

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 23, 2023

Maryanne Kellogg Regulatory Consultant Loveland Products, Inc. c/o Pyxis Regulatory Consulting Inc. 4110 136th St. Ct. NW Gig Harbor, WA 98332

Subject: Registration Review Label Amendments Incorporating Mitigation from the Fish

and Wildlife Services (FWS) and the National Marine Fisheries Services (NMFS) Biological Opinions on the Effects of Malathion on Endangered and Threatened

Species and Designated Critical Habitat *Product Name*: Malathion 8E Insecticide *EPA Registration Number*: 34704-452

Application Dates: August 25, 2022, and March 8, 2023

Decision Numbers: 587135 and 591133

Dear Maryanne Kellogg:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the FWS and NMFS' Biological Opinions on the effects of Malathion on federally listed Endangered and Threatened species and designated critical habitat in accordance with section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.). The Agency has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 34704-452 Decision No. 587135 and 591133

before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions, please contact Carolyn Smith by phone at (202) 566-2273 or via email at smith.carolyn@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kelly Sherman

Chief, Risk Management Implementation Branch 3 Pesticide Re-evaluation Division

Office of Pesticide Programs

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Enclosure

Sublabel A- [Directions FOR Use and Precautions for terrestrial applications to agricultural, outdoor, urban and non-agricultural use sites.]

MALATHION GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE



MALATHION 8-E

INSECTICIDE

Organophosphate Insecticide [AGRICULTURAL INSECTICIDE] EMULSIFIABLE LIQUID

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WT.
Malathion (O,O-Dimethyl phosphorodithioate of diethyl Mercaptosuccinate)	79.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	20.5%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 8 lbs. Malathion per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See Below For Additional Precautionary Statements.

[For additional Precautionary Statements; (complete) (First Aid,) Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and other use Information, see (inside (this) label booklet) (booklet label) (container label)) (booklet and container label)[.]]
[For Additional Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, and Other Use Information, See Inside (This)(Attached) Label Booklet.]

	FIRST AID
If swallowed:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
	Do not give any liquid to the person.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably
	mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.
clothing:	• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
J	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Note to Physician: This material is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. Atropine is an antidote.

For help with any spill, leak, fire, exposure involving this product, call day or night, CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

[MANUFACTURED FOR: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. BOX 1286 GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286]

EPA Reg. No. 34704-452
EPA Est. No. _____
NET CONTENTS: GALLONS

ACCEPTED

08/23/2023

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2 4 5 6 4 5 7 9

34704-452

EXP 08/2022 FWS NMFS BiOp

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, and Viton.

For all formulations and all use patterns - mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that is consistent with the WPS for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. Pilots must wear the PPE required on this labeling for applicators.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-866-944-8565.

Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product.

A level well maintained vegetative buffer. strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters.

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. In citrus, stone fruit, pome fruit and tree nuts: Do not apply this product within 3 days prior to bloom, during bloom, or until petal fall is complete. **Protect pollinating insects by following label directions intended to minimize drift and to reduce risk to these organisms.**

For commercial, industrial, and institutional use products packaged in containers equal or greater than 5 gallons or 50 pounds:

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks, and
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests or nurseries.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Use on cull piles (including cull dumps, cull piles, fruit dumps, cull fruit and vegetable dumps) is prohibited.

Use as a mosquito larvicide is prohibited.

For outdoor use only.

Agricultural Application Uses

Malathion 8-E Insecticide is for use only by federal, state, tribal or local government officials responsible for insect control or by persons certified in the appropriate category or otherwise authorized by the state or tribal lead pesticide regulatory Agency to perform grasshopper/Mormon Cricket, Beet Leafhopper or Boll Weevil control applications, or by persons under their supervision, or as allowed by state regulations for persons treating private property.

Do not apply this Malathion 8-E Insecticide when soil is saturated, or when a storm event likely to produce runoff from the treated area is forecasted (by NOAA/National Weather Service, or other similar forecasting service) to occur within 48 hours following application.

[Note to Reviewer: may or may not be presented in tabular format.]

Required Buffer Zones for Bodies of Water			
Bodies of Water	Type of Application Buffer Zone (in Feet)		
Bodies of water, such as, but not	Non-ULV Ground Application	Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats ¹	
limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers,	Non-ULV Aerial Application Do not apply within 50 feet of aquatic habitats		
streams, wetlands, (natural) ponds,	[Note to Reviewer: ULV Buffer Zones to Water Bodies and the associated notes will		
estuaries, and commercial fish	only be placed on the label when agricultural ULV applications are listed on the label		
ponds	or on a Special Local Needs label.]		
	ULV Aerial Application	Do not apply within 100 feet of aquatic habitats ³	

- ¹ You must follow the instructions for additional buffer distances beyond the 25 feet, as applicable, per the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product. To obtain Bulletins, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/, call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov.
- ² You must follow the instructions for additional buffer distances beyond the 50 feet, as applicable, per the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product. To obtain Bulletins, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/, call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov.
- This 100-foot buffer is in addition to the full swath displacement upwind that applicators must use at the downwind edge of the field. Applications made by mosquito control districts and other public health officials are exempt from this buffer requirement.

[Note to Reviewer: may or may not be presented in tabular format.]

Restricted Application Sites	Program Applicators Allowed to Apply to These Sites
Agricultural, uncultivated areas and fence rows/hedge rows	Federal or State Sponsored Programs,
Non-agricultural right of way/hedgerows	Boll Weevil Eradication Programs,
	Curly Top Virus Programs,
	Other Federally or State designated programs.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AIRBLAST APPLICATIONS

- Sprays must be directed into the canopy.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- User must turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying outer row.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

GROUND BOOM APPLICATIONS

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard 572 (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 mph at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

AERIAL APPLICATIONS - NON-ULV (Non-Ultra Low Volume)

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard (ASABE S641).
- If the windspeed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the windspeed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use a full swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Note to Reviewer: the following Spray Drift management language will only be placed on the label when agricultural ULV applications are listed on the label or on a Special Local Needs label.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AERIAL APPLICATIONS – ULV (Ultra Low Volume (ULV) Applications)

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators must select nozzle and pressure that deliver fine or coarser droplets in accordance with American Society of Agricultural & Biological Engineers Standard (ASABE S641).
- Applicators must use a full swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT REQUIREMENTS

Observe the following requirements when spraying in the vicinity of aquatic areas such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fishponds.

Droplet Size - Use the largest droplet size consistent with acceptable efficacy. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.

In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Wind Direction and Speed - For all non-aerial applications, wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

Temperature Inversion — Do not make aerial or ground applications into areas of temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with increasing distance above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. Where permissible by local regulations, the applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications - Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety.

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications - For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. Aerial applicators must consider flight speed and nozzle orientation in determining droplet size. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS - CHEMIGATION

Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move; flood (basin); furrow; border or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions and calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Mix in clean supply tank the recommended amount of this product for acreage to be covered and needed quantity of water. This product should not be tank-mixed with other pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers unless prior use has shown the combination no injurious under your conditions of use.

Follow precautionary statements and directions for all tank-mixed products.

On all crops, use sufficient gallonage of water to obtain thorough and uniform coverage, but not cause runoff or excessive leaching. This will vary depending on equipment, pest problem and stage of crop growth. Application of more or less than optimal quantity of water may result in decreased chemical performance, crop injury or illegal pesticide residues.

Meter this product into the irrigation water uniformly during the period of operation. Do not overlap application. Follow specified label rates, application timing, and other directions and precautions for crop being treated.

Continuous mild agitation of pesticide mixture may be needed to assure a uniform application, particularly if the supply tank requires a number of hours to empty.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Note: Loveland Products Inc. does not encourage connecting chemigation systems to public water supplies. The following information is provided for users who have diligently considered all other application and water supply options before electing to make such a connection.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the flow fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION (FOLIAR SPRAY USES)

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

FLOOD (BASIN), FURROW AND BORDER CHEMIGATION (SOIL DRENCH USES)

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

- a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

- e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DRIP (TRICKLE) CHEMIGATION (SOIL DRENCH USES)

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, Malathion 8-E Insecticide contains a Group 1B insecticide/acaricide. Any insect or mite population may contain individuals naturally resistant to Malathion 8-E Insecticide and other Group 1B insecticides/acaricides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect/mite population if this group of insecticides/acaricides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide/acaricide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Malathion 8-E Insecticide or other Group 1B insecticides/acaricides within a growing season, and among
 growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Avoid consecutive sprays of Malathion 8-E Insecticide or other insecticides in the 1B group during a season.
- Do not apply more than the maximum number of sprays allowed.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides/acaricides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known cross-resistance issues target pest(s) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):
 - o Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
 - Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
 - When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
 - Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they
 may still provide pest management benefits.
 - The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide/acaricides use that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other
 chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Loveland Products, Inc at 1-866-944-8565 or at LovelandProducts.com and use the "contact us" link.

Endangered Species Protection Requirements:

It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in an unauthorized "take" (e.g., kill or otherwise harm) of an endangered species and certain threatened species under the Endangered Species Act Section 9. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product.

To obtain Bulletins, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/ call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov.

You must use the Bulletin valid for the month in which you will apply the product.

Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-866-944-8565.

Pollinator Best Management Practices and Additional Information for agricultural uses

Restrictions for citrus, stone fruit, pome fruit and blooming tree nuts: Do not apply this product within 3 days prior to bloom, during bloom, or until petal fall is complete.

Following best management practices can help reduce risk to terrestrial pollinators. Examples of best management practices include applying pesticides in the evening and at night when pollinators are not foraging and checking to confirm hive locations before spraying. For additional resources on pollinator best management practices, visit https://www.epa.gov/pollinator-protection/find-best-management-practices-protect-pollinators.

Managed pollinator protection plans are developed by states/tribes to promote communication between growers, landowners, farmers, beekeepers, pesticide users, and other pest management professionals to reduce exposure of bees to pesticides. If available, visit state plans for additional information on how to protect pollinators.

How to Report Bee Kills. It is recommended that users contact both the state lead agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to report bee kills due to pesticide application. Bee kills can be reported to EPA at beekill@epa.gov. To contact your state lead agency, see the current listing of state pesticide regulatory agencies at the National Pesticide Information Center's website: http://npic.orst.edu/reg/state_agencies.html.

APPLICATIONS

Pour specified amount of this product into nearly filled spray tank: Add balance of water to fill tank. Keep agitator running during filling and spraying operations.

If mixture does not mix readily, but tends to separate as an oily layer, do not use as injury to plants may result.

Do not combine with wettable powders unless previous use of the mixture has proved physically compatible and safe to plants. Always thoroughly emulsify this product with at least half of total water before adding wettable powder.

In order that pesticidal residues on food and forage crops will not exceed tolerances established by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, use only at specified rates and intervals, and do not apply closer to harvest than specified.

The grower is responsible for residues on his crops as well as for damages caused by drifting from his property to that of others.

Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations or the State Agricultural Extension Services for additional information as to the timing, number and rate of applications needed will vary with local conditions.

TREE FRUIT CROP

Restrictions for citrus, stone fruit, pome fruit and blooming tree nuts: Do not apply this product within 3 days prior to bloom, during bloom, or until petal fall is complete

Use rates and use directions as noted below. Use higher rate when foliage is heavy, or infestation is severe. Unless otherwise specified, rates are given in terms of pints of MALATHION 8-E in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre for tree and orchard uses (standard is 100 gallons of water for thorough coverage sprays). Unless otherwise specified, apply at the first sign of infestation.

Crop	Application Type	Pest(s)	Application Rate Pints/Acre	Directions	Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) (Days)
Grapefruit Oranges Tangerines Tangelos	ranges Option A and B: Yellow Scale Purple Scale Purple Scale	petal fall is complete. [Applications should be made in 1	days prior to bloom, during bloom, or until 00 gallons of diluent.]	7	
		and off brooded) Soft Scale Thrips Citricola Scale Orangeworm	1.5 pints Malathion 8-E Insecticide/ Acre (1.5 lbs. ai/A) applied in 3 separate applications.	Maximum single application rate is 1.5 lb ai/A (1.5pt Malathion 8-E Insecticide). Maximum applications/yr is three (3), (for a total max annual application rate of 4.5 pt/A/yr (4.5 lbs max ai/A/year.)) REI is 12 hours, RTI (Minimum application interval) 30 days ULV, Aerial Application or Ground Airblast Application rate is 4.5 lb ai/A (4.5 pt Malathion 8-E Insecticide). Maximum applications/yr is one (1) (for a	ation 7
			single application.	total max annual application rate of 4.5 pt/A/yr (4.5 lbs max ai/A/year.)) REI is 72 hours Maximum number of applications/year is one (1)	
		OR, C- CA Only: Non-ULV, Ground 7.5 pints Malathion 8-E Insecticide/ Acre/ (7.5 lbs. of a.i./A). Must be applied in a single application.	Airblast Application Only Maximum single application rate is 7.5 lb ai/A (7.5 pt Malathion 8-E Insecticide). Maximum applications/yr is one (1) (for a total max annual application rate of 7.5 pt/A/yr (7.5 lbs max ai/A/year.)) REI is 72 hours Maximum number of applications/ year is one (1)	7	

VEGETABLE AND FIELD CROPS

Use rates and use directions as noted below. Use higher rate when foliage is heavy, or infestation is severe. Apply when pests first appear. Apply the following specified rates in sufficient water to thoroughly cover one acre. By ground, apply using a minimum of 10 gallons of water/A and by air apply using a minimum of 2 gallons of water/A (Standard is 100 gallons of water for thorough coverage sprays). Unless otherwise specified, apply at the first sign of infestation.

Crop	Application Type	Pest	Rate Pints/Acre	Directions	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) Days
Alfalfa Clover	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Alfalfa Weevil Larvae Aphids Armyworms Clover Leaf Weevils Grasshoppers Lygus Bugs Pea Aphids Leafhoppers (including Potato Leafhoppers) Spider Mites Spittlebugs Vetch Bruchid	1 to 1.25	Use higher rate for Armyworm control. Do not apply to alfalfa in bloom. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.25 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.25 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per cutting is 2 The minimum retreatment interval is 14 days. For Alfalfa: The maximum number of applications per year is 2, for a maximum yearly total of 2.5 lbs. ai/A/year (2.5 pints/A/year). For Clover: The maximum number of applications per year is 4, for a maximum yearly total of 5 lbs. ai/A/year (5.0 pints/A/year).	0
Barley	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Armyworms English Grain Aphids Grasshoppers Greenbugs	1 to 1.25	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.25 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.25 pts	7

Crop	Application Type	Pest	Rate Pints/Acre	Directions	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) Days
				Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	
Cotton (Non-Boll Weevil Eradication Program (BWEP) Use) Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom		Aphids Brown Cotton Leafworm Cotton Leaf Perforator Leafhoppers Spider Mites Whitefly	0.33 to 1.5	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 48 hours. The maximum single application rate is 2.5 pounds active ingredient per acre (2:5 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	7
		Cotton Aphids Thrips Cotton Fleahoppers	0.75 to 1		
		Fall Armyworms Boll Weevils Grasshoppers Garden Webworms Lygus Bugs	1 to 2		
Cucumbers	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Cucumber Beetle Cutworms Darkling Ground Beetles Leafhoppers Pickleworms Spider Mites Squash Vine Borer Thrips	1.75	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 24 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.75 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.75 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	1
Endive	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Leafhoppers Mites	1 to 1.25	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 24 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.25 pounds active ingredient per acre (1 .25 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	7
Grapes (table, Wine, Raisin)	Non-ULV- Aerial, Airblast	European Fruit Lecanium Grape Leafhopper Mealybug Spider Mites	1 to 1.88	Injury may occur to Ribier, Cardinal and Almeria grapes varieties when applications are made after the clusters appear. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 72 hours for girdling and tying, and 24 hours for all other activities. The maximum application rate is 1.88 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.88 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 14 days. The standard dilute spray for this crop is 200 gallons per acre.	3
Grass, Forage, Grass Hay (Bermuda, barnyard grass; Canary grass; Fescue; Orchard grass; Red top timothy; Yellow foxtail	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Leafhoppers	1 to 1.25	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12hours. The maximum application rate is 1.25 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.25 pts Malathion 8-E); Maximum number of applications per cutting is 1. Minimum retreatment interval (RTI) is 14 days. Maximum of 4 applications per year.	0
Lettuce (Head And Head)	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Alfalfa Looper Leafhoppers Cabbage Looper Mites	1 to 1.88	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 24 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.88 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.88 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 6 days for head and 5 days for leaf.	14
Oats	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Armyworms English Grain Aphids Grasshoppers	1	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre (1.0 pts Malathion 8-E); the	7

Crop	Application Type	Pest	Rate Pints/Acre	Directions	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) Days
		Greenbugs		maximum number of applications per year is 2; and	
Peppers	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Pepper Maggots	1 to 1.56	the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.56 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.56 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 5 days.	3
Potatoes	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	False Chinch Bugs Leafhoppers Mealybugs Aphids Blister Beetle	1 to 1.5	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.56 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.56 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	0
Rye	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Armyworms English Grain Aphids Grasshoppers Greenbugs	1	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre (1.0 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	7
Squash	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Darkling Ground Beetles Leafhoppers Pickleworms Spider Mites Squash Vine Borer Thrips	1	For Summer Squash, the Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 24 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.75 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.75 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 3; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. For Winter Squash, the Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre (1.0 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 3; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days, (1 3/4 pts.)	1
Strawberries	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Field Crickets Lygus Bugs Potato Leafhoppers Spider Mites Spittlebugs Strawberry Leafrollers Thrips Whitefly	1.5 to 2	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 2.0 pounds active ingredient per acre (2.0 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 4; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	3
Tomatoes	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Aphids Spider Mites Drosophila Flies	1.5	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.56 pounds active ingredient per acre (1.56 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 4; and the minimum retreatment interval is 5 days.	1
Wheat (spring & summer)	Non-ULV- Aerial, Ground boom	Armyworms English Grain Aphids Grasshoppers Greenbugs	1	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours. The maximum application rate is 1.0 pound active ingredient per acre (1.0 pts Malathion 8-E); the maximum number of applications per year is 2; and the minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.	7

NON-AGRICULTURAL USES OF MALATHION 8-E (Outdoor Ornamentals and Fly Control)

Restrictions applicable to all outdoor ornamental and fly control uses

Do not apply this product when a storm event likely to produce runoff from the treated area is forecasted (by NOAA/National Weather Service, or other similar forecasting service) to occur within 24 hours following application

Pollinator Best Management Practices and Additional Information for Non-Agricultural Uses

Following best management practices can help reduce risk to terrestrial pollinators. Examples of best management practices include applying pesticides in the evening and at night when pollinators are not foraging and checking to confirm hive

locations before spraying. For additional resources on pollinator best management practices, visit https://www.epa.gov/pollinator-protection/find-best-management-practices-protect-pollinators.

BUFFER ZONE FOR APPLICATION NEAR WATER

Do not apply by ground within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, wetlands, or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds).

For Non-Agricultural Uses - Additional Restrictions for Protection of Water Sources

- Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, wetlands or natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds.)
- Do not apply directly to or allow the product to enter sewers or storm drains, or to any area like a drain or gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur.
- Do not apply directly to impervious horizontal surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, and patios except as a spot or crack-and-crevice treatment.
- Do not apply to vertical surfaces directly above pervious or impervious surfaces that drain into ditches, storm drains, gutters, or surface waters.
- Do not apply or irrigate to the point of runoff.

OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS USE

Commercial Nursery Use Restrictions:

- Apply by ground application only.
- Do not apply more than two applications per year.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not apply when the wind speed is greater than 10 mph.
- Applicators are required to select the nozzle and pressure that deliver medium or coarser droplets (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply by ground equipment within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, wetlands or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds)

Residential Use on Outdoor Ornamentals Restrictions:

Only for out-of-doors plants

OUTDOOR ORNAMENTALS

Crop	Rate	Pests	Comments
Ornamental	1 pt. in 100 gals, of	Aphids	For spot treatment only.
and/or shade	water as a dilute spray	Euonymus Scale	
trees,		European Pine Shoot Moth	For Oyster Shell, Fletcher, Juniper, Oak Kermes and Pine Needle
ornamental		Four-line Leaf Bug	Scales, apply when scale crawlers have settled on forage.
herbaceous/		Japanese Beetle Adults	
nonflowering		Lace Bug	CAUTION: Avoid use on certain ferns including Boston,
plants,		Mealybugs	Maidenhair and Pteris, as well as some species of Crassula and
ornamental		Millipedes	Canaetri Juniper.
woody shrubs		Oyster Shell Scale	
and vines		Potato Leafhopper	Restricted Entry Interval is 12 hours. Maximum of 2 applications
		Rose Leafhopper	per year/
		Sawflies	Nursery Applications: Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days
		Scurfy Scale	Residential Uses: Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.
		Spider Mites	
		Springtails	
		Sowbugs	
		Tarnished Plant Bug	
		Thrips	
		Whiteflies	
	1.25 pts. in 100 gals.	Azalea Scale	
	of water as a dilute	Bagworm	
	spray	Birch Leafminer	
		Boxwood Leafminer	
		Fletcher Scale	
		Florida-red Scale	
		Juniper Scale	
		Magnolia Scale	
		Oak Kermes	

	Pine Leaf Scale
	Tent Caterpillar
1.6 pts. In 100 gals, of	Black Scale Crawler
water as a dilute spray	Monterey Pine Scale
2.5 pts. in 100 gals, of	Pine Needle Scale
water as a dilute spray	Wax Scale

FLY CONTROL

Amount of	Amount	Directions for Use
Spray	Malathion 8-E	
1 gal.	1.2 fl. oz.	For use along outside lower foundation of home and around yards (spot treatment only). Apply spray at
10 gal.	12 fl. oz.	rate of 1 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft. on painted surfaces and 2 gals, per 1,000 sq. ft. on unpainted surfaces
100 gal.	7.5 pints	where flies alight or congregate.
		Along outside of lower foundation, apply in a course spray in a two-foot wide or less band from the
		base of a man-made structure and up to two feet on wall surfaces.
		Do not make more than 4 applications per year
		Minimum retreatment interval is 7-days.

Add the following sugar or unsulfurized molasses/corn syrup to the following spray.

Amount of Spray	Amount of Sugar	Amount of Unsulfurized Molasses/ Corn Syrup
1 gal.	½ cup	4 fl. oz
10 gal.	2 lbs.	26 fl. oz
100 gal.	20 lbs.	2 gal.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Do not reuse empty container. Do not store under conditions which might adversely affect the container or its ability to function properly.

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: MALATHION 8-E should be stored in the original unopened container in a secure, dry place. Do not contaminate with other pesticides or fertilizers. The product should never be heated above 55°C (131°F), and should not be stored for long periods of time at a temperature in excess of 25°C (77° f). Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Reduce stacking height where local conditions can affect package strength.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

Containers equal to or less than 5 gallons: Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container % full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

For containers greater than 5 gallons or 50 pounds: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

Subject to the foregoing inherent risks, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use when the product is used in strict accordance with such Directions for Use under normal conditions of use. EXCEPT AS WARRANTED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THIS PRODUCT IS SOLD "AS IS," AND LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE.

IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THAT BUYER OR USER BELIEVES THAT LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. HAS BREACHED A WARRANTY CONTAINED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER OR USER MUST SEND WRITTEN NOTICE OF ITS CLAIM TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC., ATTENTION: LAW DEPARTMENT, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, CO 80632-1286.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY INJURY, LOSS, OR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CLAIMS OF BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHER TORTS, SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING, AT THE ELECTION OF LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. OR THE SELLER: DIRECT DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. AND THE SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO THE BUYER OR USER OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES, OR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF A PENALTY.

[EPA Approval Date]

Sublabel B- [Directions and Precautions for Mosquito Control Applications, including wide-area mosquito control using ULV applications.]

MALATHION GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE



MALATHION 8-E INSECTICIDE

Organophosphate Insecticide [AGRICULTURAL INSECTICIDE] EMULSIFIABLE LIQUID

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WT.
Malathion (O,O-Dimethyl phosphorodithioate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate)	79.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>20.5%</u>
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 8 lbs. Malathion per gallon

FIRST AID					
If swallowed:	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.				
	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.				
	Do not give any liquid to the person.				
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.				
If inhaled:	Move person to fresh air.				
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably				
	mouth-to-mouth, if possible.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.				
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.				
clothing:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.				
•	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				
If in eyes:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.				
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.				

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-866-944-8565.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. Note to Physician: This material is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. Atropine is an antidote.

For help with any spill, leak, fire, exposure involving this product, call day or night, CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Below For Additional Precautionary Statements.

[For additional Precautionary Statements; (complete) (First Aid,) Directions for Use, Storage and Disposal and other use Information, see (inside (this) label booklet) (booklet label) (container label)) (booklet and container label)[.]]
[For Additional Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, and Other Use Information, See Inside (This)(Attached) Label Booklet.]

EPA Reg. No.: 34704-452 EPA Est. No.:

MANUFACTURED FOR: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. BOX 1286 GREELEY, COLORADO 80632-1286

NET CONTENTS: ___GALLONS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, and Viton.

For all formulations and all use patterns - mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that is consistent with the WPS for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. Pilots must wear the PPE required on this labeling for applicators.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS FOR WIDE AREA MOSQUITO ADULTICIDE USE

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-866-944-8565.

When applying as a wide area mosquito adulticide, before making the first application in a season, it is advisable to consult with the state or tribal agency charged with primary responsibility for pesticide regulation to determine if other regulatory requirements exist.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply or allow it to drift onto blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area, except when applications are made to prevent or control a threat to public and/or animal health determined by a state, tribal or local public health or vector control agency on the basis of documented evidence of disease causing agents in vector mosquitoes or the occurrence of mosquito-borne disease in animal or human populations, or if specifically approved by the state or tribe during a natural disaster recovery effort. When applying as a wide area mosquito adulticide, do not apply over bodies of water (lakes, rivers, permanent streams, natural ponds, commercial fish ponds, swamps, marshes or estuaries), except when necessary to target areas where adult mosquitoes are present, and weather conditions will facilitate movement of applied material away from the water in order to minimize incidental deposition into the water body.

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems

without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For use by federal, state, tribal, or local government officials responsible for public health or vector control, or by persons certified in the appropriate category or otherwise authorized by the state or tribal lead pesticide regulatory agency to perform adult mosquito control applications, or by persons under their direct supervision.

When applying as a wide area mosquito adulticide, before making the first application in a season, it is advisable to consult with the state or tribal agency charged with primary responsibility for pesticide regulation to determine if other regulatory requirements exist.

Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-866-944-8565.

Endangered Species Protection Requirements:

It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in an unauthorized "take" (e.g., kill or otherwise harm) of an endangered species and certain threatened species under the Endangered Species Act Section 9. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the area in which you are applying the product. You must obtain a Bulletin no earlier than six months before using this product.

To obtain Bulletins, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/ call 1-844-447-3813, or email ESPP@epa.gov.

You must use the Bulletin valid for the month in which you will apply the product.

Reporting Ecological Incidents: To report ecological incidents, including mortality, injury, or harm to plants and animals, call 1-866-944-8565.

Pollinator Protection (Recommendations)

To minimize hazard to bees, do not apply this product more than two hours after sunrise or more than two hours before sunset. This timing restriction prohibits applications when bees are most active (mid-day). This restriction does not apply when applications are made as a spot treatment or to prevent or control a threat to public and/or animal health determined by a state, tribal or local public health or vector control agency on the basis of documented evidence of disease causing agents in vector mosquitoes or the occurrence of mosquito borne disease in animal or human populations, or if specifically approved by the state or tribe during a natural disaster recovery effort.

Calibrate and inspect nozzles at least once a year to ensure they are in good working condition.

Resistance-Management Recommendations

For resistance management, Malathion 8-E Insecticide contains a Group 1B insecticide/acaricide. Any insect or mite population may contain individuals naturally resistant to Malathion 8-E Insecticide and other Group 1B insecticides/acaricides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect/mite population if this group of insecticides/acaricides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide/acaricide resistance, take the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Malathion 8-E Insecticide or other Group 1B insecticides/acaricides within a growing season, and among
 growing seasons, with different groups that control the same pests.
- Avoid consecutive sprays of Malathion 8-E Insecticide or other insecticides in the 1B group during a season.
- Do not apply more than the maximum number of sprays allowed.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides/acaricides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when
 such use is permitted. Do not rely on the same mixture repeatedly for the same pest population. Consider any known
 cross-resistance issues target pest(s) between the individual components of a mixture. In addition, consider the following
 recommendations provided by the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC):

- o Individual insecticides selected for use in mixtures should be highly effective and be applied at the rates at which they are individually registered for use against the target species.
- Mixtures with components having the same IRAC mode of action classification are not recommended for insect resistance management.
- When using mixtures, consider any known cross-resistance issues between the individual components for the targeted pest(s).
- Mixtures become less effective if resistance is already developing to one or both active ingredients, but they
 may still provide pest management benefits.
- The insect resistance management benefits of an insecticide mixture are greatest if the two components have similar periods of residual insecticidal activity. Mixtures of insecticides with unequal periods of residual insecticide activity may offer an insect resistance management benefit only for the period where both insecticides are active.
- Adopt an integrated pest management program for insecticide/acaricides use that includes scouting, uses historical
 information related to pesticide use, crop rotation, record keeping, and which considers cultural, biological and other
 chemical control practices.
- Monitor after application for unexpected target pest survival. If the level of survival suggests the presence of resistance, consult with your local university specialist or certified pest control advisor.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Loveland Products, Inc at 1-866-944-8565 or at LovelandProducts.com and use the "contact us" link.

Mandatory Spray Drift Management Ultra-Low Volume (ULV) Applications

- Apply when ground wind speeds are equal to or greater than 1 mph.
- All types of applications should be conducted when temperatures at ground level are at or above 50°F.

For Ground Applications:

- Create an optimum swath when possible. An optimum swath width can be achieved when Malathhion 8-E is applied from a truck that is being driven perpendicular to the wind direction. Direct the spray head of equipment to ensure even distribution of the spray cloud throughout the area.
- o FOR BEST RESULTS treat when mosquitoes or insects are most active and weather conditions are conducive to keeping the spray cloud in the air column close to the ground.
- An inversion of air temperatures and a light breeze is preferable. Application during the cooler hours of the night or early morning is recommended.

For Aerial Applications:

On not apply by fixed wing aircraft at a nozzle height less than 100 feet (30.5 m) above ground or canopy, or by helicopter at a height less than 75 feet (22.9 m) above the ground or canopy, unless specifically approved by the state or tribe based on public health needs.

For aerial applications as ULV sprays or fogs

Adult mosquito control applications should be limited to trained personnel.

- For use only by federal, state, tribal or local government officials responsible for public health or vector control
 or by persons certified in the appropriate category or otherwise authorized by the state or tribal lead pesticide
 regulatory Agency to perform adult mosquito control applications, or by persons under their supervision, or as
 allowed by state regulations for persons treating private property.
- This pesticide is toxic to aquatic organisms. Runoff from treated areas or deposition of spray droplets into a body of water may be hazardous to aquatic organisms.
- O not apply over bodies of water (lakes, rivers, permanent streams, natural ponds, commercial fish ponds, swamps, marshes or estuaries), except when necessary to target areas where adult mosquitoes are present, and weather conditions will facilitate movement of applied material beyond the body of water to minimize incidental deposition into the water body. Do not contaminate bodies of water when disposing of equipment rinsate or wash waters.
- Before making the first application in a season, consult with the state or tribal Agency with primary responsibility for pesticide regulation to determine if other regulatory requirements exist.

Treatment of a site must be based on surveillance results. Do not treat any site with malathion more than 1 time per day. Do not apply more than 0.23 lbs ai/acre of Malathion 8-E per day by air or 0.06 lbs ai/acre per day by ground within any 24-hour period. Do not treat any site with more than 0.46 lb ai/acre within a 7-day period and the amount of undiluted Malathion 8-E applied to any site must not exceed 5.75 lbs ai/acre per year. More frequent treatments may be made to prevent or control a threat to public and/or animal health determined by a state, tribal or local health or vector control agency on the basis of documented evidence of disease causing agents in vector mosquitoes or the occurrence of mosquito-borne diseases in animal or human populations, or if specifically approved by the state or tribe during a natural disaster effort.

MOSQUITO CONTROL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply more than 0.23 lb active ingredient/A/day.
- Only treat when mosquitoes are swarming or biting. Do not re-treat a site more than 3 times in any one week.
- However, more frequent treatments may be made to prevent or control a threat to public and/or animal health
 determined by a state, tribal or local health or vector control agency on the basis of documented evidence of diseasecausing agents in vector mosquitoes or the occurrence of mosquito borne diseases in animal or human populations, or
 if specifically approved by the state or tribe during a natural disaster effort.
- Apply when wind speed is greater than or equal to 1 mph.
- Do not apply by fixed wing aircraft at height less than 100 feet, or by helicopter at a height less than 75 feet unless specifically approved by the state or tribe based on public health needs.
- Before using, read the directions contained in this labeling for the proper methods and procedures which must be
 followed to achieve effective insect control and avoid permanent damage to automobile and other paint finishes.
 IMPORTANT: IN AREAS WHERE AUTOMOBILES, TRAILERS, TRUCKS AND PLEASURE BOATS ARE PRESENT, undiluted
 spray droplets of Malathion 8-E will permanently damage vehicle paint finishes unless the aircraft used for the ultralow volume application meets all the specifications listed below.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Spray equipment must be adjusted so that the volume median diameter produced is less than 60 microns (Dv 0.5 < 60 um) and that 90% of the spray is contained in droplets smaller than 100 microns (Dv 0.9 < 100 um). The effects of flight speed and, for non-rotary nozzles, nozzle angle on the droplet size spectrum must be considered. Directions from the equipment manufacturer or vendor, pesticide registrant or a test facility using a wind tunnel and laser-based measurement instrument must be used to adjust equipment to produce acceptable droplet size spectra. Application equipment must be tested at least annually to confirm that pressure at the nozzle, and the nozzle flow rate(s) are properly calibrated.

GROUND BASED APPLICATION

Ground based ULV applications may be made only for wide-area adult mosquito control, by federal/state insect control programs (Grasshopper/Morman Cricket, Beet Leafhopper, or Boll Weevil Control Programs) and to pasture/ rangeland. Spray equipment must be adjusted so that the volume median diameter is less than 30 microns (Dv 0.3 < 30'um) and that 90% of the spray is contained in droplets smaller than 50 microns (Dv 0.9 < 50 um). Directions from the equipment manufacturer or vendor, pesticide registrant or a test facility using a laser based measurement instrument must be used to adjust equipment to produce acceptable droplet size spectra. Application equipment must be tested at least annually to confirm that pressure at the nozzle and nozzle flow rate(s) are properly calibrated.

Thermal Aerosols or Fogs

For control of adult mosquitoes with thermal aerosols or fogs. Apply Malathion 8-E at the rate of 0.23 pts Malathion 8-E in 100 gallons finished solution* by ground equipment delivering 40 gallons per hour at a vehicle speed of 5 miles per hour to treat a swath width of 300 feet (equivalent to 180 acres per hour). At 0.23 pts Malathion 8-E per 100 gallons of finished solution this is equivalent to 0.23 lb ai/acre.

*There is a great variation in the chemical composition of fuel oils which may be used as thermal fog solvents. These differences may cause sludge and/or affect the solubility of the Malathion 8-E.

Nonthermal Aerosols

Control of adult mosquitoes over a 300-foot swath can be obtained with non-thermal aerosols of Malathion 8-E using the following rates at the indicated vehicle speeds.

Dilution Rates for Malathion 8-E							
Undiluted							
Apply as follows:							
Lbs.A.I./Acre	Application Rates Fluid Ounces per Minute at Vehicle Speeds			Fluid Ounces of			
	5 mph	10 mph	15 mph	20 mph	finished spray per acre		
0.03 - 0.06*	2.3-4.5	4.5-9.0	6.8-13.5	9.0-18.0	0.75-1.5		
For A 1:2 Dilution Mix 1 part Malathion 8E with 2 parts Suitable Fuel Oil or Water							
Apply as follow:							
Lbs. A.I./Acre	re Application Rates Fluid Ounces per Minute at Vehicle Speeds				Fluid Ounces of		
	5 mph	10 mph	15 mph	20 mph	finished spray per acre		
0.03 - 0.06*	9.0-18.0	18.0-36.0	27.0-54.0	36.0 - 72.0	3.0-6.0		
For A 1:4 Dilution Mix 1 part Malathion 8E with 4 parts Suitable Fuel Oil or Water							
Apply as follow:							
Lbs. A.I./Acre	Lbs. A.I./Acre Application Rates Fluid Ounces per Minute at Vehicle Speeds				Fluid Ounces of		
	5 mph	10 mph	15 mph	20 mph	finished spray per acre		
0.03 - 0.06*	11.25-22.5	22.5-45.0	33.75-67.5	45.0-90.0	3.75-7.5		

^{*}Use higher rate of application when vegetation is dense and/or mosquito populations are heavy.

OPERATING EQUIPMENT

Each nonthermal aerosol generator used for dispersal of MALATHION 8-E to control adult mosquitoes must have minimum capability of producing the droplet spectrum described under **Ground-Based Application**. The initial determination of droplet size is made after the unit is installed in a vehicle and prior to its use in mosquito control operations. Recheck the unit frequently to insure that proper droplet size is maintained for each operation. Determination of droplet size every two months is usually sufficient if the unit has been maintained in good operating condition. Equipment manufacturer's instructions setting forth cleaning and maintenance of the unit must be followed. The unit must be inspected before each operation to correct any leaks or obstructions in the spray system; to detect whether the nozzle, hoses, or other parts are worn and need replacement; to insure that the flow meter is properly calibrated; and to determine that the pressure recommended by the manufacturer is being maintained.

Flow Rate

- Must be regulated by accurate flow meter.
- not greater than 1 gallon per hour at 5 mph, 2 gallons per hour at 10 mph, 3 gallons per hour at 15 mph, or 4 gallons per hour at 20 mph.

Nozzle Direction

- rear of the vehicle.
- upward at an angle of 45° or more.

Vehicle Speed

- not greater than 20 mph.
- shut off spray equipment when vehicle is stopped.

IMPORTANT - Spray droplets of undiluted MALATHION 8E will permanently damage automobile paint unless all the conditions described and recommended in this label are met. If accidental exposure does occur, the vehicle should be washed at once.

MOSQUITO CONTROL IN POPULATED AND RURAL AREAS

Adult mosquito control over cities, towns, and other areas where automobiles, trailers, trucks, and pleasure boats are present: Apply 3.6 fluid ounces Malathion 8-E only when weather conditions are favorable. Wind and rising air currents may cause undesirable spray drift and reduce insect control.

Adult Mosquitoes on Rangeland, Pasture, and Other Uncultivated Non-Agricultural Areas (Wastelands, Roadsides): Apply MALATHION 8-E at the rate of 2.8 fluid ounces in 2-8 quarts of water per acre for control of adult mosquitoes. Application may be made via ground or aerial equipment. This product can be mixed with a synergized pyrethrin emulsifiable concentrate (such as 6% pyrethrin +.60% PBO) in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions indicated on both this and the tank-mixed product. Label rates must not be exceeded. This product may not be mixed with any product bearing a label which specifically prohibits such mixing. Prior to tank mixing large quantities mix a small

amount in a glass jar to verify that the products are physically compatible. Depending upon your operation needs, the amount of synergized pyrethrin can be reduced or adjusted. Application rates of this product and droplet distribution requirements remain the same as for this product used alone.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Do not reuse empty container. Do not store under conditions which might adversely affect the container or its ability to function properly.

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: MALATHION 8-E should be stored in the original unopened container in a secure, dry place. Do not contaminate with other pesticides or fertilizers. The product should never be heated above 55°C (131°F), and should not be stored for long periods of time at a temperature in excess of 25°C (77° f). Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Reduce stacking height where local conditions can affect package strength.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

Containers equal to or less than 5 gallons: Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container % full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

For containers greater than 5 gallons or 50 pounds: Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

For refillable containers: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full of water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, read the entire Directions for Use and the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability. By buying or using this product, the buyer or user accepts the following Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which no employee or agent of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. or the seller is authorized to vary in any way.

Follow the Directions for Use of this product carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop or other plant injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result from such risks as weather or crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically identified in this product's label, or use of this product contrary to the label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. and the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer or user of this product assumes all such inherent risks.

Subject to the foregoing inherent risks, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use when the product is used in strict accordance with such Directions for Use under normal conditions of use. EXCEPT AS WARRANTED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THIS PRODUCT IS SOLD "AS IS," AND LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE.

IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THAT BUYER OR USER BELIEVES THAT LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. HAS BREACHED A WARRANTY CONTAINED IN THIS LABEL AND TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER OR USER MUST SEND WRITTEN NOTICE OF ITS CLAIM TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC., ATTENTION: LAW DEPARTMENT, P.O. BOX 1286, GREELEY, CO 80632-1286.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE BUYER'S OR USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY FOR ANY INJURY, LOSS, OR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM THE HANDLING OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO CLAIMS OF BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHER TORTS, SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING, AT THE ELECTION OF LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. OR THE SELLER: DIRECT DAMAGES NOT EXCEEDING THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. AND THE SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO THE BUYER OR USER OF THIS PRODUCT FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES, OR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF A PENALTY.

[MKT Submitted August 25, 2022. Response to FWS Biological Opinion of December 20, 2021 (Revised February 2, 2022) Attachment A] [EPA Approval Date]