ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA Section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours

Dennis M. Edwards, Jr. Product Manager (12) Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (B-7505C)



For control of certain insect pests on field crops, fruit, vegetable crops, nuts and certain ornamental plantings.

ACTIVE MIGREPHENT

 O,O-Dimethyl S-{(4-oxo-1,2,3-benzotriazin-3(4H)-yl) methyl} phosphorodithiosle
 22%

 INERT INGREDIENTS:
 78%

TOTAL
THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS 2.0 LBS.
AZINDHOS METHYL PER GALLON

STOP! READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER PELIGRO



POISON

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: SI usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

See Below For Additional Precautionary Statements.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-

EPA EST. NO. ____

NET CONTENTS _____ GALLONS

27837

EXP10R90

100%

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER POISON

Fatal if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Do not breathe fumes or spray mist. Spray operator should work to windward to stay out of drift or mist.

When loading spray tank or handling the concentrate at any other time, wear protective ciothing, natural rubber gloves and goggles.

When handling the concentrate, wear a pesticide respirator jointly approved by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (formerly the U.S. Bureau of Mines) and by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR Part 11.

On not contaminate leed or foodstuffs. Keep out of reach of children and domestic animals. Keep all unprotected persons out of the operation area or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and warm water before eliting or smoking.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

In case of poisoning, call a physician immediately. Have patient lie down and keep quiet,

If swallowed: Induce vomiting, Administer water freely and induce vomiting by grving one dose (1/2 oz. or 15 ml.) of syrup of ipecac. If vomiting does not occur within 10 to 20 minutes, administer second dose. If syrup of ipecac is not available induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Professional medical assistance should be secured immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Remove from contaminated area and have patient lie down and keep quiet,

If on skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin immediately with warm soap and water

M eyes are contaminated: Wash with flowing water for at least 15 minutes.

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING: A sense of "lightness" in the chest. Sweeting Contracted pupils. Stomach pains, Vomiting and diarrhea. TO PHYSICIAN: ANTIDOTE—Administer atropine sulfate by injection. Repeat as necessary to the point of tolerance. 2-PAM is also antidotal, and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. Compound inhibits cholinesterase resulting in stimulation of the central nervous system, the parasympathetic nervous system and the somatic motor nerves. Do not give morphine. Watch for pulmonary edema, which may develop in serious case of poisoning even after 12 hours. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be placed in an oxygen tent and treated symptomatically.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Do not plant root crops other than those with registered azinphos-methyl uses in azinphos-methyl treated soil sooner than 6 months after the last application. Do not plant any other crop other than those with registered azinphos-methyl uses in the treated soil sooner than 30 days after last application.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pusticide is extremely toxic to fish and wildlife.

Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and pcholes). Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Drift and runoff from treatment areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep away from open flames. Do not heat.

HANDLING OF CONTAMINATED ARTICLES

Clothing and rags receiving undituted AZINPHOS METHYL 2EC as a result of leaks, spills, or mishaps should be removed immediately and not reused. These container, see container disposal sections for directions. (Containmated articles which should be discarded would include hats, gloves, aprons, coals, boots, etc. not made of rubber or coated with rubber or other similar materials). Clothing receiving spray mist or droplets from the mixed, diluted AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC should be removed and decontaminated before reuse. This clothing can be decontaminated by machine washing separately from other items with soap or delergent and bleach in hot water twice before reuse. Protective clothing and equipment should be washed down with detergent or soap and bleach in water. Wash water from the cleaning of protective clothing or equipment should not be allowed to run off or otherwise enter water supplies.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND WORK SAFETY STATEMENTS

If handled indoors provide mechanical exhaust ventilation.

Keep all unprotected persons, children, livestock, and pets away from treated areas or where there is danger of cir.'t.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. It you reel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. See Statument of Practical Treatment on the lebel

HANDLE THE CONCENTRATE ONLY WIRN WEARING THE FOL-LOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: Wear a protective suit of one or two pieces that covers all parts of the bucy substitute head, hands, and feet. Wear chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant apron, and chemical-resistant shous, at oe coverings or boots. Wear goggles or a face shield and a pesticide respirator angrowed by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health unduritity provision of 30 CFR Part 11. If handling the concentrate with a closed system, long sleeved shirt and long-legged parts may be substituted for tix it receive suit and the respirator requirement is warved.

WEAR THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING DURING APPLI-CATION, EQUIPMENT REPAIR, EQUIPMENT CLEANING, DURING REENTRY TO TREATED AREAS, AND DISPOSAL OF THE PESTI-

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EPA REG. NO. 34704-

CIDE: Wear a protective suit of one or two pieces that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet. Wear chemical resistant gloves and chemical resistant shoes, shoe coverings or boots. Wear a chemical resistant hat during airblast application.

During application from an enclosed tractor cab or airplane coclipit, or other suitable vehicle in which the windows are rolled up, long sleeved shirt and long parts may be worn in place of the above protective clothing. Chemical-resistant gloves must be available in the cab or cockpit and must be worn while exiting. This clothing is inadequate to protect you during equipment repair, equipment cleaning, reentry, or during postecide disposal.

IMPORTANT! BEFORE REMOVING GLOVES, WASH THEM WITH SOAP AND WATER, ALWAYS WASH HANDS, FACE, AND ARMS WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE SMOKING, DRINKING, EATING OR TOL-LETING.

After work, take off all clothing and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirators must be cleaned and filters replaced according to instructions included with the respirators. Personal clothing worn during use must be laundered separately from household articles. Clothing and protective equipment heavily contaminated or drenched with azimphos-methyl must be destroyed according to state and local regulations. HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLOTHING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DECONTAMINATED.

During serir (application, human flaggers are prohibited unless in totally encloser (which.

REENTRY STATEMENTS FOR FARMWORKERS

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not enter treated areas for 24 hours after application unless protective clothing is worn as described in the product labeling. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings should include those statements found under the label heading "Precautionary Statements" and "Reentry Statements" included on this label. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information:

DANGER

Area treated with AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC on (date of application). Do not enter treated areas for 24 hours after application unless protective clothing is worn, as described in the product labeling. In case of accidental exposure: Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to (insert chemical) and describe his condition. For further information see the "STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT" portion of the posticide label.

This product may be applied through irrigation systems—chemigation for application to CRANBERRIES only. Apply this product only through solid set sprinkler irrigation system(s). Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Crop Injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal posticide residues in the crop can result from nonunform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas such as residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-putient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas such as schools, parts, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2) when the chemigated area is open to the public such as golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive areas. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in

any other location affording maximum visit; iffy to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 21/z inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTI-CIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Note: Platte Chemical Co. does not encourage connecting chemigation systems to public water supplies. The following information is provided for users who have diligently considered all other application and water supply options before electing to make such a connection.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir rank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow run of the reservoir tank of at feast twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection purps.

The pesticide injection pipyline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated varie located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the impation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and caoable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the imigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pasticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intale side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the impation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stoos.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the "vilve" pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is advarsely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive 3cyclic cement injection pump (e.g., disphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of meterials that are compatible with protocides and capable of being fitted with a system interfock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the are., intended for treatment.

Mix in clean supply tank the recommended amount of this product for acreage to be covered, and needed quantity of water.

Provide constant mechanical agriation in august tank to step this product suspended throughout application operation s.

Use sufficient gallonage of water to obtain thorough and uniform coverage, but not cause runoff or excessive leaching. This will lary depunding on equipment, pest problem and stage of crop growth. Application of more or less than optimal quantity of water may result in decreased chemical performance, crop injury or illegal pesticide residing.

Meter this product into the irrigation water uniformly during the period of operation.

Do not overlap application. Follow recommended label rates, application timing, and other directions and precautions for crop being treated.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, tood, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. STORAGE: Store in safe manner. Store in original container only. Store in cool, dry place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store under conditions which tright adversely effect the container or its ability to function properly. Such conditions include, but are not limited to, positioning of the container in storage, storage temperature, potential for crushing or damage due to stacking, and penetration of moisture. Personnel should use clothing and equipment listed under "PRECAUTICNARY STATEMENTS" when handling open containers. Do not store below temperature of (45°F.)

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excese pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsale is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

MPORTANT: Read these entire Directions and Conditions of Sale before using AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC emuleifiable insecticide.

MIXING: AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC emulaifiable insecticide forms an emulaion when diluted with water and is suitable for use in all power-operated ground sprayers and aircraft sprayers. To mix with water, pour the required amount of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC into full amount of water and then agitate. AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC may also be applied undiluted as an ultra-low volume spray with either ground or aircraft equipment that has been adapted and calibrated for ultra-low volume spraying as described below under "Recommended Applications" for those crops specified.

DOSAGE: Use specified dosage of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC in the amount of water necessary to give complete coverage of foliage. The type of equipment used will determine the concentration required.

SPRAYING: Work to windward. Protect sprayer operators from drift or mist. When low volumes of spray are applied, complete coverage and thorough application are essential for most effective results. Schedule applications in accordance with local conditions. Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station for specific use information in your area.

	RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS				
СПОР	INSECT	Pirto AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC	REMARKS		
FIELD CROPS Cotton (Conven- tion Volume Spray)	Boll weevel Brown collon leafworm, Cotton fleafworm, Cotton leafworm, Lygue bugs, Thrips	1/2 10 1	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. For early-season control of bollworm and pink bollworm in states west of the Rocky Mins, use 2 to 3 pints and for mid-to-lete season applications, use 3 to 4 pints. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 1 day of pictung at rates		
	Reput plant bug, Tarnished plant bug Stink bug	1 to 2	up to 2 pints per acre or within 17 days of picking at rates above 2 pints per acre. Cotton receiving late-seasin applications should not be peatured.		
,	Bollworm, Pink tollworm	East of Rocky Mine. 2 West of Rocky Mine. 2 10 4			

Cotton (1) (Ultra Low Volume Spray)	Boll weevi	1/2 10 1	AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC may be used undituted in any ground or serial agray equipment that has been adapted and calibrated for ultra-low volume apraying. Spray machines must be equipped with accepted low volume devices that will produce droplets within the range of 30 to 100 microns in size. UtV serial applications should be made at altitudes of 10 to 20 feet. Repect applications as recessary but not within 2 days of hand picking. Cotton may be machine harvested anytime after application. Do not graze livestock in treated area. Early and falld-easeon control: Apply specified dosage per acre in accordance with local recommended for : strol of diapausing boll weevis. Schedule appiicstone in accordance with local recommendations.
Barley, Oats, Rye, Wheat	Coreal leaf beetle &	11/2 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water for complete cover- age but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not apply more than once per season. Do not harvest for food, feed, forage or graze within 30 days of treatment.
Pasture Grasses (States east of Missis- sippi River)	Grass- hoppers, Meadow spitlebugs (adults)	2 to 3	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water for complete cover- age but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not apply more than once per cutting. Do not graze or har- vest within 16 days of application at the 2 pint rate or 21 days at rates above 2 pints.
Soybeans	Apricts, Been leef beetle, Green clover- worm, Leef- hoppers, Leef miners, Leef rollers, Stink buge, Velvet been caterpater	11/2 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water to give complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary. One or 2 applications of rates up to 2 pints per acre may be made up to 21 days of harvest. For additional applications or for use of rates above 2 pints per acre do not apply within 45 days of harvest.
	Mexican been beetle	2103	Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock.
Sugarcane (Conven- tional Spray) (Florida. Louisiana and Texas only)	Sugarcane borer	3	Apply specified florage per acre- by air application using a minimum of 2 gallons of weter per acre. For best results application, chould be made at anproximately cane top lenst and not more than 10 feet above cane top level. Do not apply more than 5 times per season nor when 30 days of havest. Bauasse from sugarrane treated with AZIN- PHOS METHYL 2 EC may be using hydracian special and sheep. Consult your State Agricul- tural Firthment Service or Experi- ment Station for specific use information.

AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC EPA REG. NO. 34704-

Sugarcane (1) (Ultra Low Volume Soray) (Florida, Louisiane and Teass only)	Sugar- cane borer	3	Apply specified dotage per acre unditated. Apply AZMPHOS METHYL 2 EC unditated 1:1 (water to product). Airc vit must be equipped with low volume fevice that will produce droplets with the range of 30 to 100 microns. Apply at came top level not to exceed 10 lest above care top level. Do not ";ply more than 8 times per see an nor within 30 days of hervest. Be passe from sugercane treated with AZMPHOS METHYL 2 EC may be used for feed of cattle, sheep and goats. Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service of Experiment Station for specific use information.
Tobacco	Aphids, Grass- hoppins, Tobecco horriform, Tobecco flee treatle	2 to 3	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Treet for hormorm as soon as egg meases or wome are first found. Repeat as nec- essary but not within 6 days of har-
	Tobecco budworm	3	vest. Prime before treating.

(1) Note: This formulation, when used undiluted, may cause spotting of automobile finishes if prolonged exposure is permitted. Do not spray directly over automobiles. If accidental exposure does occur, automobiles should be wished immediately.

FPUIT	Apnide	1 21%	Apply specified dosage in 100 gal-
Apricota.	Cottony	1 77.77	ions of water as a full coverage
Nectannes,	peach		spray" using not more than 800 gal-
Peeches	scale.		lors of finished soray per acre. Re-
	European		peet as necessary, in not apply more
	fruit		than 6 times per susson, within 21
	lecamum		days of harvest for aprocots, nectar-
	stale,		ines, and peaches, nor within 15 days
	Forbes		of harvest for plums and prunes. Ap-
	scale,		ply the 11/2 pint rate for onental fruit
	Lesser		moth or peach twig borer on apricots.
	tieach tree		nectannee and peaches only before
	borer, Mites.	j	mid-season. For control of peach tree
	Peach tree		borer, apply 2 to 3 sprays to trunk
	corer,		from ground to scaffold limbs, timed
	Pletynota		with moth flight. For scale control, ap-
	Navedena	ļ	ply when crawlers are present.
	leaf roller.		NOTE: It is suggested that when
	Plum		treating nectarines during bloom per-
	curculia,		iod, beeksepers should be warned
	Red-		well in advance to remove hives a
	banded leaf		safe distance from orchards to be
	rotter, San		treated, AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC
	Jose scale.		used alone may not provide saturac-
	Stink bug.		tory control. Consult your local agri-
	Tarnished		cultural advisur or extension service
	plant bug.		for recommendations.
	Тегтария		
Į.	scale,		
	Walnut		
	scale, White		
	peach scale		
	Onental	1 to 11/2	
	fruit moth.	1	
	Peach twig		
	borer		

Nectarines	Thrips	1 10 11/4	
Plume,	Aphids.	1102	
Prunes	Ey+		
	apotted		
	bud moth, Forbes		
	scale, Fruit		
	tree leaf		
	roller,		
	Lesser peach tree		
	borer.		
	Mites,		
	Orange		
	tortrix, Peach tree		
	borer.		
	Peach twig		
	borer,		
	Plum curculo.		
	Red-		
	banded		
	leaf roller,		
	San Jose scale.		
	Stink bug.		
	Tarnished		
	plant bug,		
	Tussock moth		
	American	2	
	plum borer	l	
Black-	Leaf-	1	Apply specified dosage per acre to
bernes,	hoppers.		foliage using approximately 200
Boysen- bernes,	Leaf rollers		gallons of water for good coverage. Where ground conditions dictata
Logan- bernes, Rasp- bernes	Leaf	11/4	an air application of AZINPHOS
	miners		METHYL 2 EC, use specified rate in a minimum of 1 gallon of water
	Aphids	11/4 to 2	per acre. Repeat as necessary but
	Obscure	2	not within 14 days of harvest.
	root weeni		For control of root weevils and bor- ers prior to harvest apply specified
	Raspberry	4 to 8	dosage per acre to lower portions
	crown	7.00	of canes and to the soil beneath
	(root) borer		the plants using approximately 200 galling of water. Do not apply
	Obscure root weevel	2	more than twice per season. Do
	1000 0000		not make applications within 3
			days of harvest at rates up to 4 pints per acre. Rates above 4 pints
			per acre should be applied only
			before fruit set or after crop is har-
	2	-	vest.
Blue- bernes	Blueberry maggot,	2103	Apply specified dosage per acre- using approximately 200 gallons of
(Eastern &	Fruit-	'	water for good coverage. Where
North	worms,	,	ground conditions dictate an air
Central	Lecanium		application of AZINPHOS
States Only)	Scale, Plum		METHYL 2 EC use specified rate in a minimum of 1 gallon of water
J,,	curculio		per acre. Repeat as necessary but
			not more than 4 times per season
			nor within 3 days of harvest. If mul- tiple late season applications of
			dust formulations containing
			AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC are to
			be made for bluebery magget
			control, then do not make more than two spray applications of
			AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC per
i			secon with the last sprity no later
	0		than June 15.
Cran- berries	Cranberry fruitworm.	2 to 4	Apply specified dosays pur acre- using approximately 200 gallons of
	Sperge-		water for gued coverage. Where
	nothle	1	ground conditions dictate an air
	sulfur-	ļ	application of AZINPHOS
	eane, Tipworm	}	METHYL 2 EC use specified rate in a minimum of 1 gation of water
		l	per acre. Repeat as I ecossary. Do
	Contractor		not apply within 21 days of hervest.
	Fireworms		<u></u>

4

EPA REG. NO. 34704-

Citrue	Aphide,	1011/2	Apply specified dosage in 100 gal-
Fruits	Black scale,		lons of water as a full coverage
	Brown soul		apray* using not more then 2000 gal- tons of finished apray per ac. e. A sin-
	9Cui0.		gle application per year may be
	Citricole		applied up to within 7 days of picking.
	Scale. Citrus		Where 2 applications are required, the second spray should not be ap-
	meelybug.		piled within 25 days of hervest. Do not
	Citrus rust		apply more than twice per fruit year.
	mite, Citrus thrice.		Do not pick fruit or do other work in- valving contact with the trees, such
	Cottony		as pruning, within 7 days of treat-
	custion		mente.
	Scale. European		ļ
	Sittem shed,		
	Floride red		
	scale, Fruit		
	tree leaf rollers.		
	Fuller rose		
	Deatie,		
	Glover		
	scale, Orange		
	tortrix,		1
	Purple	Ą	
	scale, Snow scale.		
	Western		1
	hannock .		
	moth,		
	California	11/2	
	red scale.	1.72	
	Temas citrus		
	mite, Yellow		
Grapes	Grape berry	1 to 2	Apply specified dosage in 100 gal-
Or expens	moth,	1602	ions of werer as a full coverage
	Grape bud		spray* using not more than 300 gal-
	Grape cane		lone of finished spray per acre. Re- peat as necessary but not more than
	pirdlers.		3 times per season, Minimum dosage
	Grace		specified may be applied up to har-
	meelybug, Leef-		vest, Higher rates up to 11/2 pints re- quire a 10-day interval to harvest and
	hoppers.		above 11/2 pints a 28-day interval to
	Miles, Red-		hervest.
	banded leaf		
	roller, Thrips		
Strew-	Aphide.	2	Apply specified dosage in 200 gal-
bernes	Meadow	_	lone of water per acre as a full cover-
	at "Mebug,	1	age apray*. Where ground
	Ove- banded leaf		conditions dictate an air application, use apacified rate in a minimum of 1
	roller,		gallon of water per acre. Repeat as
	Official		necesury. Do not apply within 5 days
	leaf tier,	•	of hervest.
	Obscure		
	root weevil, Pee leaf		
	root wearil, Pee leaf weavil,		
	roct weenil, Pee leaf weenil, Smell black		
	root wearil, Pee leaf weavil,		
	root weevil, Pee leaf weevil, Small black (Grees) weevil, Strawberry		
	root weavil, Pee leaf weavil, Small black (Graes) weavil, Strawberry leaf rollers,		
MITTE	root weavil, Pee leaf weavil, Smell black (Grass) weavil, Stramberry leaf rollers, Whiteffy	116.00 9	Annh manhal danna = 100 cm
NUTS Almonds	root weavil, Pee leaf weavil, Small black (Graes) weavil, Strawberry leaf rollers,	11/2 to 2	Apply specified dosage in 100 gal- lons of water as a full coverage
-	root weavil, Pee leaf weavil, Smell black (Grass) weavil, Strauberry leaf rollers, Whitefly Peach twig	11/2 to 2	lone of weter as a full coverage spray* using not more than 500 gal-
-	root weavil, Pee leaf weavil, Smell black (Grass) weavil, Strauberry leaf rollers, Whitefly Peach twig	1'/a to 2	tons of water as a full coverage acray* using not more then 500 gal- tons of finished spray per acra. Do not
-	root weavil, Pee leaf weavil, Smell black (Grass) weavil, Strauberry leaf rollers, Whitefly Peach twig	11/2 to 2	lone of weter as a full coverage spray* using not more than 500 gal-

Filberts (Pecific Northwest Only)	Apple meelybug, Filbert self roller, Filbert self roller, Filbert-worm Aphida, Fall webworm, Hickory shuck-worm, Leaf miners, May beetlee, Miles, Case-bearer, Southern green stink bug, Spittlebug, Tirtig girdlers, Walnut	1 to 3	Apply specified deepe in 100 gallons of water as a full coverage apray" using not more than 1000 gallons of finished apray per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 30 days of hervest. Do not graze livestock in treated groves for 21 days after treatment. Apply specified desegs in 100 gallons of water as a full coverage apray" using not more than 1800 gallons of finished apray per acre. Repeat as necessary Dr. not apply after hueles split, Where more than 221/z pints of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC are applied per acre in a single application do not graze livestock in treated groves. White 221/z pints or less of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC are applied per acre tivestock may be grazed in treated groves after a 21-day post-treatment interval.
Walnuts	caterpular Codling moth, Filbert- worm	11/2 to 32/4	Apply specified dosage in 100 gal- lons of water as a full coverage spray* using not more than 1100 gallons of finished spray for acre. Replat as necessary. Do not apply after huelts split. Do not graze inve- stock in treated groves for 21 days after treatment.
VEGE- TABLES Articholas	Plum moth	6	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water for complete cover- age but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not feed or ensile treated forage.
Beans (Snap & Dried)	Leaf rollers, Miles	1 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water to give complete cov- erage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do
·	Aphids, Been leef bestia, Green clover- worm, Leef- hoppers, Leef miners, Stink bugs, Velvet been caterpillars	11/2 to 2	not apply to snap beans within 7 days of harvest nor to dry beans within 30 days of harvest. Do not exceed 4 applications on dry beans. Do not feed or ensile treated forage.
	Mexican been beets, Spotted cucumber beets, Striped cucumber beetts, Tarnished plant bug, Western- striped cucumber beette	2	

EPA REG. NO. 34704-

Broccoli, Brussele Sprouts, Cabbage, (Includes light heading verialise of Chinese	Aphids, Cabbage looper, Diamond- back moth, Imported cabbage- worm	2 to 3	Apply specified dosege per acre in sufficient water for complete cover- age but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not apply within 7 days of hervest for Brussele aprouts, 15 days of hervest for broccol and cauliflows, nor within 14 days of hervest for cabbage.
cabbage), Cauliflower	Cabbage magget	1/2	Mix specified dosage in 60 gallons of resc. Apply 4 to 6 ounces of this en- felon per plant immediately after trans, ferting.
	Cabbage maggot (Transplant Fields in California only)	3	Apply specified dosage in 300 to 400 gallons of water per acre as a soil dranch in the row when demage first appears. Additional applications may be necessary. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
	Cabbage magget (Direct Seeded Fields in California only)	3	Apply specified dosage per scre in sufficient water for uniform distribution. Mix in the upper 2 inches of soil prior to seeding or spray in the seed row at planting time. Usually 2 to 3 additional aprays are necessary during the growing season depending upon time of year and maggot population. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
Celery	Aphids, Leaf miners, Leaf- hoppers, Spitte- bugs, Tarnished plant bug	2	Apply specified doesgo in 100 gal- lons of water as a full coverage spray* using not more than 200 gal- lons of finished spray per acrs. Re- pest as necessary but not within 21 days of harvest.
Blackeyed peas (Southern peas, Crowder	Com earworm, Cowpee curculo,	3 to 4	Apply speched dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water for complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not
pees)	Leef miners, Stink bugs	11/2 to 2	apply more than 4 times per season nor within 7 days of hervest. Du not use vince for feed or forege nor pee- ture treated areas.
Cucumbers	Spotted cucumber bestle, Striped cucumber bestle, Western- striped cucumber bestle	2	Apply specified dosage per acre by arr or ground equipment in sufficient water for complete coverage but not less then 1 gallon per acre. Do not apply more than 3 times per season nor within 1 day of harvest.
Eggplant	Leaf miners, European com borer, Flee beetles	1 1/2 to 2	Apply specified dosage , or acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water to give complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acrs. Repest as necessary. Do not apply after fruit set.
Onione (Green & Dry)	Thrips	2 to 3	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water to give complete coverage but not less than 1 gallon per acre. Do not apply more than 3 times per season nor within 28 days of hervest of dry onions or 7 days of hervest of green onions.
Peppera	Leaf miners, European com borer, Flea besties	1:/2 W Z	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in sufficient water to give complete coverage but not less then 1 gallon per acre. A maximum of 4 treatments may be made up to within 3 days of harvest. Where more than 4 applications are required, do not apply fast spray within 14 days of harvest.

Potatoss	C vado	11/2	Apply specified dosage per acre
	poteio beetle		by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water for complete cover- age but not less than 1 gallon per
	Banded	11/2 to 2	acra. Repeat as necessary. Do not
	cucumber		apply within 7 days of harvest.
	beetle,		
	Leef miners		
	European	- L 103	
	com bo.er, Fiee		
	beetle,		
	Leef- hoppers,		
ľ	Spittle-		
	bugs, Tamished		
	plant bug		
	Tuberworm	21/4 to 3	
Spinach	Apnids,	11/2 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre
	Leef miners,		by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water for complete cover-
	Miles		age but not less than 1 gallon per
			acre. Repeat as necessary. Do not
			apply within 14 days of harvest.
Tomatoes	Colorado	11/2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment in suf-
	potato bestie		ficient water for complete cover-
			age but not less than 1 gallon per
			aciá. Repeat as necessary. The high rates should be used where
	Banded	11/2 to 2	heavy infestations of late instar
	cucumber		lepidopterous lerves (large worms)
	bestle, Droso-		and pinworms, are present. Rates
	phile.	·	of 3 pints per acre or less may be applied up to day of harvest. Rales
	Green		above 3 pints per acre require an
	stink bug, Leaf		interval of 14 days between appli-
	Triners,		cation and harvest.
	Whitefly		
	Aphids,	2 to 3	Ì
	European com borer.		
	Flee		
	besties,]
	Grase- hoppers		
	Leef		
	hoppers,		
	Thrips		
	Tuberworm	21/4 10 3	
	Corn earworm,	3 to 6	
	Fruit worm.		
	Hornworm,]	1
	Pinworm, Yellow-		
	striped		Î
	алпумогт		<u></u>
MELONS	Leaf-	11/2 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre
Honeydew Melons.	hoppers, Leef		by air or ground equipment in suf- ficient water to give complete cov-
Musk-	miners,		erage but not less than 1 callon
meions	Rind-	1	per acre. Repeat as necessary up
(Cental loupe),	Cootted		to the day of harvest hit.not more than 4 times per season.
Water-	Spotted	2	
melons,	beetle,		
Other melons	Striped		
II AND TO SERVICE	cucumber beetle.		ĺ
	Western-		
	etriped		1
	Cucumber		i
	bestle		

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EPA REG. NO. 34704-

OFINA- MENTALS Orna- mentals, Nursery Plants	Aphica, Coresee- cus scale, Euonymus scale, Luce bugs, Leel- hoppers, Mites, Olive scale, Cysterehell scale, Pulvinerte scale, Thrips	11/2 to 2	Apply specified dosego per 100 gal- tone of water (2 teaspoonfuls per gal- len). Spray all foliage surfaces including the underside of leaves for complete coverage. For control of black pine leaf, brown soft, European elm, and Putnam scales, use 1 table- spoonful per gallon. Repeat as nec- essary.
	Brown soft or sia, Putnam acate	4	
	European elm acale, Black pine leef acale	3104	
	Cone midge, Cone math	8 to 16	Apply specified dosage per 100 gel- lons of water. Time applications to co- incide with moth flight when comes are open for pollination. Thorough coverage of cones is necessary for maximum control. Repeat an neces- sary.
	European pine shoot moth, Nantucket pine tip moth	11/2103	Apply specified dosage per acre in sufficient water for good coverage. Time applications to coincide with moth flights. For application to individual trees, use 1 tablespoonful of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC per gallon of water.
	conditions. (Do not allow	encen linden may occur v.ider some children or pet on treat/d area, until into soil and treated are a is dry.
Southern Pine Seed Orchards	Consucriti, Seedworm	See Remarks	Use a maximum of 6 pints per 100 gallone of water (0.2% dilution) as a high volume apray*. Use a maximum of 3 pints per 10 gallons of water (1% dilution) for low volume applications. Apply 5 to 10 gallons of the 0.2% dilution or 1 to 2 gallons of the 0.2% dilution or 1 to 2 gallons of the 1% dilutions per tree. Make the first application within 30 days of consist closurs. Apply either dilution as needed with no more than 6 applications per season. Applications may be made more frequently at lower concentrations but do not exceed the quantity allowed at the highest dilution. Thorough coverage is necessary for maximum control.

RESTRICTIONS

Do not use on other crops used for food or forage. Use only according to label directions. Application at rates above those shown may result in illegal crop residues. Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or groves for 21 days after treatment. Do not treat food crops grown in the greenhouse.

NOTICE

Platte warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with the directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of the product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Platte. In no case shall Platte be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the buyer. Platte makes no warranties of Merchantsbillty or fitness for a particular purpose nor any other express or implied warranty except as stated above.

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FORMULATED FOR
PLATTE CHEMICAL CO.

150 SO. MAIN STREET

FREMONT, NEBRASKA 60025

^{*} This concentration is calculated for conventional hydraulic-type sprayers. When lower volumes of apray are applied per acre with concentrate eprayers, increase the concentration of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC in the spray mixture in order to apply amount of AZINPHOS METHYL 2 EC per acre equivalent to a full coverage spray. Where conditions dictate an air application, apply design per acre equivalent to a full coverage ground spray in not less than one gallon of water per acre.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Latter Datast

FEB 1 5 1991

Under the Federal Insecticity. Funcicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 24104-691

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