. Fall
	ļ.	•		treatments must be applied before a killing
Nutradas	0.5-3	3-40	1-2%	frost.
Nutsedge; purple, vellow	0.5-3	3-40	1-2%	Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre or apply a 1 to 2 percent solution for control of
parpis, your	İ			nutsedge plants and immature nutlets
	Ì	1		attached to treated plants. Treat when plants
			,	are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not
		1		germinated will not be controlled and may
				germinate following treatment. Repeat
	ł			treatments will be required for long-term
				control of ungerminated tubers.  Sequential applications: 1 to 2 quarts of this
				product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre
		-		will also provide control. Make applications
	]		İ	when a majority of the plants are in the 3 to
				5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tall). Repeat this application, as necessary, when newly
			,	emerging plants reach the 3 to 5-leaf stage.
				Subsequent applications will be necessary
				for long-term control.
	]			For partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product in 3 to 40
				gallons of water per acre. Treat when plants
	1			have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than
	1	1		6 inches tall. Repeat treatments will be
	1			required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants.
Orchardgrass	1-2	3-40	2%	Apply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40
		1		gallons of water per acre when most plants
	1			have reached boot-to-early seedhead stage of development. For partial control in
	1			pasture or hay crop renovation, apply 1 to
•	1			1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to 10 gallons
	1			of water per acre. Apply to actively growing
	Į.	(		plants when most have reached 4 to 12 inches in height.
: -	)			
: "	l			
: -				Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn: Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product in 3 to
:-				Orchardgrass sods going to no-till corn:

Weed	Rate	Water	Hand-Held	1001
Species Orchardgrass cont'd.:	1-2	3-40	% Solution 2%	Comments inches tail for fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planting. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.
Pampasgrass		-	1.5–2%	Pampasgrass should be at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.
Paragrass	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early
Phragmites	3-5	10-40	1-2%	head stage.  For partial control. For best results, treat during late summer or fall months or when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage or uneven stages of growth, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visual control symptoms will be slow to develop.
Poison hemlock	-	-	1-2%	Apply as a spray-to-wet treatment.  Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the bud to full-bloom stage of
Quackgrass	1-3	3-40	2%	growth.  In annual cropping systems, or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre, For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, For 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre, apply 2 quarts of this product. Do not tank mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart rate. Spray when quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height. Do not till between harvest and fall applications or in fall or spring prior to spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, use a moldboard plow for best results.  In pastures, sods or noncrop areas where deep tillage does not follow application: Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall.
Redvine	0.75-2	5-10	2%	For suppression, apply 24 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart or a single application of 2 quarts per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gailons of water per acre. Apply in late September or early October to plants which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a
Reed, giant		-	2%	killing frost.  Best results are obtained when applications
Ryegrass, perennial	1-3	3-40	2%	are made in late summer to fall. In annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Apply 1 quart of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In noncrop, or areas where annual tillage (no-till) is not practiced, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the fall prior to frost. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart per acre rate.
Smartweed, swamp	3-5	3-40	2%	Apply when most plants have reached the early bud stage of growth. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall.
Spurge, leafy	-	3-10	2%	For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall. If mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall.
Starthistle, yellow	2	10-40	2%	Best results are obtained when applications are made during the rosette, bolting and early flower stages.
Sweet potato, wild	-	-	2%	Partial control. Apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat
Thistle, artichoke	-	-	2%	applications may be required.  Partial control. Apply to plants that are at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Repeat
Thistle, Canada	2-3	3-40	2%	applications may be required. Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stages of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in the late summer or fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. For suppression, apply 1 quart of this product or 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 pound a.i. 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late summer or fall after

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Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume	Hand-Held % Solution	Comments
Thistle, Canada cont'd.:	2-3	3-40	2%	harvest, mowing or tillage. Allow rosette regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.
Timothy	2-3	3-40	2%	For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.
Torpedograss	4-5	3-40	2%	For partial control. Apply when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before frost.
Trumpetcreeper	-	5-10	2%	Partial control. Apply in late September or October, to plants which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45-60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost.
Vaseygrass	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.
Velvetgrass	3-5	3-20	2%	Apply when most plants are in the early head stage.
Wheatgrass, western	2-3	3-40	2%	For best results, apply when most plants have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth.

#### WOODY BRUSH AND TREES RATE TABLE ALPHABETICALLY BY SPECIES

Apply this product after full leaf expansion, unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at a high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

Weed Species	Rate (QT/A)	Water Volume	Hand-Held % Solution	Comments
Alder	3-4	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Ash	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Aspen, quaking	2-3	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Bearmat	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
(Beardover)			1	
Beech	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Birch	2	3-40	1%	For control
Blackberry	3-4	10-40	1-1.5%	For control. Make applications after plants have reached full leaf maturity. Best results are obtained when applications are made in late summer or fall. Applications may also be made after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green. After berries have set or dropped in late fall, blackberry can be controlled by applying a % percent solution of this product. For control of blackberries after leaf drop and until a killing frost or as long as stems are green, apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.
Blackgum	2-5	3-40	1-2%	For control
Bracken	2-5	3-40	1-2%	For control
Broom:	-		1.5-2%	For control
French, Scotch	-	1	1.5-276	r or control
Buckwheat.	-	<del> </del>	1-2%	For partial control. Thorough coverage of
California	İ	1	1.5%	foliage is necessary for best results.
Cascara	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Catsclaw	-	1.	1-1.5%	Partial control
Ceanothus	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Chamise	-	1	1%	For control, Thorough coverage of foliage is
O RETITION			1.70	necessary for best results.
Cherry; bitter, black pin	2-3	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Coyote brush	-	ļ-	1.5-2%	For control. Apply when at least 50 percent of the new leaves are fully developed.
Dogwood	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Elderberry	2	3-40	1%	For control
Elm	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Eucalyptus		-	2%	For control of eucalyptus resprouts, apply when resprouts are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure complete coverage. Avoid application to drought-stressed plants.
Florida holly (Brazilian Peppertree)	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Gorse	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Hasardia		-	1-2%	Partial control. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.
Hawthorn	2-3	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
-fazel	2	3-40	1%	For control

		<u>(</u>		MU
Weed	Rate	water	Hand-Held	
Species	(QT/A)	Volume	% Solution	Comments
Hickory	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Honeysuckle	3-4	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Hornbeam,	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
American	L		i	<u> </u>
Kudzu	4	3-40	2%	For control. Repeat applications may be
	L	l	1	required to maintain control.
Locust, black	2-4	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Madrone	•	-	2%	Partial control. Apply to resprouts that are 3
resprouts .	1	ì	ì	to 6 feet tail. Best results are obtained with
		J	L	spring/early summer treatments.
Manzanita	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Maple, red	2-4	3-40	1-1.5%	For control, apply a 1 to 1.5 percent
		l	1	solution when at least 50 percent of the
	İ	f	ı	new leaves are fully developed. For partial
				control, apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product
	l	i i	1	per acre.
Maple, sugar		•	1-1.5%	For control. Apply when at least 50 percent
	j			of the new leaves are fully developed.
Monkey flower		1:	1-2%	Partial control. Thorough coverage of
,				foliage is necessary for best results.
Oak:	2-4	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
black, white	- '	1	(	
Oak, post	3-4	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Oak;		-	1-1.5%	For control. Apply when at least 50 percent
northern, pin		1	1-1.576	of the new leaves are fully developed.
Oak:	2-3	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
southern, red	E-0	15-0	1-1.576	I or corniror
Persimmon	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Pine	2-5	3-40	1-2%	For control
Poison Ivv/	4-5	3-40	2%	For control. Repeat applications may be
Poison oak	4-3	3-40	12.00	required to maintain control. Fall treatments
COISOIT Oak		I		must be applied before leaves lose green
				color.
Poplar, yellow	2-5	3-40	2%	Partial control
Redbud.	2-5	3-40	1-2%	For control
eastern	2-3	3-40	1-2/6	rei control
Rose, multiflora	2	3-40	11%	For control. Treatments should be made
riose, maianora	-	1 3-70	1''"	prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-eating
		i	1	insects.
Russian olive	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Sage, black	-	340	1%	For control. Thorough coverage of foliage is
Saye, Diaux	1	1	1''	necessary for best results.
Sage, white	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Sage brush.	2-5	3-40	1%	For control Thorough coverage of foliage is
California	l -	1 -	] ' /6	necessary for best results.
Salmonberry	2	3-40	1%	For control
Salt-cedar	2-5	3-40	1-2%	For control
Sassafras	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Sourwood	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Sumac; poison,	2-4	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
smooth, winged	2-4	3-40	1-276	Faitial Collison
Sweetgum	2-3	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Swordfern	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Tailowtree,	-5	3-40	1%	
	] -	1 -	170	For control. Thorough coverage of foliage is
Chinese Tan oak		<del> </del>	2%	necessary for best results.  For partial control. Apply to resprouts that
	l .	1	2 /0	
resprouts	ĺ .		1	are less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results
Tulashia		2.40	10/	are obtained with fall applications.
Thimbleberry	2	3-40	1%	For control
Tobacco, tree		1	1-2%	Partial control
Trumpetcreeper	2-3	3-40	1-1.5%	For control
Vine maple	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
Virginia creeper	2-5	3-40	1-2%	For control
Waxmyrtle,	2-5	3-40	1-2%	Partial control
southern		<b></b>		L

#### **NONCROP USES**

For control

1%

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for essential product performance information and the following "NONCROP" sections for specific recommended uses.

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE, GREEN STEMS, EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS, DESIRABLE TURFGRASSES, TREES, SHRUBS OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seeds.

Do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

3-40

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent weed control, follow a label-approved herbicide program.

Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

#### INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL AND PUBLIC AREAS

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed on this label growing in areas such as airports, ditch banks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, highways, industrial plant sites, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, office complexes, parking areas, parks, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, pipelines, power and telephone rights-of-way, railroads, roadsides, schools, storage areas, utility substations, and warehouse areas.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds and woody brush and trees, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this

This product may be applied with recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, or wiper applicators in any noncrop site specified on this label. See the Selective Equipment part of "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT and TECHNIQUES" section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

#### Chemical mowing - Perennials

This product will suppress perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Use 8 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. Use 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

#### Chemical mowing - Annuals

For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turf on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 4 to 5 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be made when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

#### RAILROADS

#### Bare ground. Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, and Spot Treatment

This product may be used to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used, as weeds emerge, to maintain bare ground. This product may be used to control tall-growing weeds to improve line-of-sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way, wayside structures, and other similar areas. For crossing applications, up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. This product may be tank mixed with the following products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground crossing treatments:

ARSENAL®	GARLON® 4	SAHARA®
DICAMBA	HYVAR® X	SPIKE®
DIURON	KROVAR® I DF	TELAR®
ESCORT®	✓ OUST®	VANQUISH®
GARLON® 3A		2,4-D

#### Brush control

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 4 to 10 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boom-less nozzles. Up to 80 gallons of spray solutions per acre may be used. Apply a 3/4 to 2 percent solution of this product when using high-volume spray-to-wet applica-tions. Apply a 5 to 10 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment. This product may be mixed with the following products for enhanced control of woody brush and trees:

ARSENAL®	GARLON® 3A	GARLON® 4
ESCORT®		TORDON® K

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solutions per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Bahiagrass	Fescue, tall	Trumpetcreeper
Bluestem, silver	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 3 pints of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass	Dewberry	Poorjoe
Blackberry	Dock, Curty	Raspberry
Błuestem, silver	Dog Fennel	Trumpetcreeper
Broomsedge	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
Dallisgrass	Johnsongrass	Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

#### ROADSIDES

#### Shoulder treatments

This product may be used on road shoulders. It may be applied with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high-volume off-center nozzles, handheld equipment, and sim-

### Guardrails and other obstacles to mowing posts and other objects along the roadside.

This product may be used to control weeds growing under guardrails and around s

This product may be used as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

#### Tank mixtures

This product may be tank-mixed with the following products for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments:

DICAMBA	OUST®	SAHARA®
DIURON	PENDULUM® 3.3 EC	SIMAZINE
<b>ENDURANCE®</b>	PENDULUM® WDG	SURFLAN®
ESCORT®	PRINCEP® DF	TELAR®
IMAZAPYR	PRINCEP® LIQUID	<b>VANQUISH®</b>
KROVAR® I DF	RONSTAR 50 WP	2,4-D

See the "GENERAL NONCROP AREAS AND INDUSTRIAL SITES" section of this label for general instructions for tank mixing.

### Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

#### Dormant applications

This product may be used to control or partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turf is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank-mixed with Oust for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with Oust may delay greenup.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 8 to 64 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 1/4 to 1 ounce per acre of Oust. Apply the recommended rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, add no more than 1 ounce of Oust per acre on bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 ounce of Oust per acre on bahiagrass and avoid treatments when these grasses are in semi-dormant condition.

#### Actively growing bermudagrass

Bahiagrass

This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 1 to 3 pints of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

Trumpetcreeper

	Bluestem, silver	Johnsongrass	Vaseygrass	
of this prod	luct with 1 to 2 ounce	es of Oust per acre. Us	ed, use no more than 1 to 2 pi the the lower rates of each prod or runner length) that are listed	uct

Fescue, tail

this label and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

Bahiagrass	Dock, curty	Poorjoe
Bluestem, silver	Dogfennel	Trumpetcreeper
Broomsedge	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
Dallisgrass	Johnsongrass	Vervain, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may occur.

#### Actively growing bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 6 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply 1 to 2 weeks after full greenup or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. This application must be made prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre, followed by and application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than 2 applications per year.

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR INDUSTRIAL SITES AND FORESTRY SITE PREPARATIONS

#### MAD DOG PLUS and OUST

Use on industrial sites including airports, industrial plants, lumberyards, petroleum tank farms, pumping stations, railroads, roadsides, storage areas, warehouse areas and

This tank mixture may also be used as a site preparation treatment for sites to be planted to jack pine, loblolly pine, red pine, slash pine and Virginia pine. When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product plus Oust provides control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of the label for this product and Oust, and control or partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre as a broadcast spray to actively growing weeds.

This mixture may be applied by aerial equipment in site prep operations. When applied by air, use the recommended rates in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

For control of annual weeds, use the lower rates of these products.

For control of the listed perennial weeds, use the higher rates of both products. For partial control, use the lower rates.

**Bahlagrass** Quackgrass Dogfennel Paspalum notatum Eupatorium capilliforium Agropyron repens Trumpetcreeper\* Bermudagrass\* Fescue, tall Cynodon dactylon Festuca arundinacea Camosis radicans Broomsedge Johnsongrass\* Vasevarass Andropogon virginicus Sorghum halepense Paspalum urvillei Vervain, blue Dock, curly Poorjoe\*\* Diodia teres Verbena hastata Rumex crispus

Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

#### TANK MIXTURES NONCROP SITES

When applied as a tank mixture, this product provides control of the emerged annual weeds and partial control of the emerged perennial weeds listed in this label. When applied as a tank mixture, the following residual herbicides will provide preemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

MAD DOG PLUS and DIURON
MAD DOG PLUS and KROVAR I
MAD DOG PLUS and RONSTAR 50WP

MAD DOG PLUS and SIMAZINE 90 MAD DOG PLUS and SIMAZINE 4L MAD DOG PLUS and SURFLAN AS

When tank mixing with residual herbicides, see the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label before preparing these tank mixtures. Read and carefully observe the label claims, cautionary statements, recommended rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

#### CONTROL OF EMERGED WEEDS

Note: For backpack sprayer and handgun applications, see the "HAND-HELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT" section for recommended rates.

Annual Weeds – Apply 1 quart per acre of this product in these tank mixtures when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre when weeds are more than 6 inches tall.

**Perennial Weeds** — For partial control of perennial weeds using these tank mixtures, apply 2 to 5 quarts per acre of this product. Follow the recommendations in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for stage of growth and rate of application for specific perennial weeds.

#### PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL

For preemergence weed control, refer to the individual product labels for specific noncrop sites, rates, carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution which can be used during the same day. Do not allow these tank mixtures to stand overnight as this may result in reduced weed control.

#### **FARMSTEAD WEED CONTROL**

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label around farmstead building foundations, along and in fences, shelterbelts and for general nonselective farmstead weed control.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

#### **FARM DITCHES**

This product will suppress perennial grasses along farm ditches. Apply this product at a rate of 6 to 8 fluid ounces per acre. Use 8 fluid ounces per acre when treating tall (coarse) fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass or quackgrass covers. For best suppression of these species, add ammonium sulfate at a rate of 1.7 pounds per 10 gallons of spray solution. Use 6 fluid ounces per acre without ammonium sulfate when treating Kentucky bluegrass.

Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre to actively growing perennial grass covers. For best spray distribution and coverage, use flat fan nozzles.

Where broadleaf weed control or suppression is desired, tank mix this product with an appropriate, labeled broadleaf weed herbicide.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP ACRES)

This product can be used to control undesirable vegetation when rotating out of CRP acres or to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres.

For specific rates of application for various annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

CRP applications may be made with wiper applicators or conventional spray equipment.

For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy. Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if applications are made when plants are not dormant.

#### **DORMANT RANGELAND**

This product will control or suppress many weeds, including downy brome, cheat grass, cereal rye, medusahead rye and jointed goatgrass in dormant rangeland.

Apply 8 to 16 ounces per acre of this product in the early spring when the weeds have greened up, but desirable grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass are still truly dormant.

Slight discoloration of the desirable grasses may occur, but they will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as effects of this product wear off.

Do not use additional surfactant or ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant rangeland grasses with Mad Dog Plus.

#### **HABITAT MANAGEMENT**

This product is recommended for the restoration and/or maintenance of native habitats and in wildlife management areas. Apply as recommended in the "NONCROP USES" section of this label.

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance – When applied as directed, exotic and other undesirable vegetation may be controlled in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. For spot treatments, care should be exercised to keep spray off of desirable plants.

Wildlife Food Plots – This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after applying this product before tilling.

Arborvitae	Fir		Maple	
Thuja spp.	Abies spp.		Acer spp.	
Azalea	Pseudotsuga spp.		Oak	
Rhododendron spp.	Hollies		Quercus spp.	
Boxwood	llex spp.		Pine	
Buxus spp.	Joioba		Pinus spp.	
Crabapple	Simmondsia chinensis	Pinus spp.	Privet	
Malus spp.	Lilac	•	Ligustrum spp.	
Euonymus	Syringa spp.		Spruce	
Euonymus spp.	Magnolia		Picea spp.	33
	Magnolia spp.		Yew	
	PFF		Tayue enn	

#### SILVICULTURAL SITES and RIGHTS-OF-WAY NOTE: NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN SILVICULTURAL NURSERIES

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label. This product also suppresses or controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label when applied at recommended rates for release of established coniferous species listed on this label.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various brush, annual and perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. For specific rates of application for release of listed coniferous species, see the "CONIFER RELEASE" part of this section of the label.

Do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product per acre per year.

Aerial Application – This product may be applied using aerial spray equipment for silvicultural site preparation, conifer release and rights-of-way treatments. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT and TECHNIQUES" part of the "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label for information on how to apply this product by air.

## DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT BY AIR TO RIGHTS-OF-WAY SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

#### SITE PREPARATION

Following preplant applications of this product, any silvicultural species may be planted.

#### POSTDIRECTED SPRAY

In established silvicultural sites, use as a spray on the foliage of undesirable vegetation. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable species.

<sup>\*</sup>Suppression at the higher rates only.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Control at the lower rates.

## EPA REG. NO. 34704-890

#### CONIFER RELEASE

For release, apply at the end of the first growing season, except in California. Vegetation should not be disturbed prior to treatment or until visual symptoms appear after treatment. Symptoms of treatment are slow to appear, especially in woody species treated in late fall. Injury may occur to conifers treated for release, especially where spray patterns overlap or the higher rates are applied or when applications are made during periods of active conifer growth. Do not use additional surfactant with conifer release applications.

Applications must be made after formation of final conifer resting buds in the fall or prior to initial bud swelling in spring. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Use the following rates for conifer release to control or partially control the weeds listed in the "WEEDS CON-TROLLED" section of this label.

For release of the following conifer species:

Douglas fir Hemlock Picea spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Tsuga spp.

Spruce

Fir Abies spp. Pines' Pinus spp.

\*Includes all species except eastern white pine, loblolly pine or slash pine.

Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product per acre except in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains. For spring treatments west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 quart of this product per acre before conifer bud swell for control of annual weeds. For fall treatments in Washington and Oregon, west of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre before any major leaf drop of deciduous species.

For release of western hemlock, apply 1 quart of this product per acre.

For release of the following conifer species: Lobiolly pine

Pinus Taeda

Eastern white pine Pinus strobus

Slash pine Pinus elliotti

Late Season Application - Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre during early autumn. Applications made prior to September 1 or when conditions are conducive to rapid growth of conifers will create the potential for increased injury in the form of tip and/or needle burn. Injury may decrease with later applications. Some autumn colors are acceptable at time of application. Apply prior to frost or leaf drop of undesirable plants. Applications made according to label directions will release loblolly pine, eastern white pine and slash pine by reducing competition from the following species:

Ash Fraxinus spp. Cherry: Black Prunus serotina Pin Prunus pensylvanica Elm Ulmus spp.

Hawthorn

Crataegus spp.

Robina pseudoacacia

Locust, black

Oak: Black Quercus velutina Post Quercus stellata Southern Red Quercus falcata

Maple, red

Acer rubra

White Quercus alba Persimmon Diospyros spp. Poplar, yellow Liriodendron tulipfera

Sassafras Sassafras albidum Sourwood

Oxydendrum arboreum Sumac: Poison Rhus vernix Smooth Rhus glabra Winged Rhus copallina Sweetaum

Liquidambar styraciflua

Apply only to those sites where woody brush and trees listed in this level constitute the majority of the undesirable species.

#### MAD DOG PLUS AND OUST TANK MIXTURES FOR CONIFER **RELEASE FROM HERBACEOUS WEEDS**

To release lobiolly pines from herbaceous weeds, tank mixtures of this product with Oust will provide control of annual weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this and the Oust label, and partial control of the perennial weeds listed below.

Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make application to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of the young loblolly pines.

This product plus Oust tank mixtures may not be applied by air in California.

This tank mixture may be applied using aerial equipment. When applying by air, use the recommended rate in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

For control of annual weeds below 12 inches in height (or runner length on annual vines), use the lower rates of both products. Use the higher rates of both products when annual weeds are in more advanced stages of growth and approaching flower or seed

Use the higher rates of both products for partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

**Bahlagrass** Paspalum notatum

Broomsedge Andropogon virginicus Dock, curty Rumex crispus

Dogfennel Eupatorium capilliforium Fescue, tall Festuca arundinacea Johnsongrass\* Sorahum halepense

Poorjoe\* Diodia teres Trumpetcreeper\* Campsis radicans Vaseygrass Paspalum urvillei Vervain, blue Verbena hastate

'Control at the higher rates.

\*\*Suppression at the higher rates only.

Pine damage may occur or can be accentuated if treatment takes place when young trees are under stress from drought, flood water, insects or disease.

Read and observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

#### NOTE TO USER:

This product must not be used in areas where adverse impact on federally designated endangered/threatened plant or aquatic species is likely.

Prior to making applications, the user of this product must determine that no such species are located in or immediately adjacent to the area to be treated.

#### **CUT STUMP TREATMENTS**

Woody vegetation may be controlled by treating freshly cut stumps of trees and resprouts with this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut vegetation close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly-cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, applications should be made during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

When used according to directions for cut stump application, this product will CONTROL, PARTIALLY CONTROL or SUPPRESS many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below:

Alder Oak Alnus spp. Quercus spp. Eucalyptus Eucalyptus spp.

Reed, glant Arundo donax Madrone Saltcedar Arbutus menziesii Tamarisk spp. Sweetgum Liquidambar styraciflua

Tan Oak Lithocarpus densiflorus

Willow Salix spp.

#### INJECTION AND FRILL APPLICATIONS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection or frill application of this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment which must penetrate into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1 ml of this product per each 2 to 3 inches of trunk diameter (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this material either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runoff to occur from frill or cut areas in species that exude sap freely after frills or cutting. In species such as this, make frill or cut at an oblique angle so as to produce a cupping effect and use undiluted material. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion.

This treatment WILL CONTROL the following woody species:

Oak Sweetgum Quercus spp. Liquidambar styraciflua Sycamore Poplar Platanus occidentalis Populus spp.

This treatment WILL SUPPRESS the following woody species:

Black gum Hickory Nyssa sylvatica Carva spp. Dogwood Maple, red Cornus spp. Acer rubrum

### **RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIAGRASS**

NOTE: Use only in areas where bermudagrass or barriagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. Use tank mixtures of this product plus Oust only on railroads, highways, utility plant sites, or other right-of-way areas.

When applied as directed for "NONCROP USES" under the conditions described, this product will provide control or suppression of many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. This product may be tankmixed with Oust as recommended for residual control. Make applications to dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Tank mixtures of this product plus Oust may delay greenup. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, do not add more than 1 ounce per acre of Oust on bermudagrass or more than 0.5 ounce per acre on bahiagrass, or treat when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is in or beyond the 4 to 6-leaf stage.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

Rate recommendations for control or suppression of winter annuals and tall fescue are

Apply the recommended rates of this product alone or as a tank mixture in 10 to 25 gallons of water, plus 0.5 to 1 percent nonionic surfactant by total spray volume per acre.

For the best recommendation for the mixture of weeds within your geographic area, contact your sales representative.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED WITH MAD DOG PLUS ALONE\*

NOTE:

C = Control S = Suppression

	MAD DOG PLUS FLUID OZ/ACRE					
WEED SPECIES	8	. 12	16	24	32	64
Barley, little	S	С	С	С	C	C
Hordeum pusilium						
Bedstraw, catchweed	S	C	С	С	С	С
Galium aparine						
Bluegrass, annual	S	С	С	С	С	С
Poa annua						
Chervil	S	С	С	С	С	С
Chaerophyllum tainturieri						
Chickweed, common	S	С	С	С	С	С
Stellaria media						
Clover, crimson	•	S	s	С	С	С
Trifolium incamatum						•
Clover, large hop	•	s	s	С	С	С
Trifolium campestre						
Fescue, tall	•	•	•	•	s	S
Festuca arundinaceae			_	_	_	
Geranium, Carolina	•	•	s	S	С	С
Geranium carolinianum		_	_	_	_	_
Henbit	•	S	С	С	С	С
Lamium amplexicaule			_	_	_	_
Ryegrass, Italian	•	•	S	С	С	C
Lolium multiflorum		•	•	•	~	_
Speedwell, com	S	C	С	С	С	C
Veronica arvensis	_		•	•		_
Vetch, common	•	•	S	С	С	C
Vicia sativa						

<sup>\*</sup>These rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED WITH MAD DOG PLUS AND OUST\*

NOTE: C = Control S = Suppression

			PLUS	+ OUS	<u> </u>	_		
	MAD DOG PLU	IS						
	(FL. OZ/A)	8	12	12	16	` 16	12	16
	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
WEED SPECIES	OUST(OZ/A)	- 1/4	1/4	1/2	1/4	1/2	1	1
Barley, little		C	С	C	С	С	С	C
Hordeum pusilium								
Bedstraw, catchweed	IC	С	C	С	С	С	C	
Galinium aparine							_	
Biuegrass, annual		S	С	С	С	С	С	С
Poa annua			_	_	_	_	_	_
Chervil		С	С	C.	С	С	С	С
Chaerophyllum tainturi		_	_	_	_	_	_	
Chickweed, common	S	С	С	С	С	С	С	
Stellaria media		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Clover, crimson		s	s	S	s	С	С	С
Trifolium incamatum				_	_	_	_	_
Clover, large hop		•	•	s	S	С	С	C
Trifolium campestre							_	_
Fescue, tall		•	•	•	•	•	S	S
Festuca arundinaceae			_	_	_	_	_	_
Geranium, Carolina		•	S	S	С	С	С	С
Geranium carolinianun	n		_	С	С	_	_	_
Henbit		•	s	C	C	С	С	С
Lamium amplexicaule		_	s	s	С	_	С	С
Ryegrass, Italian		•	5	5	C	С	C	L
Lolium multiflorum		_	_	_	С	_		_
Speedwell, corn		S	С	С	C	С	С	С
Veronica arvensis		_	^	_	_	_	_	_
Vetch, common		С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Vicia sativa			_					

<sup>\*</sup>These rates or mixtures of rates apply only to sites where an established competitive turf is present.

#### RELEASE OF ACTIVELY GROWING BERMUDAGRASS

When applied as directed, this product will aid in the release of bermudagrass by providing control of annual species listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this and the Oust label, and suppression or partial control of certain perennial weeds.

For control or suppression of those annual species listed on this label, use 1 to 3 pints of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 25 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or length of runner in annual vines). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation.

Use the higher rate of this product for partial control of the following perennial species. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth. For best results, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for proper stage of growth.

Bahlagrass
Paspalum notatum
Bluestem, silver
Andropogon saccharoides

Fescue, tall
Festuca arundinacea
Johnsongrass\*
Sorghum halepense

Trumpetcreeper\*
Campsis radicans
Vaseygrass
Paspalum urvillei

\*Control at the higher rates.

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust. If tank-mixed, use no more than 1 to 2 pints per acre of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre.

Use the lower rates of both mixtures to control annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length in annual vines) that are listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this booklet and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages.

Use the higher rates of this product to provide partial control of the following perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

Bahlagrass	Dogfennel	Trumpetcreeper**
Paspalum notatum	Eupatorium capilliforium	Campsis radicans
Bluestem, silver	Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
Andropogon saccharoides	Festuca arundinacea	Paspalum urvillei
Broomsedge	Johnsongrass*	Vervain, blue
Andropogon virginicus	Sorghum halepense	Verbena hastata
Dock, curly	Poorloe**	
Rumex crispus	Diodia teres	

<sup>\*</sup>Suppression at higher rates only.

#### Mad Dog Plus and Oust

For suppression of tall fescue growth and seedheads, and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre.

#### Mad Dog Plus and Escort

This tank mixture can be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression and control or partial control of some annual weeds. Use up to 1/3 ounce of Escort per acre.

#### SMOOTH BROME

#### Mad Dog Plus and Oust

For suppression of smooth brome growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre.

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#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store above 10°F (-12°C) to keep product from crystallizing. Crystals will settle to the bottom. If allowed to crystallize, place in a warm room 68°F (20°C) for several days to redissolve and roll or shake container or recirculate in mini-bulk or bulk container to mix well before using.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures. Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleansed, reconditioned, or destroyed.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse this container to hold materials other than pesticides or dilute pesticides (rinsate). After emptying and cleaning, it may be allowable to temporarily hold rinsate or other pesticide-related materials in the container. Contact your state regulatory agency to determine allowable practices in your state. Once cleaned, some agricultural plastic pesticide containers can be taken to a container collection site or picked up for recycling. To find the nearest site, contact your chemical dealer or manufacturer, or contact The Agricultural Container Recycling Council (ACRC) at www.acrecycle.org.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

For packages up to 5 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 5 gallons and less than 56 gallons: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure

<sup>\*\*</sup>Suppression at higher rates only.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Control at the higher rates.

Storage & Disposal cont'd :

rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

For packages greater than 56 gallons: To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

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