



MALATHION 8EO INSECTICIDE

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, this pesticide is registered for use on crops. EPA Reg. No. 34704-119
NOV 21 1994
EPA

Organophosphate Insecticide

Contains 8 lbs. malathion per gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Malathion*	81.27%
INERT INGREDIENTS**:	18.73%
TOTAL	100.0%

*O,O-dimethyl phosphorodithioate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate
**Contains xylene range aromatics.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

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EPA EST. NO. _____

NET CONTENTS _____ GAL. (_____ L)

4180

EPA 03784

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful by swallowing, inhalation or skin contact.
Avoid Breathing Spray Mist • Avoid Contact With Skin
Change Contaminated Clothing

Harmful if Swallowed. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing of spray mist. Keep out of reach of children. Do not combine emulsifiable liquids with wettable powders in the same spray tank unless previous use of the materials being combined has proven them to be physically compatible. Use only with adequate ventilation. After using this product indoors, ventilate thoroughly before occupying enclosed spaces. Do not allow contact with treated surface until sprays have dried.

Personal Protective Equipment:
Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering controls statements:
When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets with requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:
Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and aquatic life stages of amphibians. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If Swallowed—Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If Inhaled—Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if indicated.
If on Skin—Wash affected areas with soap and water.
If In Eyes—Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.
Note to Physician—This product may cause cholinesterase inhibition. Atropine is antidotal. 2-PAM may be effective as an adjunct to atropine.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.
Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.
Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.
PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.
Keep children and pets out of the treated area until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Do not store under conditions which might adversely affect the container or its ability to function properly.
STORAGE: Store in safe manner. Store in original container only. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Reduce stacking height where local conditions can affect package strength. Personnel should use clothing and equipment consistent with good pesticide handling.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Metal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then

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Storage and Disposal, Cont'd.

offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Plastic: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary to maintain control. Apply the following recommended rates in sufficient water to thoroughly cover one acre. By ground, apply a minimum of 200 gallons per acre on stone fruits and nuts; a minimum of 300 gallons per acre on pome fruits; a minimum of 200 gallons per acre on bush and vine fruits and a minimum of 2 gallons per acre on vegetable and field crops and a minimum of 20 gallons per acre on small fruits and tree crops. Use the designated amount in 100 gallons of water unless otherwise specified. Do not use in undiluted form.

CHEMIGATION:

Refer to supplemental labeling entitled "APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS—CHEMIGATION" for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation systems unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE

ALFALFA and CLOVER: Use 1 1/2 pts. per acre to control Aphids, Leafhoppers, Grasshoppers, Spider Mites, Lygus Bugs, Spittlebug, Alfalfa Weevil Larvae and Armyworms. For Spotted Alfalfa Aphid use 4/5 to 1 pint per acre by ground equipment and 1 to 1 1/4 pints per acre by airplane. Do not apply on alfalfa and clover in bloom. No time limitation.

ALMONDS: For control of Aphids and Peach Twig Borer, use 2 to 4 pints per acre. No time interval between last application and harvest.

APPLES, APRICOTS, AVOCADOS, CHERRIES, FIGS, NECTARINES, PEACHES, PEARS, PECANS, PLUMS, PRUNES, QUINCES: Use 1-1 1/2 pints to control Aphids, Thrips, Spider Mites, Mealybugs, Codling Moth, Eye-Spotted Bud Moth and Orange Tortrix. For control of Dried Fruit Beetles and Vinegar Flies on figs apply 2 1/2 pts. plus 1 to 2 gals of unsulfured molasses per acre. For Willamette Mite and Two-Spotted Mites on apples make at least 2 applications 10 to 12 days apart in summer months. For Scale on peaches apply to completion of hatching, about last of June. For Cherry Fruit Fly repeat application every 10 days. Injury may occur to McIntosh and Cortland varieties of apples in summer sprays, and to certain varieties of sweet cherries particularly in the Northwest, and fruit spotting may occur on nectarines. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest on pears; within 3 days on apples, cherries, figs, plums, prunes and quinces; within 7 days on apricots, avocados, nectarines and peaches. No limitation on Pecans.

ASPARAGUS, BEETS, CARROTS, RADISHES, DANDELIONS, EGG-PLANT, ENDIVE, GARLIC, HORSERADISH, LEEKS, PARSLEY, PARSNIPS, PEAS, PEPPERS, SALSIFY, SHALLOTS, SPINACH, SWISS CHARD and WATERCRESS: Use 1/2-1 pint per acre to control Aphids, Spider Mites, Thrips, Leafhoppers, Asparagus Beetle, Pea Weevil and Mexican Bean Beetle. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest on Asparagus; within 3 days on Garlic, Eggplant, Leeks, Peas, Peppers and Shallots; within 7 days on Beets, Carrots, Dandelions, Endive, Parsnips, Salsify, Swiss Chard, Spinach, Watercress and within 21 days on Parsley.

BEANS: For the control of Aphids, Spider Mites, Thrips, Leafhoppers, Asparagus Beetle, Pea Weevil and Mexican Bean Beetle use 1 to 1 1/2 pints per acre by ground or air application. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

BERRIES: CANEBERRIES (Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries, Loganberries and Raspberries), CRANBERRIES and STRAWBERRIES: Use 1 1/2 to 2 pts. per acre to control Aphids, Thrips, Spider Mites, Whiteflies, leafhoppers, Rose Scale, Lygus Bugs, Spittlebugs, Leafrollers, Blackheaded Fireworms and Strawberry Root Weevil. For Strawberry Root Weevil apply to soil surface before planting and work into top 6 to 8 inches. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest on Cranberries and Strawberries and within 1 day on Caneberries.

CABBAGE, BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, KALE, MUSTARD GREENS, TURNIPS: Use 1 to 2 pts. per acre to control Aphids, Imported Cabbageworm and Cabbage Looper. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest on Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Kale, Mustard Greens and within 3 days on Broccoli and Turnips.

CANTALOUPES, PUMPKINS, SQUASH, MELONS: For control of Aphids, Leafhoppers, Pickleworm, Spider Mites, Cucumber Beetles, use 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 pints per acre by ground or air application. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest on cantaloupes and melons, 1 day on squash.

CELERY and CUCUMBERS: Use 1 1/2 pts. per acre to control Aphids, Spider Mites, and Cucumber Beetle. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest on Celery or within 1 day of harvest on Cucumbers.

CITRUS: (GRAPEFRUIT, LEMONS, LIMES, ORANGES, TANGERINES, TANGELOS and KUMQUATS): Use 1 to 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water to control Aphids and Scale Crawlers. Use 2 1/2 pts. per 200 gals. of water to control Thrips. Do not apply when trees are in bloom. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CORN: Aphids, Corn Rootworm Adults, Sap Beetles, Thrips, Young Grasshoppers: Use 1-1 1/4 pts. per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest or forage use. Caution: injury may occur in the whorl and silk stages with emulsifiable liquids.

COTTON: Use 1 pt. per acre to control Cotton Aphid, Leafhoppers, White Flies, Cotton Leaf Perforator, Cotton Leafworm, Thrips and Lygus Bugs. No time limitation.

DATES: (Not for use in California): Use 1 pt. per acre by air or ground application to control Nitidulid Beetles. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

FILBERTS: Apple Mealybug, Eye-Spotted Bud Moth, Filbe.1 Aphid, Scale (crawler stage), Tingids: Use 1 pint per 100 gallons. No time interval between last application and harvest.

GRAPES: Use 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 pts. per acre to control Grape Leafhoppers, Mealybugs and Spider Mites. Injury may occur to Ribier, Italia, Cardinal and Almeria grape varieties when Malathion is applied after the clusters appear. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

GRASS: Grass hay Pastures and Rangeland (barn grass, canary grass, fescue, orchard grass, red top, timothy and yellow foxtail): Aphids, Leafhoppers: Use 1-1 1/4 pt. Repeat application as necessary. Apply up to and including one day of harvest on grasses.

LETTUCE: Use 1 to 2 pts. per acre to control Aphids and Leafhoppers. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest on Head Lettuce and within 14 days on Leaf Lettuce.

MUSHROOMS: Use 1 1/2 pts. per 130 gals. of water per acre or 1 1/4 tbsp in 3 gals. water per 1000 sq. ft. of bed to control Spider Mites, Phorid Flies and Sciarid Flies. Make thorough applications as soon after picking as possible. Repeat applications as necessary, usually twice a week. Do not apply within 1 day of picking.

ONIONS: use 1 1/2 to 2 pts. per acre to control Thrips and Adult Onion Maggot Flies. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

PASTURE AND RANGELAND: Aphids, Grasshoppers, Leafhoppers: Use 1 1/4 pt. per acre in sufficient water for good coverage. Or use 1 1/4 pt. in 1 gallon of diesel fuel oil per acre by means of an airplane or a turbine-blower type sprayer. May be applied on day of harvest or grazing.

PEPPERS: Aphids, Pepper Maggot. Use 1 1/2 pts. per acre. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

POTATOES: Aphids, Blister Beetles, False Chinch Bugs, Leafhoppers, Mealybugs: 1 to 3 pts.

RICE: Grasshoppers, Rice Stink Bug: Use 10 ozs per acre. Rice Leaf Miner: use 1 1/4 pts. per acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

TADPOLE SHRIMP (California only): 2 pts. Restrict water spill from the treated fields for 48 hours following application.

SMALL GRAINS (Barley, Oats, Rye, Wheat): Armyworms, English Grain Aphids, Grasshoppers, Greenbug: Use 1 to 1 1/4 pt. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

SUGAR BEETS: Aphid, Armyworm, Spider Mite, Grasshopper: Use 1-1 1/4 pts. per acre. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

TOMATOES: Aphids, Spider Mites: Use 1 1/2 pts. per acre. Drosophila Flies: Use 2 pts. per acre in full coverage application to fruit and foliage. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. At rates over 2 pts. up to 3 1/2 pts. do not apply within 5 days of harvest. California Only: These higher rates may be applied up to 3 days of harvest.

FLY CONTROL: For use in and around buildings which house domestic animals, around homes, around yards and meat processing plants. Do not use in commercial food preparation areas or in edible products areas of food processing plants. Apply spray at rate of 1 gal. per 1,000 sq. ft. on painted surfaces and 2 gals. per 1,000 sq. ft. on unpainted surfaces where flies alight or congregate. In most cases, adding molasses or sugar to the spray prolongs the insecticidal activity of malathion and serves as a fly attractant.

STRAIGHT MALATHION SPRAYS

MALATHION BAIT SPRAYS

Amount of Spray	Amount MALATHION 8EC	Amount of Bait Spray	Amount MALATHION 8EC	Sugar (or)	Unsulfured Molasses or Corn Syrup
2 1/2 gals.	1/4 cup	2 1/2 gals.	1/4 cup	1 cup	1 cup
12 gals.	1 1/4 pts.	12 gals.	1 1/4 pts.	2 1/2 lbs	1 qt.
100 gals.	1 1/4 gals.	100 gals.	1 1/4 gals.	20 lbs	2 gals.

CAUTION: Avoid contamination of milk, milk equipment and water. Avoid contamination of feed and food products, also drinking fountains and feed troughs. Remove calves under one month of age and lactating dairy animals from buildings before treating.

DROSOPHILA FLIES AND DRIED FRUIT PESTS: On or around full fruit and vegetable dumps, mix 7 1/2 pts. in 100 gals. of water and apply as a drench, using 8-10 gals. of spray per 100 sq. ft. (for best results dumps should not be over 18" deep). Do not feed treated fruit and vegetable.

MOSQUITO LARVAE: Apply 8 fluid ozs. per acre to standing water (intermittently flooded areas, stagnant water, temporary rain pools).

ADULT MOSQUITO and FLY CONTROL: Apply 7.2 to 9.6 fluid ozs. per acre for control of Adult Flies and Mosquitoes. Repeat as necessary. Can be applied to alfalfa, clover, pasture and range grass, grass hay, grain

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crops, beans, rice, tomatoes and non-agricultural lands. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest on grain crops and rice; 5 days of harvest on corn; 1 day of harvest on beans and tomatoes. No time limitation on alfalfa, clover, pasture and range grass, grass and grass hay. Do not apply to alfalfa and clover in bloom. Do not use on seed alfalfa. Treat shrubbery and vegetation where mosquitoes may result. Shrubby and vegetation around stagnant pools, marshy areas, ponds and shorelines may be treated.

MALATHION BEC can be applied as a dilute or low volume spray. To be applied only by trained personnel of Public Health Organizations, Mosquito Abatement Districts, Public Mosquito Control Programs and Professional Pest Control Operators. For low volume spray, apply 0.5 to 5 gallons of water per acre. For dilute recommendations, consult the label.

Repeat applications should be made as necessary unless otherwise specified.

Undiluted spray droplets of Malathion will permanently damage automobile paint. Cars should not be sprayed. If accidental exposure does occur, the car should be washed immediately.

FLOWERS, ORNAMENTALS AND SHADE TREES: Follow general directions using 1 pint per 100 gallons of water in hydraulic sprayers or 1 gallon per 100 gallons in a mist blower (follow mist blower's manufacturer's directions for dilutions based on hydraulic sprayer recommendations): Aphids on elms, linden, maple; European Pine Shoot Moth on pines; Japanese Beetle (adults) on roses, flowers, flowering ornamentals; Leaf Hoppers on hawthorn, poplar, willow; Mealybugs and White Flies on azaleas, rhododendron, laurel, andromeda, taxus; Thrips (exposed) on roses and flowers; Tarnished Plant Bug on ornamental fruit trees and flowers; Sawflies on ash, larch, pines, spruce; Lacebug on rhododendron, azaleas, sycamore. Use 1 1/4 pints per 100 gallons for the following insects: Leaf Miner on birch, boxwood (apply early to mid-May). Repeat in 10 days; Tent Caterpillars on flowering ornamentals. Apply when scale crawlers appear on the following ornamentals: Oak Kermes on oak, Fletcher Scale on taxus, juniper, arborvitae; Florida Juniper Scale on ornamental evergreens; Euonymus Scale on pachysandra; Pine Needle Scale on pines.

GRAIN STORAGE: For a residual wall, floor, and machinery spray in grain elevators, in treating truck beds, and box cars, before loading grain, apply 5 pts. of this material per 25 gallons of water making thorough application. Before applying spray, clean elevators and box cars thoroughly. Remove and burn all sweepings and debris.

STORED GRAIN, FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS: For the protection of wheat, oats, rice, corn (field and pop), rye, barley, grain sorghum and sunflower grain and field or garden seeds, against Confused Flour Beetle, Rice Weevil, Granary Weevil, Sawtoothed Grain Beetle, Lesser Grain Borer and as an aid in control of Indian Meal Moth, apply 10 ounces of MALATHION BEC in 2-5 gallons of water per 1000 bushels. Apply as the grain is being loaded or turned into final storage. Good coverage is essential. As a supplemental aid in the control of Indian Meal Moth, apply the material to the surface of clean or uninfested grain at the rate of 5 ounces in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1000 square feet of grain surface area. Apply the spray evenly over the surface of the grain. Apply immediately after grain is loaded into storage and repeat if necessary.

PEANUT STORAGE: For a residual storage wall and floor spray, machinery spray, in treating truck beds and box cars before loading or storing peanuts. Use 10 ounces of this material in 2 1/2 gallons of water and apply as a coarse spray at the rate of 2 gallons per 1000 square feet of surface or to runoff. Clean warehouse thoroughly of trash and remains of old peanuts 1 to 2 weeks before new peanut crop is stored. Then, thoroughly spray the interior of the empty warehouse, especially cracks and protected places. Treat outside walls to a height of 6 to 8 feet, and the ground to a distance of 6 feet from the warehouse.

STORED PEANUTS: For the protection of peanuts against Confused Flour Beetle, Flat Grain Beetle, Granary Weevil, Lesser Grain Borer, Red Flour Beetle, Rice Weevil, Rusty Grain Beetle, Sawtoothed Grain Beetle, and as an aid in the control of Indian Meal Moth, apply 25 ounces of this material in 5 gallons of water for each 15 tons of farmers stock peanuts. Apply as the peanuts are being loaded or turned into final storage. Good coverage is essential. As a supplemental aid in the control of Indian Meal Moth, apply 7 ounces of MALATHION BEC in 2 gallons of water for each 1000 square feet of surface. Apply the first surface treatment as soon as the bin is filled and leveled but not later than the first week in October. Apply the second surface treatment one month later, followed by subsequent treatments at 2 month intervals. Use a piston-pump type power sprayer, equipped with an agitator and with a nozzle capable of delivering a coarse spray. Use spray equipment with sufficient capacity and power to cover large surfaces thoroughly.

BAGGED CITRUS PULP

RESIDUAL WAREHOUSE SPRAY: Apply 4 8 pints made up to 20 gallons total volume. Apply spray at the rate of 2 gallons per 1000 sq. ft. of surface or to run-off. Before bagged citrus pulp is stored, thoroughly

clean warehouses by removing and burning all debris and sweepings. Thoroughly spray with sufficient pressure interior of empty warehouse (including cracks and protected places), outside walls to a height of 6 to 8 feet and ground to a distance of about 6 ft. from warehouse.

BAG SURFACE TREATMENT: For the control of Almond Moth, Anjoumole Grain Beetle, Cigarette Beetle, Confused Flour Beetle, Flat Grain Beetle, Indian Meal Moth, Mediterranean Flour Moth, Red Flour Beetle, and Saw-Toothed Grain Beetle. Apply 2 1/2 fl. oz. per gallon of water. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 1000 sq. ft. of exposed bag surface area when bagged citrus pulp is stored. Make 2 separate spray applications initially when bagged citrus pulp is stored. Once each month thereafter throughout storage period use 2 oz. per gallon of water and apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 1000 sq. ft. of exposed bag surface area. Do not use treated burlap bags other than for dried citrus pulp.

ALMONDS (In-Shell and Stored): For the control of Indian Meal Moth and Merchant Grain Beetle. Apply 4 fl. oz. in sufficient water to treat 10,000 lbs. of almonds. Use a suitable mechanical spray applicator that regulates the rate application to the flow of the almonds. Avoid spraying with a fine mist that drifts away. Shield the nozzle against wind and air currents.

NOTICE

PLATTE WARRANTS THAT THIS PRODUCT CONFORMS TO THE CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION ON THE LABEL THEREOF AND IS REASONABLY FIT FOR THE PURPOSES STATED ON SUCH LABEL ONLY WHEN USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS UNDER NORMAL USE CONDITIONS. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS INHERENTLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT. CROP INJURY, INEFFECTIVENESS, OR OTHER UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS WEATHER CONDITIONS, PRESENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF PLATTE. IN NO CASE SHALL PLATTE BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER. EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED HEREIN, PLATTE MAKES NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE.

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PLATTE CHEMICAL CO.
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