## RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to very high acute toxicity to Humans and Birds

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicator or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses coapplicator's cartification. Direct supervision for this product is defined as the cartified applicator being phys ng, repair and cleaning of application equipment. Commercial certified applicators must also ensure that all persons invo are informed of the precautionary statements.

TE 13,1993

Act gicide, and Re



# METHY PARATHION

## **Emulsifiable Liquid** An Agricultural Insecticide

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:** 

O, O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothicate\*

Related Active learners of 0,0-dimethyl

O-p-nitrophenyi Phosphorothicata .....

INERT INGREDIENTS:\*\*.....

TOTAL

Equivalent 7.5 lbs. of methyl parathion per gallon.

\* This product contains xylene range aromatics.

## NOT FOR HOME USE

Keep Out Of Reach Of Children DANGER-POISON-PRECAUTIONS

## DANGER **PELIGRO**



## POISON

. 25.84%

100.00%

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: SI usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

See Below For Statement of Practical Treatment and Additional Precautionary Statements.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-72

EPA EST. NO.

**NET CONTENTS** 

**GALLONS** 

#### **ATTENTION**

Do not use in any manner other than recommended on this label.

To avoid excessive residues of methyl parathion on food or forage crops, always observe the statements found under "Directions for Use," limiting the time before harvest when methyl parathion may be applied.

07**R93** 



#### CAN KILL YOU IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts, spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed



## SKIN CONTACT

This production kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eves or on clothing (liquid goes through ciothes).



CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

This product can kell you if vapors, spray mist or dust

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

## DANGER

**WORK SAFETY RULES** 

The National Pesticide Telecommunication Network is available for recommendations regarding poisoning management, emergency treat-

ment, and other information regarding the toxicity of methyl parathion. The toll free number for the National Pesticide Telecommunication Network is 1-800-858-7378.

If handled indoors provide mechanical exhaust ventilation. Keep all unprotected persons, children, livestock, and pets away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away, See First Aid (Statement of Practical Treatment) section.

HANDLE THE CONCENTRATE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOL-LOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:

Wear a protective suit of one or two pieces that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet. Wear chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant apron, and chemical resistant shoes, shoe coverings, or boots. Wear goggles or a face shield. Wear a pesticide respirator approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR part II.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTH-ING AND EQUIPMENT DURING MIXING/LOADING, APPLICATION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT, DISPOSAL OF PESTICIDE AND EARLY REENTRY INTO TREATED AREAS: protective suit of one or two pieces covering all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet; chemical resistant gloves; chemical resistant shoes (or chemical resistant shoe coverings or chemical resistant boots); goggles or face shield; hood or wide brimmed hat; NIOSH approved respirator.

IF MIXING/LOADING IS PERFORMED USING A CLOSED SYSTEM. THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeve shirt; long-legged pants; chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant apron; shoes and socks. Goggles or face shield must be worn when the system is under pressure. All other protective clothing and equipment required for use with open systems must be available nearby.

IF APPLICATION IS PERFORMED USING AN ENCLOSED CAB OR COCKPIT, THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIP-MENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeved shirt and long-legged pants; shoes and socks. Chemical resistant gloves must be available in the cab or cockpit and must be worn during entry to and exit from the application vehicle. All other protective clothing and equipment required for use during application must be available in the cab and must be worn when exiting the cab into treated area. When used for this purpose, contaminated clothing may not be brought back into the cab unless in an enclosure such as a plastic bag. REMEMBER-THIS CLOTHING IS INADEQUATE TO PROTECT YOU DURING REPAIR AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND EARLY REENTRY TO TREATED AREAS! REFER TO PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIP-MENT REQUIREMENTS ABOVE.

IMPORTANT! If pesticide comes in contact with skin, wash off with soap and water and contact a physician immediately. Always wash hands, face, and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating, drinking, or

AFTER WORK, before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water Take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job...do not wear contaminated clothing. Personal clothing worn during work hrusing blood and faundheed separately from protective clothing and household articles. Store protective clothing separately from personal clothing Clean or laurible florective clothing after each use. Respirators mustebe cleaned and filters replaced according to instructions included with the respirators Protectwe clothing and protective equipment heavily-contaminated or drenched with methyl parathion must be destroyed according to some and local regulations. HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLERKING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DESCRITAMINATED DURING AERIAL AP-PLICATION, HUMAN FLAGGERS ARE PROHIBITED.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

## EPA REG. NO. 34704-72

## POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the -ody on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of the eyas, drooting or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spaems and come.

## STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT +

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. If breathing has atopped, start artifical respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If awailowed.—Drink 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water white removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately flush eyes.

## **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

Antidote -- Administer atropine sulfate in large dose.

Etely.

TWO to FOUR mg, intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILLZ-ERS. Methyl Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement; VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is highly toxic to equatic invertebrates and wildlife. Birds in treated areas may be killed. Shrimp and other equatic organisms may be killed at recommended application rates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff and drift from target areas may be hazardous to equatic organisms in adjacent equatic sites. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow if to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

#### PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL HAZARDS

## KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT AND OPEN FLAME NOT FOR USE IN OR AROUND THE HOME

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

## REENTRY STATEMENT

Reentry into treated fields is prohibited for 46 hours after application, unlass all protective clothing and equipment required for early reentry as described elsewhere on the label are worn.

Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to befieve that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. When draf warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers.

Written or oral warnings must include the following information.

DANGER

(Insert area or field description) treated with Methyl Parathion on (insert date of application). Fleentry Into treated fields is prohibited for 48 hours after application, unless all protective clothing and equipment required for early reentry are worn.

In case of occidental exposure: Call a doctor (physician), clinic or

hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to Methyl Parathion and describe his condition. For further information see the "STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATME, IT" portion of this label.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROMIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, tood, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. Do not store under conditions which might adversely affect the container or its ability to function properly.

STORAGE: Do not store below temperature of (55°F). Store in safe manner. Store in original container only. Store in cool, dry place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Raduce stacking height where local conditions can affect package strength. Personnel should use clothing and equipment listed under "PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT" when handling open containers.

SPRLED MAYF'IAL, block or dike to prevent aprending of split. Cover with absorbent material such as lime, clay or sawdust. Scoop and sweep into a disposable container. Wash area with strong lye solution, absorb and place into a disposable container.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous, Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your Stale Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary tandfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

## DIRECTIONS

Be sure to read the precautionary statements before using!

This product is designed for application after dilution with water and furuse by trained operators using airplane or power ground equipment. The hazards and precautions for handling the product in this container are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application. Add the concentrate to the spray tank while filling with water, and mix thoroughly either by means of a tank agitator or pump by-pass. For best results, thoroughly cover all surfaces to be treated with spray. Rates of application given below should not be exceeded, Never apply later than indicated to assure residue levels at harvest are below tolerances established by the Food and Orug Administration.

Do not use in undiluted form.

Consult the State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station for specific recommendations regarding application, doesge and timing of sprays. For application by ground equipment, add the desired amount of concentrate to sufficient water to apply at least 3 gallons of water per acre. For application by aircraft, add the amount of concentrate desired per acre to 1 to 3 gallons of water consistent with crop growth and good coverage. Greater quantities of water may be required to give sufficient coverage of orchard trees.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

ALFALFA (15)—Alfalfa Weevil (larvae), Aphids (including Pea Aphid and Spotted Alfalfa Aphid), Armyworms, Cutworms (Climbing), Flea Beetles, Grasshoppers, Leathoppers and Thrips—1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Alfalfa Caterpillars, Alfalfa Weevil (adult) (Refer also to Egyptian Weevil), Clover Leaf Weevil and Webworms—1/2 pint per acre. Lygus Bugs, Mites and Stink Bugs—1/4 to 3/4 pint per acre. Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Alfalfa Seed Chalcid—3/4 to 11/4 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 20 days of harvest.) Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

ARTICHOKES (7)—Aphids, Armyworms and Plant Bugs—1/2 plnt per acre. Artichoke Plume Moth—1 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. If plants are cut in April and May, begin applications after September and repeat at 14- to 21-day intervals as needed through December, 30-day intervals through January and February; 14-day Intervals from March through the end of picking season. Workers should not re-enter fields for 7 days following treatment.) Cutworms (including climbing and surface feeding species) and Imported Cabbageworm—1, pint per acre.

BARLEY, OATS, RYE, AND WHEAT (15)—Barle® Thrips-® 1/4 to 3/e pintiff per acre. Aphide (including Green bug), Black Grass Bugs, Stinkebugs and Winter Grain Miles—1/4 to 3/e pint per acre. Clinghing Cutworns and Grasshoppers—3/e to 1/2 pint per acre. Armywormsand asalhoppers—1/e pints per acre. Chuch Bugs, False Chinch Bugs and Say's Mant 9 Bugs—3/e pint per acre. Western or Brown Wheats Miles—1/e pint per acre. Do not use more than 1/e pint per acre within 18 days of harvest.

BEANS (DRY AND GREEN) (15)—Aphids, Arinyidiffis, Flea Beeties, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, and Miles—1/z to 11/z pints per acre. Covered Curculio, Surface Feeding and Climbing Cutworms (except Cabbabe Looper), and Stink Bugs—1 to 11/z pints per acre. Dry Beans sales through 11/z pints per acre, do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest. Green Bean rates through 11/z pint per acre, do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest and for rates through 11/z pints per acre, do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

BEST AVAILABLE COP.

## RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to very high acute toxicity to Humans and Birds

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicator or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the cell application's certification. Direct supervision for this conduct is defined as the certifical confidence to the certification. applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product is defined as the certified applicator being physically present during application, mixing, o. 4.1g, repair and cleaning of application equipment. Commercial certified applicators must also ensure that all persons involve In these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

**3 1993** 



## METHY CPA Reg. No. PARATHION

Under the Federal Fungicide, and Roll as amended, for its registered under

Peticida

34704-72

## **Emulsifiable Liquid** An Agricultural Insecticide

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: O, O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothicate" . . Related Active learners of O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl Phosphorothicate ... 2.78% INERT INGREDIENTS: . . 25.84% TOTAL 100.00%

\*Equivalent 7.5 lbs. of methyl parathion per gallon. This product contains xylene range aromatics.

## NOT FOR HOME USE '

**Keep Out Of Reach Of Children** DANGER-POISON-PRECAUTIONS

## DANGER **PELIGRO**



## POISON

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le hava sido explicada ampliamente.

See Below For Statement of Practical Treatment and Additiunal Precautionary Statements. EPA REG. NO. 347J4-72

EPA EST. NO. .. **NET CONTENTS** 

**GALLONS** 

## **ATTENTION**

Do not use in any manner other than recommended on this label.

To avoid excessive residues of methyl parathion on food or forage crops, always observe the statements found under "Directions for Use," limiting the time before harvest when methyl parathion may be applied. 35950



)

#### CAN KILL YOU IF SWALLOWED

This product can tall you if lients ni neve bewoitews amounts; spray mist or dust may be latel it swal-



CAN KILL YOU BY SKIN CONTACT

This product can tell you if. This product can tell you if spilled or splashed on stro. In even or on ciothino (liquid goes through



CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

touched by hands or vapors, soray mist or dust

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DUMESTIC ANIMALS

## DANGER

**WORK SAFETY RULES** 

The National Pesticide Telecommunication Network is available for recommendations regarding poisoning management, emergency treatment, and other information regarding the toxicity of methyl parathion. The toll free number for the National Pesticide Telecommunication Network is 1-800-858-7378.

If hardled indoors provide mechanical exhaust ventilation. Keep all unproficted persons, children, livestock, and pets away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away, See First Aid (Statement of Practical Treatment) section.

HANDLE THE CONCENTRATE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOL-LOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND QUIPMENT:

Wear a protective suit of one or two pieces that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet. We r chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant apron, and chemical resistant shoes, shoe coverings, or boots. Wear goggles or a face shield. Wear a posticide respirator approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR part II.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTH-ING AND EQUIPMENT DURING MIXINGA. OADING, APPLICATION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT, DISPOSAL OF PESTICIDE AND EARLY REENTRY INTO TREATED AREAS: protective suit of one or two pieces covering all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet; chemical resistant gioves; chemical resistant shoes (or chemical resistant shoe coverings or chemical resistant boots); goggles or face shield; hood or wide brimmed hat; NIOSH approved

IF MIXING/LOADING IS PERFORMED USING A CLOSED SYSTEM, THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeve shirt; long-legged pents; chemical resistant gloves; chemical resistant apron; shoes and socks. Goodles or face shield must be worn when the system is under pressure. All other protective clothing and equipment required for use with open systems must be available nearby.

IF APPLICATION IS PERFORMED USING AN ENCLOSED CAB OR COCKPIT, THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIP-MENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeved shirt and long-legged pants; shoes and socks. Chemical resistant gloves must be available in the cab or cockpit and must be worn during entry to and exit from the application vehicle. All other protective clothing and equipment required for use during application must be available in the cab and must be worn when exiting the cab into treated area. When used for this purpose, contaminated clothing may not be brought back into the cab unless in an enclosure such as a plastic bag. REMEMBER-THIS CLOTHING IS INADEQUATE TO PROTECT YOU DURING REPAIR AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND EARLY REENTRY TO TREATED AREASI REFER TO PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIP-MENT REQUIREMENTS ABOVE.

IMPORTANTI If pesticide comes in contact with skin, wash off with soep and water and contact a physician immediately. Always wash hands. face, and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating, drinking, or lodetina.

AFTER WORK; before removing gloves, Wash their with soap and water. Take off all work clothes and shoes. Showler using loop and water, Wear only clean clothes when leaving job-do not wear contaminated-clothing. Personal clothing worn during work fills be alored and fayndered separately from protective clothing and household articles. Store protectwe clothing separately from personal clothing. Clean or launder projective clothing after each use. Respirators must be cleaned and filters replaced according to instructions included with the respirators. Protective clothing and protective equipment heavily contaminated or drenched with methyl parathion must be destroyed according to state and local regulations. HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLOTHING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DECONTAMINATED DURING AERIAL AP-PLICATION, HUMAN FLAGGERS ARE PROHIBITED.

BEST AVAILABLE COP

## EPA REG. NO. 34704-72

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed in mediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweeting, welering of the eyes, dro-ling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms

### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. If breathing has stopped, start artifical respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If awallowed -- Drink 1 to 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention. in case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

#### **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

Antidote-Administer atropine sulfate in large dose.

TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinizetion appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZ-ERS. Methyl Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement; VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Birds in treated areas may be killed. Shrimp and other aquatic organisms may be killed at recommended application rates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff and drift from target areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do ...ot contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

## PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL HAZARDS

KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT AND OPEN FLAME NOT FOR USE IN OR AROUND THE HOME

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### REENTRY STATEMENT

Reentry into treated fields is prohibited for 48 hours after application, unless all protective clothing and equipment required for early reentry as described elsewhere on the label are worn.

Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarity understood by workers.

Written or oral warnings must include the following information:

#### DANGER

(Insert area or field description) treated with Methyl Parathion on (insert date of application). Reentry Into treated fields is prohibited for 46 hours after application, unless all protective cipiling and equipment required for early reentry are worn.

In case of accidental exposure: Call a doctor (physician), clinic or

hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to Metryl Parathion and describe his condition. For further information see the "STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT" portion of this label.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: To not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. Do not store under conditions which might adversely affect the container or its ability to function properly.

STORAGE: Do not store below temperature of (55°F). Store in sale manner. Store in original container unly. Store in cool, dry place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Reduce stacking height where local conditions can affect package strength. Personnel should use clothing and equipment listed under "PRECAUTIONARY STATE-MENT" when handling open containers.

SPILLED MATERIAL, block or dike to prevent spreading of spill. Cover with absorbent material such as time, clay or sawduel. Scoop and sweep into a disposable container. Wash area with strong tye solution, absorb and place into a disposable container.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsale is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

#### **DIRECTIONS**

Be sure to read the precautionary statements before using!

This product is designed for application after dilution with water and for use by trained operators using airplane or power ground equipment. The hazards and precautions for handling the product in this container are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application. Add the concentrate to the spray tank while filling with water, and mix thoroughly either by means of a tank agitator or pump by-pass. For best results, thoroughly cover all surfaces to be treated with spray. Rates of application given below should not be exceeded. Never apply latur than indicated to assure residue levels at harvest are below tolerances established by the Food and Drug Administration.

On not use in undituted form.

Consult the State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station for specific recommendations regarding application, dosage and tirning of sprays. For application by ground equipment, add the desired amount of concentrate to sufficient water to apply at least 3 gallons of water per acre. For application by axcraft, add the amount of concentrate desired per acre to 1 to 3 gallions of water consistent with crop growth and good coverage. Greater quantities of water may be required to give sufficient coverage of orchard frees.

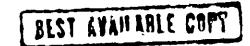
Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

ALFALFA (15)—Alfalfa Weevil (farvae). Aphids (including Pea Aphid and Spotted Atfalla Aphid), Armyworms, Cutworms (Climbing), Flea Beetles, Grasshoppers, Leathoppers and Thrips-1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre, Alfalfa Caterpillars, Alfalfa Weevil (adult) (Refer also to Egyptian Weevil), Clover Leaf Weevil and Webworms—1/z pint per acre. Lygus Bugs, Mites and Stink Bugs-1/4 to 3/4 pint per acre. Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil-1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Attatta Seed Chalcid-3/4 to 11/4 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 20 days of harvest.) Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

ARTICHOKES (7)-Aphids, Armyworms and Plant Bugs-1/2 pint per acra. Artichoka Plume Moth—1 pint per acra. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest, If plants are cut in April and May, begin applications after September and repeat at 14- to 21-day intervals as needed through December; 30-day intervals through Jenuary and February; 14-day into vals from March through the end of picking season. Workers should not renter fields for 7 days following treatment.) Cutworms (including climbing and surface feeding species) and Imported Cabbagewonn--1 pirat per acre.

BARLEY, OATS, RYE, AND WHEAT (15)—Barley, Thrips--,7/a to 2/a pints per acra, Aphids (including Green bug), Black Grass Bugs, Stink 9:498 and Winter Grain Mites—1/4 to 2/4 pint per acre. Cfirhibity Gutworms and Grasshoppers—3/e to 1/2 pint per acre, Armyworms and Leathoppers— 11/4 pints per acre. Chinch Bugs, False Chinch Bugs and Say's Prent Bugs-7/a pint per acre. Western or Brown What! Miles-1/a pini per acre. Do not use more then 1/4 pint per acre within 15'days'of hervest.

BEANS (DRY AND GREEN) (15)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles. Leathoppers, Lygus Bugs, and Mites-1/2 to 11/2 pints per acre. Compra Curculio, Surface Feeding and Climbing Cutworms (except Cabbaye Looper), and Stink Bugs-1 to 11/2 pints per acre. Dry Beans rates through 11/2 pints per acre, do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest. Green Bean rates through 1/2 pint per acre, do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest and for rates through 11/2 pints per acre, do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.



## EPA REG. NO. 34704-72

BEETS (15)—Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Miles—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Imported Cabbageworm, Plant Bugs (including Lygus Bugs) and Stirik Bugs—1 pint per acre. Aphids—1 pint per acre. The preharvest interval is 15 days when applied at the rate of 1/2 pint and only the roots are to be used for food or feed. The preharvest interval is 21 days when applied at trates above 1/2 pint through 1 pint and the roots and tops are to be used for food or feed.

BROCCOLI (21)—Thrips—1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Laafhoppers, and Mites—1/4 to 1 pint per acre. Imported Cabbageworm, and Stink Bugs—1 to 11/4 pints per acre. Plant Bugs—1/4 pints per acre. Plant Bugs—11/4 pints per acre. P

BRUSSELS SPIROUTS (21)—Aphids, Armyworms, Thrips, Flea Beetles, Leathoppers, and Mites—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Imported Cabbageworms and Stink Bugs—1 to 11/4 pints per acre. Plant Bugs—11/4 pints per acre. Plant Bugs—11/4 pints per acre. Rates through 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 7 days before harvest. Rates greater than 1/2 pint through 11/4 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

CABBAGE (10)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beeties, Leafhoppers, and Mites—1/z to 11/z pints per acre, Imported Cabbageworm, Stink Bugs—1 to 11/z pints per acre. Rates above 1/z pint should not be applied within 21 days of harvest.

CARROTS (15)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea beetles, Leafhoppers, and Mites—1/z to 1 pint per acre. Do not use treated carrot tops for food or feed. Cutworms, Imported Cabbageworm, and Plant Bugs—1 pint per acre. Do not use treated carrot tops for food or feed.

CAULIFLOWER (21)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Mites—1/2 to 11/2 pints per acre. Imported Cabbageworm and Stink Bugs—1 to 11/2 pints per acre. Plant Bugs—11/2 pints per acre. Rates through 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 7 days before harvest. Rates greater than 1/2 pint through 11/2 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

CELERY (15)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Miles—1/z to 1 pint per acre. Plant Bugs, Lygus Bugs, and Stink Bugs—1 pint per acre.

CLOVER (15)—Alfalla Weevil (larvae), Aphids (including Spotted Alfalfa Aphid), Armyworms, and Leathoppers—1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Lygus Bugs and Mites—1/4 to 3/4 pint per acre. Clover Seed Chalcid and Climbing Culworms—1/4 to 11/4 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 20 days of harvest.) (Clover Seed Chalcid—for use on seed crops only) Alfalfa Weevil (adults). Clover Leaf Weevil and Webworms—1/2 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.) Thrips—1/2 to 3/4 pint per acre. Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 20 days of harvest.)

COLLARDS, KALE, AND MUSTARD GREENS (10)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leathoppers, and Mites—1/2 to 11/2 pints per acre. Imported Cabbageworm and Stink Bugs—1 to 11/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied within 21 days of harvest.

CORN (12)—Aprilds (including Corn Leaf Aphid), Armyworms, Fall Armyworms, Corn Rootworms (including Western Corn Rootworm—adults), Climbing Cutworms, Flea Beetles, Mites, Stink Bugs and Grasshoppers—1/4 pint per acre. Do not apply to corn during the pollen shed period.

COTTON (7)—Fleshoppers (including Cotton Fleshopper) and Thrips— 1/e to 1/2 pint per acre. (For Thrips-Apply before or during the 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10-day intervals.) Grasshoppers-1/4 pint per acre. Cotton Leatworm and Garden Webworm-1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Lygus Bugs, Mites, Scider (including Desert Spider Mites and Two-Spotted Spider Mites)--1/4 to 1 pint per acre. Felse Chinch Bug and Southern Green Stink Bug--1/2 pint per acre. Aphids (including Cotton Aphid), Fall Armyworms, Co.ton Lealperforator, Cutworms-1/2 to 1 pint per acre. (For Aphids (including Cotton Aphid): Apply when Aphids appear in buds and on leaves of seedlings or when honeydew appears on older plants.) Boll Weevil-1/2 to 3 pints per acre. (For early season control of over-wintering Boll Weevils, apply as early as the 2- to 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10-day intervals. For mid-season control, apply at the start of squaring or after 10 to 25% of the first squares are punctured and repeat at 3- to 8-day intervals as needed or until the top bolls are full grown. Repeat at 3-day intervals during the major fruiting season, and periods of heavy weevil migration.) Saltmarsh Caterpillars, Stink Bugs and Lesfrollers- 1 pin' per acre. Bollworms-1 to 3 pints per acre. Armyworms--1 to 2 pints per acre. At rates of 1/a pint through 1 pint, application can be made up to the day before harvest, if harvest will be with mechanical pickers and if hand picking there is a 5 day interval. Mechanical pickers must be used with a 1 day preharvest interval at rates above 1 pint through 3 pints.

DANGER—When necessary to enter treated cotton fields within 48 hours after application, protective clothing and equipment must be worn. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest if handpicking cotton.

GRASS (Hay, Pasture, Forege Grase) (15)—Armyworms, Black Grassbugs, Crested Wheatbug, False Chinch Bugs, Grasshoppers, and Leafhoppers—3/4 pint per acre. Range Caterpillar, use 1/2 pint per acre.

KOHLRABI (7)—Aphids and Armyworms—1/4 to 1 pint per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest through 1 pint.) Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers and Miles—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Imported Cabbageworm and Stink Bugs—1 to 11/2 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest through 1 pint. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest from 1 pint through 1 5 pints.) Plant Bugs—11/2 pints per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest through 1 pint. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest from 1 pint through 1.5 pints.)

LETTUCE (21)—Aphids, Armyworms, Imported Cabbageworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Mites—1 pint per acre.

ONIONS (15)-Thrips-1/4 pint per acre.

ORNAMENTALS—(Woody Shruba, Tries and Vines), Christmas Tree Plantetion (Pines), European Pine Shrot Moth and Nantucket Pine Tip Moth—1 pint per acre. (Apply in 5 to 53 gallons of water.)

PEAS — For control of Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs and Mites, use ½ to 1 pint per acre, Imported Cabbageworm, Curculio, Surface Feeding and Climbing Cutworms and Stink Bugs, use 1 pint per acre. Make no application closer than 10 days before harvest at the ½ pint rale and at rates above ½ pint do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest.

To avoid injury to bees, do not apply if bees are visiting the areas to be treated when crop or weeds are in bloom.

POTATOES (5)—Aphids, Armyworms, Imported Cat bageworm, False Chinch Bugs, Flea Beetles, Leathoppers, Mites and Shield Bugs—11/2 pints per acre.

RICE—Rice Stink Bugs—1/a to 1/2 pint per acre. Armyworms—1/3 to 3/a pint per acre. (Do not apply within 15 days of harvest, Crabs, crayfish and shrimp may be killed. Do not apply where they are important resources.) Rice Leafminer and Tadpole Shrimp—3/a pint per acre. (Use restricted in California. Apply at first sign of infestation after planting. Apply by air in 5 to 10 gallons of water. Restrict spill from rice fields for 3 days. Do not use within 14 days of application of 3', 4' dichloropropionanilide as injury may result.)

RUTABAGAS (7)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leathoppers, and Mites—1/2 to 11/2 pints per acre. Imported Cabbageworm, Plant Bugs—1 to 11/2 pints per acre. Rates above 1/2 pint should not be applied within 21 days of harvest.

SOYBEANS(20)—Climbing Cutworms—1/4 pint per acre. Three Cornered Alfaffa Hoppers and Webworms (including Garden Webworms)—1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. Thrips and Velvetbean Caterpillar—3/e pint per acre. Aphids, Blister Beetles, Mexican Bean Beetles and Spider—1/2 pint per acre. Green Cloverworms—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Armyworms, Fall Armyworms, Bean Leaf Beetles, Corn Earworms and Grasshoppers—1 pint per acre. Rates through 1/2 pint should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest. Rates greater than 1/2 pint through 1 pint should not be applied closer than 20 days before harvest. Do not make more than 2 applications por growing season.

SPINACH (15)—Aphids, Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Leathoppers, Mites. Seed Corn Maggots in Crown, Crown Mites—1/2 to 1 pint per acre. At the rate of 1/2 pint the preharvest interval is 15 days and above 1/2 pint through 1 pint the preharvest interval is 21 days.

SUGAR BEETS—Armyworms, Cutworms, Fall Armyworms, Flea Beetles, Grasshoppers, Leafhoppers, Miles, Sugar Beet Webworms—1/4 to 3/e pirol per acre. Do not apply within 20 days of harvest; 60 days if tops are to be fed to animals.

SUNFLOWERS (30)—Sunflower Head Moth, Sunflower Seed Weevil and Sunflower Maggot—1 pint per acre, Do not apply more than 3 times at 5-day intervals per season. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

SWEET POTATOES (5)—Aphids, Armyworms, Surface Feeding and Climbing Cutworms, Flea Beetles, Leathoppers, July Itilias—3/4 pint per acre.

TURNIPS—Aphids (including Cabbage Aphid) and Armyworms—1's to 3/s pint per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of Hahvist Infough 1/s pint (roots). Do not apply within 21 days of harvest if tops are to be used as food or feed.) Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Leafminers and Mites—1/s to 3/s pint per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of 1/cn 3/t through 1/2 o nt (roots). Do not apply within 21 days of harvest if tops are to be used as food or feed.) Imported Cabbageworms and P1/11 Purps—3/s pint per acre. (Do not apply within 7 days of harvest through 1/s pint (roots). Do not apply within 21 days of harvest through 1/s pint (roots). Do not apply within 21 days of harvest through 1/s pint (roots).

VETCH (15)—Aphids, Alfalfa Weevil (larvae), Leafhoppers and Mitcs—1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For Alfalfa Weevil (larvae)—Applyfwhen 75% of terminals show feeding, when buds and shoots appear ragged, or when the larvae count reaches 25 per swerp. Armyworms—1/4 to 11/4 pints per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest through 1 pint. Do not apply within 20 days of harvest at rates above 1 through 11/4 pints.

EPA REG. NO. 34704-72

NOTICE

PLATTE WARRANTS THAT THIS PRODUCT CONFORMS TO THE CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION ON THE LABEL THEREOF AND IS REASONABLY FIT FOR THE PURPOSES STATED ON SUCH LABEL ONLY WHEN USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS UNDER NORMAL USE CONDITIONS. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ELIMINATE ALL RISKS INHERENTLY ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT. CROP INJURY, INEFFECTIVENESS, OR OTHER UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS WEATHER CONDITIONS, PRESENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF PLATTE. IN NO CASE SHALL PLATTE BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM. HE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. ALL SUCH RISKS SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

EXCEPT AS EXPRESSLY PROVIDED HEREIN, PLATTE MAKES NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE.

FORMULATED FOR
PLATTE CHEMICAL CO.
150 SO. MAIN STREET FREMONT, NEBRASKA 68025-5697

BEST AVAILABLE COFT