11/02/2004





UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

NOV 2 2004

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Scott Baker Loveland Products, Inc. P.O. Box 1286 Greeley, CO 80632-1286

Subject:

Label Amendment: Revise to match "me too product", add uses and update

company name on labels

BioCover LS

EPA Reg. No. 34704-808

Submissions dated May 27, 2004 and October 27, 2004

Dear Mr. Baker:

The labeling referred to the above listed products, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable with the following comment:

1) Add under the Storage and Disposal heading "Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal".

A stamped copy "accepted with comments" of the label is enclosed for your records.

Please submit two copies of the final printed label for our records. If you have any questions please call me at (703) 308-8328.

Sincerely,

Akiva Abramovitch, Ph. D.

Chemist

Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)



Blocover "LS





ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	By Weight
Petroleum Oil	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	<u>2.00%</u>
	TOTAL 100.00%
Unsulphonated Residue	99.00%
	(minimum)
Aromatic Composition by ASTM D2140	0.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Below For Additional Precautionary Statements.

FIRST AID

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

if swallowed:	Timmediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 –20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a polson control center or doctor for treatment advice.
if on skin or clothing:	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
if inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Petroleum distillate poses aspiration pneumonia hazard. Only minor irritation should be expected from any type of exposure other than pulmonary aspiration. Ingestion may result in some gastroenteritis and mild diarrhea. Since systemic toxicity is not expected, the added risk of aspiration from attempts FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL:

1-800-301-7976

EPA REG. NO. 34704-808 EPA EST. NO		
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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin or inhaled. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. This product is a potential skin sensitizer. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with Soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves (such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile rubber, Butyl, Neoprene rubber or Viton) and shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering controls statements:

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets with requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Apply this product only as specified on the label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product aerially.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes and socks and chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate).

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements to this pox apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the score of the trunker of tection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Partite G Design State of this product is used to produce agricultural Part's treat Typedes or 3'3 inhouses. Children and pers out of the treated area until sprays have dried.

NOV **2**:2904

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Rec. No.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. To confine spills If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container, identify contents.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Metal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers. Plastic: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Use only in equipment with sufficient agitation to keep spray thoroughly mixed. Be sure tank is clean. With agitator running, start filling tank with water; add oil when tank is about ½ full. Pump this mixture through the overflow and back into tank for about two minutes. If this mixture turns white, it indicates good emulsification. Fill the tank with water, adding other desired materials as tank is filling. If wettable powders are used, add and thoroughly mix before adding oil. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures. Keep agitator running at all times. If an injector is used, first add 25 to 50 gals, of water to tank with engine running to provide good pressure. Put injector suction tube into the measured amount of spray oil, opening injector valve to allow the oil to be sucked into the tank, then fill the tank with water.

DO NOT USE THIS MATERIAL IF IT DOES NOT EMULSIFY.

Preharvest Interval - This product may be used up to the day of harvest.

To ensure the best coverage, dilute applications (greater than 150 gallons of spray solution per acre) are recommended. Concentrate applications (usually from 20 to 150 gallons of spray solution) may reduce the coverage and thus the effectiveness. Application volumes depend on the crop type, crop size and target pest.

Adjust the spray volume to obtain the best coverage without runoff. Extreme care should be taken when using concentrate sprays as the potential for enhanced crop phytotoxicity is increased. A concentrate application can provide satisfactory results as long as the spray unit is properly engineered, calibrated and operated.

Note: Use efficient equipment of the proper type. Avoid spraying during or immediately prior to hot or freezing weather (over 95°F, or under 32°F), hot dry winds, rain or other unsuitable conditions; avoid over spraying or double spraying. Plants should be sprayed only when in vigorous condition and when their moisture condition is suitable. Before using, make certain spray tank is free of sulfur residues. Do not apply sulfur within 30 days except in the Northwest (Oregon and Washington) where it may be used in combination on Pears as a Post Harvest (after old fruit is off the tree), Dormant and Delayed Dormant (before the scales slip, or at or prior to bud swell) treatment and on Apples prior to or up to the Delayed Dormant (½ inch green) period. In areas west of the Continental Divide do not apply to Captan treated trees within 90 days after or 60 days before this oil. In areas east of the Continental Divide do not apply to Captan treated trees within 10 to 14 days before and after this oil. If in doubt, spray a portion of one tree previously treated with Sulfur or Captan using 1 quart to 25 gallons water. Burn will show in several days if sufficient time has not elegated.

This product has not been tested on all species or varieties. Before treating a large area, treat a small area and observe prior to full scale application.

A period of 14 days must elapse before any of the following chemicals are used before or after an application of this product: anilazine (Dyrene), chlorothalonii (Bravo), dicloran (Botran), dicofol (Kelthane), Dikar, dinocap (Karathane), permethrin (Ambush, Pounce).

Do not use chlorothalonil (Bravo) or dimethoate (Cygon) in a spray program with this product on grapes, ornamentals and strawberries. Do not use dicofol (Kelthane) in a spray program with this product on ornamentals and strawberries. Do not use propargite (Omite) with an oil spray or within 30 days before or after an oil spray.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS

APPLES AND PEARS:

PEŞTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
APPLES AND PEARS:	DORMANT OR DELAYED DORMANT: Use 1 to 2	
European Fruit Lecanium Scale	gals, per 100 gals, of water at 100 to 800 gals, per acre.	
Olive Scale	(Concentrate Spray: Use 3 to 8 gals, per acre in a	
San Jose Scale	minimum of 20 to 100 gals. water per acre.)	
European Red Mite Eggs		
Two Spotted Spider Mite	FOLIAR SPRAY (Post Bloom):	
Pacific Red Mite	East of the Mississippl: Use 1 quart - 11/2 gallons per	
European Red Mite	100 gals, of water at 100 to 800 gals, per acre. Do	
	Not exceed more than 1½ gals, per acre per application	
	for SUMMER treatments.	1
	(Concentrate Spray: Do not exceed more than 11/2 gals.	
	per acre per application. Apply a minimum of 50 gals.	1
	water per acre.)	
	West of the Mississippi: Use 1 qt. to 1½ gals. per 100	
	gals, of water at 100 to 800 gals, per acre.	
	(Concentrate Spray: Do not exceed more than 1½ gals.	
	per acre per application. Apply a minimum of 20 to 100	[
APPLES ONLY:	gals, water per acre). DORMANT OR DELAYED DORMANT: Use 1 to 2	
Rosy Apple Aphid Eggs	gals, per 100 gals, of water at 100 to 800 gals, per	
Apple Aphid Eggs	ACTE.	
	(Concentrate Spray: Use 3 to 8 gals per acre in a	
Fruit Tree Leafroller	minimum of 20 to 100 gals. water per acre.) GREEN TIP TO DELAYED DORMANT: Use 1 to 3	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	gals, per 100 gals, of water at 100 to 800 gals, per	
Apple Red Bug	10	
Scurfy Scale	acre.) • · · •
	(Concentrate Spray: Use 3 to 12 gals, per acre in a	· ·
	minimum of 20 to 100 gals. water per acre.)	
European Red Mite		Delayed dormant preferred
San Jose Scale	DORMANT, GREEN TIP TO DELAYED DORMANT:	
Forbes Scale	Use 1 to 2 gals, per 100 gals, of water at 100 to 800	
	gals, per acre.	
	(Concentrate Spray: Use 3 to 8 gals, per acre in a	!
	minimum of 20 to 100 gais, water per acre.)	`
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APPLES AND PEARS cont'd.:

PEARS ONLY:	DORMANT: Use 1 to 2 gals, per 100 gals, of water	Apply before eggs are laid.
Pear Psylla	at 100 to 800 gals, per acre.	
•	(Concentrate Spray: Use 3 to 8 gals, per acre in a	
	minimum of 20 to 100 gals, water per acre.)	
Fruit Tree Leafroller	DORMANT: Use 1 to 3 gals, per 100 gals, of water	
Pear Leaf Blister Mite	at 100 to 800 gals, per acre.	
	(Concentrate Spray: Use 3 to 12 gals, per acre in a	
	minimum of 20 to 100 gals, water per acre.)	

ALMONDS, APRICOTS, CHERRIES, NECTARINES, PEACHES, PISTACHIO, PLUMS AND PRUNES: (Directions for use on Plums and Prunes in California's Sacramento Valley can be found in the table following this one):

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Black Scale European Fruit Lecanium Scale San Jose Scale Olive Scale Frosted Scale Aphid Eggs European Red Mite Eggs Brown Mite Eggs Fruittree Leafroller Eggs	DORMANT AND DELAYED DORMANT: Use 1 to 3 gals. per 100 gals. of water at 300 to 600 gals. per acre. (Concentrate Spray: Use 6 to 8 gals. per acre in a minimum of 20 gals. of water per acre.)	Preferred times of application for European Fruit Lecanium Scale and European Red Mite Eggs is Green Tip to Delayed Dormant, and for San Jose Scale is Dormant, Green Tip to Delayed Dormant.
Terrapin Scale	DELAYED DORMANT: Use 2 to 3 gals. per 100 gals. of water at 300 to 600 gals. per acre. (Concentrate Spray: Use 8 to 12 gals. per acre in a minimum of 20 gals. of water per acre.)	
Cottony Peach Scale	DORMANT: Use 2 to 3 gais, per 100 gais, of water at 300 to 600 gallions per acre. (Concentrate Spray: Use 8 to 12 gals, per acre in a minimum of 20 gals, of water per acre.	
Two-spotted Spider Mite Pacific Mite European Red Mite Brown Mite	FOLIAR SPRAY: Use ½ to 1½ gals. per 100 gals. of water at 300 to 600 gals. per acre. (Concentrate Spray: Do not use more than 4 gals. per acre in a minimum of 20 gals. water per acre.)	Certain varieties of plums and prunes may be injured by oil sprays, check for tolerance prior to treatment. Do not apply to trees lacking moisture.
White Peach Scale on Peaches: Only for use in Georgia, Florida, South Carolina, North Carolina, and Alabama.	DORMANT: Use 1½ to 2 gals. per 100 gals. of water at 300 to 600 gals. per acre. (Concentrate Spray: Use 6 to 8 gals. per acre in a minimum of 20 gals. of water per acre.)	Apply before buds begin to swell in the spring. Make 2 applications 7 to 14 days apart, according to local recommendations, during the dormant period.

PLUMS AND PRUNES: (Sacramento Valley of California Only)

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Black Scale	PRE-BLOOM WHEN FRUIT BUDS SHOW GREEN	Application at this time is preferred.
European Fruit Lecanium Scale	TIPS: Use 11/2 to 2 gals. per 100 gals. of water at 300	
San Jose scale	to 600 gals, per acre.	
Olive Scale	(Concentrate Spray: Use 6 to 8 gals, per acre in a	
Frosted Scale	minimum of 20 gais, water per acre.)	
Mealy Plum Aphid Eggs		
Leaf Curl Plum Aphid Eggs		
Brown Mite Eggs		
European Red Mite Eggs		
Two-spotted Spider Mite	FOLIAR SPRAY: Use 1/2 to 1 gals. per 100 gals.	Oil sprays may injure certain varieties of plums and prunes, check for
Pacific Mite	water at 300 to 600 gals, per acre.	tolerance prior to treatment.
European Red Mite	(Concentrate Spray: Use 4 to 6 gals, per acre in a	
Brown Mite	minimum of 20 gais, water per acre.)	

AVOCADOS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Avocado Brown Mite	Use 1/2 to 1 gal. per 100 gals, of water with thorough	Apply through late fall.
Thrip	coverage in 400 to 3000 gal, per acre. (Concentrate	Consult with your local University of California Cooperative
Pracea Mite	Spray: Use 4 to 15 gals, per acre in a minimum of	Extension Service for proper timing and application parameters.
	50 to 100 gals. per acre.)	

BANANAS, PLANTAINS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Black Leaf Streak (Mycosphaerella fijiensis) Black Sigatoka (Mycosphaerella fijiensis var. difformis) Yellow Sigatoka Mycosphaerella musicola)	Use ½ to 1½ gals. in 20 to 100 gals. of water per acre. (Mist Blower: Use 1½ gals. in 6 gals. of water per acre.)	Begin application when disease first appears and continue every 10 to 15 days during rainy periods or as is needed. Do not apply when daytime temperatures exceed 80° F as injury may occur. Phytotoxicity may be affected by the quantity of oil used, vigor of trees and temperature at the time of application. Bag fruits, or use a directed spray on unbagged fruits. Bagged fruit improves crop safety where as unbagged fruit may show phytotoxicity. This application is also effective in loosening Sooty Mold Fungus and in preventing it's formation by the control of Aphids, Mealybugs, Scales and Whitefly.

BLUEBERRIES*, BUSHBERRIES*, CANEBERRIES:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Mites	0.75-1.5	Using ground equipment, spray for optimum coverage of leaf surfaces.
Powdery Mildew		For fungal diseases use at least 200 psi spray pressure.
Rust		

CITRUS: (California Only) - Lemons, Grapefruit, and Oranges (Navel and Valencia), Limes, Tangerines and Tangelos and other citrus hybrids.

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Mites -Citrus Bud -Citrus Flat -Citrus Red -Citrus Rust	Central California: Apply ½ to 1½ gals. of oil per 100 gals. of water as thorough coverage spray (TC). Alternately, use a low volume spray (LV) to apply 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre.	Apply July through September.
Scales Black Brown Soft California Red	Apply up to 10 gals. of oil per acre on bearing trees up to 10 feet in height. Add 1 gal. of oil per acre for each foot of tree height over 10 feet. Apply as a low volume spray (LV) 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre.	
Citricola Purple Yellow Red	Apply as a low volume spray (LV) 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre.	For Lemons and Limes, make applications in all months except December through February; for Grapefruit make applications July through October; for Oranges make applications on Navela July through September and on Valencias, Tangelos and Tangerines and other citrus hybrids July through October.
Mites Citrus Bud Citrus Flat Citrus Red Citrus Rust	Southern California: Apply ½ to 1½ gals. of oil per 100 gals. water as a thorough coverage spray (TC). Alternately, use a low volume spray (LV) to apply 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre.	For Coastal Lemons and Limes, apply May and June and/or September through December. For Interior Lemons and Limes, apply in April and May and/or September through November.
cales Black Brown Soft California Red Citricola	Apply up to 10 gals, of oil per acre on bearing trees up to 10 feet in height. Add 1 gal, of oil per acre for each foot of tree height over 10 feet. Apply as a low volume spray (LV) 1 to 10 gals of oil per acre.	
Purple Yellow Red	Apply as a low volume spray (LV) 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre.	For Lemons and Limes, make applications in all months except December through February; for Grapefruit make applications July through October; for Oranges make applications on Navels July through September and on Valencias, Tangelos and Tangerines and other citrus hybrids July through October.
dites Citrus Bud Citrus Flat Citrus Red Citrus Rust	Oxnard Plains Area: Apply ½ to 1½ gals. of oil per 100 gals. of water as a thorough coverage spray (TC). Alternately, use a low volume spray (LV) to apply 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre. Apply up to 10 gals. of oil per acre on bearing trees up to 10 feet in height. Add 1 gal. of oil per acre for each foot of tree height over 10	Make applications as needed throughout the year.
icales Black Brown Soft California Red Citricola Purple Yellow	feet. Apply as a low volume spray (LV) 1 to 10 gals. of oil per acre.	
Red		

Thorough coverage spray (TC): Applications achieving a uniform film wetting of all portions of the tree at 250 to 4500 gallons of spray solution per acre, the total volume is dependent of the size of the trees.

Low-volume spray (LV): Applications with droplet depositions achieved on all interior and exterior parts of the tree using 10 to 100 gallons of spray solution per acre. Do not apply prior to or during a period of excessively high temperatures.

Do not apply oil spray when trees show stress.

Consult with your local University of California Cooperative Extension Specialist for proper timing and spray program.

BioCoverTM LS EPA REG. NO. 34704-808

CITRUS: (Florida and Texas) -Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos and Tangerines and other citrus hybrids.

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Citrus Rust Mite	5 to 10 gais, of oil per acre. Apply as a dilute spray.	Does not control citrus Snow Scale.
Spider Mites	5 to 10 gals, of oil per acre. Apply as a dilute spray.	
Scale Insects	5 gats, of oil per acre + 6 pints Ethion 4EC. Apply as	Summer spray only.
-Black Soft	a dilute spray.	Observe all applicable precautions on Ethion label.
-Brown Soft		Do not apply to Navel oranges.
-Chaff		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-Glover		
-Purple		
-Red		
-Yellow		
Scale Insects	5 to 10 gals, of oil per acre. Apply as a dilute spray,	
-Black Soft		
-Brown Soft		
-Chaff		
-Glover		
-Purple		
-Red		
-Yellow		
Whitefly	5 gals, of oil per acre, Apply as a dilute spray.	
Greasy Spot	5 gals. of oil per acre. Apply as a dilute spray.	Tank mix with sufficient copper fungicide to provide 4 lbs. per acre
(Grapefruit)		of metallic copper.
Greasy Spot	5 to 10 gals, of oil per acre. Apply as a dilute spray.	If disease pressure is severe, tank mix 4 lbs. (metallic) copper per
(all other varieties)		acre. Do not exceed 5 gals, oil if copper used.
Loosening sooty mold	5 to 10 gals. of oil per acre. Apply as a dilute spray.	Use higher rate when disease pressure is heavy.

Dilute spray: Apply the spray oil application rate in up to 4500 gallons of water per acre, or 30 to 35 gallons per tree, to over 45 gallons per tree for large trees. Best results can be obtained when the oil is added to a partially filled spray tank under proper agitation and all foliage is thoroughly covered.

Precautions in the use of oil include: Do not apply oil spray when trees are wilting. Do not apply oil and sulfur within 3 weeks of each other in Florida or Texas. Oil spray applied after October 1 may increase susceptibility of trees to cold damage and may reduce the fruit crop the following year. Oil sprays applied in the fall may inhibit solids formation in the juice and retard coloring of fruit and should not be applied within 60 days of anticipated harvest. Sensitive follage may be injured.

Florida growers consult the Florida Citrus Spray and Dust Schedule, or your Agricultural Experiment Station or State Extension Service Specialist for complete details on the spraying program best suited to your locale. Texas growers consult with your Agricultural Experiment Station or State Extension Specialist for complete details on the spraying program suited to you locale.

COFFEE:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Green Scale	Use 3 to 6 gallons in 100 gallons of water per acre.	Apply when insects appear and treat as necessary at 30 to 60 day
	Use only water as a diluent.	intervals. Do not exceed 18 gallons of oil per acre in a growing
		season. Do not apply with in 30 days of harvest when berries are
		handpicked. Oli residues make picking difficult.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Phytotoxicity may be affected by the quantity of oil used, vigor of trees and temperature at the time of application.

FIGS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Fig Scale	1-3	Dormant or Delayed Dormant
Mites	1-2	Foliar Spray
Mealybug		
Scale		

GRAPES:

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Mealybug	DORMANT: Use 1 to 3 gals, plus the appropriate label	Do not apply over 300 gals, of water per acre.
Mites	rate of insecticide registered for use on grapes in 200	1
Leafhopper*	to 300 gals, of water per acre.	Using ground equipment, spray for optimum coverage of leaf surfaces.
Whiteflies*		Repeat sprays every 10-14 days.
Powdery Mildew.		
•	j	For powdery mildew - Make first application pre-bloom and continue
		every ten days to three weeks depending on level of disease pressure.
		Use higher rate and/or shorter spray interval when disease conditions are
		severe.
		Oil will remove the bloom on grapes.
		Table grapes should not be sprayed within 60 days of harvest.
		On grapes, do not tank mix oil and copper more than once/season. Do
		not use copper and oil together with fruit present.

OLIVES:

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Olive (Parlatoria) Scale	POSTBLOOM THROUGH AUGUST AND POST	
Oleander Scale	HARVEST: Use 1 to 11/2 gals, per 100 gals, of water at	
Black Scale	400 to 1500 gals, per acre,	
Mites		Prebloom to Postbloom Buckshot

PECANS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Scales	Use 2 to 3 gallons in 100 gallons of water using a	Apply from late February until buds first break.
Aphids (eggs)	minimum of 200 gallons of water per acre. Use the	
Mites (eggs)	lower rate of oil when trees are in a weakened	
	condition.	
	(Concentrate Spray: Use 6 to 8 gallons per acre in a	
	minimum of 20 to 125 gallons of water.)	

STRAWBERRIES:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Leafminers*	0.75	Spray at no less than 400 psi using ceramic spray nozzles (ALBUZ® ATR.
Mites		lilac color or their equivalent).
Powdery Mildew		

TROPICAL FRUIT: Kiwl, Mango, Papaya and Pineapple.

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
KIWI	Use 4 to 6 gallons of oil in a minimum of 100 gallons	Do not apply after budbreak. Do not use on weak or stressed vines,
Latania Scale	of water per acre. Use higher rate when scale	or where soil moisture is inadequate.
Greedy Scale	populations are high.	·
Oleander Scale		
San Jose Scale		
MANGO	Use 1 to 1.5 gallons of oil in 100 gallons of water per	Apply every 2 to 3 weeks as necessary depending on level of pest
Mites	acre.	pressure.
Powdery Mildew		
PAPAYA	Use 0.75 to 1.5 gallons in 100 gallons of water per	For Powdery Mildew/Mites: Spray every 10 to 14 days depending on
Mites	acre.	the level of pest pressure. For Virus: Initiate spray when seeds are
Powdery Mildew		germinated. Spray weekly using 400 psi spray pressure and ceramic
Papaya Ringspot Virus		hollow cone nozzies.
PINEAPPLE	Spray - Use 1 to 2 gallons of oil in 100 gallons of	
Mealybugs	water per acre	
Bud Moth	Dip - Use 1 to 2 gallons of oil in 100 gallons of water,	Allow fruit to dry for 1 hour before being stored.
Chinese Rose Beetle	dip for 30 seconds.	

WALNUTS:

PEST	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING	COMMENTS
Black Scale Calico Scale European Fruit Lecanium Scale Frosted Scale Olive Scale San Jose Scale		Use only on trees that have not suffered from lack of moisture at any time during the growing season. Do not apply to orchards where sol moisture is low. Trees must be fully dormant. Do not apply after husk split.
European Red Mite Eggs <u>Walnut Aphid Eggs</u> Spider Mites Soft Scales	SUMMER FOLIAR (when leaves fully expanded): Use 4 to 6 gals, per acre in 200 to 500 gals, water per acre.	

VEGETABLE CROPS

ASPARAGUS, BEANS, BEETS, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER and other Cole crops, CELERY, CUCURBITS, EGGPLANT, LETTUCE, MELON, PEPPER, POTATO, PUMPKIN, RADISH, SQUASH, SWEET POTATO, TOMATO, HERBS AND SPICES (Curly Leaf Basil, Lemon Balm, Mexican Oregano, Mint), ORIENTAL VEGETABLES (Acerola, Atemoy, Balsam pear (Bitter melon), Carambola, Chinese broccoll (Gal Lon), Chinese cabbage (Gal Choy), Chinese spinach, Chinese waxgourd, Cilantro, Citron melon, Dasheen, Ginger, Ginseng, Japanese artichoke, Japanese radish (Daikon), Rambutan):

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids Mites Beetle Larvae Leafminers Thrips Leafnopper Whitefly	0.75-1	For virus control on cucurbits use 0.75 gallons per 100 g. Spray once or twice weekly depending on the rapid growth of the crop and / or vector pressure. When using to control insect transmitted diseases, use higher pressure 400 psi and ceramic hollow cone nozzles.

ORNAMENTALS

FOLIAGE ORNAMENTALS & BEDDING PLANTS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (ounces of oil per gallon of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids Adelaids	1-2.5 oz. per gallon	Summer (Foliar or Cover): Do not spray plants during flowering.
Adelgias		

SHADE TREES** AND SHRUBS INCLUDING CONFERS, DECIDUOUS BROADLEAF EVERGREENS & WOODY ORNAMENTALS, ORNAMENTAL TREES**, SHRUBS ALONG CITY STREETS, OTHER RIGHTS-OF-WAY INCLUDING CONFERS, DECIDUOUS AND BROADLEAF EVERGREENS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (ounces of oil per gallon of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids Adelaids	Winter Dormant Period:	CAUTION: Spray no more than 4 times during the growing season; Use a 2 week minimum application Interval. Do not spray when there is
Eriophyid Mites	2.5-4 oz. per gallon	obvious moisture deficit in leaves, or the plant is under stress. For fall
Gall Mites		dormant applications, reduce rate to 2 gallons oil per 100 gallons water
Honey Locust Plant Bug		and limit use only to: American Red Oak, Japanese Black Pine, Dogwood,
Lace Bug	Summer (Follar or Cover):	Weeping Cherry, Cornelian Cherry, Crabapple, Norway Maple, Purple
Leaf Beetle Larvae	·	Plum.
Leafminer	1-2.5 oz. per gallon	NOTE: May cause discoloration of Blue Spruce. Do not use on conifers
Leafrollers		or ferns not tolerant to oil sprays. Use enough spray solution to
Mealybugs		completely penetrate the leaf canopy and cover both top and bottom of
Psyllids (immature)		all of the leaves and stems until wet but without significant runoff. Do not
Red Mites		spray during flowering.
Sawfly (larvae)		
Scales (immature)		
Spider Mites		
Webworms		
Whiteflies		

FLOWERING AND FOLIAGE PLANTS INCLUDING ROSES AND OTHER FLOWERING SHRUBS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (ounces of oil per gallon of water)	COMMENTS
Same as above	Winter Dormant Period:	Do not spray during flowering.
	2.5-4 oz. per gallon	

CHRISTMAS TREES **:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (ounces of oil per gallon of water)	COMMENTS
Scale (soft & hard) (immature)	2-3	Winter
Spider Mites	0.75-2	Summer

Use a lower concentration for more sensitive plants.

GREENHOUSE AND CONTAINER

Frequency of Application: For the greenhouse pests listed, use once a week initially, then as the pest is controlled, decrease the frequency to every 2-3 weeks as needed.

Application safety during bloom period should be determined for each individual species of plant to be treated by conducting a small test.

AGERATUM, CROWN OF THORNS, DIEFFENBACHIA, FERNS, FICUS, LISIANTHUS, ORCHID, PALMS, PETUNIA, POINSETTIA, SCHEFFLERA, SUNFLOWER:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids Fungus Gnats Leafminers Mealybugs Scales (soft & hard) Spider Mites Thrips Whitefly	0.5-1	Due to varietal differences in response to a treatment of this product at the recommended rate, we recommend conducting a small test on 1 or 2 plants of the specific variety to be treated.

LEAF POLISH FOR HARDY PLANTS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (ounces of oil	COMMENTS
	per gallon of water)	
	1	

AGLAONEMA, ASTER, AZALEAS, BEGONIAS, BROWALLIA, CAMELLIAS, CARNATION, CELOSIA, CHRYSANTHEMUM, COLEUS, COSMOS, DUSTY MILLER, EASTER LILIES, GARDENIAS, GERBERA, HELLICHRYSUM, HIBISCUS FOLIAGE, HYDRANGEA, JADE PLANT, MARIGOLD, NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS, NICOTONIA, PHILEDENDRON, PORTULACA, REIGER BEGONIAS, SNAPDRAGON, ZINNIAS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids Fungus Gnats Leafminers Mealybugs Scales (soft & hard) Spider Mites Thrips Whitefly	1-2	Due to varietal differences in response to a treatment of this product at the recommended rate, we recommend conducting a small test on 1 or 2 plants of the specific variety to be treated.

Some plants are more sensitive to oil treatments if any of the following conditions are present when application is made: High humidity (74%), an overcast or cloudy day, inadequate air flow, a small greenhouse where the sunlight is magnified causing a fast build-up of temperature and light intensity.

^{**} This product removes the glaucous (blue) bloom from such evergreens as Colorado Blue Spruce and Koster Spruce. Always use lower dosage or test spray oil sensitive plants such as Cryptomeria, Smoke Tree, Chamaecypris, Juniper, Japanese Holly and Spruce. Tendency toward sensitivity: Red Cedar and Douglas Fir.

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FIELD CROPS

CORN (Sweet & Field), SUGAR BEETS:

PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids	Corn: 1-2	
Mites	Sugar Beets: 2	
Leafminers		
Corn Earworm		
Rootworm		
Armyworm		
Whitefly		
HOPS*:		
PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Mites Powdery Mildew	1-2	For powdery mildew: Initiate sprays at early leaf stage. Continue sprays every 10-14 days. Mite control will be effective under the same spray interval as powdery mildew sprays. Discontinue sprays at burr development.
TOBACCO:		
PESTS	APPLICATION RATE & TIMING (gallons of oil per 100 gallons of water)	COMMENTS
Aphids	0.75-1	
Mites	i	
Beetle Larvae		
Leafminers	}	
Thrips		
Leafhopper		
Whitefly		

^{*}Asterisk denotes crop, pest Not approved in California.

This product has not been tested on all species or varieties. Before treating a large area, treat a small area and observe prior to full scale application.

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